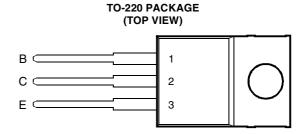
BOURNS®

- Designed for Complementary Use with BDW94, BDW94A, BDW94B and BDW94C
- 80 W at 25°C Case Temperature
- 12 A Continuous Collector Current
- Minimum h_{FE} of 750 at 3V, 5 A



Pin 2 is in electrical contact with the mounting base.

MDTRACA

This series is obsolete and not recommended for new designs.

absolute maximum ratings at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

RATING			VALUE	UNIT	
	BDW93		45		
Collector-base voltage (I _E = 0)	BDW93A	V	60	V	
	BDW93B	V _{СВО}	80		
	BDW93C		100		
	BDW93		45	V	
Collector-emitter voltage (I _B = 0)	BDW93A	V	60		
	BDW93B	V _{CEO}	80		
	BDW93C		100		
Emitter-base voltage		V _{EBO}	5	V	
Continuous collector current		I _C	12	Α	
Continuous base current		I _B	0.3	Α	
Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C case temperature (see Note 1)			80	W	
Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C free air temperature (see Note 2)		P_{tot}	2	W	
Operating junction temperature range			-65 to +150	°C	
Storage temperature range			-65 to +150	°C	
Operating free-air temperature range			-65 to +150	°C	

NOTES: 1. Derate linearly to 150°C case temperature at the rate of 0.64 W/°C.

2. Derate linearly to 150°C free air temperature at the rate of 16 mW/°C.



electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT				
V _{(BR)CEO}	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	I _C = 100 mA	I _B = 0	(see Note 3)	BDW93 BDW93A BDW93B BDW93C	45 60 80 100			V
I _{CEO}	Collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CB} = 40 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = 80 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = 80 \text{ V}$	$I_{B} = 0$ $I_{B} = 0$ $I_{B} = 0$ $I_{B} = 0$		BDW93 BDW93A BDW93B BDW93C			1 1 1	mA
І _{СВО}	Collector cut-off current	V _{CB} = 60 V V _{CB} = 80 V	I _E = 0 I _E = 0	$T_{C} = 150^{\circ}C$ $T_{C} = 150^{\circ}C$ $T_{C} = 150^{\circ}C$ $T_{C} = 150^{\circ}C$	BDW93 BDW93A BDW93B BDW93C BDW93 BDW93A BDW93B BDW93C			0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 5 5 5	mA
I_{EBO}	Emitter cut-off current	V _{EB} = 5 V	I _C = 0					2	mA
h _{FE}	Forward current transfer ratio		$I_C = 3 A$ $I_C = 10 A$ $I_C = 5 A$	(see Notes 3 and	(4)	1000 100 750		20000	
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_B = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$	$I_C = 5 A$ $I_C = 10 A$	(see Notes 3 and 4)				2	٧
V _{BE(sat)}	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_B = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$	$I_{C} = 5 A$ $I_{C} = 10 A$	(see Notes 3 and 4)				2.5 4	V
V _{EC}	Parallel diode forward voltage	$I_{E} = 5 A$ $I_{E} = 10 A$	$I_{B} = 0$ $I_{B} = 0$					2 4	V

NOTES: 3. These parameters must be measured using pulse techniques, $t_p = 300 \mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

thermal characteristics

PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	R _{θJC} Junction to case thermal resistance			1.56	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction to free air thermal resistance			62.5	°C/W

^{4.} These parameters must be measured using voltage-sensing contacts, separate from the current carrying contacts.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPICAL DC CURRENT GAIN vs **COLLECTOR CURRENT** TCS130AE 50000 -40°C 25°C h_{FE} - Typical DC Current Gain = 100°C 3 V = 300 μs, duty cycle < 2% 100 0.5 1.0 10 20 I_c - Collector Current - A

Figure 1.

vs **COLLECTOR CURRENT**

COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE

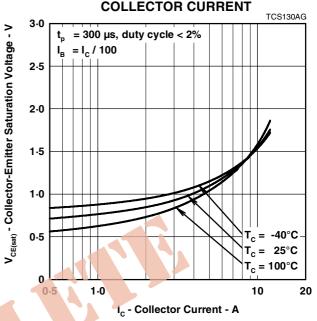
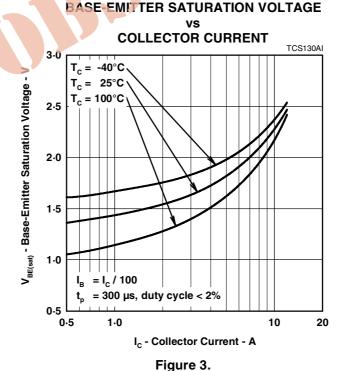


Figure 2.





PRODUCT INFORMATION

THERMAL INFORMATION

MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION

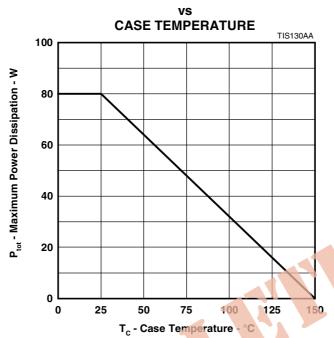


Figure 4.