# **XRD8775**



CMOS 8-Bit High Speed Analog-to-Digital Converter

April 2002-4

### **FEATURES**

· 8-Bit Resolution

· Up to 20MHz Sampling Rate

 $\cdot \ \text{Internal S/H Function} \\$ 

· Single Supply: 5V

 $\cdot$  V<sub>IN</sub> DC Range: 0V to V<sub>DD</sub>  $\cdot$  V<sub>RFF</sub> DC Range: 1V to V<sub>DD</sub>

· Low Power: 75mW typ. (excluding reference)

· Latch-Up Free

· ESD Protection: 2000V Minimum

· 3V Version: XRD87L75

· Small 20-Pin SOIC/SSOP Packages

#### **APPLICATIONS**

· Digital Color Copiers

· Cellular Telephones

· CCD-Based Systems

· Hardware Scanners

· Video Capture Boards

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The XRD8775 is an 8-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter in a small 20-pin SOIC/SSOP package. Designed using an advanced 5V CMOS process, this part offers excellent performance, low power consumption and latch-up free operation.

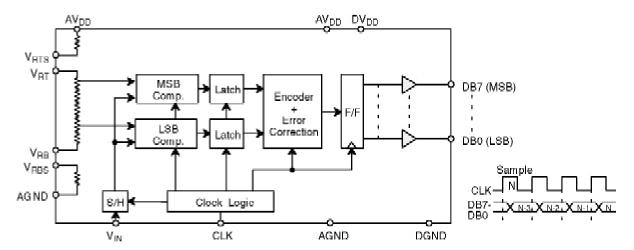
This device uses a two-step flash architecture to maintain low power consumption at high conversion rates. The input circuitry of the XRD8775 includes an on-chip S/H function and allows the user to digitize analog input signals between AGND and  ${\rm AV}_{\rm DD}$ . Careful design and chip layout have achieved a low analog input capacitance. This reduces "kickback" and eases the requirements of the buffer/amplifier used to drive the XRD8775.

The designer can choose the internally generated reference voltages by connecting  $V_{\text{RB}}$  to  $V_{\text{RBS}}$  and  $V_{\text{RT}}$  to  $V_{\text{RTS}}$ , or provide external reference voltages to the  $V_{\text{RB}}$  and  $V_{\text{RT}}$  pins. The internal reference generates 0.6V at  $V_{\text{RB}}$  and 2.6V at  $V_{\text{RT}}$ . Providing external reference voltages allows easy interface to any input signal range between GND and  $V_{\text{DD}}$ . This also allows the system to adjust these voltages to cancel zero scale and full scale errors, or to change the input range as needed.

The device operates from a single +5V supply. Power consumption is 75mW at  $F_s = 15MHz$ .

Specified for operation over the commercial / industrial (-40 to +85°C) temperature range, the XRD8775 is available in Surface Mount (SOIC), Shrink Small Outline (SSOP) and Plastic Dual-In-line (PDIP) Packages.

# SIMPLIFIED BLOCK AND TIMING DIAGRAM



Rev. 4.00

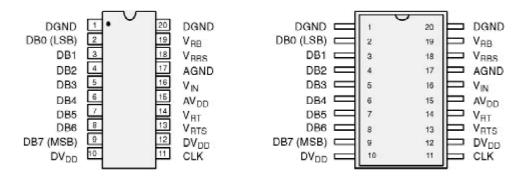


# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Package Type	Temperature Range	Part No.	DNL (LSB)	INL (LSB)
SOIC	-40 to +85°C	XRD8775AID	+/-0.75	+/-1.5
PDIP	-40 to +85°C	XRD8775AIP	+/-0.75	+/-1.5
SSOP	-40 to +85°C	XRD8775AIU	+/-0.75	+/-1.5

# **PIN CONFIGURATIONS**

See Packaging Section for Package Dimensions



20-Pin PDIP (300 MIL) - P20

20-Pin SOIC (Jedec, 300 MIL) - D20 20-Pin SSOP (5.3mm) - U20

# **PIN OUT DEFINITIONS**

PIN NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	DGND	Digital Ground	11	CLK	Sample Clock
2	DB0	Data Output Bit 0 (LSB)	12	$DV_{DD}$	Digital Power Supply
3	DB1	Data Output Bit 1	13	$V_{RTS}$	Generates 2.6V if tied to $V_{\text{RT}}$
4	DB2	Data Output Bit 2	14	$V_{RT}$	Top Reference
5	DB3	Data Output Bit 3	15	$AV_{\mathtt{DD}}$	Analog Power Supply
6	DB4	Data Output Bit 4	16	V <sub>IN</sub>	Analog Input
7	DB5	Data Output Bit 5	17	AGND	Analog Ground
8	DB6	Data Output Bit 6	18	$V_{RBS}$	Generates 0.6V if tied to $V_{\tiny RB}$
9	DB7	Data Output Bit 7 (MSB)	19	$V_{RB}$	Bottom Reference
10	$DV_{\mathtt{DD}}$	Digital Power Supply	20	DGND	Digital Ground



# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS TABLE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: $AV_{DD} = DV_{DD} = 5V$ , FS = 15MHZ (50% DUTY CYCLE), $V_{RT} = 2.6V$ , $V_{RB} = 0.6V$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

			25°C			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions/Comments
KEYFEATURES						
Resolution		8			Bits	
Sampling Rate	FS	0.1	15	20	MHz	
ACCURACY						
Differential Non-Linearity	DNL			+/-0.75	LSB	@ 15MHz
Differential Non-Linearity	DNL		+/-0.5		LSB	@ 10MHz
Integral Non-Linearity	INL			+/-1.5	LSB	Best Fit Line
						(Max INL – Min INL)/2
Zero Scale Error	EZS		+3		LSB	
Full Scale Error	EFS		-2		LSB	
REFERENCE VOLTAGES						
Positive Ref. Voltage	$V_{RT}$		2.6	$AV_{DD}$	V	
Negative Ref. Voltage	$V_{RB}$	AGND	0.6		V	
Differential Ref. Voltage <sup>3</sup>	$V_{REF}$	1.0		$AV_{\mathtt{DD}}$	V	$V_{REF} = V_{RT} - V_{RB}$
Ladder Resistance	$R_{\!\scriptscriptstyle L}$	245	350	550	Ω	
Ladder Temp. Coefficient	R <sub>TCO</sub>		2000		ppm/°C	
Self Bias 1						
Short $V_{RB}$ and $V_{RBS}$	$V_{RB}$		0.6		V	
Short $V_{RT}$ and $V_{RTS}$	$V_{RT}$ - $V_{RB}$		2		V	
Self Bias 2						
$V_{RB} = AGND,$	$V_{RT}$		2.3		V	
Short $V_{RT}$ and $V_{RTS}$						
ANALOGINPUT						
Input Bandwidth (-1 dB) <sup>2,4</sup>	BW		50		MHz	
Input Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	$V_{RB}$		$V_{RT}$	V	
Input Capacitance 5	C <sub>IN</sub>		16		pF	
Aperture Delay <sup>2</sup>	t <sub>AP</sub>		3		ns	
DIGITALINPUTS						
Logical "1" Voltage	$V_{IH}$	4.0			V	
Logical "0" Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>			1.0	V	
DC Leakage Current <sup>6</sup>	I <sub>IN</sub>					$V_{IN} = DGND to DV_{DD}$
CLK			5		μΑ	
Input Capacitance			5		pF	
Clock Timing ( See Figure 1.)7						
Clock Period	1/FS	50	66.7		ns	
High Pulse Width	t <sub>PWH</sub>	25	33.3		ns	
Low Pulse Width	t <sub>PWL</sub>	25	33.3		ns	
DIGITALOUTPUTS						C <sub>out</sub> =15 pF
Logical "1" Voltage	$V_{OH}$	4.5			V	$I_{LOAD} = 4 \text{ mA}$
Logical "0" Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>			0.4	V	$I_{LOAD} = 4 \text{ mA}$
Data Valid Delay <sup>8</sup>	$t_{DL}$		10		ns	



# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS TABLE (CONT'D) UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: $AV_{DD} = DV_{DD} = 5V$ , FS = 15MHZ (50% DUTY CYCLE), $V_{RT} = 2.6V$ , $V_{RB} = 0.6V$ , $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$

			25°C			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions/Comments
ACPARAMETERS						
Differential Gain Error	$d_{\scriptscriptstyle G}$		2		%	FS = 4 x NTSC
Differential Phase Error	d <sub>PH</sub> 1		Degree	FS = 4 x NTSC		
POWER SUPPLIES						
Operating Voltage (AV <sub>DD</sub> , DV <sub>DD</sub> ) <sup>9</sup>	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle DD}$	4.5	5	5.5	V	
Current (AGND + DGND)	I <sub>DD</sub>		15	25	mA	Does not include ref. current

#### NOTES

- 1. The difference between the measured and the ideal code width (V<sub>REF</sub>/256) is the DNL error (Figure 3). The INL error is the maximum distance (in LSBs) from the best fit line to any transition voltage (Figure 4). Accuracy is a function of the sampling rate (FS).
- 2 Guaranteed not tested
- 3. Specified values guarantee functionality. Refer to other parameters for accuracy.
- 4. -1dB bandwidth is a measure of performance of the A/D input stage (S/H + amplifier). Refer to other parameters for accuracy within the specified bandwidth.
- 5. See V., input equivalent circuit (Figure 5). Switched capacitor analog input requires driver with low output resistance.
- 6. All inputs have diodes to  $DV_{DD}$  and DGND. Input DC currents will not exceed specified limits for any input voltage between DGND and  $DV_{DD}$ .
- 7.  $t_R$ ,  $t_F$  should be limited to >5ns for best results.
- 8. Depends on the RC load connected to the output pin.
- 9. AGND & DGND pins are connected through the silicon substrate. Connect together at the package and to the analog ground plane.

### Specifications are subject to change without notice

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C unless otherwise noted)<sup>1, 2, 3</sup>

V <sub>DD</sub> to GND7V	Storage Temperature65 to +150°C
$V_{RT}$ & V RB $V_{DD}$ +0.5 to GND –0.5V	Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 seconds) +300°C
$V_{IN}$	Package Power Dissipation Rating @ 75°C
All InputsV <sub>DD</sub> +0.5 to GND -0.5V	PDIP, SOIC, SSOP650mW
All Outputs $V_{DD}$ +0.5 to GND –0.5V	Derates above 75°C 9mW/°C

#### NOTES:

<sup>1.</sup> Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation at or above this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

<sup>2.</sup> Any input pin which can see a value outside the absolute maximum ratings should be protected by Schottky diode clamps (HP5082-2835) from input pin to the supplies. All inputs have protection diodes which will protect the device from short transients outside the supplies of less than 100µA for less than 100ms.

<sup>3.</sup>  $V_{\rm DD}$  refers to  $AV_{\rm DD}$  and  $DV_{\rm DD}$ . GND refers to AGND and DGND.



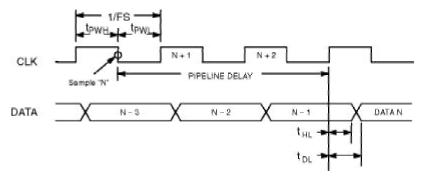


Figure 1. XRD8775 Timing Diagram

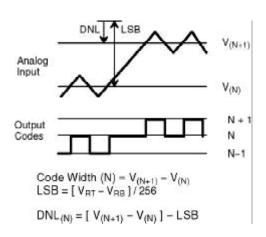


Figure 2. DNL Measurement

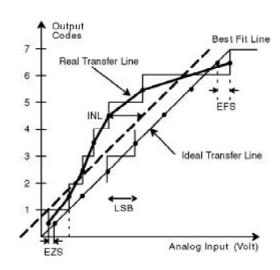


Figure 3. INL Error Calculation

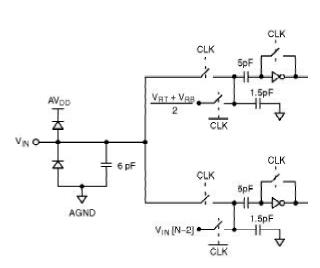


Figure 4. Equivalent Input Circuit

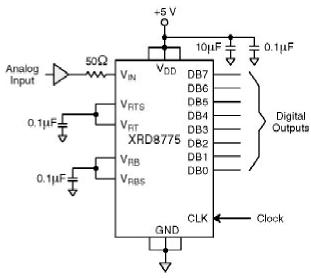


Figure 5. Typical Circuit Connections



### APPLICATION NOTES

Signals should not exceed AV<sub>DD</sub> +0.5V or go below AGND -0.5V or DV<sub>DD</sub> +0.5V or DGND -0.5V. All pins have internal protection diodes that will protect them from short transients (<100 $\mu$ s) outside the supply range.

AGND and DGND pins are connected internally through the P-substrate. DC voltage differences between these pins will cause undesirable internal substrate currents.

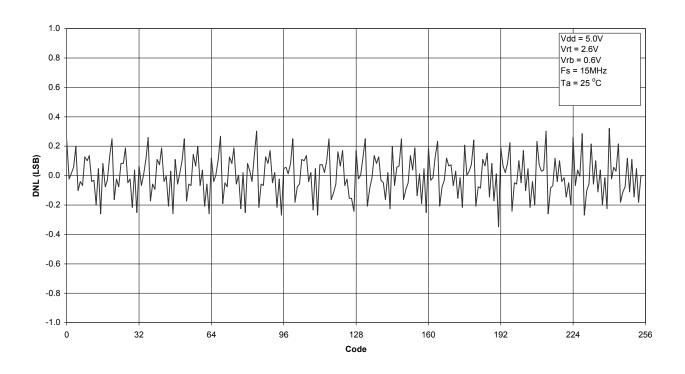
The power supply (AV<sub>DD</sub>) and reference voltage (V<sub>RT</sub> & V<sub>RB</sub>) pins should be decoupled with  $0.1\mu F$  and  $10\mu F$  capacitors to AGND, placed as close to the chip as possible.

The digital outputs should not drive long wires or buses. The capacitive coupling and reflections will contribute noise to the conversion.

To avoid timing errors, use the rising edge of the sample clock (CLK) to latch data from the XRD8775 to other parts of the system.

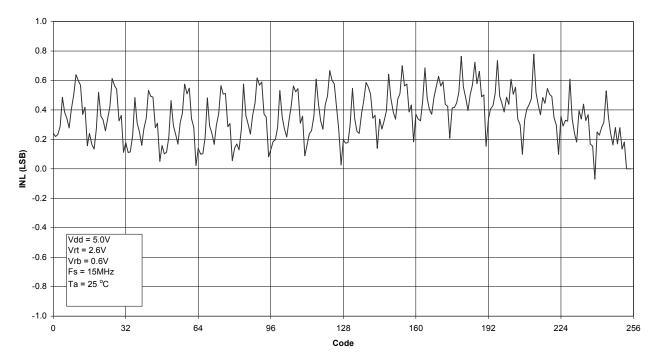
The reference can be biased internally by shorting  $V_{RT}$  to  $V_{RTS}$  and  $V_{RB}$  to  $V_{RBS}$ . This will generate 0.6V at  $V_{RB}$  and 2.6V at  $V_{RT}$  (see *Figure 5*.).

If the internal reference pins  $V_{\text{RTS}}$  and/or  $V_{\text{RBS}}$  are not used they should be left unconnected.

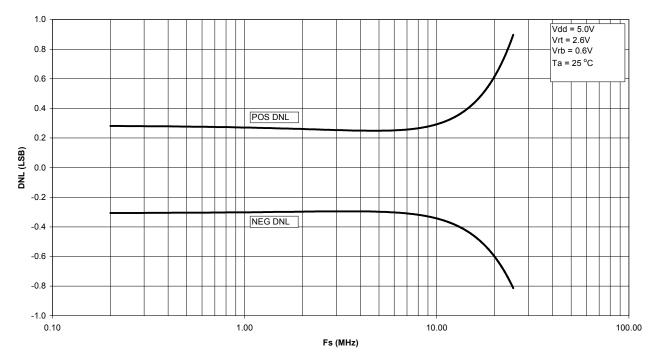


Graph 1. DNL vs. Code



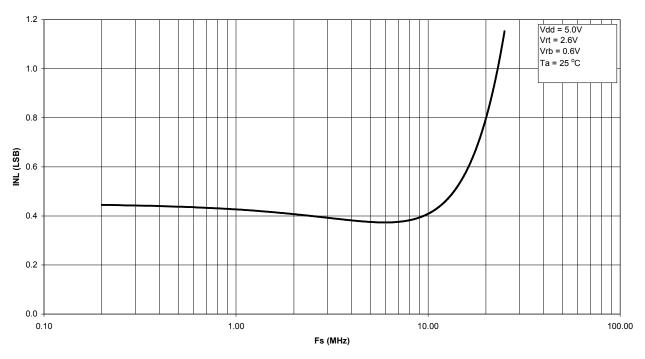


Graph 2. INL vs. Code

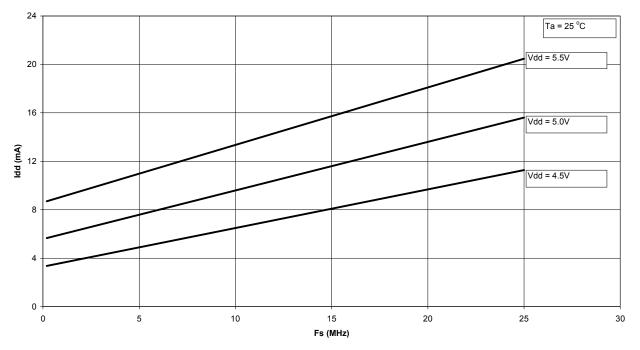


**Graph 3. DNLvs. Sampling Frequency** 



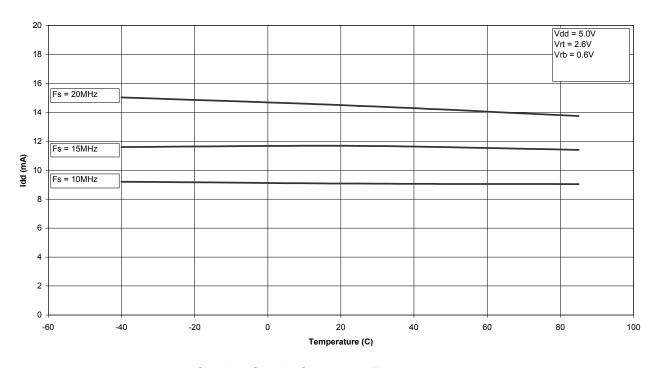


Graph 4. Best Fit INL vs. Sampling Frequency

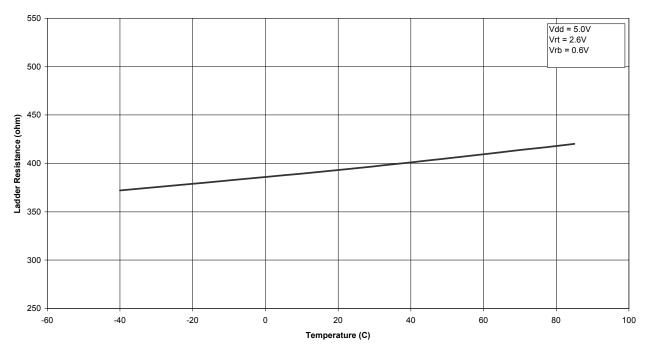


**Graph 5. IDD vs. Sampling Frequency** 



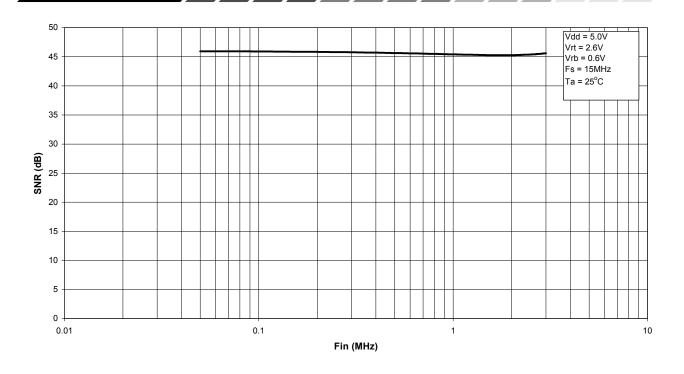


**Graph 6. Supply Current vs. Temperature** 

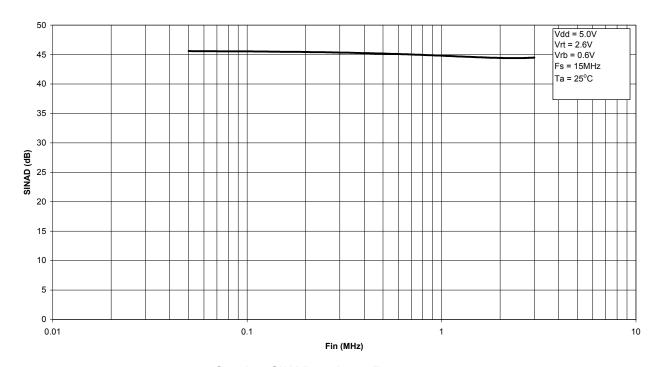


Graph 7. Ladder Resistance vs. Temperature



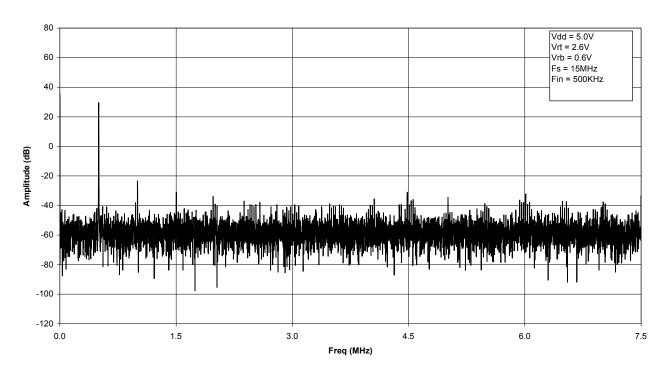


Graph 8. SNR vs. Input Frequency



**Graph 9. SINAD vs. Input Frequency** 



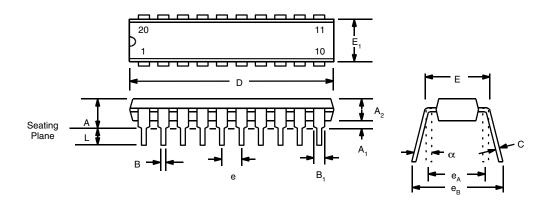


Graph 10. FFT Plot



# 20 LEAD PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE (300 MIL PDIP)

REV. 1.00

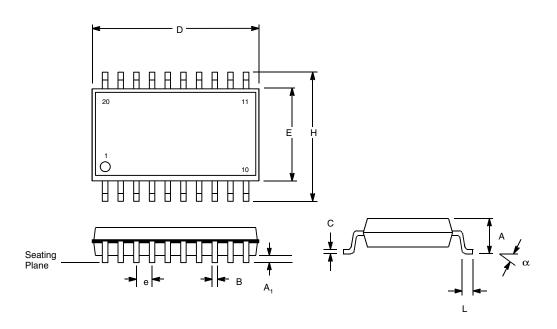


Note: The control dimension is the inch column

	INC	HES	MILL	METERS	
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.145	0.210	3.68	5.33	
A1	0.015	0.070	0.38	1.78	
A2	0.115	0.195	2.92	4.95	
В	0.014	0.024	0.36	0.56	
B1	0.030	0.070	0.76	1.78	
С	0.008	0.014	0.20	0.38	
D	0.925	1.060	23.50	26.92	
E	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.26	
E1	0.240	0.280	6.10	7.11	
е	0.10	0 BSC	2.54 BSC		
eA	0.30	0 BSC	7.62 BSC		
eB	0.310	0.430	7.87	10.92	
L	0.115	0.160	2.92	4.06	
а	0°	15°	0°	15°	



# 20 LEAD SMALL OUTLINE (300 MIL JEDEC SOIC) REV. 1.00

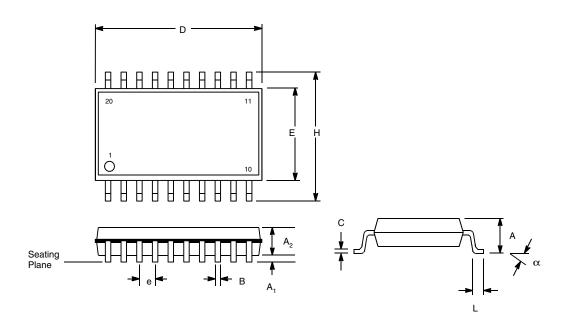


NOTE: The control dimension is the millimeter column

	IN	CHES	MILL	IMETERS
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.093	0.104	2.35	2.65
A1	0.004	0.012	0.10	0.30
В	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51
С	0.009	0.013	0.23	0.32
D	0.496	0.512	12.60	13.00
E	0.291	0.299	7.40	7.60
е	0.0	50 BSC	1.27	BSC
Н	0.394	0.419	10.00	10.65
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27
а	0°	8°	0°	8°



# 20 LEAD SHRINK SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (5.3 mm SSOP) REV. 2.00



Note: The control dimension is the millimeter column

	INC	HES	MILL	IMETERS
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.067	0.079	1.70	2.00
A1	0.002	0.006	0.05	0.15
A2	0.065	0.073	1.65	1.85
В	0.009	0.015	0.22	0.38
С	0.004	0.010	0.09	0.25
D	0.272	0.296	6.90	7.50
E	0.197	0.221	5.00	5.60
е	0.02	0.0256 BSC		BSC
Н	0.292	0.323	7.40	8.20
L	0.022	0.037	0.55	0.95
а	0°	8°	0°	8°



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