# **CS8183**

# **Dual Micropower 200 mA Low Dropout Tracking Regulator/Line Driver**

The CS8183 is a dual low dropout tracking regulator designed to provide adjustable buffered output voltages that closely track (±10 mV) the reference inputs. The outputs deliver up to 200 mA while being able to be configured higher, lower or equal to the reference voltages.

The outputs have been designed to operate over a wide range (2.8 V to 45 V) while still maintaining excellent DC characteristics. The CS8183 is protected from reverse battery, short circuit and thermal runaway conditions. The device also can withstand 45 V load dump transients and -50 V reverse polarity input voltage transients. This makes it suitable for use in automotive environments.

The V<sub>RFF</sub>/ENABLE leads serve two purposes. They are used to provide the input voltage as a reference for the output and they also can be pulled low to place the device in sleep mode where it nominally draws less than 30 µA from the supply.

The two trackers can be combined in parallel doubling the capability to 400 mA for a single application.

#### **Features**

- Two Regulated Outputs 200 mA, ±10 mV Track Worst Case
- Low Dropout (0.35 V typ @ 200 mA)
- Low Quiescent Current
- Independent Thermal Shutdown
- Short Circuit Protection
- Wide Operating Range
- Internally Fused Leads in the SO-20W Package
- These are Pb-Free Devices



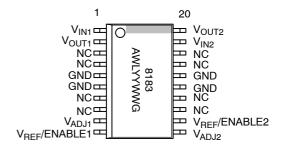
# ON Semiconductor®

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SO-20WB **DWF SUFFIX** CASE 751D

# **PIN CONNECTIONS AND MARKING DIAGRAM**



8183 = Specific Device Code

= Assembly Location

WL = Wafer Lot YY = Year

WW = Work Week

= Pb-Free Package

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
CS8183YDWF20G	SO-20WB (Pb-Free)	38 Units/Rail
CS8183YDWFR20G	SO-20WB (Pb-Free)	1000/Tape & Reel

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

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<sup>\*</sup>For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

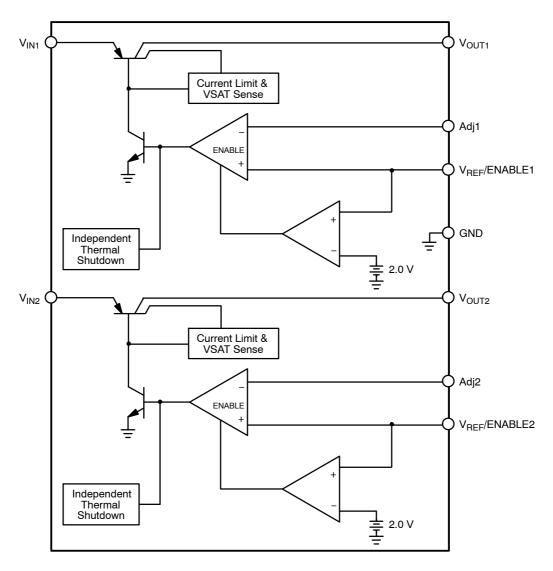


Figure 1. Block Diagram

# PACKAGE PIN DESCRIPTION

Package Lead # SO-20W	Lead Symbol	Function
1	V <sub>IN1</sub>	Input voltage for V <sub>OUT1</sub> .
2	V <sub>OUT1</sub>	Regulated output voltage 1.
3, 4, 7, 8, 13, 14, 17, 18	NC	No connection.
5, 6, 15, 16	GND	Ground (4 leads fused).
9	V <sub>ADJ1</sub>	Adjust lead for V <sub>OUT1</sub> .
10	V <sub>REF</sub> /ENABLE1	Reference voltage and ENABLE input for V <sub>OUT1</sub> .
11	V <sub>ADJ2</sub>	Adjust lead for V <sub>OUT2</sub> .
12	V <sub>REF</sub> /ENABLE2	Reference voltage and ENABLE input for V <sub>OUT2</sub> .
19	V <sub>IN2</sub>	Input voltage for V <sub>OUT2</sub> .
20	V <sub>OUT2</sub>	Regulated output voltage 2.

#### **CS8183**

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Value	Unit
Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
Supply Voltage Range (continuous)	15 to 45	V
Supply Voltage Range (normal, continuous)	3.4 to 45	٧
Peak Transient Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> = 14 V, Load Dump Transient = 31 V)	45	V
Voltage Range (Adj, V <sub>REF</sub> /ENABLE, V <sub>OUT</sub> )	-10 to 45	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	150	°C
Package Thermal Resistance Junction–to–Case, $R_{\theta JC}$ Junction–to–Ambient, $R_{\theta JA}$	18 73	°C/W °C/W
ESD Capability (Human Body Model) (Machine Model)		kV V
Lead Temperature Soldering Reflow: (SMD styles only) (Note 1)	240 peak (Note 2)	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

- 60 second maximum above 183°C.
   -5°C/+0°C allowable conditions.

# $\textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} \quad \text{(V}_{IN} = 14 \text{ V; V}_{REF} / \text{ENABLE} > 2.75 \text{ V; } -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{J} \leq +125 ^{\circ}\text{C; } C_{OUT} \geq 10 \text{ } \mu\text{F; } C_{OUT} \leq 10 \text{ }$ 0.1 $\Omega$ < C<sub>OUT - ESR</sub> < 1.0 $\Omega$ @ 10 kHz; unless otherwise stated.)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
REGULAR OUTPUT 1, 2					
V <sub>REF</sub> – V <sub>OUT</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> Tracking Error	$4.5 \text{ V} \le V_{IN} \le 26 \text{ V}, 100 \ \mu\text{A} \le I_{OUT} \le 200 \text{ mA}, \text{ (Note 3)}$	-10	-	10	mV
Dropout Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> – V <sub>OUT</sub> )	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100 μA I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA		100 350	150 600	mV mV
Line Regulation	4.5 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 26 V, (Note 3)	-	-	10	mV
Load Regulation	100 $\mu$ A $\leq$ I <sub>OUT</sub> $\leq$ 200 mA, (Note 3)	-	-	10	mV
Adj Lead Current	Loop in Regulation	-	0.2	1.0	μΑ
Current Limit	$V_{IN}$ = 14 V, $V_{REF}$ = 5.0 V, $V_{OUT}$ = 90% of $V_{REF}$ (Note 3)	225	-	700	mA
Quiescent Current (I <sub>IN</sub> – I <sub>OUT</sub> )	$V_{IN}$ = 12 V, $I_{OUT}$ = 200 mA $V_{IN}$ = 12 V, $I_{OUT}$ = 100 $\mu$ A $V_{IN}$ = 12 V, $V_{REF}/ENABLE$ = 0 V	- - -	15 75 30	25 150 55	mA μA μA
Reverse Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.0 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V	-	0.2	1.5	mA
Ripple Rejection	f = 120 Hz, IOUT = 200 mA, 4.5 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 26 V	60	-	-	dB
Thermal Shutdown	-	150	180	210	°C
V <sub>REF</sub> /ENABLE 1, 2					
Enable Voltage	-	0.80	2.00	2.75	V
Input Bias Current	V <sub>REF</sub> /ENABLE 1, 2 > 2.0 V	-	0.2	1.0	μΑ

3.  $V_{OUT}$  connected to Adj lead.

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

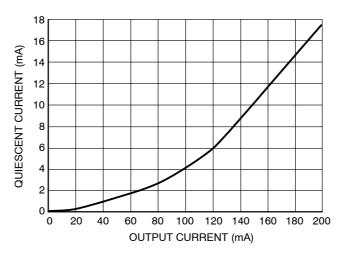


Figure 2. Quiescent Current vs. Output Current

100

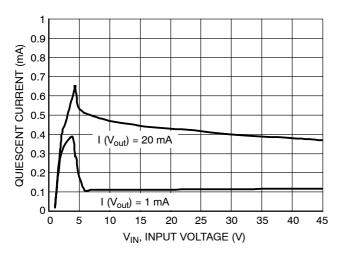
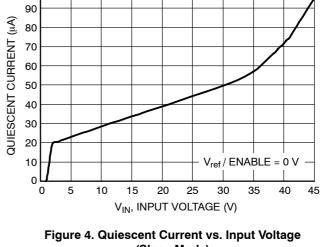


Figure 3. Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage (Operating Mode)



(Sleep Mode)

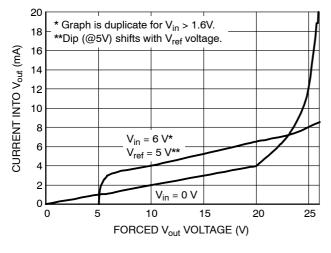


Figure 5. Vout Reverse Current

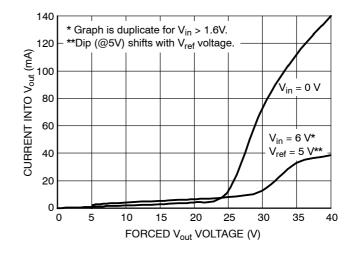


Figure 6. Vout Reverse Current

#### **CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION**

#### **ENABLE Function**

By pulling the V<sub>REF</sub>/ENABLE 1, 2 lead below 2.0 V typically, (see Figure 10 or Figure 11), the IC is disabled and enters a sleep state where the device draws less than 30  $\mu A$  from supply. When the V<sub>REF</sub>/ENABLE lead is greater than 2.75 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> tracks the V<sub>REF</sub>/ENABLE lead normally.

#### **Output Voltage**

Figures 7 through 12 only display one channel of the device for simplicity. The configurations shown apply for both channels.

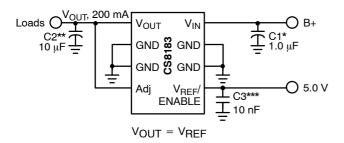


Figure 7. Tracking Regulator at the Same Voltage

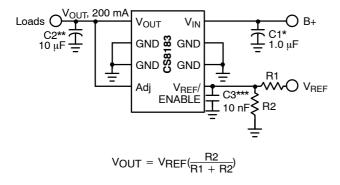


Figure 9. Tracking Regulator at Lower Voltages

The outputs are capable of supplying 200 mA to the load while configured as a similiar (Figure 7), lower (Figure 9), or higher (Figure 8) voltage as the reference lead. The Adj lead acts as the inverting terminal of the op amp and the  $V_{REF}$  lead as the non–inverting.

The device can also be configured as a high-side driver as displayed in Figure 12.

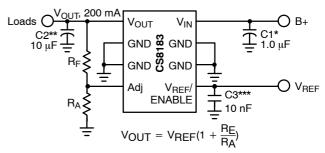


Figure 8. Tracking Regulator at Higher Voltages

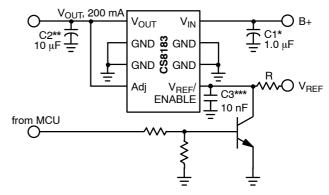


Figure 10. Tracking Regulator with ENABLE Circuit

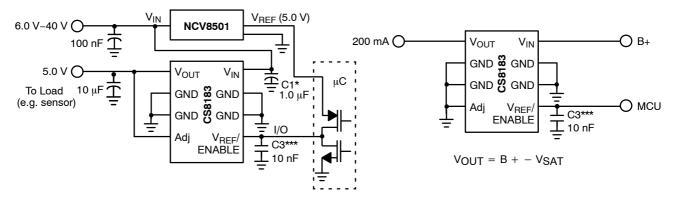


Figure 11. Alternative ENABLE Circuit

\* C1 is required if the regulator is far from the power source filter

Figure 12. High-Side Driver

<sup>\*\*</sup> C2 is required for stability

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> C3 is recommended for EMC susceptibility

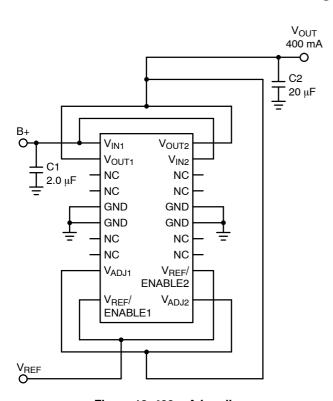


Figure 13. 400 mA Loading

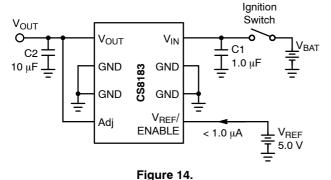
#### 400 mA Output Capability

Normally regulator outputs cannot be combined to increase capability. This can cause damage to an IC because of mismatches in the output drivers. The tight tolerances in tracking of the CS8183 allow their outputs to be combined for increased performance. Figure 13 shows the circuit connections needed to perform this function.

#### **APPLICATION NOTES**

#### **Switched Application**

The CS8183 has been designed for use in systems where the reference voltage on the  $V_{REF}/ENABLE$  pin is continuously on. Typically, the current into the  $V_{REF}/ENABLE$  pin will be less than 1.0  $\mu A$  when the voltage on the  $V_{IN}$  pin (usually the ignition line) has been switched out ( $V_{IN}$  can be at high impedance or at ground.) Reference Figure 14.



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#### **External Capacitors**

Output capacitors for the CS8183 are required for stability. Without them, the regulator outputs will oscillate. Actual size and type may vary depending upon the application load and temperature range. Capacitor effective series resistance (ESR) is also a factor in the IC stability.

Worst-case is determined at the minimum ambient temperature and maximum load expected.

The output capacitors can be increased in size to any desired value above the minimum. One possible purpose of this would be to maintain the output voltage during brief conditions of negative input transients that might be characteristic of a particular system.

The capacitors must also be rated at all ambient temperatures expected in the system. To maintain regulator stability down to -40°C, a capacitor rated at that temperature must be used.

More information on capacitor selection for SMART REGULATOR®s is available in the SMART REGULATOR application note, "Compensation for Linear Regulators."

# Calculating Power Dissipation in a Dual Output Linear Regulator

The maximum power dissipation for a dual output regulator (Figure 15) is:

$$\begin{split} PD(max) &= \{V_{IN}(max) - V_{OUT1}(min)\} \ I_{OUT1}(max) \\ &+ \{V_{IN}(max) - V_{OUT2}(min)\} I_{OUT2}(max2) \\ &+ V_{IN}(max) I_{Q} \end{split} \label{eq:pdf}$$

where:

V<sub>IN(max)</sub> is the maximum input voltage,

 $V_{OUT1(min)}$  is the minimum output voltage from  $V_{OUT1}$ ,

V<sub>OUT2(min)</sub> is the minimum output voltage from V<sub>OUT2</sub>,

 $I_{OUT1(max)}$  is the maximum output current, for the application,

 $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OUT2(max)}}$  is the maximum output current, for the application,

 $I_Q$  is the quiescent current the regulator consumes at  $I_{OUT(max)}. \label{eq:lower}$ 

Once the value of PD(max) is known, the maximum permissible value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  can be calculated:

$$R_{\theta JA} = \frac{150 \boxed{C} - T_A}{P_D} \tag{2}$$

The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  can then be compared with those in the package section of the data sheet. Those packages with  $R_{\theta JA}$ 's less than the calculated value in equation 2 will keep the die temperature below  $150^{\circ}C.$ 

In some cases, none of the packages will be sufficient to dissipate the heat generated by the IC, and an external heat sink will be required.

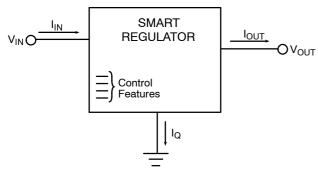


Figure 15. Dual Output Regulator with Key Performance Parameters Labeled

#### **Heatsinks**

A heatsink effectively increases the surface area of the package to improve the flow of heat away from the IC and into the surrounding air.

Each material in the heat flow path between the IC and the outside environment will have a thermal resistance. Like series electrical resistances, these resistances are summed to determine the value of  $R_{\theta JA}$ :

$$R_{\theta}JA = R_{\theta}JC + R_{\theta}CS + R_{\theta}SA \tag{3}$$

where:

 $R_{\theta IC}$  = the junction-to-case thermal resistance,

 $R_{\theta CS}$  = the case-to-heatsink thermal resistance, and

 $R_{\theta SA}$  = the heatsink-to-ambient thermal resistance.

 $R_{\theta JC}$  appears in the package section of the data sheet. Like  $R_{\theta JA}$ , it is a function of package type.  $R_{\theta CS}$  and  $R_{\theta SA}$  are functions of the package type, heatsink and the interface between them. These values appear in heat sink data sheets of heat sink manufacturers.

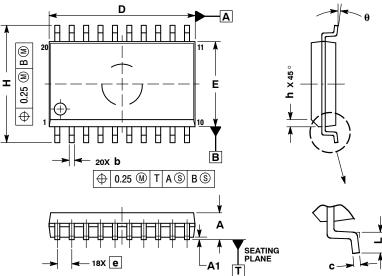




SOIC-20 WB CASE 751D-05 **ISSUE H** 

**DATE 22 APR 2015** 

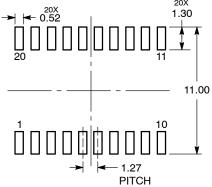
# SCALE 1:1



- DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
   INTERPRET DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES.
- PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
  3. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD
- PROTRUSION.
  MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 PER SIDE.
- DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF B DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL

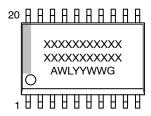
	MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	
Α	2.35	2.65	
A1	0.10	0.25	
b	0.35	0.49	
С	0.23	0.32	
D	12.65	12.95	
E	7.40	7.60	
е	1.27 BSC		
Н	10.05	10.55	
h	0.25	0.75	
L	0.50	0.90	
A	0 °	7 °	

#### **RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

# **GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM\***



XXXXX = Specific Device Code = Assembly Location

WL = Wafer Lot ΥY = Year WW = Work Week = Pb-Free Package

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "•", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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<sup>\*</sup>For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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