

For detection: Seal Type Switches

# **Turquoise Stroke Switches**

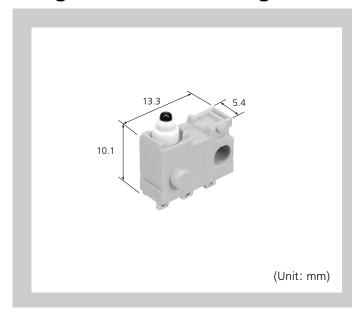
**Product Catalog** 

## IN Your Future



## **Turquoise Stroke Switches**

### Long Stroke and Sliding Contact Construction Sealed Switches



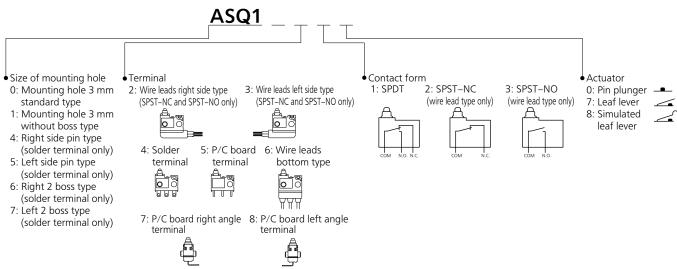
#### **FEATURES**

- ●Long stroke: over travel (OT) is 2.2 mm or more on the NO side and 2.5 mm or more on the NC side (for pin plunger type)
- Constructed so that the contact force does not depend on the operation stroke.
- High contact reliability to support low level switching loads
- Highly effective sealing for resistance against adverse environments
- Silent operation with sliding contact

#### **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

- Automobiles (detection of door opening and closing and shift lever position, etc.)
- Electric tool and household appliances (vacuum cleaners, air conditioners, washing machines, etc.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION (PART NO.)



Note) Not every combination is available. Please refer to the following table, "PRODUCT TYPES".

#### TYPES

#### ■Terminal type

(Mounting hole 3 mm standard type/Mounting hole 3 mm without boss type/2 boss type/Pin fixed side pin type)

Actuator	Operating Force	Mounting hole 3mm standard type		Mounting hole 3 mm without boss type	Right 2 boss type	Left 2 boss type	Pin fixed right side pin	Pin fixed left side pin	
	OF (Max.)	Solder terminal	P/C board right angle terminal	P/C board left angle terminal	P/C board bottom terminal	Solder terminal	Solder terminal	Solder terminal	Solder terminal
Pin plunger	1.5 N	ASQ10410	ASQ10710	ASQ10810	ASQ11510	ASQ16410	ASQ17410	ASQ14410	ASQ15410
Leaf lever	1.7 N	ASQ10417	ASQ10717	ASQ10817	ASQ11517	ASQ16417	ASQ17417	ASQ14417	ASQ15417
Simulated leaf lever	1.5 N	ASQ10418	ASQ10718	ASQ10818	ASQ11518	ASQ16418	ASQ17418	ASQ14418	ASQ15418

#### ■Wire leads bottom type (Mounting hole 3 mm standard type)

Actuator	Operating Force	Wire leads bottom type (Mounting hole 3 mm standard type)			
Actuator	OF (Max.)	SPDT	SPST-NC	SPST-NO	
Pin plunger	1.5 N	ASQ10610	ASQ10620	ASQ10630	
Leaf lever	1.7 N	ASQ10617	ASQ10627	ASQ10637	
Simulated leaf lever	1.5 N	ASQ10618	ASQ10628	ASQ10638	

#### ■Wire leads side type (Mounting hole 3 mm standard type)

Actuator Operating Force		Wire leads right side type (Mounting hole 3 mm standard type)		Wire leads left side type (Mounting hole 3 mm standard type)	
	OF (Max.)	SPST-NC	SPST-NO	SPST-NC	SPST-NO
Pin plunger	1.5 N	ASQ10220	ASQ10230	ASQ10320	ASQ10330
Leaf lever	1.7 N	ASQ10227	ASQ10237	ASQ10327	ASQ10337
Simulated leaf lever	1.5 N	ASQ10228	ASQ10238	ASQ10328	ASQ10338

#### RATING

#### **■**Contact rating

1 mA 5 V DC to 100 mA 30 V DC

Note: Please consult us regarding 42 V DC rating.

#### Operation environment and conditions

Item	Specifications	
Ambient and storage temperature —40 to +85°C (no freezing and condensing)		
Allowable operating speed	30 to 500 mm/sec	
Max. operating cycle rate	120 cpm	

Note: When switching at low and high speeds or under vibration, or in high-temperature, high-humidity environments, life and performance may be reduced significantly depending on the load capacity. Please consult us.

#### **■**Electrical characteristics

Dielectric strength (Initial)  Between non-continuous terminals: 600 Vrms.  Between each terminal and other exposed metal parts: 1,500 Vrms.  Between each terminal and ground: 1,500 Vrms. (at detection current of 1 mA)	
Insulation resistance (Initial)	Min. 100 MΩ (at 500 V DC insulation resistance meter) (Locations measured same as dielectric strength.)
Contact resistance (Initial)	Max. 1 Ω (by voltage drop 0.1 A 6 to 8 V DC)

#### **■**Characteristics

	Item		Specifications			
Electrical	5 V DC 1 mA (Resistive load)	Min. 5 × 10 <sup>5 Note 1)</sup>	Switching frequency: 20 times/min			
switching	16 V DC 50 mA (Resistive load)	Min. 5 × 10 <sup>5 Note 2)</sup>	Conduction ratio: 1:1 Pushbutton operation speed: 100 mm/s			
life	30 V DC 100 mA (Resistive load)	Min. 2 × 10 <sup>5 Note 2)</sup>	Pushbutton switching position: free position (FP) to operation limit position (TTP)			
Vibration resistance (malfunction vibration resistance)		Single amplitude: 0.75 mm Amplitude of vibration: 10 to 55 Hz (4 minutes cycle) Direction and time: 30 minutes each in X, Y and Z directions				
		Amplitude of vibration: 5 to 200 Hz (10 minutes cycle) Acceleration: 43.1 m/s² Direction and time: 30 minutes each in X, Y and Z directions				
Shock resistance (malfunction shock resistance)		Shock value: 980 m/s² Direction and time: 5 times each in X, Y and Z directions				
Vibration re	esistance endurance	Frequency of vibration: 33.3 Hz, Acceleration: 43.1 m/s² Direction and time: 8 hours each in X, Y and Z directions				
Terminal st	trength	6 N min (each direction) *Terminal deformation possible.				
Heat resist	ance	85°C 500 hours				
Cold resist	Cold resistance		-40°C 500 hours			
Humidity resistance		40°C 95% RH 500 hours				
Thermal shock resistance		30 min at 85°C to 30 min at -40°C for 1,000 cycles				
Unit weight	Unit weight		Approx. 0.8 g (terminal type), Approx. 5.4 g (wire leads side type)			
Protection	grade	IP67 (except exposed terminal part of terminal type)				

- 3 **-**

Note: As long as there are no particular designations, the following conditions apply to the test environment.

- Ambient temperature: 5 to 35°C
- Relative humidity: 25 to 85% RH
- Air pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Note 1: Switching life for single switching (COM-NC or COM-NO connection) and double switching (COM-NC and COM-NO connection).

Note 2: Switching life is for single switching life. For double switching it is min. 10<sup>5</sup> times.

#### ■ Protection grade

- JIS C0920 (water-resistance experiments for electrical machines and protection rating against incursion of solid substances): Immersion protected (Note 1)
- IEC 60529 (rating for outer shell protection): IP67 (Immersion protected) (Note 1)
- 3) JIS D0203 (method for testing moisture resistance and water resistance in automotive components): D2 (Note 2)
- Note 1) A concrete testing method is to check for any adverse effect on the structure after leaving it submerged for 30 minutes under 1 m of water (with temperature difference between water and switch no larger than 5°C).
- Note 2) A concrete testing method is to check for any adverse effect on the structure after leaving it submerged for 10 minutes under 10 cm water (with temperature difference between water and switch no larger than 30°C).

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#### ■ Operating characteristics\*Note 1

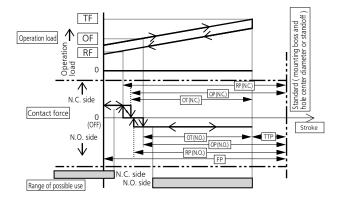
CI	naracteristics	Pin plunger	Leaf lever	Simulated leaf lever
Operating Force (OF) Max. *Note 2		1.5 N	1.7 N	1.5 N
Total travel Force (TF) Max. (refe	erence value)	(2.0 N)	(3.1 N)	(2.8 N)
Free Desition (FD) May	From mounting boss and hole center line	9.2 mm	11.5 mm	14.4 mm
Free Position (FP) Max.	From standoff	13.4 mm	15.7 mm	18.6 mm
Operating Position on N.C. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	8.7±0.3 mm	9.8±0.5 mm	12.5±0.5 mm
(OP (N.C.) ) *Note 3, 5	From standoff	12.9±0.3 mm	14.0±0.5 mm	16.7±0.5 mm
Operating Position on N.O. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	8.4±0.3 mm	9.3±0.5 mm	12.0±0.5 mm
(OP (N.O.) ) *Note 4, 5	From standoff	12.6±0.3 mm	13.5±0.5 mm	16.2±0.5 mm
Release Position on N.C. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	8.8±0.3 mm	10.1±0.5 mm	12.9±0.5 mm
(RP (N.C.) ) *Note 6	From standoff	13.0±0.3 mm	14.3±0.5 mm	17.1±0.5 mm
Release Position on N.O. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	8.5±0.3 mm	9.6±0.5 mm	12.4±0.5 mm
(RP (N.O.) ) *Note 7	From standoff	12.7±0.3 mm	13.8±0.5 mm	16.6±0.5 mm
Over travel on N.C. side (OT (N.C.) ) Min.		2.5 mm	3.1 mm	3.3 mm
Over travel on N.O. side (OT (N.O.) ) Min.		2.2 mm	2.6 mm	2.8 mm
Total Travel Position (TTP)	From mounting boss and hole center line	(5.9 mm)	(6.2 mm)	(8.7 mm)
(reference value)	From standoff	(10.1 mm)	(10.4 mm)	(12.9 mm)

Notes: 1. The above indicates the characteristics when operating the pushbutton from the vertical direction.

- 2. Indicates operation load for N.O. contact to achieve ON status.
- 3. Indicates position for N.C. contact to achieve OFF status.
- 4. Indicates position for N.O. contact to achieve ON status.
- 5. Although there is some overlap in the range of the operating position (OP) on the N.C. and N.O. sides due to the tolerance, in actuality there is always an intermediate OFF range (the N.C. and N.O. sides will never ON at the same time.)
  6. Indicates position for N.C. contact to achieve ON status.
- 7. Indicates position for N.O. contact to achieve OFF status.

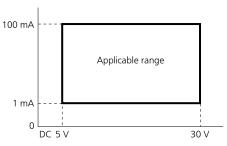
#### OPERATION CONCEPT DIAGRAM

Contact form: SPDT



#### DATA

#### Applicable current range (Reference)



DIMENSIONS

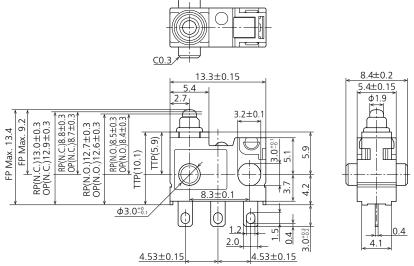
CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

Unit: mm

#### ■ Terminal type: Mounting hole 3 mm, standard type Pin plunger



#### External dimensions



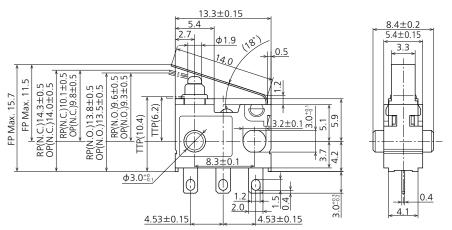
General tolerance: ±0.25

Operating Force (	1.5 N		
Total travel Force (reference value)	Total travel Force (TF) Max. (reference value)		
Free Position	From mounting boss and hole center line	9.2 mm	
(FP) Max.	From standoff	13.4 mm	
Operating Position on N.C.	From mounting boss and hole center line	8.7±0.3 mm	
side (OP (N.C.))	From standoff	12.9±0.3 mm	
Operating Position on N.O.	From mounting boss and hole center line	8.4±0.3 mm	
side (OP (N.O.) )	From standoff	12.6±0.3 mm	
Release Position on N.C. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	8.8±0.3 mm	
(RP (N.C.))	From standoff	13.0±0.3 mm	
Release Position on N.O. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	8.5±0.3 mm	
(RP (N.O.))	From standoff	12.7±0.3 mm	
Over travel on N.C	2.5 mm		
Over travel on N.C	Over travel on N.O. side (OT (N.O.) ) Min.		
Total Travel Position (TTP)	From mounting boss and hole center line	(5.9 mm)	
(reference value)	From standoff	(10.1 mm)	

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#### ■Terminal type: Leaf lever





General tolerance:  $\pm 0.25$ 

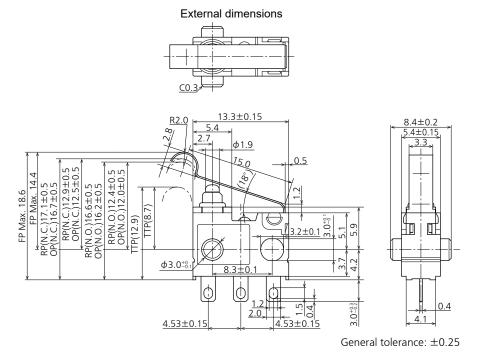
Note) When switching at high speed or under shock, lever endurance may drop.

Therefore, please be sure to conduct an endurance evaluation under actual switching conditions.

Operating Force (	1.7 N			
Total travel Force (reference value)	Total travel Force (TF) Max. (reference value)			
Free Position	From mounting boss and hole center line	11.5 mm		
(FP) Max.	From standoff	15.7 mm		
Operating Position on N.C.	From mounting boss and hole center line	9.8±0.5 mm		
side (OP (N.C.))	From standoff	14.0±0.5 mm		
Operating Position on N.O.	From mounting boss and hole center line	9.3±0.5 mm		
side (OP (N.O.) )	From standoff	13.5±0.5 mm		
Release Position on N.C. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	10.1±0.5 mm		
(RP (N.C.))	From standoff	14.3±0.5 mm		
Release Position on N.O. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	9. 6±0.5 mm		
(RP (N.O.))	From standoff	13.8±0.5 mm		
Over travel on N.C	Over travel on N.C. side (OT (N.C.) ) Min.			
Over travel on N.C	Over travel on N.O. side (OT (N.O.) ) Min.			
Total Travel Position (TTP)	From mounting boss and hole center line	(6.2 mm)		
(reference value)	From standoff	(10.4 mm)		

#### ■Terminal type: Simulated leaf lever



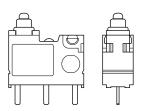


Note) When switching at high speed or under shock, lever endurance may drop.
Therefore, please be sure to conduct an endurance evaluation under actual switching conditions.

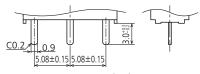
Operating Force (	1.5 N	
Total travel Force (reference value)	(2.8 N)	
Free Position	From mounting boss and hole center line	14.4 mm
(FP) Max.	From standoff	18.6 mm
Operating Position on N.C.	From mounting boss and hole center line	12.5±0.5 mm
side (OP (N.C.))	From standoff	16.7±0.5 mm
Operating Position on N.O.	From mounting boss and hole center line	12.0±0.5 mm
side (OP (N.O.))	From standoff	16.2±0.5 mm
Release Position on N.C. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	12.9±0.5 mm
(RP (N.C.))	From standoff	17.1±0.5 mm
Release Position on N.O. side	From mounting boss and hole center line	12.4±0.5 mm
(RP (N.O.))	From standoff	16.6±0.5 mm
Over travel on N.C	3.3 mm	
Over travel on N.O	Over travel on N.O. side (OT (N.O.) ) Min.	
Total Travel Position (TTP)	From mounting boss and hole center line	(8.7 mm)
(reference value)	From standoff	(12.9 mm)

#### ■P/C board terminal: Mounting hole 3 mm without boss type

#### CAD

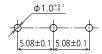


#### P/C board terminal



General tolerance: ±0.25

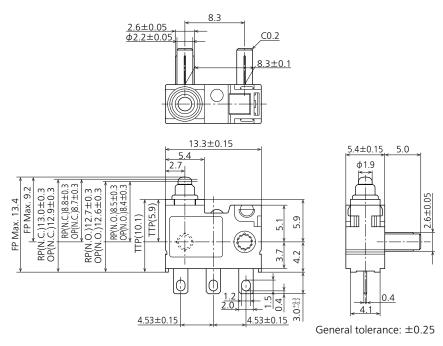
#### P/C board pattern



#### ■Terminal type: Right side pin type

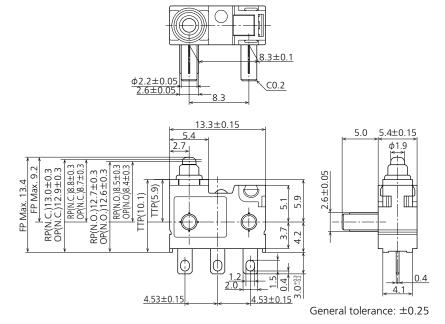


#### External dimensions



#### ■Terminal type: Left side pin type

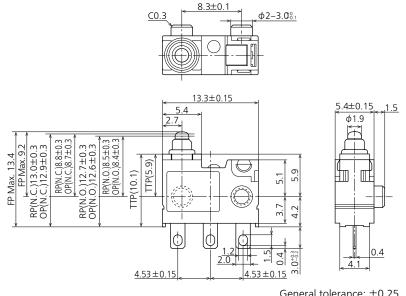




#### ■Terminal type: Right 2 boss type

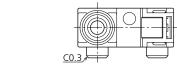
CAD

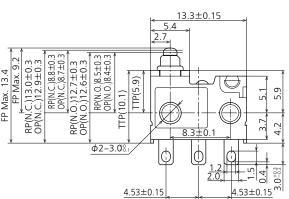
#### External dimensions

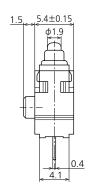


General tolerance: ±0.25

#### ■Terminal type: Left 2 boss type





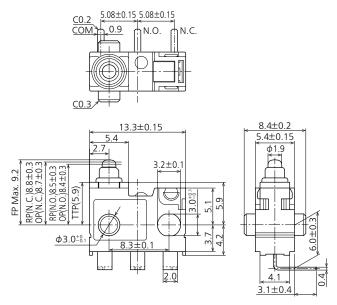


General tolerance: ±0.25

#### ■ Angle terminal type: Mounting hole 3 mm, standard type (Right type)



#### External dimensions

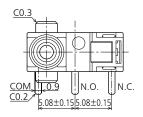


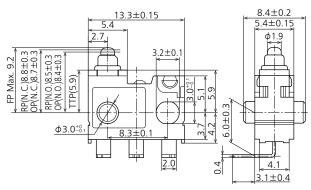
General tolerance: ±0.25

#### ■ Angle terminal type: Mounting hole 3 mm, standard type (Left type)



#### External dimensions



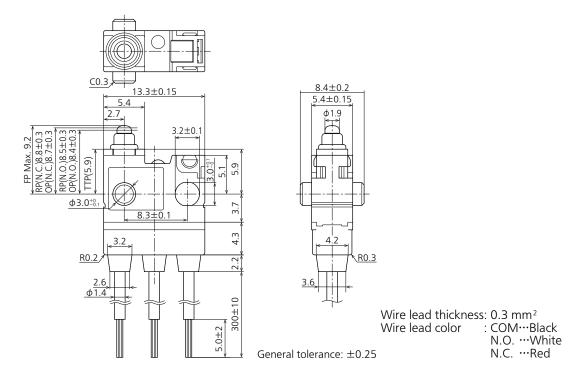


General tolerance:  $\pm 0.25$ 

#### ■Wire leads bottom type: Mounting hole 3 mm, standard type

CAD

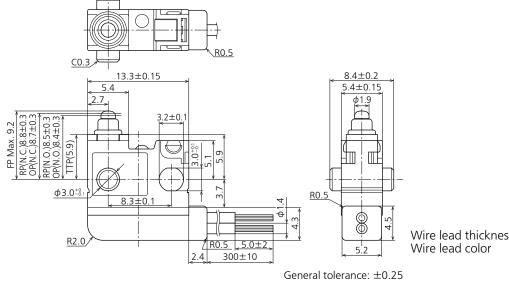
#### External dimensions



#### ■Wire leads right side type: Mounting hole 3 mm, standard type

CAD

#### External dimensions

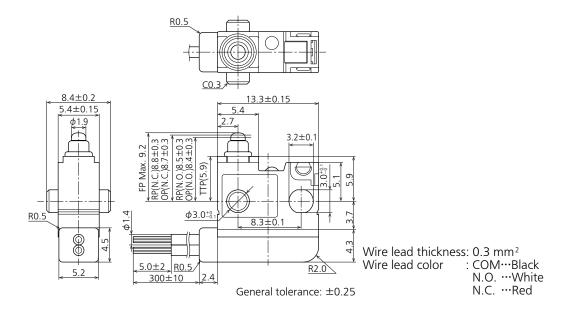


Wire lead thickness: 0.3 mm<sup>2</sup> : COM····Black

N.O. ···White N.C. ···Red

#### ■Wire leads left side type: Mounting hole 3 mm, standard type

CAD



#### **GUIDELINES FOR USAGE**

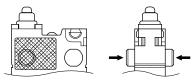
#### ■ Soldering conditions

The application of excessive heat upon the switch when soldering can cause degradation of switch operation. Therefore, be sure to keep within the conditions given below. Manual soldering: use soldering irons (max. 350°C, within 3 seconds at each terminal) capable of temperature adjustment. This is to prevent deterioration due to soldering heat. Care should be taken not to apply force to the terminals during soldering.

(More than one second interval is required to apply heat at each terminal.) Please consult us if you intend to use a soldering iron that exceeds 60 W.

#### ■ Mounting

Please avoid use in which load would be applied to the sides (hatch part (both sides) shown below) of the switch in the direction indicated by the arrows. This could cause erroneous operation. Also, when using a metal installation board, please make allowance for burr direction designation and burr suppressing, etc., so that the burr side will not be on the switch installation side.



- 1) To secure the switch, please use an M3 small screw on a flat surface and tighten using a maximum torque of 0.29 N·m. It is recommended that both flat metal washer and spring washers be used with the screws and adhesive be applied to lock the screws to prevent loosening of the screws. Please make sure not to apply adhesive onto the moving parts.
- 2) Be sure to maintain adequate insulating clearance between each terminal and ground.
- 3) Although it is possible to directly operate the pin plunger type from the lateral direction, please consult us if doing so.
- 4) After mounting please make sure no tensile load will be applied to the switch terminals.
- Range of possible use: Please set the operation position to within the ranges in the following table so that there is sufficient insulation distance and to maintain contact reliability.

	Plunger/l	ever free	Plunger/Lever pushed		
Actuator	From mounting boss and hole center line	From standoff	From mounting boss and hole center line	From standoff	
Pin plunger	>9.2 mm	>13.4 mm	7.8 to 5.9 mm	12.0 to 10.1 mm	
Leaf lever	>10.7 mm	>14.9 mm	8.4 to 6.2 mm	12.6 to 10.4 mm	
Simulated leaf lever	>13.5 mm	>17.7 mm	11.1 to 8.7 mm	15.3 to 12.9 mm	

6) P/C board terminal type should be used if the products are to be soldered on the P/C board. Solder terminal type is not for soldering on P/C board.

#### ■ Cautions regarding the circuit

- In order to prevent malfunction in set devices caused by bounce and chattering during the ON-OFF switch operation, please verify the validity of the circuit under actual operating conditions and temperature range.
- When switching inductive loads (relays, solenoids, buzzers, etc.), an arc absorbing circuit is recommended to protect the contacts.

#### ■Please verify under actual conditions.

Please be sure to conduct quality verification under actual operating conditions in order to increase reliability during actual use.

#### ■ Selection of switch

Please make your selection so that there will be no problems even if the operating characteristics vary up to ±20% from the standard values.

#### ■ Oil-proof and chemical-proof characteristics

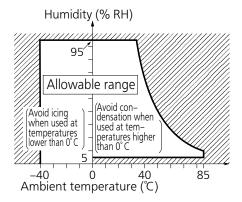
Do not use alcohol-based solvents.

The rubber cap swells when exposed to oil and chemicals. The extent of swelling will vary widely depending on the type and amount of oil and chemicals.

Check with the actual oil or chemicals used. In particular, be aware that solvents such as freon, chlorine, toluene, and cannot be used.

#### **■**Environment

- Although continuous operation of the switch is possible within the range of ambient temperature (humidity), as the humidity range differs depending on the ambient temperature, the humidity range indicated below should be used. Continuous use near the limit of the range should be avoided
- 2) This humidity range does not guarantee permanent performance.



#### **■**Other

Be careful when handling the switch to make sure that the rubber cap for sealing the plunger does not break.

- 1) Please remember that this switch cannot be used under water. Also, please be warned that switching and sudden temperature changes with the presence of water droplets can cause seepage into the switch.
- 2) Keep away from environments where silicon based adhesives, oil or grease are present as faulty contacts may result from silicon oxide. Do not use in areas where flammable or explosive gases from gasoline and thinner, etc., may be present.
- 3) When using the lever type, please be careful not to apply unreasonable load from the reverse or lateral directions of operation.
- 4) Do not exceed the total travel position (TTP) and press the actuator. This could cause operation failure. Also, when switching at high speed or under shock even within the operation limit, the working life may decrease. Therefore, please be sure to verify the quality under actual conditions of use.
- 5) Please make considerations so that the switch does not become the stopper for the moving part.
- 6) On the lead wire routing, do not allow any continuous pulling load.

Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

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### Notes for Turquoise Switches (BJ, BS, BV type)

#### **CAUTIONS FOR USE (Common for BJ, BS and BV types)**

#### Fastening of the switch body

 Fasten the switch body onto a smooth surface using the correct screw as shown in the chart below and tighten it with the prescribed torque.

The switch case may deform depending on the type of screw (screw head diameter, etc.), the size of the washer, and the use or non-use of a washer. Therefore, please confirm the appropriate torque of actual conditions. Also, it is recommended that adhesive be applied to lock the screws to prevent loosening of the screws. When doing so, please be careful not let any adhesive get inside the switch.

	Screws	Tightening torque
	M1.2	Not more than 0.098 N⋅m
ABJ (BJ) switches	M2.3	Not more than 0.29 N⋅m
	M3.0	Not more than 0.29 N⋅m
ABS (BS) switches	M2.3	Not more than 0.29 N⋅m
ABV (BV) switches	M3.0	Not more than 0.49 N⋅m

#### 2) Fixed pin type

To secure the switch unit, thermally crimp or press-fit the mounting pins. If the pins are to be press-fitted, install a guide on the opposite surface to the mounting pins to prevent them from slipping out of position and developing play.

- Be sure to maintain adequate insulating clearance between each terminal and ground.
- 4) The positioning of the switch should be such that direct force is not applied to the pushbutton or actuator in its free position. The operating force to the pushbutton should only be applied in a perpendicular direction.
- 5) The standard value of overtravel used should be within the range of 70% to 100% of the rated OT value.
- 6) When soldering the BV type turquoise switch or the immersion protected type of the BJ and BS type switches, the sealing material sometimes forms a lump or bulge at the base of the terminal or lead. Be sure to allow enough space for this when attaching the switch.

#### **■**Soldering operations

- 1) Manual soldering: Perform soldering in less than 3 seconds with maximum 350 C iron. Care should be taken not to apply force to the terminals during soldering. We recommend a soldering iron with temperature adjustment in order to prevent poor quality soldering. Please consult us if you intend to use a soldering iron of 60 W or higher.
- Terminal portions should not be moved within 1 minute after soldering.

	Soldering time
ABJ (BJ) switches	Within 3 seconds
ABS (BS) switches	Within 3 seconds
ABV (BV) switches	Within 5 seconds

#### ■ Selection of the switch

Allow for up to 20% variation of the specified characteristics values to compensate for long term operational wear of the switch in your design.

#### ■ Cautions regarding use

- When switching inductive loads (relays, solenoids, buzzers, etc.), an arc absorbing circuit is recommended to protect the contacts
- 2) If switching of the contact is synchronized with the phase of the AC power, reduced electrical life or welded contact may occur. Therefore, test the switch while it is operating under actual loads for this condition. If found, you may wish to take corrective action in your design.
- 3) In the slow or high speed operating condition, the electrical life might be greatly reduced depending upon the switching load. Please consult us before use.
- 4) Using lever type in do not condition, there is the concern that the flexible part may be impeded and return movement may not be possible. In this situation take the following precautions:
  - Select a product of higher OF or use a leaf type lever.
  - Attach a protective cover to the lever.
- 5) If the leaf lever type switch is excessively pushed (pushed further than the operational limit position) or switching is done at high speed or is accompanied by the impact, the lever will break. Please be careful. Also, be careful with the short roller lever type ABV (BV) switch as improper return may result from pressing too much.

#### ■Protection from dust, water and corrosive gas

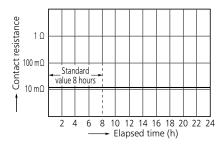
- The pin button and the space around the body cap Turquoise switches are sealed with elastic material, the terminal portion is integrally molded. This prevents dust entry and protects the switch against corrosive gases. Wireleaded types are recommended for applications subject to water or oil splash.
  - However, avoid soaking these immersion protected types in oil or water, because those types are not of completely oil tight construction.
- 2) Switch operation or rapid temperature change while water droplets are on the switch may cause the water invasion inside the switch because of breathing action on condensation. Especially do not use switch in a bath.
  - If sources of silicon gas are existing in the vicinity of the switch (silicon rubber, silicon oil, silicon coating, and silicon filler, etc.), silicon gas (low molecular siloxane, etc.) will be emitted and it will get into the product due to the permeability of the plastic.

    If the switch is used or stored in such an environment, silicon compound might generate on the contacts, cause the and faulty contacting. Therefore, please do not use sources that can emit silicon gas in the vicinity of the switch.
  - Do not use in areas where flammable or explosive gases from gasoline and thinner, etc., may be present.

- 15 **—** 

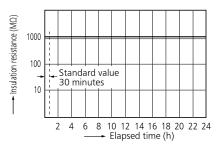
#### Dust protection test

Test conditions: The talcum powder used shall be able to pass through a square- meshed sieve the nominal wire diameter of 7  $\mu$ m. The amount of talcum powder to be used is 2 kg per cubic metre of the test chamber volume. The duration of the test is 8 hours. No damage observed after the test.



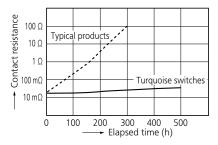
#### Waterproof test

Test conditions: Immersion protected IP67 switches ... Submerge at 1 m below the water surface for 30 minutes.



#### Hydrogen sulfide exposure test

Test conditions: Concentration: 3 ppm, Temperature: 40 °C, Humidity: 75% RH



#### ■Oil-proof and chemical-proof characteristics

The rubber elastomer swells when exposed to oil and chemicals. The extent of swelling will vary widely depending on the type and amount of oil and chemicals.

Check with the actual oil or chemicals used.

In particular, be aware that solvents such as freon, chlorine, and toluene cannot be used.

#### ■Washability [ABJ (BJ) and ABS (BS)]

Do not clean the switch. Doing so can cause problems. Please contact us if cleaning is necessary.

#### REFERENCE

#### **■** Dust-protected type

This type of construction prevents dust that is large enough to have an effect on operation from getting inside the unit. This construction is stipulated by protective classes against solid matter in the IEC standards (IEC60529).

The talcum powder used shall be able to pass through a squaremeshed sieve the nominal wire diameter of 7  $\mu$ m. The amount of talcum powder to be used is 2 kg per cubic metre of the test chamber volume. The duration of the test is 8 hours. No damage observed after the test.

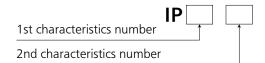
#### ■Immersion-protected type

This type of construction prevents any harmful effects even after the device is left underwater at a depth of 1 m for 30 minutes. This construction is stipulated by protective classes against water in the IEC standards (IEC60529).

#### ■IEC's IP Codes

The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) has defined the IP characteristic code that represents the levels of protection described in IEC standard (IEC60529).

The two numbers that follow the IP code (the characteristics numbers) indicate the suitability of this protection for all environmental conditions.



#### Level of protection indicated by the 1st Characteristics number

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1st Characteristics number	Protection level (IEC60529/Solid matter)
0	No protection
1	Protected against solid matter larger than 50 mm
2	Protected against solid matter larger than 12 mm
3	Protected against solid matter larger than 2.5 mm
4	Protected against solid matter larger than 1.0 mm
5	Dust-protected type Prevents dust that is large enough to have an effect on operation from getting inside the unit
6	Dust-resistant type Prevents dust from getting inside the unit

#### ● Level of protection indicated by the 2nd Characteristics number

JIS C 0920	2nd Characteristics number	Protection level (IEC60529/Liquid matter)
	0	No protection
Droplet-protected type I	1	Protected against water droplets that fall perpendicular to the unit
Droplet-protected type II	2	Protected against water droplets that fall from within 15° of perpendicular to the unit
Rain-protected type	3	Protected against water droplets that fall from within 60° of perpendicular to the unit
Splash-protected type	4	Protected against water that splashes on the unit from any direction
Spray-protected type	5	Free from adverse effects even if sprayed directly with water from any direction
Water-resistant type	6	Protected against water sprayed directly on the unit from any direction
Immersion- protected type	7	Water does not get inside of the unit when submerged in water according to the specified conditions
Underwater type	8	Unit can be used underwater

Note: Details of test conditions are the same as NECA C 0920.

Please refer to them.

