

74ALVT16241

16-bit buffer/driver; 3-state

Rev. 03 — 4 July 2005

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74ALVT16241 is a high-performance BiCMOS device designed for V_{CC} operation at 2.5 V or 3.3 V with I/O compatibility up to 5 V.

The 74ALVT16241 is a 16-bit buffer that is ideal for driving bus lines. The device features four output enable inputs ($1\overline{OE}$, $2\overline{OE}$, $3\overline{OE}$, $4\overline{OE}$), each controlling four of the 3-state outputs.

2. Features

- 5 V I/O compatible
- Live insertion and extraction permitted
- 3-state buffers
- Power-up 3-state
- Output capability: +64 mA and -32 mA
- Latch-up protection:
 - ◆ JESD 78 exceeds 500 mA
- Electrostatic discharge protection:
 - ◆ MIL STD 883 method 3015: exceeds 2000 V
 - ◆ Machine model: exceeds 200 V
- Bus hold data inputs eliminate need for external pull-up resistors to hold unused inputs
- 16-bit bus interface
- TTL input and output switching levels
- Input and output interface capability to systems at 5 V supply
- No bus current loading when output is tied to 5 V bus

3. Quick reference data

Table 1: Quick reference data

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| t_{PLH} | propagation delay nAx to nYx | $C_L = 50\text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ | 0.5 | 2.1 | 3.0 | ns |
| | | $C_L = 50\text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | 0.5 | 1.6 | 2.2 | ns |
| t_{PHL} | propagation delay nAx to nYx | $C_L = 50\text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ | 0.5 | 2.0 | 3.0 | ns |
| | | $C_L = 50\text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | 0.5 | 1.6 | 2.3 | ns |
| C_i | input capacitance on $n\overline{OE}$ | $V_I = 0\text{ V or }V_{CC}$ | - | 3 | - | pF |

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Table 1: Quick reference data ...continued
 $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------|--------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| C_o | output capacitance | $V_{IO} = 0\text{ V or }V_{CC}$ | - | 9 | - | pF |
| I_{CC} | supply current | outputs disabled; $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ | - | 40 | 100 | μA |
| | | outputs disabled; $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | - | 70 | 100 | μA |

4. Ordering information

Table 2: Ordering information

| Type number | Package | | | Version |
|----------------|-------------------|---------|--|----------|
| | Temperature range | Name | Description | |
| 74ALVT16241DL | -40 °C to +85 °C | SSOP48 | plastic shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 7.5 mm | SOT370-1 |
| 74ALVT16241DGG | -40 °C to +85 °C | TSSOP48 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 6.1 mm | SOT362-1 |

5. Functional diagram

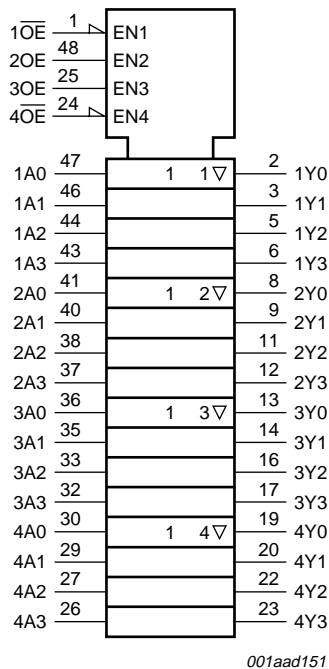


Fig 1. Logic symbol

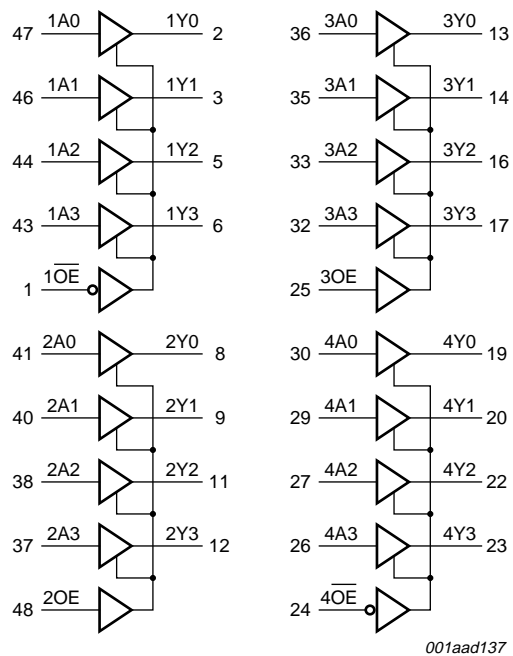


Fig 2. Logic diagram

6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning

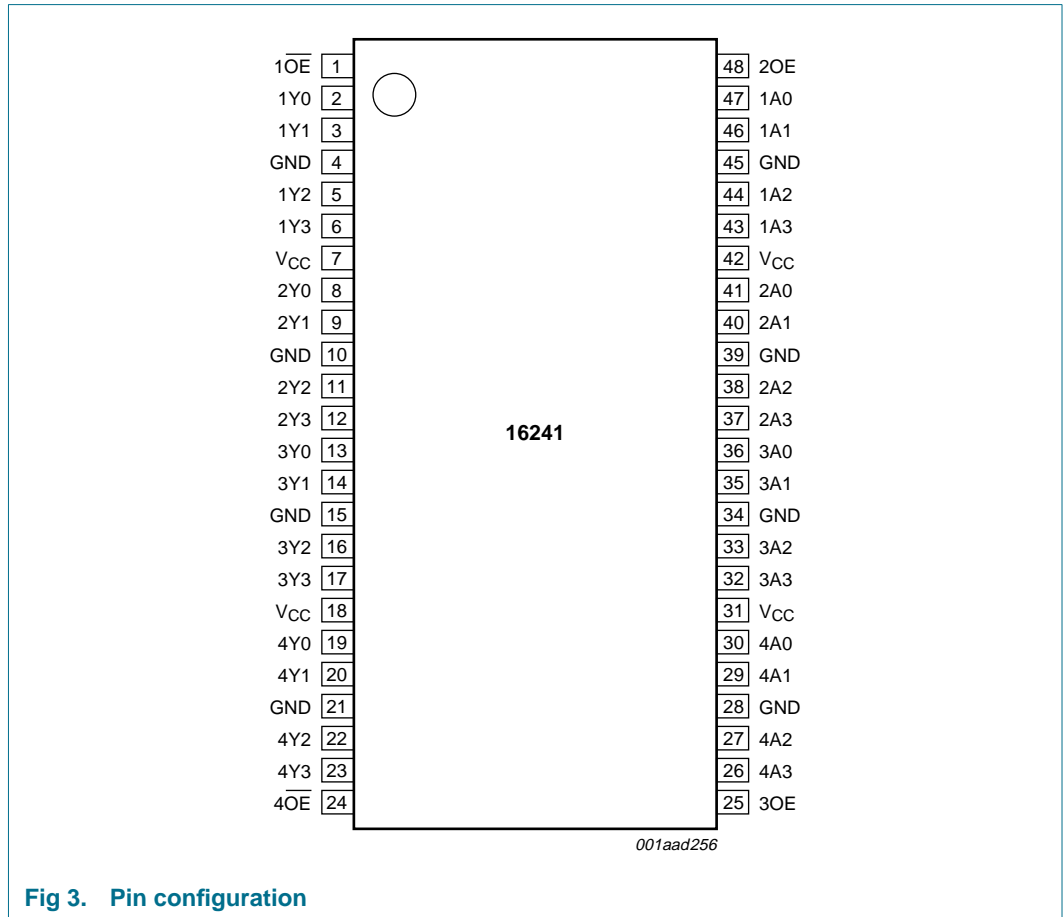


Fig 3. Pin configuration

6.2 Pin description

Table 3: Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
|-------------------|-----|----------------------------------|
| 1 \overline{OE} | 1 | output enable input (active LOW) |
| 1Y0 | 2 | data output |
| 1Y1 | 3 | data output |
| GND | 4 | ground (0 V) |
| 1Y2 | 5 | data output |
| 1Y3 | 6 | data output |
| V _{CC} | 7 | supply voltage |
| 2Y0 | 8 | data output |
| 2Y1 | 9 | data output |
| GND | 10 | ground (0 V) |
| 2Y2 | 11 | data output |

Table 3: Pin description ...continued

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
|--------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|
| 2Y3 | 12 | data output |
| 3Y0 | 13 | data output |
| 3Y1 | 14 | data output |
| GND | 15 | ground (0 V) |
| 3Y2 | 16 | data output |
| 3Y4 | 17 | data output |
| V _{CC} | 18 | supply voltage |
| 4Y0 | 19 | data output |
| 4Y1 | 20 | data output |
| GND | 21 | ground (0 V) |
| 4Y2 | 22 | data output |
| 4Y3 | 23 | data output |
| 4 $\overline{\text{OE}}$ | 24 | output enable input (active LOW) |
| 3OE | 25 | output enable input |
| 4A3 | 26 | data input |
| 4A2 | 27 | data input |
| GND | 28 | ground (0 V) |
| 4A1 | 29 | data input |
| 4A0 | 30 | data input |
| V _{CC} | 31 | supply voltage |
| 3A3 | 32 | data input |
| 3A2 | 33 | data input |
| GND | 34 | ground (0 V) |
| 3A1 | 35 | data input |
| 3A0 | 36 | data input |
| 2A3 | 37 | data input |
| 2A2 | 38 | data input |
| GND | 39 | ground (0 V) |
| 2A1 | 40 | data input |
| 2A0 | 41 | data input |
| V _{CC} | 42 | supply voltage |
| 1A3 | 43 | data input |
| 1A2 | 44 | data input |
| GND | 45 | ground (0 V) |
| 1A1 | 46 | data input |
| 1A0 | 47 | data input |
| 2OE | 48 | output enable input |

7. Functional description

7.1 Function table

Table 4: Function table [\[1\]](#)

| Input | | Output |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| $1\overline{OE}$, $4\overline{OE}$ | $1Ax$, $4Ax$ | $1Yx$, $4Yx$ |
| L | H | H |
| L | L | L |
| H | X | Z |

- [1] H = HIGH voltage level;
L = LOW voltage level;
X = don't care;
Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Table 5: Function table [\[1\]](#)

| Input | | Output |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| $2\overline{OE}$, $3\overline{OE}$ | $2Ax$, $3Ax$ | $2Yx$, $3Yx$ |
| H | H | H |
| H | L | L |
| L | X | Z |

- [1] H = HIGH voltage level;
L = LOW voltage level;
X = don't care;
Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

8. Limiting values

Table 6: Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to ground.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|-----------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|------|------|
| V_{CC} | supply voltage | | -0.5 | +4.6 | V |
| I_{IK} | input diode current | $V_I < 0$ V | - | -50 | mA |
| V_I | input voltage | | [1] -0.5 | +7.0 | V |
| I_{OK} | output diode current | $V_O < 0$ V | - | -50 | mA |
| V_O | output voltage | output in OFF-state or HIGH-state | [1] -0.5 | +7.0 | V |
| I_O | output current | output in LOW-state | - | 128 | mA |
| | | output in HIGH-state | - | -64 | mA |
| T_{stg} | storage temperature | | -65 | +150 | °C |
| T_j | junction temperature | | [2] - | +150 | °C |

- [1] The input and output negative voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp current ratings are observed.
- [2] The performance capability of a high-performance integrated circuit in conjunction with its thermal environment can create junction temperatures which are detrimental to reliability.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 7: Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ | | | | | | |
| V_{CC} | supply voltage | | 2.3 | - | 2.7 | V |
| V_I | input voltage | | 0 | - | 5.5 | V |
| V_{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | | 1.7 | - | - | V |
| V_{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | | - | - | 0.7 | V |
| I_{OH} | HIGH-level output current | | - | - | -8 | mA |
| I_{OL} | LOW-level output current | none | - | - | 8 | mA |
| | | current duty cycle $\leq 50\%$; $f \geq 1\text{ kHz}$ | - | - | 24 | mA |
| $\Delta t/\Delta V$ | input transition rise or fall rate | outputs enabled | - | - | 10 | ns/V |
| T_{amb} | ambient temperature | in free air | -40 | - | +85 | °C |
| $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ | | | | | | |
| V_{CC} | supply voltage | | 3.0 | - | 3.6 | V |
| V_I | input voltage | | 0 | - | 5.5 | V |
| V_{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| V_{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| I_{OH} | HIGH-level output current | | - | - | -32 | mA |
| I_{OL} | LOW-level output current | none | - | - | 32 | mA |
| | | current duty cycle $\leq 50\%$; $f \geq 1\text{ kHz}$ | - | - | 64 | mA |
| $\Delta t/\Delta V$ | input transition rise or fall rate | outputs enabled | - | - | 10 | ns/V |
| T_{amb} | ambient temperature | in free air | -40 | - | +85 | °C |

10. Static characteristics

Table 8: Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referred to GND (ground = 0 V); $T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | |
|--|--|--|----------------|----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ [1] | | | | | | | |
| V_{IK} | input diode voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$; $I_{IK} = -18\text{ mA}$ | - | -0.85 | -1.2 | V | |
| V_{OH} | HIGH-level output voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | $V_{CC} - 0.2$ | V_{CC} | - | V | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$; $I_{OH} = -8\text{ mA}$ | 1.8 | 2.1 | - | V | |
| V_{OL} | LOW-level output voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$ | | | | | |
| | | $I_{OL} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | - | 0.07 | 0.2 | V | |
| | | $I_{OL} = 24\text{ mA}$ | - | 0.3 | 0.5 | V | |
| I_{LI} | input leakage current | control pins | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND | - | 0.1 | ± 1 | μA | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}$ or 2.7 V ; $V_I = 5.5\text{ V}$ | - | 0.1 | 10 | μA | |
| | data pins | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{CC}$ | [2] | - | 0.1 | 1 | μA |
| | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$; $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ | [2] | - | +0.1 | -5 | μA | |
| I_{OFF} | power-down output current | $V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}$; V_I or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to 4.5 V | - | 0.1 | ± 100 | μA | |
| I_{HOLD} | bus hold current on data inputs | $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$; $V_I = 0.7\text{ V}$ | [3] | - | 90 | - | μA |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$; $V_I = 1.7\text{ V}$ | [3] | - | -70 | - | μA |
| I_{EX} | external current into output | output HIGH-state; $V_O = 5.5\text{ V}$; $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ | - | 10 | 125 | μA | |
| I_{PU} | power-up 3-state output current | $V_{CC} \leq 1.2\text{ V}$; $V_O = 0.5\text{ V}$ to V_{CC} ; $V_I = \text{GND}$ or V_{CC} | [4] | - | 1 | ± 100 | μA |
| I_{PD} | powerdown 3-state output current | $V_{CC} \leq 1.2\text{ V}$; $V_O = 0.5\text{ V}$ to V_{CC} ; $V_I = \text{GND}$ or V_{CC} | [4] | - | 1 | ± 100 | μA |
| I_{OZ} | 3-state output current | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IL}$ or V_{IH} | | | | | |
| | | output HIGH-state; $V_O = 2.3\text{ V}$ | - | 0.5 | 5 | μA | |
| | | output LOW-state; $V_O = 0.5\text{ V}$ | - | +0.5 | -5 | μA | |
| I_{CC} | supply current | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$; $V_I = \text{GND}$ or V_{CC} ; $I_O = 0\text{ A}$ | | | | | |
| | | outputs HIGH-state | - | 0.04 | 0.1 | mA | |
| | | outputs LOW-state | - | 2.3 | 4.5 | mA | |
| | | outputs disabled | [5] | - | 0.04 | 0.1 | mA |
| ΔI_{CC} | additional supply current per input pin | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$ to 2.7 V ; one input at $V_{CC} - 0.6\text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND | [6] | - | 0.01 | 0.4 | mA |
| C_i | input capacitance on \overline{nOE} | $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CC} | - | 3 | - | pF | |
| C_o | output capacitance | $V_{I/O} = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CC} | - | 9 | - | pF | |
| $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ [7] | | | | | | | |
| V_{IK} | input diode voltage | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$; $I_{IK} = -18\text{ mA}$ | - | -0.85 | -1.2 | V | |
| V_{OH} | HIGH-level output voltage | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | $V_{CC} - 0.2$ | V_{CC} | - | V | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$; $I_{OH} = -32\text{ mA}$ | 2.0 | 2.3 | - | V | |

Table 8: Static characteristics ...continuedAt recommended operating conditions; voltages are referred to GND (ground = 0 V); $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | |
|-----------------|---|--|---|------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| V_{OL} | LOW-level output voltage | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ | | | | | |
| | | $I_{OL} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | - | 0.07 | 0.2 | V | |
| | | $I_{OL} = 16\text{ mA}$ | - | 0.25 | 0.4 | V | |
| | | $I_{OL} = 32\text{ mA}$ | - | 0.3 | 0.5 | V | |
| | | $I_{OL} = 64\text{ mA}$ | - | 0.4 | 0.55 | V | |
| I_{LI} | input leakage current | control pins | $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}; V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND | - | 0.1 | ± 1 | μA |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}$ or $3.6\text{ V}; V_I = 5.5\text{ V}$ | - | 0.1 | 10 | μA |
| | data pins | $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}; V_I = V_{CC}$ | [2] - | 0.5 | 1 | μA | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}; V_I = 0\text{ V}$ | [2] - | +0.1 | -5 | μA | |
| I_{OFF} | power-down output current | $V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}; V_I$ or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to 4.5 V | - | 0.1 | ± 100 | μA | |
| I_{HOLD} | bus hold current on data inputs | $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}; V_I = 0.8\text{ V}$ | [3] 75 | 130 | - | μA | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}; V_I = 2.0\text{ V}$ | [3] -75 | -140 | - | μA | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}; V_I = 3.6\text{ V}$ | ± 500 | - | - | μA | |
| I_{EX} | external current into output | output HIGH-state; $V_O = 5.5\text{ V}; V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ | [3] - | 10 | 125 | μA | |
| I_{PU} | power-up 3-state output current | $V_{CC} \leq 1.2\text{ V}; V_O = 0.5\text{ V}$ to $V_{CC}; V_I = \text{GND}$ or V_{CC} | - | 1 | ± 100 | μA | |
| I_{PD} | power-down 3-state output current | $V_{CC} \leq 1.2\text{ V}; V_O = 0.5\text{ V}$ to $V_{CC}; V_I = \text{GND}$ or V_{CC} | - | 1 | ± 100 | μA | |
| I_{OZ} | 3-state output current | $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}; V_I = V_{IL}$ or V_{IH} | | | | | |
| | | output HIGH-state; $V_O = 3.0\text{ V}$ | - | 0.5 | 5 | μA | |
| | | output LOW-state; $V_O = 0.5\text{ V}$ | - | +0.5 | -5 | μA | |
| I_{CC} | supply current | $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}; V_I = \text{GND}$ or $V_{CC}; I_O = 0\text{ A}$ | | | | | |
| | | outputs HIGH-state | - | 0.07 | 0.1 | mA | |
| | | outputs LOW-state | - | 3.5 | 7 | mA | |
| | | outputs disabled | [5] - | 0.07 | 0.1 | mA | |
| ΔI_{CC} | additional supply current per input pin | $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V};$ one input at $V_{CC} - 0.6\text{ V};$ other inputs at V_{CC} or GND | [6] - | 0.04 | 0.4 | mA | |

[1] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.[2] Unused pins at V_{CC} or GND.

[3] This is the bus hold overdrive current required to force the input to the opposite logic state.

[4] This parameter is valid for any V_{CC} between 0 V and 1.2 V with a transition time of up to 10 ms. From $V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ a transition time of 100 μs is permitted. This parameter is valid for $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ only.[5] I_{CC} is measured with outputs pulled up to V_{CC} or pulled down to ground.[6] This is the increase in supply current for each input at the specified voltage level other than V_{CC} or GND.[7] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.[8] This parameter is valid for any V_{CC} between 0 V and 1.2 V with a transition time of up to 10 ms. From $V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ a transition time of 100 μs is permitted. This parameter is valid for $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ only.

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9: Dynamic characteristics

$GND = 0\text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$ to $+85\text{ °C}$; for test circuit see [Figure 6](#).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ [1] | | | | | | |
| t_{PLH} | propagation delay nAx to nYx | see Figure 4 | 0.5 | 2.1 | 3.0 | ns |
| t_{PHL} | propagation delay nAx to nYx | see Figure 4 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 3.0 | ns |
| t_{PZH} | output enable time to HIGH-level | see Figure 5 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 5.1 | ns |
| t_{PZL} | output enable time to LOW-level | see Figure 5 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 4.1 | ns |
| t_{PHZ} | output disable time from HIGH-level | see Figure 5 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 5.7 | ns |
| t_{PLZ} | output disable time from LOW-level | see Figure 5 | 0.5 | 2.3 | 5.0 | ns |
| $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ [2] | | | | | | |
| t_{PLH} | propagation delay nAx to nYx | see Figure 4 | 0.5 | 1.6 | 2.2 | ns |
| t_{PHL} | propagation delay nAx to nYx | see Figure 4 | 0.5 | 1.6 | 2.3 | ns |
| t_{PZH} | output enable time to HIGH-level | see Figure 5 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 3.9 | ns |
| t_{PZL} | output enable time to LOW-level | see Figure 5 | 0.5 | 1.6 | 2.9 | ns |
| t_{PHZ} | output disable time from HIGH-level | see Figure 5 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 5.4 | ns |
| t_{PLZ} | output disable time from LOW-level | see Figure 5 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 4.6 | ns |

[1] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$.

[2] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$.

12. Waveforms

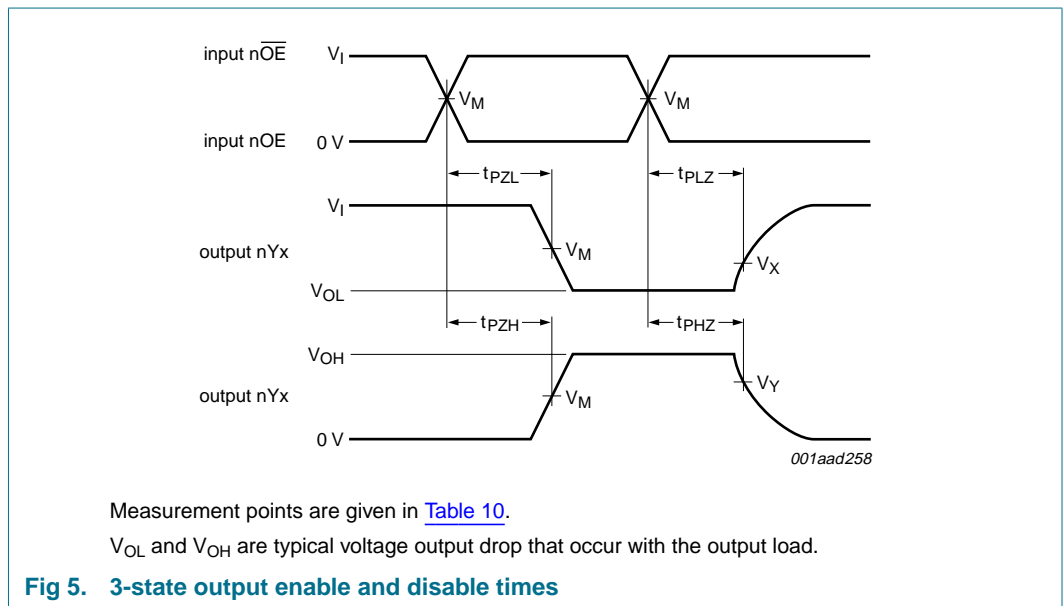
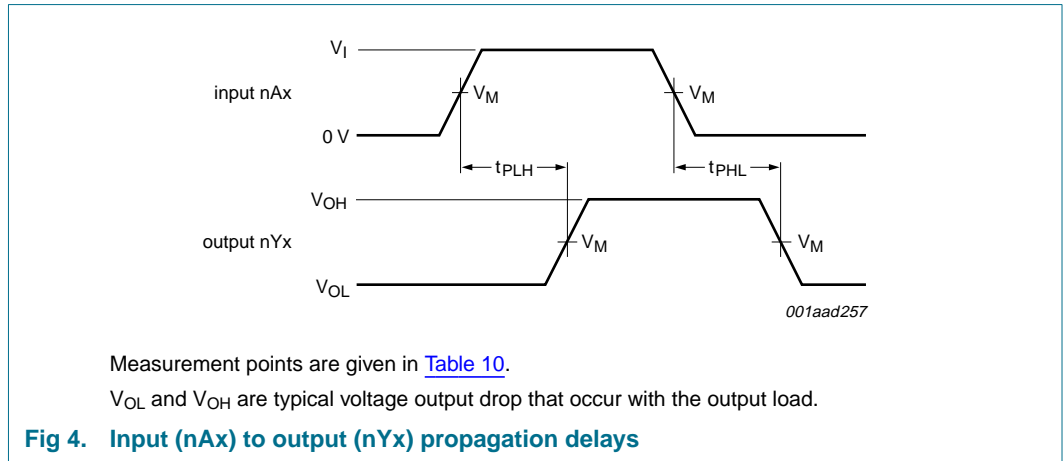


Table 10: Measurement points

| Supply voltage | Input | Output | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| V_{CC} | V_M | V_M | V_X | V_Y |
| $\geq 3\text{ V}$ | 1.5 V | 1.5 V | $V_{OL} + 0.3\text{ V}$ | $V_{OH} - 0.3\text{ V}$ |
| $\leq 2.7\text{ V}$ | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | $V_{OL} + 0.15\text{ V}$ | $V_{OH} - 0.15\text{ V}$ |

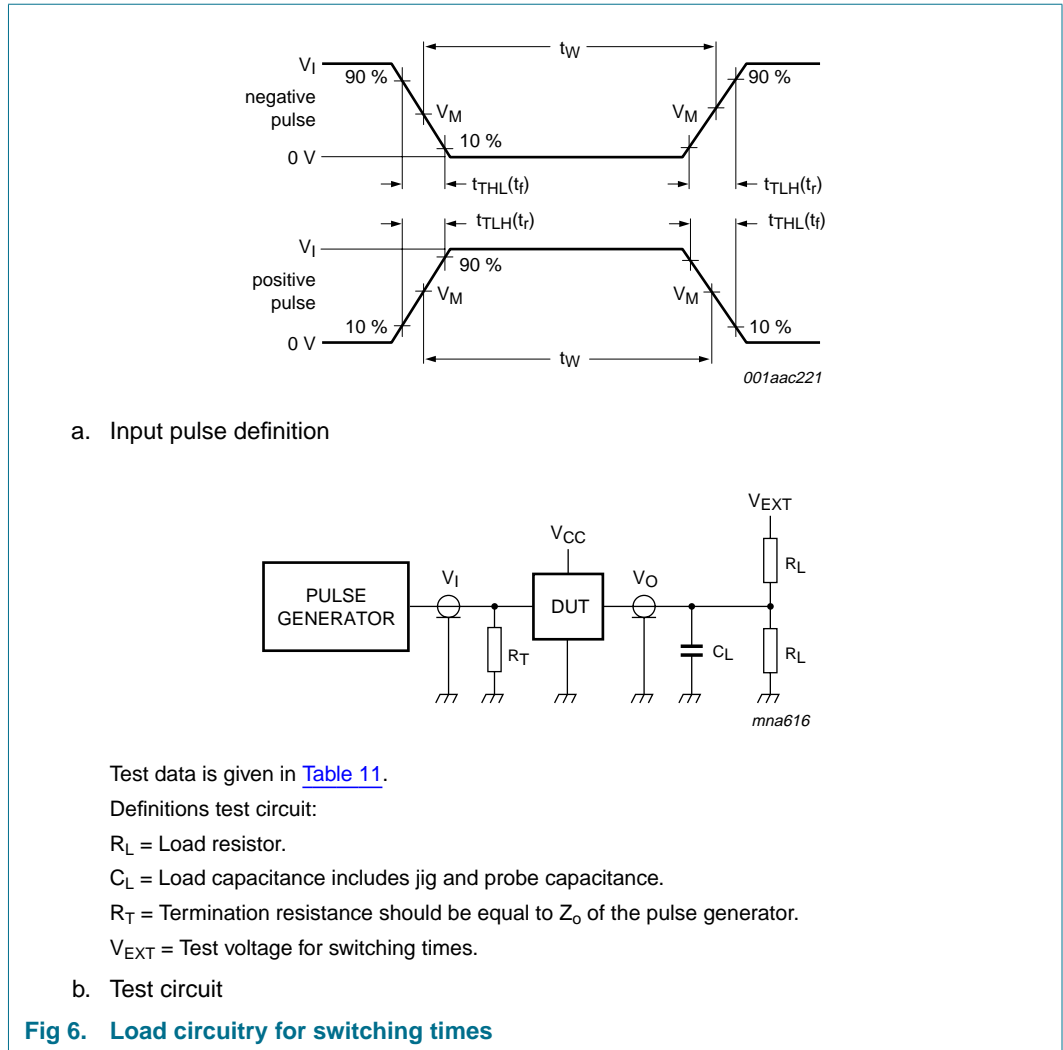


Table 11: Test data

| Input | | | | Load | | V_{EXT} | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------|-------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| V_I | f_i | t_w | t_r, t_f | C_L | R_L | t_{PHZ}, t_{PZH} | t_{PLZ}, t_{PZL} | t_{PLH}, t_{PHL} |
| 3.0 V or V_{CC} whichever is less | ≤ 10 MHz | 500 ns | ≤ 2.5 ns | 50 pF | 500 Ω | GND | 6 V or $2 \times V_{CC}$ | open |

13. Package outline

SSOP48: plastic shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 7.5 mm

SOT370-1

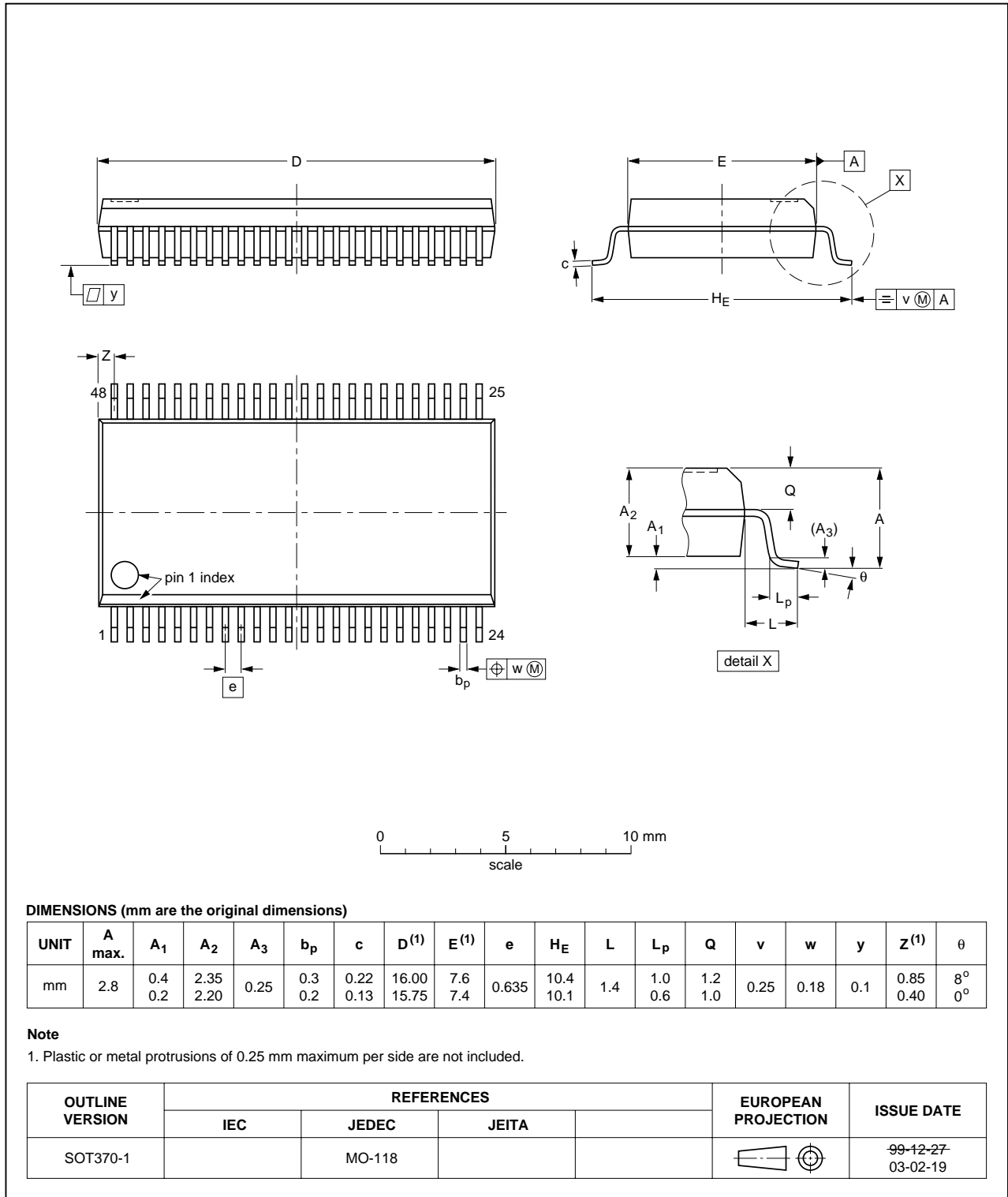


Fig 7. Package outline SOT370-1 (SSOP48)

TSSOP48: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 6.1 mm

SOT362-1

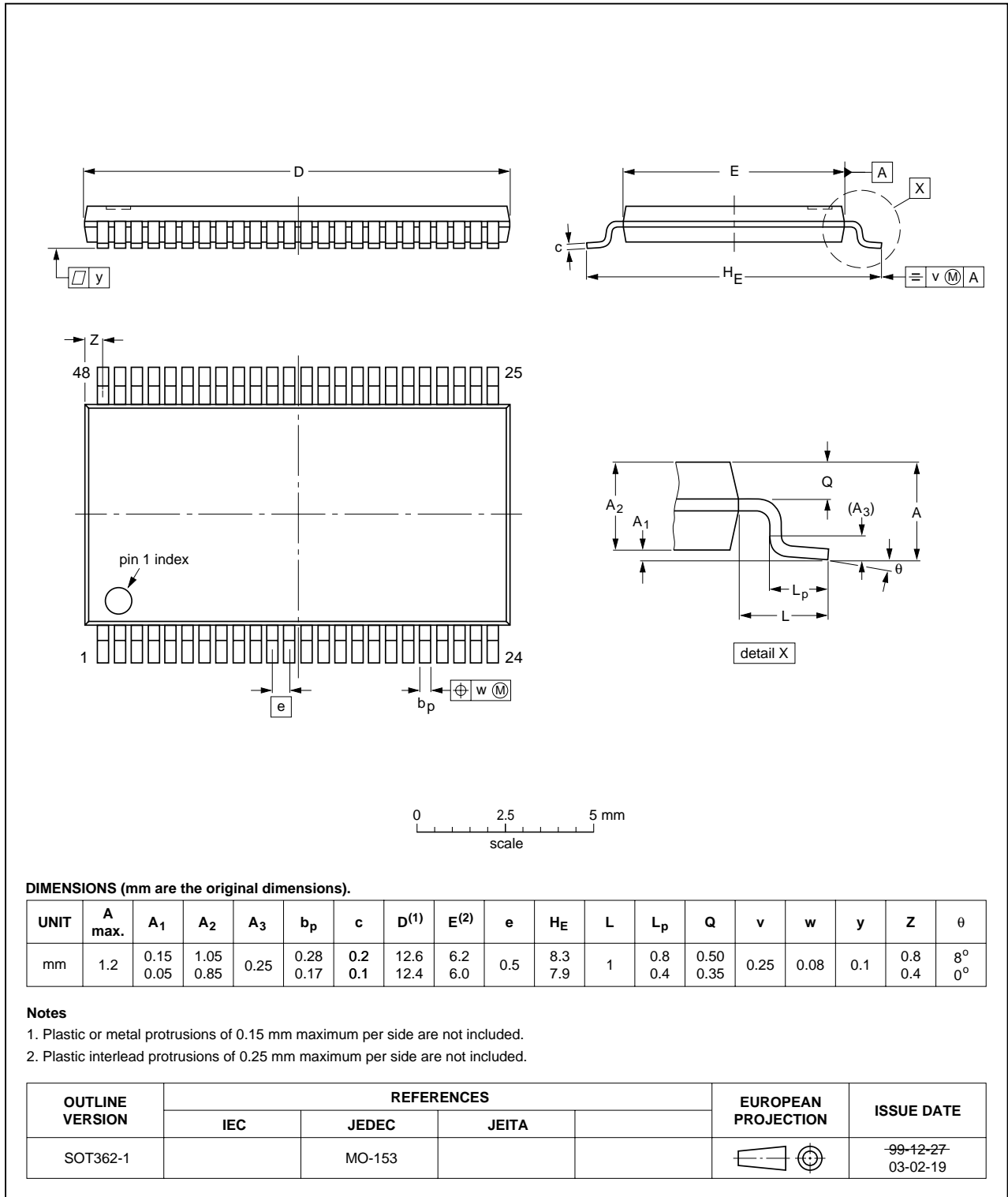


Fig 8. Package outline SOT362-1 (TSSOP48)

14. Revision history

Table 12: Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Doc. number | Supersedes |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| 74ALVT16241_3 | 20050704 | Product data sheet | - | 9397 750 15164 | 74ALVT16241_2 |
| Modifications: | | | | | |
| | | | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the new presentation and information standard of Philips Semiconductors.• In Table 1 and Table 9; update of the typical and maximum propagation delay times. |
| 74ALVT16241_2 | 19980213 | Product specification | - | 9397 750 03617 | 74ALVT16241_1 |
| 74ALVT16241_1 | 19960828 | Product specification | - | - | - |

15. Data sheet status

| Level | Data sheet status ^[1] | Product status ^{[2] [3]} | Definition |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
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[1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

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19. Contact information

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