

Accel 3 click

From MikroElektronika Documentation
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IC/Module H3LIS331DL

(<http://www.st.com/content/ccc/resource/technical/document/datasheet/3e/48/02/c7/a4/e6/41/bb/DM00053090.pdf/files/DM00053090.pdf/jcr:content/translations/en.DM00053090.pdf>)

Interface SPI (CS, SCK, MISO, MOSI), I2C (SCL, SDA), INT

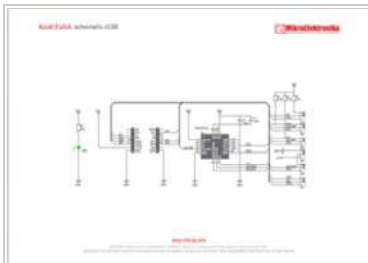
Power 3.3V

supply

Website www.mikroe.com/click/accel3 (<http://www.mikroe.com/click/accel3>)

Accel 3 click carries ST's **H3LIS331DL** low-power high-g 3-axis digital accelerometer. The IC has $\pm 100g/\pm 200g/\pm 400g$ dynamically selectable full scales and outputs 16-bit data at rates from 0.5 Hz to 1 kHz. On the upper end, the chip can survive a 1000g high-shock. H3LIS331DL has extremely low power consumption (down to 1 μ A in low-power mode). Advanced sleep-to-wakeup functions are also available. Accel 3 click can communicate with the target MCU either through the mikroBUS™ SPI or UART interface, with additional functionality provided by an interrupt pin (INT). The board is designed to use a 3.3 power supply only.

Features and usage notes



Schematic also available in PDF (http://cdn-docs.mikroe.com/images/4/47/Accel_3_click_schem)

Accel 3 click has three groups of jumpers (zero ohm resistors) onboard: - The four jumpers on the left side of the board are for choosing between the SPI or I2C interface for the sensor output. By default, these are soldered into the I2C position. - On the right side of the board, the upper jumper is for specifying which of the two interrupt pins on H3LIS331DL will be connected to the mikroBUS™ pin. - The final jumper is for configuring the I2C address

The I2C interface is compliant with both normal and fast modes (400 KHz), both common I2C standards.

H3LIS331DL incorporates a sleep-to-wakeup function. In sleep mode the sensor is in a low-power operating mode; it continues to detect acceleration and generate interrupt requests, but with lower data rate refreshments. Once an interrupt threshold is sensed, the device automatically wakes up and increases the output data rate and bandwidth.

Programming

This snippet reads three axes' from the accelerometer every 30 milliseconds and displays them to UART. The values displayed have been calibrated and are measured in g.

```

1 #include <stdint.h>
2 #include "accel3.h"
3
4 sbit ACCEL_3_CS at GPIO_ODR.B13;
5 sbit ACCEL_3_INT at GPIO_IDR.B10;
6
7 void main()
8 {
9     uint8_t address = 0x18;
10    xyz_t my_coords;
11
12    //I2C
13    I2C1_Init_Advanced( 100000, &GPIO_MODULE_I2C1_PB67 );
14    Delay_ms(200);
15
16    //Accel 3 Initialization
17    accel3_init( address, accel_mode, d_rate, mode );
18
19    while(1)
20    {
21        my_coords = accel3_get_xyz();
22
23        printf( text, " x: %d y: %d z: %d ", my_coords->x_pos, my_coords->y_pos, my_coords->z_pos );

```

```
24   UART1_Write_Text( text );
25   UART1_Write_Text( "\r\n" );
26   Delay_ms(30);
27 }
28
29 }
```

Code examples that demonstrate the usage of Accel 3 click with MikroElektronika hardware, written for mikroC for ARM, AVR, dsPIC, FT90x, PIC and PIC32 are available on Libstock (<http://libstock.mikroe.com/projects/view/1795/accel-3-click>).

Resources

- Accel 3 click code examples on Libstock (<http://www.libstock.com>)

- Accel 3 click related tutorial on learn.mikroe.com (<http://learn.mikroe.com/mems-sensors-conversion-physical-world-digital-world/>)

- H3LIS331DL vendor's data sheet

(<http://www.st.com/content/ccc/resource/technical/document/datasheet/3e/48/02/c7/a4/e6/41/bb/DM00053090.pdf/files/DM00053090.pdf/jcr:content/translations/en.DM00053090.pdf>)

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