DisplayPort Gen1 2 : 1 multiplexer

Rev. 1 — 21 February 2011

**Product data sheet** 

## 1. General description

CBTL06DP211 is a multi-channel high-speed multiplexer meant for DisplayPort (DP) v1.1a or Embedded DisplayPort applications operating at data rate of 1.62 Gbit/s or 2.7 Gbit/s. It is designed using NXP proprietary high-bandwidth pass-gate technology and it can be used for 1 : 2 switching or 2 : 1 multiplexing of four high-speed differential AC-coupled DP channels. Further, it is capable of switching/multiplexing of Hot Plug Detect (HPD) signal as well as Auxiliary (AUX) and Display Data Channel (DDC) signals. In order to support GPUs/CPUs that have dedicated AUX and DDC I/Os, CBTL06DP211 provides an additional level of multiplexing of AUX and DDC signals delivering true flexibility and choice.

CBTL06DP211 consumes very low current in operational mode (less than 1 mA typical) and provides for a shutdown function (ultra low current consumption less than 10  $\mu$ A) to support power-sensitive or battery-powered applications. It is designed for delivering optimum performance at DP data rates of 1.62 Gbit/s and 2.7 Gbit/s.

A typical application of CBTL06DP211 is on motherboards where one of two GPU display sources needs to be selected to connect to a display sink device or connector. A controller chip selects which path to use by setting a select signal HIGH or LOW. Due to the non-directional nature of the signal paths (which use high-bandwidth pass-gate technology), the CBTL06DP211 can also be used in the reverse topology, e.g., to connect one display source device to one of two display sink devices or connectors.

Optionally, the CBTL06DP211 can be used in conjunction with an HDMI/DVI level shifter device (PTN3360A/B or PTN3360D) to allow for DisplayPort as well as HDMI/DVI connectivity.

### 2. Features and benefits

- 1 : 2 switching or 2 : 1 multiplexing of DisplayPort (v1.1a 1.62 Gbit/s or 2.7 Gbit/s)
  - 4 high-speed differential channels with 2 : 1 multiplexing/switching for DisplayPort signals
  - 1 channel with 4 : 1 multiplexing/switching for AUX differential signals and DDC single-ended clock and data signals
  - ◆ 1 channel with 2 : 1 multiplexing/switching for single-ended HPD signals
- High-bandwidth analog pass-gate technology
- Very low lane intra-pair skew (5 ps typical)
- Very low inter-pair skew (< 180 ps)</p>
- Switch/multiplexer position select CMOS input
- Shutdown mode CMOS input
- Shutdown mode delivers ultra low power consumption



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- DDC and AUX ports tolerant to being pulled to +5 V via 2.2 kΩ resistor
   Supports HDMI/DVI incorrect dongle connection
- Single 3.3 V power supply
- Very low operation current of 0.2 mA typical
- Very low shutdown current of < 10 μA</p>
- ESD 8 kV HBM, 1 kV CDM
- ESD 2 kV HBM, 500 V CDM for control pins
- Available in 5 mm × 5 mm, 0.5 mm ball pitch TFBGA48 package

## 3. Applications

- Motherboard applications requiring DisplayPort and PCI Express switching/multiplexing
- Docking stations
- Notebook computers
- Chip sets requiring flexible allocation of PCI Express or DisplayPort I/O pins to board connectors

## 4. Ordering information

#### Table 1.Ordering information

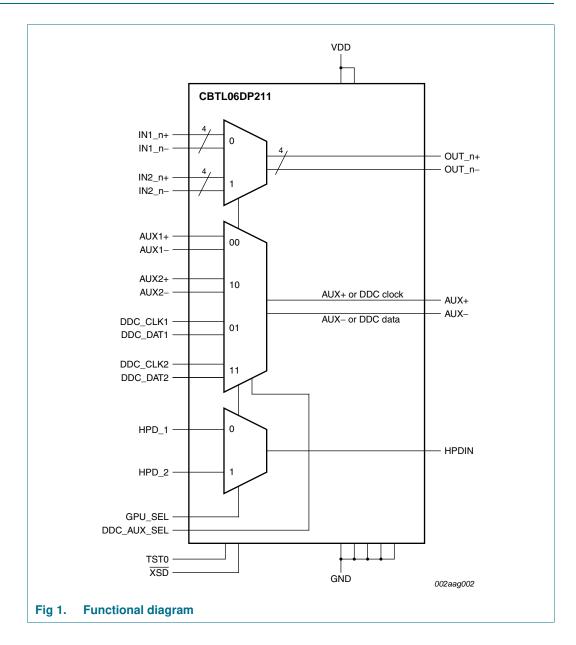
| Type number   | Solder process                   | Package |   |          |  |  |
|---------------|----------------------------------|---------|---|----------|--|--|
|               |                                  | Name    | Description   | Version  |  |  |
| CBTL06DP211EE | Pb-free (SnAgCu solder compound) | TFBGA48 | plastic thin fine-pitch ball grid array package;<br>48 balls; body $5 \times 5 \times 0.8 \text{ mm}^{[1]}$ | SOT918-1 |  |  |

[1] Total height including solder balls after printed-circuit board mounting = 1.15 mm.

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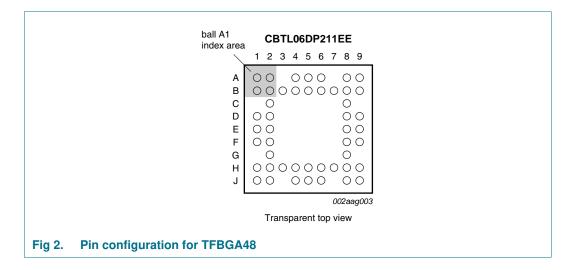
## 5. Functional diagram



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## 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning



|   | 1       | 2               | 3     | 4      | 5        | 6      | 7   | 8        | 9         |
|---|---------|-----------------|-------|--------|----------|--------|-----|----------|-----------|
| А | GPU_SEL | VDD             |       | IN1_0- | IN1_1-   | IN1_2- |     | IN1_3+   | IN1_3-    |
| В | OUT_0-  | OUT_0+          | GND   | IN1_0+ | IN1_1+   | IN1_2+ | XSD | IN2_0+   | IN2_0-    |
| С |         | DDC_AUX<br>_SEL |       |        |          |        |     | GND      |           |
| D | OUT_1-  | OUT_1+          |       |        |          |        |     | IN2_1+   | IN2_1-    |
| Е | OUT_2-  | OUT_2+          |       |        |          |        |     | IN2_2+   | IN2_2-    |
| F | OUT_3-  | OUT_3+          |       |        |          |        |     | IN2_3+   | IN2_3-    |
| G |         | TST0            |       |        |          |        |     | GND      |           |
| Н | AUX-    | AUX+            | HPD_2 | GND    | DDC_CLK2 | AUX2+  | GND | DDC_CLK1 | AUX1+     |
| J | HPDIN   | HPD_1           |       | VDD    | DDC_DAT2 | AUX2-  |     | DDC_DAT1 | AUX1-     |
|   |         | <u>.</u>        |       |        |          |        | -   |          | 002aag004 |

Transparent top view

Fig 3. Ball mapping

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## 6.2 Pin description

|             | escriptio |  | Description   |
|-------------|-----------|--|---|
| Symbol      | Ball      |  | Description   |
| GPU_SEL     | A1        | 3.3 V low-voltage CMOS<br>single-ended input | Selects between two multiplexer/switch paths. When HIGH, path 2 left-side is connected to its corresponding right-side I/O. When LOW, path 1 left-side is connected to its corresponding right-side I/O.        |
| DDC_AUX_SEL | C2        | 3.3 V low-voltage CMOS single-ended input    | Selects between DDC and AUX paths. When HIGH, the DDC_CLKn and DDC_DATn I/Os are connected to their respective AUX terminals. When LOW, the AUX+ and AUX- I/Os are connected to their respective AUX terminals. |
| XSD         | B7        | 3.3 V low-voltage CMOS single-ended input    | Shutdown pin. Should be driven HIGH or connected to VDD for<br>normal operation. When LOW, all paths are switched off<br>(non-conducting) and supply current consumption is minimized.                          |
| TST0        | G2        | 3.3 V low-voltage CMOS<br>single-ended input | Test pin for NXP use only. Should be tied to ground in normal operation.  |
| IN1_0+      | B4        | differential I/O                             | Four high-speed differential pairs for DisplayPort or PCI Express   |
| IN1_0-      | A4        | differential I/O                             | signals, path 1, left-side.   |
| IN1_1+      | B5        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN1_1-      | A5        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN1_2+      | B6        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN1_2-      | A6        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN1_3+      | A8        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN1_3-      | A9        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN2_0+      | B8        | differential I/O                             | Four high-speed differential pairs for DisplayPort or PCI Express   |
| IN2_0-      | B9        | differential I/O                             | signals, path 2, left-side.   |
| IN2_1+      | D8        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN2_1-      | D9        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN2_2+      | E8        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN2_2-      | E9        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN2_3+      | F8        | differential I/O                             |   |
| IN2_3-      | F9        | differential I/O                             |   |
| OUT_0+      | B2        | differential I/O                             | Four high-speed differential pairs for DisplayPort or PCI Express   |
| OUT_0-      | B1        | differential I/O                             | signals, right-side.  |
| OUT_1+      | D2        | differential I/O                             |   |
| OUT_1-      | D1        | differential I/O                             |   |
| OUT_2+      | E2        | differential I/O                             |   |
| OUT_2-      | E1        | differential I/O                             |   |
| OUT_3+      | F2        | differential I/O                             |   |
| OUT_3-      | F1        | differential I/O                             |   |
| AUX1+       | H9        | differential I/O                             | High-speed differential pair for AUX signals, path 1, left-side.  |
| AUX1–       | J9        | differential I/O                             |   |
| AUX2+       | H6        | differential I/O                             | High-speed differential pair for AUX signals, path 2, left-side.  |
| AUX2-       | J6        | differential I/O                             |   |

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| Table 2. Pin d | escription               | continued        |   |
|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|---|
| Symbol         | Ball                     | Туре             | Description   |
| DDC_CLK1       | H8                       | differential I/O | Pair of single-ended terminals for DDC clock and data signals,    |
| DDC_DAT1       | J8                       | differential I/O | path 1, left-side.  |
| DDC_CLK2       | H5                       | differential I/O | Pair of single-ended terminals for DDC clock and data signals,    |
| DDC_DAT2       | J5                       | differential I/O | path 2, left-side.  |
| AUX+           | H2                       | differential I/O | High-speed differential pair for AUX or single-ended DDC signals, |
| AUX–           | H1                       | differential I/O | right-side.   |
| HPD_1          | J2                       | single-ended I/O | Single ended channel for the HPD signal, path 1, left-side.       |
| HPD_2          | H3                       | single-ended I/O | Single ended channel for the HPD signal, path 2, left-side.       |
| HPDIN          | J1                       | single-ended I/O | Single ended channel for the HPD signal, right-side.              |
| VDD            | A2, J4                   | power supply     | 3.3 V power supply.   |
| GND            | B3, C8,<br>G8, H4,<br>H7 | ground           | Ground.   |

### 7. Functional description

Refer to Figure 1 "Functional diagram".

The CBTL06DP211 uses a 3.3 V power supply. All main signal paths are implemented using high-bandwidth pass-gate technology and are non-directional. No clock or reset signal is needed for the multiplexer to function.

The switch position for the main channels is selected using the select signal GPU\_SEL. Additionally, the signal DDC\_AUX\_SEL selects between AUX and DDC positions for the DDC / AUX channel. The detailed operation is described in <u>Section 7.1</u>.

#### 7.1 Multiplexer/switch select functions

The internal multiplexer switch position is controlled by two logic inputs GPU\_SEL and DDC\_AUX\_SEL as described below.

| Table 3. | Multiplexer/switch select control for IN and OUT channels |                            |  |  |  |
|----------|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| GPU_SEL  | IN1_n   | IN2_n                      |  |  |  |
| 0        | active; connected to OUT_n                                | high-impedance             |  |  |  |
| 1        | high-impedance  | active; connected to OUT_n |  |  |  |

| Table 4.         Multiplexer/switch select control for HPD channel |                            |                            |  |  |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| GPU_SEL  | HPD1                       | HPD2                       |  |  |
| 0  | active; connected to HPDIN | high-impedance             |  |  |
| 1  | high-impedance             | active; connected to HPDIN |  |  |

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| DDC_AUX_SEL | GPU_SEL | AUX1                        | AUX2                        | DDC_CLK1,<br>DDC_DAT1       | DDC_CLK2,<br>DDC_DAT2       |
|-------------|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 0           | 0       | active;<br>connected to AUX | high-impedance              | high-impedance              | high-impedance              |
| 0           | 1       | high-impedance              | active;<br>connected to AUX | high-impedance              | high-impedance              |
| 1           | 0       | high-impedance              | high-impedance              | active;<br>connected to AUX | high-impedance              |
| 1           | 1       | high-impedance              | high-impedance              | high-impedance              | active;<br>connected to AUX |

#### Table 5. Multiplexer/switch select control for DDC and AUX channels

### 7.2 Shutdown function

The CBTL06DP211 provides a shutdown function to minimize power consumption when the application is not active but power to the CBTL06DP211 is provided. Pin XSD (active LOW) puts all channels in off mode (non-conducting high-impedance state) while reducing current consumption to near-zero.

|     | Shutdown function |  |
|-----|-------------------|--|
| XSD | State             |  |
| 0   | shutdown          |  |
| 1   | active            |  |

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#### **Limiting values** 8.

| Symbol            | Parameter                          | Conditions       | Min   | Max  | Unit |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|-------|------|------|
| $V_{DD}$          | supply voltage                     |                  | -0.3  | +5   | V    |
| T <sub>case</sub> | case temperature                   |                  | -40   | +85  | °C   |
| V <sub>ESD</sub>  | electrostatic discharge<br>voltage | HBM              | [1] - | 8000 | V    |
|                   |                                    | HBM; CMOS inputs | [1] - | 2000 | V    |
|                   |                                    | CDM              | [2] _ | 1000 | V    |
|                   |                                    | CDM; CMOS inputs | [2]   | 500  | V    |

[1] Human Body Model: ANSI/EOS/ESD-S5.1-1994, standard for ESD sensitivity testing, Human Body Model -Component level; Electrostatic Discharge Association, Rome, NY, USA.

Charged-Device Model: ANSI/EOS/ESD-S5.3-1-1999, standard for ESD sensitivity testing, [2] Charged-Device Model - Component level; Electrostatic Discharge Association, Rome, NY, USA.

#### **Recommended operating conditions** 9.

| Table 8.         | Recommended ope     | rating conditions          |      |     |                |      |
|------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|------|-----|----------------|------|
| Symbol           | Parameter           | Conditions                 | Min  | Тур | Max            | Unit |
| $V_{DD}$         | supply voltage      |                            | 3.0  | 3.3 | 3.6            | V    |
| VI               | input voltage       | CMOS inputs                | -0.3 | -   | $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V    |
|                  |                     | HPD, DDC/AUX inputs [1][2] | -0.3 | -   | $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V    |
|                  |                     | other inputs               | -0.3 | -   | +2.6           | V    |
| T <sub>amb</sub> | ambient temperature | operating in free air      | -40  | -   | +85            | °C   |
|                  |                     |                            |      |     |                | -    |

#### Table 8 encounter a la sel companyation de la sel difference

[1] HPD input is tolerant to 5 V input, provided a 1 k $\Omega$  series resistor between the voltage source and the pin is placed in series. See Section 11.1 "Special considerations".

DDC/AUX inputs are tolerant to 5 V input, provided a 2.2 kΩ series resistor between the voltage source and [2] the pin is placed in series. See Section 11.1 "Special considerations".

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## **10. Characteristics**

#### **10.1 General characteristics**

| Table 9.             | General characteristics |  |     |     |     |      |
|----------------------|-------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Symbol               | Parameter               | Conditions   | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
| I <sub>DD</sub>      | supply current          | operating mode ( $\overline{\text{XSD}}$ = HIGH); V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V                | -   | 0.2 | 1   | mA   |
|                      |                         | shutdown mode ( $\overline{\text{XSD}}$ = LOW); V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V                  | -   | -   | 10  | μA   |
| P <sub>cons</sub>    | power consumption       | operating mode ( $\overline{\text{XSD}}$ = HIGH); V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V                | -   | -   | 5   | mW   |
| t <sub>startup</sub> | start-up time           | supply voltage valid or XSD going HIGH to<br>channel specified operating characteristics | -   | -   | 1   | ms   |
| t <sub>rcfg</sub>    | reconfiguration time    | GPU_SEL or DDC_AUX_SEL state change<br>to channel specified operating characteristics    | -   | -   | 1   | ms   |

### 10.2 DisplayPort channel characteristics

| Table 10.            | DisplayPort channel characteristics |  |      |      |      |      |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Symbol               | Parameter                           | Conditions   | Min  | Тур  | Max  | Unit |
| VI                   | input voltage                       |  | -0.3 | -    | +2.6 | V    |
| V <sub>IC</sub>      | common-mode input voltage           |  | 0    | -    | 2.0  | V    |
| V <sub>ID</sub>      | differential input voltage          |  | -    | -    | 1.2  | V    |
| DDIL                 | differential insertion loss         | channel is on; f = 100 MHz                             | -    | -1.6 | -    | dB   |
|                      |                                     | channel is on; $f = 1.5 \text{ GHz}$                   | -    | -2.7 | -    | dB   |
|                      |                                     | channel is off; 0 Hz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 1.5 GHz           | -    | -35  | -    | dB   |
| DDRL                 | differential return loss            | channel is on; 0 Hz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 1.5 GHz            | -    | -10  | -    | dB   |
| DDNEXT               | differential near-end crosstalk     | adjacent channels are on; 0 Hz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 1.5 GHz | -    | -40  | -    | dB   |
| В                    | bandwidth                           | -3.0 dB intercept                                      | -    | 2.0  | -    | GHz  |
| t <sub>PD</sub>      | propagation delay                   | from left-side port to right-side port or vice versa   | -    | 100  | -    | ps   |
| t <sub>sk(dif)</sub> | differential skew time              | intra-pair   | -    | 5    | -    | ps   |
| t <sub>sk</sub>      | skew time                           | inter-pair   | -    | -    | 180  | ps   |
|                      |                                     |  |      |      |      |      |

### Table 10. DisplayPort channel characteristics

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### 10.3 AUX and DDC ports

| Table 11.       | AUX and DDC port characteristics |   |              |     |                 |      |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------|-----|-----------------|------|
| Symbol          | Parameter                        | Conditions  | Min          | Тур | Max             | Unit |
| VI              | input voltage                    |   | -0.3         | -   | $V_{DD} + 0.3$  | V    |
| Vo              | output voltage                   | no load   | -            | -   | V <sub>DD</sub> | V    |
| V <sub>IC</sub> | common-mode input voltage        | AUX   | 0            | -   | 2.0             | V    |
| V <sub>ID</sub> | differential input voltage       |   | -            | -   | 1.4             | V    |
| t <sub>PD</sub> | propagation delay                | from left-side port to right-side<br>port or vice versa | <u>[1]</u> - | 180 | -               | ps   |

[1] Time from DDC/AUX input changing state to AUX output changing state. Includes DDC/AUX rise/fall time.

### 10.4 HPDIN input, HPD\_x outputs

| Table 12.       | HPD input and output characteristics |                                   |              |     |                 |      |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----------------|------|
| Symbol          | Parameter                            | Conditions                        | Min          | Тур | Max             | Unit |
| VI              | input voltage                        |                                   | -0.3         | -   | $V_{DD} + 0.3$  | V    |
| Vo              | output voltage                       | no load                           | -            | -   | V <sub>DD</sub> | V    |
| t <sub>PD</sub> | propagation delay                    | from HPDIN to HPD_x or vice versa | <u>[1]</u> _ | 180 | -               | ps   |

[1] Time from HPDIN changing state to HPD\_x changing state. Includes HPD rise/fall time.

## 10.5 GPU\_SEL, DDC\_AUX\_SEL and XSD inputs

#### Table 13. GPU\_SEL, DDC\_AUX\_SEL, XSD input characteristics

| Symbol          | Parameter                | Conditions                                     | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| V <sub>IH</sub> | HIGH-level input voltage |  | 2.0 | -   | -   | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | LOW-level input voltage  |  | -   | -   | 0.8 | V    |
| I <sub>LI</sub> | input leakage current    | $V_{DD}$ = 3.6 V; 0.3 V $\leq$ VI $\leq$ 3.9 V | -   | -   | 10  | μA   |

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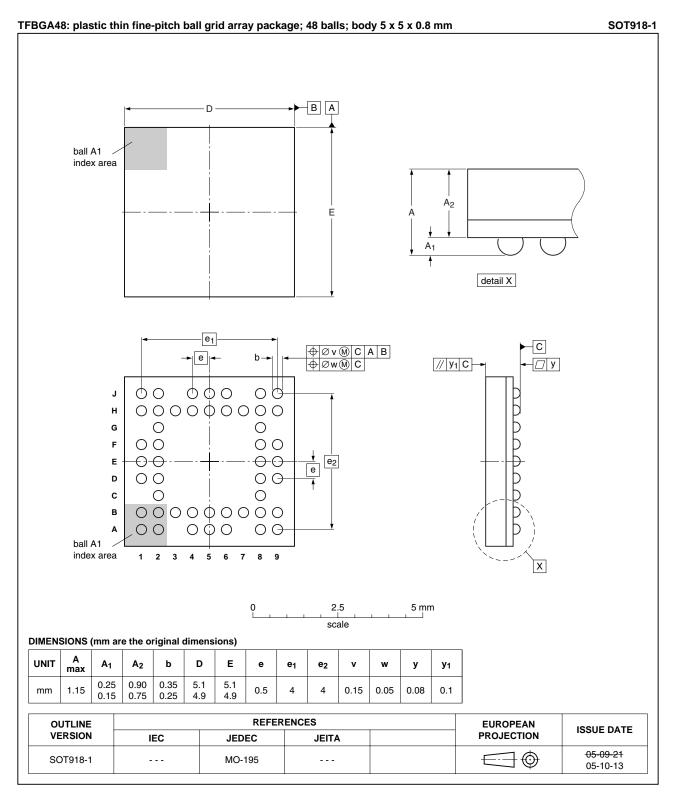
## **11. Application information**

#### 11.1 Special considerations

Certain cable or dongle misplug scenarios make it possible for a 5 V input condition to occur on pins AUX+ and AUX-, as well as HPDIN. When AUX+ and AUX- are connected through a minimum of 2.2 k $\Omega$  resistor each, the CBTL06DP211 will sink current but will not be damaged. Similarly, HPDIN may be connected to 5 V via at least a 1 k $\Omega$  resistor. (Correct functional operation to specification is not expected in these scenarios.) The latter also prevents the HPDIN input from loading down the system HPD signal when power to the CBTL06DP211 is off.

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## 12. Package outline



#### Fig 4. Package outline TFBGA48 (SOT918-1)

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CBTL06DP211

### 13. Soldering of SMD packages

This text provides a very brief insight into a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in Application Note *AN10365 "Surface mount reflow soldering description"*.

#### 13.1 Introduction to soldering

Soldering is one of the most common methods through which packages are attached to Printed Circuit Boards (PCBs), to form electrical circuits. The soldered joint provides both the mechanical and the electrical connection. There is no single soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and Surface Mount Devices (SMDs) are mixed on one printed wiring board; however, it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. Reflow soldering is ideal for the small pitches and high densities that come with increased miniaturization.

### 13.2 Wave and reflow soldering

Wave soldering is a joining technology in which the joints are made by solder coming from a standing wave of liquid solder. The wave soldering process is suitable for the following:

- Through-hole components
- Leaded or leadless SMDs, which are glued to the surface of the printed circuit board

Not all SMDs can be wave soldered. Packages with solder balls, and some leadless packages which have solder lands underneath the body, cannot be wave soldered. Also, leaded SMDs with leads having a pitch smaller than ~0.6 mm cannot be wave soldered, due to an increased probability of bridging.

The reflow soldering process involves applying solder paste to a board, followed by component placement and exposure to a temperature profile. Leaded packages, packages with solder balls, and leadless packages are all reflow solderable.

Key characteristics in both wave and reflow soldering are:

- · Board specifications, including the board finish, solder masks and vias
- · Package footprints, including solder thieves and orientation
- · The moisture sensitivity level of the packages
- Package placement
- Inspection and repair
- Lead-free soldering versus SnPb soldering

#### 13.3 Wave soldering

Key characteristics in wave soldering are:

- Process issues, such as application of adhesive and flux, clinching of leads, board transport, the solder wave parameters, and the time during which components are exposed to the wave
- · Solder bath specifications, including temperature and impurities

#### 13.4 Reflow soldering

Key characteristics in reflow soldering are:

- Lead-free versus SnPb soldering; note that a lead-free reflow process usually leads to higher minimum peak temperatures (see <u>Figure 5</u>) than a SnPb process, thus reducing the process window
- Solder paste printing issues including smearing, release, and adjusting the process window for a mix of large and small components on one board
- Reflow temperature profile; this profile includes preheat, reflow (in which the board is heated to the peak temperature) and cooling down. It is imperative that the peak temperature is high enough for the solder to make reliable solder joints (a solder paste characteristic). In addition, the peak temperature must be low enough that the packages and/or boards are not damaged. The peak temperature of the package depends on package thickness and volume and is classified in accordance with Table 14 and 15

#### Table 14. SnPb eutectic process (from J-STD-020C)

| Package thickness (mm) | Package reflow temperature (°C) |       |  |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|--|
|                        | Volume (mm <sup>3</sup> )       |       |  |
|                        | < 350                           | ≥ 350 |  |
| < 2.5                  | 235                             | 220   |  |
| ≥ 2.5                  | 220                             | 220   |  |

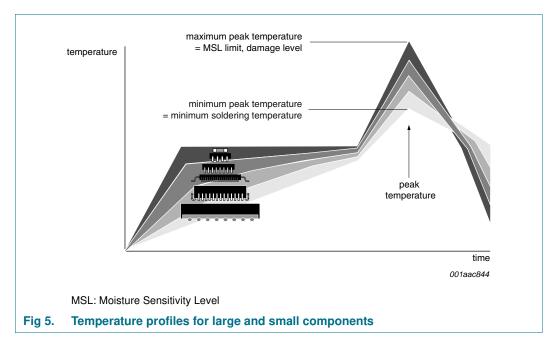
#### Table 15. Lead-free process (from J-STD-020C)

| Package thickness (mm) | Package reflow temperature (°C)         Volume (mm <sup>3</sup> ) |             |        |  |
|------------------------|---|-------------|--------|--|
|                        |   |             |        |  |
|                        | < 350   | 350 to 2000 | > 2000 |  |
| < 1.6                  | 260   | 260         | 260    |  |
| 1.6 to 2.5             | 260   | 250         | 245    |  |
| > 2.5                  | 250   | 245         | 245    |  |

Moisture sensitivity precautions, as indicated on the packing, must be respected at all times.

Studies have shown that small packages reach higher temperatures during reflow soldering, see <u>Figure 5</u>.

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For further information on temperature profiles, refer to Application Note AN10365 "Surface mount reflow soldering description".

## 14. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description                                   |
|---------|---|
| AUX     | Auxiliary channel (in DisplayPort definition) |
| CDM     | Charged-Device Model                          |
| CMOS    | Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor       |
| CPU     | Central Processing Unit                       |
| DDC     | Display Data Channel                          |
| DVI     | Digital Video Interface                       |
| GPU     | Graphics Processor Unit                       |
| ESD     | ElectroStatic Discharge                       |
| HBM     | Human Body Model                              |
| HDMI    | High-Definition Multimedia Interface          |
| HPD     | Hot Plug Detect                               |
| I/O     | Input/Output                                  |

## 15. Revision history

| Table 17. Revision history |              |                    |               |            |  |  |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|------------|--|--|
| Document ID                | Release date | Data sheet status  | Change notice | Supersedes |  |  |
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| Document status[1][2]          | Product status <sup>[3]</sup> | Definition  |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
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[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

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#### DisplayPort Gen1 2 : 1 multiplexer

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#### DisplayPort Gen1 2 : 1 multiplexer

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