## AXL E EIP DI16 M12 6P

Axioline E EtherNet/IP™ device, plastic housing, 16 inputs, 24 V DC, M12 fast connection technology

# Data sheet 8426\_en\_04

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## 1 Description

The Axioline E device is designed for use within an EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> network. It is used to acquire digital signals.

#### EtherNet/IP™ features

- 2 Ethernet ports (with integrated switch)
- Minimum cycle time of 1 ms (RPI)
- Supported protocols: ACD, DLR, IGMP v2
  SNMP v1, HTTP, TFTP, FTP, BootP, DHCP
- Specification: CIP Edition 3.11; EIP adaptation of CIP 1.12
- Device description using EDS file
- Firmware can be updated
- Integrated web server for web-based management

#### **Axioline E features**

- Connection to EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> network using M12 connectors (D-coded)
- Transmission speed of 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps
- Connection of digital sensors using M12 connectors (A-coded)
- Diagnostic and status indicators
- Short-circuit and overload protection of the sensor supply

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This data sheet is only valid in association with the corresponding user manual. Make sure you always use the latest documentation. It can be downloaded via the product at <u>phoenixcontact.net/products</u>.

Only start up the AXL E EtherNet/IP™ devices with the valid EDS file.





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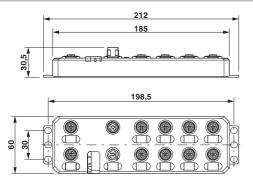
## 3 Ordering data

Description	Туре	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
Axioline E, Digital input device, EtherNet/IP™, M12 fast connection technology, Digital inputs: 16, 24 V DC, connection method: 4-wire, Plastic housing, degree of protection: IP65/67	AXL E EIP DI16 M12 6P	2701493	1
Accessories	Туре	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
An M12 screw plug for the unoccupied M12 sockets of the sensor/actuator cable, boxes and flush-type connectors (Protection and sealing elements)	PROT-M12	1680539	5
Snap-in markers, Sheet, white, unlabeled, can be labeled with: THERMOMARK PRIME, THERMOMARK CARD, BLUEMARK CLED, BLUEMARK LED, TOPMARK LASER, mounting type: snapped into marker carrier, lettering field size: 7 x 10 mm (Marking)	UCT-EM (7X10)	0830765	10
Documentation	Туре	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
User manual, English, Axioline E: system and installation	UM EN AXL E SYS INST	-	-
Application note, English: Updating the firmware of AXL E devices using the Windows Explorer	AH EN FIRMWARE UPDATE AXL E	-	-
Additional ordering data			

For additional accessories, visit phoenixcontact.net/products.

## 4 Technical data

### Dimensions (nominal sizes in mm)



Width	60 mm
Height	185 mm
Depth	30.5 mm
Note on dimensions	The height is 212 mm including fixing clips.

General data	
Housing material	Pocan <sup>®</sup>
Color	anthracite
Weight	480 g
Ambient temperature (operation)	-25 °C 60 °C
CALITION, Diels of human	

#### CAUTION: Risk of burns

If the device is used at an ambient temperature above 50°C, the contact temperature of metal surfaces may exceed 70°C.

Ambient temperature (storage/transport)	-25 °C 85 °C
Permissible humidity (operation)	5 % 95 %
Permissible humidity (storage/transport)	5 % 95 %
Air pressure (operation)	70 kPa 106 kPa (up to 3000 m above sea level)
Air pressure (storage/transport)	70 kPa 106 kPa (up to 3000 m above sea level)
Degree of protection	IP65/IP67
Protection class	III, IEC 61140, EN 61140, VDE 0140-1
Connection data	

## Connection data

Connection method

M12 connector

Interface: EtherNet/IP™	
Number	2
Designation connection point	Copper cable
Connection method	M12 fast connection technology
Note on the connection method	D-coded
Number of positions	4
Transmission speed	10/100 Mbps (with auto negotiation)
Cycle Time	min. 1 ms (RPI)
EtherNet/IP™	
Equipment type	EtherNet/IP™ slave
EtherNet/IP™ protocols	ACD, DLR, IGMP v2
Additional protocols	SNMP v1, HTTP, TFTP, FTP, BootP, DHCP
Specification	CIP Edition 3.11 EIP adaptation of CIP 1.12
Supply: Module electronics and sensors (U <sub>S</sub> )	
Connection method	M12 connector (T-coded)
Number of positions	4
Supply voltage	24 V DC
Nominal supply voltage range	18 V DC 31.2 V DC (including all tolerances, including ripple)
Current draw	190 mA ±15 % (at 24 V DC) max. 12 A
Supply: Actuators (U <sub>A</sub> ) for additional devices	
Connection method	M12 connector (T-coded)
Number of positions	4
Supply voltage	24 V DC
Nominal supply voltage range	18 V DC 31.2 V DC (including all tolerances, including ripple)
Current draw	3 mA ±15 % (at 24 V DC) max. 12 A
Digital inputs	
Number of inputs	16
Connection method	M12 connector, double occupancy
Connection technology	4-wire
Description of the input	EN 61131-2 types 1 and 3
Nominal input voltage	24 V DC
Nominal input current	typ. 3 mA
Sensor current per channel	typ. 0.75 mA (From U <sub>S</sub> )
Total sensor current	max. 1.2 A (Per device)
Input voltage range "0" signal	-30 V DC 5 V DC
Input voltage range "1" signal	11 V DC 30 V DC

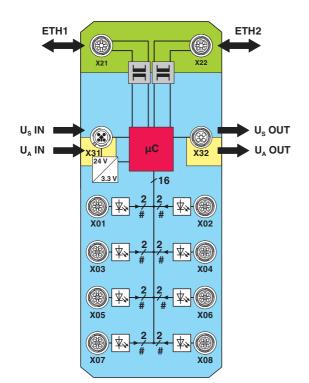
Digital inputs	
Input filter time	< 1000 µs
Permissible conductor length to the sensor	30 m
Overload protection, short-circuit protection of sensor supply	yes
Electrical isolation/isolation of the voltage areas	
Test section	Test voltage
24 V supply (communications power and sensor supply, digital inputs)/bus connection (Ethernet 1)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
24 V supply (communications power and sensor supply, digital inputs)/bus connection (Ethernet 2)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
24 V supply (communications power and sensor supply, digital inputs)/FE	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
Bus connection (Ethernet 1)/FE	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
Bus connection (Ethernet 2)/FE	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
Bus connection (Ethernet 1)/bus connection (Ethernet 2)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
24 V supply (actuator supply)/24 V supply (communications power and sensor supply, digital inputs)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
24 V supply (actuator supply)/bus connection (Ethernet 1)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
24 V supply (actuator supply)/bus connection (Ethernet 2)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
24 V supply (actuator supply)/FE	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min.
Mechanical tests	
Vibration resistance according to	5g

Vibration resistance according to EN 60068-2-6/IEC 60068-2-6	5g
Shock iaccording to EN 60068-2-27/IEC 60068-2-27	30g, 11 ms period, half-sine shock pulse
Continuous shock according to EN 60068-2-27/IEC 60068-2-27	10g

Conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU			
Noise immunity test in accordance with EN 61000-6-2			
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) EN 61000-4-2/IEC 61000-4-2	Criterion B, 6 kV contact discharge, 8 kV air discharge		
Electromagnetic fields EN 61000-4-3/IEC 61000-4-3	Criterion A, Field intensity: 10 V/m		
Fast transients (burst) EN 61000-4-4/IEC 61000-4-4	Criterion B, 2 kV		
Transient overvoltage (surge) EN 61000-4-5/IEC 61000-4-5	Criterion B, DC supply lines: ±0.5 kV/±0.5 kV (symmetrical/asymmetrical)		
Conducted interference EN 61000-4-6/IEC 61000-4-6	Criterion A; Test voltage 10 V		
Noise emission test as per EN 61000-6-4			
Radio interference properties EN 55022	Class A		

## Approvals

For the latest approvals, please visit phoenixcontact.net/products.



## 5 Internal circuit diagram

Figure 1 Internal wiring of connections

Key:		
Green area:		Network
Blue area:		U <sub>S</sub>
Yellow are	a:	U <sub>A</sub>
	Transmitter with	electrical isolation
	Power supply un	it with electrical isolation
μϹ	Microcontroller	
*	Digital input	
<b>\_\</b>	LED	

#### Pin assignment 6

#### 6.1 EtherNet/IP™ and power supply connection

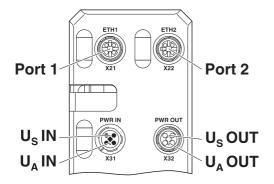


Figure 2 Connections for EtherNet/IP™ and voltage supply

Designation	Meaning
Port 1 (X21)	Ethernet port 1
Port 2 (X22)	Ethernet port 2
U <sub>S</sub> IN (X31)	Power supply IN (logic and sensors)
U <sub>A</sub> IN (X31)	Power Supply IN (actuators) for additional devices
U <sub>S</sub> OUT (X32)	Power supply OUT for additional devices
U <sub>A</sub> OUT (X32)	Power supply OUT for additional devices



Ground the device by means of the mounting screws.

#### 6.2 EtherNet/IP™ pin assignment

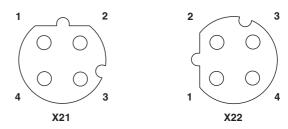


Figure 3 Ethernet pin assignment, D-coded

Pin	Ethernet port 1 (X21)	Ethernet port 2 (X22)
1	TX+	TX+
2	RX+	RX+
3	TX-	TX-
4	RX-	RX-



The shield is connected to FE in the device.

The thread is used for additional shielding.

#### Pin assignment of the power supply $U_S/U_A$ 6.3

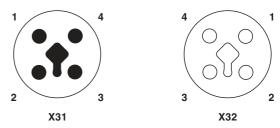


Figure 4

Pin assignment of the power supply, T-coded

Pin	IN	OUT	Conductor colors
1	+24 V DC (U <sub>S</sub> )	+24 V DC ( $U_S$ )	Brown
2	GND (U <sub>A</sub> )	GND (U <sub>A</sub> )	White
3	GND (U <sub>S</sub> )	GND (U <sub>S</sub> )	Blue
4	+24 V DC (U <sub>A</sub> )	+24 V DC (U <sub>A</sub> )	Black

### 6.4 Input connection

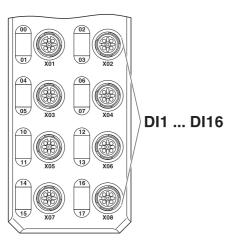


Figure 5 Input connections

Designation	Meaning
DI1 DI16 (X01 X08)	Inputs 1 16

#### 6.5 Pin assignment of the inputs

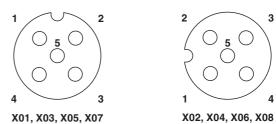


Figure 6 Pin assignment of the inputs, A-coded

Pin	Input socket
1	+24 V DC (U <sub>S</sub> )
2	Input 2, 4, 6, 16
3	GND
4	Input 1, 3, 5 15
5	FE

## 7 Connection example

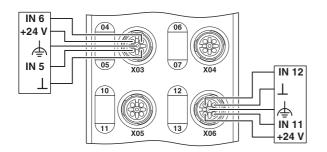


Figure 7 Typical connection of sensors

## 8 Connection notes



#### Note: data corruption or loss

Implement the FE connection using mounting screws, in order to ensure immunity to interference.

### NOTE: device damage

To ensure IP65/67 degree of protection, cover unused sockets with protective caps.



#### NOTE: Damage to the electronics

Only supply the sensors with the voltage  ${\rm U}_{\rm S}$  provided at the terminal points.



#### NOTE: Damage to the electronics

Observe the correct polarity of the supply voltages  $U_S$  and  $U_A$  in order to prevent damage to the device.



#### **NOTE: Malfunction**

When connecting the sensors, observe the assignment of the connections to the EtherNet/IP™ input data.



Secure the device to a level surface or to a profile. Do not use this device to bridge gaps, in order to prevent forces being transmitted via the device.



Use standard M5 screws with toothed lock washer and self-locking nuts. Observe the maximum torque of the screws.

## 9 Configuration via rotary encoding switch

You can configure the address assignment and other functions using rotary encoding switches.

After modifying the switch position, restart the device, as the modification to the switch position does not take effect during operation.

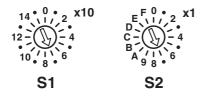


Figure 8 Rotary encoding switch

The code results from the sum of S1 x 10 plus S2 x 1. The image shows code 77 (7 x 10 + 7).

S1	S2	Code	Function	
0	0	00	Remote access (default)	
05	1 0	01 50	Manual address assignment	
5 15	09	51 159	DHCP name assignment	
0	А	0A	Static address	
0	Е	0E	Resetting IP parameters	
0	F	0F	Resetting to the default	
			settings	
	Other		Reserved	

#### 9.1 Remote access

#### Switch position 00

At this switch position, it is possible to remotely configure the device using corresponding tools (e.g., Startup+, web-based management (WBM)).

# Behavior during initial startup, after resetting the IP parameters or after resetting to default settings

A valid IP address is not assigned (0.0.0.0) and communication is therefore not possible.

The device transmits continuous BootP requests (2 s, 4 s, 8 s, 2 s ...), until a valid IP address has been received.

Valid IP parameters are then automatically saved as configuration data on the device.

#### Each additional startup

If BootP is not explicitly deactivated, the device transmits continuous BootP requests (2 s, 4 s, 8 s, 2 s, etc.), until a valid IP address has been received.

Valid IP parameters are then automatically saved as configuration data on the device.

#### 9.2 Manual address assignment

Switch position 01 ... 50

#### Default: BootP deactivated, DHCP activated

The first three octets in the IP address are preset as 192.168.0.x.

The subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

Specify the last byte with the switch position.

As such, you can select IP addresses between 192.168.0.1 and 192.168.0.50.

Prior to transferring the IP address, a test is performed to check for any potential IP address conflicts. If a conflict is detected, the device temporarily switches the IP address to 0.0.0.0 (no IP communication). In this case, the NET LED flashes red. Eliminate the conflict and restart the device.

#### 9.3 DHCP name assignment

#### Switch position 51 ... 159

This switch position is used to easily specify the DHCP host name for the device.

The host name is provided to the DHCP server via DHCP options. This is therefore able to send a DNS update to the DNS server.

The DNS name consists of one set part, which is based on the order designation, and a variable part, which is determined by the switch position.

The first part of the station name is AXL-E-EIP-.

The set number is added.

This results in the following station names: AXL-E-EIP-051 ... AXL-E-EIP-159.

# Behavior during initial startup, after resetting the IP parameters or after resetting to default settings

A valid IP address is not assigned (0.0.0.0) and communication is therefore not possible.

The device transmits continuous DHCP discover messages until a valid IP address has been received.

#### Each additional startup

The device transmits continuous DHCP requests.

There are two possible scenarios:

- 1. The DHCP server assigns a new IP address.  $\Rightarrow$  The device applies the new IP parameters.
- The DHCP server does not respond.
  ⇒ The device transmits continuous DHCP Discover messages until new IP parameters have been received.

#### 9.4 Static address

#### Switch position 0A

# Behavior during initial startup, after resetting the IP parameters or after resetting to default settings

A valid IP address is not assigned (0.0.0.0) and communication is therefore not possible.

Assign an address initially with another switch position.

#### Each additional startup

After a voltage reset, the device maintains the IP address which was assigned last.



With this switch position, modifying the IP address via tools or web-based management is not possible.

#### 9.5 Resetting IP parameters

#### Switch position 0E

The IP parameters stored on the device are reset.

All other settings made on the device are retained.

- BootP is activated for switch position 00.
- IP address, subnet mask: 0.0.0.0

As long as the switch position 0E remains selected, no connection to the device can be established.

IP communication is deactivated (LED NET static yellow).

#### 9.6 Resetting to the default settings

#### Switch position 0F

All settings are reset to default settings, including IP parameters.



The device is ready for operation after powering up, as soon as the RDY LED lights up green. A connection to the device however cannot be established in this switch position. As soon as the RDY LED lights up green, a new switch position can be selected on the rotary encoding switch and the device can be restarted.

#### 9.7 Reserved/invalid switch position

The device starts with the previous settings, e.g., with the settings that were valid before the device was restarted.

An invalid switch position is indicated by the RDY LED (red on).

## 10 Local status and diagnostic indicators

10.1 Indicators for Ethernet ports and power supply

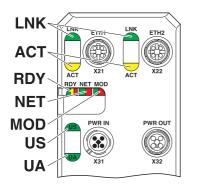


Figure 9 Indicators for Ethernet ports and power supply

Designation	Color	Meaning	State	Description
LNK 1/2	Green	Link	Green ON	Connection present at port 1/2.
			OFF	Connection not present at port 1/2.
ACT 1/2	Yellow	Activity	Yellow flashing	Data transmission present at port 1/2.
			OFF	Data transmission not present at port 1/2.
RDY	Green/ yellow/	Ready	Green ON	Device is ready for operation.
	red		Yellow flashing	Firmware update is being performed.
			Flashing	Over- or undervoltage at U <sub>S</sub>
			green/	Temperature of the device is in the critical area.
			yellow	Failure of the actuator supply U <sub>A</sub>
				And red US LED: sensor supply overload
			Red ON	Rotary encoding switches are set to an invalid/reserved position.
			OFF	Device is not ready for operation.
NET	Green/ red	Network status	Green ON	At least one CIP connection is in place and the exclusive owner connection has no time-out.
			Green flashing	An IP address is configured, no CIP connection is yet in place, and the exclusive owner connection has no time-out.
			Red ON	An IP address conflict has been determined.
			Flashing	Connection time-out. A time-out of an exclusive owner connection
			red	has occurred.
			Flashing green/ red	Self test
			OFF	Device is not ready for operation.

Designation	Color	Meaning	State	Description
MOD	Green/ red	Module status	Green ON	Normal operation
			Green flashing	The device is not configured.
			Red ON	A unrecoverable error has occurred.
			Flashing red	A recoverable error has occurred.
			Flashing green/ red	Self test
			OFF	Device is not ready for operation.
US	Green/ red	U <sub>Sensorik</sub>	Green ON	Communications power/sensor voltage present
			OFF	Communications power/sensor voltage not present or too low.
			Red ON	Sensor voltage overload
UA	Green	U <sub><b>A</b>ktorik</sub>	ON	Actuator voltage present.
			OFF	Actuator voltage not present.

#### 10.2 Input indicators

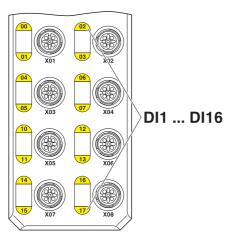


Figure 10 LEDs of the inputs

Designation	Color	Meaning	State	Description
00 07,	Yellow	Status of the inputs	ON	Input is set.
10 17			OFF	Input is not set.



The numbering of the LEDs is as follows: the first number specifies the byte, the second number specifies the bit.

## 11 EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> object classes, messages, and services

The device supports the Common Industrial Protocol (CIP) by using digital input points (DIPs) according to the ODVA specification. EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> uses the Common Industrial Protocol (CIP) as the application layer. IP and TCP or UDP are used for the network and transport layers. CIP and EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> are standardized by the ODVA on a manufacturer-neutral basis. The Common Industrial Protocol is an object-oriented protocol with two different types of communication between a controller and termination devices.

The following table describes the two communication types.

Connection type	Description
Explicit messaging	Explicit messaging is based on the request / response principle. This means that a controller or an engineering system sends a request and the termination device responds. For example, explicit messaging can be used for configuration and/or diagnostics.
Implicit messaging	Implicit messaging is used for the cyclic transmission of I/O data. That means, for example, that a termination device sends an analog value which is present at a termination device input. The time for a transmission cycle can be set via the requested packet interval (RPI).

#### 11.1 CIP class and instance services

The device supports the following class services and instance services:

Service code		Service name
dec	hex	
01	01	Get_Attribute_All
02	02	Set_Attribute_All
05	05	Reset
09	09	Delete
14	0E	Get_Attribute_Single
16	10	Set_Attribute_Single

#### 11.2 CIP object classes

The device supports the following CIP object classes:

Class code		Object type	
dec	hex		
01	01	Identity object	
04	04	Assembly object	
06	06	Connection manager object	
08	08	Digital input point object	
71	47	Device level ring object	
72	48	Quality of Service object	
245	F5	TCP/IP interface object	
246	F6	Ethernet link object	

## 11.3 Identity object (class code 01<sub>hex</sub>)

The Identity object is required by all devices and provides the device ID and general information about the device.

### **Class attributes**

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value
1	Version	Get	UINT	1
2	Max instance	Get	UINT	1
6	Max class attribute	Get	UINT	7
7	Max instance attribute	Get	UINT	9

#### Instance attributes

Attribute	Name	Acce	Data type	Value		
		SS	-			
1	Vendor ID	Get	UINT	562 ("Phoenix Contact")		
2	Device type	Get	UINT	General purpose discrete I/O		
3	Product code	Get	UINT	8174		
4	Version	Get	STRUCT of	1		
	Major revision		USINT	1		
	Minor revision		USINT	1		
5	Status	Get	WORD	Bit 0	Owned	
				Bit 1	Reserved	
				Bit 2	Configured	
				Bit 3	Reserved	
				Bit 4 bit 7	Extended device status	
				Bit 8	Minor recoverable fault	
				Bit 9	Minor unrecoverable fault	
				Bit 10	Major recoverable fault	
				Bit 11	Major unrecoverable fault	
				Bit 12 bit 15	Extended device status 2	
6	Serial number	Get	UDINT	Is fixed in production p		
7	Product name	Get	STRING	AXL E EIP DI16 M12 6	P	
8	State	Get	USINT	0 = Nonexistent		
				1 = Device self testing		
				2 = Standby		
				3 = Operational		
				4 = Major recoverable		
				5 = Major unrecoverab	le fault	
				6 254 = Reserved		
				255 = Default for Get_Attribute_All service		
9	Configuration consistency value	Get	USINT	CRC checksum		

Service code		Class	Instance	Service name
dec	hex			
01	01	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_All
05	05	No	Yes	Reset
14	0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
16	10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

#### 11.4 Assembly object (class code 4<sub>hex</sub>)

The Assembly object combines attributes of multiple objects to allow data to or from each object to be sent or received via a single connection.

#### **Class attributes**

I	Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value
	1	Version	Get	UINT	2
Ī	2	Max instance	Get	UINT	102

#### Instance attributes

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Description
3	Data	Get, Set	ARRAY of Byte	Current Process data of the correspondent Assembly instance
4	Size	Get	UINT	Number of bytes in attribute 3

#### **Common services**

Service co	Service code		Instance	Service name
dec	hex			
14	0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
16	10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

## 11.5 Connection manager object (class code 06<sub>hex</sub>)

#### **Class attributes**

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value
1	Version	Get	UINT	1
2	Max instance	Get	UINT	1

#### 11.6 Discrete Input Point object (class code 08<sub>hex</sub>)

The Digital input point (DIP) object mirrors the digital inputs.

This object can be used in simple toggle switches as well as in complex I/O control modules.

Each device has a separate instance for each digital input.

#### **Class attributes**

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value
1	Version	Get	UINT	2

#### Instance attributes

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value
3	Value	Get	BOOL	0 = Off; 1 = On
4	Status	Get	BOOL	0 = OK; 1 = Fault

Service co	Service code		Instance	Service name
dec	hex			
14	0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
16	10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

## 11.7 Device level ring DLR object (class code 47<sub>hex</sub>)

#### **Class attributes**

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value
1	Version	Get	UINT	2

#### Instance attributes

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value/description	
1	Network topology	Get	USINT	0 = Linear	
				1 = Ring	
2	Network status	Get	USINT	0 = Normal	
				1 = Ring fault	
				2 = Unexpected ring detected	
				3 = Partial net fault	
				4 = Rapid fault/Restore cycle	
10	Active supervisor address	Get	STRUCT	IP and/or MAC address of the active ring supervisor	
			of		
			UDINT	Supervisor IP address	
			Array of 6	Supervisor MAC address	
			USINTs		
12	Capability flags	Get	DWORD	Bit 0	Announced-based ring
					node
				Bit 1	Beacon-based ring note
				Bit 2 bit 4	Reserved
				Bit 5	Supervisor capable
				Bit 6 bit 31	Reserved

Service co	Service code		Instance	Service name
dec	hex			
1	01	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_All
14	0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_All

#### 11.8 Quality of service object (class code 48<sub>hex</sub>)

Quality of Service (QoS) affects the forwarding and handling of data streams and results in individual data streams being given differential treatment (usually preferential). QoS can be used, e.g., to guarantee a transmission bandwidth for individual data streams. The device uses QoS in connection with prioritization.

#### **Class attributes**

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value
1	Version	Get	UINT	1
2	Max instance	Get	UINT	1

#### Instance attributes

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value/description
1	802.1Q tag enable	Get, Set	UINT	0 = off; 1 = on
4	DSCP urgent	Get, Set	USINT	DSCP value for CIP transport class 0/1 Urgent priority message (default 55)
5	DSCP scheduled	Get, Set	USINT	DSCP value for CIP transport class 0/1 Scheduled priority message (default 47)
6	DSCP high	Get, Set	USINT	DSCP value for CIP transport class 0/1 High priority message (default 43)
7	DSCP low	Get, Set	USINT	DSCP value for CIP transport class 0/1 Low priority message (default 31)
8	DSCP explicit	Get, Set	USINT	DSCP value for CIP explicit messages (transport class 2/3 and UCMM) and all other EtherNet/IP <sup>™</sup> encapsulation messages (default 27)

Service code		Class	Instance	Service name	
dec	hex				
14	0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single	
16	10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single	

## 11.9 TCP/IP object (class code F5<sub>hex</sub>)

#### **Class attributes**

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value
1	Version	Get	UINT	3
2	Max instance	Get	UINT	1

#### Instance attributes

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value/description	on
1	Version	Get	DWORD	Bit 0 bit 3	Interface configuration status
				Bit 4	Mcast pending (always 0)
				Bit 5	Interface configuration pending
				Bit 6	AcdStatus
				Bit 7	AcdFault
				Bit 8 bit 31	Reserved
2	Configuration capability	Get	DWORD	Bit 0	BOOTP client
				Bit 1	Not supported
				Bit 2	DHCP client
				Bit 4	TCP/IP config setable via ETH/IP
				Bit 5	Not supported
				Bit 6	Not supported
				Bit 7	AcdCapable
				Bit 8 bit 31	Reserved
3	Configuration control	Get, Set	DWORD	Bit 0 bit 3	0 = The device use static IP configuration.
					1 = The device use BOOTP.
					2 = The device use DHCP.
				Bit 4	Not supported
				Bit 5 bit 31	Reserved
4	Physical link object	Get	STRUCT of	Path to Physical I	ink object
	- Path size		UINT	4	
	Path		Padded EPATH	20 <sub>hex</sub> , F6 <sub>hex</sub> , 25 <sub>h</sub>	<sub>ex</sub> , 01 <sub>hex</sub>
5	Interface configuration	Get, Set	STRUCT of	TCP/IP network i	nterface configuration
	IP address	-	UDINT	IP adress of the c	levice
	Network mask		UDINT	Network mask of	the device
	Gateway address		UDINT	Default gateway	address
	Name server		UDINT	Primary name se	rver (always 0.0.0.0)
	Name server 2	1	UDINT	Secondary name	server (always 0.0.0.0)
	Domain name	1	STRING	Default domain n	ame (always empty)
6	Host name	Get, Set	STRING	Host name of the	device
10	Select acd	Get, Set	BOOL	0 =Disable, 1 = E	nable (default)

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Value/description
11	Last conflict detected	Set	STRUCT of	Structure containing information related to the last conflict detected
	AcdActivity		USINT	State of ACD activity when last conflict detected
				0 = Nonconflictdetected (default)
				1 = Probelpv4Address
				2 = OngoingDetection
				3 = SemiActiveProbe
	Remote MAC		Array of 6 USINTs	MAC address of remote node from the ARP PDU in which a conflict was detected
	ArpPdu	1	ARRAY of 28 USINTs	Copy of the raw ARP PDU in which a conflict was detected
12	Ethernet/IP quick connect	Get, Set	BOOL	0 = Disble (default); 1 = Enable

Service code		Class	Instance	Service name
dec	hex			
1	01	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_All
14	0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single
16	10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single

## 11.10 Ethernet link object (class code F6<sub>hex</sub>)

#### **Class attributes**

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Description
1	Version	Get	UINT	3
2	Max instance	Get	UINT	10
3	Number of instances	Get	UINT	2

#### Instance attributes

Attribute	Name	Access	Data type	Description		
1	Interface speed	Get	UINT	Interface speed 10, 100)	d currently in use. Speed in Mbps (e.g.	
2	Interface flags	Get	DWORD	Bit 0	Link state	
				Bit 1	Half/Full duplex state: 0 = Half duplex, 1 = Full duplex	
				Bit 2 bit 4	Autonegotiation status 0 = Autonegotiation in process 2 = Autonegotiation failed but detected speed 3 = Successfully negotiated 4 = Autonegotiation not attempted	
				Bit 5	Not supported	
				Bit 6	Not supported	
3	Physical address	Get	Array of 6 USINTs	MAC layer address		
6	Interface control	Set	STRUCT of	Configuration f	or physical interface	
	Control bits		WORD	Interface control bits		
				Bit 0	Auto negotiate (set)	
					0 = Auto negotiation disabled	
					0 = Auto negotiation enabled	
				Bit 1	Forced duplex mode (set): 0 = Half duplex; 1 = Full duplex Set only if auto negotiation is disabled	
				Bit 2 bit 15	Reserved, shall be set to 0	
	Forced interface speed	Forced interface speed		which the inter 10 = 10 Mbps 100 = 100 Mbp	erface speed bits indicate the speed at face shall operate. os negotiation is disabled.	
10	Interface label	Get	STRING	Interface name	3	

Service code		Class	Instance	Service name	
dec	hex				
14	0E	Yes	Yes	Get_Attribute_Single	
16	10	No	Yes	Set_Attribute_Single	

## 12 EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>Assembly instances

	Exclusive owner	Input only	Listen only
Input data length in bytes	-	6	6
Assembly instance	-	101	101
Output data length in bytes	-	0	0
Assembly instance	-	193	192
Configuration data length in bytes	-	-	-
Assembly instance	-	-	-

#### 12.1 Assembly instance 101 (IN process data)

Byte	Function	Description		
0 3	Status byte	Status information		
4	Input data	Input data channel 1 8		
5	Input data	Input data channel 9 16		

The first four bytes of the input data have the same format for all Axioline E versions.

Bit 31 bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
Reserved		Supply of the module electronics and sensors (U <sub>S</sub> )		Reserved				
Reserved	Undervoltage Overload			Rese	erved			

Input process data																
Byte	Byte 4				Byte 5											
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IN	07	06	05	04	03	02	01	00	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
Connection	Х	04	Х	03	Х	02	Х	01	Х	38	Х	07	X	06	Х	05
Pin	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4
DI	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9

Key:

Bit: Process data assignment

IN: LED marking

DI: Device input

### 13 Startup

#### 13.1 Delivery state/default settings

By default upon delivery, the following functions and features are available:

#### **IP** settings

IP parameters:	0.0.0.0
Subnet mask:	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
BootP:	activated

#### Firmware update

Firmware update on next	
restart:	deactivated
TFTP server IP address:	192.168.210.211
Firmware file name:	FIRMWARE.NXF

#### System identification

Device name:	No name assigned
Description:	No description assigned
Device location:	No location assigned
Contact:	No contact assigned

#### Web-based Management (WBM)

User name:	admin
Password:	private

#### 13.2 Restoring the default settings

There are two options for resetting the default settings:

- Via web-based management, go to the Administration web page > default settings and follow the instructions.
- Via the rotary coding switch, switch position 0F

#### 13.3 Starting the firmware

Once you have connected the power, the firmware is started.

After completion of the firmware boot process, the NET LED either lights up or flashes green.

## 14 SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol

The device supports SNMP v1.

#### **Management Information Base - MIB**



The corresponding latest MIBs are available on the Internet at phoenixcontact.net/ products.

For the object descriptions, please refer to the ASN1 descriptions for this product.

The password for read access is "public" and cannot be changed.

By default upon delivery, the password for write/read access is "private" and can be modified at any time.

## 15 DLR - Device Level Ring

The device supports DLR.

DLR is a protocol that works on Layer 2 for multi-port-EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> devices.

The use of DLR is transparent for the protocols which work on higher levels such as TCP/IP.

DLR increases the network availability, thanks to a redundant ring topology with a switch-over time of less than 3 ms for error detection and reconfiguration.

The DLR protocol supports the 1-ring topology. Multiple rings or overlapping rings are not possible.

## 16 WBM - Web-based management

The device has a web server, which generates the required pages for web-based management and, depending on the requirements of the user, sends them to a standard web browser. Web-based management can be used to access static information (e.g., technical data, MAC address) or dynamic information (e.g., IP address, status information).

#### Calling web-based management

The device web server can be addressed using the IP address if configured accordingly. The homepage (web page) of the device is accessed by entering the URL "http://ip-address". Example: http://172.16.113.38 The default user name is "admin", the default password is "private".



If you cannot access the WBM pages, check the connection settings in your browser and deactivate the proxy, if set.

## 17 Firmware update

In order to update the firmware of the device, the device must be provided with a firmware container via a TFTP server or it must be loaded onto the device via FTP. Any FTP client or TFTP server can be used for this. The update must always be initiated by the web-based management. When carrying out the firmware update, the RDY LED flashes yellow.

## 18 Quick Connect

The device supports Quick Connect Class A.

After switching on the mains voltage, it is ready to operate in under 350 ms in order to process a connection request.

A cyclic process data connection can be established in under 500 ms.

## 19 Connection types

The device supports the connection types Exclusive Owner, Input Only, and Listen Only.

- Exclusive Owner and Input Only can be configured by the scanner as a Multicast or Point to Point connection in the Target to Originator direction.
- Listen Only connections can only be used as Multicast.

In the case of the AXL E Ethernet/IP<sup>™</sup> device, the data is transmitted to the scanner with a connection.

## 20 Device description (EDS)

In the case of EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>, a device description file (EDS) is required for various configuration tools.

For each Axioline E EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> device, an individual specific EDS file is provided.



Use the EDS file in the RSLogix<sup>™</sup> 5000 software, Version 20.01.00 or later (CPR 9 SR 5).