Rocktech Displays Limited



Module P/N: RK055AHD091-CTG

Version: 1.0

Description: 5.5 inch TFT 720*1280 Pixels with LED

Backlight, full viewing angle, MIPI interface

and capacitive touch panel

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Revision History

Date	Rev.	Page	Description
2019-01-02	1.0	All	First issue



1. General Features

Item	Spec	Remark
Display Mode	Normally Black transmissive	
Viewing Direction	Free	IPS cell
Input Signals	MIPI	
Outside Dimensions	79.24(W) x133.96(H) x3.90(D).	With CTP
Active Area	68.04mm(W)×120.96mm(H)	
Number of Pixels	720×RGB×1280 Pixels	
Dot Pitch	0.0315 mm(H) $\times 0.0945$ mm(W)	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical stripes	
TFT Drive IC	RM68200	
CTP Drive IC	GT911	



2. Absolute Maximum RatingsThe following are maximum values which, if exceeded may cause operation or damage to the unit.

ITEM	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power for Circuit Driving	VCC	-0.3	ı	4.6	٧	
Power for Circuit Logic	Vt	-0.3	1	vcc+0.3	V	
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	1		%RH	
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-30	1	80	$^{\circ}$ C	At
Operating Ambient Humidity	H _{OP}	10	1		%RH	25±5 ℃
Operating Ambient temperature	T _{OP}	-20	-	70	$^{\circ}$ C	



3. Electrical Specification

3.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

Item		Sym.	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
		VCC	2.5	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Voltage		VCC	2.5	3.3	3.0	V	
		IOVCC	1.65	1.8	3.3	V	
		10100	1.00	1.0	0.0	V	
Logic Input	Logic Input Low Voltage		0	ı	0.3IOVCC	V	
Voltage	High Voltage	VIH	0.7IOVCC	ı	IOVCC	V	
Logic Output	Low Voltage	Vol	0	1	0.2VCC	V	
Voltage	High Voltage	Vон	0.8IOVCC	1	IOVCC	V	
Power Black Mode		P_b	T.B.D	T.B.D	T.B.D	mW	
Consumption	Standby Mode	P_{w}	T.B.D	T.B.D	T.B.D	mW	

3.2 Driving Backlight

Item	Sym.	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Backlight driving voltage	VF	21.6	22.4	23.2	V	
Backlight driving current	lF	-	40	-	mA	
Backlight Power Consumption	WBL	1	896	-	mW	
Life Time	-	-	30,000	-		Note 3

Note 1: (Unless specified, the ambient temperature $Ta=25^{\circ}$)

Note 2: The recommended operating conditions refer to a range in which operation of this product is guaranteed. Should this range is exceeded, the operation cannot be guaranteed even if the values may be without the absolute maximum ratings.

Note 3: If LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature & humidity condition. The life time of LED will be reduced. Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness. Typical operating life time is estimated data.



4. Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 $^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 500mm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° .

ltom	Curre		Values			Note	
Item	Sym.	Min.	Тур. Мах.		Unit	Note	
1)Contrast Ratio	C/R	-	800	1		FIG.1	
2)Module Luminance	L	240	280	1	cd/m ²	After CTP	
3)Response time	Tr	-	35	45	ms	FIG.2	
3)ixesponse time	Tf	-	33	40	1115	1 10.2	
	θ_{T}	-	80	-			
4)Viewing Angle	θ_{B}	1	80	1	Dograd	FIG.3	
	θ_{L}	-	80	-	Degree	FIG.3	
	θ_{R}	-	80	-			
	Wx	0.271	0.311	0.351			
	Wy	0.299	0.339	0.379			
	Rx	-	-	-			
5) Characaticita	Ry	-	-	-			
5)Chromaticity	Gx	-	-	-			
	Gy	-	-	-			
	Вх	-	-	-	_		
	Ву	-	-	-			



♦ Measurement System

Notes:

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

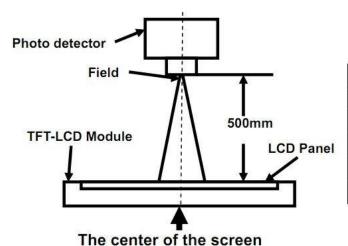
Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio = ------

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the center point across the LCD surface 500mm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.
- 3. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rising Time, Tr) and from black to white (Falling Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 2.
- 4. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



Item	Photo detector	Field
Contrast Ratio		
Luminance	00.04	4.0
Chromaticity	SR-3A	1°
Lum Uniformity		
Response Time	BM-7A	2°



FIG. 2 The definition of Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

Response Time = Rising Time(Tr) + Falling Time(Tf)

- Rising Time(Tr): Full White 90% → Full White 10% Transmittance.
- Falling Time(Tf): Full White 10% → Full White 90% Transmittance.

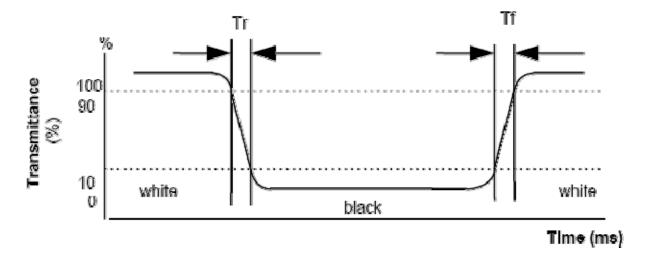
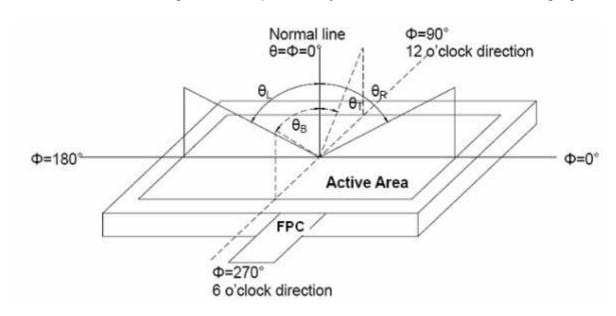


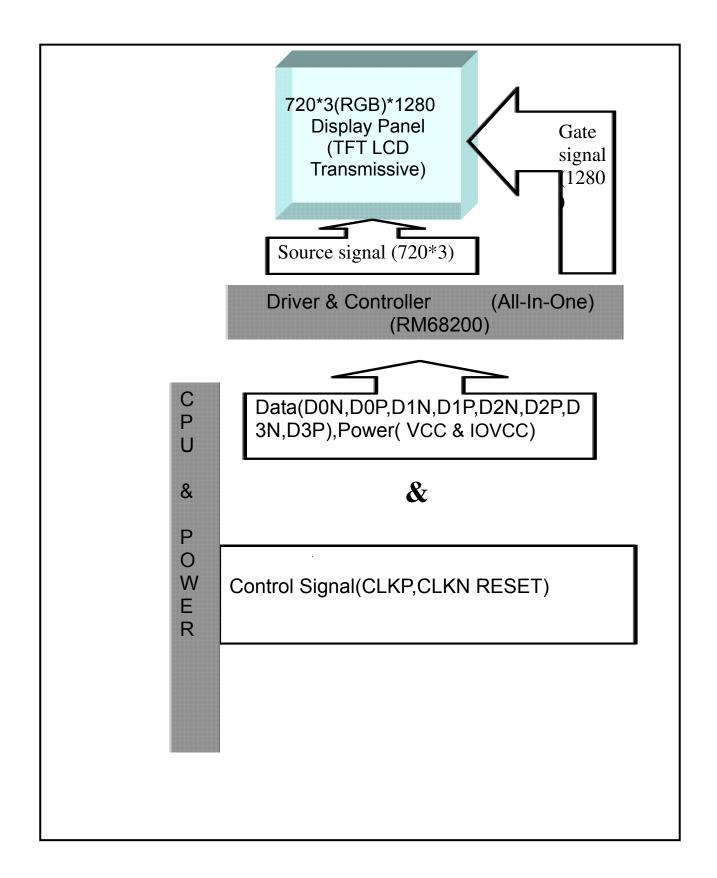
FIG. 3 The definition of Viewing Angle

Use Fig. 1(Test Procedure) under Measurement System to measure the contrast from the measuring direction specified by the conditions as the following figure.





5.Block Diagram





6.Pin Description

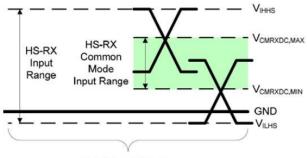
6.Pin De	Soription	T
Item	Symbol	Description
1	LEDK	Backlight Cathode input pin.
2	LEDA	Backlight Anode input pin.
3	NC	NC
4	GND	GND
5	MIPI_TDN0	MIPI DSI data-0 signal line (-).
6	MIPI_TDP0	MIPI DSI data-0 signal line (+).
7	GND	GND
8	MIPI_TDN1	MIPI DSI data-1 signal line (-).
9	MIPI_TDP1	MIPI DSI data-1 signal line (+).
10	GND	GND
11	MIPI_TCN	MIPI DSI Clock strobe signal line (-).
12	MIPI_TCP	MIPI DSI Clock strobe signal line (+).
13	GND	GND
14	MIPI_TDN2	MIPI DSI data-2 signal line (-)
15	MIPI_TDP2	MIPI DSI data-2 signal line (+)
16	GND	GND
17	MIPI_TDN3	MIPI DSI data-3 signal line (-)
18	MIPI_TDP3	MIPI DSI data-3 signal line (+)
19	GND	GND
20	GND	GND
21	LRSTB	LRSTB
22	LPTE	Tearing effect output pin to synchronies MCU to frame writing, activated by S/W command.
23	VDD 2.8	Power supply VDD
24	LCD_ID	NC
25	IOVCC 1.8	Power supply VDD
26	CTP_SDA	CTP I2C Data
27	CTP_SCL	CTP I2C Clock
28	CTP_RST	CTP Reset
29	CTP_INT	CTP Interrupt
30	VDD 3.3	CTP Working voltage 2.8-3.3V
31	GND	GND

CTP IC driver source code will be offered separately.



7.Timing Characteristics(Details refer to RM68200 spec) High-Speed Receiver Specification

DC Specifications



High Speed Receiver

Parameter	Description	Min	Nom	Max	Units	Note
VCMRX(DC)	Common-mode voltage HS receive mode	70		330	mV	1,2
VIDTH	Differential input high threshold			70	mV	
VIDTL	Differential input low threshold	-70			mV	
VIHHS	Single-ended input high voltage			460	mV	1
VILHS	Single-ended input low voltage	-40			mV	1
ZID	Differential input impedance	80	100	125	Ω	

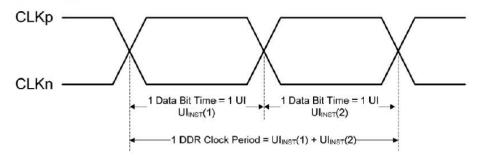
Notes:

- 1. Excluding possible additional RF interference of 100mV peak sine wave beyond 450MHz.
- 2. This table value includes a ground difference of 50mV between the transmitter and the receiver, the static common-mode level tolerance and variations below 450MHz



Forward high speed transmissions

DDR Clock Definition



Clock Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
UI instantaneous	UI _{INST}	:-:	6.02	12.5	ns	1,2,3

Notes:

- 1. This value corresponds to a minimum 80 Mbps data rate.
- 2. The minimum UI shall not be violated for any single bit period, i.e., any DDR half cycle within a data burst.
- 3. Data rate(per/lanes)=720*1280*60(Hz)/4(Mbps)=332(Mbps)

Clock frequency=Data rate(per/lanes)/2=332/2=166(MHz)

$$UI(Typ) = \frac{\frac{1}{Clock \text{ frequency}}}{\frac{2}{2}} *1000 = \frac{\frac{1}{166}}{2} *1000 = 6.02(ns)$$

Data-Clock Timing Specifications

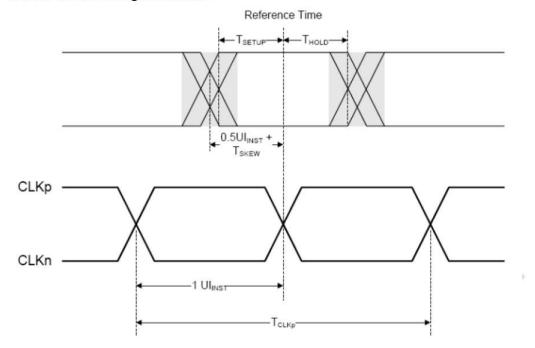
	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Data to Clock Skew [measured at transmitter]	T _{SKEW[TX]}	-0.15		0.15	UI _{INST}	1
Data to Clock Setup Time [receiver]	T _{SETUP[RX]}	0.15			UI _{INST}	2
Clock to Data Hold Time [receiver]	T _{HOLD[RX]}	0.15			UI _{INST}	2

Notes:

- 1. Total silicon and package delay budget of 0.3*UI_{INST}
- 2. Total setup and hold window for receiver of 0.3*UIINST

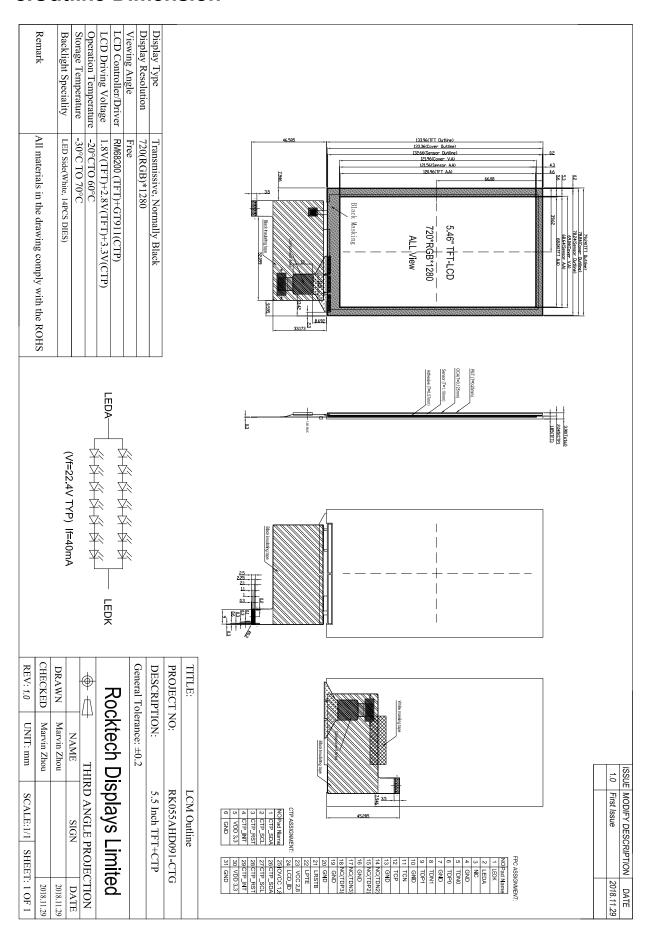


Data to Clock Timing Definitions





8. Outline Dimension





9. Reliability and Inspection Standard

No.	Test Item		Test Conditions	Remark
1	High Temperature	Storage	80℃, 120Hr	Note
		Operation	70 ℃, 120 Hr	Note
2	Low Temperature	Storage	-30℃, 120Hr	Note
		Operation	-20℃, 120Hr	
3	High Temperature and High Humidity		40℃, 90%RH, 120Hr	Note
4	Thermal Cycling Test(No operation)		-20C for 30min, 70c for 30 min. 100 cycles. Then test at room temperature after 1 hour	Note
5	Vibration Test(No operation)		Frequency:10~55 HZ; Stroke:1.5 mm;Sweep:10HZ~55HZ~10HZ; 2hours for each direction of X, Y, Z(6 hours for total)	
6	Package Drop Test		Height:60 cm,1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	
7	Electro Static Discharge		\pm 2KV,Human Body Mode, 100pF/1500 Ω	

Note:

- 1) Sample quantity for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- 2) Note 4: Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.



10.PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

Handing Precautions

- (1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile, it tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- (2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

- (6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents
 - Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.
- (7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a highhumidity environment.
- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
- (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
 - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
 - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal



connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped).

Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature. If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- -Terminal electrode sections.