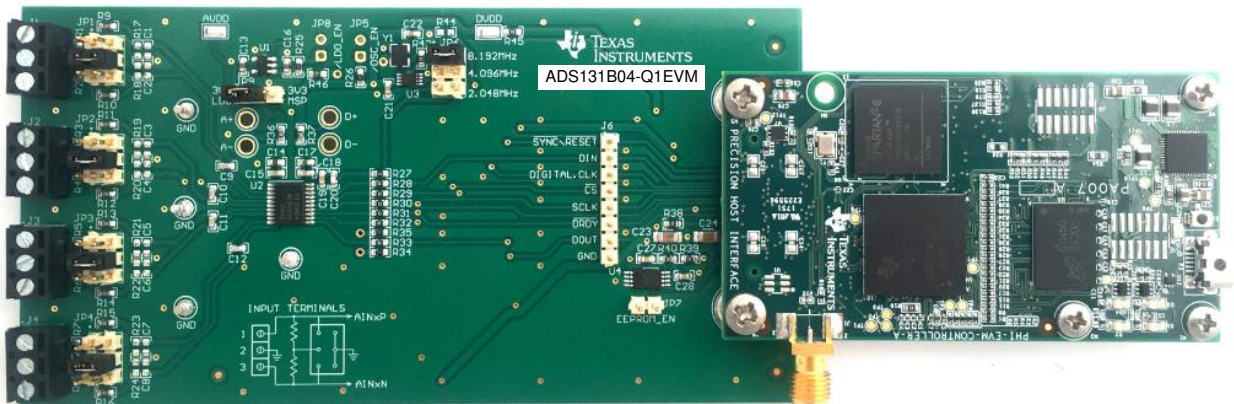


ADS131B04-Q1 Evaluation Module



This user's guide describes the characteristics, operation, and use of the ADS131B04-Q1 evaluation module (EVM). This kit is an evaluation platform for the [ADS131B04-Q1](#), which is a 4-channel, simultaneously-sampling, 24-bit, delta-sigma ($\Delta\Sigma$) analog-to-digital converter (ADC). The ADS131B04-Q1 offers wide dynamic range and internal calibration features, making the device excellent for energy metering, power quality, protection relay, and circuit breaker applications.

The ADS131B04-Q1EVM eases the evaluation of the device with hardware, software, and computer connectivity through the universal serial bus (USB) interface. This user's guide includes complete circuit descriptions, schematic diagrams, and a bill of materials. Throughout this document, the abbreviation *EVM* and the term *evaluation module* are synonymous with the ADS131B04-Q1EVM. The following related documents are available through the Texas Instruments web site at www.ti.com.

Table 1. Related Documentation

Device	Literature Number
ADS131B04-Q1	SBASA31

Contents

1	EVM Overview	4
2	EVM Analog Interface	5
3	Digital Interface	8
4	Power Supplies	10
5	ADS131B04-Q1EVM Initial Setup.....	11
6	ADS131B04-Q1EVM Operation	14
7	ADS131B04-Q1EVM Bill of Materials, PCB Layout, and Schematic	21

List of Figures

1	System Connection for Evaluation	4
2	Input Terminal Blocks and Headers (Schematic).....	5
3	Input Terminal Blocks and Headers (PCB).....	6
4	CLKIN External Clock (PCB).....	7
5	ADS131B04-Q1EVM Jumper Default Settings.....	11
6	ADS131B04-Q1 Software Installation Prompts	12
7	Device Driver Installation Wizard Prompts.....	12
8	LabVIEW Run-Time Engine Installation.....	13
9	ADS131B04-Q1EVM GUI Folder Post-Installation.....	14
10	ADS131B04-Q1EVM Hardware Setup and LED Indicators	14
11	Launch the EVM GUI Software.....	15
12	EVM GUI Global Input Parameters	16
13	Register Map Configuration.....	17
14	Time Domain Display Tool Options.....	18
15	Spectral Analysis Tool.....	19
16	Histogram Analysis Tool	20
17	Top Silkscreen.....	24
18	Top Layer	24
19	Ground Layer 1	24
20	Ground Layer 2.....	25
21	Bottom Layer.....	25
22	Bottom Silkscreen	25
23	ADS131B04-Q1EVM Hardware Schematic.....	26
24	ADS131B04-Q1EVM Main Schematic.....	27

List of Tables

1	Related Documentation	1
2	Analog Input Terminal Blocks, J1–J4	6
3	Analog Input Jumper Connection, JP1–JP4	7
4	CLKIN External Clock Options	7
5	PHI Connector Pin Functions	8
6	Digital Header Pins	9
7	LaunchPad Pin Functions	9
8	Default Settings.....	11
9	ADS131B04-Q1EVM Bill of Materials	21

Trademarks

LaunchPad, BoosterPack are trademarks of Texas Instruments.
Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft.
LabVIEW is a trademark of National Instruments.
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

1 EVM Overview

The ADS131B04-Q1EVM is a platform for evaluating the performance of the ADS131B04-Q1, which is a 4-channel, simultaneously-sampling, 24-bit, $\Delta\Sigma$ ADC. The evaluation kit includes the ADS131B04-Q1EVM board and the precision host interface (PHI) controller board that enables the accompanying computer software to communicate with the ADC over the USB for data capture and analysis.

The ADS131B04-Q1EVM board includes the ADS131B04-Q1 ADC and all the peripheral analog circuits and components required to extract optimum performance from the ADC.

The PHI board primarily serves three functions:

- Provides a communication interface from the EVM to the computer through a USB port
- Provides the digital input and output signals necessary to communicate with the ADS131B04-Q1
- Supplies power to all active circuitry on the ADS131B04-Q1EVM board

1.1 ADS131B04-Q1EVM Kit

The ADS131B04-Q1 evaluation module kit includes the following features:

- Hardware and software required for diagnostic testing as well as accurate performance evaluation of the ADS131B04-Q1 ADC
- USB powered—no external power supply is required
- The PHI controller that provides a convenient communication interface to the ADS131B04-Q1 ADC over USB 2.0 (or higher) for power delivery as well as digital input and output
- Easy-to-use evaluation software for 64-bit Microsoft Windows® 7, Windows 8, and Windows 10 operating systems
- The software suite includes graphical tools for data capture, histogram analysis, and spectral analysis. This suite also has a provision for exporting data to a text file for post-processing.

Figure 1 illustrates an example system setup for evaluation.

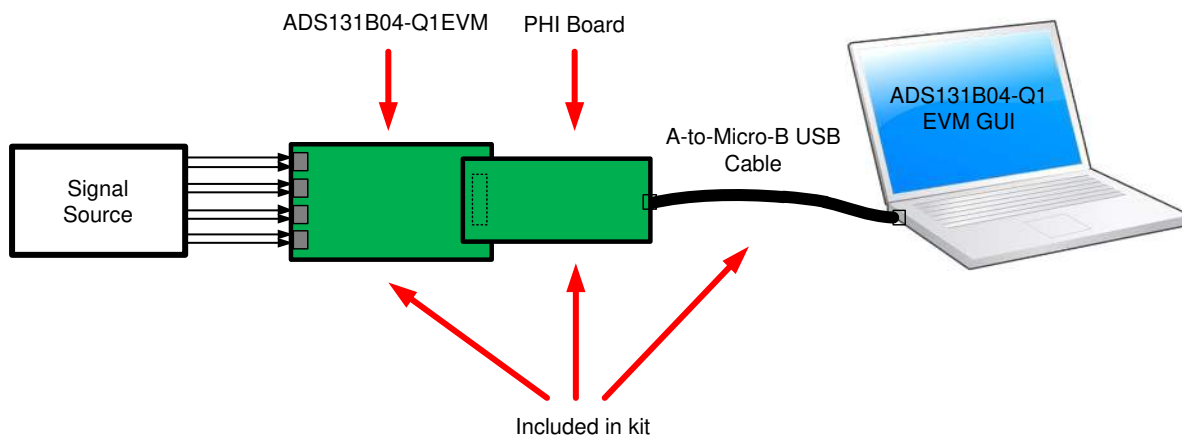


Figure 1. System Connection for Evaluation

1.2 ADS131B04-Q1EVM Board

The ADS131B04-Q1EVM board includes the following features:

- External signal source from differential pair headers
- Options to use external analog and digital power supplies
- Serial interface header for easy connection to the PHI controller
- Pin connections to monitor digital signals with a logic analyzer
- Onboard ultra-low noise low-dropout (LDO) regulator for excellent 3.3-V, single-supply regulation of all analog circuits

2 EVM Analog Interface

The ADS131B04-Q1EVM is designed for easy interfacing with analog sources. This section covers the details of the front-end circuit including jumper configuration for different input test signals and board connectors for signal sources.

2.1 ADC Analog Input Signal Path

Analog inputs to the EVM can be connected to either the terminal blocks or to the header pins associated with each ADC channel. The 3x2 100-mil headers for each channel allow the user to configure the inputs differentially depending on the signal to be measured. The screw terminal blocks can interface directly with the leads of an external sensor input. [Figure 2](#) shows the signal chain used for all four input channels on the EVM and is used to describe the supported input options in [Figure 3](#), [Table 2](#), and [Table 3](#).

External voltage inputs can be applied to J1 pins 1 and 3. For single-ended inputs, install a jumper on either JP1[1-2] or JP1[5-6] to connect an input to the EVM ground. If the external voltage is applied through a series resistor, R1 or R2 can be used to form a resistor divider by installing JP1[3-4] to support higher voltage measurements. Input jumper connections are described in [Table 2](#). Similarly, R17 and R18 can be installed to form a resistor divider with the series 49.9- Ω resistors on each input. An input must not be applied such that the voltage on the input pins of the ADS131B04-Q1 exceeds the absolute maximum ratings. For more details, see the [ADS131B04-Q1 data sheet](#).

R1 and R2 also present a 2-k Ω differential load when all jumpers on JP1 are uninstalled. This load acts as a burden resistor for a current transformer (CT) input. For single-ended measurements, the unused end of the transformer secondary side can be tied to ground by installing the appropriate jumper on JP1.

R9, R10, and C9 form a differential low-pass filter with a -3-dB cutoff frequency of 1.594 MHz. The series impedance is kept relatively low in order to maintain adequate total harmonic distortion (THD) performance.

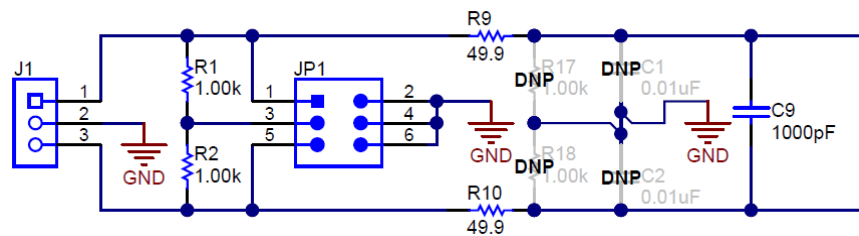
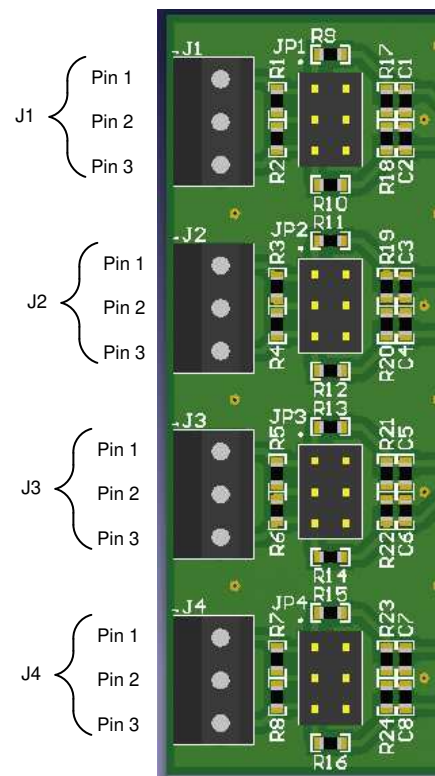


Figure 2. Input Terminal Blocks and Headers (Schematic)


Figure 3. Input Terminal Blocks and Headers (PCB)
Table 2. Analog Input Terminal Blocks, J1–J4

Terminal Block	Pin	Function	ADS131B04-Q1 Input Pin
J1	1	Channel 0 positive input	AIN0P
	2	EVM ground	AGND and DGND
	3	Channel 0 negative input	AIN0N
J2	1	Channel 1 positive input	AIN1P
	2	EVM ground	AGND and DGND
	3	Channel 1 negative input	AIN1N
J3	1	Channel 2 positive input	AIN2P
	2	EVM ground	AGND and DGND
	3	Channel 2 negative input	AIN2N
J4	1	Channel 3 positive input	AIN3P
	2	EVM ground	AGND and DGND
	3	Channel 3 negative input	AIN3N

Table 3. Analog Input Jumper Connection, JP1–JP4

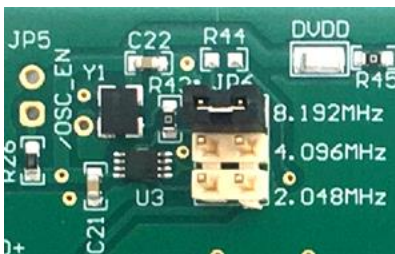
Jumper	Position	Description
JP1	Connection for channel 0 analog inputs	
	[1-2]	Short positive input to ground
	[3-4]	Connect both inputs to ground via 1-kΩ resistors (default)
	[5-6]	Short negative input to ground
JP2	Connection for channel 1 analog inputs	
	[1-2]	Short positive input to ground
	[3-4]	Connect both inputs to ground via 1-kΩ resistors (default)
	[5-6]	Short negative input to ground
JP3	Connection for channel 2 analog inputs	
	[1-2]	Short positive input to ground
	[3-4]	Connect both inputs to ground via 1-kΩ resistors (default)
	[5-6]	Short negative input to ground
JP4	Connection for channel 3 analog inputs	
	[1-2]	Short positive input to ground
	[3-4]	Connect both inputs to ground via 1-kΩ resistors (default)
	[5-6]	Short negative input to ground

2.2 ADC External Clock (CLKIN) Options

The ADS131B04-Q1 requires a continuous, free-running external master clock at the CLKIN pin for normal operation. The onboard complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) crystal oscillator (Y1) provides the nominal 8.192-MHz clock frequency used in the high-resolution (HR) mode of the device. Two D flip-flops (U3) divide the Y1 clock output to produce clock frequencies of 4.096 MHz and 2.048 MHz to support the low-power (LP) mode and very-low-power (VLP) mode, respectively.

Install a jumper in the appropriate position on the JP6 header shown in [Figure 4](#) to provide selectable clock frequency options. An external clock frequency can also be provided to any even-numbered pin on JP6 when the jumper is uninstalled. TI also recommends powering down Y1 by installing JP5 when providing an external clock. When using an external clock, ground must be shared between the external clock source and the EVM ground. The external clock must adhere to the frequency and amplitude limits outlined in the ADS131B04-Q1 data sheet. [Table 4](#) lists the JP6 jumper settings for the clock input selections.

In addition to jumper settings, each of the power modes requires configuration register settings outlined in [Section 6.1](#).

**Figure 4. CLKIN External Clock (PCB)****Table 4. CLKIN External Clock Options**

J13 Jumper Setting	Clock Frequency	Description
[1-2]	8.192 MHz	Nominal clock for high-resolution mode (default)
[3-4]	4.096 MHz	Nominal clock for low-power mode
[5-6]	2.048 MHz	Nominal clock for very-low-power mode

3 Digital Interface

As noted in [Section 1](#), the EVM interfaces with the PHI and communicates with the computer over the USB. There are two devices on the EVM with which the PHI communicates: the ADS131B04-Q1 ADC (over SPI) and the EEPROM (over I²C). The EEPROM comes pre-programmed with the information required to configure and initialize the ADS131B04-Q1EVM platform. When the hardware is initialized, the EEPROM is no longer used.

3.1 SPI Communication

The ADS131B04-Q1EVM supports limited interface modes as detailed in the ADS131B04-Q1 data sheet. The ADS131B04-Q1 uses an SPI-compatible interface to configure the device and retrieve conversion data. SPI communication on the ADS131B04-Q1 is performed in frames. Each SPI communication frame consists of several words. The word size is configurable as either 16 bits, 24 bits (default), or 32 bits by programming the WLENGTH[1:0] bits in the MODE register.

Additionally, the $\overline{\text{DRDY}}$ pin indicates when conversion data are available to be read by the master. The DRDY_SEL[1:0] bits, DRDY_HIZ bit, and the DRDY_FMT bit in the MODE register control the behavior of the $\overline{\text{DRDY}}$ pin.

For this EVM not all modes and functions for this SPI communication are supported. Functions not supported are disabled in the EVM GUI software. For more information about the SPI communication, see the [ADS131B04-Q1 data sheet](#).

3.2 Connection to the PHI

The ADS131B04-Q1EVM board communicates with the PHI through a shrouded, 60-pin connector, J5. There are two round standoffs next to J5 with Phillips-head screws. To connect the PHI to the EVM, remove the screws, attach the PHI to the EVM, and replace the screws into the standoffs. The screws secure the EVM to the PHI and ensures the connection between the boards.

[Table 5](#) lists the different PHI connection and their functions.

Table 5. PHI Connector Pin Functions

PHI Connector Pin Name	PHI Connector Pin	Function
EVM_RAW_5V	J5[2]	Power-supply source for the analog section of the EVM
GND	J5[3]	Ground
SYNC/RESET	J5[10]	Conversion synchronization or system reset for the ADS131B04-Q1; active low
DIN	J5[18]	Serial data input for the ADS131B04-Q1
CLK	J5[20]	Master clock input for the ADS131B04-Q1
$\overline{\text{CS}}$	J5[22]	Chip select for the ADS131B04-Q1; active low
SCLK	J5[24]	Serial data clock for the ADS131B04-Q1
SCLK	J5[28]	Serial data clock for the ADS131B04-Q1
$\overline{\text{DRDY}}$	J5[30]	Data ready for the ADS131B04-Q1; active low
DOUT	J5[36]	Serial data output for the ADS131B04-Q1
EVM_DVDD	J5[50]	Power-supply source for the digital section of the EVM
SDA	J5[56]	I ² C serial data for the EEPROM used to identify the EVM
SCL	J5[58]	I ² C serial clock for the EEPROM used to identify the EVM
EVM_ID_PWR	J5[59]	Power-supply source for the EEPROM used to identify the EVM
GND	J5[60]	Ground

3.3 Digital Header

In addition to the PHI, the EVM has a header connected to the digital lines that can be used to connect a logic analyzer or oscilloscope. This placement allows for easy access to the digital communications. Header J6 is connected to the digital lines between the ADS131B04-Q1 and the PHI connector. [Table 6](#) describes the digital header pins.

Table 6. Digital Header Pins

ADS131B04-Q1 Pin Name	Digital Header Pin
SYNC/RESET	J6[1]
DIN	J6[2]
CLK	J6[3]
\overline{CS}	J6[4]
SCLK	J6[5]
DRDY	J6[6]
DOUT	J6[7]
GND	J6[8]

3.4 LaunchPad™ Connectors

On the bottom side of the ADS131B04-Q1EVM board is a set of unpopulated surface-mount connectors (J7 and J8). When populated, these devices can be used to connect to a TI LaunchPad directly as a typical BoosterPack™ plug-in module.

Connectors J7 and J8 are a set of 10x2, 100 mil connectors. As shown in [Table 7](#), the pin numbers for J7 and J8 map to the pin numbers for a standard 40-pin LaunchPad™ connector.

Table 7. LaunchPad Pin Functions

ADS131B04-Q1EVM Connection	ADS131B04-Q1EVM (J7, J8)	LaunchPad Connection
+3.3V	J8[1]	Pin 1
SCLK	J8[7]	Pin 7
DOUT	J7[14]	Pin 14
DIN	J7[12]	Pin 15
GND	J7[2]	Pin 20
+5V	J8[2]	Pin 21
GND	J8[4]	Pin 22
\overline{DRDY}	J7[7]	Pin 37
\overline{CS}	J7[5]	Pin 38
SYNC/RESET	J7[3]	Pin 39
CLK	J7[1]	Pin 40

4 Power Supplies

The PHI provides multiple power-supply options for the EVM, derived from the USB supply of the computer.

The EEPROM on the ADS131B04-Q1EVM uses a 3.3-V power supply generated directly by the PHI. The analog supply of the ADC is powered by the LP5907 onboard the EVM, which is a low-noise linear regulator that uses the 5-V supply on the PHI to generate a cleaner 3.3-V output. The 3.3-V supply to the digital section of the ADC is provided directly by an LDO on the PHI.

The power supply for each active component on the EVM is bypassed with a ceramic capacitor placed close to that component. Additionally, the EVM layout uses thick traces or large copper fill areas, where possible, between bypass capacitors and their loads to minimize inductance along the load current path.

As mentioned previously in [Section 1](#), power to the EVM is supplied by the PHI through connector J5. For information about PHI pins and the power connections, see [Table 5](#).

With modifications, the user may use external supplies for either AVDD or DVDD. AVDD can be driven externally by moving the jumper on JP9 to the left. This placement disconnects 3V3_LDO from AVDD. Power can then be applied through the AVDD test point at TP2 or through 3V3_LP if connector J8 is installed. DVDD can be driven externally from the DVDD test point at TP1 if R45 is removed from the EVM.

5 ADS131B04-Q1EVM Initial Setup

This section explains the initial hardware and software setup procedure that must be completed for properly operating the ADS131B04-Q1EVM.

5.1 Default Jumper Settings

After unpacking, the EVM is already configured with the default jumper settings. Figure 5 shows the locations for the default jumpers.

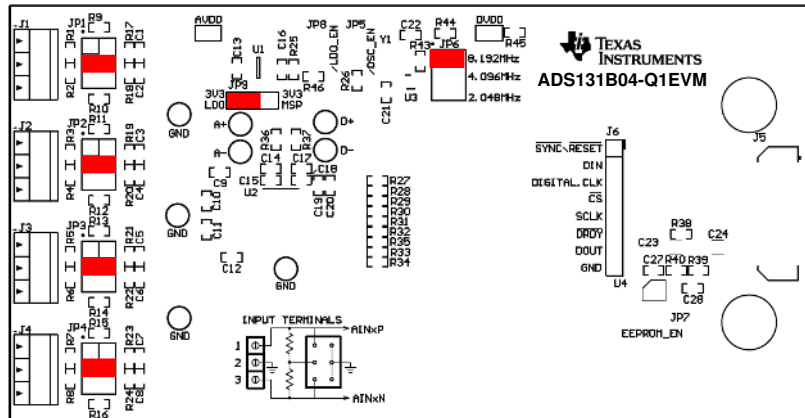


Figure 5. ADS131B04-Q1EVM Jumper Default Settings

The default position of the JP6 jumper is across [1-2] at the top. JP6 sets the onboard oscillator frequency to 8.192 MHz, used for the ADS131B04-Q1 in high-resolution mode. The default connection for JP9 is to the left, so that the linear regulator is powering the system using 5 V from the PHI controller.

The default settings, as listed in Table 8, includes no jumpers installed at JP5, JP7, and JP8. When installed, JP5 disables the onboard oscillator, JP7 enables the EEPROM for write, and JP8 disables the linear regulator.

Table 8. Default Settings

Jumper	Position	Function
JP1, JP2, JP3, JP4	[3-4]	Sets common-mode to ground for device inputs
JP5	Not installed	Disables on-board oscillator
JP6	[1-2]	Oscillator frequency select, 8.192MHz
JP7	Open	Disables write for EEPROM
JP8	Not installed	Disables linear regulator power
JP9	[1-2]	Selects device power from linear regulator

5.2 EVM Graphical User Interface (GUI) Software Installation

Download the latest version of the EVM GUI installer from the *Tools and Software* folder of the ADS131B04-Q1EVM and run the GUI installer to install the EVM GUI software on your computer.

CAUTION

Manually disable any antivirus software running on the computer before downloading the EVM GUI installer onto the local hard disk. Depending on the antivirus settings, an error message may appear or the installer. The exe file can be deleted.

Accept the license agreements and follow the on-screen instructions shown in [Figure 6](#) to complete the installation.

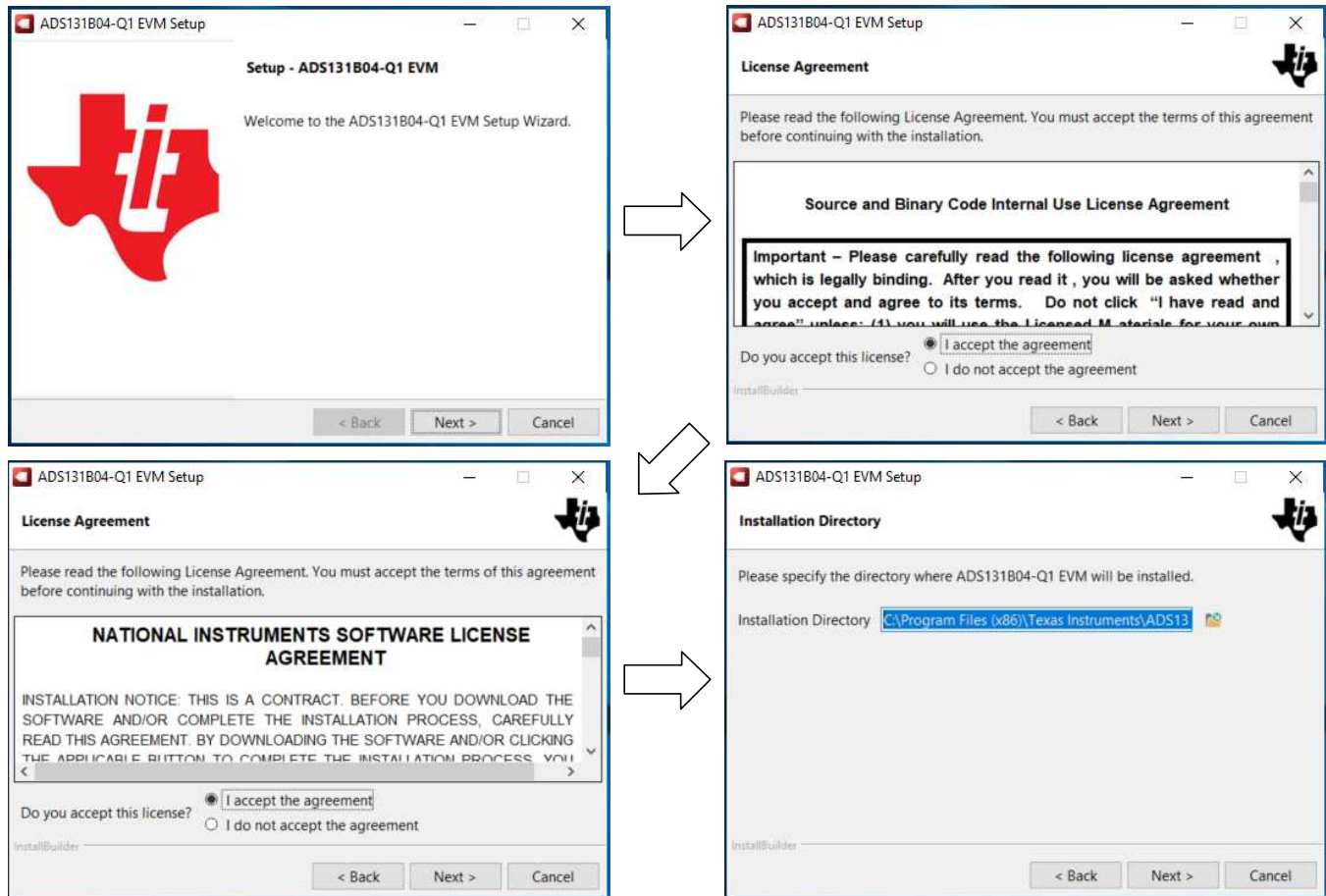


Figure 6. ADS131B04-Q1 Software Installation Prompts

As a part of the ADS131B04-Q1EVM GUI installation, a prompt with a Device Driver Installation (as shown in [Figure 7](#)) appears on the screen. Click *Next* to proceed.

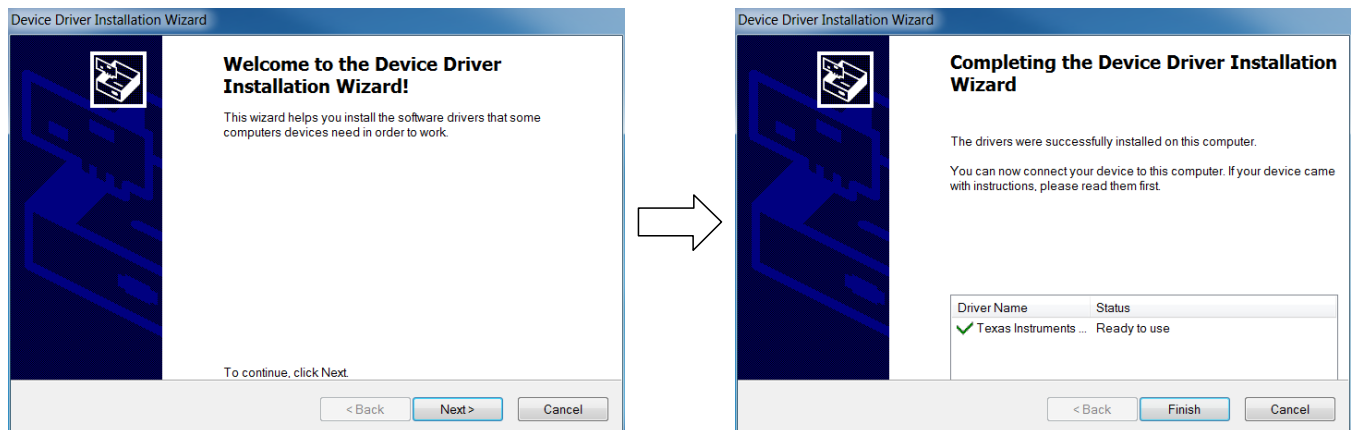


Figure 7. Device Driver Installation Wizard Prompts

NOTE: A notice may appear on the screen stating that Windows cannot verify the publisher of this driver software. Select *Install this driver software anyway*.

The ADS131B04-Q1EVM requires the LabVIEW™ run-time engine and may prompt for the installation of this software, as shown in [Figure 8](#), if not already installed.



Figure 8. LabVIEW Run-Time Engine Installation

Verify that *C:\Program Files (x86)\Texas Instruments\ADS131B04-Q1EVM* is as shown in [Figure 9](#) after these installations.

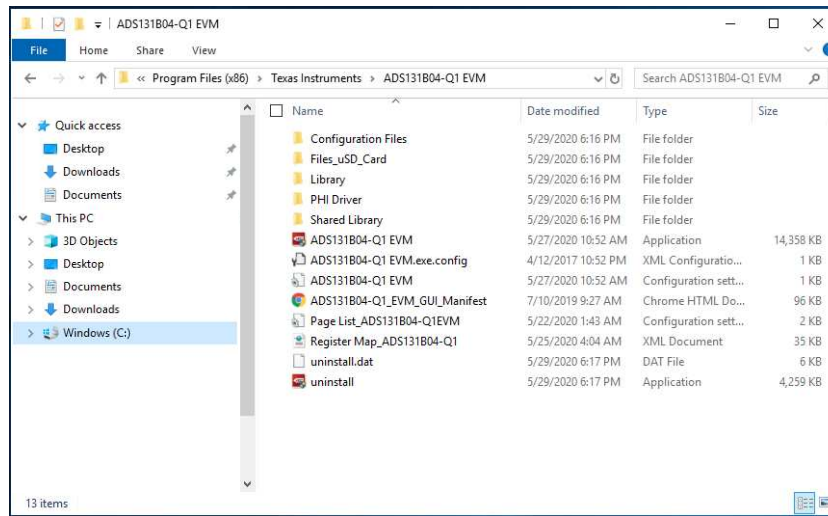


Figure 9. ADS131B04-Q1EVM GUI Folder Post-Installation

6 ADS131B04-Q1EVM Operation

The following instructions are a step-by-step guide to connecting the ADS131B04-Q1EVM to the computer and evaluating the performance of the ADS131B04-Q1:

1. Connect the ADS131B04-Q1EVM to the PHI. Install the two screws as indicated in [Figure 10](#).
2. Use the provided USB cable to connect the PHI to the computer.
 - LED D5 on the PHI lights up, indicating that the PHI is powered up
 - LEDs D1 and D2 on the PHI start blinking to indicate that the PHI is booted up and communicating with the PC. [Figure 10](#) shows the resulting LED indicators

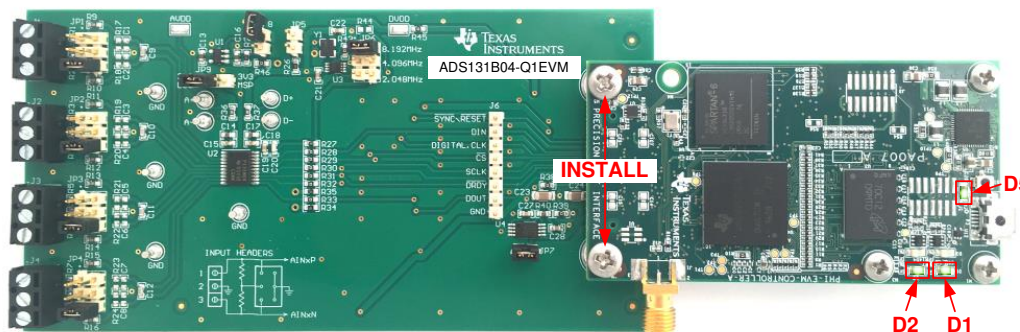


Figure 10. ADS131B04-Q1EVM Hardware Setup and LED Indicators

3. Figure 11 shows how to launch the ADS131B04-Q1EVM GUI software.

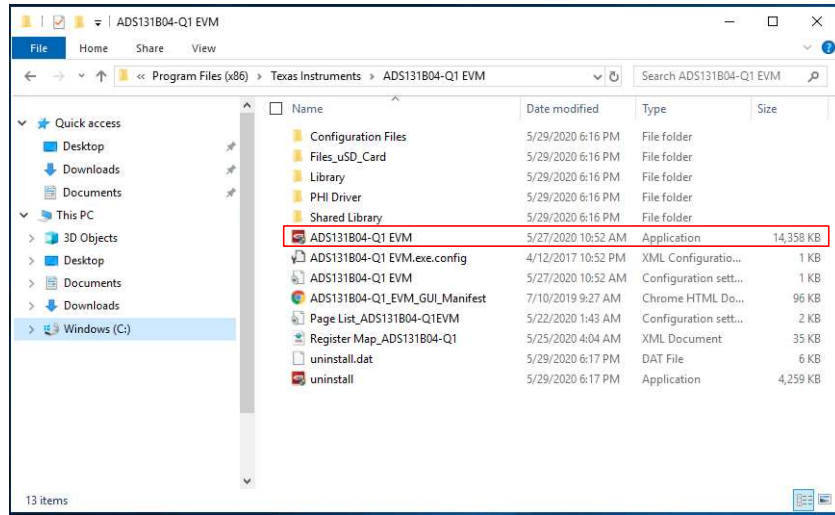


Figure 11. Launch the EVM GUI Software

6.1 EVM GUI Global Settings for ADC Control

Although the EVM GUI does not allow direct access to the levels and timing configuration of the ADC digital interface, the EVM GUI does give users high-level control over virtually all functions of the ADS131B04-Q1 including interface modes, sampling rate, and number of samples to be captured. [Figure 12](#) identifies the input parameters of the GUI (as well as their default values) through which the various functions of the ADS131B04-Q1 can be exercised.

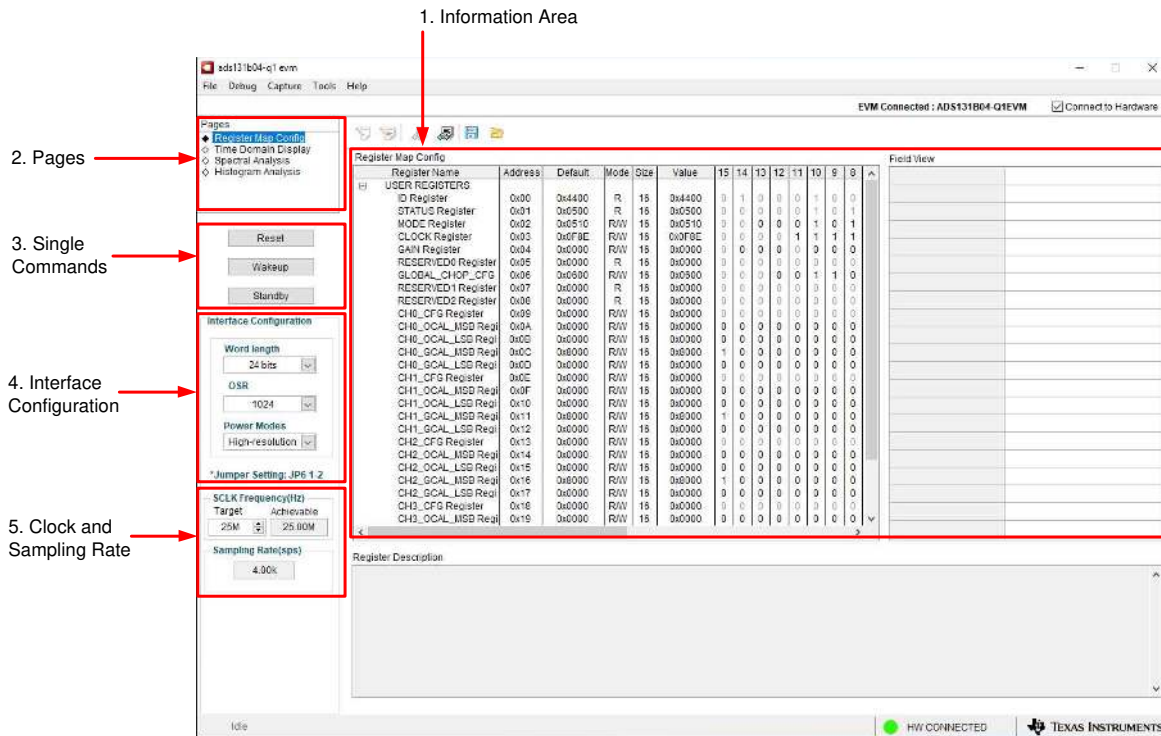


Figure 12. EVM GUI Global Input Parameters

There are four pages available in the ADS131B04-Q1EVM GUI. The information area displays the results of each of the pages. Each of these pages display a different control or measurement of the device. The Register Map Config page is used to read and write to the registers of the device. The Time Domain Display page is used to collect a set of data from the device and display the result. The Spectral Analysis page can determine the FFT of the collected data, and the Histogram Analysis page shows a histogram of the collected data and displays basic statistics of the result.

The Single Commands section allows for direct control of the device for three basic functions. First the *Reset* button sends a signal to the SYNC/RESET pin to reset the device. The *Standby* button puts the device into a low-power state in which all channels are disabled, and the reference and other non-essential circuitry are powered down. The *WakeUp* button exits the standby mode.

The Interface Configuration options in this pane allows the user to choose from different frame word sizes available on the ADS131B04-Q1. This section also sets the data rate by setting the oversampling ratio (OSR) in the ADC. Finally, this section may be used to set the power modes in the registers. The ADS131B04-Q1 can be set to high-resolution, low power, and very-low power modes in conjunction with the jumper settings of JP6 for the CLKIN pin, as outlined in [Table 4](#). This information is also discussed in [Section 2.2](#).

The Clock and Sampling Rate section allows the user to specify a target SCLK frequency (in Hz) and the GUI tries to match this frequency as closely as possible by changing the PHI PLL settings, but the achievable frequency may differ from the target value entered. This section also displays the sampling rate of the ADC as controlled by the OCR.

The GUI is switched between hardware mode and simulation mode by checking and unchecking the *Connected to Hardware* box in the top right area of the screen at any time.

6.2 Register Map Configuration Tool

The register map configuration tool allows the user to view and modify the registers of the ADS131B04-Q1. This tool can be selected, as indicated in [Figure 13](#), by clicking on the *Register Map Config* radio button at the Pages section of the left pane. On power-up, the values on this page correspond to the Host Configuration Settings that enable ADC sampling at the maximum sampling rate specified for the ADC. The register values can be edited by double-clicking the corresponding value field. If interface mode settings are affected by the change in register values, this change reflects on the left pane immediately. The changes in the register value reflect on the AD131M04 device on the ADS131B04-Q1EVM based on the Update Mode selection, as described in [Section 6.1](#).

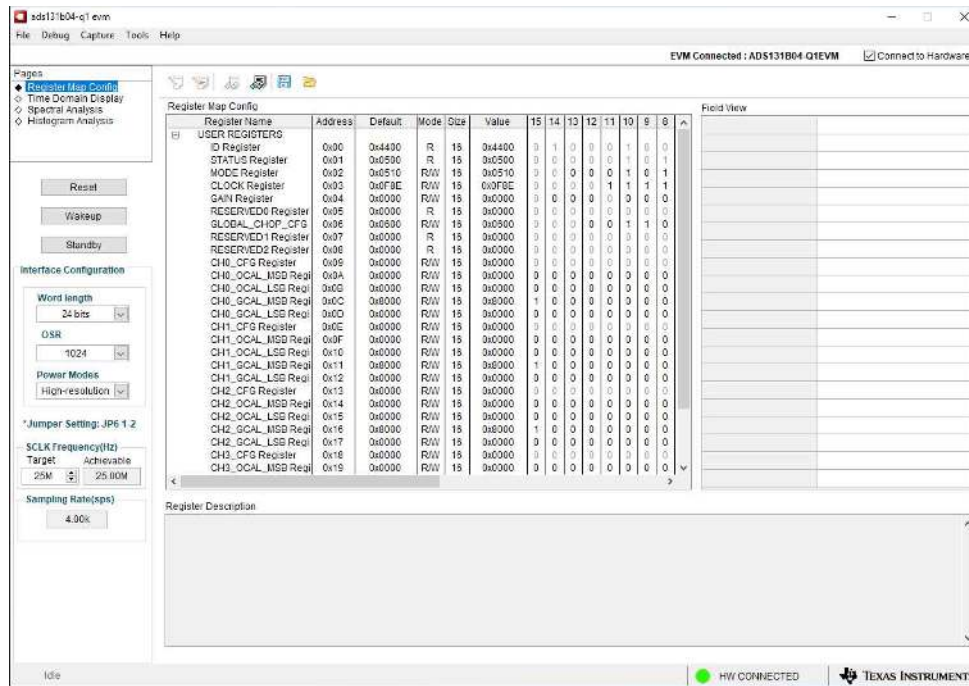


Figure 13. Register Map Configuration

[Section 6.3](#) through [Section 6.5](#) describe the data collection and analysis features of the ADS131B04-Q1EVM GUI.

6.3 Time Domain Display Tool

The time domain display tool allows visualization of the ADC response to a given input signal. This tool is useful for both studying the behavior and debugging any gross problems with the ADC or drive circuits.

The user can trigger a capture of the data of the selected number of samples from the ADS131B04-Q1EVM, as per the current interface mode settings indicated in Figure 14 by using the *Capture* button. The sample indices are on the x-axis and there are two y-axes showing the corresponding output codes as well as the equivalent analog voltages based on the specified reference voltage. Switching pages to any of the Analysis tools described in the subsequent sections causes calculations to be performed on the same set of data.



Figure 14. Time Domain Display Tool Options

6.4 Spectral Analysis Tool

The spectral analysis tool, shown in Figure 15, is intended to evaluate the dynamic performance (SNR, THD, SFDR, SINAD, and ENOB) of the ADS131B04-Q1 ADC through single-tone sinusoidal signal FFT analysis using the 7-term Blackman-Harris window setting.

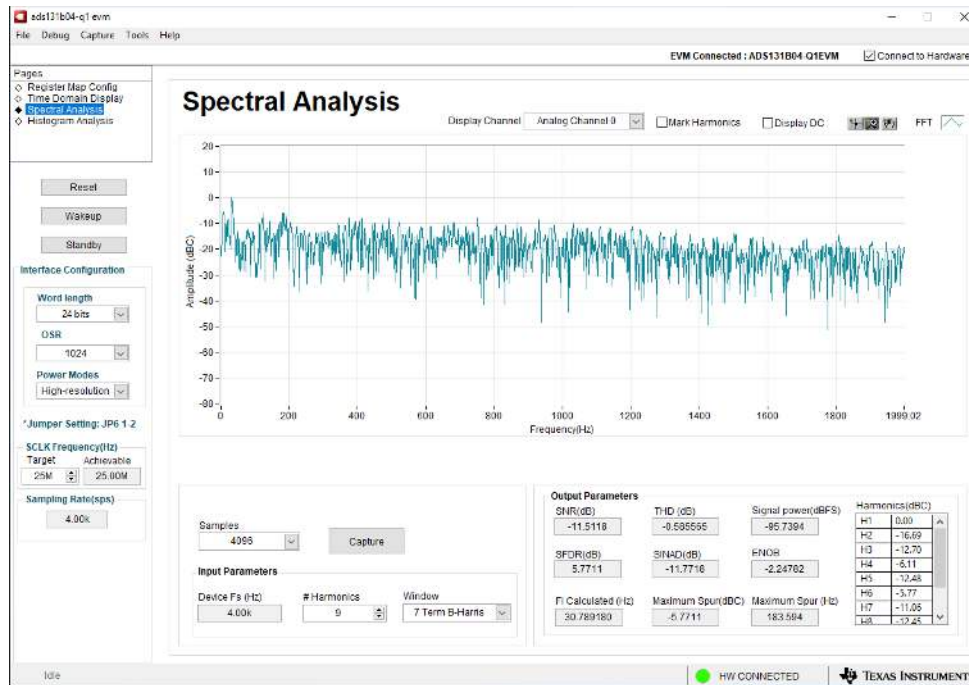


Figure 15. Spectral Analysis Tool

The FFT tool includes windowing options that are required to mitigate the effects of non-coherent sampling (this discussion is beyond the scope of this document). The 7-Term Blackman Harris window is the default option and has sufficient dynamic range to resolve the frequency components of up to a 24-bit ADC. The None option corresponds to not using a window (or using a rectangular window) and is not recommended.

6.5 Histogram Tool

Noise degrades ADC resolution and the histogram tool can be used to estimate effective resolution, which is an indicator of the number of bits of ADC resolution losses resulting from noise generated by the various sources connected to the ADC when measuring a DC signal. The cumulative effect of noise coupling to the ADC output from sources such as the input drive circuits, the reference drive circuit, the ADC power supply, and the ADC itself is reflected in the standard deviation of the ADC output code histogram that is obtained by performing multiple conversions of a DC input applied to a given channel.

As shown in [Figure 16](#), the histogram corresponding to a DC input is displayed on clicking the *Capture* button.

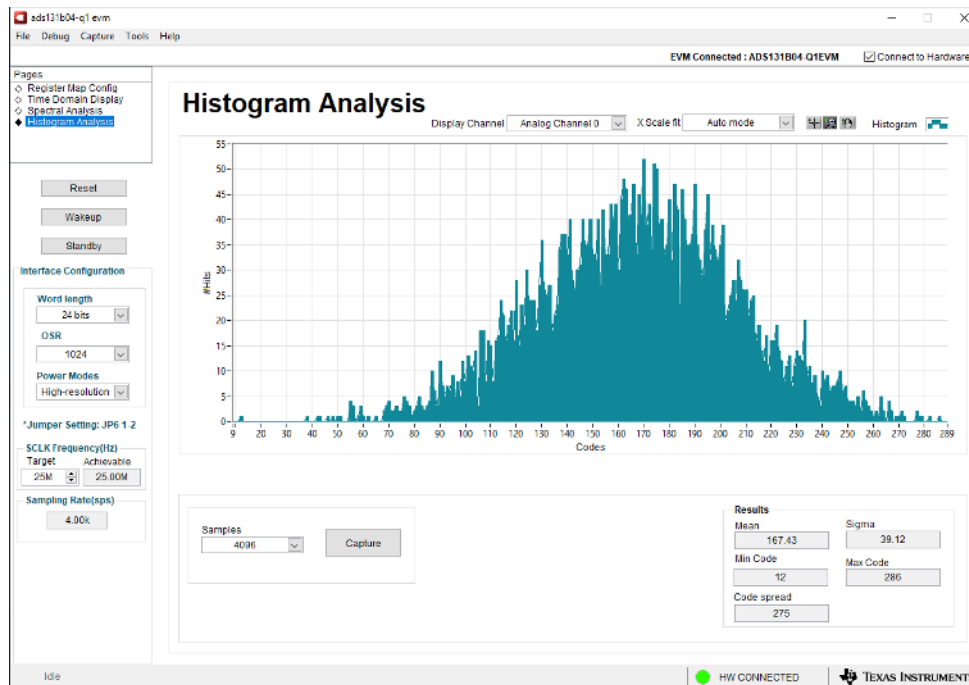


Figure 16. Histogram Analysis Tool

7 ADS131B04-Q1EVM Bill of Materials, PCB Layout, and Schematic

7.1 Bill of Materials

Table 9 lists the ADS131B04-Q1EVM bill of materials.

Table 9. ADS131B04-Q1EVM Bill of Materials

Designator	Quantity	Value	Description	Package Reference	Part Number	Manufacturer
C9, C10, C11, C12	4	1000pF	CAP, CERM, 1000 pF, 25 V, +/- 5%, C0G/NP0, 0603	0603	GRM1885C1E102JA01D	MuRata
C13, C14, C16, C17	4	1uF	CAP, CERM, 1 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0603	0603	C0603C105K3RACTU	Kemet
C15, C18, C19, C21, C22, C27, C28	7	0.1uF	CAP, CERM, 0.1 uF, 25 V, +/- 5%, X7R, 0603	0603	C0603C104J3RAC	Kemet
C20	1	10pF	CAP, CERM, 10 pF, 50 V, +/- 5%, C0G/NP0, 0603	0603	C0603C100J5GACTU	Kemet
C23, C24	2	10uF	CAP, CERM, 10 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 1206_190	1206_190	C1206C106K3RACTU	Kemet
H1, H2	2		Machine Screw Pan PHILLIPS M3		RM3X4MM 2701	APM HEXSEAL
H3, H4	2		ROUND STANDOFF M3 STEEL 5MM		9774050360R	Wurth Elektronik
H5, H6, H7, H8	4		Bumpon, Hemisphere, 0.44 X 0.20, Clear	Transparent Bumpon	SJ-5303 (CLEAR)	3M
H9	1		Cable, USB-A to micro USB-B, 1 m - Kitting item		102-1092-BL-00100	CnC Tech
H10	1		PHI-EVM Controller Kitting item Edge# 6591636		PA007	Texas Instruments
J1, J2, J3, J4	4		Terminal Block, 3.5mm Pitch, 3x1, TH	10.5x8.2x6.5mm	ED555/3DS	On-Shore Technology
J5	1		Header(Shrouded), 19.7mil, 30x2, Gold, SMT	Header (Shrouded), 19.7mil, 30x2, SMT	QTH-030-01-L-D-A	Samtec
J6	1		Header, 100mil, 8x1, Gold, TH	8x1 Header	TSW-108-07-G-S	Samtec
JP1, JP2, JP3, JP4, JP6	5		Header, 100mil, 3x2, Gold, TH	3x2 Header	TSW-103-07-G-D	Samtec
JP7	1		Header, 100mil, 2x1, Gold, TH	2x1 Header	TSW-102-07-G-S	Samtec
JP9	1		Header, 100mil, 3x1, Gold, TH	3x1 Header	TSW-103-07-G-S	Samtec
R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8	8	1.00k	RES, 1.00 k, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0603	0603	CRCW06031K00FKEA	Vishay-Dale
R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14, R15, R16	8	49.9	RES, 49.9, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0603	0603	CRCW060349R9FKEA	Vishay-Dale

Table 9. ADS131B04-Q1EVM Bill of Materials (continued)

Designator	Quantity	Value	Description	Package Reference	Part Number	Manufacturer
R25, R26, R34, R35	4	100k	RES, 100 k, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0603	0603	CRCW0603100KFKEA	Vishay-Dale
R27	1	10.0	RES, 10.0, 1%, 0.25 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0603	0603	CRCW060310R0FKEAHP	Vishay-Dale
R28, R29, R30, R31, R32, R33, R38, R39, R43, R45, R46	11	0	RES, 0, 5%, 0.1 W, 0603	0603	RC0603JR-070RL	Yageo
R36, R37	2	0.1	RES, 0.1, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 1, 0603	0603	ERJ-L03KF10CV	Panasonic
R40	1	10k	RES, 10 k, 5%, 0.1 W, 0603	0603	RC1608J103CS	Samsung Electro-Mechanics
SH-J1, SH-J2, SH-J3, SH-J4, SH-J5, SH-J6	6	1x2	Shunt, 100mil, Flash Gold, Black	Closed Top 100mil Shunt	SPC02SYAN	Sullins Connector Solutions
TP1, TP2	2		Test Point, Miniature, SMT	Testpoint Keystone Miniature	5015	Keystone
TP3, TP4, TP5, TP6	4		Terminal, Turret, TH, Double	Keystone1573-2	1573-2	Keystone
U1	1		250-mA Ultra-Low-Noise, Low-IQ LDO, DBV0005A (SOT-23-5)	DBV0005A	LP5907MFX-3.3/NOPB	Texas Instruments
U2	1		4-Channel, 24-Bit, Simultaneously-Sampling, Delta-Sigma ADC, PW0020A (TSSOP-20)	PW0020A	ADS131B04QPWRQ	Texas Instruments
U3	1		Low-Power Dual Positive-Edge-Triggered D-Type Flip-Flop, DCU0008A (VSSOP-8)	DCU0008A	SN74AUP2G80DCUR	Texas Instruments
U4	1		I2C BUS EEPROM (2-Wire), TSSOP-B8	TSSOP-8	BR24G32FVT-3AGE2	Rohm
Y1	1		Oscillator, 8.192 MHz, 15 pF, AEC-Q200 Grade 1, SMD	3.2x2.5mm	SIT8924BA-22-33E-8.192000G	SiTime
C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8	0	0.01uF	CAP, CERM, 0.01 uF, 25 V, +/- 5%, COG/NP0, 0603	0603	C0603H103J3GACTU	Kemet
C25, C26	0	10uF	CAP, CERM, 10 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 1206_190	1206_190	C1206C106K3RACTU	Kemet
FID1, FID2, FID3	0		Fiducial mark. There is nothing to buy or mount.	N/A	N/A	N/A
J7, J8	0		Connector, Receptacle, 100mil, 10x2, Gold plated, SMD	10x2 Receptacle	SSW-110-22-F-D-VS-K	Samtec
JP5, JP8	0		Header, 100mil, 2x1, Gold, TH	2x1 Header	TSW-102-07-G-S	Samtec

Table 9. ADS131B04-Q1EVM Bill of Materials (continued)

Designator	Quantity	Value	Description	Package Reference	Part Number	Manufacturer
R17, R18, R19, R20, R21, R22, R23, R24	0	1.00k	RES, 1.00 k, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0603	0603	CRCW06031K00FKEA	Vishay-Dale
R41, R42, R44	0	0	RES, 0, 5%, 0.1 W, 0603	0603	RC0603JR-070RL	Yageo
TP7, TP8, TP9, TP10	0		Terminal, Turret, TH, Double	Keystone1573-2	1573-2	Keystone

7.2 PCB Layout

Figure 17 through Figure 22 illustrate the ADS131B04-Q1EVM PCB layout. The ADS131M04EVM and the ADS131B04-Q1EVM share the same PCB.

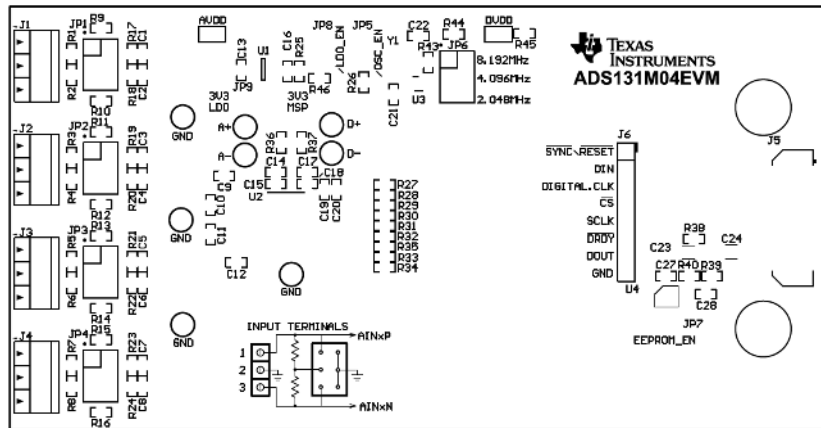


Figure 17. Top Silkscreen

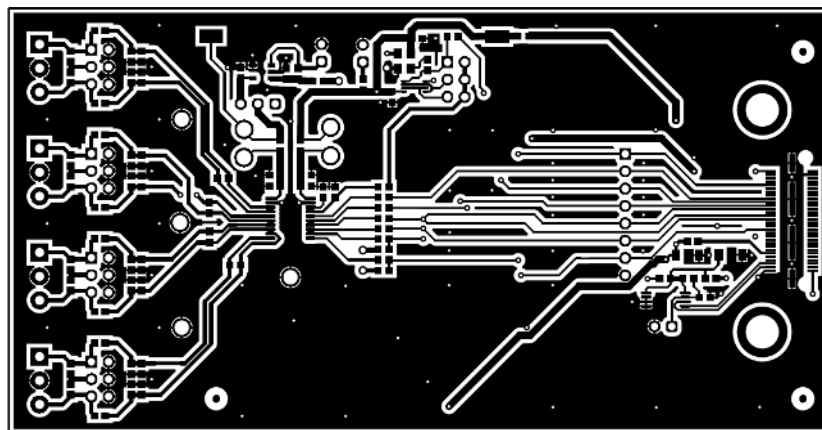


Figure 18. Top Layer

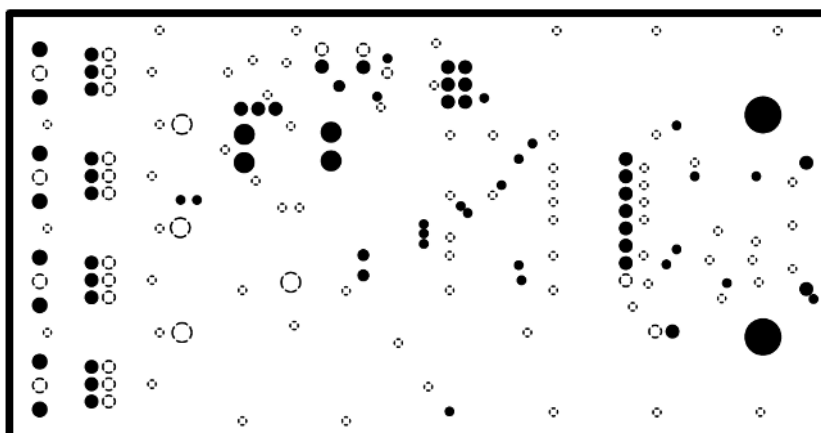


Figure 19. Ground Layer 1

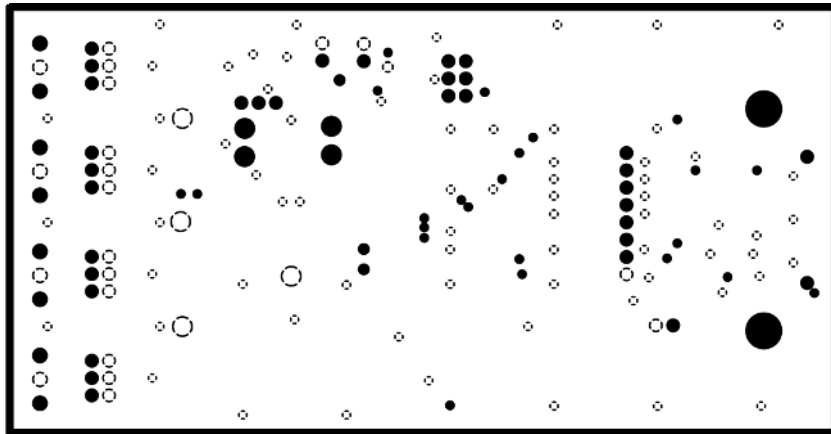


Figure 20. Ground Layer 2

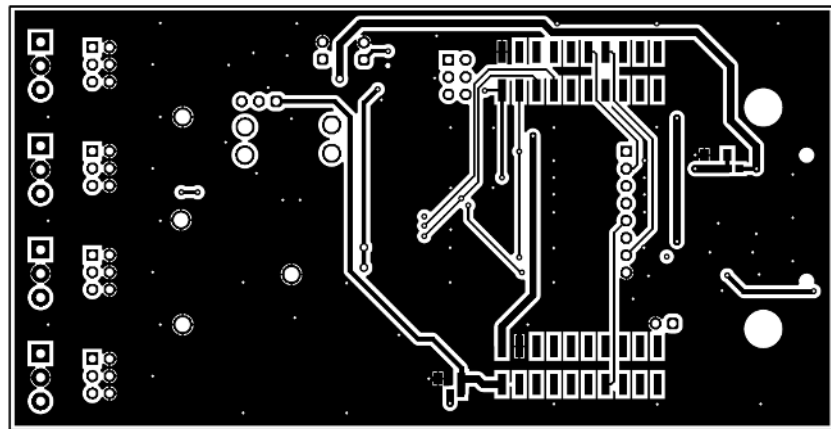


Figure 21. Bottom Layer

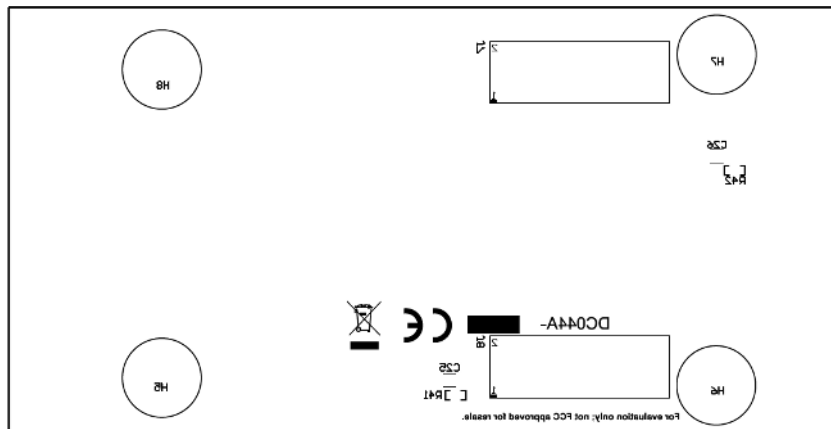


Figure 22. Bottom Silkscreen

7.3 Schematic

Figure 23 and Figure 24 illustrate the ADS131B04-Q1EVM schematics.

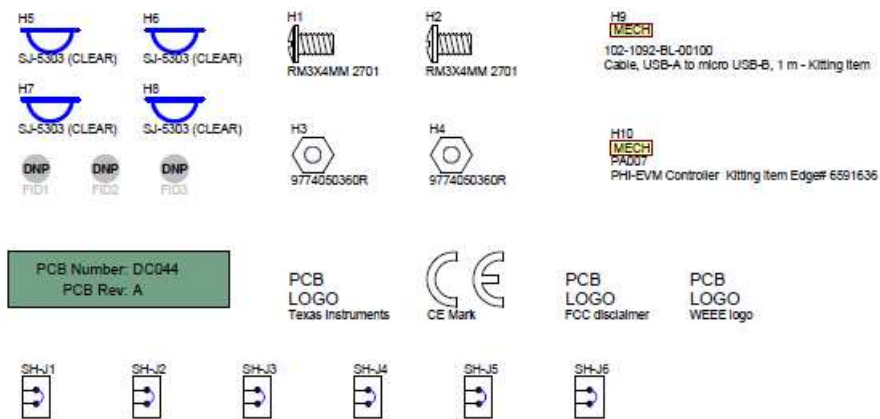


Figure 23. ADS131B04-Q1EVM Hardware Schematic

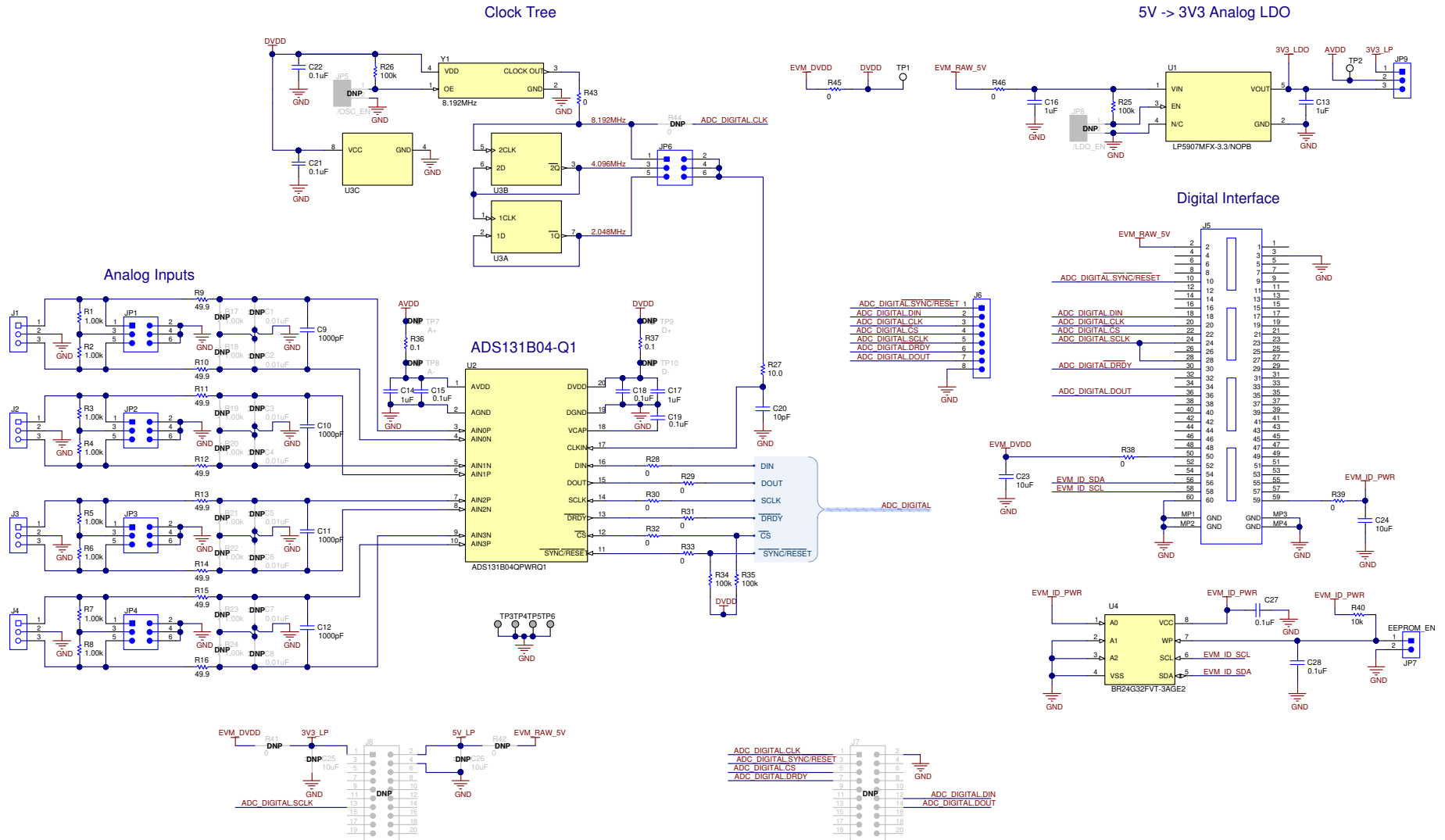


Figure 24. ADS131B04-Q1EVM Main Schematic

IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to [TI's Terms of Sale](#) or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265
Copyright © 2022, Texas Instruments Incorporated