A compact version of the versatile 333 Timer, the ATC 353 is its exact functional duplicate. Packaged in a 72mm<sup>2</sup> DIN-Size housing, it occupies 40% less panel space and costs proportionately less. Modern production and assembly techniques have all but eliminated hand wiring, enhancing the reliability and life expectancy of the 353.

**CONTROL VERSATILITY:** The 353 operates either as a repeat cycle pulse generator or in single-cycle interval or delayed mode. You choose the kind of control action you want by installing jumpers on the terminal block. It also provides a choice of control output. Choose a standard plug-in SPDT relay or optional SPST solid-state switch module plus an independent-24VDC output signal at Terminal 16.

COMPUTER TESTED RELIABILITY: The solid-state 353 is manufactured from a series of computer-tested plug-in circuit boards and assembled virtually without hand wiring. Because it has no moving parts in its logic circuits, its life expectancy is practically unlimited. Even the load relay — the 353's only significant mechanical component — has a life expectancy of 100,000,000 operations (no load), while the optional solid-state switch module has virtually unlimited life expectancy. As a result, the 353 achieves an overall reliability that surpasses even the high level achieved by previous Shawnee timers.

SAVE 40% IN PANEL SPACE AND COST: Packaged in a 72mm<sup>2</sup> DIN-size housing, the 353 occupies 40% less panel space than previous IC timers. Modern production and assembly techniques have substantially reduced manufacturing costs and resulted in a 45% cost saving.

WIDE RANGE: Each Shawnee II 353 timer covers the overall span of 0.01 SEC to 999.9 MIN in four field-convertible ranges.

EASY TO SET: The Shawnee timer is easily and accurately set even with work gloves on. Push any of its four toggle levers in any sequence until the number you want appears above it. You can decrease as well as increase each number by pushing the levers up or down. You can change the setting at any time, even during a cycle.

NOISE IMMUNITY: The 353 does not have to be shielded: its transformer power supply, full-wave bridges, buffered logic and other design characteristics render it immune to the electrical noise that is sometimes encountered in industrial environments thus eliminating false starts and reset due to voltage spikes.

CYCLE PROGRESS INDICATION: The Shawnee 353 indicating timer provides cycle progress indication on a four-digit display located immediately above the digital setting number wheels.

**OUTSTANDING REPEAT ACCURACY:** Unsurpassed among industrial timers regardless of cost, the Shawnee 353 has a repeat accuracy of  $\pm$  10 milliseconds on any setting within its overall range of 999.9 MIN, even in the face of wide swings in temperature or voltage and regardless of the amount of reset time between cycles.

PLUG-IN AND DUST-TIGHT: All 353 timers feature true plug-in design and are dust-tight from the front of panel.



Shawnee II Digital **Programmable Timer** 

## MODEL NUMBER

MODEL NUMBER	353C			30	Ρ	
RANGE						
999.9 SEC		346				
999.9 MIN		347				
99.99 SEC		351				
99.99 MIN		352				
Special		000				
VOLTAGE & FREQUENCY						
120/60			A			
240/60			В			
120/50			C			
240/50			D			
ARRANGEMENT						
With Display (On Delay)				30		
FEATURES						
Basic plug-in unit					P	
Standard unit						Х
Special						K
ACCESSORIES:						
Surface mounting bracket kit 353-2					260-	27-00
Retrofit kit 305-265					265-	61-70

The 353C Directly Replaces 353B & 353A

**Functional Replacement** for the 333 Timer

RANGES	Four field convertible r 0.01 - 99.99 SEC 0.01 - 99.99 MIN 0.1 - 999.9 SEC	ranges	DC POWER SUPPLY OUTPUT (TERMINAL 7) DC OUTPUT	Voltage Current Voltage	-24V ± 10% 40 mA max. ON24V ± 10%		
TIMING MODES	0.1 - 999.9 MIN Single cycle (interval o cycle pulse generator.	or delayed) and repeat	(TERMINAL 16)	Current	OFF – -1V or less with relay–5 mA max. without relay–40 mA max		
VOLTAGE REQUI	, , ,			Impedance	e on – 10 ohms max.		
START/RESET	VOLTAGE REQ				off – 10K ohms.		
SIGNAL	Positive Polarity	Ready at 4.5V min. Reset at 1.0V max.	PULSE GENERATOR OPERATION	PULSE ON TIME (with relay): 80 mSEC $\pm$ 20 mSEC (may be shortened or lengthened by installing a resistor or capacitor, respectively, across Terminals 4 and 11; see Operation Section for details.)			
	Negative Polarity	Ready at 3.0V min. Reset at 1.0V max					
	Max. Continuous Input Ripple Voltage	40V. must not go below minimum required	LOAD RELAY	LIFE 100,000,000 operations (no load.) CONTACT RATING: 5A @ 120 VAC Resistive, 5A, 30 VDC Resistive			
	AC Line Voltage Input Impedance	5K ohms.	REPEAT ACCURACY		C on all ranges.		
	<b>RESET TIME</b> Circuit Reset	1 mSEC max.	MINIMUM	99.99 SEC	C or MIN ranges: 0.01 SEC or MIN, respective		
	Relay Drop-Out	20 mSEC max.	SETTING		C or MIN ranges: 0.1 SEC or MIN, respectively		
	(ISOLATED C		MOUNTING ACCESSORIES	Standard	Hardware is provided to mount timer so that it is dust-tight from front of panel.		
	Switch Rating Min Open Resistance	10mA 30V 1 megohm		Optional	Surface mounting without and with front facing terminals. (See Accessory section		
	Max. Closed Resistance	<u> </u>			of catalog)		
	LATCHING MODE OPERATION (INTERVAL ONLY)		WEIGHT	NET: 1 lb.,	, 7 oz. Shipping: 2 lbs.		
	Min. Duration Start Signal	50 µSEC					
	Max. Duration Start Signal	continuous					
	Reset	when signal is removed	DIMENS	IONS (IN	CHES)		
TEMPERATURE Rating	32° to 140°F (0 to 60	,	<u>+ 2.83</u> 72.00 +	1	$\begin{array}{c} + \underbrace{1.75}_{44.45} & + \underbrace{5.31}_{134.87} \\ + \underbrace{1.0}_{27.95} & + \\ \end{array}$		
POWER REQUIREMENTS	120V 95 to 132V inrush – 0. running – 0	4 A		2.83	2.60		
		IV, 50/60 Hz	*	- 3.63 MIN 92.20			
	inrush — 0. running — (	2.64 67.00   SQ.					
			PANEL CUTO SHOWING DI ADJACENT C	STANCE BET	ſWEEN		
WIRING							
LI TO POWER SUPPLY	UE SELECT TO POWER SUPPLY NTACTS						
		B) 01 01 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		9 8 7 0 0			
		5 11 7 9 10 16 8	· · · ·	0 6 15 16			

Automatic Timing & Controls 800.727.5646 automatictiming.com

## **OPERATION**

The Shawnee 353 operates on a digital logic circuit with three main elements: a clock which uses utility line frequency of 50 or 60 Hz as its time base; a read-only-memory (ROM) whose output is set by the timer's digital setting number wheels; and a comparator that continuously examines the outputs of the clock and ROM.

When power is applied (start signal on), the clock begins to count each cycle of the utility line frequency. Translating this count into hundredths of a second, the clock accumulates it and feeds it continuously to the comparator. When clock output exactly equals the output of the ROM, the 353 times out.

At that instant, the clock turns itself off automatically.

At the same instant, the 353 generates one type of control action or another, depending on how it is wired.

When the 353 is wired for interval operation, the timer's output device (either the standard SPDT relay or the optional SPST switch module) is energized from the start to the end of the time cycle; so is the -24 VDC output at terminal 16.

When the 353 is wired for delayed control, the output device is energized at the end of the cycle and remains on until the timer is reset; so is the -24 VDC output.

When the 353 is wired as a repeat cycle pulse generator, the output device and the DC signal are both off until the end of the cycle, at which time they are both on for about 80 mSEC. The length of the pulse is included in the time cycle: the cycle runs from the start of one pulse to the start of the next. The 353 automatically starts a new cycle immediately after reset.

The duration of the standard output pulse generated by the 353 is 80 mSEC (±20 mSEC), but it can be easily lengthened or shortened by using a capacitor or resistor across terminals 4 and 11. To shorten the output pulse, the size of the resistor (fixed or variable) is calculated as follows:

Where:  $t = time in milliseconds (\pm 25\%)$  2.2t - 2.64

R = resistance in megohms

 =R (must be at least 0.2 megohm.) 80-t

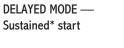
To lengthen the output pulse, the size of the capacitor is calculated as follows:

Where:	T = time in seconds (± 25%)	T - 0.08
where.	$1 = \text{time in seconds} (\pm 25\%)$	1 - 0.00

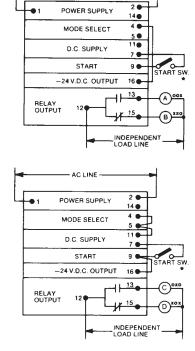
C = capacitance in microfarads. =C

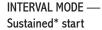
1.6

NOTE Observe Polarity: (+) Terminal of the capacitor goes to 11, (–) Terminal to 4. To start from AC voltage, jumper terminals 8-9 and 4-11 and start with AC power at terminals 1 and 2.



TYPICAL INSTALLATION

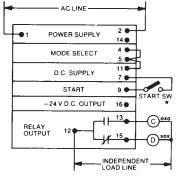




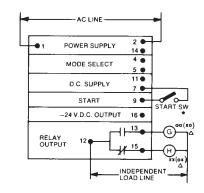
INTERVAL MODE ----

momentary\*\* start

Sustained\* or







\*Start switch must be closed — or DC start signal must be on for entire cycle. Timer resets when start switch opens or DC start signal turns off. To start from DC voltage, apply external ground on 11 and start signal on 9.

\*\*Start switch may be closed — or DC start signal may be on — for less that the entire cycle. Timer resets at end of cycle.