

LH28F128BFHT-PBTL75A

Flash Memory 16Mbit (8Mbitx16)

(Model Number: LHF12F17)

Spec. Issue Date: June 7, 2004



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To;

PRELIMINARY SPECIFICATIONS
Product Type 128 Mbit Flash Memory
L H 2 8 F 1 2 8 B F H T — P B T L 7 5 A
Model No. (LHF12F17)
This device specification is subject to change without notice. * This specifications contains 32 pages including the cover and appendix.
CUSTOMERS ACCEPTANCE
DATE:
BY: PRESENTED
BY: Mavali M. NAWAKI Dept. General Manager
REVIEWED BY: PREPARED BY:

Product Development Dept. II System-Flash Division Integrated Circuits Group SHARP CORPORATION

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LHF12F17

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 - Audiovisual equipment
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 - Communication equipment other than for trunk lines
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 - Gas leak detectors and automatic cutoff devices
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LHF12F17



LH28F128BFHT-PBTL75A 128Mbit (8Mbit×16) Page Mode Dual Work Flash MEMORY

- 128-M density with 16-bit I/O Interface
- High Performance Reads
 - 75/25ns 8-Word Page Mode
- 6-Plane Dual Work Operation
 - Read operations are available during Block Erase or (Page Buffer) Program between two different Planes
 - Plane Architecture:
 16M, 24M, 24M, 24M, 24M, 16M
- Low Power Operation
 - 2.7V Read and Write Operations
 - \bullet $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize CCO}}$ for Input/Output Power Supply Isolation
 - Automatic Power Savings Mode reduces I_{CCR} in Static Mode
- Enhanced Code + Data Storage
 - 5µs Typical Erase/Program Suspends
- OTP (One Time Program) Block
 - 4-Word Factory-Programmed Area
 - 4-Word User-Programmable Area
- High Performance Program with Page Buffer
 - 16-Word Page Buffer
 - 5µs/Word (Typ.) at WP#/ACC=9.5V
- Operating Temperature -40°C to +85°C
- CMOS Process (P-type silicon substrate)

- Flexible Blocking Architecture
 - Eight 4-Kword Parameter Blocks
 - Two-hundred and fifty-five 32-Kword Main Blocks
 - Bottom Parameter Location
- Enhanced Data Protection Features
 - Individual Block Lock and Block Lock-Down with Zero-Latency
 - All blocks are locked at power-up or device reset.
 - Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Word Program Lockout during Power Transitions
- Automated Erase/Program Algorithms
 - 3.0V Low-Power 11µs/Word (Typ.) Programming
 - 9.5V No Glue Logic 9µs/Word (Typ.) Production Programming and 0.8s Erase (Typ.)
- Cross-Compatible Command Support
 - Basic Command Set
 - Common Flash Interface (CFI)
- Extended Cycling Capability
 - Minimum 100,000 Block Erase Cycles
- 56-Lead TSOP (Normal Bend)
- ETOX^{TM*} Flash Technology
- Not designed or rated as radiation hardened

The product, which is 6-Plane Page Mode Dual Work (Simultaneous Read while Erase/Program) Flash memory, is a low power, high density, low cost, nonvolatile read/write storage solution for a wide range of applications. The product can operate at V_{CC} =2.7V-3.3V. Its low voltage operation capability greatly extends battery life for portable applications.

The product provides high performance asynchronous page mode. It allows code execution directly from Flash, thus eliminating time consuming wait states.

The memory array block architecture utilizes Enhanced Data Protection features, and provides separate Parameter and Main Blocks that provide maximum flexibility for safe nonvolatile code and data storage.

Fast program capability is provided through the use of high speed Page Buffer Program.

Special OTP (One Time Program) block provides an area to store permanent code such as an unique number.

* ETOX is a trademark of Intel Corporation.



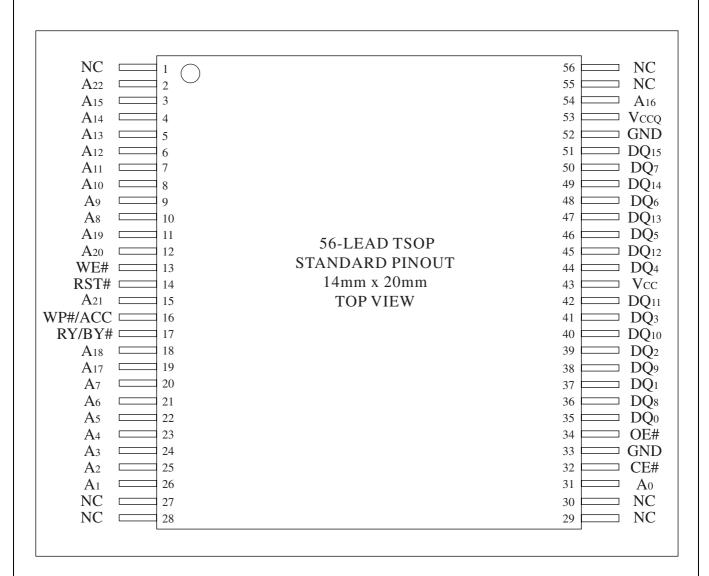


Figure 1. 56-Lead TSOP (Normal Bend) Pinout



Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Symbol	Туре	Name and Function
A_{22} - A_{0}	INPUT	ADDRESS INPUTS: Inputs for addresses.
DQ ₁₅ -DQ ₀	INPUT/ OUTPUT	DATA INPUTS/OUTPUTS: Inputs data and commands during CUI (Command User Interface) write cycles, outputs data during memory array, status register, query code and identifier code reads. Data pins float to high-impedance (High Z) when the chip or outputs are deselected. Data is internally latched during an erase or program cycle.
CE#	INPUT	CHIP ENABLE: Activates the device's control logic, input buffers, decoders and sense amplifiers. CE#-high (V_{IH}) deselects the device and reduces power consumption to standby levels.
RST#	INPUT	RESET: When low (V_{IL}) , RST# resets internal automation and inhibits write operations which provides data protection. RST#-high (V_{IH}) enables normal operation. After power-up or reset mode, the device is automatically set to read array mode. RST# must be low during power-up/down.
OE#	INPUT	OUTPUT ENABLE: Gates the device's outputs during a read cycle.
WE#	INPUT	WRITE ENABLE: Controls writes to the CUI and array blocks. Addresses and data are latched on the rising edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes high first).
WP#/ACC	INPUT/ SUPPLY	WRITE PROTECT: When WP#/ACC is V_{IL} , locked-down blocks cannot be unlocked. Erase or program operation can be executed to the blocks which are not locked and not locked-down. When WP#/ACC is V_{IH} , lock-down is disabled. Applying 9.5V±0.5V to WP#/ACC provides fast erasing or fast programming mode. In this mode, WP#/ACC is power supply pin. Applying 9.5V±0.5V to WP#/ACC during erase/program can only be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on each block. WP#/ACC may be connected to 9.5V±0.5V for a total of 80 hours maximum. Use of this pin at 9.5V+0.5V beyond these limits may reduce block cycling capability or cause permanent damage.
RY/BY#	OPEN DRAIN OUTPUT	READY/BUSY#: Indicates the status of the internal WSM (Write State Machine). When low, WSM is performing an internal operation (block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program). RY/BY#-High Z indicates that the WSM is ready for new commands, block erase is suspended and (page buffer) program is inactive, (page buffer) program is suspended, or the device is in reset mode.
V _{CC}	SUPPLY	DEVICE POWER SUPPLY (2.7V-3.3V): With $V_{CC} \le V_{LKO}$, all write attempts to the flash memory are inhibited. Device operations at invalid V_{CC} voltage (see DC Characteristics) produce spurious results and should not be attempted.
V _{CCQ}	SUPPLY	INPUT/OUTPUT POWER SUPPLY (2.7V-3.3V): Power supply for all input/output pins.
GND	SUPPLY	GROUND: Do not float any ground pins.
NC		NO CONNECT: Lead is not internally connected; it may be driven or floated.



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THEN THE MODES ALLOWED IN THE OTHER PLANE IS: IF ONE Block Page Word OTP Read Read Read Read Block Full Chip Program PLANE IS: Buffer Erase ID/OTP Status Program Program Erase Erase Suspend Array Query Program Suspend X Read Array X X X X X X X Read ID/OTP X X X X X X X X X Read Status X X X X X \mathbf{X} X X X X X Read Query X X X X X X X X X Word Program X X X X X Page Buffer X X X X X Program **OTP Program** X X **Block Erase** X X X Full Chip Erase X Program X X X X X Suspend **Block Erase** X X X X X X X Suspend

Table 2. Simultaneous Operation Modes Allowed with 6 Planes (1, 2)

NOTES:

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- 1. "X" denotes the operation available.
- 2. Dual Work Restrictions:

Status register reflects WSM (Write State Machine) state.

Only one plane can be erased or programmed at a time - no command queuing.

Commands must be written to an address within the block targeted by that command.

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-					
		$[A_{22}-A_0]$			
	22 I/ 1 D1 1 06	278000H - 27FFFFH			
1 +	32-Kword Block 86 32-Kword Block 85	270000H - 277FFFH			
1	32-Kword Block 84	268000H - 26FFFFH			
	32-Kword Block 83	260000H - 267FFFH			
	32-Kword Block 82	258000H - 25FFFFH			
	32-Kword Block 81	250000H - 257FFFH			
	32-Kword Block 80	248000H - 24FFFFH			
	32-Kword Block 79 32-Kword Block 78	240000H - 247FFFH 238000H - 23FFFFH			$[A_{22}-A_0]$
1	32-Kword Block 77	230000H - 237FFFH		22 V 1 D11- 20	0F8000H - 0FFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 76	228000H - 22FFFFH		32-Kword Block 38 32-Kword Block 37	0F0000H - 0F7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 75	220000H - 227FFFH		32-Kword Block 36	0E8000H - 0EFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 74	218000H - 21FFFFH		32-Kword Block 35	0E0000H - 0E7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 73	210000H - 217FFFH		32-Kword Block 34	OD8000H - 0DFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 72	208000H - 20FFFFH		32-Kword Block 33	0D0000H - 0D7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 71 32-Kword Block 70	200000H - 207FFFH 1F8000H - 1FFFFFH		32-Kword Block 32	OC8000H - OCFFFFH
1	32-Kword Block 69	1F0000H - 1F7FFFH		32-Kword Block 31 32-Kword Block 30	0C0000H - 0C7FFFH 0B8000H - 0BFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 68	1E8000H - 1EFFFFH		32-Kword Block 30	0B0000H - 0B7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 67	1E0000H - 1E7FFFH		32-Kword Block 28	0A8000H - 0AFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 66	1D8000H - 1DFFFFH		32-Kword Block 27	0A0000H - 0A7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 65	1D0000H - 1D7FFFH		32-Kword Block 26	098000H - 09FFFFH
1	32-Kword Block 64	1C8000H - 1CFFFFH 1C0000H - 1C7FFFH		32-Kword Block 25	090000H - 097FFFH
1	32-Kword Block 63 32-Kword Block 62	1B8000H - 1BFFFFH		32-Kword Block 24	088000H - 08FFFFH
1	32-Kword Block 61	1B0000H - 1B7FFFH		32-Kword Block 23 32-Kword Block 22	080000H - 087FFFH 078000H - 07FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 60	1A8000H - 1AFFFFH	9		070000H - 077FFFH
PLANE	32-Kword Block 59	1A0000H - 1A7FFFH	PI ANEO	32-Kword Block 20	068000H - 06FFFFH
Z	32-Kword Block 58	198000H - 19FFFFH	[4	32-Kword Block 19	060000H - 067FFFH
	32-Kword Block 57	190000H - 197FFFH		32-Kword Block 18	058000H - 05FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 56	188000H - 18FFFFH 180000H - 187FFFH	-	32-Kword Block 17	050000H - 057FFFH
1 1	32-Kword Block 55 32-Kword Block 54	178000H - 17FFFFH		32-Kword Block 16	048000H - 04FFFFH 040000H - 047FFFH
	32-Kword Block 53	170000H - 177FFFH		32-Kword Block 15 32-Kword Block 14	038000H - 03FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 52	168000H - 16FFFFH		32-Kword Block 13	030000H - 037FFFH
	32-Kword Block 51	160000H - 167FFFH		32-Kword Block 12	028000H - 02FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 50	158000H - 15FFFFH		32-Kword Block 11	020000H - 027FFFH
	32-Kword Block 49	150000H - 157FFFH		32-Kword Block 10	018000H - 01FFFFH
1	32-Kword Block 48 32-Kword Block 47	148000H - 14FFFFH 140000H - 147FFFH		32-Kword Block 9	010000H - 017FFFH
	32-Kword Block 46	138000H - 13FFFFH		32-Kword Block 8 4-Kword Block 7	008000H - 00FFFFH 007000H - 007FFFH
	32-Kword Block 45	130000H - 137FFFH		4-Kword Block 6	006000H - 006FFFH
	32-Kword Block 44	128000H - 12FFFFH		4-Kword Block 5	005000H - 005FFFH
	32-Kword Block 43	120000H - 127FFFH		4-Kword Block 4	004000H - 004FFFH
	32-Kword Block 42	118000H - 11FFFFH		4-Kword Block 3	003000H - 003FFFH
	32-Kword Block 41	110000H - 117FFFH		4-Kword Block 2	002000H - 002FFFH
1	32-Kword Block 40 32-Kword Block 39	108000H - 10FFFFH 100000H - 107FFFH		4-Kword Block 1	001000H - 001FFFH
\Box	32 Kwoid Block 39	100000H - 10/11TH		4-Kword Block 0	000000H - 000FFFH

PLANE1: 24 Mbit PLANE0: 16 Mbit

Figure 2.1. Memory Map (Bottom Parameter, Plane 0 and Plane 1)



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		$[A_{22}-A_0]$			$[A_{22}-A_0]$
	22.17 1.70 1.102	578000H - 57FFFFH		1 22 77 1 71 1 124	7
	32-Kword Block 182	570000H - 577FFFH		32-Kword Block 134	3F8000H - 3FFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 181	568000H - 56FFFFH		32-Kword Block 133	3F0000H - 3F7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 180 32-Kword Block 179	560000H - 567FFFH		32-Kword Block 132 32-Kword Block 131	3E8000H - 3EFFFFH 3E0000H - 3E7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 179	558000H - 55FFFFH		32-Kword Block 131	3D8000H - 3E/FFFH
	32-Kword Block 177	550000H - 557FFFH		32-Kword Block 130	3D0000H - 3D7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 176	548000H - 54FFFFH		32-Kword Block 128	3C8000H - 3CFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 175	540000H - 547FFFH		32-Kword Block 127	3C0000H - 3C7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 174	538000H - 53FFFFH		32-Kword Block 126	3B8000H - 3BFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 174	530000H - 537FFFH		32-Kword Block 125	3B0000H - 3B7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 172	528000H - 52FFFFH		32-Kword Block 124	3A8000H - 3AFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 171	520000H - 527FFFH		32-Kword Block 123	3A0000H - 3A7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 170	518000H - 51FFFFH		32-Kword Block 122	398000H - 39FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 169	510000H - 517FFFH		32-Kword Block 121	390000H - 397FFFH
	32-Kword Block 168	508000H - 50FFFFH		32-Kword Block 120	388000H - 38FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 167	500000H - 507FFFH		32-Kword Block 119	380000H - 387FFFH
	32-Kword Block 166	4F8000H - 4FFFFFH		32-Kword Block 118	378000H - 37FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 165	4F0000H - 4F7FFFH		32-Kword Block 117	370000H - 377FFFH
	32-Kword Block 164	4E8000H - 4EFFFFH		32-Kword Block 116	368000H - 36FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 163	4E0000H - 4E7FFFH		32-Kword Block 115	360000H - 367FFFH
	32-Kword Block 162	4D8000H - 4DFFFFH		32-Kword Block 114	358000H - 35FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 161	4D0000H - 4D7FFFH		32-Kword Block 113	350000H - 357FFFH
	32-Kword Block 160	4C8000H - 4CFFFFH		32-Kword Block 112	348000H - 34FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 159	4C0000H - 4C7FFFH		32-Kword Block 111	340000H - 347FFFH
	32-Kword Block 158	4B8000H - 4BFFFFH		32-Kword Block 110	338000H - 33FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 157	4B0000H - 4B7FFFH		32-Kword Block 109	330000H - 337FFFH
PLANE3	32-Kword Block 156	4A8000H - 4AFFFFH	PLANE2	32-Kword Block 108	328000H - 32FFFFH
IZ	32-Kword Block 155	4A0000H - 4A7FFFH	Z	32-Kword Block 107	320000H - 327FFFH
ΙĘ	32-Kword Block 154	498000H - 49FFFFH	ĮĄ.	32-Kword Block 106	318000H - 31FFFFH
Π	32-Kword Block 153	490000H - 497FFFH	- I-I	32-Kword Block 105	310000H - 317FFFH
1	32-Kword Block 152	488000H - 48FFFFH 480000H - 487FFFH		32-Kword Block 104	308000H - 30FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 151	478000H - 47FFFH		32-Kword Block 103	300000H - 307FFFH
	32-Kword Block 150 32-Kword Block 149	470000H - 477FFFH		32-Kword Block 102 32-Kword Block 101	2F8000H - 2FFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 148	468000H - 46FFFFH		32-Kword Block 101	2F0000H - 2F7FFFH 2E8000H - 2EFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 147	460000H - 467FFFH		32-Kword Block 99	2E0000H - 2E7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 146	458000H - 45FFFFH		32-Kword Block 98	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 145	450000H - 457FFFH		32-Kword Block 97	2D0000H - 2D7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 144	448000H - 44FFFFH		32-Kword Block 96	2C8000H - 2CFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 143	440000H - 447FFFH		32-Kword Block 95	2C0000H - 2C7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 142	438000H - 43FFFFH		32-Kword Block 94	2B8000H - 2BFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 141	430000H - 437FFFH		32-Kword Block 93	2B0000H - 2B7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 140	428000H - 42FFFFH		32-Kword Block 92	2A8000H - 2AFFFH
	32-Kword Block 139	420000H - 427FFFH		32-Kword Block 91	2A0000H - 2A7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 138	418000H - 41FFFFH		32-Kword Block 90	298000H - 29FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 137	410000H - 417FFFH		32-Kword Block 89	290000H - 297FFFH
	32-Kword Block 136	408000H - 40FFFFH		32-Kword Block 88	288000H - 28FFFFH
L	32-Kword Block 135	400000H - 407FFFH	Ĺ	32-Kword Block 87	280000H - 287FFFH
					

PLANE3: 24 Mbit PLANE2: 24 Mbit

Figure 2.2. Memory Map (Bottom Parameter, Plane 2 and Plane 3)

Sł	HA	RF	>

 $[A_{22}-A_0]$

		$[A_{22}-A_0]$
	32-Kword Block 262	7F8000H - 7FFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 261	7F0000H - 7F7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 260	7E8000H - 7EFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 259	7E0000H - 7E7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 258	7D8000H - 7DFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 257	7D0000H - 7D7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 256	7C8000H - 7CFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 255	7C0000H - 7C7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 254	7B8000H - 7BFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 253	7B0000H - 7B7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 252	7A8000H - 7AFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 251	7A0000H - 7A7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 250	798000H - 79FFFFH
18	32-Kword Block 249	790000H - 797FFFH
PLANE5	32-Kword Block 248	788000H - 78FFFFH
171	32-Kword Block 247	780000H - 787FFFH
اتا	32-Kword Block 246	778000H - 77FFFFH
10	32-Kword Block 245	770000H - 777FFFH
	32-Kword Block 244	768000H - 76FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 243	760000H - 767FFFH
	32-Kword Block 242	758000H - 75FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 241	750000H - 757FFFH
	32-Kword Block 240	748000H - 74FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 239	740000H - 747FFFH
	32-Kword Block 238	738000H - 73FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 237	730000H - 737FFFH
	32-Kword Block 236	728000H - 72FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 235	720000H - 727FFFH
	32-Kword Block 234	718000H - 71FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 233	710000H - 717FFFH
	32-Kword Block 232	708000H - 70FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 231	700000H - 707FFFH
		_

		[A22-A0]
	32-Kword Block 230	6F8000H - 6FFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 229	6F0000H - 6F7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 228	6E8000H - 6EFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 227	6E0000H - 6E7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 226	6D8000H - 6DFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 225	6D0000H - 6D7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 224	6C8000H - 6CFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 223	6C0000H - 6C7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 222	6B8000H - 6BFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 221	6B0000H - 6B7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 220	6A8000H - 6AFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 219	6A0000H - 6A7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 218	698000H - 69FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 217	690000H - 697FFFH
	32-Kword Block 216	688000H - 68FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 215	680000H - 687FFFH
	32-Kword Block 214	678000H - 67FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 213	670000H - 677FFFH
	32-Kword Block 212	668000H - 66FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 211	1 660000Н - 667FFFH
	32-Kword Block 210	d 658000H - 65FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 209	│650000H - 657FFFH
	32-Kword Block 208	d 648000H - 64FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 207	│ 640000H - 647FFFH
	32-Kword Block 206	638000H - 63FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 205	630000H - 637FFFH
	32-Kword Block 204	628000H - 62FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 203	620000H - 627FFFH
	32-Kword Block 202	1618000H - 61FFFFH
۱4	32-Kword Block 201	610000H - 617FFFH
PLANE4	32-Kword Block 200	608000H - 60FFFFH
Z	32-Kword Block 199	600000H - 607FFFH
₹	32-Kword Block 198	5F8000H - 5FFFFFH
$_{ m II}$	32-Kword Block 197	5F0000H - 5F7FFFH
l	32-Kword Block 196	5E8000H - 5EFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 195	5E0000H - 5E7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 194	☐5D8000H - 5DFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 193	5D0000H - 5D7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 192	5C8000H - 5CFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 191	5C0000H - 5C7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 190	5B8000H - 5BFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 189	5B0000H - 5B7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 188	5A8000H - 5AFFFFH
	32-Kword Block 187	5A0000H - 5A7FFFH
	32-Kword Block 186	598000H - 59FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 185	590000H - 597FFFH
	32-Kword Block 184	588000H - 58FFFFH
	32-Kword Block 183	580000H - 587FFFH
	32 KWOIG BIOCK 103	

PLANE5: 16 Mbit PLANE4: 24 Mbit

Figure 2.3. Memory Map (Bottom Parameter, Plane 4 and Plane 5)



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Table 3. Identifier Codes and OTP Address for Read Operation

	Code	Address [A ₁₅ -A ₀]	Data [DQ ₁₅ -DQ ₀]	Notes
Manufacturer Code	Manufacturer Code	0000Н	00B0H	1
Device Code	Device Code	0001H	0011H	1
Block Lock Configuration	Block is Unlocked		$DQ_0 = 0$	2, 3
Code	Block is Locked	Block	$DQ_0 = 1$	2, 3
	Block is not Locked-Down	Address + 2	$DQ_1 = 0$	2, 3
	Block is Locked-Down		$DQ_1 = 1$	2, 3
OTP	OTP Lock	0080H	OTP-LK	1, 4
	OTP	0081-0088H	OTP	1, 5

- 1. A_{22} - A_{16} must be the address within the plane to which the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command (90H) has been written. 2. Block Address = The beginning location of a block address within the plane to which the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command (90H) has been written.
- 3. DQ_{15} - DQ_2 are reserved for future implementation.
- 4. OTP-LK=OTP Block Lock configuration.
- 5. OTP=OTP Block data.



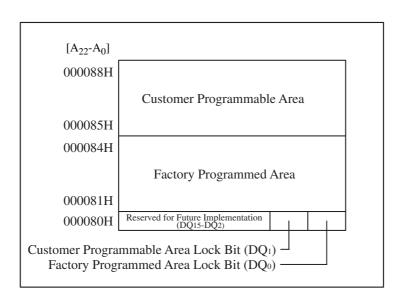


Figure 3. OTP Block Address Map for OTP Program (The area outside 80H~88H cannot be used.)



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Table 4. Bus Operation $^{(1,2)}$

Mode	Notes	RST#	CE#	OE#	WE#	Address	DQ ₁₅₋₀	RY/BY# (8)
Read Array	6	V _{IH}	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	X	D _{OUT}	High Z
Output Disable		V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V _{IH}	V _{IH}	X	High Z	X
Standby		V_{IH}	V _{IH}	X	X	X	High Z	X
Reset	3	V_{IL}	X	X	X	X	High Z	High Z
Read Identifier Codes/OTP	6	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	See Table 3	See Table 3	High Z
Read Query	6,7	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	X	D _{OUT}	High Z
Read Status Register	6	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	X	D _{OUT}	X
Write	4,5,6	V _{IH}	V_{IL}	V _{IH}	V_{IL}	X	D _{IN}	X

- 1. Refer to DC Characteristics for V_{IL} or V_{IH} voltages.
- 2. X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH} for control pins and addresses.
 3. RST# at GND±0.2V ensures the lowest power consumption.
- 4. Command writes involving block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program are reliably executed when $V_{CC}=2.7V-3.3V$.
- 5. Refer to Table 5 for valid D_{IN} during a write operation.
- 6. Never hold OE# low and WE# low at the same timing.
- 7. Query code = Common Flash Interface (CFI) code.
- 8. RY/BY# is V_{OL} when the WSM (Write State Machine) is executing internal block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program algorithms. It is High Z during when the WSM is not busy, in block erase suspend mode (with program and page buffer program inactive), (page buffer) program suspend mode, or reset mode.



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	Bus		First Bus Cycle			Second Bus Cycle		
Command	Cycles Req'd	Notes	Oper ⁽¹⁾	Addr ⁽²⁾	Data	Oper ⁽¹⁾	Addr ⁽²⁾	Data ⁽³⁾
Read Array	1		Write	PA	FFH			
Read Identifier Codes/OTP	≥ 2	4	Write	PA	90H	Read	IA or OA	ID or OD
Read Query	≥ 2	4	Write	PA	98H	Read	QA	QD
Read Status Register	2		Write	PA	70H	Read	PA	SRD
Clear Status Register	1		Write	PA	50H			
Block Erase	2	5	Write	BA	20H	Write	BA	D0H
Full Chip Erase	2	5,9	Write	X	30H	Write	X	D0H
Program	2	5,6	Write	WA	40H or 10H	Write	WA	WD
Page Buffer Program	≥ 4	5,7	Write	WA	E8H	Write	WA	N-1
Block Erase and (Page Buffer) Program Suspend	1	8,9	Write	PA	ВОН			
Block Erase and (Page Buffer) Program Resume	1	8,9	Write	PA	D0H			
Set Block Lock Bit	2		Write	BA	60H	Write	BA	01H
Clear Block Lock Bit	2	10	Write	BA	60H	Write	BA	D0H
Set Block Lock-down Bit	2		Write	BA	60H	Write	BA	2FH
OTP Program	2	9	Write	OA	С0Н	Write	OA	OD

Table 5. Command Definitions⁽¹¹⁾

- 1. Bus operations are defined in Table 4.
- 2. All addresses which are written at the first bus cycle should be the same as the addresses which are written at the second bus cycle.
 - X=Any valid address within the device.
 - PA=Address within the selected plane.
 - IA=Identifier codes address (See Table 3).
 - QA=Query codes address.
 - BA=Address within the block being erased, set/cleared block lock bit or set block lock-down bit.
 - WA=Address of memory location for the Program command or the first address for the Page Buffer Program command. OA=Address of OTP block to be read or programmed (See Figure 3).
- 3. ID=Data read from identifier codes. (See Table 3).
 - QD=Data read from query database.
 - SRD=Data read from status register. See Table 9.1, Table 9.2 for a description of the status register bits.
 - WD=Data to be programmed at location WA. Data is latched on the rising edge of WE# or CE# (whichever goes high first) during command write cycles.
 - OD=Data within OTP block. Data is latched on the rising edge of WE# or CE# (whichever goes high first) during command write cycles.
 - N-1=N is the number of the words to be loaded into a page buffer.
- 4. Following the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command, read operations access manufacturer code, device code, block lock configuration code and the data within OTP block (See Table 3).
 - The Read Query command is available for reading CFI (Common Flash Interface) information.
- 5. Block erase, full chip erase or (page buffer) program cannot be executed when the selected block is locked. Unlocked block can be erased or programmed when RST# is V_{IH} .
- 6. Either 40H or 10H are recognized by the CUI (Command User Interface) as the program setup.



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- 7. Following the third bus cycle, input the program sequential address and write data of "N" times. Finally, input the any valid address within the target block to be programmed and the confirm command (D0H).
- 8. If the program operation in one plane is suspended and the erase operation in other plane is also suspended, the suspended program operation will be resumed first.
- 9. Full chip erase and OTP program operations can not be suspended. The OTP Program command can not be accepted while the block erase operation is being suspended.
- 10. Following the Clear Block Lock Bit command, block which is not locked-down is unlocked when WP#/ACC is V_{IL}. When WP#/ACC is V_{IH}, lock-down bit is disabled and the selected block is unlocked regardless of lock-down configuration.
- 11. Commands other than those shown above are reserved by SHARP for future device implementations and should not be used.



		(2)			
State	WP#/ACC	DQ ₁ ⁽¹⁾	$DQ_0^{(1)}$	State Name	Erase/Program Allowed (2)
[000]	0	0	0	Unlocked	Yes
[001] ⁽³⁾	0	0	1	Locked	No
[011]	0	1	1	Locked-down	No
[100]	1	0	0	Unlocked	Yes
[101] ⁽³⁾	1	0	1	Locked	No
[110] ⁽⁴⁾	1	1	0	Lock-down Disable	Yes
[111]	1	1	1	Lock-down Disable	No

Table 6. Functions of Block Lock⁽⁵⁾ and Block Lock-Down

NOTES:

- DQ₀=1: a block is locked; DQ₀=0: a block is unlocked.
 DQ₁=1: a block is locked-down; DQ₁=0: a block is not locked-down.
- 2. Erase and program are general terms, respectively, to express: block erase, full chip erase and (page buffer) program operations.
- 3. At power-up or device reset, all blocks default to locked state and are not locked-down, that is, [001] (WP#/ACC=0) or [101] (WP#/ACC=1), regardless of the states before power-off or reset operation.
- 4. When WP#/ACC is driven to V_{IL} in [110] state, the state changes to [011] and the blocks are automatically locked.
- 5. OTP (One Time Program) block has the lock function which is different from those described above.

Current State				Result after Lock Command Written (Next State)				
State	WP#/ACC	DQ_1	DQ_0	Set Lock ⁽¹⁾	Clear Lock ⁽¹⁾	Set Lock-down ⁽¹⁾		
[000]	0	0	0	[001]	No Change	[011] ⁽²⁾		
[001]	0	0	1	No Change ⁽³⁾	[000]	[011]		
[011]	0	1	1	No Change	No Change	No Change		
[100]	1	0	0	[101]	No Change	[111] ⁽²⁾		
[101]	1	0	1	No Change	[100]	[111]		
[110]	1	1	0	[111]	No Change	[111] ⁽²⁾		
[111]	1	1	1	No Change	[110]	No Change		

Table 7. Block Locking State Transitions upon Command Write⁽⁴⁾

- 1. "Set Lock" means Set Block Lock Bit command, "Clear Lock" means Clear Block Lock Bit command and "Set Lock-down" means Set Block Lock-Down Bit command.
- 2. When the Set Block Lock-Down Bit command is written to the unlocked block (DQ $_0$ =0), the corresponding block is locked-down and automatically locked at the same time.
- 3. "No Change" means that the state remains unchanged after the command written.
- 4. In this state transitions table, assumes that WP#/ACC is not changed and fixed V_{IL} or V_{IH} .



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Current State Result after WP#/ACC Transition (Next State) Previous State DQ_1 DQ_0 WP#/ACC WP#/ACC= $0 \rightarrow 1^{(1)}$ WP#/ACC= $1 \rightarrow 0^{(1)}$ State 0 [000] 0 0 [100] [001] 0 0 [101] $[110]^{(2)}$ [110] 0 [011] 1 1 Other than [111] $[110]^{(2)}$ [100] 1 0 0 [000] 1 0 1 [001] [101] 0 [110] 1 1 $[011]^{(3)}$ [011] [111]

Table 8. Block Locking State Transitions upon WP#/ACC Transition⁽⁴⁾

NOTES:

SHARP

- 1. "WP#/ACC=0 \to 1" means that WP#/ACC is driven to V $_{IH}$ and "WP#/ACC=1 \to 0" means that WP#/ACC is driven to V $_{IL}$.
- 2. State transition from the current state [011] to the next state depends on the previous state.
- 3. When WP#/ACC is driven to $V_{\rm IL}$ in [110] state, the state changes to [011] and the blocks are automatically locked.
- 4. In this state transitions table, assumes that lock configuration commands are not written in previous, current and next state.



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GWSMS	GBESS	GBEFCES	GPBPOPS	GWPACCS	GPBPSS	GDPS	R
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
PWSMS	GBESS	GBEFCES	GPBPOPS	GWPACCS	GPBPSS	GDPS	R
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

NOTES:

SR.7 = PLANE WRITE STATE MACHINE STATUS (PWSMS)

- 1 = Ready
- 0 = Busy

SR.6 = GLOBAL BLOCK ERASE SUSPEND STATUS (GBESS)

- 1 = Block Erase Suspended
- 0 = Block Erase in Progress/Completed

SR.5 = GLOBAL BLOCK ERASE AND FULL CHIP ERASE STATUS (GBEFCES)

- 1 = Error in Block Erase or Full Chip Erase
- 0 = Successful Block Erase or Full Chip Erase

SR.4 = GLOBAL (PAGE BUFFER) PROGRAM AND OTP PROGRAM STATUS (GPBPOPS)

- 1 = Error in (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program
- 0 = Successful (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program

SR.3 = GLOBAL WP#/ACC STATUS (GWPACCS)

- $1 = V_{CCO} + 0.4V \le WP\#/ACC \le 9.0V$ Detect, Operation Abort
- 0 = WP#/ACCOK

SR.2 = GLOBAL (PAGE BUFFER) PROGRAM SUSPEND STATUS (GPBPSS)

- 1 = (Page Buffer) Program Suspended
- 0 = (Page Buffer) Program in Progress/Completed

SR.1 = GLOBAL DEVICE PROTECT STATUS (GDPS)

- 1 = Erase or Program Attempted on a Locked Block, Operation Abort
- 0 = Unlocked

Status Register indicates the status of the WSM (Write State Machine). However, SR.7 indicates the status of WSM in each plane. Even if the SR.7 is "1", the WSM may be occupied by the other plane.

In the plane to which the command is issued, Check SR.7 or RY/BY# to determine block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program completion. SR.6 - SR.1 are invalid while SR.7="0".

If both SR.5 and SR.4 are "1"s after a block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program, set/clear block lock bit, set block lock-down bit attempt, an improper command sequence was entered.

SR.3 does not provide a continuous indication of WP#/ACC level. The WSM interrogates and indicates the WP#/ACC level only after Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program command sequences. SR.3 is not guaranteed to report accurate feedback when WP#/ $ACC \neq V_{ACCH}$.

SR.1 does not provide a continuous indication of block lock bit. The WSM interrogates the block lock bit only after Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program command sequences. It informs the system, depending on the attempted operation, if the block lock bit is set. Reading the block lock configuration codes after writing the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command indicates block lock bit status.

 $SR.0 = RESERVED \ FOR \ FUTURE \ ENHANCEMENTS \ (R) \ |_{SR.0} \ is \ reserved \ for \ future \ use \ and \ should \ be \ masked \ out$ when polling the status register.



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Table 9.2. Status Register Definition (Continued)

SR.15 = GLOBAL WRITE STATE MACHINE STATUS (GWSMS)

1 = Ready

0 = Busy

SR.14 = GLOBAL BLOCK ERASE SUSPEND STATUS (GBESS)

1 = Block Erase Suspended

0 = Block Erase in Progress/Completed

SR.13 = GLOBAL BLOCK ERASE AND FULL CHIP ERASE STATUS (GBEFCES)

1 = Error in Block Erase or Full Chip Erase

0 = Successful Block Erase or Full Chip Erase

SR.12 = GLOBAL (PAGE BUFFER) PROGRAM AND OTP PROGRAM STATUS (GPBPOPS)

1 = Error in (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program

0 = Successful (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program

SR.11 = GLOBAL WP#/ACC STATUS (GWPACCS)

1 = V_{CCQ}+0.4V < WPP#/ACC < 9.0V Detect, Operation Abort

0 = WP#/ACC OK

SR.10 = GLOBAL (PAGE BUFFER) PROGRAM SUSPEND STATUS (GPBPSS)

1 = (Page Buffer) Program Suspended

0 = (Page Buffer) Program in Progress/Completed

SR.9 = GLOBAL DEVICE PROTECT STATUS (GDPS)

1 = Erase or Program Attempted on a Locked Block, Operation Abort

0 = Unlocked

SR.8 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)

NOTES:

Status Register SR.15-SR.9 indicates the status of the WSM.

Check SR.15 or RY/BY# to determine block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program completion. SR.14 - SR.9 are invalid while SR.15="0".

If both SR.13 and SR.12 are "1"s after a block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program, set/clear block lock bit, set block lock-down bit attempt, an improper command sequence was entered.

SR.11 does not provide a continuous indication of WP#/ACC level. The WSM interrogates and indicates the WP#/ACC level only after Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program command sequences. SR.11 is not guaranteed to report accurate feedback when WP#/ $ACC \neq V_{ACCH}$.

SR.9 does not provide a continuous indication of block lock bit. The WSM interrogates the block lock bit only after Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program command sequences. It informs the system, depending on the attempted operation, if the block lock bit is set. Reading the block lock configuration codes after writing the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command indicates block lock bit status.

SR.8 is reserved for future use and should be masked out when polling the status register.





Table 10. Exter	ıded Status	Register	Definition
-----------------	-------------	----------	------------

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
SMS	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

XSR.15-8 = RESERVED FOR FUTUREENHANCEMENTS (R)

XSR.7 = STATE MACHINE STATUS (SMS) 1 = Page Buffer Program available

0 = Page Buffer Program not available

XSR.6-0 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)

NOTES:

After issue a Page Buffer Program command (E8H), XSR.7="1" indicates that the entered command is accepted. If XSR.7 is "0", the command is not accepted and a next Page Buffer Program command (E8H) should be issued again to check if page buffer is available or not.

XSR.15-8 and XSR.6-0 are reserved for future use and should be masked out when polling the extended status register.

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1 Electrical Specifications

1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Operating Temperature

HARP

During Read, Erase and Program ...-40°C to +85°C (1)

Storage Temperature

During under Bias.....-40°C to +85°C During non Bias....-65°C to +125°C

Voltage On Any Pin (except V_{CC} , V_{CCQ} and WP#/ACC)

.....-0.5V to V_{CCQ} +0.5V $^{(2)}$

 V_{CC} and V_{CCO} Supply Voltage -0.2V to +3.7V $^{(2)}$

WP#/ACC Supply Voltage -0.2V to +10.3V (2, 3, 4)

Output Short Circuit Current 100mA (5)

*WARNING: Stressing the device beyond the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage. These are stress ratings only. Operation beyond the "Operating Conditions" is not recommended and extended exposure beyond the "Operating Conditions" may affect device reliability.

NOTES:

- 1. Operating temperature is for extended temperature product defined by this specification.
- 2. All specified voltages are with respect to GND. Minimum DC voltage is -0.5V on input/output pins and -0.2V on V_{CC} , V_{CCQ} and WP#/ACC pins. During transitions, this level may undershoot to -2.0V for periods <20ns. Maximum DC voltage on input/output pins is V_{CC} +0.5V which, during transitions, may overshoot to V_{CC} +2.0V for periods <20ns.
- 3. Maximum DC voltage on WP#/ACC may overshoot to +11.0V for periods <20ns.
- 4. WP#/ACC erase/program voltage is normally 2.7V-3.3V. Applying 9.0V-10.0V to WP#/ACC during erase/program can be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on the main blocks and 1,000 cycles on the parameter blocks. WP#/ACC may be connected to 9.0V-10.0V for a total of 80 hours maximum.
- 5. Output shorted for no more than one second. No more than one output shorted at a time.

1.2 Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Operating Temperature	T_A	-40	+25	+85	°C	
V _{CC} Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	2.7	3.0	3.3	V	1
I/O Supply Voltage	V_{CCQ}	2.7	3.0	3.3	V	1
WP#/ACC Voltage when Used as a Logic Control	V_{IL}	-0.2		0.4	V	
WP#/ACC Voltage when Used as a Logic Control	V _{IH}	2.4		V _{CCQ} + 0.4	V	1
WP#/ACC Supply Voltage	V _{ACCH}	9.0	9.5	10.0	V	1, 2
Main Block Erase Cycling: WP#/ACC=V _{IL} or V _{IH}		100,000			Cycles	
Parameter Block Erase Cycling: WP#/ACC=V _{IL} or V _{IH}		100,000			Cycles	
Main Block Erase Cycling: WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH} , 80 hrs.				1,000	Cycles	
Parameter Block Erase Cycling: WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH} , 80 hrs.				1,000	Cycles	
Maximum WP#/ACC hours at V _{ACCH}				80	Hours	

- 1. See DC Characteristics tables for voltage range-specific specification.
- 2. Applying WP#/ACC=9.0V-10.0V during a erase or program can be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on the main blocks and 1,000 cycles on the parameter blocks. A permanent connection to WP#/ACC=9.0V-10.0V is not allowed and can cause damage to the device.



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1.2.1 Capacitance $^{(1)}$ (T_A=+25°C, f=1MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}	V _{IN} =0.0V		4	7	pF
WP#/ACC Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	V _{IN} =0.0V		18	22	pF
Output Capacitance	C _{OUT}	V _{OUT} =0.0V		6	10	pF

NOTE:

1. Sampled, not 100% tested.

1.2.2 AC Input/Output Test Conditions

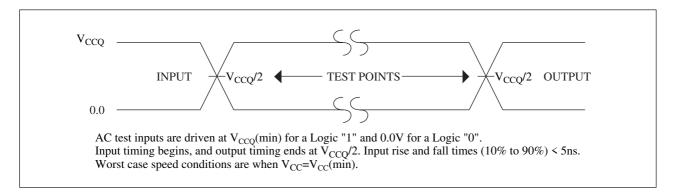


Figure 4. Transient Input/Output Reference Waveform for V_{CC} =2.7V-3.3V

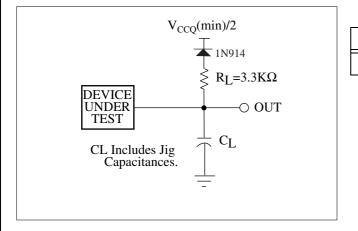


Figure 5. Transient Equivalent Testing Load Circuit

Table 11. Test Configuration Capacitance Loading Value

Test Configuration	$C_L(pF)$
V _{CC} =2.7V-3.3V	50



1.2.3 DC Characteristics

V_{CC}=2.7V-3.3V

Symbol	Param	eter	Notes	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
I_{LI}	Input Load Current		1	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ	V _{CC} =V _{CC} Max.,
I_{LO}	Output Leakage Current		1	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ	V _{CCQ} =V _{CCQ} Max., V _{IN} /V _{OUT} =V _{CCQ} or GND
I_{CCS}	V _{CC} Standby Current		1,7,8		9	40	μА	$V_{CC} = V_{CC} Max.,$ $CE = RST = V_{CCQ} \pm 0.2V,$ $WP \# / ACC = V_{CCQ} \text{ or }$ GND
I _{CCAS}	V _{CC} Automatic Power Savings Current		1,3,7		9	40	μА	V _{CC} =V _{CC} Max., CE#=GND±0.2V, WP#/ACC=V _{CCQ} or GND
I_{CCD}	V _{CC} Reset Current		1,7		9	40	μA	RST#=GND±0.2V
T	Average V _{CC} Read Current Normal Mode		1,6,7		20	30	mA	V _{CC} =V _{CC} Max., CE#=V _{IL} ,
I _{CCR}	Average V _{CC} Read Current Page Mode	8 Word Read	1,6,7		5	10	mA	OE#=V _{IH} , f=5MHz
T	V _{CC} (Page Buffer) P	rogram Current	1,4,6,7		20	60	mA	WP#/ACC=V _{IL} or V _{IH}
I_{CCW}	V _{CC} (Fage Bullet) F	rogram Current	1,4,6,7		10	20	mA	WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH}
Ι	V _{CC} Block Erase,		1,4,6,7		10	30	mA	WP#/ACC=V _{IL} or V _{IH}
I_{CCE}	Full Chip Erase Curi	rent	1,4,6,7		4	10	mA	WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH}
I _{CCWS} I _{CCES}	V _{CC} (Page Buffer) P Block Erase Suspend		1,2,6,7		10	200	μΑ	CE#=V _{IH}
I _{ACCS} I _{ACCR}	WP#/ACC Standby	or Read Current	1,5,6,7		2	5	μА	WP#/ACC≤V _{CC}
T	WP#/ACC (Page	Buffer) Program	1,4,5,6,7		2	5	μΑ	WP#/ACC=V _{IL} or V _{IH}
I_{ACCW}	Current		1,4,5,6,7		10	30	mA	WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH}
Lace	WP#/ACC Block Er	ase,	1,4,5,6,7		2	5	μΑ	WP#/ACC=V _{IL} or V _{IH}
I _{ACCE}	Full Chip Erase Current		1,4,5,6,7		5	15	mA	WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH}
Lagres	WP#/ACC (Page Buffer) Program		1,5,6,7		2	5	μΑ	WP#/ACC=V _{IL} or V _{IH}
I _{ACCWS}	Suspend Current		1,5,6,7		10	200	μΑ	WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH}
Lagra	WP#/ACC Block	Erase Suspend	1,5,6,7		2	5	μΑ	WP#/ACC=V _{IL} or V _{IH}
I _{ACCES}	Current		1,5,6,7		10	200	μΑ	WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH}

DC Characteristics (Continued)

$V_{CC} = 2.7V - 3.3V$

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	5	-0.4		0.4	V	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	4	2.4		V _{CCQ} + 0.4	V	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	4,8			0.2		$V_{CC}=V_{CC}Min.,$ $V_{CCQ}=V_{CCQ}Min.,$ $I_{OL}=100\mu A$
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	4	V _{CCQ} -0.2			V	$\begin{split} &V_{CC} {=} V_{CC} Min., \\ &V_{CCQ} {=} V_{CCQ} Min., \\ &I_{OH} {=} {-} 100 \mu A \end{split}$
V _{ACCH}	WP#/ACC during Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program Operations		9.0	9.5	10.0	V	
V_{LKO}	V _{CC} Lockout Voltage		1.5			V	

NOTES:

- 1. All currents are in RMS unless otherwise noted. Typical values are the reference values at V_{CC} =3.0V, V_{CCQ} =3.0V and T_A =+25°C unless V_{CC} is specified.
- 2. I_{CCWS} and I_{CCES} are specified with the device de-selected. If read or (page buffer) program is executed while in block erase suspend mode, the device's current draw is the sum of I_{CCES} and I_{CCR} or I_{CCW} . If read is executed while in (page buffer) program suspend mode, the device's current draw is the sum of I_{CCWS} and I_{CCR} .
- 3. The Automatic Power Savings (APS) feature automatically places the device in power save mode after read cycle completion. Standard address access timings (t_{AVOV}) provide new data when addresses are changed.
- 4. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 5. Applying 9.5V±0.5V to WP#/ACC provides fast erasing or fast programming mode. In this mode, WP#/ACC is power supply pin and supplies the memory cell current for block erasing and (page buffer) programming. Use similar power supply trace widths and layout considerations given to the V_{CC} power bus.

Applying 9.5V±0.5V to WP#/ACC during erase/program can only be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on each block. WP#/ACC may be connected to 9.5V±0.5V for a total of 80 hours maximum.

- 6. The operating current in dual work is the sum of the operating current (read, erase, program) in each plane.
- 7. For all pins other than those shown in test conditions, input level is V_{CCO} or GND.
- 8. Includes RY/BY#.



1.2.4 AC Characteristics - Read-Only Operations⁽¹⁾

V_{CC} =2.7V-3.3V, T_{A} =-40°C to +85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
t _{AVAV}	Read Cycle Time		75		ns
t _{AVQV}	Address to Output Delay			75	ns
t _{ELQV}	CE# to Output Delay	3		75	ns
t _{APA}	Page Address Access Time			25	ns
$t_{ m GLQV}$	OE# to Output Delay	3		20	ns
t _{PHQV}	RST# High to Output Delay			150	ns
$t_{\rm EHQZ},t_{\rm GHQZ}$	CE# or OE# to Output in High Z, Whichever Occurs First	2		20	ns
t _{ELQX}	CE# to Output in Low Z	2	0		ns
t_{GLQX}	OE# to Output in Low Z	2	0		ns
t _{OH}	Output Hold from First Occurring Address, CE# or OE# change	2	0		ns
t _{AVEL} , t _{AVGL}	Address Setup to CE#, OE# Going Low for Reading Status Register	4, 6	10		ns
t _{ELAX} , t _{GLAX}	Address Hold from CE#, OE# Going Low for Reading Status Register	5, 6	10		ns
t _{EHEL} , t _{GHGL}	CE#, OE# Pulse Width High for Reading Status Register	6	20		ns

- 1. See AC input/output reference waveform for timing measurements and maximum allowable input slew rate.
- 2. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 3. OE# may be delayed up to t_{ELQV} t_{GLQV} after the falling edge of CE# without impact to t_{ELQV}.

 4. Address setup time (t_{AVEL}, t_{AVGL}) is defined from the falling edge of CE# or OE# (whichever goes low last).

 5. Address hold time (t_{ELAX}, t_{GLAX}) is defined from the falling edge of CE# or OE# (whichever goes low last).
- 6. Specifications t_{AVEL}, t_{AVGL}, t_{ELAX}, t_{GLAX} and t_{EHEL}, t_{GHGL} for read operations apply to only status register read operations.



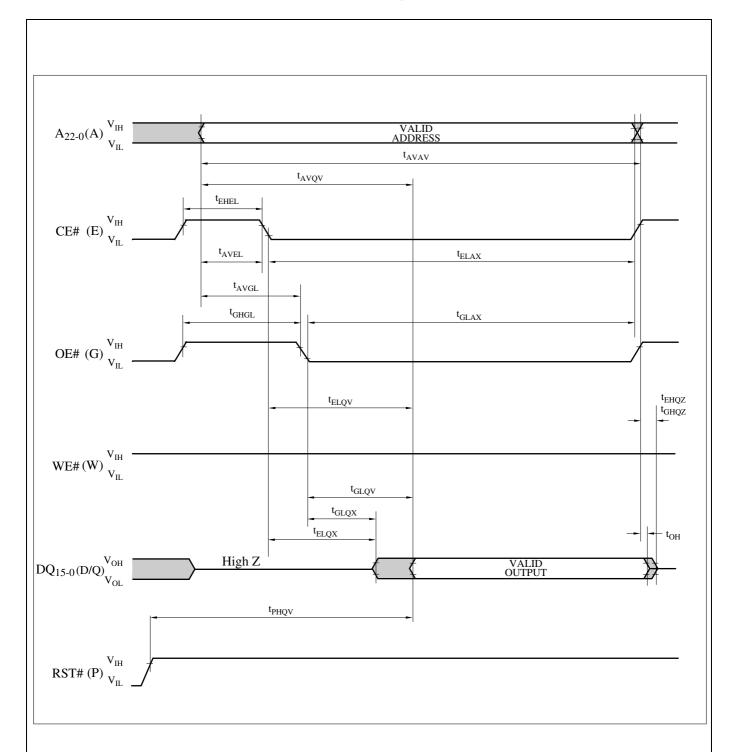


Figure 6. AC Waveform for Single Asynchronous Read Operations from Status Register, Identifier Codes, OTP Block or Query Code



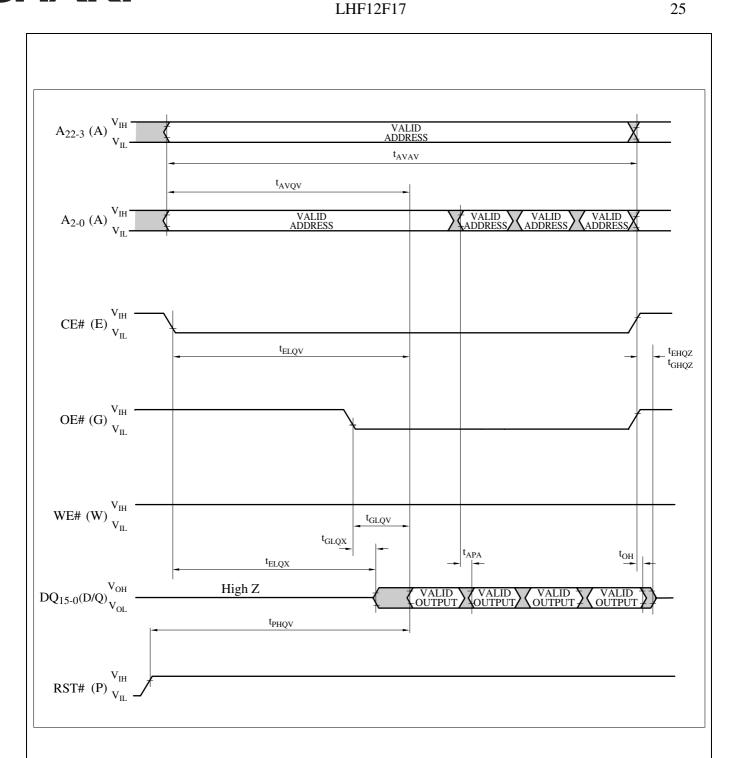


Figure 7. AC Waveform for Asynchronous 4-Word Page Mode Read Operations from Main Blocks or Parameter Blocks



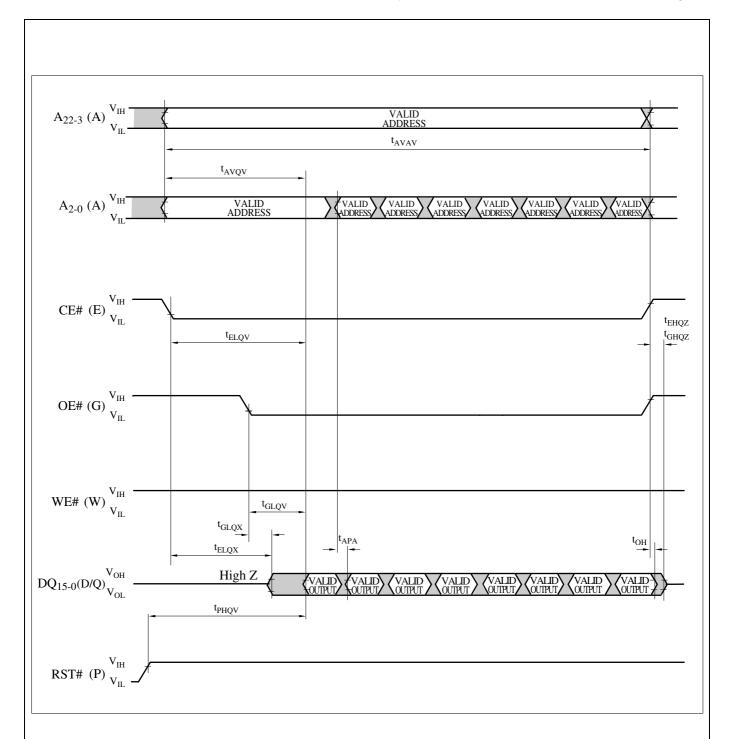


Figure 8. AC Waveform for Asynchronous 8-Word Page Mode Read Operations from Main Blocks or Parameter Blocks

1.2.5 AC Characteristics - Write Operations^{(1), (2)}

V_{CC} =2.7V-3.3V, T_A =-40°C to +85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
t _{AVAV}	Write Cycle Time		75		ns
t _{PHWL} (t _{PHEL})	RST# High Recovery to WE# (CE#) Going Low	3	150		ns
t _{ELWL} (t _{WLEL})	CE# (WE#) Setup to WE# (CE#) Going Low		0		ns
t _{WLWH} (t _{ELEH})	WE# (CE#) Pulse Width	4	50		ns
t _{DVWH} (t _{DVEH})	Data Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	7	40		ns
t _{AVWH} (t _{AVEH})	Address Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	7	40		ns
t _{WHEH} (t _{EHWH})	CE# (WE#) Hold from WE# (CE#) High		0		ns
t _{WHDX} (t _{EHDX})	Data Hold from WE# (CE#) High		0		ns
t _{WHAX} (t _{EHAX})	Address Hold from WE# (CE#) High		0		ns
$t_{\mathrm{WHWL}} (t_{\mathrm{EHEL}})$	WE# (CE#) Pulse Width High	5	25		ns
t (t)	WP#/ACC High Setup to WE# (CE#) WP#/ACC=VIH	3	0		ns
t _{SHWH} (t _{SHEH})	Going High WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH}	3	200		
t _{WHGL} (t _{EHGL})	Write Recovery before Read		30		ns
t _{QVSL}	WP#/ACC High Hold from Valid SRD, RY/BY# High Z	3	0		ns
t _{WHR0} (t _{EHR0})	WE# (CE#) High to SR.7 Going "0"	3, 6		t _{AVQV} +50	ns
$t_{\mathrm{WHRL}} (t_{\mathrm{EHRL}})$	WE# (CE#) High to RY/BY# Going Low	3		100	ns

NOTES:

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- 1. The timing characteristics for reading the status register during block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program operations are the same as during read-only operations. Refer to AC Characteristics for read-only operations.
- 2. A write operation can be initiated and terminated with either CE# or WE#.
- 3. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 4. Write pulse width (twp) is defined from the falling edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes low last) to the rising edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes high first). Hence, twp=twlwH=teleH=twleH=telwH.
- 5. Write pulse width high (t_{WPH}) is defined from the rising edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes high first) to the falling edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes low last). Hence, t_{WPH}=t_{WHWL}=t_{EHEL}=t_{WHEL}=t_{EHWL}. 6. t_{WHR0} (t_{EHR0}) after the Read Query or Read Identifier Codes/OTP command=t_{AVQV}+100ns.
- 7. Refer to Table 5 for valid address and data for block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program, OTP program or lock bit configuration.



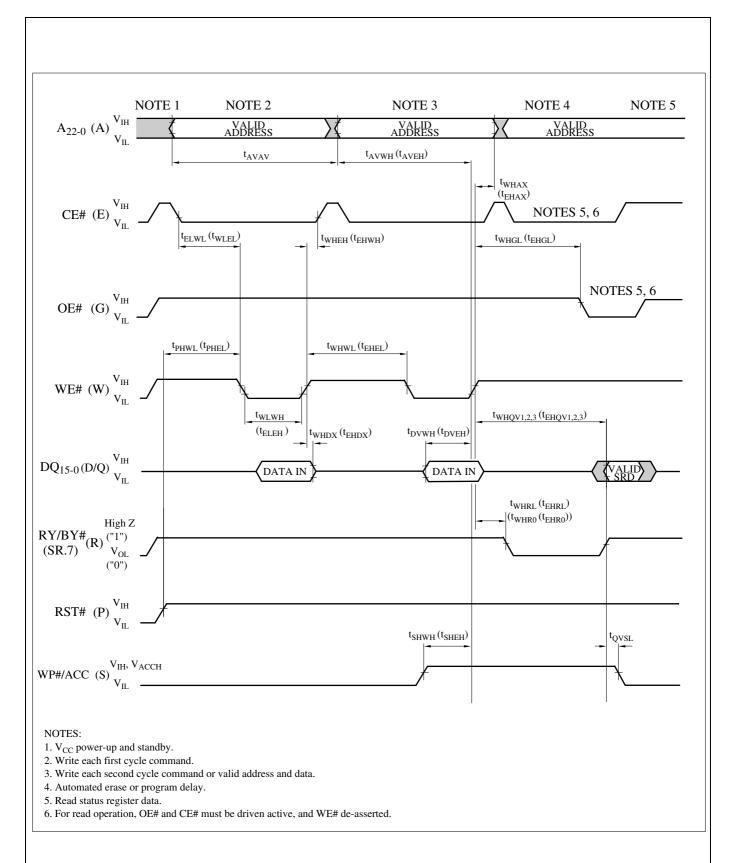


Figure 9. AC Waveform for Write Operations

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1.2.6 Reset Operations

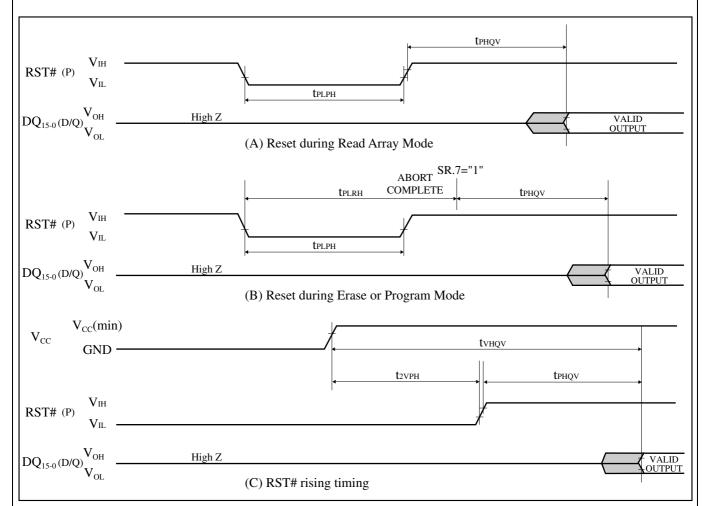


Figure 10. AC Waveform for Reset Operations

Reset AC Specifications (V_{CC} =2.7V-3.3V, T_A =-40°C to +85°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
$t_{\rm PLPH}$	RST# Low to Reset during Read (RST# should be low during power-up.)	1, 2, 3	100		ns
t _{PLRH}	RST# Low to Reset during Erase or Program	1, 3, 4		22	μs
t _{2VPH}	V _{CC} 2.7V to RST# High	1, 3, 5	100		ns
t _{VHQV}	V _{CC} 2.7V to Output Delay	3		1	ms

- 1. A reset time, t_{PHQV} , is required from the later of SR.7 (RY/BY#) going "1" (High Z) or RST# going high until outputs are valid. Refer to AC Characteristics Read-Only Operations for t_{PHQV} .
- 2. t_{PLPH} is <100ns the device may still reset but this is not guaranteed.
- 3. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 4. If RST# asserted while a block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program operation is not executing, the reset will complete within 100ns.
- 5. When the device power-up, holding RST# low minimum 100ns is required after V_{CC} has been in predefined range and also has been in stable there.



1.2.7 Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program and OTP Program Performance⁽³⁾

 V_{CC} =2.7V-3.3V, T_{A} =-40°C to +85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Page Buffer Command is	WP#/ACC=V _{IL} or V _{IH} (In System)			WP#/ACC=V _{ACCH} (In Manufacturing)			Unit	
·			Used or not Used	Min.	Typ.(1)	Max. ⁽²⁾	Min.	Typ.(1)	Max. ⁽²⁾		
tuunn	4-Kword Parameter Block	2	Not Used		0.05	0.3		0.04	0.12	S	
t_{WPB}	Program Time		Used		0.03	0.12		0.02	0.06	S	
twa	32-Kword Main Block	2	Not Used		0.38	2.4		0.31	1.0	S	
t_{WMB}	Program Time		Used		0.24	1.0		0.17	0.5	S	
t _{WHQV1} /	Word Program Time	2	Not Used		11	200		9	185	μs	
t_{EHQV1}	word Program Time	2	Used		7	100		5	90	μs	
t _{WHOV1} / t _{EHOV1}	OTP Program Time	2	Not Used		36	400		27	185	μs	
t _{WHQV2} / t _{EHQV2}	4-Kword Parameter Block Erase Time	2	-		0.5	4		0.4	4	s	
t _{WHQV3} / t _{EHQV3}	32-Kword Main Block Erase Time	2	-		0.9	5		0.8	5	S	
	Full Chip Erase Time	2			240	1400		200	1400	S	
t _{WHRH1} / t _{EHRH1}	(Page Buffer) Program Suspend Latency Time to Read		-		5	10		5	10	μs	
t _{WHRH2} / t _{EHRH2}	Block Erase Suspend Latency Time to Read	4	-		5	20		5	20	μs	
t _{ERES}	Latency Time from Block Erase Resume Command to Block Erase Suspend Command	5	-	500			500			μs	

- 1. Typical values measured at V_{CC} =3.0V, WP#/ACC=3.0V or 9.5V, and T_A =+25°C. Assumes corresponding lock bits are not set. Subject to change based on device characterization.
- 2. Excludes external system-level overhead.
- 3. Sampled, but not 100% tested.
- 4. A latency time is required from writing suspend command (WE# or CE# going high) until SR.7 going "1" or RY/BY# going High Z.
- 5. If the interval time from a Block Erase Resume command to a subsequent Block Erase Suspend command is shorter than t_{ERES} and its sequence is repeated, the block erase operation may not be finished.



A-1 RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

A-1.1 At Device Power-Up

AC timing illustrated in Figure A-1 is recommended for the supply voltages and the control signals at device power-up. If the timing in the figure is ignored, the device may not operate correctly.

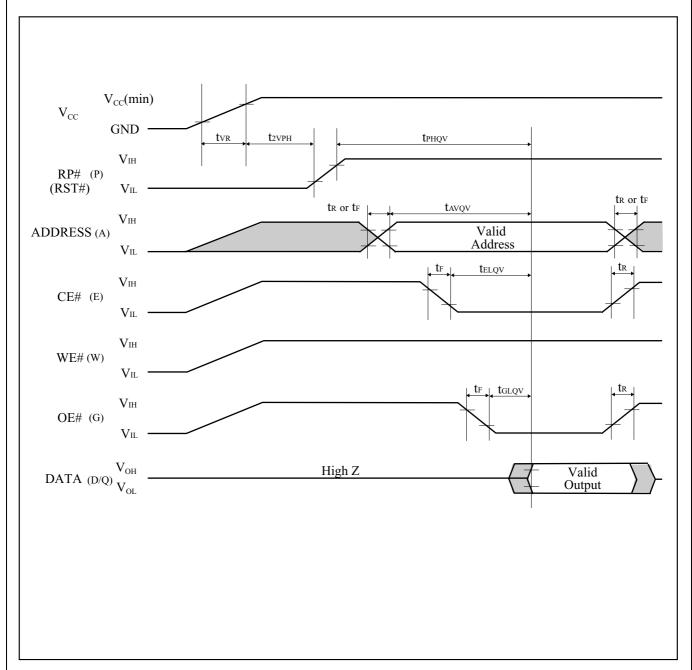


Figure A-1. AC Timing at Device Power-Up

For the AC specifications t_{VR} , t_R , t_F in the figure, refer to the next page. See the "ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS" described in specifications for the supply voltage range, the operating temperature and the AC specifications not shown in the next page.



A-1.1.1 Rise and Fall Time

Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
t_{VR}	V _{CC} Rise Time	1	0.5	30000	μs/V
t _R	Input Signal Rise Time	1, 2		1	μs/V
t_{F}	Input Signal Fall Time	1, 2		1	μs/V

- 1. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 2. This specification is applied for not only the device power-up but also the normal operations.



A-1.2 Glitch Noises

Do not input the glitch noises which are below V_{IH} (Min.) or above V_{IL} (Max.) on address, data, reset, and control signals, as shown in Figure A-2 (b). The acceptable glitch noises are illustrated in Figure A-2 (a).

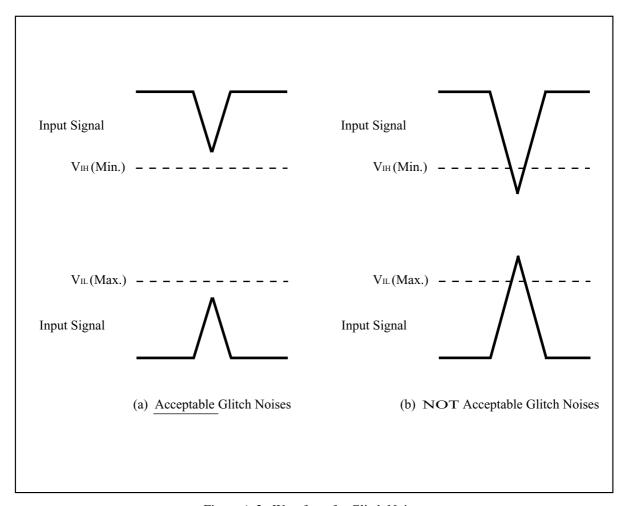


Figure A-2. Waveform for Glitch Noises

See the "DC CHARACTERISTICS" described in specifications for V_{IH} (Min.) and V_{IL} (Max.).



A-2 RELATED DOCUMENT INFORMATION $^{(1)}$

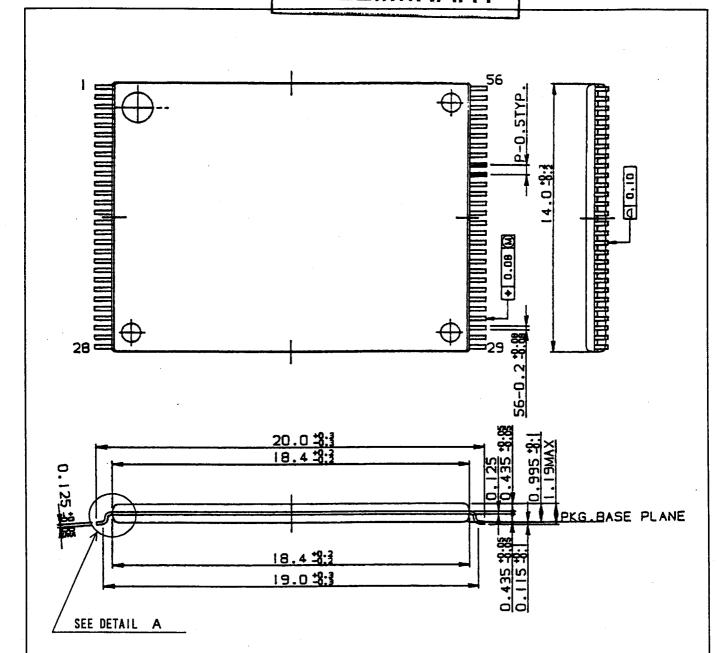
Document No.	Document Name				
AP-001-SD-E	Flash Memory Family Software Drivers				
AP-006-PT-E	Data Protection Method of SHARP Flash Memory				
AP-007-SW-E	RP#, V _{PP} Electric Potential Switching Circuit				

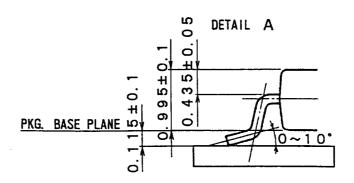
NOTE:

1. International customers should contact their local SHARP or distribution sales office.

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NAME	TSOP56-P-142) LEA	D FINISH	PLATING	NOTE	Plastic body dimensions do not include burr
			単位			of resin.

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