

May 1991

**MUR3010PT RURD1510**  
**MUR3010PT RURD1515**  
**MUR3020PT RURD1520**

15A Ultrafast Dual Diode

With Soft Recovery Characteristic

## HARRIS SEMICOND SECTOR

T-23-07

**Features**

- Ultrafast with Soft Recovery Characteristic ( $t_{rr} < 30\text{ns}$ )
- +175°C Rated Junction Temperature
- Reverse Voltage Up to 200V
- Avalanche Energy Rated

**Applications**

- Switching Power Supply
- Power Switching Circuits
- General Purpose

**Description**

MUR3010PT, MUR3010PT, MUR3020PT and RURD1510, RURD1515, RURD1520 are ultrafast dual diodes ( $t_{rr} < 30\text{ns}$ ) with soft recovery characteristics ( $t_a/t_b \approx 1$ ). They have a low forward voltage drop and are of planar, silicon nitride passivated, ion-implanted, epitaxial construction.

These devices are intended for use as energy steering/clamping diodes and rectifiers in a variety of switching power supplies and other power switching applications. Their low stored charge and ultrafast recovery with soft recovery characteristics minimizes ringing and electrical noise in many power switching circuits thus reducing power loss in the switching transistor.

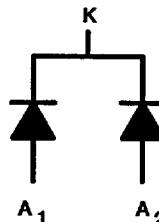
All are supplied in TO-218AC packages.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

	MUR3010PT RURD1510	MUR3010PT RURD1515	MUR3020PT RURD1520
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage .....	$V_{RRM}$	100V	150V
Working Peak Reverse Voltage .....	$V_{RWM}$	100V	150V
DC Blocking Voltage .....	$V_R$	100V	150V
Average Rectified Forward Current .....	$I_{F(AV)}$	15A	15A
(Total device forward current at rated $V_R$ and $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )			
Peak Forward Repetitive Current .....	$I_{FRM}$	30A	30A
(Rated $V_R$ , square wave 20kHz)			
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current .....	$I_{FSM}$	200A	200A
(Surge applied at rated load condition halfwave 1phase 60Hz)			
Operating and Storage Temperature .....	$T_{STG}, T_J$	-55°C to +175°C	-55°C to +175°C
		-55°C to +175°C	-55°C to +175°C

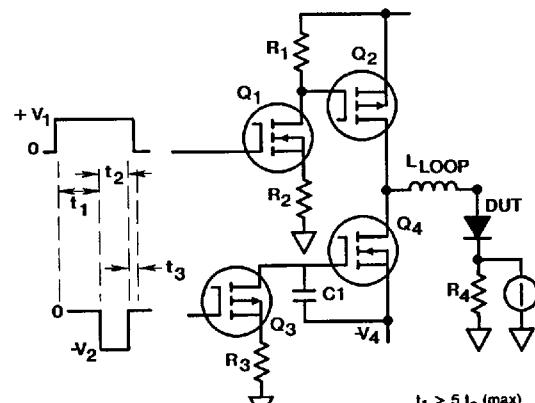
**Package**

TO-218AC  
TOP VIEW

**Symbol**


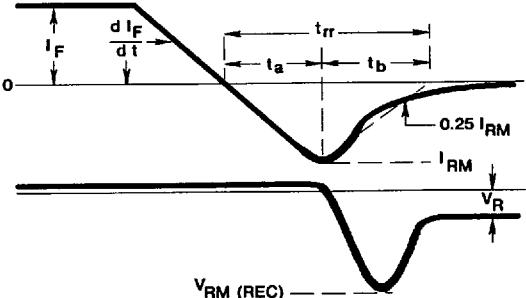
SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	LIMITS										UNITS
		MUR3010PT, RURD1510			MUR3015PT, RURD1515			MUR3020PT, RURD1520				
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
$V_F$	$I_F = 15\text{A}$ $T_C = +150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	0.85	-	-	0.85	-	-	0.85	v	
	$I_F = 15\text{A}$ $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1.05	-	-	1.05	-	-	1.05	v	
$IR @$ $T_C = +150^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = 100\text{V}$	-	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\mu\text{A}$	
	$V_R = 150\text{V}$	-	-	-	-	-	500	-	-	-	$\mu\text{A}$	
	$V_R = 200\text{V}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	$\mu\text{A}$	
$IR @$ $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = 100\text{V}$	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\mu\text{A}$	
	$V_R = 150\text{V}$	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	$\mu\text{A}$	
	$V_R = 200\text{V}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	$\mu\text{A}$	
$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 1\text{A}$	-	-	30	-	-	30	-	-	30	ns	
	$I_F = 15\text{A}$	-	-	35	-	-	35	-	-	35	ns	
$t_a$	$I_F = 1\text{A}$	-	18	-	-	18	-	-	18	-	ns	
	$I_F = 15\text{A}$	-	20	-	-	20	-	-	20	-	ns	
$t_b$	$I_F = 1\text{A}$	-	9	-	-	9	-	-	9	-	ns	
	$I_F = 15\text{A}$	-	10	-	-	10	-	-	10	-	ns	
$R_{\Theta jc}$		-	-	1.5	-	-	1.5	-	-	1.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	
$W_{avl}$	see Fig. 7&8	-	-	20	-	-	20	-	-	20	mJ	

## Definitions

 $V_F$  = Instantaneous forward voltage ( $pw = 300\mu\text{s}$ ,  $D = 2\%$ ). $I_R$  = Instantaneous reverse current ( $pw = 300\mu\text{s}$ ,  $D = 2\%$ ). $t_{rr}$  = Reverse recovery time at  $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$  (See Figure 2), summation of  $t_a + t_b$ . $t_a$  = Time to reach peak reverse current at  $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$  (See Figure 2). $t_b$  = Time from peak  $I_{RM}$  to projected zero crossing of  $I_{RM}$  based on a straight line from peak  $I_{RM}$  through 25% of  $I_{RM}$ . (See Figure 2) $R_{\Theta jc}$  = Thermal resistance junction to case. $W_{avl}$  = Controlled avalanche energy (See Figures 7 & 8). $pw$  = pulse width. $D$  = duty cycle.

$V_1$  amplitude controls  $I_F$   
 $V_2$  amplitude controls  $dI/dt$   
 $L_1$  = self inductance of  $R_4$

$$t_1 \geq 5 t_a \text{ (max)} \\ t_2 > t_{rr} \\ t_3 > 0 \\ \frac{L_1}{R_4} \leq \frac{t_a \text{ (min)}}{10}$$

FIGURE 1.  $t_{rr}$  TEST CIRCUITFIGURE 2. DEFINITIONS OF  $t_{rr}$ ,  $t_a$  AND  $t_b$

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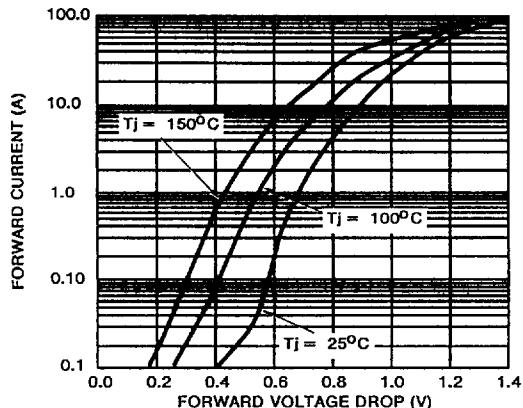


FIGURE 3. FORWARD VOLTAGE vs FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC

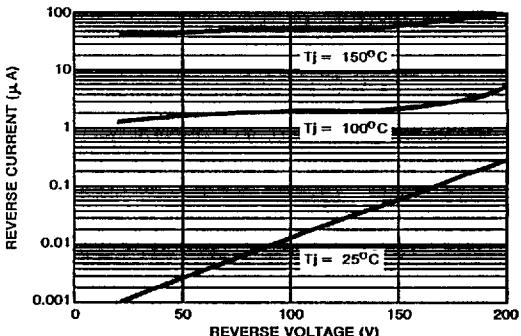


FIGURE 4. REVERSE VOLTAGE vs REVERSE CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC

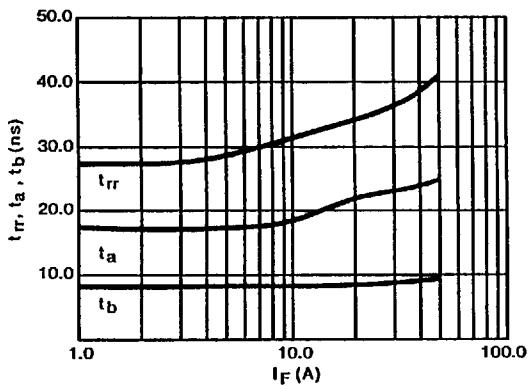
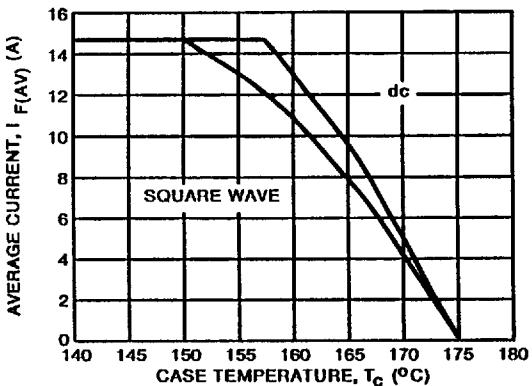
FIGURE 5. TYPICAL  $t_{rr}$ ,  $t_a$ ,  $t_b$  vs FORWARD CURRENT

FIGURE 6. TYPICAL CURRENT DERATING CURVE w.r.t. CASE TEMPERATURE

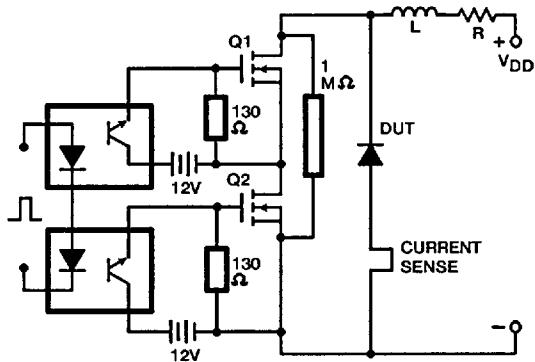


FIGURE 7. AVALANCHE ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

$$I_{L\text{peak}} = 1\text{A}, L = 40\text{mH}, R < 0.1\Omega, W_{\text{avl}} = (1/2) Li^2[V_{\text{avl}}/(V_{\text{avl}} - V_{\text{dd}})]$$

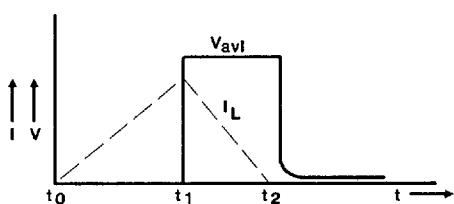


FIGURE 8. CURRENT VOLTAGE WAVEFORM