## Switch-mode

## NPN Bipolar Power Transistor For Switching Power Supply Applications

The MJE18002G have an applications specific state-of-the-art die designed for use in 220 V line operated Switch-mode Power supplies and electronic light ballasts.

#### Features

- Improved Efficiency Due to Low Base Drive Requirements:
  - ◆ High and Flat DC Current Gain h<sub>FE</sub>
  - Fast Switching
  - No Coil Required in Base Circuit for Turn-Off (No Current Tail)
- Tight Parametric Distributions are Consistent Lot-to-Lot
- Standard TO-220
- These Devices are Pb-Free and are RoHS Compliant\*

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS

F	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Collector-Emitter S	V <sub>CEO</sub>	450	Vdc	
Collector-Emitter	V <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>CES</sub> 1000		
Emitter-Base Volta	V <sub>EBO</sub>	V <sub>EBO</sub> 9.0		
Collector Current	– Continuous – Peak (Note 1)	I <sub>C</sub> I <sub>CM</sub>	2.0 5.0	Adc
Base Current – Continuous – Peak (Note 1)		I <sub>B</sub> I <sub>BM</sub>	1.0 2.0	Adc
Total Device Dissip Derate above 25°C	PD	50 0.4	W W/°C	
Operating and Stor	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to 150	°C	

#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristics	Symbol	Мах	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.5	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	62.5	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds	ΤL	260	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  10%.



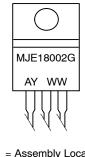
## **ON Semiconductor®**

http://onsemi.com

## POWER TRANSISTOR 2.0 AMPERES 100 VOLTS – 50 WATTS



#### MARKING DIAGRAM



A = Assembly Location

Y = Year

G = Pb-Free Package

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
MJE18002G	TO-220 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail

\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

WW = Work Week

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic				Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS				•	•			
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA, L = 25 mH)				V <sub>CEO(sus)</sub>	450	-	-	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V	$_{CE}$ = Rated V <sub>CEO</sub> , I <sub>B</sub>	; = 0)		I <sub>CEO</sub>	-	-	100	μAdc
Collector Cutoff Current (Vo (Vo	<sub>CE</sub> = Rated V <sub>CES</sub> , V <sub>ICE</sub> = 800 V, V <sub>EB</sub> = 0)		T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	I <sub>CES</sub>	_ _ _	- - -	100 500 100	μAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 9.0 \text{ Vdc}, I_{C} = 0$ )				I <sub>EBO</sub>	_	-	100	μAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS						•		•
Base-Emitter Saturation Vo	oltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 0.4 Ad (I <sub>C</sub> = 1.0 Ad			V <sub>BE(sat)</sub>		0.825 0.92	1.1 1.25	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 0.4$ Adc, $I_B = 40$ mAdc) ( $I_C = 1.0$ Adc, $I_B = 0.2$ Adc)			@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C @ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	- - - -	0.2 0.2 0.25 0.3	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6	Vdc
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$			@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	h <sub>FE</sub>	14 - 11 6.0 5.0 10	- 27 17 20 8.0 8.0 20	34 - - - - -	-
DYNAMIC CHARACTERIST	TICS							
Current Gain Bandwidth ( $I_c = 0.2 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )			f <sub>T</sub>	-	13	_	MHz	
Output Capacitance (V <sub>CB</sub> = 10 Vdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0, f = 1.0 MHz)			C <sub>ob</sub>	_	35	60	pF	
Input Capacitance (V <sub>EB</sub> = 8.0 V)			C <sub>ib</sub>	-	400	600	pF	
Dynamic Saturation: determined 1.0 $\mu$ s and 3.0 $\mu$ s after rising I <sub>B1</sub> reach 0.9 final I <sub>B1</sub> (see Figure 18)	$I_{C} = 0.4 \text{ A}$ $I_{B1} = 40 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}$	1.0 μs	@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	V <sub>CE(dsat)</sub>		3.5 8.0		Vdc
		3.0 μs	@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C			1.5 3.8		
	$I_{C} = 1.0 A$	1.0 μs	@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C			8.0 14	-	
	I <sub>B1</sub> = 0.2 A V <sub>CC</sub> = 300 V 3.0 μs		@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C			2.0 7.0	-	]

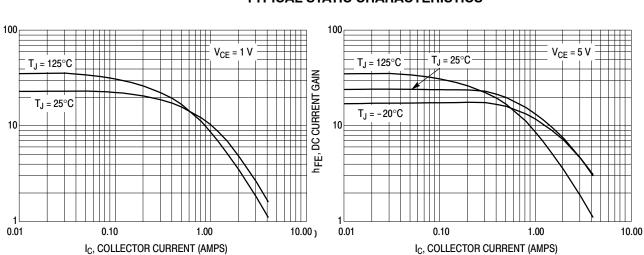
2. Proper strike and creepage distance must be provided.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** – continued ( $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic			Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS: Resistive Load (D.C. ≤ 10%, Pulse Width = 20 μs)									
Turn-On Time	$I_{C} = 0.4 \text{ Adc} \\ I_{B1} = 40 \text{ mAdc} \\ I_{B2} = 0.2 \text{ Adc} \\ V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}$	@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	t <sub>on</sub>		200 130	300 -	ns		
Turn-Off Time		@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	t <sub>off</sub>		1.2 1.5	2.5 _	μs		
Turn-On Time	$I_{C} = 1.0 \text{ Adc} \\ I_{B1} = 0.2 \text{ Adc} \\ I_{B2} = 0.5 \text{ Adc} \\ V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}$	@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	t <sub>on</sub>		85 95	150 -	ns		
Turn-Off Time		@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	t <sub>off</sub>		1.7 2.1	2.5 _	μs		
	CTEBISTICS: Inductive Load	- 0		I					

#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS: Inductive Load (V<sub>clamp</sub> = 300 V, V<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V, L = 200 $\mu H$ )

Fall Time	$I_{\rm C} = 0.4$ Adc, $I_{\rm B1} = 40$ mAdc,		t <sub>fi</sub>	_	125	200	ns
	$I_{B2} = 0.2 \text{ Adc}$	@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	-	-	120	_	
Storage Time			t <sub>si</sub>	-	0.7	1.25	μs
-		@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		-	0.8	-	
Crossover Time			t <sub>c</sub>	-	110	200	ns
		@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		-	110	-	
Fall Time	$I_{\rm C}$ = 1.0 Adc, $I_{\rm B1}$ = 0.2 Adc,		t <sub>fi</sub>	-	110	175	ns
	I <sub>B2</sub> = 0.5 Adc	@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		-	120	-	
Storage Time			t <sub>si</sub>	-	1.7	2.75	μs
		@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		-	2.25	-	
Crossover Time	7		t <sub>c</sub>	-	200	300	ns
		@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		-	250	-	
Fall Time	$I_{\rm C} = 0.4$ Adc, $I_{\rm B1} = 50$ mAdc,		t <sub>fi</sub>	-	140	200	ns
	I <sub>B2</sub> = 50 mAdc	@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		-	185	-	
Storage Time	7		t <sub>si</sub>	-	2.2	3.0	μs
		@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		-	2.5	-	
Crossover Time	7		t <sub>c</sub>	-	140	250	ns
		@ T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		-	220	-	

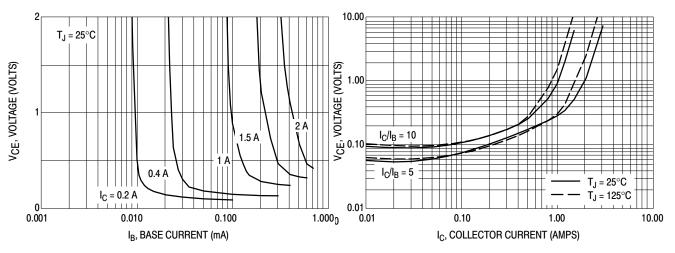


#### **TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Figure 1. DC Current Gain @ 1 Volt

hFE, DC CURRENT GAIN

Figure 2. DC Current Gain @ 5 Volts



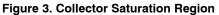


Figure 4. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

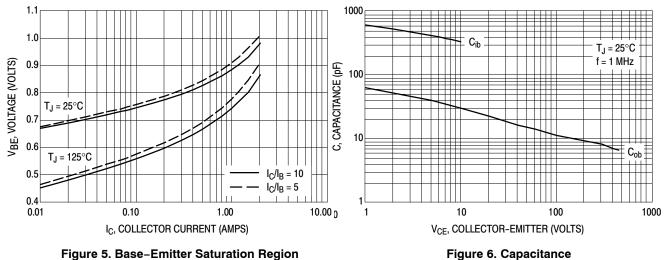
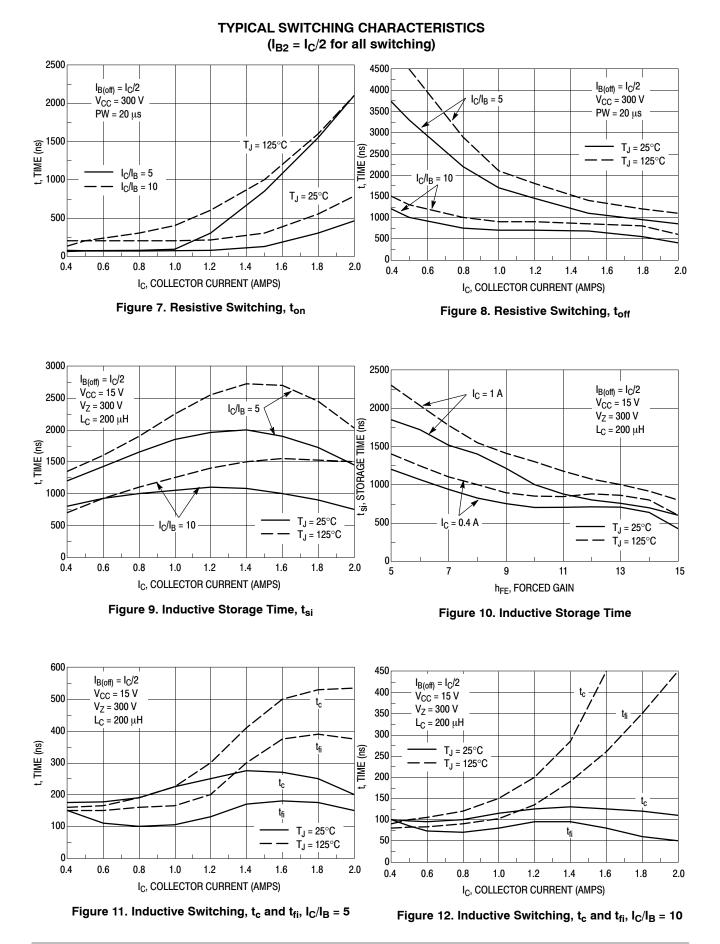
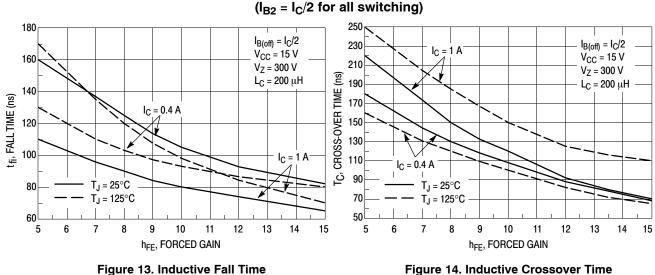


Figure 6. Capacitance





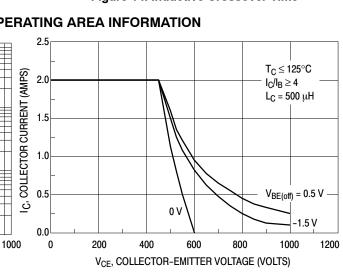
**TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS** 



50 us

10 µs=

1 us



**GUARANTEED SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION** 

VCF, COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE (VOLTS) Figure 15. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

100

10.00

1.00

0.10

0.01

10

IC, COLLECTOR CURRENT (AMPS)

5 ms

DC (MJE18002)

1 ms

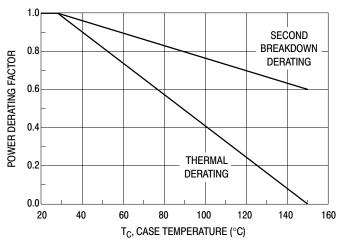
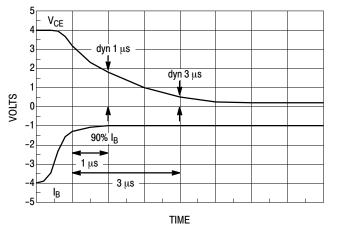
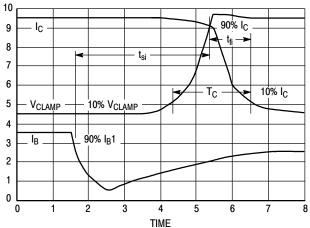


Figure 17. Forward Bias Power Derating

Figure 16. Reverse Bias Switching Safe Operating Area

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate I<sub>C</sub>-V<sub>CE</sub> limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate. The data of Figure 15 is based on  $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ ;  $T_J(pk)$  is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when  $T_C > 25^{\circ}C$ . Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on Figure 15 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Figure 17. T<sub>J</sub>(pk) may be calculated from the data in Figures 20. At any case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less the limitations imposed by second breakdown. For inductive loads, high voltage and current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. The safe level is specified as a reverse biased safe operating area (Figure 16). This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode.









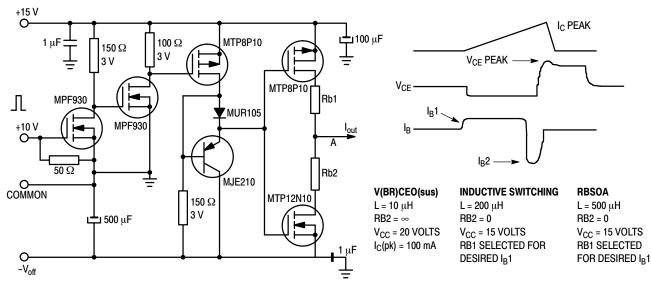
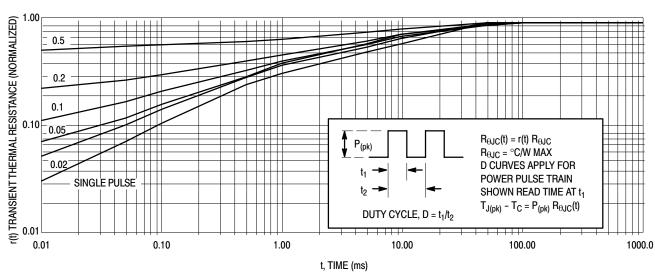


Table 1. Inductive Load Switching Drive Circuit



TYPICAL THERMAL RESPONSE



onsemi, ONSEMI, and other names, marks, and brands are registered and/or common law trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba "onsemi" or its affiliates and/or subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. onsemi owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of onsemi's product/patent coverage may be accessed at <u>www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf</u>. onsemi reserves the right to make changes at any time to any products or information herein, without notice. The information herein is provided "as-is" and onsemi makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the accuracy of the information, product features, availability, functionality, or suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does onsemi assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or indental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using onsemi products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by onsemi. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in onsemi data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. onsemi does not convey any license under any of its intellectual property rights nor the rights of others. onsemi products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification. Buyer shall indemnify and hold onsemi and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs,

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS:

Technical Library: www.onsemi.com/design/resources/technical-documentation onsemi Website: www.onsemi.com ONLINE SUPPORT: <u>www.onsemi.com/support</u> For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative at www.onsemi.com/support/sales