

LCD Segment Drivers Multi-function LCD Segment Drivers

BU97550KV-M

MAX 528 Segment(66SEG x 8COM)

General Description

The BU97550KV-M is 1/8, 1/7, 1/5, 1/4, 1/3, or Static general-purpose LCD driver.

The BU97550KV-M can drive up to 528 LCD Segments directly. The BU97550KV-M can also control up to 9 General-Purpose/PWM output ports.

These products also incorporate a key scan circuit that accepts input from up to 30 keys to reduce printed circuit board wiring

Features

- AEC-Q100 Qualified (Note)
- Key Input Function for Up to 30 Keys (A key scan is performed only when a key is pressed.)
- Either 1/8, 1/7, 1/5, 1/4, 1/3 or Static
 Can be Selected with The Serial Control Data.
 1/8 duty drive: Up to 528 Segments can be driven
 1/7 duty drive: Up to 469 Segments can be driven
 1/5 duty drive: Up to 345 Segments can be driven
 1/4 duty drive: Up to 280 Segments can be driven
 1/3 duty drive: Up to 210 Segments can be driven
 Static drive: Up to 70 Segments can be driven
- Serial Data Control of Frame Frequency for Common and Segment output Waveforms.
- Serial Data Control of Switching Between The Segment output Port, PWM output Port and General-Purpose output Port Functions.(Max 9 ports)
- Built-in Oscillation circuit
- Integrated Voltage Detected Type Power on Reset(VDET) circuit
- No External Component
- Low Power Consumption Design
- Supports Line and Frame Inversion (Note) Grade 3

Typical Application Circuit

Key Specifications

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	Supply Voltage Range:		+2.7V to +6.0V
	Operating Temperature	Range:	-40°C to +85°C
	Max Segments:		528 Segments
	Display Duty	Static, 1/3, 7	1/4, 1/5, 1/7, 1/8
			Selectable
	Bias:	1/2, 1/3	, 1/4 Selectable
	Interface:	3wire	Serial Interface

Applications

 Car Audio, Home Electrical Appliance, Meter Equipment etc.

Package

W (Typ) x D (Typ) x H (Max)



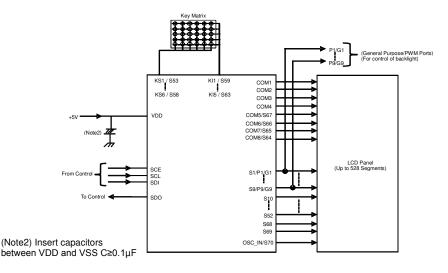


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

OProduct structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product is not designed protection against radioactive rays.

Block Diagram

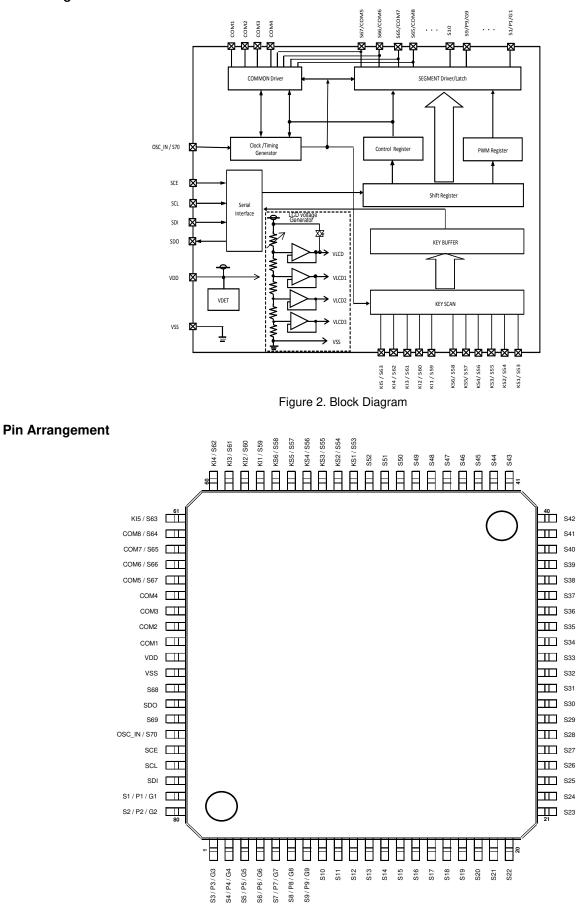


Figure 3. Pin Configuration (TOP VIEW)

Absolute Maximum Ratings (VSS = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Rating	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	VDD	VDD	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN1}	SCE, SCL, SDI	-0.3 to +7.0	V
	V _{IN2}	KI1 to KI5	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Allowable Loss	Pd		1.2 ^(Note3)	W
Operating Temperature	Topr		-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg		-55 to +125	S°

(Note3) When use more than Ta=25°C, subtract 12mW per degree. (Using ROHM standard board)

(Board size: 70mm×70mm×1.6mm material: FR4 board copper foil: land pattern only)

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Recommend Operating Conditions (Ta = -40°C to +85°C, VSS = 0V)

Baramatar	Symbol	Conditions		Rating		Lloit
Parameter	Symbol	ol Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD		2.7	5.0	6.0	V

Electrical Characteristics (Ta = -40 to +85°C, VDD = 2.7V to 6.0V, VSS = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Conditions		Limit		Unit
			Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Hysteresis	V _{H1}	SCE, SCL, SDI		-	0.03 VDD	-	v
	V _{H2}	KI1 to KI5		-	0.1 VDD	-	v
Power-on Detection Voltage	VDET	VDD		1.3	1.8	2.2	V
"H" Level Input Voltage	VIH1	SCE, SCL, SDI	4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 6.0V	0.4VDD	-	VDD	
	VIH2	SCE, SCL, SDI	2.7V ≤ VDD < 4.5V	0.8VDD	-	VDD	V
	V _{IH3}	KI1 to KI5		0.7VDD	-	VDD	
"L" Level Input Voltage	V _{IL1}	SCE, SCL, SDI KI1 to KI5		0	-	0.2VDD	V
Input Floating Voltage	VIF	KI1 to KI5		-	-	0.05VDD	V
Pull-down Resistance	RPD	KI1 to KI5	VDD=5.0V	50	100	250	kΩ
Output Off Leakage Current	IOFFH	SDO	V ₀ =6.0V	-	-	6.0	μA
"H" Level Input Current	lih1	SCE, SCL, SDI	$V_{I} = 5.5V$	-	-	5.0	μA
"L" Level Input Current	IIL1	SCE, SCL, SDI	$V_I = 0V$	-5.0	-	-	μA
"H" Level Output Voltage	V _{OH1}	S1 to S70	I _O = -20μA, VLCD=1.00*VDD	VDD-0.9	-	-	
	V _{OH2}	COM1 to COM8	lo = -100μA, VDD=1.00*VDD	VDD-0.9	-	-	V
	V _{OH3}	P1/G1 to P9/G9	$I_0 = -1mA$	VDD-0.9	-	-	
	V _{OH4}	KS1 to KS6	I ₀ = -500μA	VDD-1.0	VDD-0.5	VDD-0.2	_
"L" Level	V _{OL1}	S1 to S70	$I_0 = 20\mu A$	-	-	0.9	
Output Voltage	Vol2	COM1 to COM8	$I_0 = 100 \mu A$	-	-	0.9	
	V _{OL3}	P1/G1 to P9/G9	$I_0 = 1 \text{m}\dot{A}$	-	-	0.9	V
	V _{OL4}	KS1 to KS6	$I_0 = 25 \mu A$	0.2	0.5	1.5	
	Vol5	SDO	$I_0 = 1 \text{mA}$	-	0.1	0.5	_
Middle Level	V _{MID1}	S1 to S70	$1/2$ bias $I_0 = \pm 20 \mu A$	1/2 VDD		1/2 VDD	
Output Voltage			VLCD=1.00*VDD	-0.9	-	+0.9	
	V _{MID2}	COM1 to COM8	$1/2$ bias $I_0 = \pm 100 \mu A$	1/2 VDD	_	1/2 VDD	
			VLCD=1.00*VDD	-0.9	-	+0.9	
	V _{MID3}	S1 to S70	1/3 bias I ₀ = ±20µA	2/3 VDD	_	2/3 VDD	
			VLCD=1.00*VDD	-0.9	-	+0.9	
	V _{MID4}	S1 to S70	1/3 bias I ₀ = ±20µA	1/3 VDD		1/3 VDD	
			VLCD=1.00*VDD	-0.9	-	+0.9	
	V _{MID5}	COM1 to COM8	1/3 bias I ₀ = ±100µA	2/3 VDD		2/3 VDD	v
			VLCD=1.00*VDD	-0.9	-	+0.9	v
	V _{MID6}	COM1 to COM8	1/3 bias I ₀ = ±100µA	1/3 VDD	_	1/3 VDD	
			VLCD=1.00*VDD	-0.9	-	+0.9	
	V _{MID7}	S1 to S70	$1/4$ bias $I_0 = \pm 20 \mu A$	1/2 VDD		1/2 VDD	
			VLCD=1.00*VDD	-0.9	-	+0.9	
	V _{MID8}	COM1 to COM8	$1/4 \text{ bias } I_0 = \pm 100 \mu A$	3/4 VDD	_	3/4 VDD	
			VLCD=1.00*VDD	-0.9	-	+0.9	
	V _{MID9}	COM1 to COM8	$1/4 \text{ bias } I_0 = \pm 100 \mu A$	1/4 VDD	-	1/4 VDD	
			VLCD=1.00*VDD	-0.9		+0.9	

[Reference Data]

Electrical Characteristics – continued

Deveneter	Symbol	Symbol Pin Condition	Conditions	Limit			Unit
Parameter	Symbol	PIN	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Current Consumption	I _{DD1}	VDD	Power-saving mode	-	-	15	
	I _{DD2}	VDD	VDD = 5.0V Output open, 1/2 bias Frame frequency=80Hz VLCD=1.00*VDD	-	105	220	
	IDD3	VDD	VDD = 5.0V Output open,1/3 bias Frame frequency=80Hz VLCD=1.00*VDD	-	130	270	μA
	IDD4	VDD	VDD = 5.0V Output open,1/4 bias Frame frequency=80Hz VLCD=1.00*VDD	-	160	330	

Oscillation Characteristics (Ta = -40 to +85°C, VDD = 2.7V to 6.0V, VSS = 0.0V)

Parameter	Symbol Pin	Din	Conditions	Limit			Unit
Farameter	Symbol	FIII	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
scillator Frequency 1	fosc1	-	VDD = 2.7V to 6.0V	300	-	720	kHz
Oscillator Frequency 2	fosc2	-	VDD = 5.0V	540	600	660	kHz
Oscillator Frequency 3	f _{OSC3}	-	VDD = 6.0V	562	625	688	kHz
External Clock Frequency ^(Note4)	fosc4			30	-	1000	kHz
External Clock Rise Time	tr	OSC_IN/S70	External clock mode	-	160	-	ns
External Clock Fall Time	tf		(OC=1)	-	160	-	ns
External Clock Duty	t dty			30	50	70	%

(Note4) Frame frequency is decided external frequency and dividing ratio of FC0 to FC3 setting.

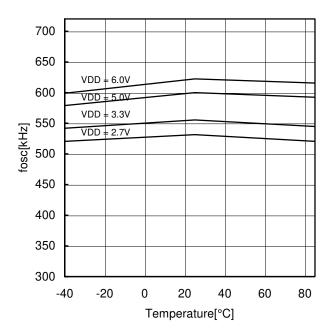


Figure 4. Frame Frequency Typical Temperature Characteristics

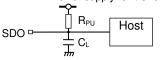
MPU Interface Characteristics (Ta=-40 to +85°C, VDD = 2.7V to 6.0V, VSS=0V)

Deremeter	Cumbal	Pin	Conditions		Limit		Unit
Parameter	Symbol	FIII	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Data Setup Time	t _{DS}	SCL, SDI		120	-	-	ns
Data Hold Time	t _{DH}	SCL, SDI		120	-	-	ns
SCE Wait Time	tcp	SCE, SCL		120	-	-	ns
SCE Setup Time	tcs	SCE, SCL		120	-	-	ns
SCE Hold Time	t _{CH}	SCE, SCL		120	-	-	ns
Clock Cycle Time	tccyc	SCL		320	-	-	ns
High-level Clock Pulse Width	tснw	SCL		120	-	-	ns
Low-level Clock Pulse Width (Write)	tclww	SCL		120	-	-	ns
Low-level Clock Pulse Width (Read)	tclwr	SCL	$\begin{array}{l} R_{PU}=4.7k\Omega\\ C_{L}=10pF^{(Note5)} \end{array}$	1.6	-	-	μs
Rise Time	tr	SCE, SCL, SDI		-	160	-	ns
Fall Time	tf	SCE, SCL, SDI		-	160	-	ns
SDO Output Delay Time	toc	SDO	$\begin{array}{l} R_{PU} = 4.7 k\Omega \\ C_L = 10 p F^{(Note5)} \end{array}$	-	-	1.5	μs
SDO Rise Time	tor	SDO	$\begin{array}{l} R_{PU}=4.7k\Omega\\ C_{L}=10pF^{(Note5)} \end{array}$	-	-	1.5	μs

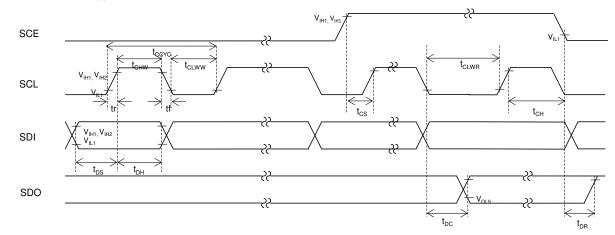
(Note5) Since SDO is an open-drain output, "toc" and "tor" depend on the resistance of the pull-up resistor R_{PU} and the load capacitance C_L . R_{PU} : $1k\Omega \leq RPU \leq 10k\Omega$ is recommended.

CL: A parasitic capacitance in an application circuit. Any component is not necessary to be attached.

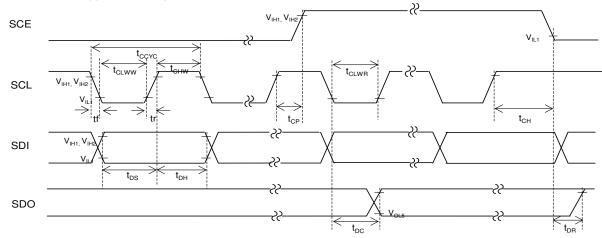
Power supply for I/O level

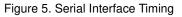


1. When SCL is stopped at the low level



2. When SCL is stopped at the high level

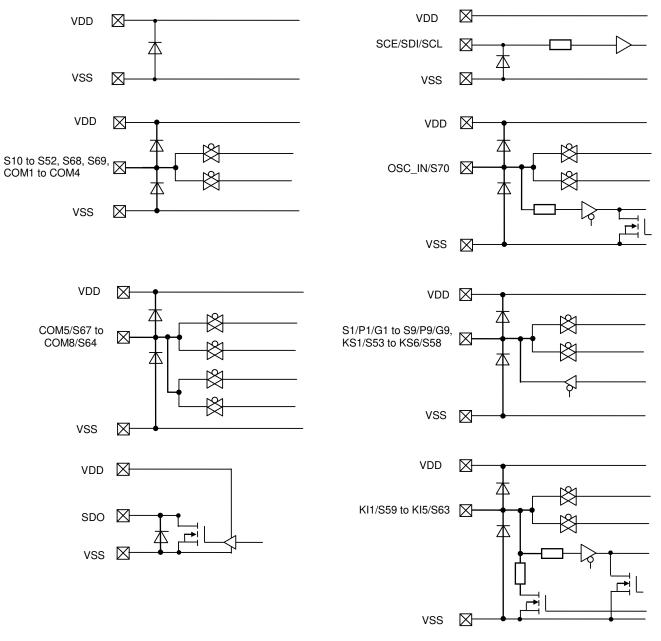


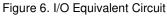


Pin Description

Symbol	Pin No.	Function	Active	I/O	Handling when
S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9	79,80, 1 to 7	Segment output for displaying the display data transferred by serial data input. The S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9 pins can also be used as General-Purpose or PWM output when so set up by the control data.	-	0	unused OPEN
S10 to S52 S68, S69	8 to 50 72, 74	Segment output for displaying the display data transferred by serial data input.	-	0	OPEN
KS1/S53 to KS6/S58	51 to 56	Key scan outputs Although normal key scan timing lines require diodes to be inserted in the timing lines to prevent shorts, since these outputs are unbalanced CMOS transistor outputs, these outputs will not be damaged by shorting when these outputs are used to form a key matrix. The KS1/S53 to KS6/S58 pins can be used as Segment outputs when so specified by the control data.	-	0	OPEN
KI1/S59 to KI5/S63	57 to 61	Key scan inputs These pins have built-in pull-down resistors. The KI1/S59 to KI5/S63 pins can be used as Segment outputs when so specified by the control data.	-	I/O	OPEN
COM1 to COM4	66 to 69	Common driver output pins. The frame frequency is fo[Hz].	-	0	OPEN
COM5/S67 COM6/S66 COM7/S65 COM8/S64	65 64 63 62	Common / Segment output for LCD driving Assigned as Common output in 1/8, 1/7 and 1/5 Duty modes and Segment output in Static, 1/3 and 1/4 Duty modes.	-	0	OPEN
OSC_IN/S70	75	Segment output for displaying the display data transferred by serial data input. The OSC_IN/S70 pin can be used as external frequency input pin when set up by the control data.	-	I/O	OPEN
		Serial data transfer inputs. Must be connected to the controller.			
SCE	76	SCE: Chip enable	<u>H</u>	I	-
SCL	77	SCL: Synchronization clock	↑	1	-
SDI	78	SDI: Transfer data	-		-
SDO	73	Output data	-	0	OPEN
VDD	70	Power supply pin of the IC A power voltage of 2.7V to 6.0V must be applied to this pin.	-	-	-
VSS	71	Power supply pin. Must be connected to ground.	-	-	-

IO Equivalent Circuit

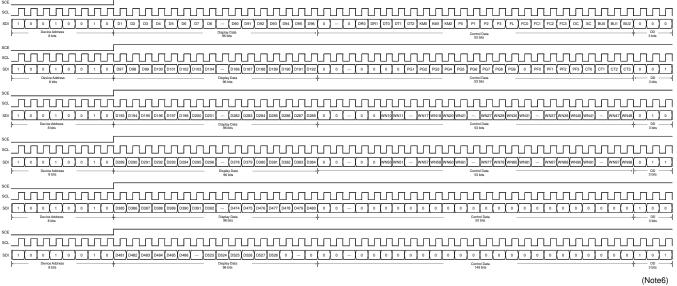




Serial Data Transfer Formats

1. 1/8 Duty

(1) When SCL is stopped at the low level



(Note6) DD is direction data.

Figure 7. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

Serial Data Transfer Formats - continued

(2) When SCL is stopped at the high level

SCE	
SDI 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	
SCE	
SDI 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	
SDI (1) 0 (0) 1 (0) (1) 0	
Bibls	DisplayData Control Data Control Data Control Data 38 bits S3 bits 33 bits
Device Address Bits	Display Data Control Data DO Se bha Sibla Sibla Sibla
sce	
r Device Address	Digley Data Sibita Digley Data Sibita Sibita
SDI 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	Dest Dest <td< td=""></td<>
	(Note7)

Figure 8. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

(Note7) DD is direction data.

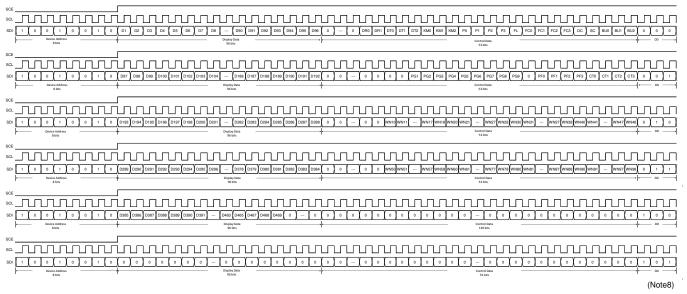
DT0 to DT2	D1 to D528 P0 to P3 FL DR0 to DR1	 Key Scan output port/Segment output port switching control data Display data Segment/PWM/General-Purpose output port switching control data Line Inversion or Frame Inversion switching control data 1/4 bias driver, 1/3 bias driver or 1/2 bias driver switching control data
CT0 to CT3LCD bias voltage VLCD setting control data. W10 to W18, W20 to W28, W30 to W38,W40 to W48, W50 to W58, W60 to W68, W70 to W78, W80 to W88, W90 to W98	FC0 to FC3 OC SC BU0 to BU2 PG1 to PG9 PF0 to PF3 CT0 to CT3	or Static drive switching control data ·· Common/Segment output waveform frame frequency setting control data ·· Internal oscillator operating mode/External clock operating mode switching control data ·· Segment on/off control data ·· Normal mode/Power-saving mode control data ·· PWM/General-Purpose output port select data ·· PWM output waveform frame frequency setting control data. ·· LCD bias voltage VLCD setting control data.

When it is coincident with device code, BU97550KV-M capture display data and control data at falling edge of SCE. So, please transfer the bit number of send display data and control data as specified number in the above figure. Specified number of bits is 160bit (Device code: 8bit, Display data and Control data: 149bit, DD: 3bit).

Serial Data Transfer Formats – continued

2. 1/7 Duty

(1) When SCL is stopped at the low level



(Note8) DD is direction data.

Figure 9. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

Serial Data Transfer Formats - continued

(2) When SCL is stopped at the high level

SCE	
Device Address	Design Data Covide Data 00
SCLSDISDI SDI Device Address	
SCE SCL SOI	ן
SCE SCL	
SCE SCL	
SCI SCI SCI Device Address Biblis	

Figure 10. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

(Note9) DD is direction data.

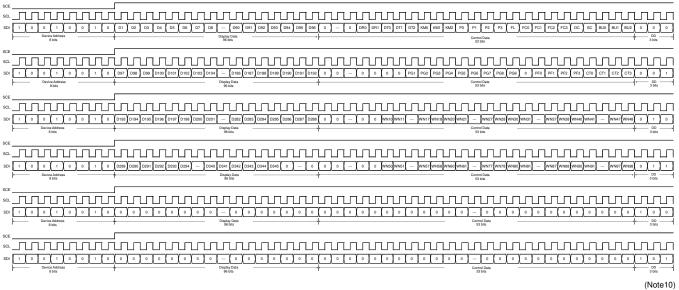
D1 to D469 P0 to P3 FL DR0 to DR1	Key Scan output port/Segment output port switching control data
FC0 to FC3 OC SC BU0 to BU2	or Static drive switching control data ·· Common/Segment output waveform frame frequency setting control data ·· Internal oscillator operating mode/External clock operating mode switching control data ·· Segment on/off control data ·· Normal mode/Power-saving mode control data
PF0 to PF3 CT0 to CT3 W10 to W18, W20 to W28, W30 to	 PWM/General-Purpose output port select data PWM output waveform frame frequency setting control data. LCD bias voltage VLCD setting control data. W38,W40 to W48, W50 to W58, W60 to W68, W70 to W78, W80 to W88, W90 to W98 PWM output duty setting control data

When it is coincident with device code, BU97550KV-M capture display data and control data at falling edge of SCE. So, please transfer the bit number of send display data and control data as specified number in the above figure. Specified number of bits is 160bit (Device code: 8bit, Display data and Control data: 149bit, DD: 3bit).

Serial Data Transfer Formats – continued

3. 1/5 Duty

(1) When SCL is stopped at the low level



(Note10) DD is direction data.

Figure 11. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

Serial Data Transfer Formats - continued

(2) When SCL is stopped at the high level

SCE	
Device Address	Concert Data States Concert Co
SDI 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	
SDI 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	
SCE	
SDI 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 	
SCE	
SDI 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	1 0
SCE	
SDI 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	
	(Note11)

Figure 12. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

(Note11) DD is direction data.

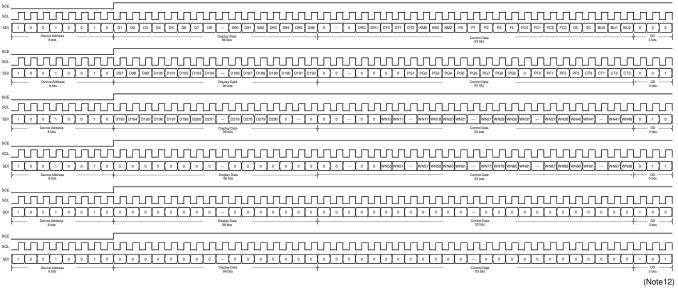
Device code ····· KM0 to KM2 ····· D1 to D345·····	·· Key Scan output port/Segment output port switching control data
	··Segment/PWM/General-Purpose output port switching control data
	Line Inversion or Frame Inversion switching control data
DR0 to DR1·····	$\cdot\cdot$ 1/4 bias driver, 1/3 bias driver or 1/2 bias driver switching control data
DT0 to DT2 ·····	··1/8-duty drive, 1/7-duty drive, 1/5-duty drive, 1/4-duty drive, 1/3-duty drive
	or Static drive switching control data
FC0 to FC3 ·····	··Common/Segment output waveform frame frequency setting control data
OC	·· Internal oscillator operating mode/External clock operating mode switching control data
SC	··Segment on/off control data
BU0 to BU2 ·····	··Normal mode/Power-saving mode control data
PG1 to PG9·····	··PWM/General-Purpose output port select data
PF0 to PF3······	·· PWM output waveform frame frequency setting control data.
CT0 to CT3	·· LCD bias voltage VLCD setting control data.
W10 to W18, W20 to W28, W30 to V	N38, W40 to W48, W50 to W58, W60 to W68, W70 to W78, W80 to W88, W90 to W98
	··PWM output duty setting control data

When it is coincident with device code, BU97550KV-M capture display data and control data at falling edge of SCE. So, please transfer the bit number of send display data and control data as specified number in the above figure. Specified number of bits is 160bit (Device code: 8bit, Display data and Control data: 149bit, DD: 3bit).

Serial Data Transfer Formats – continued

4. 1/4 Duty

(1) When SCL is stopped at the low level



(Note12) DD is direction data.

Figure 13. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

Serial Data Transfer Formats - continued

(2) When SCL is stopped at the high level

SCE	
Sci	
SCE SCL 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 SOI Decoders	
SCE SCL SDI DV/CL BDIS	
SCE SCL	
SCE SCL	

Figure 14. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

(Note13) DD is direction data.

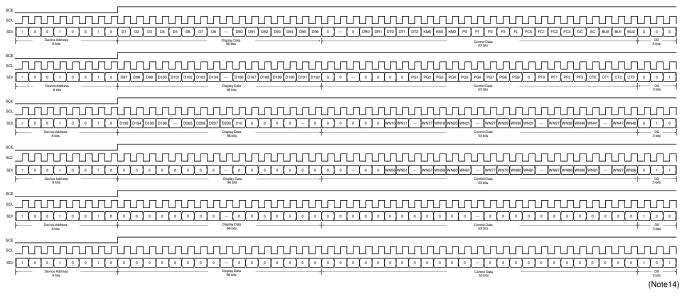
Device code ····· KM0 to KM2 ····· D1 to D280·····	·· Key Scan output port/Segment output port switching control data
	·· Segment/PWM/General-Purpose output port switching control data
	\cdots Line Inversion or Frame Inversion switching control data \cdots 1/4 bias driver, 1/3 bias driver or 1/2 bias driver switching control data
	··1/8-duty drive, 1/7-duty drive, 1/5-duty drive, 1/4-duty drive, 1/3-duty drive
OC SC	or Static drive switching control data ·· Common/Segment output waveform frame frequency setting control data ·· Internal oscillator operating mode/External clock operating mode switching control data ·· Segment on/off control data ·· Normal mode/Power-saving mode control data
	 PWM/General-Purpose output port select data PWM output waveform frame frequency setting control data.
CT0 to CT3	••• FWM output waveform frame frequency setting control data. •• LCD bias voltage VLCD setting control data. N38, W40 to W48, W50 to W58, W60 to W68, W70 to W78, W80 to W88, W90 to W98 •• PWM output duty setting control data

When it is coincident with device code, BU97550KV-M capture display data and control data at falling edge of SCE. So, please transfer the bit number of send display data and control data as specified number in the above figure. Specified number of bits is 160bit (Device code: 8bit, Display data and Control data: 149bit, DD: 3bit).

Serial Data Transfer Formats – continued

5. 1/3 Duty

(1) When SCL is stopped at the low level



(Note14) DD is direction data.

Figure 15. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

Serial Data Transfer Formats - continued

(2) When SCL is stopped at the high level

SCE	
Sci	
SCE SCI	
SCE SCL	∫ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
SCE SCL	
SCE	」

Figure 16. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

(Note15) DD is direction data.

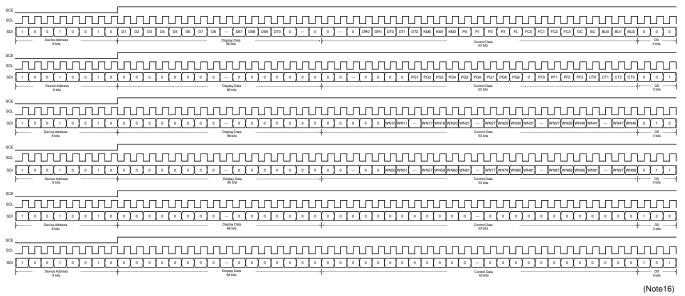
Device code ····· KM0 to KM2 ····· D1 to D210 ·····	··Key Scan output port/Segment output port switching control data
	··Segment/PWM/General-Purpose output port switching control data
	· Line Inversion or Frame Inversion switching control data
	\cdot 1/4 bias driver, 1/3 bias driver or 1/2 bias driver switching control data
DT0 to DT2 ·····	··1/8-duty drive, 1/7-duty drive, 1/5-duty drive, 1/4-duty drive, 1/3-duty drive
	or Static drive switching control data
FC0 to FC3 ·····	··Common/Segment output waveform frame frequency setting control data
	··Internal oscillator operating mode/External clock operating mode switching control data
SC·····	
BU0 to BU2·····	··Normal mode/Power-saving mode control data
	··PWM/General-Purpose output port select data
PF0 to PF3······	·· PWM output waveform frame frequency setting control data.
CT0 to CT3	··LCD bias voltage VLCD setting control data.
W10 to W18, W20 to W28, W30 to	N38, W40 to W48, W50 to W58, W60 to W68, W70 to W78, W80 to W88, W90 to W98
	··PWM output duty setting control data

When it is coincident with device code, BU97550KV-M capture display data and control data at falling edge of SCE. So, please transfer the bit number of send display data and control data as specified number in the above figure. Specified number of bits is 160bit (Device code: 8bit, Display data and Control data: 149bit, DD: 3bit).

Serial Data Transfer Formats – continued

6. Static

(1) When SCL is stopped at the low level



(Note16) DD is direction data.

Figure 17. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

Serial Data Transfer Formats - continued

(2) When SCL is stopped at the high level

SCE	
SCL _SCL	
SCESCL_SCL	
SCE SCL 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 Device Address 0	
SCE SCL 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 SDI 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 00000000000000000000	
SCE SCL SDI Divix Addess Bots	
SCE SCL SDI 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 Device Addess 8 Dis 8 Dis	
	(Note17)

Figure 18. 3-SPI Data Transfer Format

(Note17) DD is direction data.

	Key Scan output port/Segment output port switching control data
D1 to D70	Segment/PWM/General-Purpose output port switching control data
	Line Inversion or Frame Inversion switching control data
	1/4 bias driver, 1/3 bias driver or 1/2 bias driver switching control data
DT0 to DT2 ·····	1/8-duty drive, 1/7-duty drive, 1/5-duty drive, 1/4-duty drive, 1/3-duty drive or Static drive switching control data
FC0 to FC3	Common/Segment output waveform frame frequency setting control data
OC	Internal oscillator operating mode/External clock operating mode switching control data
SC·····	
	Normal mode/Power-saving mode control data
	PWM/General-Purpose output port select data
	PWM output waveform frame frequency setting control data.
	LCD bias voltage VLCD setting control data.
	/38, W40 to W48, W50 to W58, W60 to W68, W70 to W78, W80 to W88, W90 to W98
	PWM output duty setting control data

When it is coincident with device code, BU97550KV-M capture display data and control data at falling edge of SCE. So, please transfer the bit number of send display data and control data as specified number in the above figure. Specified number of bits is 160bit (Device code: 8bit, Display data and Control data: 149bit, DD: 3bit).

Control Data Functions

1. KM0, KM1 and KM2: Key Scan output port/Segment output port switching control data

These control data bits switch the functions of the KS1/S53 to KS6/S58 output pins between key scan output and Segment output.

KM0	KM1	KM2			Output		Maximum Number	Reset		
KIVIU	r ivi i	r iviz	KS1/S53	KS2/S54	KS3/S55	KS4/S56	KS5/S57	KS6/S58	of Input keys	condition
0	0	0	KS1	KS2	KS3	KS4	KS5	KS6	30	-
0	0	1	S53	KS2	KS3	KS4	KS5	KS6	25	-
0	1	0	S53	S54	KS3	KS4	KS5	KS6	20	-
0	1	1	S53	S54	S55	KS4	KS5	KS6	15	-
1	0	0	S53	S54	S55	S56	KS5	KS6	10	-
1	0	1	S53	S54	S55	S56	S57	KS6	5	-
1	1	0	S53	S54	S55	S56	S57	S58	0	-
1	1	1	S53	S54	S55	S56	S57	S58	0	0

2. P0, P1, P2 and P3: Segment/PWM/General-Purpose output port switching control data

These control bits are used to select the function of the S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9 output Pins (Segment output Pins or PWM output Pins or General-Purpose output Pins).

P0	P1	P2	P3	S1/P1/G1	S2/P2/G2	S3/P3/G3	S4/P4/G4	S5/P5/G5	S6/P6/G6	S7/P7/G7	S8/P8/G8	S9/P9/G9	Reset condition
0	0	0	0	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
0	0	0	1	P1/G1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
0	0	1	0	P1/G1	P2/G2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
0	0	1	1	P1/G1	P2/G2	P3/G3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
0	1	0	0	P1/G1	P2/G2	P3/G3	P4/G4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
0	1	0	1	P1/G1	P2/G2	P3/G3	P4/G4	P5/G5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
0	1	1	0	P1/G1	P2/G2	P3/G3	P4/G4	P5/G5	P6/G6	S7	S8	S9	-
0	1	1	1	P1/G1	P2/G2	P3/G3	P4/G4	P5/G5	P6/G6	P7/G7	S8	S9	-
1	0	0	0	P1/G1	P2/G2	P3/G3	P4/G4	P5/G5	P6/G6	P7/G7	P8/G8	S9	-
1	0	0	1	P1/G1	P2/G2	P3/G3	P4/G4	P5/G5	P6/G6	P7/G7	P8/G8	P9/G9	-
1	0	1	0	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
1	0	1	1	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
1	1	0	0	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
1	1	0	1	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
1	1	1	0	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	-
1	1	1	1	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	0

PWM output or General-Purpose output is selected by PGx(x=1 to 9) control data bit.

When the General-Purpose output Port Function is selected, the correspondence between the output Pins and the respective display data is given in the table below.

Output Bing	Corresponding Display Data						
Output Pins	1/8 Duty mode	1/7 Duty mode	1/5 Duty mode	1/4 Duty mode	1/3 Duty mode	Static	
S1/P1/G1	D1	D1	D1	D1	D1	D1	
S2/P2/G2	D9	D8	D6	D5	D4	D2	
S3/P3/G3	D17	D15	D11	D9	D7	D3	
S4/P4/G4	D25	D22	D16	D13	D10	D4	
S5/P5/G5	D33	D29	D21	D17	D13	D5	
S6/P6/G6	D41	D36	D26	D21	D16	D6	
S7/P7/G7	D49	D43	D31	D25	D19	D7	
S8/P8/G8	D57	D50	D36	D29	D22	D8	
S9/P9/G9	D65	D57	D41	D33	D25	D9	

When the General-Purpose output Port Function is selected, the respective output pin outputs a "H" level when its corresponding display data is set to "1". Likewise, it will output a "L" level, if its corresponding display data is set to "0". For example, at 1/4 Duty mode, S4/P4/G4 is used as a General-Purpose output Port, if its corresponding display data D13 is set to "1", then S4/P4/G4 will output "H" level. Likewise, if D13 is set to "0", then S4/P4/G4 will output "L" level.

3. FL: Line Inversion or Frame Inversion switching control data

This control data bit selects either line inversion mode or frame inversion mode.

FL	Inversion mode	Reset condition
0	Line Inversion	0
1	Frame Inversion	-

4. DR: 1/4 bias drive, 1/3 bias drive, 1/2 bias drive or 1/1 bias drive switching control data

Т	nis control data	t bit selects	either 1/4	bias drive,	1/3 bias drive,	1/2 bias drive o	r 1/1 k	bias drive.

DR0	DR1	Bias drive scheme	Reset condition
0	0	1/3 Bias	0
0	1	1/1 Bias	-
1	0	1/4 Bias	-
1	1	1/2 Bias	-

5. DT: 1/8 duty drive, 1/7 duty drive, 1/5 duty drive, 1/4 duty drive, 1/3 duty drive or Static switching control data These control data bits select either 1/8 duty drive, 1/7 duty drive, 1/5 duty drive, 1/4 duty drive, 1/3 duty drive or Static

11	lese control da	la bils select elli	ier 1/6 duty drive	, 1/7 duly drive, 1/5 duly drive, 1/4 duly drive,	1/3 duly drive of Stall
	DT0	DT1	DT2	Duty drive scheme	Reset condition
	0	0	0	Static drive	-
	0	0	1	1/3 duty drive	-
	0	1	0	1/4 duty drive	0
	0	1	1	1/5 duty drive	-
	1	0	0	1/7 duty drive	-
	1	0	1	1/8 duty drive	-
	1	1	0	1/4 duty drive	-
	1	1	1	1/4 duty drive	-

6. FC0, FC1, FC2 and FC3: Common/Segment output waveform frame frequency setting control data These control data bits set the frame frequency for Common and Segment output waveforms.

These control da	These control data bits set the frame frequency for Common and Segment output wavelorms.										
FC0	FC1	FC2	FC3	Frame Frequency fo(Hz)	Reset condition						
0	0	0	0	fosc ^(Note18) / 12288	0						
0	0	0	1	fosc / 10752	-						
0	0	1	0	fosc / 9216	-						
0	0	1	1	fosc / 7680	-						
0	1	0	0	fosc / 6144	-						
0	1	0	1	fosc / 4608	-						
0	1	1	0	fosc / 3840	-						
0	1	1	1	fosc / 3072	-						
1	0	0	0	fosc / 2880	-						
1	0	0	1	fosc / 2688	-						
1	0	1	0	fosc / 2496	-						
1	0	1	1	fosc / 2304	-						
1	1	0	0	fosc / 2112	-						
1	1	0	1	fosc / 1920	-						
1	1	1	0	fosc / 1728	-						
1	1	1	1	fosc / 1536	-						

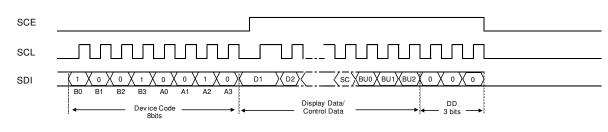
(Note18)fosc: Internal Oscillation Frequency (600 [kHz] Typ)

7. OC: Internal oscillator operating mode/External clock operating mode switching control data This control data bit selects ascillation mode

This control uata	Dit Selects Oscillation mode.		
OC	Operating mode	In/Out pin(OSC/S70) status	Reset condition
0	Internal oscillator	S70 (Segment output)	0
1	External Clock	OSC_IN (clock input)	-

<External Clock input timing function>

Internal oscillation / external clock select signal behavior is below. Input external clock after serial data sending.



Internal oscillation Extarnal Clock



8. SC: Segment on/off control data

This control data bit controls the on/off state of the Segments.

SC	Display state	Reset condition		
0	ON	-		
1	OFF	0		

Note that when the Segments are turned off by setting SC to "1", the Segments are turned off by outputting Segment off waveforms from the Segment output pins.

9. BU0, BU1 and BU2: Normal mode/Power-saving mode control data These control data bits select either normal mode or Power-saving mode

BU0	BU1	BU2	Mode	OSC	Segment outputs		utput Pir		: During ndby	Key So	can	Reset	
				Oscillator	Common outputs	KS1	KS2	KS3	KŚ4	KS5	KS6	Reset - condition - - - - -	
0	0	0	Normal	Operating	Operating	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	-	
0	0	1				L	L	L	L	L	Н	-	
0	1	0				L	L	L	L	Н	Н	-	
0	1	1	D			L	L	L	Н	Н	Н	-	
1	0	0	Power-	Stopped	Low(VSS)	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	-	
1	0	1	saving			L	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	-	
1	1	0				Н	Н	Н	Н	H H -	-		
1	1	1				Н	Н	Н	H	Н	H	0	

Power-saving mode status: S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9 = active only General-Purpose output

S10 to OSC_IN/S70 = low (VSS) COM1 to COM8 = low (VSS)

Shut off current to the LCD drive bias voltage generation circuit

Stop the Internal oscillation circuit

However, serial data transfer is possible when at Power-saving mode.

10. PG1, PG2, PG3, PG4, PG5, PG6, PG7, PG8 and PG9: PWM/ General-Purpose output port control data This control data bit select either PWM output or General-Purpose output of Sx/Px/Gx pins. (x=1 to 9)

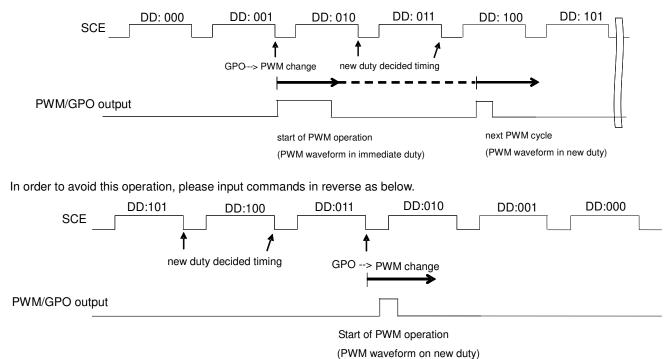
PGx(x=1 to 9)	Mode	Reset condition
0	PWM output	0
1	General-Purpose output	-

[PWM<->GPO Changing function]

Normal behavior of changing GPO to PWM is below.

- PWM operation is started by command import timing of DD: 001 during GPO -> PWM change.

- Please take care of reflect timing of new duty setting of DD: 010 and DD: 011 is from the next PWM.



11. PF0, PF1, PF2, and PF3: PWM output waveform frame frequency setting control data These control data bits set the frame frequency for PWM output waveforms

i nese contro	nese control data bits set the frame frequency for PWM butput waveforms.										
PF0	PF1	PF2	PF3	PWM output Frame Frequency fp(Hz)	Reset condition						
0	0	0	0	fosc / 4096	\bigcirc						
0	0	0	1	fosc / 3840	-						
0	0	1	0	fosc / 3584	-						
0	0	1	1	fosc / 3328	-						
0	1	0	0	fosc / 3072	-						
0	1	0	1	fosc / 2816	-						
0	1	1	0	fosc / 2560	-						
0	1	1	1	fosc / 2304	-						
1	0	0	0	fosc / 2048	-						
1	0	0	1	fosc / 1792	-						
1	0	1	0	fosc / 1536	-						
1	0	1	1	fosc / 1280	-						
1	1	0	0	fosc / 1024	-						
1	1	0	1	fosc / 768	-						
1	1	1	0	fosc / 512	-						
1	1	1	1	fosc / 256	-						

12. CT0, CT1, CT2 and CT3: Display Contrast setting control data These control data bits set display contrast

nese control data bits set display contrast										
CT0	CT1	CT2	CT3	LCD Drive bias voltage for VLCD Level	Reset condition					
0	0	0	0	1.000*VDD	0					
0	0	0	1	0.975*VDD	-					
0	0	1	0	0.950*VDD	-					
0	0	1	1	0.925*VDD	-					
0	1	0	0	0.900*VDD	-					
0	1	0	1	0.875*VDD	-					
0	1	1	0	0.850*VDD	-					
0	1	1	1	0.825*VDD	-					
1	0	0	0	0.800*VDD	-					
1	0	0	1	0.775*VDD	-					
1	0	1	0	0.750*VDD	-					
1	0	1	1	0.725*VDD	-					
1	1	0	0	0.700*VDD	-					
1	1	0	1	0.675*VDD	-					
1	1	1	0	0.650*VDD	-					
1	1	1	1	0.625*VDD	-					

Avoid setting VLCD voltage under 2.5V. And ensure "VDD – VLCD > 0.6V" condition is satisfied.

Unstable IC output voltage may result if the above conditions are not satisfied.

The relationship of LCD display contrast setting and VLCD voltage

CT Setting	formula	VDD= 6.000	VDD= 5.500	VDD= 5.000	VDD= 4.500	VDD= 4.000	VDD= 3.000	[V]
0	VDD	VLCD= 6.000	VLCD= 5.500	VLCD= 5.000	VLCD= 4.500	VLCD= 4.000	VLCD= 3.000	[V]
1	0.975*VDD	VLCD= 5.850	VLCD= 5.363	VLCD= 4.875	VLCD= 4.388	VLCD= 3.900	VLCD= 2.925	[V]
2	0.950*VDD	VLCD= 5.700	VLCD= 5.225	VLCD= 4.750	VLCD= 4.275	VLCD= 3.800	VLCD= 2.850	[V]
3	0.925*VDD	VLCD= 5.550	VLCD= 5.088	VLCD= 4.625	VLCD= 4.163	VLCD= 3.700	VLCD= 2.775	[V]
4	0.900*VDD	VLCD= 5.400	VLCD= 4.950	VLCD= 4.500	VLCD= 4.050	VLCD= 3.600	VLCD= 2.700	[V]
5	0.875*VDD	VLCD= 5.250	VLCD= 4.813	VLCD= 4.375	VLCD= 3.938	VLCD= 3.500	VLCD= 2.625	[V]
6	0.850*VDD	VLCD= 5.100	VLCD= 4.675	VLCD= 4.250	VLCD= 3.825	VLCD= 3.400	VLCD= 2.550	[V]
7	0.825*VDD	VLCD= 4.950	VLCD= 4.538	VLCD= 4.125	VLCD= 3.713	VLCD= 3.300	VLCD= 2.475	[V]
8	0.800*VDD	VLCD= 4.800	VLCD= 4.400	VLCD= 4.000	VLCD= 3.600	VLCD= 3.200	VLCD= 2.400	[V]
9	0.775*VDD	VLCD= 4.650	VLCD= 4.263	VLCD= 3.875	VLCD= 3.488	VLCD= 3.100	VLCD= 2.325	[V]
10	0.750*VDD	VLCD= 4.500	VLCD= 4.125	VLCD= 3.750	VLCD= 3.375	VLCD= 3.000	VLCD= 2.250	[V]
11	0.725*VDD	VLCD= 4.350	VLCD= 3.988	VLCD= 3.625	VLCD= 3.263	VLCD= 2.900	VLCD= 2.175	[V]
12	0.700*VDD	VLCD= 4.200	VLCD= 3.850	VLCD= 3.500	VLCD= 3.150	VLCD= 2.800	VLCD= 2.100	[V]
13	0.675*VDD	VLCD= 4.050	VLCD= 3.713	VLCD= 3.375	VLCD= 3.038	VLCD= 2.700	VLCD= 2.025	[V]
14	0.650*VDD	VLCD= 3.900	VLCD= 3.575	VLCD= 3.250	VLCD= 2.925	VLCD= 2.600	VLCD= 1.950	[V]
15	0.625*VDD	VLCD= 3.750	VLCD= 3.438	VLCD= 3.125	VLCD= 2.813	VLCD= 2.500	VLCD= 1.875	[V]

Disabled

13. W10 to W18^(Note19), W20 to W28, W30 to W38, W40 to W48, W50 to W58, W60 to W68, W70 to W78, W80 to W88 and W90 to W98: PWM output waveform duty setting control data. These control data bits set the high level pulse width (duty) for PWM output waveforms.
n = 1 to 9. To = 1/fp

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $											n = 1 to 9, Tp = 1/fp
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-										Reset condition
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0		0	0	-	-	0	-	0		0
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		-
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								1			-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0			0							-
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0			0							-
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0		0	0	0		1		1		-
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0		0			0	1				-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							1				-
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		0		-
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0	-	-	0			-	0			-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0		0	-		1	0	1	0		-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-		-	0			0				-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0		-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	0	0	0		1				-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	(14/256) x Tp	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	(15/256) x Tp	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0			0	1	0			0		-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0		0	0							-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0		0	0	1			1	0		-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0					0	0		1		-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	(20/256) x Tp	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	(235/256) x Tp	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	(236/256) x Tp	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	(237/256) x Tp	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	(238/256) x Tp	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	(239/256) x Tp	-
0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 (242/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 (243/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 (244/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 (245/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 (245/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 245/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 245/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 245/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 25/256) x Tp -	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	(240/256) x Tp	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	(241/256) x Tp	-
0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 (244/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 (245/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 245/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 (246/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 (248/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 (247/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 (249/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 (249/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 (249/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	(242/256) x Tp	-
0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 (244/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 (245/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 245/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 (246/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 (248/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 (247/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 (249/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 (249/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 (249/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	(243/256) x Tp	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	(244/256) x Tp	-
0 1 1 1 1 1 (247/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 (248/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 (249/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 (249/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 (250/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 (251/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 (252/256) x Tp - 0 1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	(245/256) x Tp	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	1	1	1		0	1	1	0	(246/256) x Tp	-
0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 (249/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 (250/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 (250/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 (251/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 (252/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 (253/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (253/256) x Tp - 0 1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1		1		-
0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 (250/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 (251/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 (251/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 (252/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 (253/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (254/256) x Tp - 0 1 <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>(248/256) x Tp</td> <td>-</td>	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	(248/256) x Tp	-
0 1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0			-
0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 (252/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 (253/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 (253/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (253/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (254/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 - - 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - - 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>(250/256) x Tp</td> <td>-</td>	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	(250/256) x Tp	-
0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 (253/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (253/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (254/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 - - 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - - 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - - 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0		1		-
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (254/256) x Tp - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 - - 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - - 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - - 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 (256/256) x Tp -	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	(252/256) x Tp	-
0 1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	(253/256) x Tp	-
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 - - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 - - - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 <t< td=""><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>(254/256) x Tp</td><td>-</td></t<>	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	(254/256) x Tp	-
1 0 0 0 0 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 (256/256) x Tp - - - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp -	0			1	1	1			1		-
1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 (256/256) x Tp - - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp -	1								0		-
1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 (256/256) x Tp -	1									(256/256) x Tp	-
<td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>(256/256) x Tp</td> <td>-</td>	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	(256/256) x Tp	-
<td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>(256/256) x Tp</td> <td>-</td>	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	(256/256) x Tp	-
1 1 1 1 1 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp -											-
1 1 1 1 1 0 1 (256/256) x Tp - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 (256/256) x Tp -	1	1	1	1	1		1		0		-
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	(256/256) x Tp	-
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	(256/256) x Tp	-
(Note19) W10 to W18:S1/P1/G1 PWM duty data		1		•	1	1	1	1	1	(256/256) x Tp	-

(Note19) W10 to W18:S1/P1/G1 PWM duty data W20 to W28:S2/P2/G2 PWM duty data W30 to W38:S3/P3/G3 PWM duty data W40 to W48:S4/P4/G4 PWM duty data W50 to W58:S5/P5/G5 PWM duty data W60 to W68:S6/P6/G6 PWM duty data W70 to W78:S7/P7/G7 PWM duty data W80 to W88:S8/P8/G8 PWM duty data W90 to W98:S9/P9/G9 PWM duty data

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence 1. 1/8 Duty

. 1/8 Duty Output Pin ^(Note20)	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4	COM5	COM6	COM7	COM8
S1/P1/G1	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8
S2/P2/G2	D9	D10	D11	D12	D13	D14	D15	D16
S3/P3/G3	D17	D18	D19	D20	D21	D22	D23	D24
S4/P4/G4	D25	D26	D27	D28	D29	D30	D31	D32
S5/P5/G5	D33	D34	D35	D36	D37	D38	D39	D40
S6/P6/G6	D41	D42	D43	D44	D45	D46	D47	D48
S7/P7/G7	D49	D50	D51	D52	D53	D54	D55	D56
S8/P8/G8	D57	D58	D59	D60	D61	D62	D63	D64
S9/P9/G9	D65	D66	D67	D68	D69	D70	D71	D72
S10	D73	D74	D75	D76	D77	D78	D79	D80
S11	D81	D82	D83	D84	D85	D86	D87	D88
S12	D89	D90	D91	D92	D93	D94	D95	D96
S13	D97	D98	D99	D100	D101	D102	D103	D104
S14	D105	D106	D107	D108	D109	D110	D111	D112
S15	D113	D114	D115	D116	D117	D118	D119	D120
S16	D121	D122	D123	D124	D125	D126	D127	D128
S17	D129	D130	D131	D132	D133	D134	D135	D136
S18	D137	D138	D139	D140	D141	D142	D143	D144
S19	D145	D146	D147	D148	D149	D150	D151	D152
S20	D153	D154	D155	D156	D157	D158	D159	D160
S21	D161	D162	D163	D164	D165	D166	D167	D168
S22	D169	D170	D100	D172	D103	D174	D175	D100
S23	D100	D178	D179	D180	D181	D182	D183	D184
S24	D185	D186	D173	D188	D189	D102	D103	D104
S25	D193	D100	D195	D196	D103	D198	D199	D200
S26	D100 D201	D104	D100 D203	D100	D107	D100	D100 D207	D208
S20	D201	D202	D203	D204	D203	D200	D207	D200
S28	D203	D210	D219	D212 D220	D213	D214 D222	D213	D210
S29	D217 D225	D216	D213	D220	D229	D222 D230	D223	D224
S30	D233	D220	D235	D236	D223	D238	D239	D240
S31	D233 D241	D234 D242	D233	D230	D237 D245	D236	D239 D247	D240 D248
S32	D241 D249	D242 D250	D243 D251	D244 D252	D243 D253	D240 D254	D255	D240 D256
S33	D243 D257	D258	D259	D252 D260	D255	D262	D263	D264
	D265	D266	D253	D268	D269	D202	D203	D204
S35	D203	D200	D207 D275	D200	D203	D278	D279	D280
S36	D273	D282	D283	D270	D285	D286	D273	D288
S37	D289	D202 D290	D203	D292	D203	D200	D207 D295	D200
S38	D203 D297	D298	D299	D232	D293	D234 D302	D233	D230
S39	D237 D305	D230	D293	D308	D309	D310	D303	D312
S40	D303	D300	D315	D316	D303	D318	D319	D312 D320
S40	D313 D321	D314 D322	D313	D310	D317 D325	D316	D319 D327	D320
S42	D329	D330	D323	D332	D333	D320	D335	D336
S43	D323	D338	D339	D340	D3341	D342	D343	D344
S44	D345	D346	D333 D347	D348	D349	D342 D350	D343	D344 D352
	D345 D353	D346 D354	D347 D355	D346 D356	D349 D357	D350 D358	D351 D359	D352 D360
S45	D353 D361	D354 D362	D355 D363	D356 D364	D365	D356	D359 D367	D368
S40	D369	D362 D370	D363 D371	D364 D372	D365 D373	D366 D374	D367 D375	D300 D376
S48	D309 D377	D370 D378	D379	D372 D380	D373	D374	D373	D376
S40	D377 D385	D378 D386	D379 D387	D388	D381	D382 D390	D383 D391	D384 D392
S50	D385 D393	D386 D394	D395	D386	D389 D397	D390 D398	D391 D399	D392 D400
S50	D393 D401	D394 D402	D395 D403	D396 D404	D397 D405	D398 D406	D399 D407	D400 D408
S51	D401 D409	D402 D410	D403 D411	D404 D412	D405 D413	D406 D414	D407 D415	D408 D416
KS1/S53	D409 D417	D410 D418	D411 D419	D412 D420	D413 D421	D414 D422	D413 D423	D416 D424
KS2/S54	D417 D425	D418 D426	D419 D427	D420 D428	D421 D429	D422 D430	D423 D431	D424 D432
KS3/S55	D425 D433	D426 D434	D427 D435	D428 D436	D429 D437	D430 D438	D431 D439	D432 D440
KS4/S56	D433 D441	D434 D442	D435 D443	D436 D444	D437 D445	D436 D446	D439 D447	D440 D448
KS5/S57	D441 D449	D442 D450	D443 D451	D444 D452	D445 D453	D440 D454	D447 D455	D448 D456
KS6/S58	D449 D457	D450 D458	D451 D459	D452 D460	D453 D461	D454 D462	D455 D463	D456 D464
KI1/S59	D457 D465	D456	D459 D467	D460 D468	D461 D469	D462 D470	D463 D471	D464 D472
KI1/559 KI2/S60	D465 D473	D466 D474	D467 D475	D466 D476	D469 D477	D470 D478	D471 D479	D472 D480
KI3/S61	D473 D481	D474 D482	D475 D483	D476 D484	D477 D485	D478 D486	D479 D487	D480 D488
KI3/S61 KI4/S62	D481 D489	D482 D490	D483 D491	D484 D492	D485 D493	D486 D494	D487 D495	D488 D496
K14/S62 K15/S63	D489 D497	D490 D498	D491 D499	D492 D500	D493 D501	D494 D502	D495 D503	D496 D504
1/10/000	D49/	D430	D499	0000	0001	D002	0003	D304

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued

Output Pin	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4	COM5	COM6	COM7	COM8
COM8/S64								
COM7/S65								
COM6/S66								
COM5/S67								
S68	D505	D506	D507	D508	D509	D510	D511	D512
S69	D513	D514	D515	D516	D517	D518	D519	D520
OSC_IN/S70	D521	D522	D523	D524	D525	D526	D527	D528

(Note20) The Segment output Port function is assumed to be selected for the output pins – S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9, KS1/S53 to KS6/S58, K11/S59 to KI5/S63 and OSC_IN/S70. Also, COM8/S64, COM7/S65, COM6/S66, COM5/S67 pins are used as Common outputs.

To illustrate further, the states of the S21 output pin is given in the table below.

	Display Data									
	D162	D163		D165				State of S21 output Pin		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM8 are OFF.		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	LCD Segment corresponding to COM8 is ON.		
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM7 is ON.		
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM7 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM6 is ON.		
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM6 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM6, COM7 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM5 is ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5, COM7 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5 and COM6 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5, COM6, and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5, COM6, and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5, COM6, COM7 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM4 is ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM7 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4 and COM6 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM6 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM6, COM7 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4 and COM5 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM5 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM5 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM5, COM7 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM5 and COM6 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM5, COM6 and COM8 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM5, COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM8 are ON.		

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued 2. 1/7 Duty

2. <u>1/7 Duty</u>							
Output Pin ^(Note21)	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4	COM5	COM6	COM7
S1/P1/G1	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7
S2/P2/G2	D8	D9	D10	D11	D12	D13	D14
S3/P3/G3	D15	D16	D17	D18	D19	D20	D21
S4/P4/G4	D22	D23	D24	D25	D26	D27	D28
S5/P5/G5	D29	D30	D31	D32	D33	D34	D35
	D29	D30	D38	D32	D33	D34 D41	D35 D42
S6/P6/G6							
S7/P7/G7	D43	D44	D45	D46	D47	D48	D49
S8/P8/G8	D50	D51	D52	D53	D54	D55	D56
S9/P9/G9	D57	D58	D59	D60	D61	D62	D63
S10	D64	D65	D66	D67	D68	D69	D70
S11	D71	D72	D73	D74	D75	D76	D77
S12	D78	D79	D80	D81	D82	D83	D84
S13	D85	D86	D87	D88	D89	D90	D91
S14	D92	D93	D94	D95	D96	D97	D98
S15	D99	D100	D101	D102	D103	D104	D105
S16	D106	D107	D108	D109	D110	D111	D112
S17	D113	D114	D115	D116	D117	D118	D119
S18	D120	D121	D122	D123	D124	D125	D126
S19	D120	D128	D129	D120	D124	D120	D133
S20	D127	D128	D129	D130	D138	D132	D133
S21	D141	D142	D143	D144	D145	D146	D147
S22	D148	D149	D150	D151	D152	D153	D154
S23	D155	D156	D157	D158	D159	D160	D161
S24	D162	D163	D164	D165	D166	D167	D168
S25	D169	D170	D171	D172	D173	D174	D175
S26	D176	D177	D178	D179	D180	D181	D182
S27	D183	D184	D185	D186	D187	D188	D189
S28	D190	D191	D192	D193	D194	D195	D196
S29	D197	D198	D199	D200	D201	D202	D203
S30	D204	D205	D206	D207	D208	D209	D210
S31	D211	D212	D213	D214	D215	D216	D217
S32	D218	D219	D220	D221	D222	D223	D224
S33	D210	D226	D227	D228	D229	D230	D231
	D223	D220	D227	D228	D229	D230	D231
S35	D239	D240	D241	D242	D243	D244	D245
S36	D246	D247	D248	D249	D250	D251	D252
S37	D253	D254	D255	D256	D257	D258	D259
S38	D260	D261	D262	D263	D264	D265	D266
S39	D267	D268	D269	D270	D271	D272	D273
S40	D274	D275	D276	D277	D278	D279	D280
S41	D281	D282	D283	D284	D285	D286	D287
S42	D288	D289	D290	D291	D292	D293	D294
S43	D295	D296	D297	D298	D299	D300	D301
S44	D302	D303	D304	D305	D306	D307	D308
S45	D309	D310	D311	D312	D313	D314	D315
S46	D316	D317	D318	D319	D320	D321	D322
S47	D323	D324	D325	D326	D327	D328	D329
S48	D330	D331	D332	D333	D334	D335	D336
S49	D337	D338	D339	D340	D341	D333	D343
S50	D337 D344	D345	D346	D340	D341	D342 D349	D343 D350
S51	D351	D352	D353	D354	D355	D356	D357
S52	D358	D359	D360	D361	D362	D363	D364
KS1/S53	D365	D366	D367	D368	D369	D370	D371
KS2/S54	D372	D373	D374	D375	D376	D377	D378
KS3/S55	D379	D380	D381	D382	D383	D384	D385
KS4/S56	D386	D387	D388	D389	D390	D391	D392
KS5/S57	D393	D394	D395	D396	D397	D398	D399
KS6/S58	D400	D401	D402	D403	D404	D405	D406
KI1/S59	D407	D408	D409	D410	D411	D412	D413
KI2/S60	D414	D415	D416	D417	D418	D419	D420
KI3/S61	D421	D422	D423	D424	D425	D416	D427
		D120	D430	D/131	D/132	D/33	D434
KI4/S62 KI5/S63	D428 D435	D429 D436	D430 D437	D431 D438	D432 D439	D433 D440	D434 D441

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued

Output Pin	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4	COM5	COM6	COM7
COM8 / S64	D442	D443	D444	D445	D446	D447	D448
COM7 / S65							
COM6 / S66							
COM5 / S67							
S68	D449	D450	D451	D452	D453	D454	D455
S69	D456	D457	D458	D459	D460	D461	D462
OSC_IN/S70	D463	D464	D465	D466	D467	D468	D469
(Niste Of) The Oceanies and another	A Dauk function in a	بمامح مطامة اممامه	بقريب فيشرب والمتعالية والمتعار				1050 to 1/15/000

(Note21) The Segment output Port function is assumed to be selected for the output pins – S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9, KS1/S53 to KS6/S58, KI1/S59 to KI5/S63 and OSC_IN/S70. Also, COM7/S65, COM6/S66, COM5/S67 pins are used as Common outputs.

To illustrate further, the states of the S21 output pin is given in the table below.

		Dis	splay da	ata		1	Otate of OOd autout Dire		
D141	D142	D143	D144	D145	D146	D147	State of S21 output Pin		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM7 are OFF.		
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	LCD Segment corresponding to COM7 is ON.		
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM6 is ON.		
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM5 is ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5 and COM6 are ON.		
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM5, COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM4 is ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4 and COM6 are ON		
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4 and COM5 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM5, and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM5, and COM6 are ON.		
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4, COM5, COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM3 is ON.		
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3 and COM6 are ON.		
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3 and COM5 are ON.		
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM5 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM5 and COM6 are ON.		
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM5, COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3 and COM4 are ON.		
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM4 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM4 and COM6 are ON.		
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM4, COM6 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM4 and COM5 are ON.		
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM4, COM5 and COM7 are ON.		
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM4, COM5 and COM6 are ON.		
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM7 are ON.		

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued 3. 1/5 duty

Output Pin ^(Note22)	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4	COM5
S1/P1/G1	D1	D2	D3	D4	00005
S2/P2/G2	D6	D7	D8	D9	D10
S3/P3/G3	D11	D12	D13	D14	D15
S4/P4/G4	D16	D12	D18	D19	D13
S5/P5/G5	D10	D17	D18	D19 D24	D20
S6/P6/G6	D21 D26	D22 D27	D23	D24 D29	D25
S7/P7/G7	D31	D32	D33	D34	D35
S8/P8/G8	D36	D37	D38	D39	D40
S9/P9/G9	D41	D42	D43	D44	D45
S10	D46	D47	D48	D49	D50
S11	D51	D52	D53	D54	D55
S12	D56	D57	D58	D59	D60
S13	D61	D62	D63	D64	D65
S14	D66	D67	D68	D69	D70
S15	D71	D72	D73	D74	D75
S16	D76	D77	D78	D79	D80
S17	D81	D82	D83	D84	D85
S18	D86	D87	D88	D89	D90
S19	D91	D92	D93	D94	D95
S20	D96	D97	D98	D99	D100
S21	D101	D102	D103	D104	D105
S22	D106	D107	D108	D109	D110
S23	D111	D112	D113	D114	D115
S24	D116	D117	D118	D119	D120
S25	D121	D122	D123	D124	D125
S26	D126	D127	D128	D129	D130
S27	D131	D132	D133	D134	D135
S28	D136	D137	D138	D139	D140
S29	D141	D142	D143	D144	D145
S30	D146	D147	D148	D149	D145
S31	D140	D147	D148	D149	D155
S32	D156	D152	D158	D159	D160
	D161	D162	D158	D159 D164	D165
		D162	D168	D164 D169	D165
S35	D166 D171	D172	D108	D189	D170
S36	D176	D177	D178	D179	D180
S37	D181	D182	D183	D184	D185
S38	D186	D187	D188	D189	D190
S39	D191	D192	D193	D194	D195
S40	D196	D197	D198	D199	D200
S41	D201	D202	D203	D204	D205
S42	D206	D207	D208	D209	D210
S43	D211	D212	D213	D214	D215
S44	D216	D217	D218	D219	D220
S45	D221	D222	D223	D224	D225
S46	D226	D227	D228	D229	D230
S47	D231	D232	D233	D234	D235
S48	D236	D237	D238	D239	D240
S49	D241	D242	D243	D244	D245
S50	D246	D247	D248	D249	D250
S51	D251	D252	D253	D254	D255
S52	D256	D257	D258	D259	D260
KS1/S53	D261	D262	D263	D264	D265
KS2/S54	D266	D262	D268	D269	D270
KS3/S55	D200	D207	D200	D209	D275
KS4/S56	D276	D272	D278	D274	D280
KS5/S57	D278 D281	D282	D278 D283	D279 D284	D285
KS6/S58	D286	D287	D288	D289	D290
KI1/S59	D291	D292	D293	D294	D295
KI2/S60	D296	D297	D298	D299	D300
KI3/S61	D301	D302	D303	D304	D305
KI4/S62	D306	D307	D308	D309	D310
KI5/S63	D311	D312	D313	D314	D315

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued

Output Pin	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4	COM5
COM8/S64	D316	D317	D318	D319	D320
COM7/S65	D321	D322	D323	D324	D325
COM6/S66	D326	D327	D328	D329	D330
COM5/S67					
S68	D331	D332	D333	D334	D335
S69	D336	D337	D338	D339	D340
OSC_IN/S70	D341	D342	D343	D344	D345
(Note22) The Segment output	ut Port function is assume	d to be selected for the out	out nine - S1/P1/G1 to S9	PQ/CQ KS1/S53 to KS6/S	58 K11/S59 to K15/S63

(Note22) The Segment output Port function is assumed to be selected for the output pins – S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9, KS1/S53 to KS6/S58, KI1/S59 to KI5/S63 and OSC_IN/S70. Also, COM5/S67 pins are used as Common outputs.

To illustrate further, the states of the S21 output pin is given in the table below.

Display Data		•			
D101	D102	D103	D104	D105	State of S21 output Pin
0	0	0	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM5 are OFF.
0	0	0	0	1	LCD Segment corresponding to COM5 is ON.
0	0	0	1	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM4 is ON.
0	0	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM4 and COM5 are ON.
0	0	1	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM3 is ON.
0	0	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3 and COM5 are ON.
0	0	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3 and COM4 are ON.
0	0	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3, COM4 and COM5 are ON.
0	1	0	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM2 is ON.
0	1	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2 and COM5 are ON.
0	1	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2 and COM4 are ON.
0	1	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2, COM4 and COM5 are ON.
0	1	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are ON.
0	1	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2, COM3, and COM5 are ON.
0	1	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2, COM3, and COM4 are ON.
0	1	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2, COM3, COM4 and COM5 are ON.
1	0	0	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM1 is ON.
1	0	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM5 are ON.
1	0	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM4 are ON.
1	0	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM4 and COM5 are ON.
1	0	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are ON.
1	0	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM3 and COM5 are ON.
1	0	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM3 and COM4 are ON.
1	0	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM3, COM4 and COM5 are ON.
1	1	0	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are ON.
1	1	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM5 are ON.
1	1	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM4 are ON.
1	1	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM4 and COM5 are ON.
1	1	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are ON.
1	1	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM5 are ON.
1	1	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4 are ON.
1	1	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM5 are ON.

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued 4. 1/4 duty

. 1/4 duty				
Output Pin ^(Note23)	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4
S1/P1/G1	D1	D2	D3	D4
S2/P2/G2	D5	D6	D7	D8
S3/P3/G3	D9	D10	D11	D12
	D13	D14	D15	D16
S4/P4/G4				
S5/P5/G5	D17	D18	D19	D20
S6/P6/G6	D21	D22	D23	D24
S7/P7/G7	D25	D26	D27	D28
S8/P8/G8	D29	D30	D31	D32
S9/P9/G9	D33	D34	D35	D36
S10	D37	D38	D39	D40
S11	D41	D42	D43	D44
S12	D45	D46	D47	D48
S13	D49	D50	D51	D52
S14	D53	D54	D55	D56
S15	D57	D58	D59	D60
S16	D61	D62	D63	D64
S17	D65	D66	D67	D68
S18	D69	D70	D71	D72
S19	D73	D74	D75	D76
S20	D77	D74	D79	D80
S21	D81	D82	D83	D84
S22	D85	D86	D87	D88
S23	D89	D90	D91	D92
S24	D93	D94	D95	D96
S25	D97	D98	D99	D100
S26	D101	D102	D103	D104
S27	D105	D106	D107	D108
S28	D109	D110	D111	D112
S29	D113	D114	D115	D116
S30	D117	D118	D119	D120
S31	D121	D122	D123	D124
S32	D125	D126	D127	D128
S33	D129	D130	D131	D132
S34	D133	D134	D135	D136
S35	D137	D138	D139	D140
<u>S36</u>	D141	D142	D143	D144
S37	D145	D146	D147	D148
S38	D149	D150	D151	D152
S39	D153	D154	D155	D156
S40	D157	D158	D159	D160
S41	D161	D162	D163	D164
S42	D165	D166	D167	D168
S43	D169	D170	D171	D172
S44	D173	D174	D175	D176
S45	D177	D178	D179	D180
S46	D181	D182	D183	D184
S47	D185	D186	D187	D188
S48	D189	D190	D191	D192
S49	D193	D194	D195	D196
S50	D197	D198	D199	D200
S51	D201	D202	D203	D204
S52	D205	D202	D203	
				D208
KS1/S53	D209	D210	D211	D212
KS2/S54	D213	D214	D215	D216
KS3/S55	D217	D218	D219	D220
KS4/S56	D221	D222	D223	D224
KS5/S57	D225	D226	D227	D224
KS6/S58	D229	D230	D231	D232
KI1/S59	D233	D234	D235	D236
KI2/S60	D237	D238	D239	D240
	D241	D242	D243	D244
KI3/S61				
KI3/S61				D249
KI3/S61 KI4/S62 KI5/S63	D245 D249	D246 D250	D247 D251	D248 D252

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued

Output Pin	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4
COM8/S64	D253	D254	D255	D256
COM7/S65	D257	D258	D259	D260
COM6/S66	D261	D262	D263	D264
COM5/S67	D265	D266	D267	D268
S68	D269	D270	D271	D272
S69	D273	D274	D275	D276
OSC_IN/S70	D277	D278	D279	D280

(Note23) The Segment output Port function is assumed to be selected for the output pins – S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9, KS1/S53 to KS6/S58, KI1/S59 to KI5/S63 and OSC_IN/S70.

To illustrate further, the states of the S21 output pin is given in the table below.

	Display Data			State of S21 output Pin				
D81	D82	D83	D84	State of S21 output Pin				
0	0	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM4 are OFF.				
0	0	0	1	LCD Segment corresponding to COM4 is ON.				
0	0	1	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM3 is ON.				
0	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM3 and COM4 are ON.				
0	1	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM2 is ON.				
0	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2 and COM4 are ON.				
0	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are ON.				
0	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2, COM3 and COM4 are ON.				
1	0	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM1 is ON.				
1	0	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM4 are ON.				
1	0	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are ON.				
1	0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM3 and COM4 are ON.				
1	1	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are ON.				
1	1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, and COM4 are ON.				
1	1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, and COM3 are ON.				
1	1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM4 are ON.				

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued 5. 1/3 duty

0utput Pin ^(Note24)	COM1	COM2	COM3	
S1/P1/G1	D1	D2	D3	
S2/P2/G2	D4	D5	D6	
S3/P3/G3	D4 D7	D3	D9	
S4/P4/G4	D10	D11	D12	
	D10	D14		
S5/P5/G5	D13		D15	
S6/P6/G6		D17	D18	
S7/P7/G7	D19	D20	D21	
S8/P8/G8	D22	D23	D24	
S9/P9/G9	D25	D26	D27	
S10	D28	D29	D30	
S11	D31	D32	D33	
S12	D34	D35	D36	
S13	D37	D38	D39	
S14	D40	D41	D42	
S15	D43	D44	D45	
S16	D46	D47	D48	
S17	D49	D50	D51	
S18	D52	D53	D54	
S19	D55	D56	D57	
S20	D58	D59	D60	
S21	D61	D62	D63	
S22	D64	D65	D66	
S23	D67	D68	D69	
S24	D70	D71	D72	
S25	D73	D74	D75	
S26	D76	D77	D78	
S27	D79	D80	D81	
S28	D82	D83	D84	
S29	D85	D85	D87	
S30	D88	D89	D90	
S31	D91	D92	D93	
S32	D94	D95	D96	
S33	D97	D98	D99	
S34	D100	D101	D102	
S35	D103	D104	D102	
S36	D106	D107	D108	
S37	D100	D107	D100	
S38	D105	D113	D114	
S39	D115	D116	D117	
S40	D118	D119	D120	
0.1.1	D 1 0 1	5400	5466	
S41 S42	D121 D124	D122 D125	D123 D126	
S42 S43	D124	D125	D128	
<u>543</u>	D127	D128	D129 D132	
	D130	D131 D134	D132	
	D133	D134	D135	
	D136	D137	D138	
	D139 D142	D140	D141	
S49	D145	D146	D147	
S50	D148	D149	D150	
S51	D151	D152	D153	
S52	D154	D155	D156	
KS1/S53	D157	D158	D159	
KS2/S54	D160	D161	D162	
KS3/S55	D163	D164	D165	
KS4/S56	D166	D167	D168	
KS5/S57	D169	D170	D171	
KS6/S58	D172	D173	D174	
KI1/S59	D175	D176	D177	
KI2/S60	D178	D179	D180	
KI3/S61	D181	D182	D183	
KI4/S62	D184	D185	D186	
KI5/S63	D187	D188	D189	

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued

Output Pin	COM1	COM2	COM3
COM8/S64	D190	D191	D192
COM7/S65	D193	D194	D195
COM6/S66	D196	D197	D198
COM5/S67	D199	D200	D201
S68	D202	D203	D204
S69	D205	D206	D207
OSC_IN/S70	D208	D209	D210

(Note24) The Segment output Port function is assumed to be selected for the output pins – S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9, KS1/S53 to KS6/S58, KI1/S59 to KI5/S63 and OSC_IN/S70.

To illustrate further, the states of the S21 output pin is given in the table below.

Display Data		ata	State of S21 output Pin		
D61	D62	D63	State of S21 output Pin		
0	0	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM3 are OFF.		
0	0	1	LCD Segment corresponding to COM3 is ON.		
0	1	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM2 is ON.		
0	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are ON.		
1	0	0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM1 is ON.		
1	0	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are ON.		
1	1	0	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are ON.		
1	1	1	LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 to COM3 are ON.		

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued 6. Static

Output Pin(None2) COM1 S1/P1/G1 D1 S2/P2/G2 D2 S3/P3/G3 D3 S4/P4/G4 D4 S5/P5/G5 D5 S6/P6/G6 D6 S7/P7/G7 D7 S8/P8/G8 D8 S9/P9/G9 D9 S10 D10 S11 D11 S12 D12 S13 D13 S14 D14 S15 D15 S16 D16 S17 D17 S18 D18 S19 D19 S20 D20 S21 D21 S22 D22 S23 D23 S24 D24 S25 D25 S26 D26 S27 D27 S28 D28 S29 D29 S30 D30 S31 D31 S32 <td< th=""><th>Static</th><th></th></td<>	Static	
S1/P1/G1 D1 S2/P2/G2 D2 S3/P3/G3 D3 S4/P4/G4 D4 S5/P5/G5 D5 S6/P6/G6 D6 S7/P7/G7 D7 S8/P8/G8 D8 S9/P9/G9 D9 S10 D10 S11 D11 S12 D12 S13 D13 S14 D14 S15 D15 S16 D16 S17 D17 S18 D18 S19 D19 S20 D20 S21 D21 S22 D22 S23 D23 S24 D24 S25 D25 S26 D26 S27 D27 S28 D28 S29 D29 S30 D30 S31 D31 S32 D32 S33 D33 <	Output Pin ^(Note25)	COM1
S3/P3/G3 D3 S4/P4/G4 D4 S5/P5/G5 D5 S6/P6/G6 D6 S7/P7/G7 D7 S8/P8/G8 D8 S9/P9/G9 D9 S10 D10 S11 D11 S12 D12 S13 D13 S14 D14 S15 D15 S16 D16 S17 D17 S18 D18 S19 D19 S20 D20 S21 D21 S22 D22 S23 D23 S24 D24 S25 D25 S26 D26 S27 D27 S28 D28 S29 D29 S30 D30 S31 D31 S32 D32 S33 D33 S34 D34 S35 D35	S1/P1/G1	D1
S3/P3/G3 D3 S4/P4/G4 D4 S5/P5/G5 D5 S6/P6/G6 D6 S7/P7/G7 D7 S8/P8/G8 D8 S9/P9/G9 D9 S10 D10 S11 D11 S12 D12 S13 D13 S14 D14 S15 D15 S16 D16 S17 D17 S18 D18 S19 D19 S20 D20 S21 D21 S22 D22 S23 D23 S24 D24 S25 D25 S26 D26 S27 D27 S28 D28 S29 D29 S30 D30 S31 D31 S32 D32 S33 D33 S34 D34 S35 D35		D2
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S48 D48 S49 D49 S50 D50 S51 D51 S52 D52 KS1/S53 D53 KS2/S54 D54 KS3/S55 D55 KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D58 K11/S59 D59 K12/S60 D60 K13/S61 D61 K14/S62 D62		
S49 D49 S50 D50 S51 D51 S52 D52 KS1/S53 D53 KS2/S54 D54 KS3/S55 D55 KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D58 K11/S59 D59 K12/S60 D60 K13/S61 D61 K14/S62 D62		
S50 D50 S51 D51 S52 D52 KS1/S53 D53 KS2/S54 D54 KS3/S55 D55 KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D58 K11/S59 D59 K12/S60 D60 K13/S61 D61 K14/S62 D62		
S51 D51 S52 D52 KS1/S53 D53 KS2/S54 D54 KS3/S55 D55 KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D58 KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
S52 D52 KS1/S53 D53 KS2/S54 D54 KS3/S55 D55 KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D59 KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S60 D60 KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
S52 D52 KS1/S53 D53 KS2/S54 D54 KS3/S55 D55 KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D59 KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S60 D60 KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62	S51	D51
KS1/S53 D53 KS2/S54 D54 KS3/S55 D55 KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D59 KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
KS2/S54 D54 KS3/S55 D55 KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D58 KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S60 D60 KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
KS3/S55 D55 KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D58 KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S60 D60 KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
KS4/S56 D56 KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D58 K11/S59 D59 Kl2/S60 D60 Kl3/S61 D61 Kl4/S62 D62		
KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D58 KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S60 D60 KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
KS5/S57 D57 KS6/S58 D58 KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S60 D60 KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62	KS4/S56	D56
KS6/S58 D58 KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S60 D60 KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
KI1/S59 D59 KI2/S60 D60 KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
KI2/S60 D60 KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
KI3/S61 D61 KI4/S62 D62		
KI4/S62 D62	KI2/S60	D60
KI4/S62 D62	KI3/S61	D61
NI3/303 D03		
	110/000	003

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence – continued

Output Pin	COM1
COM8/S64	D64
COM7/S65	D65
COM6/S66	D66
COM5/S67	D67
S68	D68
S69	D69
OSC_IN/S70	D70

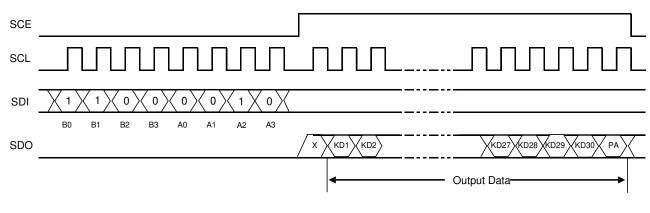
(Note25) The Segment output Port function is assumed to be selected for the output pins – S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9, KS1/S53 to KS6/S58, KI1/S59 to KI5/S63 and OSC_IN/S70.

To illustrate further, the states of the S21 output pin is given in the table below.

Display Data D21	State of S21 output Pin
0	LCD Segment corresponding to COM1 is OFF.
1	LCD Segment corresponding to COM1 is ON.

Serial Data Output

1. When SCL is stopped at the low level^(Note26)





(Note26)

1. X=Don't care 2. B0 to B3, A0 to A3: Serial Interface address

2. When SCL is stopped at the high level $^{(Note27)}$

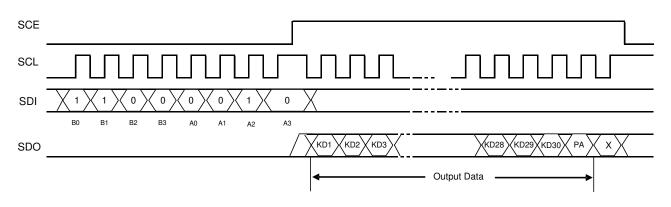


Figure 20. Serial Data Output Format

(Note27)

- 1. X=Don't care
- 2. B0 to B3, A0 to A3: Serial Interface address
- 3. Serial Interface address: 43H
- 4. KD1 to KD30: Key data
- 5. PA: Power-saving acknowledge data 6. If a key data read operation is executed when SDO is high, the read key data (KD1 to KD30) and Power-saving acknowledge data (PA) will be invalid.

Output Data

1. KD1 to KD30: KEY DATA

When a key matrix of up to 30 keys is formed from the KS1 to KS6 output pins and the KI1 to KI5 input pins and one of those keys is pressed, the key output data corresponding to that key will be set to 1. The table shows the relationship between those pins and the key data bits.

Item	KI1	KI2	KI3	KI4	KI5
KS1	KD1	KD2	KD3	KD4	KD5
KS2	KD6	KD7	KD8	KD9	KD10
KS3	KD11	KD12	KD13	KD14	KD15
KS4	KD16	KD17	KD18	KD19	KD20
KS5	KD21	KD22	KD23	KD24	KD25
KS6	KD26	KD27	KD28	KD29	KD30

2. PA: Power-saving Acknowledge Data

This output data is set to the state of normal mode or Power-saving mode.

PA is set to 1 in the Power-saving mode and to 0 in the normal mode.

Power-saving Mode

Power-saving mode is activated when least one of control data BU0 or BU1 or BU2 is set to 1. All Segment and Common outputs will go low. The oscillation circuit will stop (It can be restarted by a key press), thus reducing power consumption. This mode can be disabled when control data bits BU0, BU1 and BU2 are all set to 0. However, note that the S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9 outputs can still be used as General-Purpose output ports according to the state of the P0 to P2 control data bits, even in Power-saving mode. (See Control Data Functions.)

Key Scan Operation Functions

1. Key Scan Timing

The key scan period is 4608T(s). To reliably determine the on/off state of the keys, the BU97550KV-M scans the keys twice and determines that a key has been pressed when the key data agrees. Then it outputs a key data read request (a low level on SDO) 9840T(s) after starting a key scan. If the key data does not agree and a key was pressed at that point, it scans the keys again. Thus the BU97550KV-M cannot detect a key press shorter than 9840T(s).

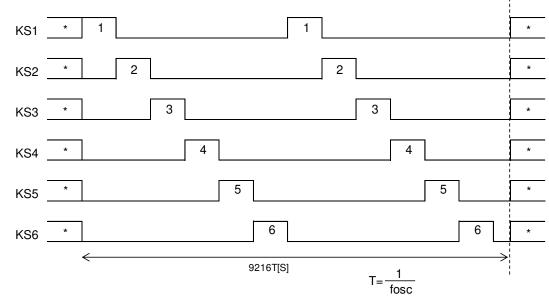


Figure 21. Key Scan Timing(Note28)

(Note28) In Power-saving mode, the "H" or "L" state of these pins is determined by the BU0 to BU2 bits in the control data. Key scan output signals are not output from pins that are set "L".

2. In Normal Mode

The pins KS1 to KS6 output are set "H".

When a key is pressed a key scan is started and the keys are scanned until all keys are released. Multiple key presses are recognized by determining whether multiple key data bits are set.

If a key is pressed for longer than 9840T(s) (Where T=1/fosc) the BU97550KV-M outputs a key data read request (a low level on SDO) to the controller. The controller acknowledges this request and reads the key data. However, if SCE is high during a serial data transfer, SDO will be set high.

After the controller reads the key data, the key data read request is cleared (SDO is set high) and the BU97550KV-M performs another key scan. Also note that SDO, being an open-drain output, requires a pull-up resistor (between $1k\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$).

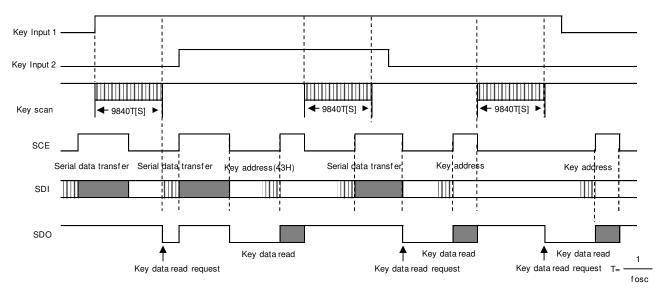


Figure 22. Key scan operation in normal mode

3. In Power-saving Mode

The pins KS1 to KS6 output high or low level by the BU0 to BU2 bits in the control data. (See the control data Functions for details.)

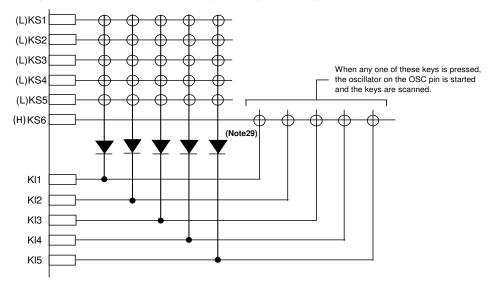
If a key on one of the lines corresponding to a KS1 to KS6 pin which is set high is pressed, the oscillator on the OSC_IN pin is started and a key scan is performed. Keys are scanned until all keys are released. Multiple key presses are recognized by determining whether multiple key data bits are set.

If a key is pressed for longer than 9840T(s)(Where T=1/fosc) the BU97550KV-M outputs a key data read request (a low level on SDO) to the controller. The controller acknowledges this request and reads the key data. However, if SCE is high during a serial data transfer, SDO will be set high.

After the controller reads the key data, the key data read request is cleared (SDO is set high) and the BU97550KV-M performs another key scan. However, this does not clear Power-saving mode. Also note that SDO, being an open-drain output, requires a pull-up resistor (between 1 k Ω to 10k Ω).

Power-saving mode key scan example

Example: BU0=0, BU1=0, BU2=1 (only KS6 high level output)



(Note 29)

These diodes are required to reliable recognize multiple key presses on the KS6 line when Power-saving mode state with only KS6 high, as in the above example.

That is, these diodes prevent incorrect operations due to sneak currents in the KS6 key scan output signal when keys on the KS1 to KS5 lines are pressed at the same time.

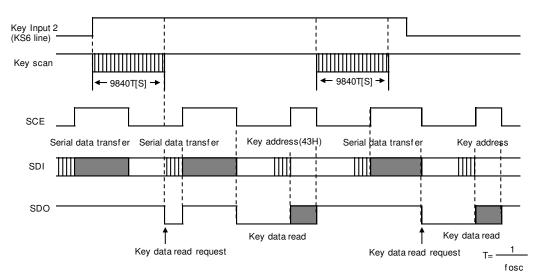


Figure 23. Key scan operation in Power-saving mode

4. Multiple Key Presses

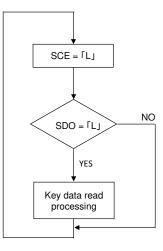
Although the BU97550KV-M is capable of key scanning without inserting diodes for dual key presses, triple key presses on the KI1 to KI5 input pin lines, or multiple key presses on the KS1 to KS6 output pin lines, multiple presses other than these cases may result in keys that were not pressed recognized as having been pressed. Therefore, a diode must be inserted in series with each key. Applications that do not recognize multiple key presses of three or more keys should check the key data for three or more 1 bit and ignore such data.

5. Controller Key Data Read Techniques

When the controller receives a key data read request from BU97550KV-M, it performs a key data read acquisition operation using either the Timer Based Key Data Acquisition or the Interrupt Based Key Data Acquisition.

6. Timer Based Key Data Acquisition Technique

Under the Timer Based Key Data Acquisition Technique, the controller uses a timer to determine the states of the keys (on or off) and read the key data. Please refer to the flowchart below.



Key data read processing: Refer to "Serial Data Output"

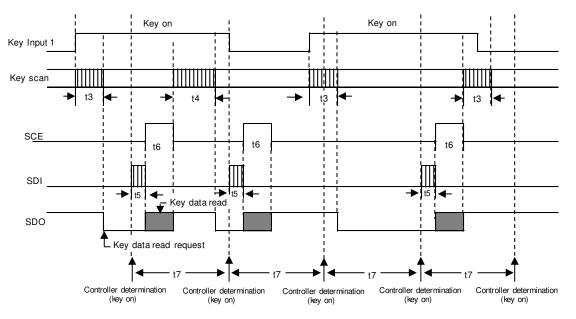
Figure 24. Flowchart

In this technique, the controller uses a timer to determine key on/off states and read the key data. The controller must check the SDO state when SCE is low every t7 period without fail. If SDO is low, the controller recognizes that a key has been pressed and executes the key data read operation.

The period t7 in this technique must satisfy the following condition.

t7>t4+t5+t6

If a key data read operation is executed when SDO is high, the read key data (KD1 to KD30) and Power-saving acknowledge data (PA) will be invalid.



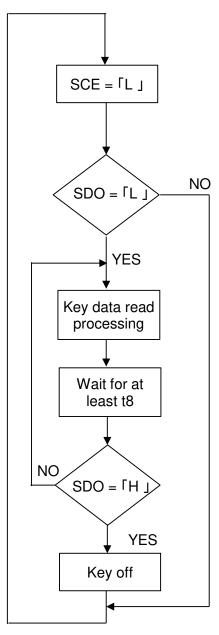
t3: Key scan execution time when the key data agreed for two key scans. (9840T[s])

t4: Key scan execution time when the key data did not agree for two key scans and the key scan was executed again. (19680T[s]) T = 1 / fosc

- t5: Key address (43H) transfer time
- t6: Key data read time

Figure 25. Timer based key data read operation

7. Interrupt Based Key Data Acquisition Technique Under the Interrupt Based Key Data Acquisition Technique, the controller uses interrupts to determine the state of the keys (on or off) and read the key data. Please refer to the flow chart diagram below.

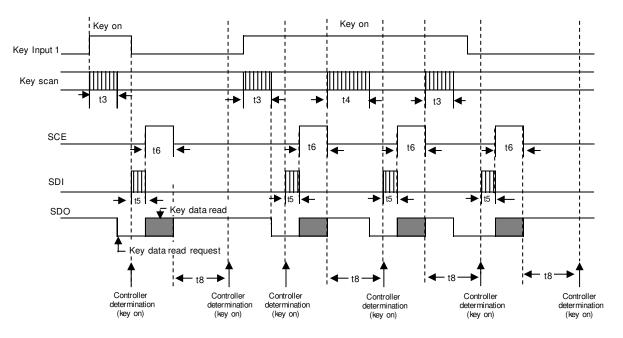


Key data read processing: Refer to "Serial Data Output"

Figure 26. Flowchart

In this technique, the controller uses interrupts to determine key on/off states and read the key data. The controller must check the SDO state when SCE is low. If SDO is low, the controller recognizes that a key has been pressed and executes the key data read operation. After that the next key on/off determination is performed after the time t8 has elapsed by checking the SDO state when SCE is low and reading the key data. The period t8 in this technique must satisfy t8 > t4.

If a key data read operation is executed when SDO is high, the read key data (KD1 to KD30) and power-saving acknowledge data (PA) will be invalid.



t3: Key scan execution time when the key data agreed for two key scans. (9840T[s])

t4: Key scan execution time when the key data did not agree for two key scans and the key scan was executed again. (19680T[s]) T = 1 / fosc

t5: Key address (43H) transfer time

t6: Key data read time

Figure 27. Interrupt Based Key Data Read Operation

LCD Driving Waveforms

1. Line Inversion 1/8-Duty 1/4-Bias Drive Scheme

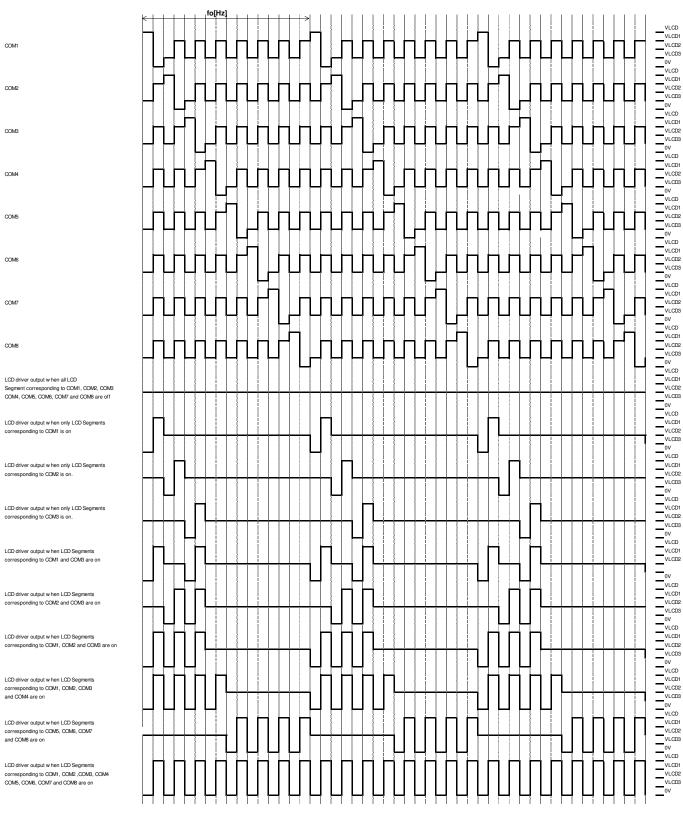
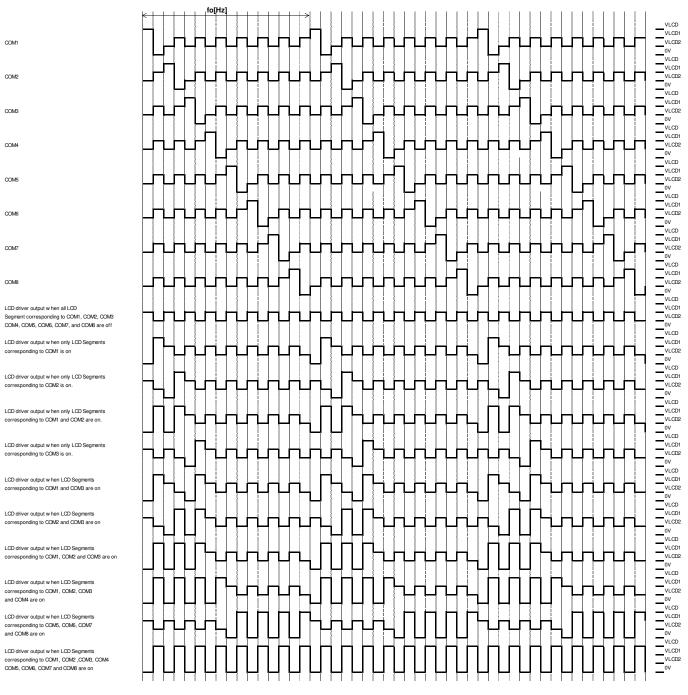
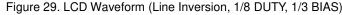


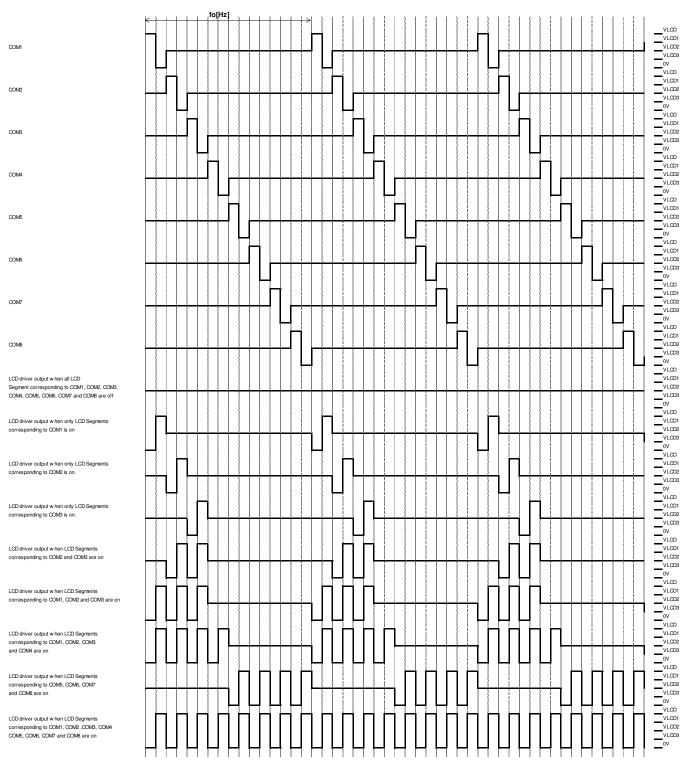
Figure 28. LCD Waveform (Line Inversion, 1/8 DUTY, 1/4 BIAS)

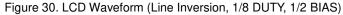
2. Line Inversion 1/8-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive Scheme





3. Line Inversion 1/8-Duty 1/2-Bias Drive Scheme





4. Line Inversion 1/7-Duty 1/4-Bias Drive Scheme

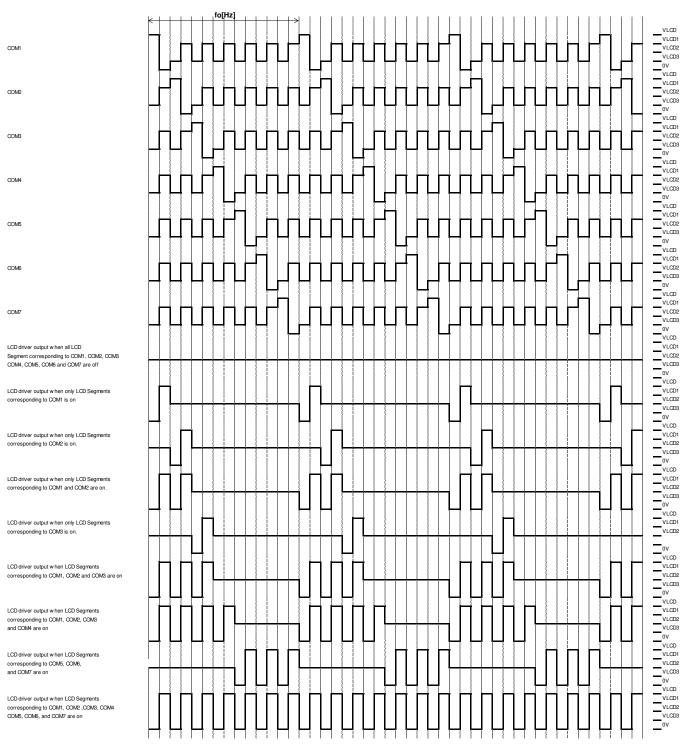
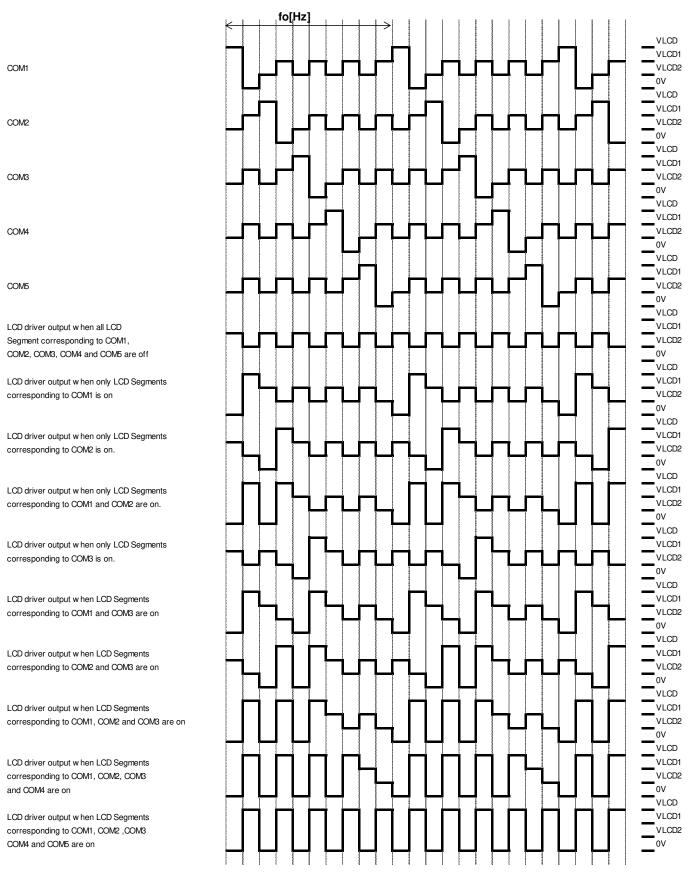
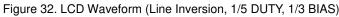


Figure 31. LCD Waveform (Line Inversion, 1/7 DUTY, 1/4 BIAS)

5. Line Inversion 1/5-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive Scheme





6. Line Inversion 1/5-Duty 1/2-Bias Drive Scheme

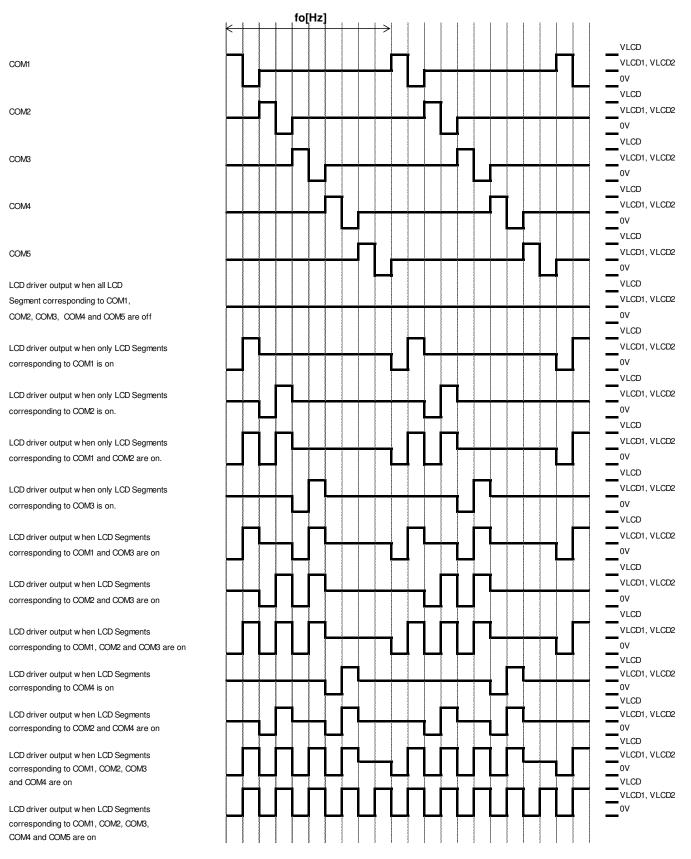


Figure 33. LCD Waveform (Line Inversion, 1/5 DUTY, 1/2 BIAS)

7. Line Inversion 1/4-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive Scheme

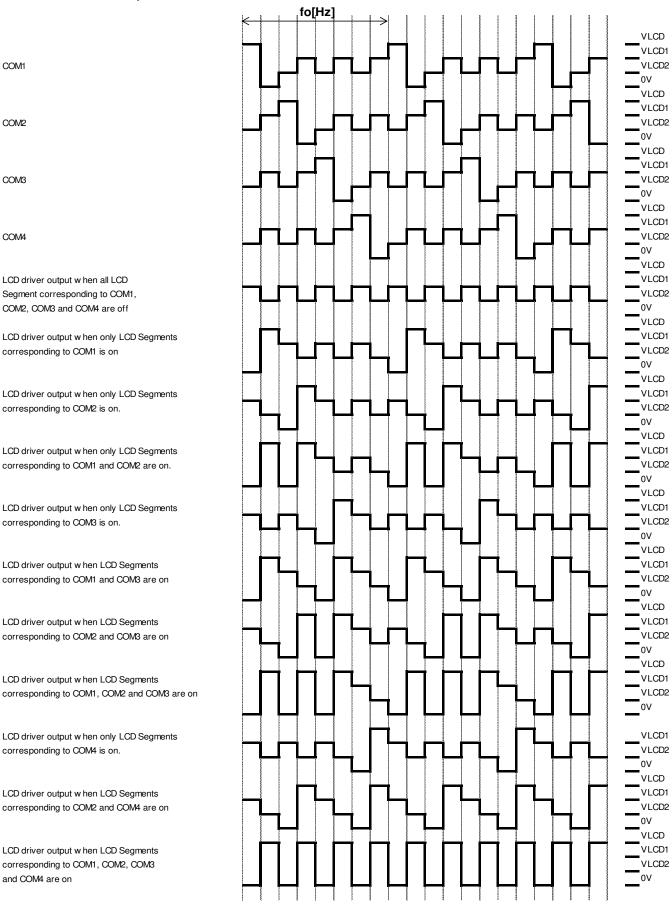


Figure 34. LCD Waveform (Line Inversion, 1/4 DUTY, 1/3 BIAS)

8. Line Inversion 1/4-Duty 1/2-Bias Drive Scheme

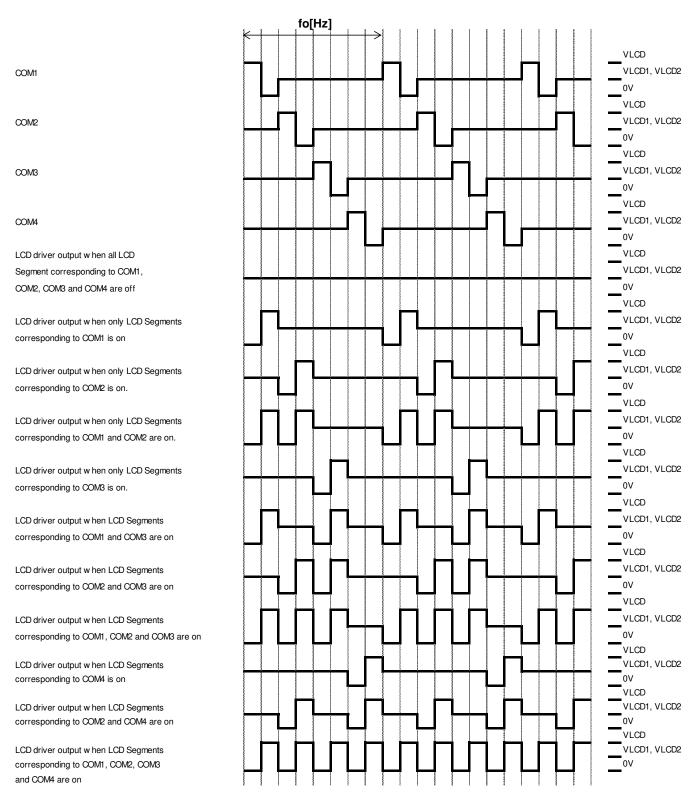
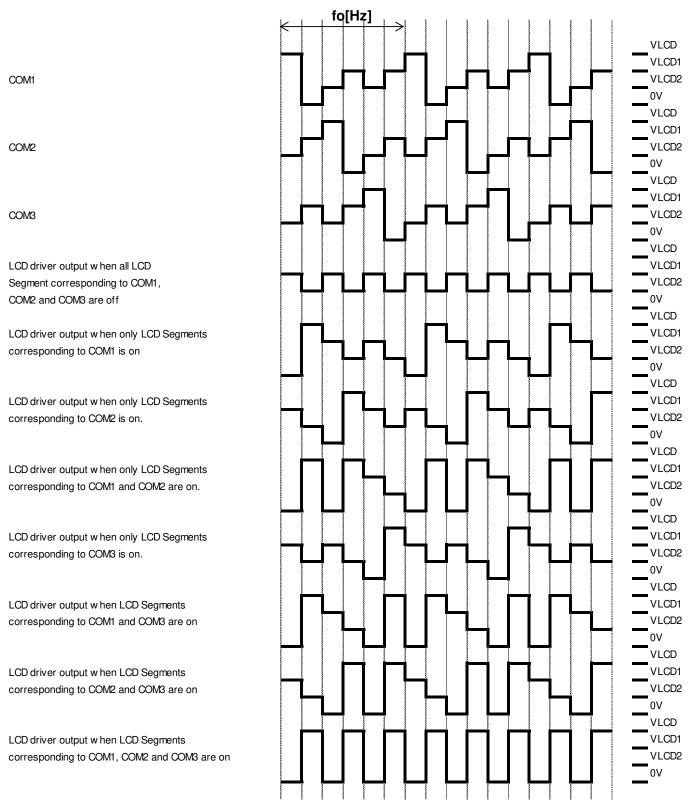
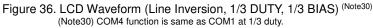


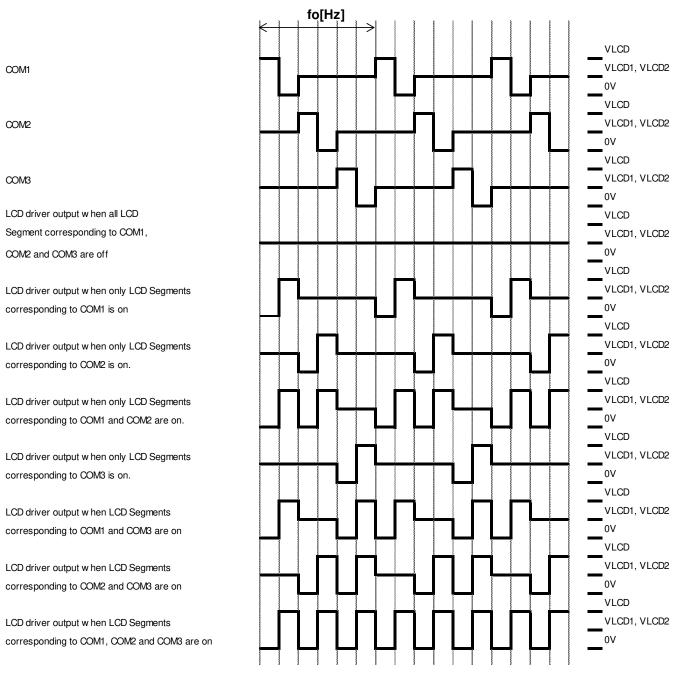
Figure 35. LCD Waveform (Line Inversion, 1/4 DUTY, 1/2 BIAS)

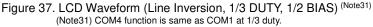
9. Line Inversion 1/3-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive Scheme





10. Line Inversion 1/3-Duty 1/2-Bias Drive Scheme





11. Line Inversion Static Drive Scheme

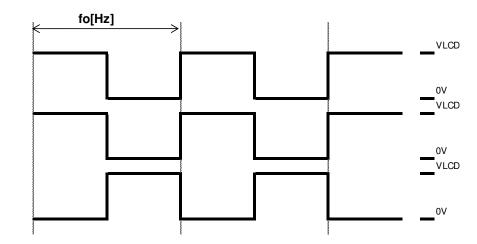


Figure 38. LCD Waveform (Line Inversion, Static) (Note32) (Note32) COM2, COM3 and COM4 function are same as COM1 at Static.

COM1

LCD driver output when all LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 is off

LCD driver output when all LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 is on

LCD Driving Waveforms – continued 12. Frame Inversion, 1/8-Duty 1/4-Bias Drive Scheme

	fo[Hz]	
COMI		
COM2		
COMS		
COM4		
COMS		
СОМБ		
COM7		
COMB		
LCD driver output when all LCD Segment corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4 COM5, COM5 COM7 and COM8 are off		
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments corresponding to COMI is on		
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments corresponding to COM2 is on.		
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments corresponding to COMt and COM2 are on.		
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments corresponding to COMB is on.		
LCD driver output when LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are on		
LCD driver output when LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4 are on		
LCD driver output when LCD Segments corresponding to COM5, COM6, COM7 and COM8 are on		
LCD driver output when LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4 COM5, COM6, COM7 and COM8 are on		

Figure 39. LCD Waveform (Frame Inversion, 1/8 DUTY, 1/4BIAS)

LCD Driving Waveforms – continued 13. Frame Inversion 1/5-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive Scheme

	<	fo[Hz]		1		1	1	
OM1				ſ				
OM2								
OM3								
OM4								
OM5								
CD driver output w hen all LCD								
egment corresponding to COM1, OM2, COM3, COM4 and COM5 are off								
CD driver output when only LCD Segments								
orresponding to COM1 is on								
CD driver output when only LCD Segments				Γ				_
orresponding to COM2 is on.					L			
CD driver output when only LCD Segments orresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.								
					L	Ī	—	
CD driver output when only LCD Segments orresponding to COM3 is on.								
CD driver output w hen LCD Segments prresponding to COM1 and COM3 are on					Γ			
							_	
CD driver output when LCD Segments prresponding to COM2 and COM3 are on				ľ		ľ		_
CD driver output when LCD Segments prresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are on								
CD driver output when LCD Segments prresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3			1000000				****	
d COM4 are on							www	
CD driver output when LCD Segments prresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3,								
OM4 and COM5 are on								

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14. Frame Inversion 1/5-Duty 1/2-Bias Drive Scheme

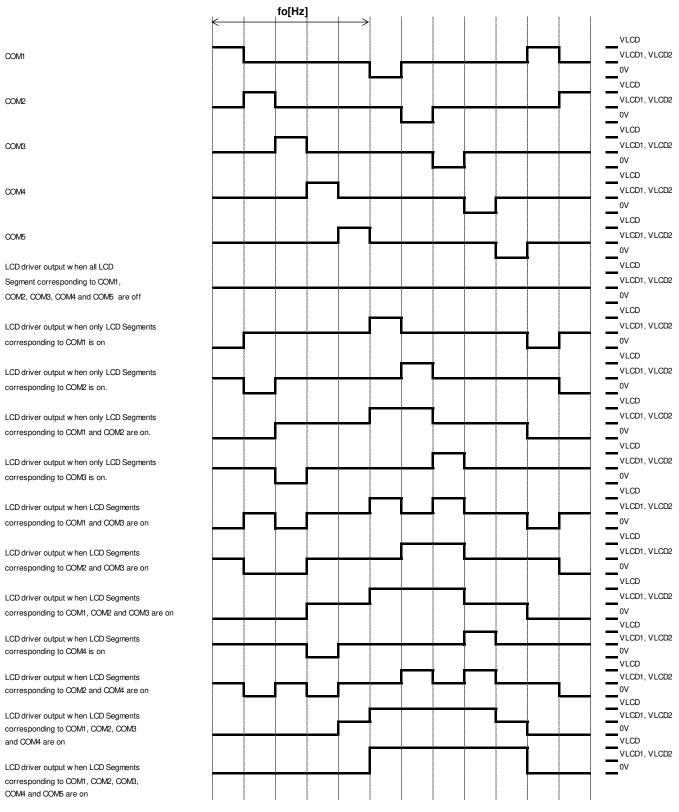


Figure 41. LCD Waveform (Frame Inversion, 1/5 DUTY, 1/2BIAS)

LCD Driving Waveforms – continued 15. Frame Inversion 1/4-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive Scheme

		fo	[Hz]		ł	8	ł	1	1	1	
											VLCD
		Í							ĺ		VLCD1
COM1											VLCD2 0V
											VLCD
			İ								VLCD1
COM2		ļ			ļ						VLCD2 0V
											VLCD
				Í							VLCD1
COM3											VLCD2 0V
					<u> </u>						VLCD1
COM4				ļ							
											VLCD
LCD driver output w hen all LCD											VLCD1
Segment corresponding to COM1,											VLCD2 0V
COM2, COM3 and COM4 are off											-VLCD
LCD driver output w hen only LCD Segments											VLCD1
corresponding to COM1 is on											
		1									-VLCD
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments											VLCD1
corresponding to COM2 is on.											-VLCD2 0V
											-VLCD
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments											VLCD1
corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.											
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments							5				VLCD1
corresponding to COM3 is on.											VLCD2 0V
											VLCD
LCD driver output when LCD Segments											VLCD1
corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are on											VLCD2 0V
		ł		4							
LCD driver output when LCD Segments							Ì	İ.			VLCD1
corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are on									i		VLCD2 0V
		ļ		1							-VLCD
LCD driver output when LCD Segments					ļ						VLCD1
corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are on											VLCD2 0V
				4							VLCD
LCD driver output when LCD Segments											VLCD1
corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3											
and COM4 are on		1		1							
	1	ł	1	ł	t	ł	1	1	: 8	ŧ	

Figure 42. LCD Waveform (Frame Inversion, 1/4 DUTY, 1/3BIAS)

LCD Driving Waveforms – continued 16. Frame Inversion 1/4-Duty 1/2-Bias Drive Scheme

	fo	[Hz]		a a	2 8	1
	<		*			
COM1						VLCD VLCD1, VLCD2
	 				4 –	
						VLCD
COM2						VLCD1, VLCD2
СОМЗ						VLCD1, VLCD2
						OV
						VLCD
COM4						VLCD1, VLCD2
LCD driver output w hen all LCD						
Segment corresponding to COM1,						VLCD1, VLCD2
COM2, COM3 and COM4 are off				ĺ		ov
						VLCD
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments	<u> </u>		┦ ┞		-	VLCD1, VLCD2
corresponding to COM1 is on						
LCD driver output w hen only LCD Segments				1		VLCD1, VLCD2
corresponding to COM2 is on.						0V
						VLCD
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments						VLCD1, VLCD2
corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.						
LCD driver output w hen only LCD Segments						VLCD1, VLCD2
corresponding to COM3 is on.						0V
LCD driver output when LCD Segments						VLCD1, VLCD2
corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are on						
LCD driver output w hen LCD Segments						VLCD1, VLCD2
corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are on						ov
LCD driver output w hen LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are on				–		VLCD1, VLCD2
LCD driver output w hen LCD Segments						VLCD1, VLCD2
corresponding to COM4 is on			4			
LCD driver output when LCD Segments						VLCD1, VLCD2
corresponding to COM2 and COM4 are on			4		 	
LCD driver output when LCD Segments						VLCD1, VLCD2
corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3	<u> </u>		4			0V
and COM4 are on						

Figure 43. LCD Waveform (Frame Inversion, 1/4 DUTY, 1/2BIAS)

LCD Driving Waveforms – continued 17. Frame Inversion 1/3-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive Scheme

	fo[Hz]
COM1	
COM2	
	VLCD
COM3	
LCD driver output when all LCD	VLCD1
Segment corresponding to COM1, COM2, and COM3 are off	
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments	
corresponding to COM1 is on	VLCD2
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments corresponding to COM2 is on.	VLCD1 VLCD2
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments	VLCD1
corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.	
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments corresponding to COM3 is on.	VLCD2
LCD driver output when LCD Segments corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are on	
LCD driver output when LCD Segments	
corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are on	
	VLCD
LCD driver output when LCD Segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are on	

Figure 44. LCD Waveform (Frame Inversion, 1/3 DUTY, 1/3BIAS) (Note33) (Note33) COM4 function is same as COM1 at 1/3 duty.

LCD Driving Waveforms – continued 18. Frame Inversion 1/3-Duty 1/2-Bias Drive Scheme

	2
	2
0V	
VLCD	
COM3 VLCD1, VLCD2	2
LCD driver output w hen all LCD	
Segment corresponding to COM1, VLCD1, VLCD2, VLCD1, VLCD1, VLCD2, VLCD1, VLCD1, VLCD1, VLCD2, VLCD1,	2
COM2, and COM3 are off	
LCD driver output w hen only LCD Segments	2
corresponding to COM1 is on 0V	
VLCD	
LCD driver output w hen only LCD Segments VLCD1, VLCD2	2
corresponding to COM2 is on.	
LCD driver output when only LCD Segments	2
corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.	
LCD driver output w hen only LCD Segments	2
corresponding to COM3 is on.	
VLCD	
LCD driver output w hen LCD Segments VLCD1, VLCD2	2
corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are on	
LCD driver output when LCD Segments VLCD1, VLCD2	2
corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are on	
LCD driver output w hen LCD Segments	2
corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are on 0V	



LCD driver output when all LCD

LCD driver output when all LCD

COM1

LCD Driving Waveforms – continued 19. Frame Inversion Static Drive Scheme

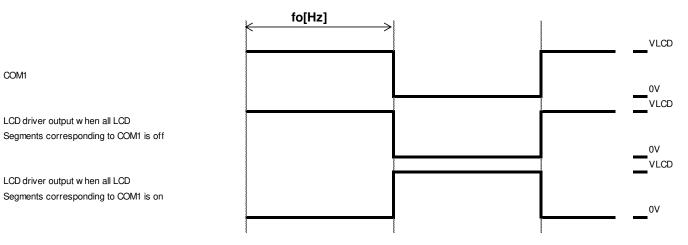


Figure 46. LCD Waveform (Frame Inversion, Static) (Note35) (Note35) COM2, COM3 and COM4 function are same as COM1 at Static.

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Oscillation Stabilization Time of the Internal Oscillation Circuit

It must be noted that the oscillation of the internal oscillation circuit is unstable for a maximum of 100µs (oscillation stabilization time) after oscillation has started.

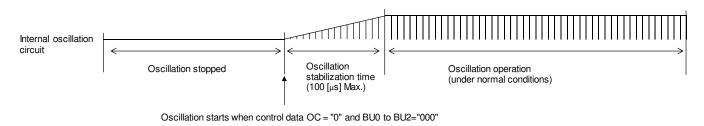


Figure 47. Oscillation Stabilization Time

Power-saving mode operation in external clock mode

After receiving [BU0,BU1,BU2]=[1,1,1], BU97550KV-M enter to Power-saving mode synchronized with frame then Segment and Common ports output VSS level.

Therefore, in external clock mode, it is necessary to input the external clock based on each frame frequency setting after sending [BU0,BU1,BU2]=[1,1,1].

For the required number of clock, refer to "Control Data Functions 6. FC0, FC1, FC2 and FC3".

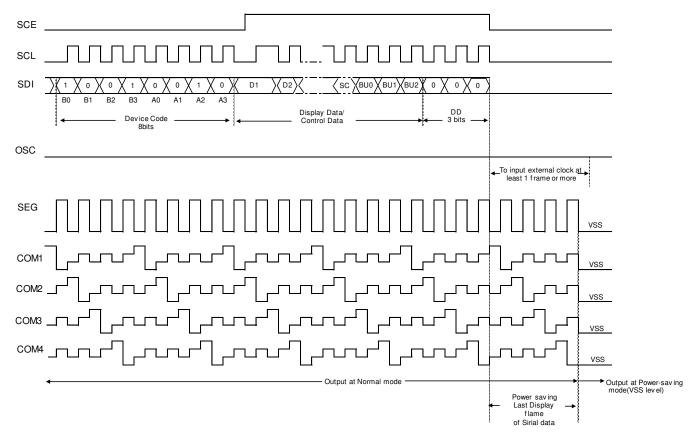
For example, please input the external clock as below.

[FC0,FC1,FC2,FC3]=[0,0,0,0]: In case of fosc/12288 setting, it needs over 12288clk,

[FC0,FC1,FC2,FC3]=[0,1,0,1]: In case of fosc/4608 setting, it needs over 4608clk,

[FC0,FC1,FC2,FC3]=[1,1,1,1]: In case of fosc/1536 setting, it needs over 1536clk

Please refer to the timing chart below.



Voltage Detection Type Reset Circuit (VDET)

The Voltage Detection Type Reset Circuit generates an output signal that resets the system when power is applied for the first time and when the power supply voltage drops (that is, for example, the power supply voltage is less than or equal to the power down detection voltage (V_{DET} = 1.8V Typ). To ensure that this reset function works properly, it is recommended that a capacitor be connected to the power supply line so that both the power supply voltage (VDD) rise time when power is first applied and the power supply voltage (VDD) fall time when the voltage drops are at least 1ms.

To refrain from data transmission is strongly recommended while power supply is rising up or falling down to prevent from the occurrence of disturbances on transmission and reception.

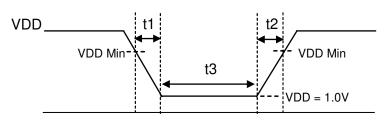


Figure 48. VDET Detection Timing

Power supply voltage VDD fall time: t1 > 1ms Power supply voltage VDD rise time: t2 > 1ms Internal reset power supply retain time: t3 > 1ms

When it is difficult to keep above conditions, it is possibility to cause meaningless display due to no IC initialization. Please execute the IC initialization as quickly as possible after Power-On to reduce such an affect. See the IC initialization flow as below.

But since commands are not received when the power is OFF, the IC initialization flow is not the same function as VDET.

Set [BU0,BU1,BU2]=[1,1,1](power-saving mode) and SC=1(Display Off) as quickly as possible after Power-On. BU97550KV-M can receive commands in Ons after Power-On(VDD level is 90%).

	90%			*	T(Min)
		Display data and	d control data transfer		
Internal data					
D1 to D96, DR0, DR1, DT0 to D KM0 to KM2, P0 to P3, FL, FC0 to FC3, OC, SC, BU0 to BU	Undefined V De	(Note2)		Defined	defined
Internal data D97 to D192, PG1 to PG9, PF0 to PF3, CT0 to DT3	Undefined	Default		Defined	defined
Internal data D193 to D288, W10 to W48	Undefined	Default		Defined	defined
Internal data D289 to D384, W50 to W98	Undefined	Default	X	Defined	Idefined
Internal data D385 to D480		Default		Defined	defined
Internal data D481 to D528		^{∥∧b} Defat	vte2) ult	Defined	Idefined

(Note1) t1≥0, t2≥0, tc: Min 10µs When VDD level is over 90%, there may be cases where command is not received correctly in unstable VDD. (Note2) Display data are undefined. Regarding default value, refer to Reset Condition.

Reset Condition

When BU97550KV-M is initialized, the internal status after power supply has been reset as the following table.

Instruction	At Reset Condition
Key Scan Mode	[KM0,KM1,KM2]=[1,1,1]:Key scan no use
S1/P1/G1 to S9/P9/G9 Pin	[P0,P1,P2,P3]=[0,0,0,0]:all Segment output
Inversion Mode	FL=0:Line Inversion
LCD Bias	[DR0,DR1]=[0,0]:1/3 bias
LCD Duty	[DT0,DT1,DT2]=[0,1,0]:1/4 duty
DISPLAY Frequency	[FC0,FC1,FC2,FC3]=[0,0,0,0]:fosc/12288
Display Clock Mode	OC=0:Internal oscillator
LCD Display	SC=1:OFF
Power Mode	[BU0,BU1,BU2]=[1,1,1]:Power saving mode
PWM/GPO output	PGx=0:PWM output(x=1 to 9)
PWM Frequency	[PF0,PF1,PF2,PF3]=[0,0,0,0]: fosc /4096
PWM Duty	[Wn0 to Wn8]=[0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0]:0/256)xTp (n=1 to 9,Tp=1/fp)
Display Contrast Setting	[CT0,CT1,CT2,CT3]=[0,0,0,0]:VLCD Level is 1.00*VDD

Operational Notes

1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Separate the ground and supply lines of the digital and analog blocks to prevent noise in the ground and supply lines of the digital block from affecting the analog block. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. The absolute maximum rating of the Pd stated in this specification is when the IC is mounted on a 70mm x 70mm x 1.6mm glass epoxy board. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

7. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

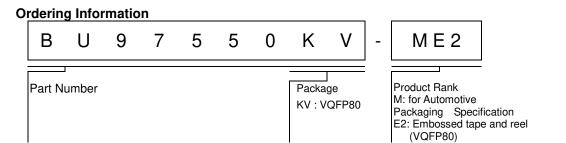
Operational Notes – continued

11. Unused Input Pins

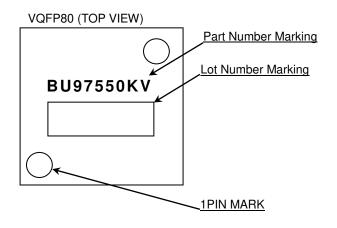
Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

In the construction of this IC, P-N junctions are inevitably formed creating parasitic diodes or transistors. The operation of these parasitic elements can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions which cause these parasitic elements to operate, such as applying a voltage to an input pin lower than the ground voltage should be avoided. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input pins when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. Even if the power supply voltage is applied, make sure that the input pins have voltages within the values specified in the electrical characteristics of this IC.



Marking Diagram



Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information VQFP80 Package Name 14.0 ± 0.2 12.0 ± 0.1 61 **4**0 п 2 -----п 14.0 ± 0.0 0 = 0. H ш п . -----2 ш ----------15 2 25 0 ± 0 . $5\pm 0.$ 1. 80 -T 21 ÷ 0. ĦĦ 20 1 1PIN MARK 1.25 $0\,.\ 1\ 4\ 5\ {}^{+0.\ 0\ 5}_{-0.\ 0\ 3}$ S 6 MAX $4^{\circ + 6^{\circ}}$ -4 ннннннннннннннн ÷ 0.5 0 5 $4 \pm 0.$ $1\pm 0.$ 0.5 ± 0.1 \supset 0. 08 S ÷ 0. 0. $2^{+0.05}_{-0.04}$ \oplus 0. 08 \widehat{M} (UNIT:mm)PKG: VQFP80 Drawing No. EX253-5001-2 <Tape and Reel information> Таре Embossed carrier tape (with dry pack) Quantity 1000pcs E2 Direction The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand of feed 0000 0000000 \cap \cap Ē ì 3 10Ľ nllinn Direction of feed 1pin Reel * Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity

Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes			
30.Mar.2015	001	New Release			
09.Jul.2015	002	Modified Absolute Maximum Ratings(6.5V to 7.0V) table in Page 3.			
		Modified comment of figure.48 in Page 64.			
21.Mar.2017					
		Page.4 Add tr,tf item in Oscillation Characteristics			
		Page.7 Modify Figure.6 I/O Equivalent Circuit			
		Page.22 Add notice of External Clock input timing function			
		Page.25 Add The relationship of LCD display contrast setting and VLCD voltage			
		Page.65Add notice of Power-saving mode operation in external clock mode			
		Page.66 Add notice in Voltage Detection Type Reset Circuit (VDET)			
		Change from "1/1 duty" to "Static"			
		Add Reset condition in each Control Data Function			
		Change "Sleep mode" to" Power-saving mode"			
		Correction of errors			
18 Jun 2019	004	Page. 9,11,13,15,17 and 19 Add Description			

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JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSII	CLASSⅢ	CLASS II b	CLASSⅢ
CLASSIV		CLASSⅢ	

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 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (Exclude cases where no-clean type fluxes is used. However, recommend sufficiently about the residue.); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
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