

# PQ1CG41H2FZH

# PQ1CG41H2RZH

TO-220 Type Chopper Regulator  
Built-in 300kHz oscillation circuit

## ■ Features

1. Maximum switching current: 1.5A
2. Built-in ON/OFF control function
3. Built-in soft start function to suppress overshoot of output voltage in power on sequence or ON/OFF control sequence
4. Built-in oscillation circuit  
(Oscillation frequency: TYP. 300kHz)
5. Built-in overheat, overcurrent protection functions
6. TO-220 package
7. Variable output voltage  
(Output variable range: Vref to 35V/-Vref to -30V)  
[Possible to select step-down output / inverting output according to external connection circuit]
8. PQ1CG41H2FZH: Zigzag forming
9. PQ1CG41H2RZH: Self-stand forming
9. RoHS directive compliant

## ■ Applications

1. CTV, CTB
2. LCD monitors
3. Facsimiles, printers and OA equipment
4. CD-ROM drives/DVD-ROM drives

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)			
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
* <sup>1</sup> Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	40	V
Error input voltage	V <sub>adj</sub>	7	V
Input - output voltage	V <sub>I-O</sub>	41	V
* <sup>2</sup> Output - COM voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-1	V
* <sup>3</sup> ON/OFF control voltage	V <sub>C</sub>	-0.3 to +40	V
Switching current	I <sub>sw</sub>	1.5	A
* <sup>4</sup> Power dissipation	P <sub>D1</sub>	1.4	W
	P <sub>D2</sub>	14	
* <sup>5</sup> Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	150	°C
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 to +80	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +150	°C
Soldering temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>	260(10s)	°C

\*1 Voltage between VIN terminal and COM terminal.

\*2 Voltage between VOUT terminal and COM terminal.

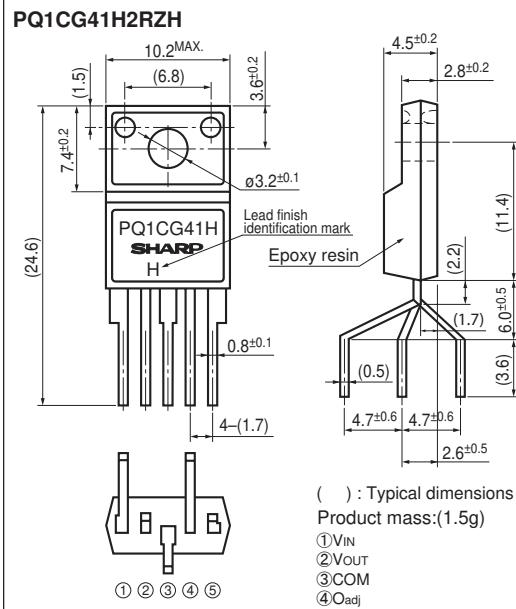
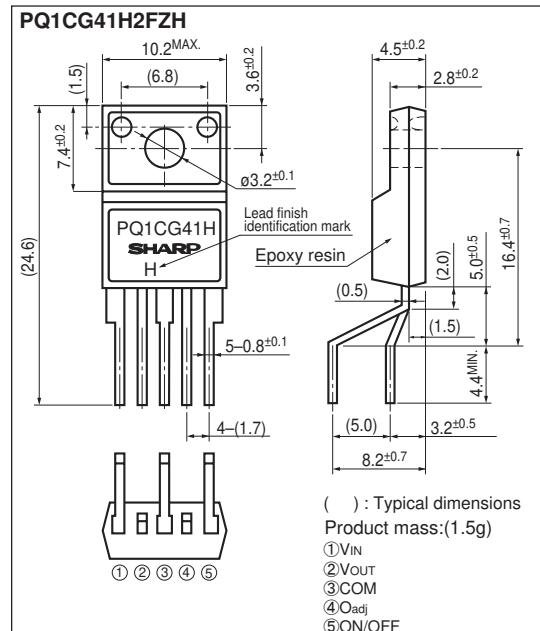
\*3 Voltage between ON/OFF control and COM terminal.

\*4 PD1:No heat sink,PD2:With infinite heat sink.

\*5 There is case that over heat protection function operates at the temperature

T<sub>j</sub>=125°C to 150°C, so this item cannot be used in this temperature range.

## ■ Outline Dimensions



Lead finish: Lead-free solder plating  
(Composition: Sn2Cu)

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## ■ Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, condition shall be  $V_{IN}=12V$ ,  $I_o=0.2A$ ,  $V_o=5V$ , ON-OFF terminals is open,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output saturation voltage	$V_{SAT}$	$I_{SW}=1A$	—	1.0	1.5	V
Reference voltage	$V_{ref}$	—	1.235	1.26	1.285	V
Reference voltage temperature fluctuation	$\Delta V_{ref}$	$T_j=0 \text{ to } 125^\circ C$	—	$\pm 0.5$	—	%
Load regulation	$ RegL $	$I_o=0.2 \text{ to } 1A$	—	0.2	1.5	%
Line regulation	$ RegL $	$V_{IN}=8 \text{ to } 35V$	—	1.2	2.5	%
Efficiency	$\eta$	$I_o=1A$	—	83	—	%
Oscillation frequency	$f_o$	—	270	300	330	KHz
Oscillation frequency temperature fluctuation	$\Delta f_o$	$T_j=0 \text{ to } 125^\circ C$	—	$\pm 3$	—	%
Overshoot detecting level	$I_L$	—	1.55	2.0	2.6	A
Charge current	$I_{CHG}$	②,④ terminals is open, ⑤ terminal	—	-10	—	$\mu A$
Input threshold voltage	$V_{THL}$	Duty ratio=0%, ④ terminal=0V, ⑤ terminal	—	1.3	—	V
	$V_{THH}$	Duty ratio=100%, ④ terminal=1.1V, ⑤ terminal	—	2.3	—	V
ON threshold voltage	$V_{THON}$	④ terminal=0V, ⑤ terminal	0.7	0.8	0.9	V
Stand-by current	$I_{SD}$	$V_{IN}=40V$ , ⑤ terminal=0V	—	140	400	$\mu A$
Output OFF-state dissipation current	$I_{QS}$	$V_{IN}=40V$ , ④ terminal=0V, ⑤ terminal =0.9V	—	8	12	mA

Fig.1 Test Circuit

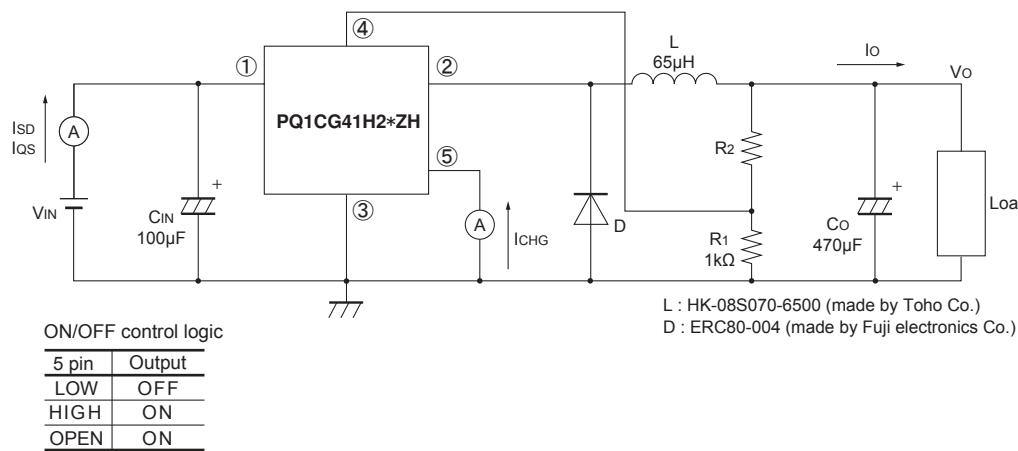
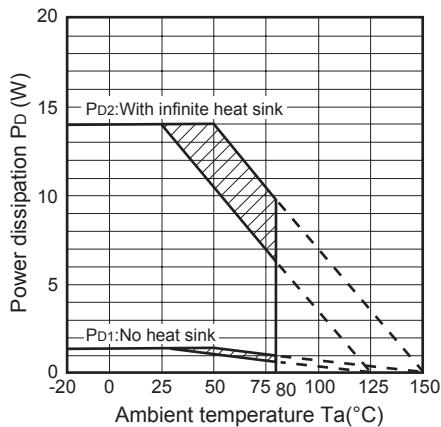


Fig.2 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Note) Oblique line portion:Overheat protection may operate in this area

Fig.3 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (Typical Value)

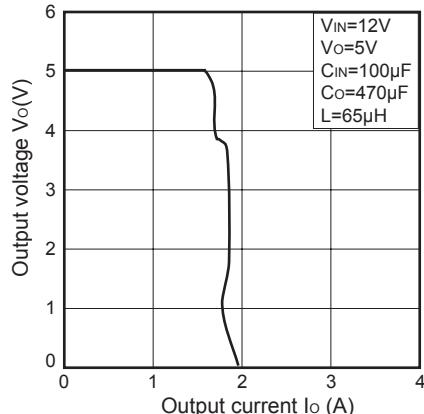


Fig.4 Efficiency vs. Input Voltage

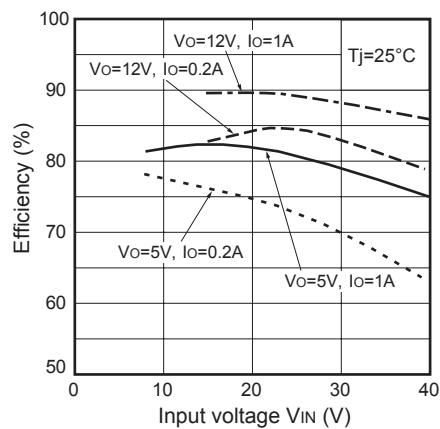


Fig.5 Output Saturation Voltage vs. Switching Current

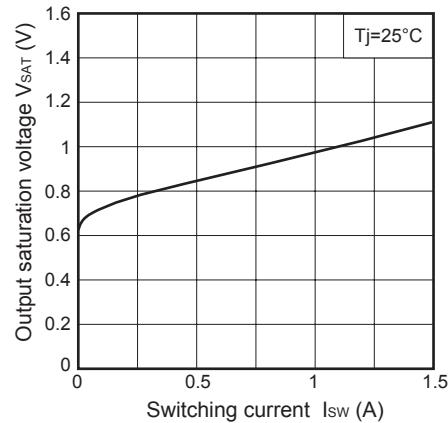


Fig.6 Stand-by Current vs. Input Voltage

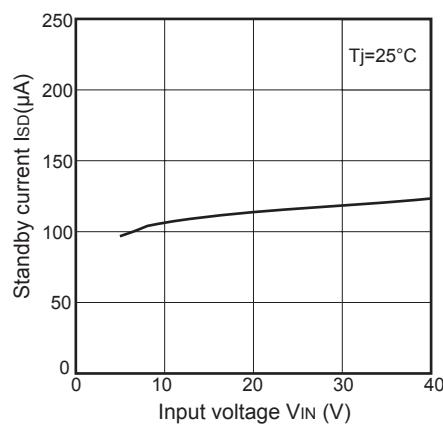


Fig.7 Reference Voltage Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

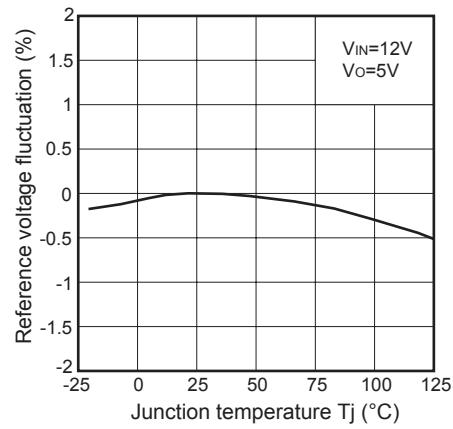


Fig.8 Load Regulation vs. Output Current

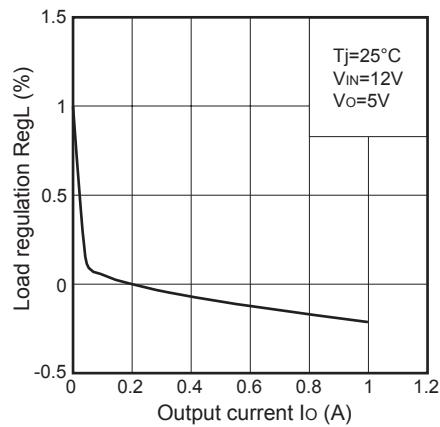


Fig.9 Line Regulation vs. Input Voltage

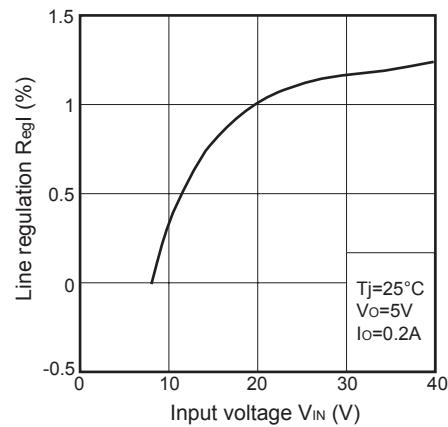


Fig.10 Oscillation Frequency Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

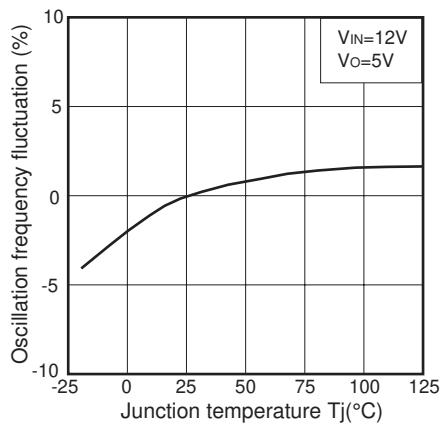


Fig.11 Overcurrent Detecting Level Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

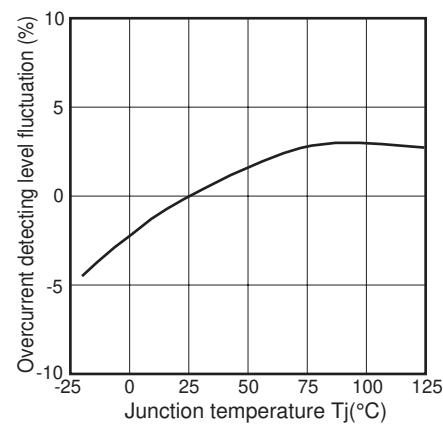


Fig.12 Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

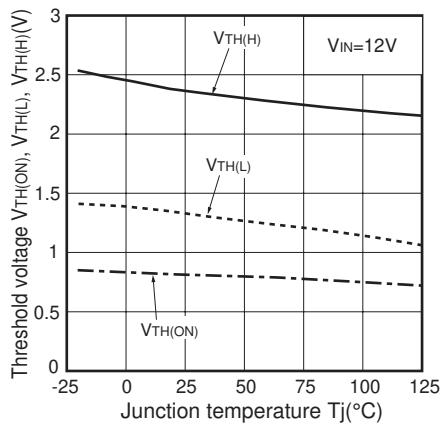


Fig.13 Operating Dissipation Current vs. Input Voltage

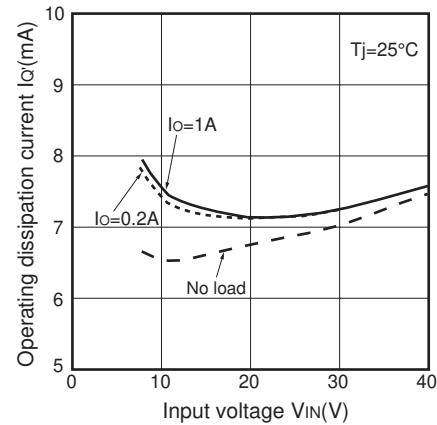


Fig.14 Block Diagram

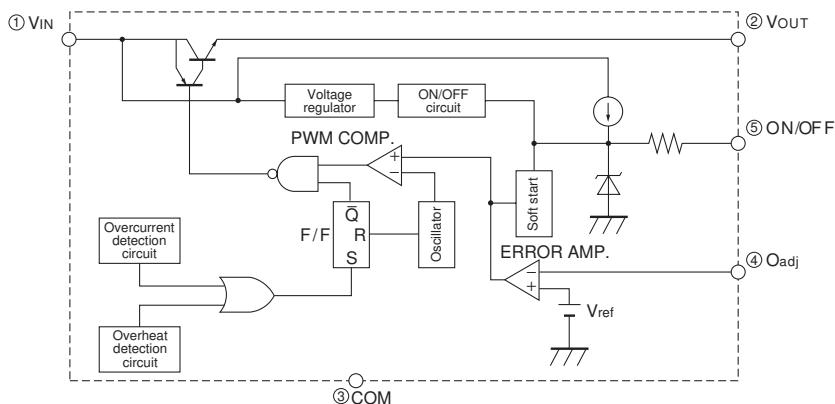


Fig.15 Step Down Type Circuit Diagram

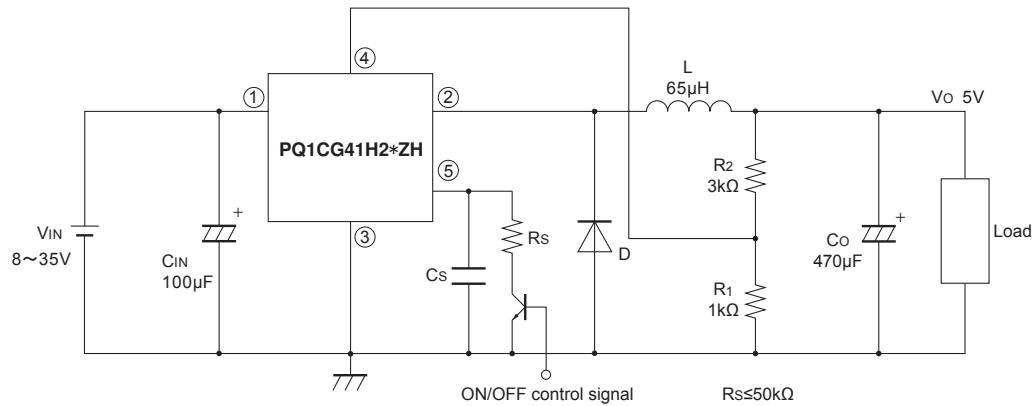
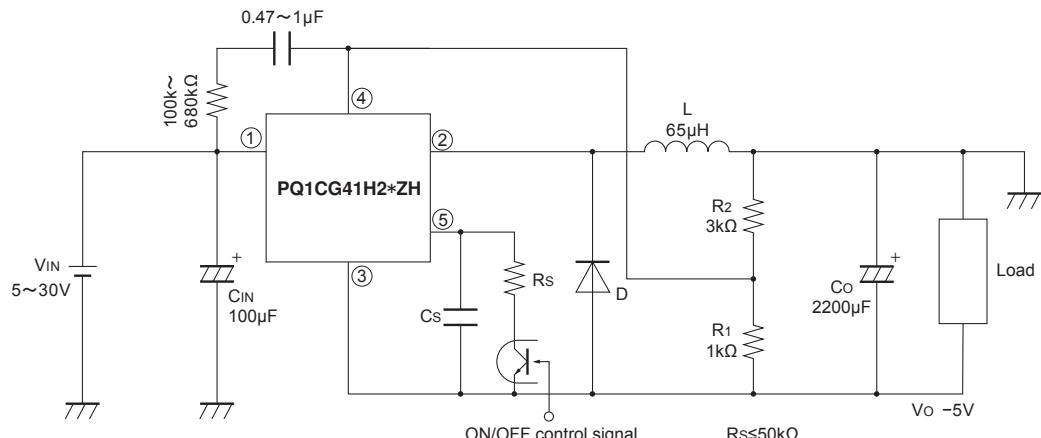


Fig.16 Polarity Inversion Type Circuit Diagram



In case that polarity is reverse, depending on the conditions, there are cases that output voltage can not gain, please use this device after confirming the output voltage at the actual conditions.