#### **Features**

- ♦ Small Footprint, 8-Pin µMAX Package
- Ultra-Low 100nA Supply Current
- ♦ +2.7V to +5.5V Single-Supply Operation
- 256 Tap Positions
- Low Ratiometric Temperature Coefficient 5ppm/°C
- Low End-to-End Resistor Temperature Coefficient 35ppm/°C
- Power-On Reset: Wiper Goes to Midscale (Position 128)
- Glitchless Switching Between the Resistor Taps
- ♦ 3-Wire SPI<sup>™</sup>-Interface Compatible
- 10kΩ Resistor Value
- ical potentiometer, consisting of a fixed resistor string with a digitally controlled wiper contact. It operates from +2.7V to +5.5V single-supply voltages and uses an ultra-low 0.1µA supply current. This device also provides glitchless switching between resistor taps, as well as a convenient power-on reset (POR) that sets the wiper to the midscale position at power-up. A low 5ppm/°C ratiometric temperature coefficient makes it ideal for applications requiring low drift. The MAX5402 serves well in applications requiring digi-

The MAX5402 µPoT<sup>™</sup> digital potentiometer is a 256-tap

variable resistor with  $10k\Omega$  total resistance in a tiny 8-

pin µMAX package. This device functions as a mechan-

**General Description** 

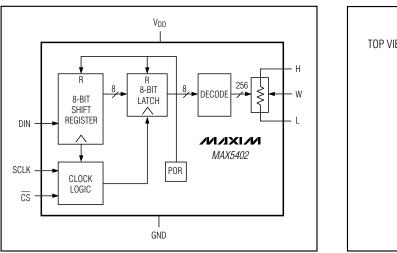
tally controlled resistors, including adjustable voltage references and programmable gain amplifiers (PGAs). A nominal end-to-end resistor temperature coefficient of 35ppm/°C makes this part suitable for use as a variable resistor in applications such as low-tempco adjustable gain and other circuit configurations. This device is guaranteed over the extended industrial temperature range (-40°C to +85°C).

#### Applications

Mechanical Potentiometer Replacement Low-Drift PGAs Adjustable Voltage References

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	<b>R (k</b> Ω)
MAX5402EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX	10

µPoT is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products. SPI is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.



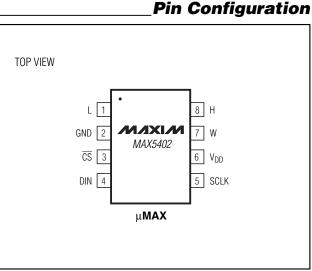
#### **Functional Diagram**

#### \_\_\_ Maxim Integrated Products

For price, delivery, and to place orders, please contact Maxim Distribution at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

## **Ordering Information**

## ola, Inc.



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>DD</sub> to GND	0.3V to +6V
DIN, SCLK, CS to GND	
H, L, W to GND	
Maximum Continuous Current into Pins H	I, L, and W1mA
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^\circ$	°C)
8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.1mW/°C above	+70°C)330mW

Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>DD</sub> = +5V, V<sub>H</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>L</sub> = 0, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>. Typical values are at V<sub>DD</sub> = +5V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
DC PERFORMANCE (Voltage-Di	vider Mode)	·	-			
Resolution	Ν		8			Bits
Integral Nonlinearity (Notes 1, 2)	INL				±1/2	LSB
Differential Nonlinearity (Notes 1, 2)	DNL				±1	LSB
End-to-End Resistor Tempco	TCR			35		ppm/°C
Ratiometric Resistor Tempco				5		ppm/°C
Full-Scale Error				-6		LSB
Zero-Scale Error				+6		LSB
DC PERFORMANCE (Variable-R	esistor Mode)	)				
Resolution	Ν		8			Bits
Integral Nonlinearity	INL	$V_{DD} = +5V$			±1	LSB
(Notes 1, 3)		$V_{DD} = +3V$			±3	LSB
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	$V_{DD} = +5V$			±1/2	LSB
(Notes 1, 3)	DINL	$V_{DD} = +3V$			±1/2	LSB
DC PERFORMANCE (Resistor C	haracteristics	)				
Winer Desistance (Note 4)	Dur	$V_{DD} = +5V$		275		Ω
Wiper Resistance (Note 4)	Rw	$V_{DD} = +3V$			550	52
Wiper Capacitance	Cw			46		pF
End-to-End Resistance	R <sub>HL</sub>		7.5	10	12.5	kΩ
DIGITAL INPUTS						
Input High Voltage	VIH		$0.7 \times V_{DD}$			V
Input Low Voltage	VIL				$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V
Input Leakage Current					±1.0	μΑ
Input Capacitance				5		pF
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (A	NALOG)					
Wiper-Settling Time	ts	To 50% of final value from code 0 to code 128		100		ns
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (D	GITAL) (Note	e 5) (Figure 2)				
SCLK Clock Period	tCP		100			ns
SCLK Pulse Width High	tсн		40			ns

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

(V<sub>DD</sub> = +5V, V<sub>H</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>L</sub> = 0, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>. Typical values are at V<sub>DD</sub> = +5V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
SCLK Pulse Width Low	tCL			40			ns
CS Fall to SCLK Rise Setup Time	tcss			40			ns
SCLK Rise to $\overline{CS}$ Rise Hold Time	tcsh			0			ns
DIN Setup Time	tDS			40			ns
DIN Hold Time	tDH			0			ns
SCLK Rise to $\overline{CS}$ Fall Delay	tcso			10			ns
CS Rise to SCLK Rise Hold	tCS1			40			ns
CS Pulse Width High	tcsw			100			ns
POWER SUPPLIES							
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>			2.7		5.5	V
Supply Current	IDD	$\overline{CS} = SCLK =$	$V_{DD} = +5V$		0.8	5	μA
	טטי	$DIN = V_{DD}$	$V_{DD} = +2.7V$		0.1		μΑ

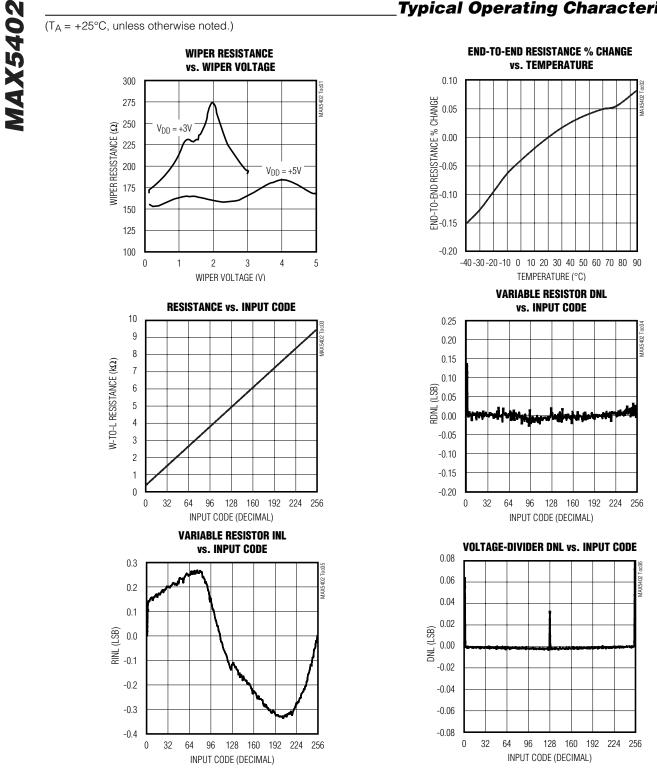
Note 1: Linearity is defined in terms of the H-to-L code-dependent resistance.

Note 2: The DNL and INL are measured with the potentiometer configured as a voltage-divider with H = V<sub>DD</sub> and L = 0. The wiper terminal is unloaded and measured with an ideal voltmeter.

Note 3: The DNL and INL are measured with the potentiometer configured as a variable resistor. H is unconnected and L = 0. The wiper terminal is driven with a source current of 200 $\mu$ A at V<sub>DD</sub> = +3V and 400 $\mu$ A at V<sub>DD</sub> = +5V.

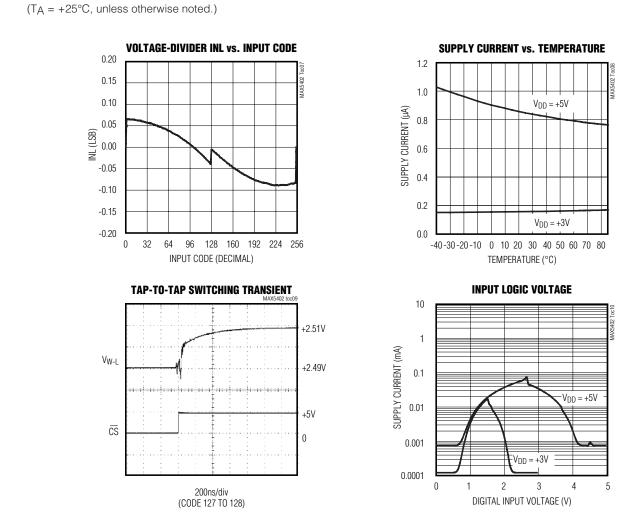
Note 4: The wiper resistance is the worst value measured, injecting a current,  $I_W = V_{DD}/R_{HL}$  into terminal W.

Note 5: Digital timing is guaranteed by design.



## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**



## **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION		
1	L	Low Terminal of Resistor		
2	GND	Ground		
3	CS	Chip Select Input		
4	DIN	Serial Data Input		
5	SCLK	Serial Clock Input		
6	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply. Bypass with a 0.1µF capacitor to GND.		
7	W	Wiper Terminal		
8	Н	High Terminal of Resistor		

#### M/X/M



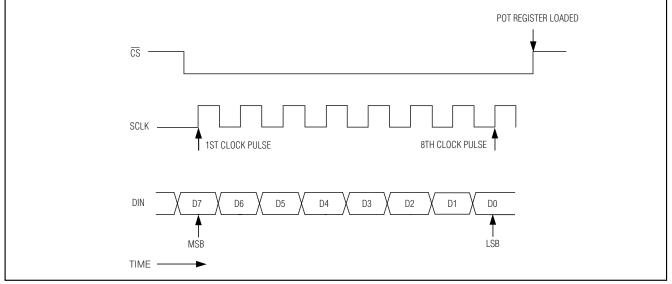


Figure 1. Serial Interface Timing Diagram

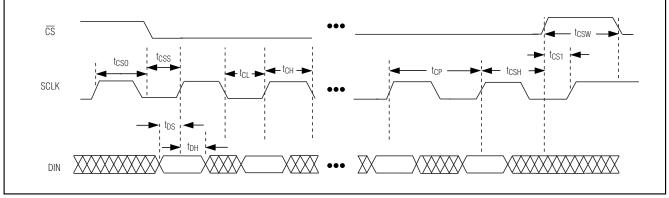


Figure 2. Detailed Serial Interface Timing Diagram

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX5402 consists of 255 fixed resistors in series between pins H and L. The potentiometer wiper (pin W) can be programmed to access any one of the 256 different tap points on the resistor string. The MAX5402 has an SPI-compatible 3-wire serial data interface to control the wiper tap position. This write-only interface contains three inputs: Chip Select (CS), Data In (DIN), and Data Clock (SCLK). When CS is taken low, data from the DIN pin is synchronously loaded into the 8-bit serial shift register on the rising edge of each SCLK pulse (Figure 1). The MSB is shifted in first, as shown in Figure 3. Note that if  $\overline{CS}$  is not kept low during the entire data stream, the data will be corrupted and the device will need to be reloaded. After all 8 data bits have been loaded into the shift register, they are latched into the decoder once  $\overline{CS}$  is taken high. The decoder switches the potentiometer wiper to the tap position that corresponds to the 8-bit input data. Each resistor cell is  $10k\Omega/255$  or  $39.2\Omega$  for the MAX5402.

The MAX5402 features POR circuitry. This sets the wiper to the midscale position at power-up by loading a binary value of 128 into the 8-bit latch. The MAX5402 can be used as a variable resistor by connecting pin W to either pin H or L.

Data Word B0 (D7)	<b>B1</b> (D6)	<b>B2</b> (D5)	<b>B3</b> (D4)	<b>B4</b> (D3)	<b>B5</b> (D2)	<b>B6</b> (D1)	<b>B7</b> (D0)
(MSB) First Bit In							(LSB) Last Bit In

Figure 3. Serial Data Format

#### Applications Information

The MAX5402 is intended for a variety of circuits where accurate, fine-tuned adjustable resistance is required, such as in adjustable voltage or adjustable gain circuit configurations. The MAX5402 is used in either a potentiometer divider or a variable resistor configuration.

#### Adjustable Current to Voltage Converter

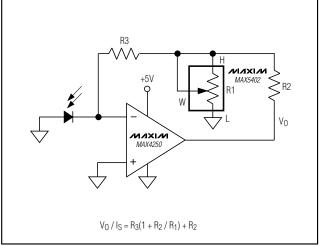
Figure 4 shows the MAX5402 used with a MAX4250 low-noise op amp to precisely tune a current-to-voltage converter. Pins H and W of the MAX5402 are connected to the node between R3 and R2, and pin L is connected to ground.

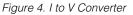
#### Adjustable Gain Amplifier

The MAX5402 is used again with the MAX4250 to make a digitally adjustable gain circuit as shown in Figure 5. The normal feedback resistor is replaced with the MAX5402 in a variable resistor configuration, so that the gain of the circuit can be digitally controlled.

#### **Adjustable Voltage Reference**

In Figure 6, the MAX5402 is shown with the MAX6160 to make an adjustable voltage reference. In this circuit, the H pin of the MAX5402 is connected to the OUT pin of the MAX6160, the L pin of the MAX5402 is connected to GND, and the W pin of the MAX5402 is connected to the ADJ pin of the MAX6160. The MAX5402 allows precise tuning of the voltage reference output. A low 5ppm/°C ratiometric tempco allows a very stable adjustable voltage overtemperature.





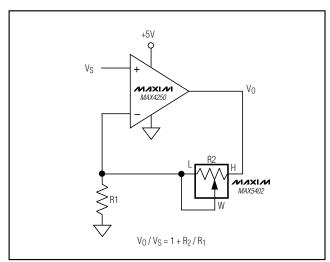
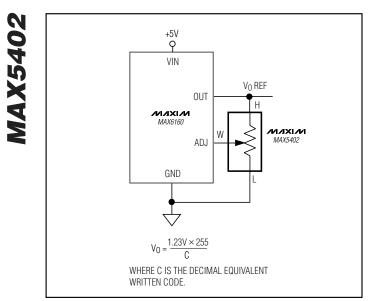


Figure 5. Noninverting Amplifier

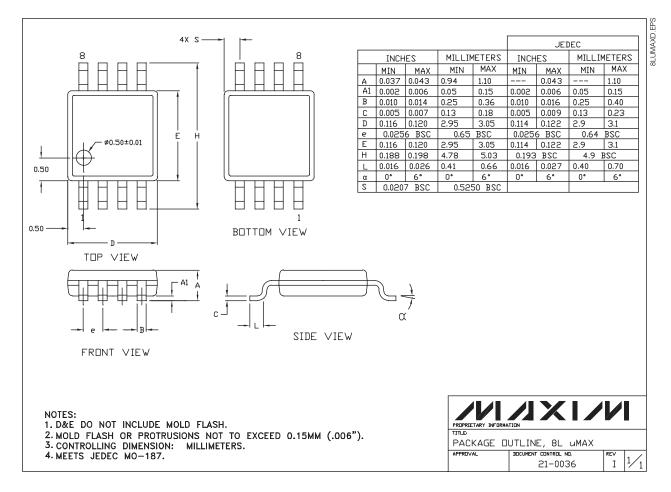


**Chip Information** 

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 3475 PROCESS: BICMOS

Figure 6. Adjustable Voltage Reference

#### Package Information



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**MAX5402**