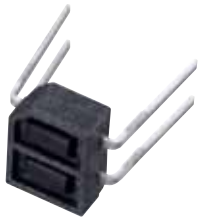
# GP2S24J0000F Series

## Detecting Distance : 0.7mm Phototransistor Output, Compact Reflective Photointerrupter



## ■ Description

**GP2S24J0000F Series** is a compact-package, phototransistor output, reflective photointerrupter, with emitter and detector facing the same direction in a molding that provides non-contact sensing. The compact package series is a result of unique technology, combing transfer and injection molding, that also blocks visible light to minimize false detection.

## ■ Features

1. Reflective with Phototransistor Output
2. Highlights :
   • Compact Size
3. Key Parameters :
   • Optimal Sensing Distance : 0.7mm
   • Package : 4×3×1.7mm
   • Visible light cut resin package
4. Lead free and RoHS directive compliant

## ■ Agency approvals/Compliance

1. Compliant with RoHS directive

## ■ Applications

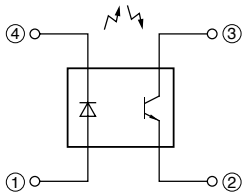
1. Detection of object presence or motion.
2. Example : printer, optical storage





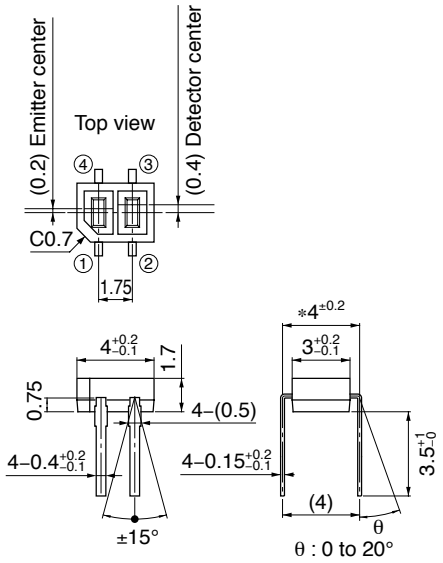
Sheet No.: D3-A01801EN
Date Oct. 3. 2005

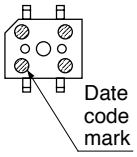
## ■ Internal Connection Diagram




① Anode
② Emitter
③ Collector
④ Cathode

## ■ Outline Dimensions (Unit : mm)



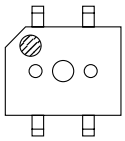

- Tolerance : ±1.5mm
- ( ) : Reference dimensions
- The dimensions indicated by ∗ refer to those measured from the lead bending part.
- The dimensions shown do not include burr.
  Burr's dimension : 0.15mm MAX.

Product mass : approx. 0.04g

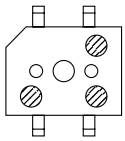
Plating material : SnCu (Cu : TYP. 2%)

## Date code (Symbol)

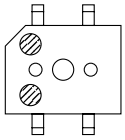
January



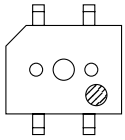
July



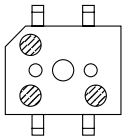
February



August



March



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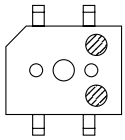
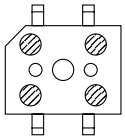
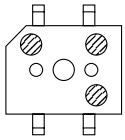


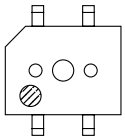
April



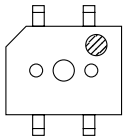
October



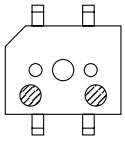
May



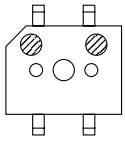
November



June



December



## Rank mark

There is no rank indicator.

## Country of origin

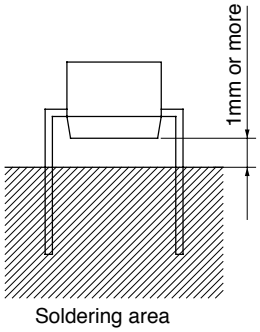
Japan

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

($T_a$=25°C)

| Parameter | | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input | Forward current | $I_F$ | 50 | mA |
| | Reverse voltage | $V_R$ | 6 | V |
| | Power dissipation | P | 75 | mW |
| Output | Collector-emitter voltage | $V_{CEO}$ | 35 | V |
| | Emitter-collector voltage | $V_{ECO}$ | 6 | V |
| | Collector current | $I_C$ | 20 | mA |
| | Collector power dissipation | $P_C$ | 75 | mW |
| Total power dissipation | | $P_{tot}$ | 100 | mW |
| Operating temperature | | $T_{opr}$ | –25 to +85 | °C |
| Storage temperature | | $T_{stg}$ | –40 to +100 | °C |
| *1Soldering temperature | | $T_{sol}$ | 260 | °C |

*1 For 5s or less




## ■ Electro-optical Characteristics

($T_a$=25°C)

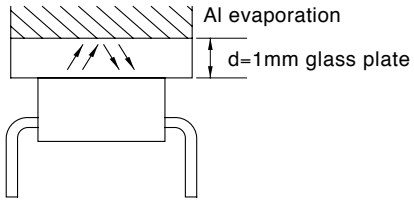
| Parameter | | | Symbol | Condition | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input | Forward voltage | | $V_F$ | $I_F$=20mA | – | 1.2 | 1.4 | V |
| | Reverse current | | $I_R$ | $V_R$=6V | – | – | 10 | μA |
| Output | Collector dark current | | $I_{CEO}$ | $V_{CE}$=20V | – | 1 | 100 | nA |
| Transfer characteristics | *2 Collector Current | | $I_C$ | $I_F$=4mA, $V_{CE}$=2V | 20 | 45 | 120 | μA |
| | Response time | Rise time | $t_r$ | $V_{CE}$=2V, $I_C$=100μA, | – | 20 | 100 | μs |
| | | Fall time | $t_f$ | $R_L$=1kΩ, d=1mm | – | 20 | 100 | |
| | *3 Leak current | | $I_{LEAK}$ | $I_F$=4mA, $V_{CE}$=2V | – | – | 100 | nA |

*2 The condition and arrangement of the reflective object are shown below.
The rank splitting of collector current ($I_C$) shall be executed according to the table below.

| Rank | Collector current, $I_C$ [μA] ($I_F$=4mA, $V_{CE}$=2V) | Package sleeve color |
|---|---|---|
| A | 20 to 42 | Yellow |
| B | 34 to 71 | Transparent |
| C | 58 to 120 | Green |

*3 Without reflective object.

## ● Test Conditon and Arrangement for Collector Current



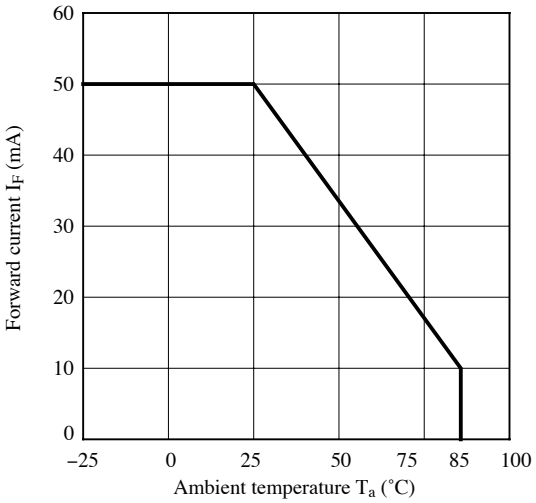
## ■ Model Line-up

| Model No. | Rank | Collector current $I_C$[μA] ($I_F$=4mA, $V_{CE}$=2V, $T_a$=25°C) |
|---|---|---|
| **GP2S24J0000F** | A, B or C | 20 to 120 |
| **GP2S24BJ000F** | B | 34 to 71 |
| **GP2S24CJ000F** | C | 58 to 120 |
| **GP2S24ABJ00F** | A or B | 20 to 71 |
| **GP2S24BCJ00F** | B or C | 34 to 120 |

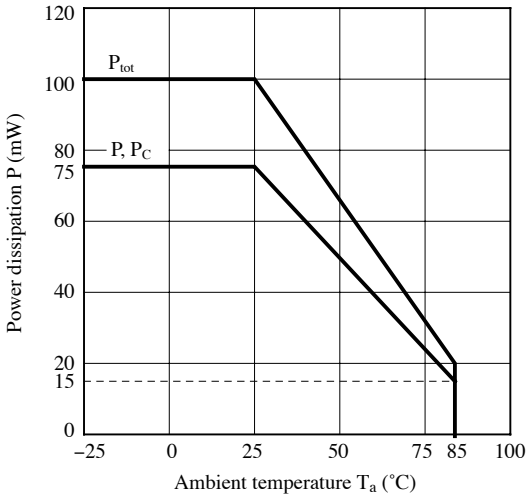
* The ratio of each rank can not be guaranteed.

Please contact a local SHARP sales representative to inquire about production status.

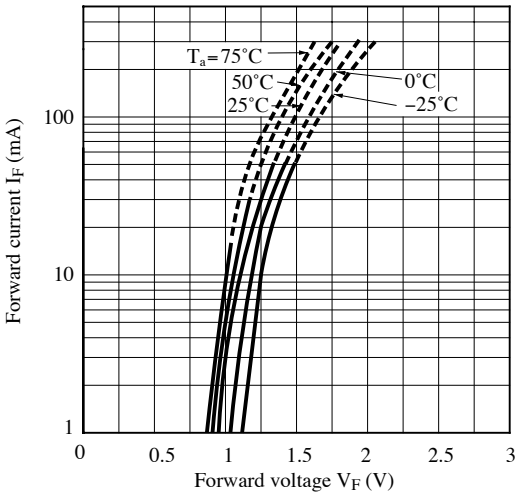
## Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



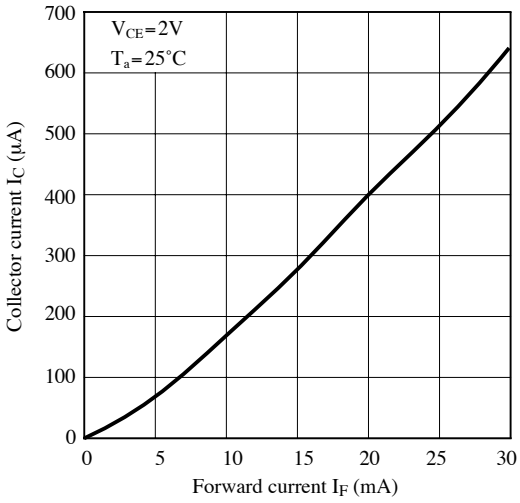

## Fig.2 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



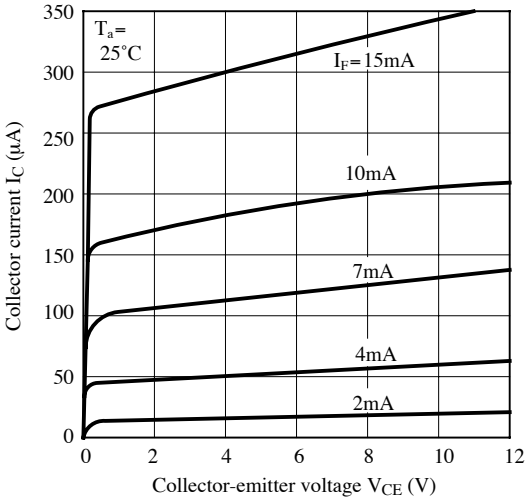

## Fig.3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



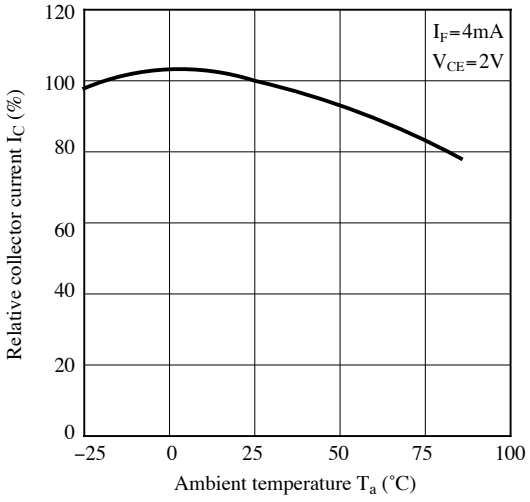

## Fig.4 Collector Current vs. Forward Current



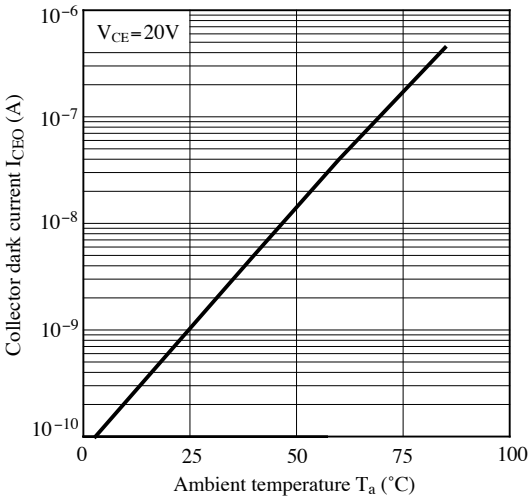

## Fig.5 Collector Current vs. Collector-Emitter Voltage



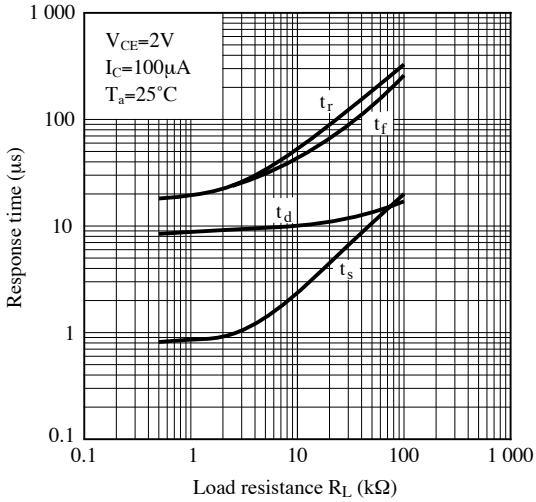

## Fig.6 Relative Collector Current vs. Ambient Temperature



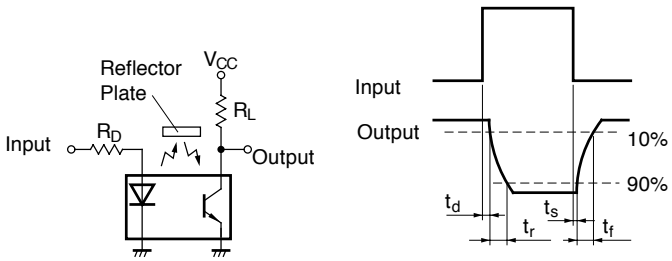
## Fig.7 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature



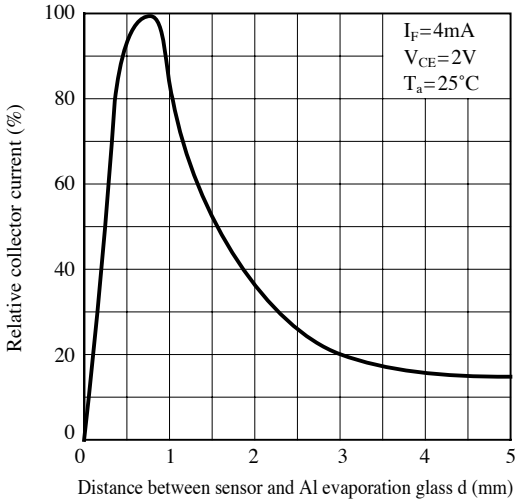

## Fig.8 Response Time vs. Load Resistance



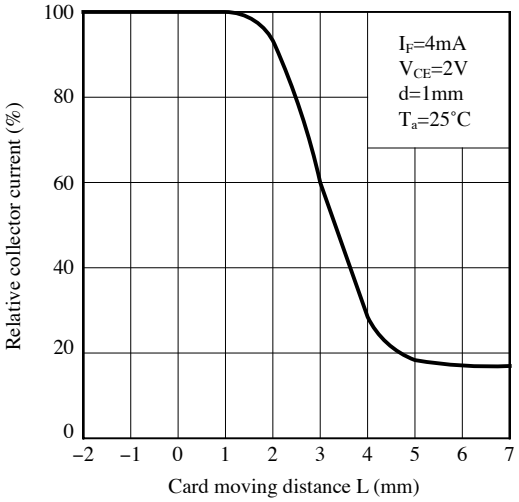

## Fig.9 Test Circuit for Response Time



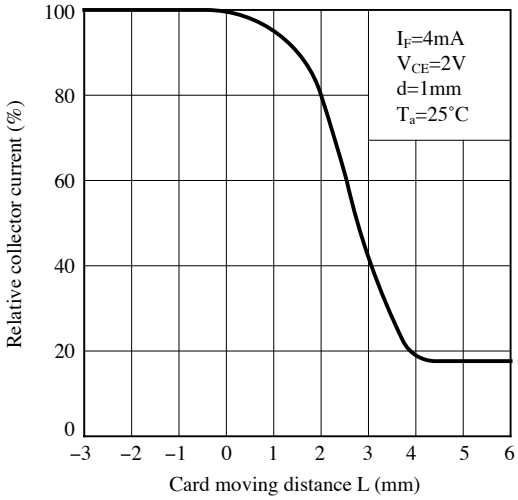

## Fig.10 Relative Collector Current vs. Distance (Reference value)



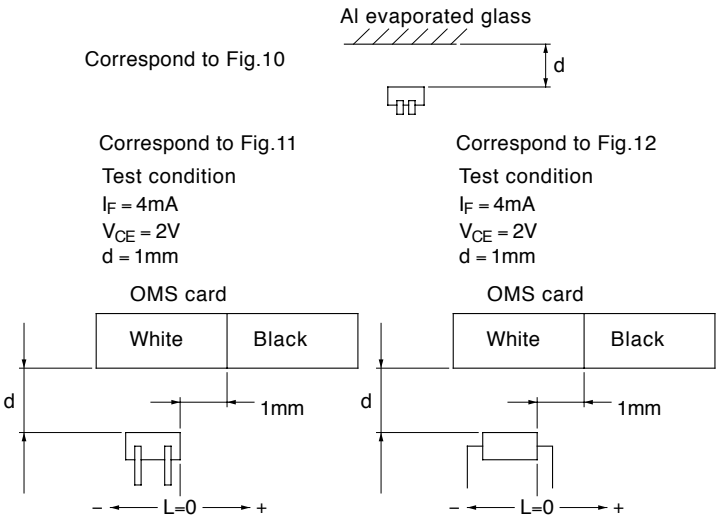

## Fig.11 Detecting Position Characteristics (1)



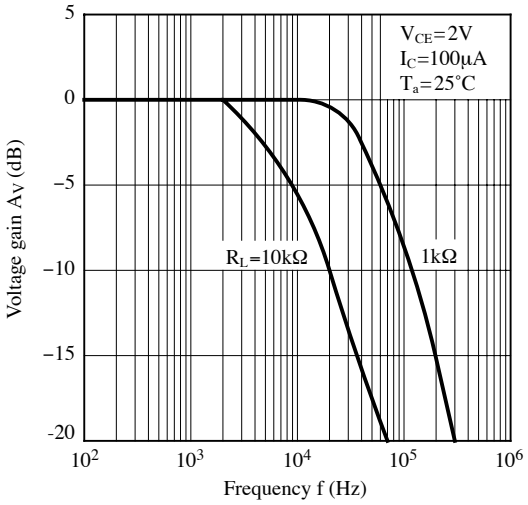

## Fig.12 Detecting Position Characteristics (2)



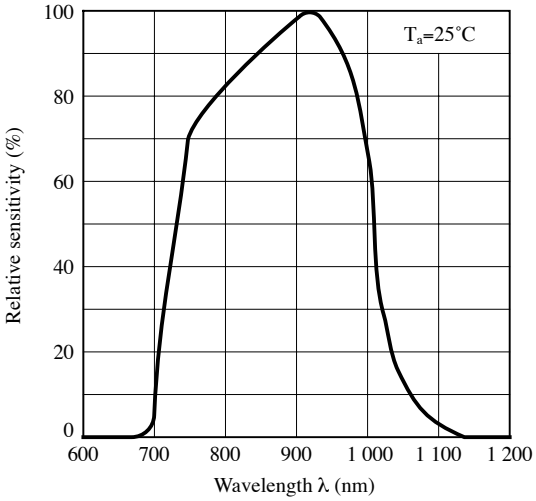
## Fig.13 Test Condition for Distance & Detecting Position Characteristics




## Fig.14 Freauency Response




## Fig.15 Spectral Sensitivity (Detecting Side)




Remarks : Please be aware that all data in the graph are just for reference and not for guarantee.

# ■ Design Considerations

## ● Design guide

1) Prevention of detection error
To prevent photointerrupter from faulty operation caused by external light, do not set the detecting face to the external light.

2) Distance characteristic
Please refer to Fig.10 (Relative collector current vs. Distance) to set the distance of the photointerrupter and the object.

This product is not designed against irradiation and incorporates non-coherent IRED.

## ● Degradation

In general, the emission of the IRED used in photointerrupter will degrade over time.
In the case of long term operation, please take the general IRED degradation (50% degradation over 5 years) into the design consideration.

## ● Parts

This product is assembled using the below parts.

### • Photodetector (qty. : 1)

| Category | Material | Maximum Sensitivity wavelength (nm) | Sensitivity wavelength (nm) | Response time (μs) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Phototransister | Silicon (Si) | 930 | 700 to 1 200 | 20 |

### • Photo emitter (qty. : 1)

| Category | Material | Maximum light emitting wavelength (nm) | I/O Frequency (MHz) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Infrared emitting diode (non-coherent) | Gallium arsenide (GaAs) | 950 | 0.3 |

### • Material

| Case | Lead frame | Lead frame plating |
|---|---|---|
| Black polyphernylene | 42Alloy | SnCu plating |

## ■ Manufacturing Guidelines

### ● Soldering Method

Flow Soldering:

Soldering should be completed below 260˚C and within 5 s.
Soldering area is 1mm or more away from the bottom of housing.
Please take care not to let any external force exert on lead pins.
Please don't do soldering with preheating, and please don't do soldering by reflow.

Other notice

Please test the soldering method in actual condition and make sure the soldering works fine, since the impact on the junction between the device and PCB varies depending on the cooling and soldering conditions.

### ● Cleaning instructions

Solvent cleaning :

Solvent temperature should be 45˚C or below. Immersion time should be 3 minutes or less.

Ultrasonic cleaning :

Do not execute ultrasonic cleaning.

Recommended solvent materials :

Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol.

### ● Presence of ODC

This product shall not contain the following materials.
And they are not used in the production process for this product.
Regulation substances : CFCs, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)

Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBOs and PBBs are not used in this product at all.

This product shall not contain the following materials banned in the RoHS Directive (2002/95/EC).

- Lead, Mercury, Cadmium, Hexavalent chromium, Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE).

## ■ Package specification

### ● Sleeve package

#### Package materials

Sleeve : Polystyrene
Stopper : Styrene-Butadiene

#### Package method

MAX. 50 pcs. of products shall be packaged in a sleeve. Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.
MAX. 40 sleeves in one case.

#### Color of sleeve

Rank classification is distinguished by the color of the sleeve as shown in the table below.
But the ratio of each rank can not be guaranteed.

| Rank | Color of sleeve |
|---|---|
| A | Yellow |
| B | Transparent |
| C | Green |

## ■ Important Notices

· The circuit application examples in this publication are provided to explain representative applications of SHARP devices and are not intended to guarantee any circuit design or license any intellectual property rights. SHARP takes no responsibility for any problems related to any intellectual property right of a third party resulting from the use of SHARP's devices.

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(i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:

--- Personal computers
--- Office automation equipment
--- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
--- Test and measurement equipment
--- Industrial control
--- Audio visual equipment
--- Consumer electronics

(ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:

--- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
--- Traffic signals
--- Gas leakage sensor breakers
--- Alarm equipment
--- Various safety devices, etc.

(iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:

--- Space applications
--- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
--- Nuclear power control equipment
--- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).

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