December 2001

National Semiconductor

CLC415 Quad, Wideband Monolithic Op Amp General Description Features

The CLC415 is a wideband, quad, monolithic operational amplifier designed for intermediate gain applications where power and cost per channel of are primary concern. Benefiting from **National's** current feedback architecture, the CLC415 offers a gain range of ± 1 to ± 10 while providing stable, oscillation free operation without external compensation, even at unity gain.

Operating from \pm 5V supplies, the CLC415 consumes only 50mW of power per channel, yet maintains a 160MHz small-signal bandwidth and a 1500V/µs slew rate. High density applications requiring an integrated solution will enjoy the CLC415's 70dB channel isolation (input referred @ 5MHz).

With its exceptional differential gain and phase, typically 0.03% and 0.03° @ 3.58MHz, the CLC415 is designed to meet the performance and cost per channel requirements of high volume composite video applications. The CLC415's large-signal bandwidth, high slew rate and high drive capability are features well suited for RGB-video applications.

The CLC415 is a quad version of the high speed CLC406 while the CLC414 is a lower power quad version of the same. Both of these quads afford the designer lower power consumption and lower cost per channel with the additional benefit of requiring less board space per amplifier.

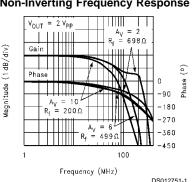
Constructed using an advanced, complementary bipolar process and **National's** proven current feedback architectures. The CLC415 is available in several versions to meet a variety of requirements.

Enhanced Solutions (Military/Aerospace)

SMD Number: 5962-93055

Space level versions also available.

For more information, visit http://www.national.com/mil

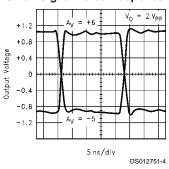


- 160MHz small signal bandwidth
- 5mA quiescent current per amplifier
- 70dB channel isolation @ 5MHz
- 0.03%/0.03° differential gain/phase
- 12ns settling to 0.1%
- 1500V/µs slew rate
- 2.0ns rise and fall time (2V_{PP})
- 60mA output current per amplifier

Applications

- Composite video distribution amps
- HDTV amplifiers
- RGB-video amplifiers
- CCD signal processing
- Active Filters
- Instrumentation differential amps
- Channelized EW

Small Signal Pulse Response



Connection Diagram Out Out 14 Inputs Inputs V+ Vn Inputs Input Out 0ut 8 DS012751-18 Pinout **DIP & SOIC**

Non-Inverting Frequency Response

CLC415

Ordering Information

Package	Temperature Range Industrial	Part Number	Package Marking	NSC Drawing	
14-pin plastic DIP	–40°C to +85°C	CLC415AJP	CLC415AJP	N14A	
14-pin plastic SOIC	–40°C to +85°C	CLC415AJE	CLC415AJE	M14A	

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	±7V
I _{OUT} Output is short circuit protected to ground, but maximum reliability will be maintained if I _{OUT} does not	
exceed	60mA
Common Mode Input Voltage	$\pm V_{CC}$
Differential Input Voltage	±10V
Maximum Junction Temperature	+150°C

Operating Temperature Range Storage Temperature Range Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 sec) ESD Rating (Human Body Model) -40°C to +85°C -65°C to +150°C +300°C <1000V

Operating Ratings

Thermal Resistanc	e	
Package	(θ_{JC})	(θ_{JA})
MDIP	55°C/W	105°C/W
SOIC	45°C/W	115°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

(A_V = +6, V_{CC} = ±5V, R_L = 100 Ω , R_f = 500 Ω ; Unless Specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Max/Min (Note 2)					Units
Ambient	Temperature	CLC415AJ	+25°C	+25°C	-40°C	+85°C			
Frequen	cy Domain Response	·				•			
SSBW	-3dB Bandwidth	V _{OUT} < 2V _{PP}	160	>120	>120	>90	MHz		
LSBW		V _{OUT} < 5V _{PP}	120	>85	>90	>80	MHz		
	Gain Flatness	V _{OUT} < 2V _{PP}							
GFPL	Peaking	DC to 25MHz	0	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	dB		
GFPH	Peaking	>25MHz	0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	dB		
GFR	Rolloff	DC to 50MHz	0.2	<0.7	<0.7	<1.1	dB		
LPD	Linear Phase Deviation	DC to 75MHz	0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.3	deg		
DG1	Differential Gain ($A_V = +2$)	150Ω Load, 3.58MHz	0.03	<0.08	<0.08	<0.08	%		
DG2		150Ω Load, 4.43MHz	0.03	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	%		
DP1	Differential Phase $(A_V = +2)$	150Ω Load, 3.58MHz	0.03	<0.08	<0.08	<0.08	deg		
DP2		150Ω Load, 4.43MHz	0.03	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	deg		
XT	Crosstalk Input Referred	5MHz (All Hostile)	65	<60	<60	<59	dB		
CXT	Crosstalk Input Referred	5MHz (Chan. to Chan.)	70	<63	<63	<62	dB		
Time Do	main Response		1	1		1			
TRS	Rise and Fall Time	2V Step	2.0	<3.0	<3.0	<4.0	ns		
TRL		5V Step	3.0	<4.0	<3.6	<4.5	ns		
TS	Settling Time to 0.1%	2V Step	12	<18	<18	<22	ns		
OS	Overshoot	2V Step	8	<12	<12	<12	%		
SR	Slew Rate		1500	>1200	>1200	>1000	V/µs		
Distortio	n And Noise Response					1			
HD2	2nd harmonic distortion	2V _{PP} ,20MHz	-44	<-38	<-38	<-34	dBc		
HD3	3rd harmonic distortion	2V _{PP} , 20MHz	-54	<-46	<-46	<-42	dBc		
	Equivalent Input Noise								
VN	Non-Inverting Voltage	>1MHz	3.0	<3.6	<3.6	<4.0	nV/√Hz		
ICN	Inverting Current	>1MHz	11.5	<14	<14	<16	pA/√H;		
NCN	Non-Inverting Current	>1MHz	2.0	<2.6	<2.6	<3.0	pA/√H ₂		
SNF	Total Noise Floor	>1MHz	-157	<-155	<-155	<-154	dBm _{1H}		
INV	Total Integrated Noise	>1MHz to 100MHz	37	<44	<44	<48	μV		
Static, D	C Performance								
VIO	Input Offset Voltage(Note 3)		2	<9	<5	<10	mV		

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(A_V = +6, V_{CC} = ±5V, R_L = 100 Ω , R_f = 500 Ω ; Unless Specified)

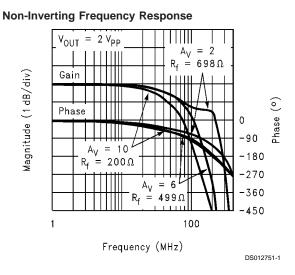
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Max/Min (Note 2)			Units				
Static, DC Performance											
DVIO	Average Temperature Coefficient		20	<50	-	<50	µV/°C				
IBN	Input Bias Current (Note 3)	Non Inverting	5	<25	<13	<13	μA				
DIBN	Average Temperature Coefficient		30	<150	-	<50	nA/°C				
IBI	Input Bias Current (Note 3)	Inverting	3	<18	<10	<15	μA				
DIBI	Average Temperature Coefficient		20	<100	-	<50	nA/°C				
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio		55	>47	>47	>45	dB				
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio		50	>45	>45	>43	dB				
ICC	Supply Current, All Channels	No Load	20	<27	<26	<24	mA				
Miscella	neous Performance										
RIN	Non-Inverting Input Resistance		1300	>300	>600	>600	kΩ				
CIN	Non-Inverting Input Capacitance		1.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	pF				
RO	Output Impedance	DC	0.2	<0.6	<0.3	<0.2	Ω				
VO	Output Voltage Range	$R_{L} = 100\Omega$	±2.6	±2.3	±2.5	±2.5	V				
CMIR	Common Mode Input Range		±2.2	±1.4	±2.0	±2.0	V				
IO	Output Current		60	50	50	50	mA				

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" specifies conditions of device operation.

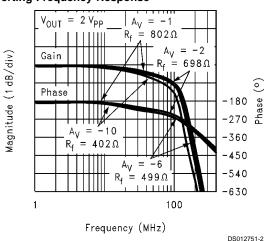
Note 2: Max/min ratings are based on product characterization and simulation. Individual parameters are tested as noted. Outgoing quality levels are determined from tested parameters.

Note 3: AJ-level: spec. is 100% tested at +25°C.

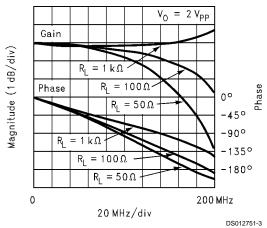
Typical Performance Characteristics (TA = 25°, $A_V = +6$, $V_{CC} = \pm 5V$, $R_L = 100\Omega$, $R_f = 500\Omega$; Unless Specified).

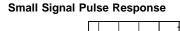


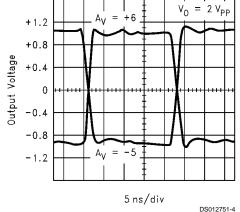
Inverting Frequency Response

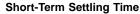


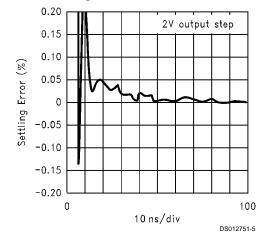
Frequency Response for Various R_LS



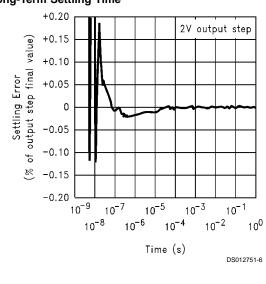








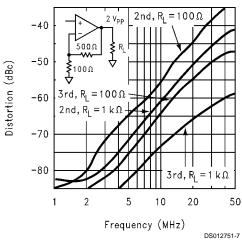
Long-Term Settling Time



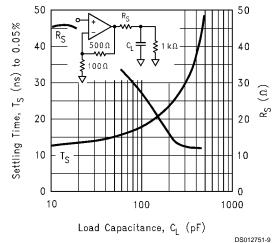
CLC415

Typical Performance Characteristics (TA = 25°, A_V = +6, V_{CC} = ±5V, R_L = 100 Ω , R_f = 500 Ω ; Unless Specified). (Continued)

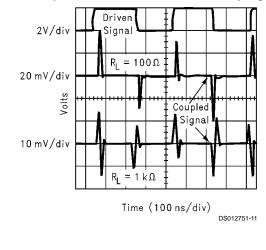
2nd and 3rd Harmonic Distortion



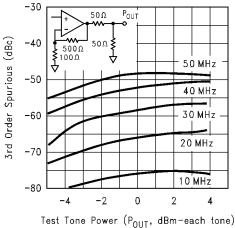
Settling Time vs. Capacitive Load



Most Susceptible Channel-Channel Pulse Coupling

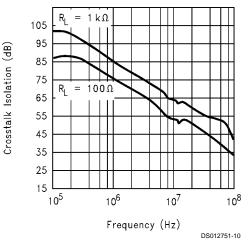


2-Tone, 3rd Order, Spurious Levels

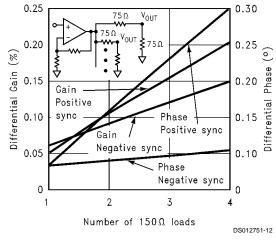


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All-Hostile Crosstalk Isolation

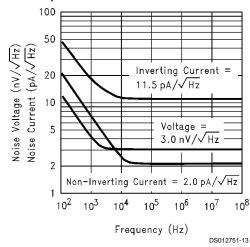




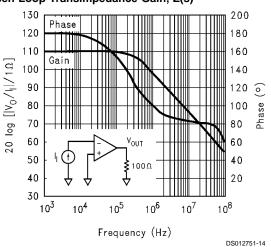


Typical Performance Characteristics (TA = 25°, $A_V = +6$, $V_{CC} = \pm 5V$, $R_L = 100\Omega$, $R_f = 500\Omega$; Unless Specified). (Continued)

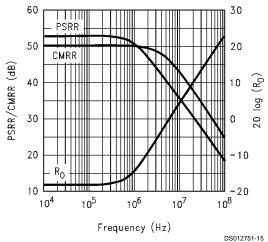
Equivalent Input Noise



Open-Loop Transimpedance Gain, Z(s)



PSRR, CMRR, and Closed Loop Ro

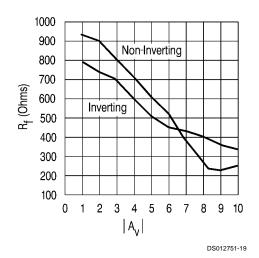


Application Division

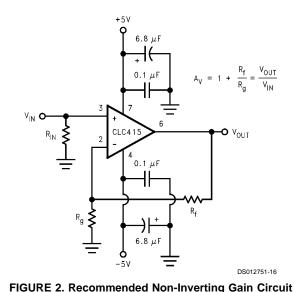
Feedback Resistor

The CLC415 achieves its exceptional AC performance while requiring very low quiescent power by using the current feedback topology and an internal slew rate enhancement circuit. The loop gain and frequency response for a current feedback op amp is predominantly set by the feedback resistor value. The CLC415 is optimized for a gain of +6 to use a 500Ω feedback resistor (use a $900\Omega R_f$ for maximally flat response at a gain of +2). Using lower values can lead to excessive ringing in the pulse response while higher value will limit the bandwidth.

Application Note OA-13 provides a more detailed discussion of choosing a feedback resistor. The equations found in this application note are to be considered a starting point for the determination of R_f at any gain. The value of input impedance for the CLC415 is approximately 60Ω . These equations do not account for parasitic capacitance at the inverting input nor across R_f. The plot found below entitled "Recommended R_f vs. Gain" offers values of R_f which will optimize the frequency response of the CLC415 over its ±1 to ±10 gain range. Unlike voltage feedback, current feedback op amps require a non-zero R_f for unity gain followers.







Non-Inverting Source Impedance

For best operation, the DC source impedance looking out of the non-inverting input should be less than $3k\Omega$ but greater than 20Ω . Parasitic self oscillations may occur in the input transistors if the DC source impedance is out of this range. This impedance also acts as the gain for the non-inverting input bias and noise currents and therefore can become troublesome for high values of DC source impedance. The inverting configuration of *Figure 3* shows a 25Ω resistor to ground on the non-inverting input which insures stability but does not provide bias current cancellation. The input bias currents are unrelated for a current feedback amplifier which eliminates the need for source impedance matching to achieve bias current cancellation.

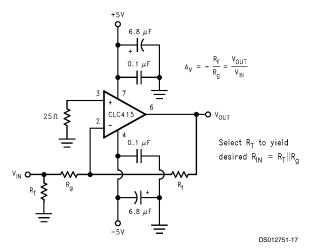


FIGURE 3. Recommended Inverting Gain Circuit

DC Accuracy and Noise

Please refer to the application information section of the CLC406 for a discussion of output offset voltage and spot noise calculation.

Crosstalk

In any multi-channel integrated circuit there is an undesirable tendency for the signal in one channel to couple with and reproduce itself in the output of another channel. This effect is referred to as crosstalk. Crosstalk is expressed as channel separation or channel isolation which indicates the magnitude of this undesirable effect. This effect is measured by driving one or more channels and observing the output of the other undriven channel(s). The CLC415 plot page offers two different graphs detailing the effect of crosstalk over frequency. One plot entitled "All-Hostile Crosstalk Isolation" graphs all-hostile, input referred crosstalk. All-hostile crosstalk refers to the condition where three channels are driven simultaneously while observing the output of the undriven fourth channel. Input-referred implies that crosstalk is directly affected by gain and therefore a higher gain increases the crosstalk effect by a factor equal to that gain The plot entitled "Most setting. Susceptible Channel-to-Channel Pulse Coupling" describes the effect of crosstalk when one channel is driven with a 2V_{PP} pulse while the output of the most effected channel is observed.

Application Division (Continued)

Unused Amplifiers

It is recommended that any unused amplifiers in the quad package be connected as unity gain followers (R_f=500 Ω) with the non-inverting input tied to ground through a 50 Ω resistor.

Slew Rate and Harmonic Distortion

Please see the application information for the CLC406.

Differential Gain and Phase

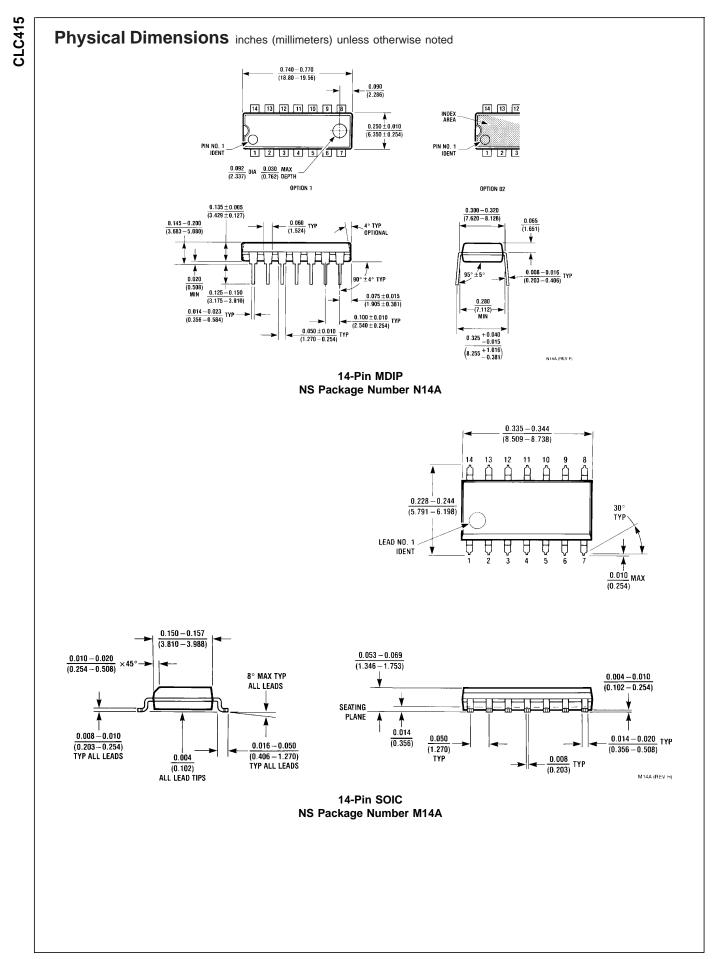
Differential gain and phase performance specifications are common to composite video distribution applications. These specifications refer to the change in small signal gain and phase of the color subcarrier frequency (4.43MHz for PAL composite video) as the amplifier output is swept over a range of DC voltages. Application Note OA-08 provides an additional discussion of differential gain and phase measurements.

Printed Circuit Layout

As with any high speed component, a careful attention to the board layout is necessary for optimum performance. Of particular importance is the careful control of parasitic capacitances on the output pin. As the output impedance plot shows, the closed loop output for the CLC415 eventually becomes inductive as the loop gain rolls off with increasing frequency. Direct capacitive loading on the output pin can quickly lead to peaking in the frequency response, overshoot in the pulse response, ringing or even sustained oscillations. The "Settling Time vs. Capacitive Load" plot should be used as a starting point for the selection of a series output resistor when a capacitive load must be driven. A quad amplifier will require careful attention to signal routing in order to minimize the effects of crosstalk. Signal coupling through the power supplies can be reduced with bypass capacitors placed close to the device supply pins.

Evaluation Board

Evaluation PC boards (part number CLC730024 for through-hole and 730031 for SOIC) for the CLC415 are available.



Notes

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1

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Products > Analog - Amplifiers > Operational Amplifiers > Legacy High Speed > CLC415

CLC415 Product Folder

Quad, Wideband Monolithic Op Amp

See Also: LMH6644 - LOWER COST

<u>General</u>	Faaturas	Datasheet	Package	<u>Samples</u>	<u>Design</u>	<u>Application</u>
<u>Description</u>	reatures	Datasheet	<u>& Models</u>	<u>& Pricing</u>	Tools	Notes

Parametric Table	Parametric Tal	
Channels (Channels)	4	Feedback Type
Input Output Type	Not Rail to Rail	BW at Av+1 (MHz)
Bandwidth, typ (MHz)	259	BW at Av+2 (MHz)
Slew Rate, typ (Volts/usec)	1500	BW at Av+5 (MHz)
Supply Current per Channel, typ (mA)	5	BW at Av+10 (MHz)
Minimum Supply Voltage (Volt)	10	BW at Av+20 (MHz)
Maximum Supply Voltage (Volt)	14	HD 2nd, typ (dB)
Offset Voltage, Max (mV)	5	HD 3rd, typ (dB)
Input Bias Current, Temp Max (nA)	25000	DG, typ (dB)
Output Current, typ (mA)	70	DP, typ (%)
Voltage Noise, typ (nV/Hz)	3	Settling Time
Shut down	No	Special Features

Datasheet

Title	Size in Kbytes	Date	View Online	Download	Receive via Em a il
CLC415 Quad, Wideband Monolithic Op Amp	279 Kbytes	7- Dec- 01	<u>View Online</u>	<u>Download</u>	<u>Receive via</u> <u>Em a il</u>
CLC415 Quad, Wideband Monolithic Op Amp (JAPANESE)	386 Kbytes		View Online	Download	Receive via
CLC415 Mil-Aero Datasheet MNCLC415A-X	89 Kbytes		<u>View Online</u>	Download	Receive via Email

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Package	Availability,	Models.	Samples	& Pricing
I uchuge	rivana o mey,	1010 a c 15,	oumpies	

Part	Pac	kage		Status		Models Samples &		Budgetary Pricing		Std Pack	<u>Package</u>
Number	Туре	Pins	MSL	Status	SPICE	IBIS	Electronic Orders	Qty	\$US each	Size	<u>Marking</u>
CLC415AJE	SOIC NARROW	14	MSL.	Life tim e bu y	<u>clc415.cir</u>	N/A		1 K+	\$5.0500	rail of 55	[logo]¢U¢Z¢2¢T CLC415AJE
CLC415AJE- TR13	SOIC NARROW	14	<u>MSL</u>	Life tim e bu y	<u>clc415.cir</u>	N/A		1 K+	\$5.0500	ree1 of 2500	[logo]¢U¢Z¢2¢T CLC415AJE
CLC415AJ- MPR	CERDIP	14	MSL	Pre lim in a ry	<u>clc415.cir</u>	N/A				rail of N/A	[logo]¢Z¢S¢4¢A\$E CLC415AJ-MPR PROTO
5962- 9305501MCA	CERDIP	14	MSL	Full production	<u>clc415.cir</u>	N/A	Buy Now	25+	\$42.5000	rail of 25	[log 0]¢Z¢S¢4¢A\$E CLC415AJ-QML 5962-9305501MCA

General Description

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Operating from $\pm 5V$ supplies, the CLC415 consumes only 50mW of power per channel, yet maintains a 160MHz small-signal bandwidth and a 1500V/µs slew rate. High density applications requiring an integrated solution will enjoy the CLC415's 70dB channel isolation (input referred @ 5MHz).

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Enhanced Solutions (Military/Aerospace)

SMD Number: 5962-93055

Space level versions also available.

For more information, visit http://www.national.com/mil

Features

- 160MHz small signal bandwidth
- 5mA quiescent current per amplifier
- 70dB channel isolation @ 5MHz
- $0.03\%/0.03^\circ$ differential gain/phase
- 12ns settling to 0.1%
- 1500V/µs slew rate
- 2.0ns rise and fall time $(2V_{PP})$
- 60m A output current per amplifier

Applications

- Composite video distribution amps
- HDTV amplifiers
- RGB-video amplifiers
- CCD signal processing
- Active Filters
- Instrumentation differential amps
- Channelized EW

Design Tools

Title	Size in Kbytes	Date	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
Amplifiers Selection Guide software for Windows	7 Kbytes	12-Jun- 2002	<u>Vie w</u>		
CLC730024EB 14 pin DIP Op Amp Evaluation Board	85 Kbytes	27-Oct- 1998	View Online	<u>Download</u>	<u>Receive via Email</u>
CLC730031EB 14 pin SOIC Op Amp Evaluation Board	85 Kbytes	27-Oct- 1998	View Online	<u>Download</u>	<u>Receive via Email</u>

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Application Notes

Size in Kbytes	Date	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
308 Kbytes	28-Oct-96	View Online	Download	<u>Receive via Email</u>
769 Kbytes	2-Apr-99	View Online	<u>Download</u>	<u>Receive via Email</u>
108 Kbytes	24-Feb-99	View Online	<u>Download</u>	<u>Receive via Email</u>
527 Kbytes	28-Oct-96	<u>View Online</u>	<u>Download</u>	Receive via Email
92 Kbytes	15-Dec-00	<u>View Online</u>	<u>Download</u>	Receive via Email
	308 Kbytes 769 Kbytes 108 Kbytes 527 Kbytes	308 Kbytes 28-Oct-96 769 Kbytes 2-Apr-99 108 Kbytes 24-Feb-99 527 Kbytes 28-Oct-96	View Online308 Kbytes28-Oct-96View Online769 Kbytes2-Apr-99View Online108 Kbytes24-Feb-99View Online527 Kbytes28-Oct-96View Online	View OnlineDownload308 Kbytes28-Oct-96View OnlineDownload769 Kbytes2-Apr-99View OnlineDownload108 Kbytes24-Feb-99View OnlineDownload527 Kbytes28-Oct-96View OnlineDownload

OA-15: OA-15 Frequent Faux Pas in Applying Wideband Current Feedback Amplifiers	527 Kbytes	28-Jan-99	<u>View Online</u>	Download	Receive via Email
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