74HC4051; 74HCT4051

8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer Rev. 7 — 19 July 2012

Product data sheet

General description 1.

The 74HC4051; 74HCT4051 is a high-speed Si-gate CMOS device and is pin compatible with Low-power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). The device is specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC4051; 74HCT4051 is an 8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with three digital select inputs (S0 to S2), an active-LOW enable input (\overline{E}) , eight independent inputs/outputs (Y0 to Y7) and a common input/output (Z). With E LOW, one of the eight switches is selected (low impedance ON-state) by S0 to S2. With E HIGH, all switches are in the high-impedance OFF-state, independent of S0 to S2.

 V_{CC} and GND are the supply voltage pins for the digital control inputs (S0 to S2, and \overline{E}). The V_{CC} to GND ranges are 2.0 V to 10.0 V for 74HC4051 and 4.5 V to 5.5 V for 74HCT4051. The analog inputs/outputs (Y0 to Y7, and Z) can swing between V_{CC} as a positive limit and V_{EE} as a negative limit. $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ may not exceed 10.0 V.

For operation as a digital multiplexer/demultiplexer, V_{EE} is connected to GND (typically ground).

2. Features and benefits

- Wide analog input voltage range from -5 V to +5 V
- Low ON resistance:
 - 80 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} V_{EE} = 4.5 \text{ V}$
 - ◆ 70 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} V_{FF} = 6.0 \text{ V}$
 - 60 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} V_{EE} = 9.0 \text{ V}$
- Logic level translation: to enable 5 V logic to communicate with ±5 V analog signals
- Typical 'break before make' built-in
- ESD protection:
 - HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
 - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
 - CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from −40 °C to +85 °C and −40 °C to +125 °C

Applications

- Analog multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Digital multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Signal gating

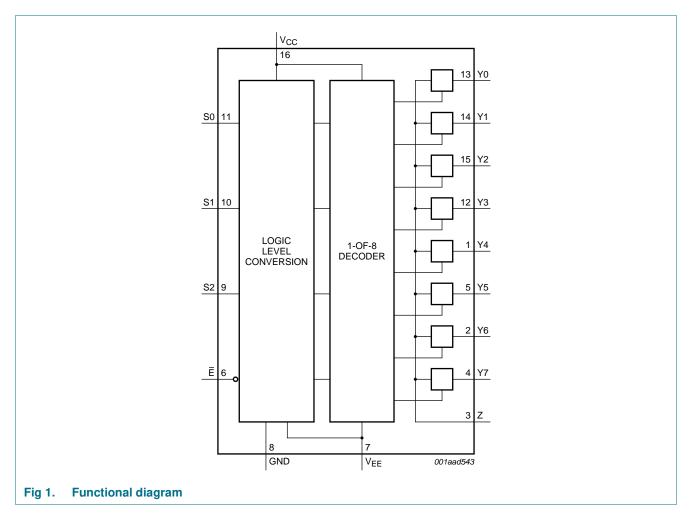


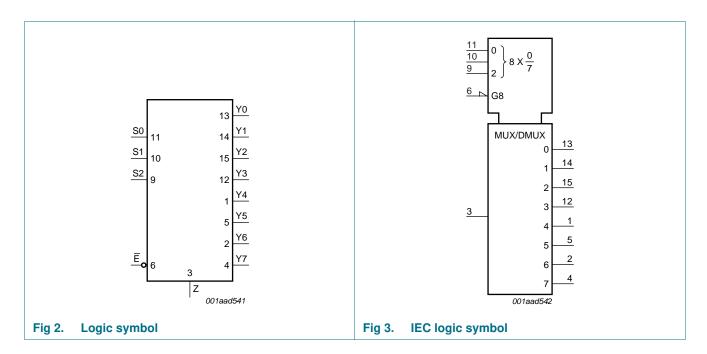
4. Ordering information

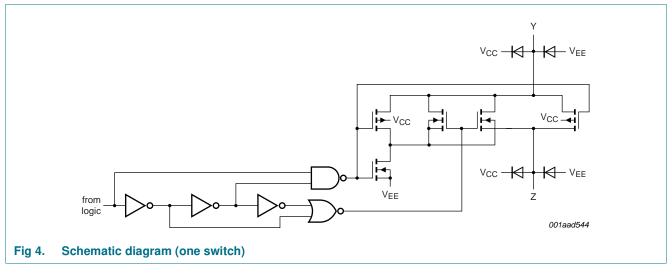
Table 1. Ordering information

| Type number | Package | | | | |
|-------------|---|---------|--|----------|--|
| | Temperature range | Name | Description | Version | |
| 74HC4051N | –40 °C to +125 °C | DIP16 | plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil) | SOT38-4 | |
| 74HCT4051N | | | | | |
| 74HC4051D | –40 °C to +125 °C | SO16 | plastic small outline package; 16 leads; | SOT109-1 | |
| 74HCT4051D | | | body width 3.9 mm | | |
| 74HC4051DB | DB -40 °C to +125 °C SSOP16 plastic shrink small c | | plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; | SOT338-1 | |
| 74HCT4051DB | | | body width 5.3 mm | | |
| 74HC4051PW | –40 °C to +125 °C | TSSOP16 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; | SOT403-1 | |
| 74HCT4051PW | | | body width 4.4 mm | | |
| 74HC4051BQ | Q -40 °C to +125 °C DHVQFN16 plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enha | | plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very | SOT763-1 | |
| 74HCT4051BQ | _ | | thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body $2.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.85$ mm | | |

5. Functional diagram

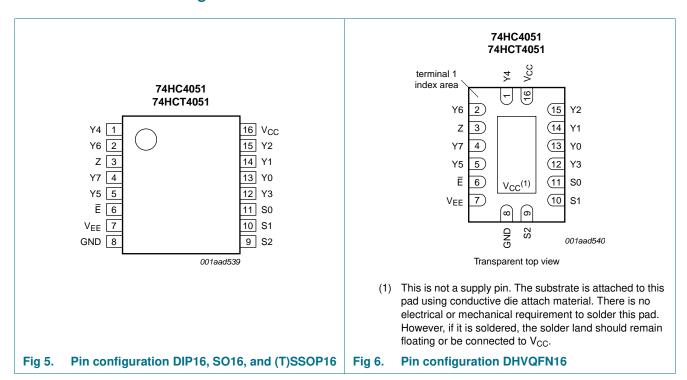






6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



6.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Ē | 6 | enable input (active LOW) |
| V _{EE} | 7 | supply voltage |
| GND | 8 | ground supply voltage |
| S0, S1, S2 | 11, 10, 9 | select input |
| Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6, Y7 | 13, 14, 15, 12, 1, 5, 2, 4 | independent input or output |
| Z | 3 | common output or input |
| V _{CC} | 16 | supply voltage |

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7. Functional description

7.1 Function table

Table 3. Function table[1]

| Input | | | | Channel ON |
|-------|----|----|----|--------------|
| E | S2 | S1 | S0 | |
| L | L | L | L | Y0 to Z |
| L | L | L | Н | Y1 to Z |
| L | L | Н | L | Y2 to Z |
| L | L | Н | Н | Y3 to Z |
| L | Н | L | L | Y4 to Z |
| L | Н | L | Н | Y5 to Z |
| L | Н | Н | L | Y6 to Z |
| L | Н | Н | Н | Y7 to Z |
| Н | Χ | Χ | Χ | switches off |

^[1] H = HIGH voltage level;

8. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to V_{SS} = 0 V (ground).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|----------------|-------|------|
| V _{CC} | supply voltage | | <u> 1</u> –0.5 | +11.0 | V |
| I _{IK} | input clamping current | $V_I < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ | - | ±20 | mA |
| I _{SK} | switch clamping current | $V_{SW} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{SW} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ | - | ±20 | mA |
| I _{SW} | switch current | $-0.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{SW}} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ | - | ±25 | mA |
| I _{EE} | supply current | | - | ±20 | mA |
| I _{CC} | supply current | | - | 50 | mA |
| I _{GND} | ground current | | - | -50 | mA |
| T _{stg} | storage temperature | | -65 | +150 | °C |
| P _{tot} | total power dissipation | DIP16 package | [2] _ | 750 | mW |
| | | SO16, (T)SSOP16, and DHVQFN16 package | <u>[3]</u> _ | 500 | mW |
| Р | power dissipation | per switch | - | 100 | mW |

^[1] To avoid drawing V_{CC} current out of terminal Z, when switch current flows into terminals Yn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal Z, no V_{CC} current will flow out of terminals Yn, and in this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at Yn and Z may not exceed V_{CC} or V_{EE} .

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L = LOW voltage level;

X = don't care.

^[2] For DIP16 packages: above 70 $^{\circ}$ C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 12 mW/K.

^[3] For SO16 packages: above 70 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 8 mW/K. For SSOP16 and TSSOP16 packages: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K. For DHVQFN16 packages: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.5 mW/K.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | 7 | 74HC405 | 51 | 7 | 4HCT40 | 51 | Unit |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------|---------|----------|----------|--------|----------|------|
| | | | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | |
| V _{CC} | supply voltage | see <u>Figure 7</u> and <u>Figure 8</u> | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} – GND | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | V |
| VI | input voltage | | GND | - | V_{CC} | GND | - | V_{CC} | V |
| V_{SW} | switch voltage | | V_{EE} | - | V_{CC} | V_{EE} | - | V_{CC} | V |
| T _{amb} | ambient temperature | | -40 | +25 | +125 | -40 | +25 | +125 | °C |
| $\Delta t/\Delta V$ | input transition rise and fall | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 625 | - | - | - | ns/V |
| | rate | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 1.67 | 139 | - | 1.67 | 139 | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 83 | - | - | - | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 31 | - | - | - | ns/V |

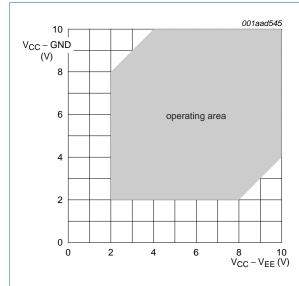


Fig 7. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HC4051

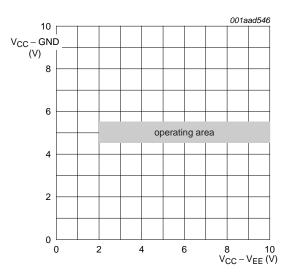


Fig 8. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HCT4051

10. Static characteristics

R_{ON} resistance per switch for 74HC4051 and 74HCT4051 Table 6.

 $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; for test circuit see <u>Figure 9</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or \overline{Z} terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

For 74HC4051: V_{CC} – GND or V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V. For 74HCT4051: V_{CC} – GND = 4.5 V and 5.5 V, V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--|--------------|-----|-----|------|
| T _{amb} = 25 | 5 °C | | | | | |
| R _{ON(peak)} | ON resistance (peak) | $V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA | [1] - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 100 | 180 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 90 | 160 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 70 | 130 | Ω |
| R _{ON(rail)} | ON resistance (rail) | $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ | | | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA | [1] - | 150 | - | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 80 | 140 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 70 | 120 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 60 | 105 | Ω |
| | | $V_{is} = V_{CC}$ | | | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA | [1] - | 150 | - | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 90 | 160 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 80 | 140 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 65 | 120 | Ω |
| ΔR_{ON} | ON resistance mismatch | $V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE} | | | | |
| | between channels | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | [1] - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 9 | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 8 | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 6 | - | Ω |
| $T_{amb} = -4$ | 10 °C to +85 °C | | | | | |
| R _{ON(peak)} | ON resistance (peak) | $V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA | <u>[1]</u> - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 225 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 200 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = –4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 165 | Ω |

R_{ON} resistance per switch for 74HC4051 and 74HCT4051 ...continued

 $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; for test circuit see <u>Figure 9</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or \overline{Z} terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

For 74HC4051: V_{CC} – GND or V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V. For 74HCT4051: V_{CC} – GND = 4.5 V and 5.5 V, V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|--------------|-----|-----|------|
| $R_{ON(rail)}$ | ON resistance (rail) | $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ | | | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA | <u>[1]</u> - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 175 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 150 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = –4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 130 | Ω |
| | | $V_{is} = V_{CC}$ | | | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA | <u>[1]</u> _ | - | - | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 200 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 175 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = -4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 150 | Ω |
| $T_{amb} = -4$ | 10 °C to +125 °C | | | | | |
| R _{ON(peak)} (| ON resistance (peak) | $V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA | <u>[1]</u> _ | - | - | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 270 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 240 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = -4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 195 | Ω |
| R _{ON(rail)} | ON resistance (rail) | $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ | | | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA | <u>[1]</u> _ | - | - | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 210 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 180 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = -4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 160 | Ω |
| | | $V_{is} = V_{CC}$ | | | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA | [1] - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 240 | Ω |
| | | V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA | - | - | 210 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | - | 180 | Ω |

^[1] When supply voltages (V_{CC} - V_{EE}) near 2.0 V the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. When using a supply of 2 V, it is recommended to use these devices only for transmitting digital signals.

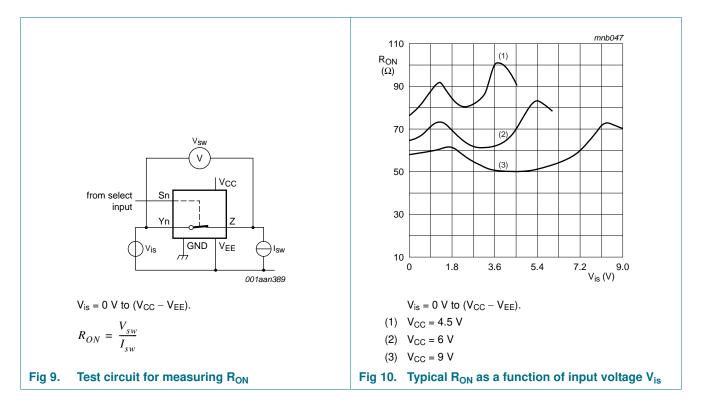


Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4051

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|------|-----|------|------|
| T _{amb} = 25 | °C | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | 1.5 | 1.2 | - | V |
| | voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | 3.15 | 2.4 | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | 4.2 | 3.2 | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 9.0 V | 6.3 | 4.7 | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | - | 8.0 | 0.5 | V |
| | voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | - | 2.1 | 1.35 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | 2.8 | 1.8 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 9.0 V | - | 4.3 | 2.7 | V |
| I | input leakage current | $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$ | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | ±0.1 | μΑ |
| | | V _{CC} = 10.0 V | - | - | ±0.2 | μΑ |
| S(OFF) | OFF-state leakage current | V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11 | | | | |
| | | per channel | - | - | ±0.1 | μА |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±0.4 | μΑ |
| S(ON) | ON-state leakage current | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; $V_{CC} = 10.0$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V; see <u>Figure 12</u> | - | - | ±0.4 | μА |

Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4051 ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------------|---------------------------|---|------|-----|-------|------|
| I _{CC} | supply current | V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{CC} or GND; V_{is} = V_{EE} or V_{CC} ; V_{os} = V_{CC} or V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | 8.0 | μΑ |
| | | V _{CC} = 10.0 V | - | - | 16.0 | μΑ |
| Cı | input capacitance | | - | 3.5 | - | рF |
| C _{sw} | switch capacitance | independent pins Yn | - | 5 | - | рF |
| | | common pins Z | - | 25 | - | рF |
| T _{amb} = -40 | 0 °C to +85 °C | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | 1.5 | - | - | V |
| | voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | 3.15 | - | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | 4.2 | - | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 9.0 V | 6.3 | - | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | - | - | 0.5 | V |
| | voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | - | - | 1.35 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 1.8 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 9.0 V | - | - | 2.7 | V |
| l _l | input leakage current | $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$ | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | ±1.0 | μΑ |
| | | V _{CC} = 10.0 V | - | - | ±2.0 | μΑ |
| I _{S(OFF)} | OFF-state leakage current | V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11 | | | | |
| | | per channel | - | - | ±1.0 | μΑ |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±4.0 | μА |
| I _{S(ON)} | ON-state leakage current | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; $V_{CC} = 10.0$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V; see Figure 12 | - | - | ±4.0 | μΑ |
| I _{CC} | supply current | V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{CC} or GND; V_{is} = V_{EE} or V_{CC} ; V_{os} = V_{CC} or V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | 80.0 | μΑ |
| | | V _{CC} = 10.0 V | - | - | 160.0 | μΑ |
| $T_{amb} = -40$ | 0 °C to +125 °C | | | | | |
| V_{IH} | HIGH-level input | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | 1.5 | - | - | V |
| | voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | 3.15 | - | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ | 4.2 | - | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 9.0 V | 6.3 | - | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | - | - | 0.5 | V |
| | voltage | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 1.35 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 1.8 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 9.0 V | - | - | 2.7 | V |

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Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4051 ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-------|------|
| l _l | input leakage current | $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$ | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | ±1.0 | μΑ |
| | | V _{CC} = 10.0 V | - | - | ±2.0 | μΑ |
| I _{S(OFF)} | OFF-state leakage current | V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see <u>Figure 11</u> | | | | |
| | | per channel | - | - | ±1.0 | μΑ |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±4.0 | μΑ |
| I _{S(ON)} | ON-state leakage current | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; $V_{CC} = 10.0$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V; see Figure 12 | - | - | ±4.0 | μΑ |
| I _{CC} | supply current | V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{CC} or GND; V_{is} = V_{EE} or V_{CC} ; V_{os} = V_{CC} or V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | 160.0 | μΑ |
| | | V _{CC} = 10.0 V | - | - | 320.0 | μΑ |

Table 8. Static characteristics for 74HCT4051

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|--|--|-----|------|------|------|
| T _{amb} = 25 | °C | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 2.0 | 1.6 | - | V |
| V_{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | - | 1.2 | 0.8 | V |
| I _I | input leakage current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | ±0.1 | μА |
| I _{S(OFF)} OFF-state leakage current | V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11 | | | | | |
| | per channel | - | - | ±0.1 | μΑ | |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±0.4 | μΑ |
| I _{S(ON)} | ON-state leakage current | V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 12 | - | - | ±0.4 | μА |
| I _{CC} | supply current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 8.0 | μА |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 16.0 | μΑ |
| Δl _{CC} | additional supply current | per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 50 | 180 | μА |
| C _I | input capacitance | | - | 3.5 | - | pF |
| C _{sw} | switch capacitance | independent pins Yn | - | 5 | - | pF |
| | | common pins Z | - | 25 | - | pF |

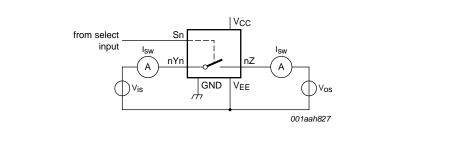
Table 8. Static characteristics for 74HCT4051 ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------------|---------------------------|--|-----|-----|-------|------|
| $T_{amb} = -40$ | 0 °C to +85 °C | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| l _l | input leakage current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | ±1.0 | μΑ |
| I _{S(OFF)} | OFF-state leakage current | V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11 | | | | |
| | | per channel | - | - | ±1.0 | μΑ |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±4.0 | μΑ |
| I _{S(ON)} | ON-state leakage current | V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 12 | - | - | ±4.0 | μΑ |
| I _{CC} | supply current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 80.0 | μА |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 160.0 | μΑ |
| ∆l _{CC} | additional supply current | per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 225 | μА |
| T _{amb} = -40 | 0 °C to +125 °C | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| I | input leakage current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | ±1.0 | μΑ |
| S(OFF) | OFF-state leakage current | V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 11 | | | | |
| | | per channel | - | - | ±1.0 | μΑ |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±4.0 | μΑ |
| S(ON) | ON-state leakage current | V_{CC} = 10.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} $ = V_{CC} - V_{EE} ; see Figure 12 | - | - | ±4.0 | μА |
| CC | supply current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE} | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 160.0 | μΑ |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 320.0 | μΑ |
| Δl _{CC} | additional supply current | per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 245 | μА |



 $V_{is} = V_{CC}$ and $V_{os} = V_{EE}$. $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ and $V_{os} = V_{CC}$.

Fig 11. Test circuit for measuring OFF-state current

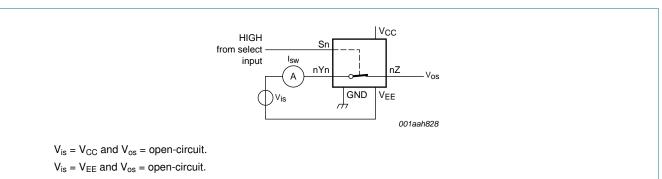


Fig 12. Test circuit for measuring ON-state current

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see Figure 15.

V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $T_{amb} = 25$ | °C | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see <u>Figure 13</u> | [1] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 14 | 60 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 5 | 12 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 4 | 10 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 4 | 8 | ns |

 Table 9.
 Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051 ...continued

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see Figure 15.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------|-----|-----|------|
| t _{on} | turn-on time | \overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=\infty\Omega;see\underline{Figure14}$ | [2] | | | |
| t _{on} to | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 72 | 345 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 29 | 69 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ | - | 22 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 21 | 59 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 18 | 51 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 14 | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 66 | 345 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 28 | 69 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ | - | 20 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 19 | 59 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 16 | 51 | ns |
| t _{off} | turn-off time | \overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=1\;k\Omega;see\;\underline{Figure\;14}$ | [3] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 58 | 290 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 31 | 58 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ | - | 18 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 17 | 49 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 18 | 42 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | [3] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 61 | 290 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 25 | 58 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ | - | 19 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 18 | 49 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 18 | 42 | ns |
| C_PD | power dissipation capacitance | per switch; $V_I = GND$ to V_{CC} | <u>[4]</u> - | 25 | - | pF |
| T _{amb} = -4 | 0 °C to +85 °C | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13 | <u>[1]</u> | | | |
| - | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 75 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 15 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 13 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{FF} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | | _ | 10 | ns |

 Table 9.
 Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051 ...continued

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see Figure 15.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| t _{on} | turn-on time | \overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=\infty\Omega;see\underline{Figure14}$ | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 430 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 86 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 73 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 64 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 14 | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 430 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 86 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 73 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 64 | ns |
| t _{off} | turn-off time | \overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | [3] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 365 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 73 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 62 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 53 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | [3] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 365 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 73 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 62 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 53 | ns |
| T _{amb} = -4 | 0 °C to +125 °C | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13 | [1] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 90 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 18 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 15 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 12 | ns |
| t _{on} | turn-on time | \overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=\infty\Omega;see\underline{Figure14}$ | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 520 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 104 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 88 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 77 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 14 | [2] | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 520 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 104 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 88 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | _ | - | 77 | ns |

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051 ...continued

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF; for test circuit see <u>Figure 15</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------|---------------|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| t_{off} | turn-off time | \overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see $\underline{Figure 14}$ | [3] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 435 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 87 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 74 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 72 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | [3] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 435 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 87 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 74 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 72 | ns |

- [1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} .
- [2] ton is the same as tPZH and tPZL.
- [3] t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ} .
- [4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\} \text{ where: }$

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o = output frequency in MHz;$

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\} = sum of outputs;$

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

C_{sw} = switch capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V.

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4051

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see Figure 15.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| T _{amb} = 25 | °C | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13 | [1] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 5 | 12 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 4 | 8 | ns |
| t _{on} | turn-on time | \overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=1\;k\Omega;see\;\underline{Figure\;14}$ | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 26 | 55 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ | - | 22 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 16 | 39 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 28 | 55 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ | - | 24 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 16 | 39 | ns |
| | | | | | | |

74HC_HCT4051

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4051 ...continued

 $GND = 0 \ V; t_r = t_f = 6 \ ns; C_L = 50 \ pF;$ for test circuit see <u>Figure 15</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------|-----|-----|------|
| t_{off} | turn-off time | \overline{E} to $V_{os}; R_{L} = 1 \; k\Omega; see \; \underline{Figure \; 14}$ | <u>[3]</u> | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 19 | 45 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ | - | 16 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 16 | 32 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | [3] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 23 | 45 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ | - | 20 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 16 | 32 | ns |
| C_PD | power dissipation capacitance | per switch; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5 V$ | [4] - | 25 | - | рF |
| $T_{amb} = -4$ | 0 °C to +85 °C | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see <u>Figure 13</u> | [1] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 15 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 10 | ns |
| t _{on} | turn-on time | \overline{E} to $V_{os}; R_{L} = 1 \; k\Omega; see \; \underline{Figure \; 14}$ | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 69 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 49 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 69 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 49 | ns |
| t _{off} | turn-off time | \overline{E} to $V_{os}; R_{L} = 1 \; k\Omega; see \; \underline{Figure \; 14}$ | [3] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 56 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 40 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | [3] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 56 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 40 | ns |
| $T_{amb} = -4$ | 0 °C to +125 °C | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see <u>Figure 13</u> | [1] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 18 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 12 | ns |
| t _{on} | turn-on time | \overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=1\;k\Omega;see\;\underline{Figure\;14}$ | [2] | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 83 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 59 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | [2] | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V | - | - | 83 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 59 | ns |

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4051 ...continued

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF; for test circuit see <u>Figure 15</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Vos is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------|---------------|--|------------|-----|-----|------|
| t _{off} | turn-off time | \overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see $\underline{Figure 14}$ | <u>[3]</u> | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 68 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 48 | ns |
| | | Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14 | <u>[3]</u> | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 68 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 48 | ns |

- [1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} .
- [2] t_{on} is the same as t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} .
- [3] t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ} .
- [4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma \{ (C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o \} \text{ where: }$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

 f_0 = output frequency in MHz;

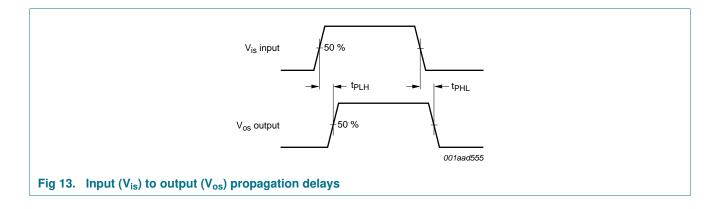
N = number of inputs switching;

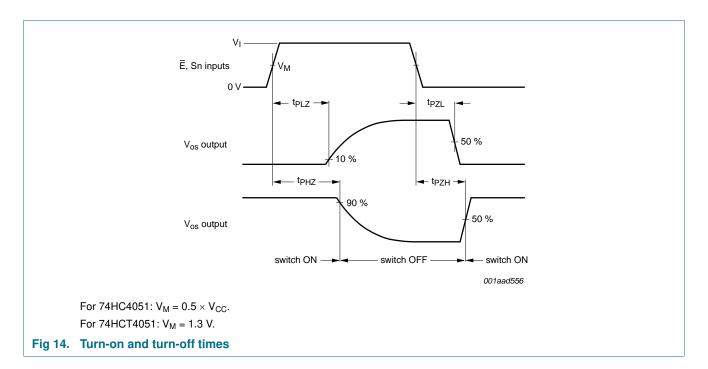
$$\Sigma \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\} = sum \text{ of outputs};$$

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

C_{sw} = switch capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V.





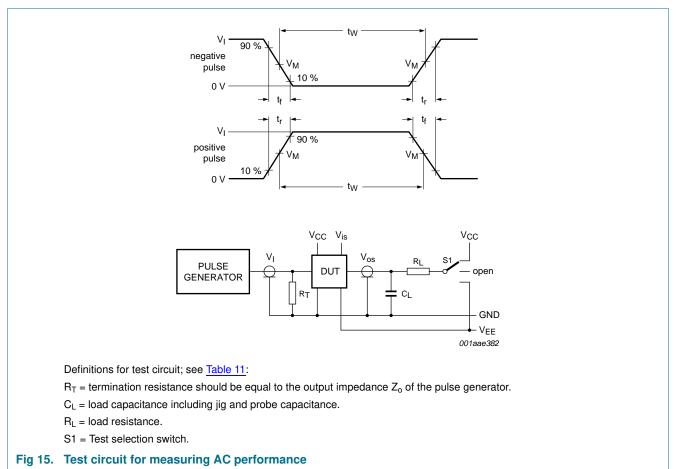


Table 11. Test data

| Test | Input | | | Load | | S1 position | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|-------|-------------|-----------------|
| | VI | Vis | t _r , t _f | | CL | RL | |
| | | | at f _{max} | other[1] | | | |
| t _{PHL} , t _{PLH} | [2] | pulse | < 2 ns | 6 ns | 50 pF | 1 kΩ | open |
| t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ} | [2] | V_{CC} | < 2 ns | 6 ns | 50 pF | 1 kΩ | V_{EE} |
| t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ} | [2] | V_{EE} | < 2 ns | 6 ns | 50 pF | 1 kΩ | V _{CC} |

^[1] $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns; when measuring f_{max} , there is no constraint to t_r and t_f with 50 % duty factor.

a) For 74HC4051: $V_1 = V_{CC}$ b) For 74HCT4051: $V_1 = 3 V$

12. Additional dynamic characteristics

Table 12. Additional dynamic characteristics

Recommended conditions and typical values; $GND = 0 \ V$; $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$; $C_L = 50 \ pF$. V_{is} is the input voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an input. V_{os} is the output voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|-------|------|-----|------|
| d _{sin} | sine-wave distortion | $f_i = 1 \text{ kHz}$; $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 16 | | | | |
| | | $V_{is} = 4.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$ | - | 0.04 | - | % |
| | | $V_{is} = 8.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 0.02 | - | % |
| | | $f_i = 10 \text{ kHz}$; $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 16 | | | | |
| | | $V_{is} = 4.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$ | - | 0.12 | - | % |
| | | $V_{is} = 8.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 0.06 | - | % |
| α_{iso} | isolation (OFF-state) | $R_L = 600 \Omega$; $f_i = 1 MHz$; see Figure 17 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$ | [1] - | -50 | - | dB |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | [1] - | -50 | - | dB |
| V _{ct} | crosstalk voltage | peak-to-peak value; between control and any switch; $R_L = 600 \ \Omega$; $f_i = 1 \ MHz$; \overline{E} or Sn square wave between V_{CC} and GND; $t_r = t_f = 6 \ ns$; see Figure 18 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | 110 | - | mV |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | - | 220 | - | mV |
| f _(-3dB) | -3 dB frequency response | $R_L = 50 \Omega$; see Figure 19 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$ | [2] _ | 170 | - | MHz |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ | [2] _ | 180 | - | MHz |

^[1] Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600 Ω).

^[2] V_I values:

^[2] Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level at V_{os} for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50 Ω).

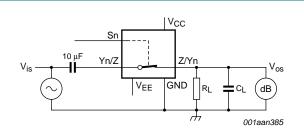
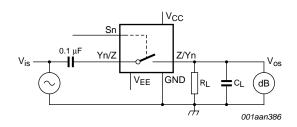
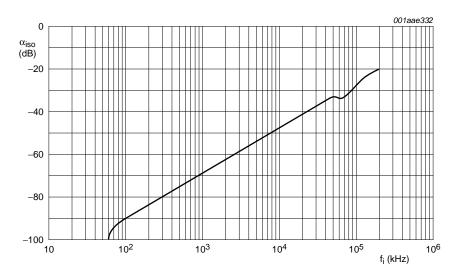


Fig 16. Test circuit for measuring sine-wave distortion



 V_{CC} = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V; V_{EE} = –4.5 V; R_L = 600 $\Omega;$ R_S = 1 k $\Omega.$

a. Test circuit



b. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency

Fig 17. Test circuit for measuring isolation (OFF-state)

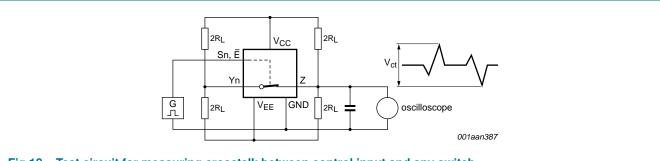
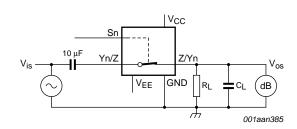
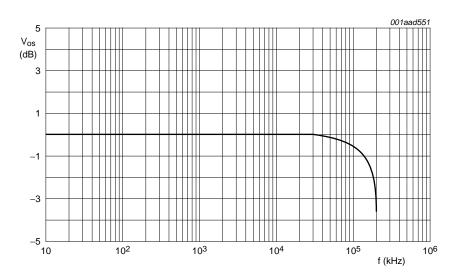


Fig 18. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between control input and any switch



 V_{CC} = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V; V_{EE} = –4.5 V; R_L = 50 $\Omega;$ R_S = 1 $k\Omega.$

a. Test circuit



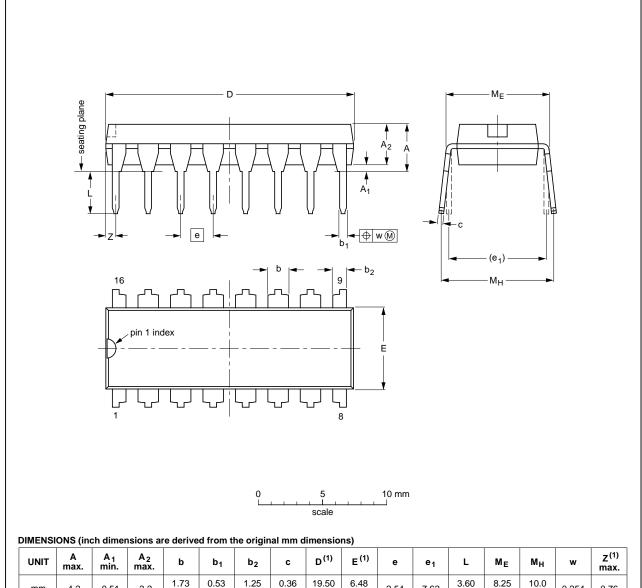
b. Typical frequency response

Fig 19. Test circuit for frequency response

13. Package outline

DIP16: plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil)

SOT38-4



| UNIT | A max. | A ₁ min. | A ₂ max. | b | b ₁ | b ₂ | С | D ⁽¹⁾ | E ⁽¹⁾ | е | e ₁ | L | ME | Мн | w | Z ⁽¹⁾ max. |
|--------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------|--------------------------|
| mm | 4.2 | 0.51 | 3.2 | 1.73 1.30 | 0.53 0.38 | 1.25 0.85 | 0.36 0.23 | 19.50 18.55 | 6.48 6.20 | 2.54 | 7.62 | 3.60 3.05 | 8.25 7.80 | 10.0 8.3 | 0.254 | 0.76 |
| inches | 0.17 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.068 0.051 | 0.021 0.015 | 0.049 0.033 | 0.014 0.009 | 0.77 0.73 | 0.26 0.24 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.14 0.12 | 0.32 0.31 | 0.39 0.33 | 0.01 | 0.03 |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm (0.01 inch) maximum per side are not included.

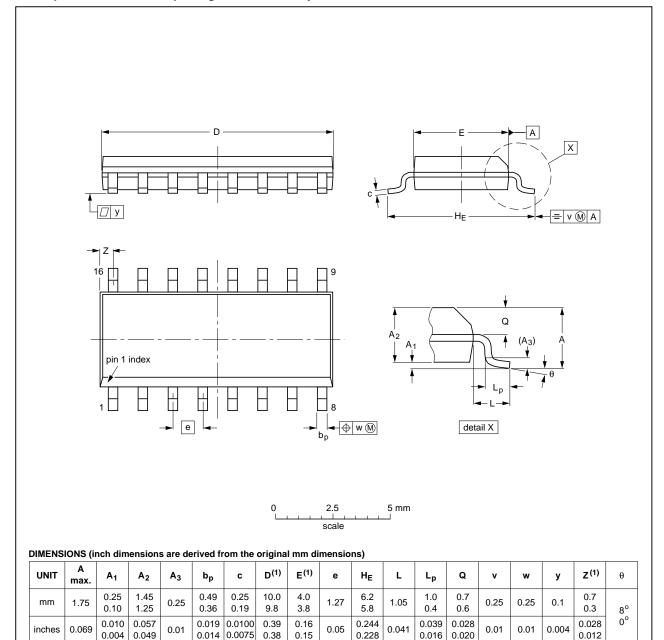
| OUTLINE | | REFER | EUROPEAN | ISSUE DATE | | | |
|---------|-----|-------|----------|------------|------------|---------------------------------|--|
| VERSION | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE | |
| SOT38-4 | | | | | | 95-01-14 03-02-13 | |

Fig 20. Package outline SOT38-4 (DIP16)

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SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1



1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

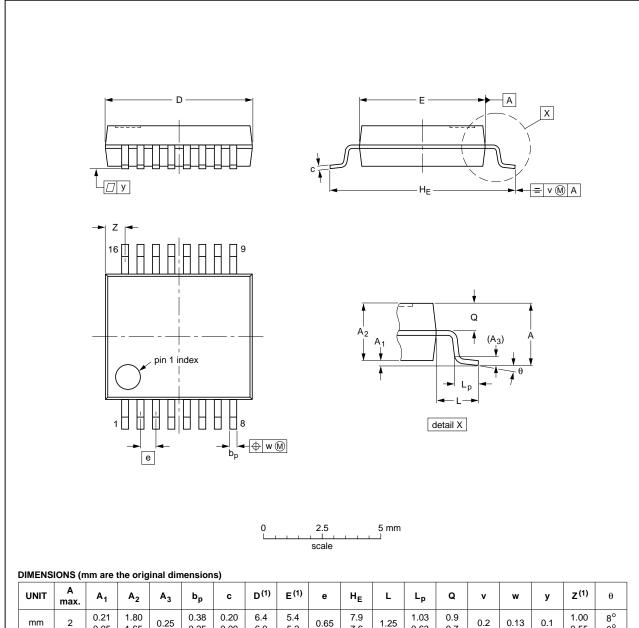
| OUTLINE | | REFER | EUROPEAN | ISSUE DATE | | | |
|----------|--------|--------|----------|------------|------------|---------------------------------|--|
| VERSION | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE | |
| SOT109-1 | 076E07 | MS-012 | | | | 99-12-27 03-02-19 | |

Fig 21. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

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SSOP16: plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm

SOT338-1



| | | | | | | , | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|------|--------------|------------|-----|------|-----|------------------|----------|
| UNIT | A max. | A ₁ | A ₂ | A ₃ | bp | С | D ⁽¹⁾ | E ⁽¹⁾ | е | HE | L | Lp | Q | v | w | у | Z ⁽¹⁾ | θ |
| mm | 2 | 0.21 0.05 | 1.80 1.65 | 0.25 | 0.38 0.25 | 0.20 0.09 | 6.4 6.0 | 5.4 5.2 | 0.65 | 7.9 7.6 | 1.25 | 1.03 0.63 | 0.9 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.13 | 0.1 | 1.00 0.55 | 8° 0° |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE | | REFER | EUROPEAN | ISSUE DATE | | | |
|----------|-----|--------|----------|------------|------------|---------------------------------|---|
| VERSION | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE | |
| SOT338-1 | | MO-150 | | | | 99-12-27 03-02-19 | |
| | | | | | | | ٠ |

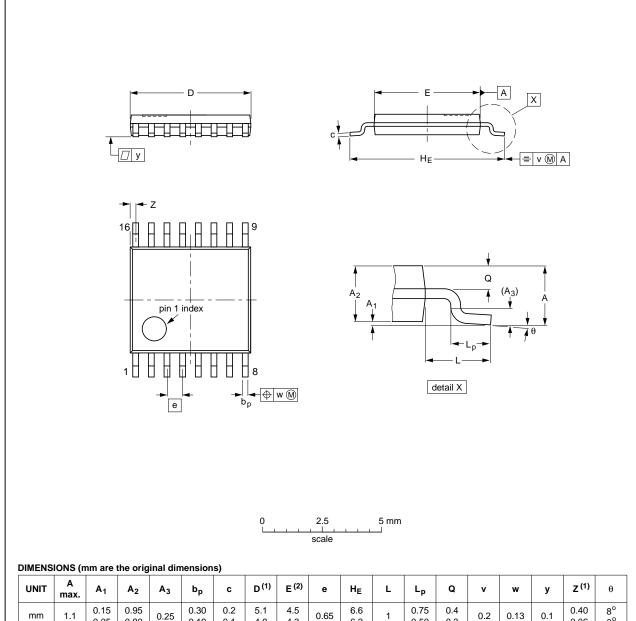
Fig 22. Package outline SOT338-1 (SSOP16)

74HC_HCT4051

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TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1



mm 1.1

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE | | REFER | EUROPEAN | IOOUE DATE | | | |
|----------|-----|--------|----------|------------|------------|---------------------------------|--|
| VERSION | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE | |
| SOT403-1 | | MO-153 | | | | 99-12-27 03-02-18 | |

Fig 23. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

0.80

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DHVQFN16: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm SOT763-1

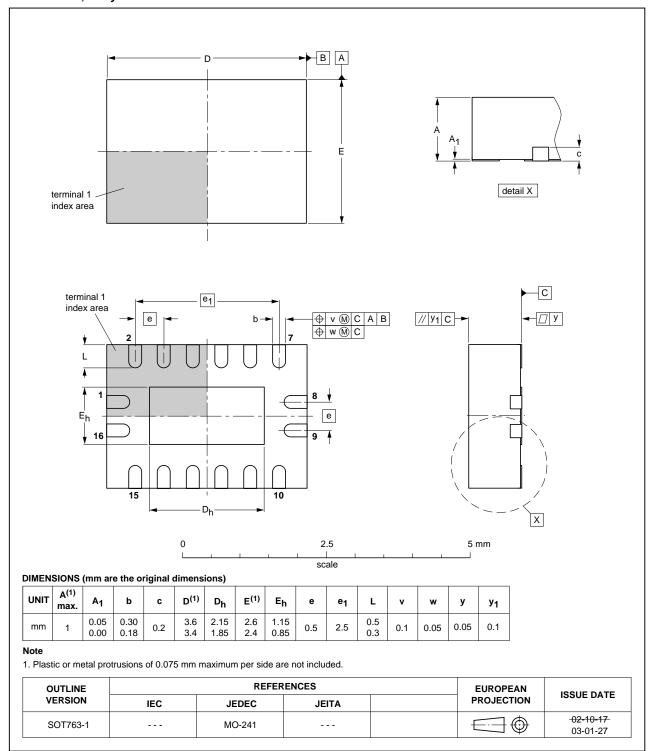


Fig 24. Package outline SOT763-1 (DHVQFN16)

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14. Abbreviations

Table 13. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description |
|---------|---|
| CMOS | Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| HBM | Human Body Model |
| MM | Machine Model |
| TTL | Transistor-Transistor Logic |

15. Revision history

Table 14. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 74HC_HCT4051 v.7 | 20120719 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4051 v.6 |
| Modifications: | CDM added | d to features. | | |
| 74HC_HCT4051 v.6 | 20111213 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4051 v.5 |
| Modifications: | Legal pages | s updated. | | |
| 74HC_HCT4051 v.5 | 20110513 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4051 v.4 |
| 74HC_HCT4051 v.4 | 20110117 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4051 v.3 |
| 74HC_HCT4051 v.3 | 20051219 | Product specification | - | 74HC_HCT4051_CNV_2 |
| | | | | |

16. Legal information

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| Document status[1][2] | Product status[3] | Definition |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|
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| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] data sheet | Production | This document contains the product specification. |

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- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
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8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer

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