PHOTOELECTRIC SENSOR



DIGITAL FIBER SENSOR

FX-300 SERIES



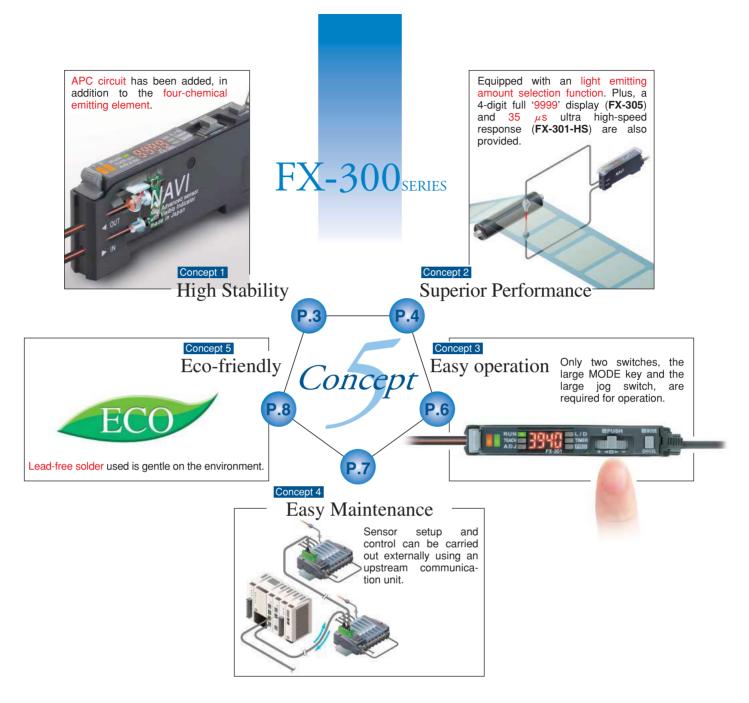
Constant advances achieving the highest level of performance in its class



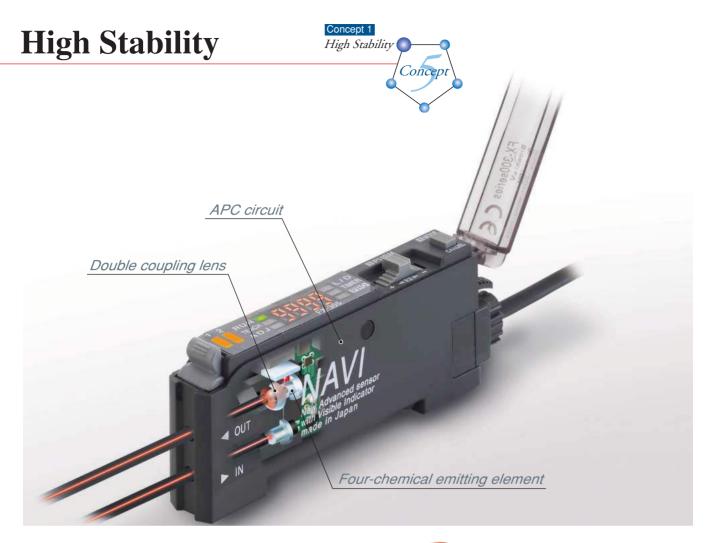
The FX-300 series of next-generation fiber sensors provides the highest level of sensing performance in its class

'Stable sensing', 'high sensing performance', 'easy operation', 'improved ease of maintenance' and 'preservation of the environment' are the five concepts underlying the new FX-300 series!





Full range of fibers Wide innem Image: Solution of the solutio



Stable sensing over long and short periods

FX-301 FX-301-HS FX-305

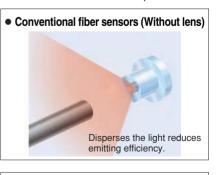
Even greater sensing range FX-301/B/G/H FX-301-HS FX-305

In addition to a 'four-chemical emitting element' which suppresses changes in the light emitting element over time so that a stable level of light emission can be maintained over long periods, a 'APC (Âuto Power Control) circuit' has also been adopted afreshly. The light emitting amount can be controlled in minute degrees so that even changes occurring over very short periods can be handled, allowing stable sensing performance by suppressing deviations in light emitting amounts caused by changes in the ambient environment that could not previously be suppressed.

• Stable sensing comparison FX-301 Short-term stability Light emitting amount FX-301-HS FX-305 Three-chemical Deviation emitting element, Without APC Long-term stability

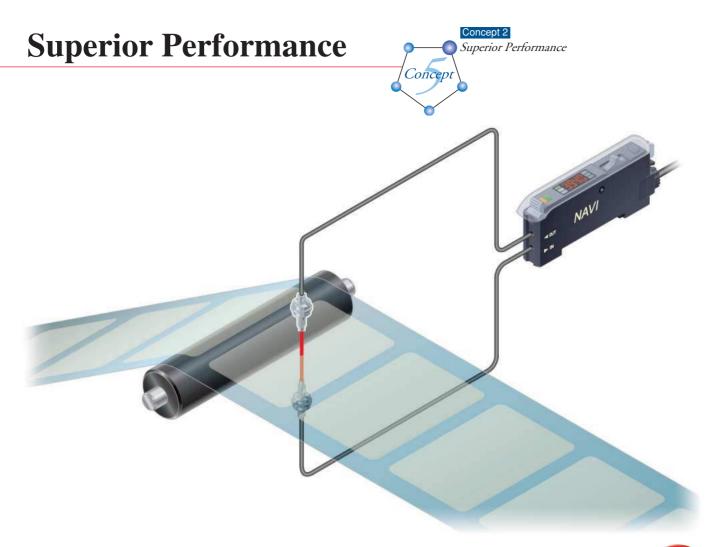
Time

Adoption of a 'double coupling lens' that increases emission efficiency to its maximum limits and greatly increases sensing range. Sensing ranges with small diameter fibers and ultra-small diameter fibers, which have become very popular due to the miniaturization of chip components, have been increased by 50 % over previous values achieved with other amplifiers.



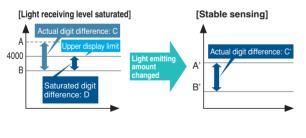
• Double coupling lens





Light-emitting amount selection

If the light receiving level becomes saturated during closerange sensing or when sensing transparent or minute objects, you can adjust the light emitting amount of the sensor to stabilize sensing without needing to change the response time. Sensing that previously required the response time or fibers to be changed can now be set much more easily using this function.



Large display 9999

Large display with 4 digits (9999). With a greater difference in digit value than previous models, threshold values can be set in units of 1 digit up to maximum 9999. Threshold setting can now be done more easily and accurately.



(During STDF, LONG and U-LG modes)

100.01 Level 4 10:0 Level 3 Level 2 Level 1 0

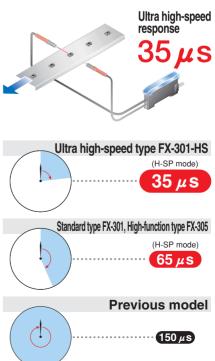
> Light emitting amount can be changed without changing response time

> > FX-305

FX-305



Ultra high-speed 35 µs response. Even small objects moving at high speeds can be sensed. In addition, at 65 μ s the FX-301 standard type is also twice as fast as previous models.





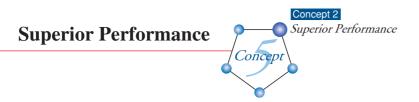
Digit difference comparison

Example Digit difference between object A and object B

nce: Small Digit

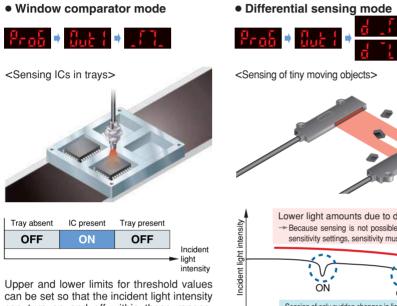
Digit diff

Previous models 4000

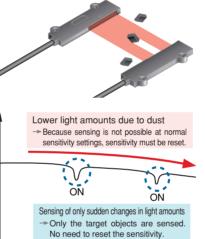


Simplified systems using new operating modes

A window comparator mode and differential sensing mode have been added. These modes make it easy to carry out sensing tasks that previously required multiple sensors or involved complex threshold settings.



can turn on and off within those ranges. Single output is used, so that only one cable is required, and no PLC processing is required either.



FX-305

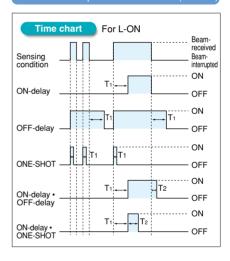
Equipped with 5 types timers

EX-305

FX-305

The FX-305 includes the same ON-delay / OFF-delay / ONE-SHOT timer as the FX-301(-HS), as well as an ON-delay • OFFdelay timer and an ON-delay • ONE-SHOT timer. A wide variety of timer control operations can be carried out by these fiber sensors alone.

Timer period: Output 1 0.5 to 9,999 ms (variable) Output 2 0.5 to 500 ms (variable)

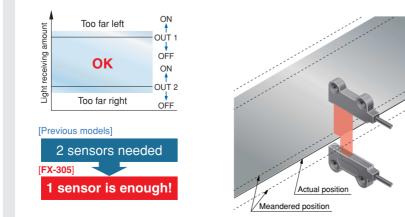


Multi-purpose 2-output

Two independent output channels are provided, so that one sensor can be used for control tasks that previously required two sensors. In addition, the second output channel can be used for simple self-diagnosis and alarm output, so that ease of maintenance is improved.



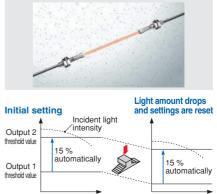
• Comparison with previous models Example Sensing meandering of sheets



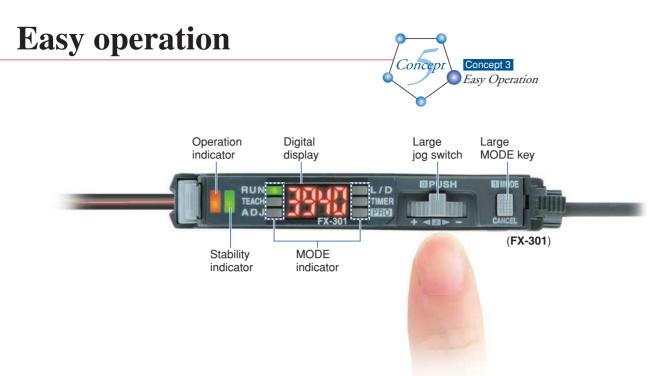
New Alarm output: Output 2 is set concurrently with output 1

Drops in light amounts due to problems such as broken fibers or dirty tips are detected and output. When output 1 threshold value teaching is carried out with the FX-305, output 2 is set concurrently with the setting shifted by the amount of surplus.

Drops in surplus amounts of light intensity due to dust or other particles can therefore be detected and output.



In conjunction with teaching amount

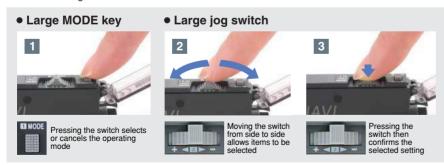


Even beginners can quickly learn how to use the MODE NAVI



The use of only two switches makes for very simple operations FX-301/B/G/H FX-301-HS FX-305

Only two switches, the large jog switch and the large MODE key, are required for operation. Depressing the large MODE key sets the 'mode selection' and 'mode cancel' functions. The large jog switch is used to select from the detailed functions available within each mode, as well as to change numerical values after the mode has been chosen.



Improved workability! Data bank switching and teaching can be carried out externally FX-301 FX-305

The FX-CH2 external input unit (optional) can be used to carry out teaching and data externally bank switching operations without needing to operate the digital fiber sensors directly.

confused.

This greatly improves ease of workability during setup.



Easy confirming of threshold value settings FX-301 FX-301-HS FX-305

The threshold value can be confirmed by turning the jog switch even during RUN mode.



Key lock function prevents accidental setting changes FX-301/B/G/H FX-301-HS FX-305



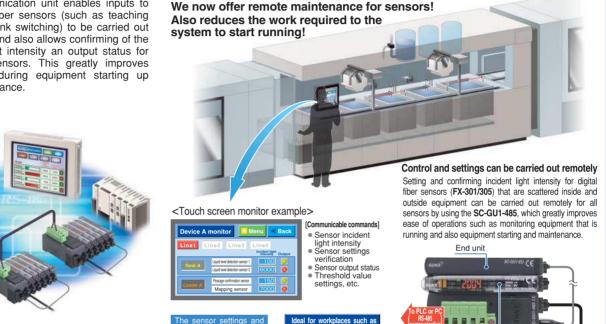
This disables input from the jog switch and MODE key, thus preventing operators from accidentally changing settings.

Easy Maintenance



Communication unit improves equipment starting up and maintenance upstream communication unit SC-GU1-485 FX-301 FX-305

The communication unit enables inputs to the digital fiber sensors (such as teaching and data bank switching) to be carried out via a PLC, and also allows confirming of the incident light intensity an output status for the fiber sensors. This greatly improves workability during equipment starting up and maintenance.



External input unit FX-CH2

Teaching and data bank switching for up to a maximum of 16 digital fiber sensors (FX-301 and FX-305) can be carried out all at once using an external device such as a PLC, touch screen or switch.



Support for stable sensing and smooth setup changes!

Setup changes (external automatic teaching / data bank switching)

Digital fiber sensor settings can be changed using input from a touch screen or switch, so that production line setup changes can be carried out more easily.

External teaching

atly improvin

Full-auto teaching is recommended for teaching when the sensing object is changed without stopping the line.

Data bank switching

Settings such as output operations (L-ON / D-ON) and timer operations can be recorded in the digital fiber sensor's data bank and switching can be carried out externally. * Up to 3 files can be stored.

FX-CH2 function list

Teaching input

- The following types of external teaching can be carried out.
- Full-auto teaching
 Limit teaching '+'
 2-level teaching

Data bank switching input

Switching between 3 channels of data banks and loading and saving of all channels at once can be carried out.

Key lock setting input

The key lock function that prevents incorrect operations by operators can be set on and off.

Digital fiber sensor

Main unit

FX-301, FX-305 24 V DO power supply

FX-301 FX-305

Product lineup

Connector for input device CN-EP1 [1 pc. included with FX-CH2(-P)]

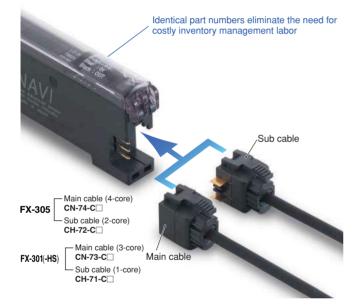


Wiring- and labor-saving design allows sideby-side configuration for up to sixteen units

FX-301/B/G/H FX-301-HS FX-305

One unit can be used as either a main unit or sub unit

The amplifier unit can be used as either a main unit or a sub unit. This feature allows for easy mounting in the side-by-side configuration. The main and sub unit functions are distinguished only by the proper use of the main cable and the sub cable. Moreover, inventory management and maintenance is simplified.



An optical communication function allows up to 16 sensors to be adjusted simultaneously

FX-301/B/G/H FX-305

The optical communication function allows the data that is currently set to be copied and saved all at once for all amplifiers connected together from the right side. This greatly reduces troublesome setup tasks and makes setup much smoother. In addition, troublesome

adjustment operations at times such as when replacing sensors can also be carried out easily and data can also be copied and stored using the optical communication function.



Use the optical communication function for only the same types of sensors. Furthermore, the FX-301-HS is not equipped with optical communication function capability. Refer to p. 30 for details.

Settings can be entered directly using numerical input

Every function can be directly set merely by the input of a four digit code (numbers) from the code table. This convenient feature is easy to set up. In the event that settings are accidentally changed at the operating site, merely entering the correct code can restore the original settings. This results in easy and quick maintenance.

First digit: Settings for response time and hysteresis Second digit: Settings for L/D ON and display mode



Eco-friendly

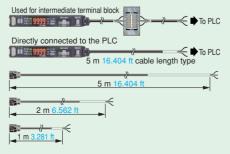


Lead-free solder used is gentle on the environment

SUNX promotes the use of lead-free materials in all of its sensor manufacturing processes including those used for the **FX-300** series of digital fiber sensors.

Selectable cable length **ECO**

Made available are 3 lengths, 1 m 3.281 ft, 2 m 6.562 ft, and 5 m 16.404 ft, to suit your application requirements. This helps reduce the waste caused by cutting cables and lightens the installation workload.



Reduced power consumption possible (ECO mode) < ECO

This turns off the digital display to reduce power consumption to approximately 600 W or less. (960 W is consumed when the display is on.)

Environmentally friendly packaging <

With regard to effects on the environment, we only utilize the simplest of packaging methods greatly contributing to the reduction in wastes generated by your worksite. Also, the bags are made of polyethylene, a substance that doesn't give off polluting gases when burned.



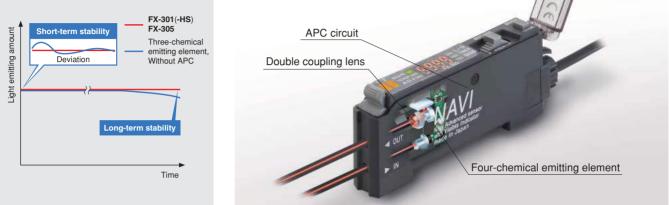
Improved stability over long and short periods

FX-301 FX-301-HS FX-305

A four-chemical emitting element for stable sensing over long periods has been added, in addition to an APC (Åuto Power Control) circuit that suppresses fluctuations in light amount over short periods.

The light amount becomes stable a short period after the power is turned on, so setup time can be reduced.

Stable sensing comparison



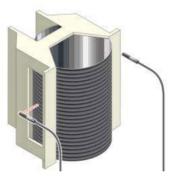
Mapping fiber

FT-KV1, FT-KV8, FR-KV1

This ultra-narrow optical beam fiber is ideal for mapping wafers.



1.5 mm 0.059 in thickness FT-KV1 W2 \times H1.5 \times D20 mm W0.079 \times H0.059 \times D0.787 in ultra-compact size allows this sensor to be installed even in thin 200 mm 7.874 in wafer handlers.



Aperture angle 2 ° FT-WKV8, FT-KV8 Aperture angle for the ultra-narrow optical beam is 2 ° or less. The light does not spread much at all, so that stable sensing can be obtained.



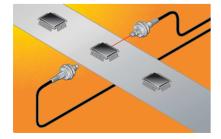
Retroreflective type FR-KV1 With a thickness of 2.3 mm 0.091 in, this fiber can be installed almost anywhere, and it is a retroreflective type so optical beam axis alignment is simple.

Heat-resistant fiber

FT-H , FD-H

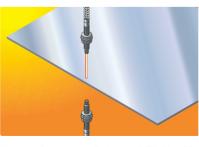
A variety of types are available, including a convergent reflective type for accurately sensing glass substrates, and a type with a bending radius of 10 mm 0.394 in that hardly takes up any space.

IC detection within a high temperature handler



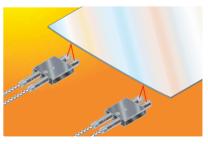
Flexible type FT-H20W-M2 Withstands temperatures of +200 °C +392 °F and has a bending radius of 10 mm 0.394 in, this fiber can be installed almost anywhere.

Glass substrate detection



Heat-resistant 350 °C + 662 °F FD-H35-M2 Can be used in temperatures ranging from -60 to + 350 °C - 76 to + 662 °F. Stable sensing is obtained even at temperatures exceeding + 300 °C + 572 °F.

Glass substrate detection



Convergent reflective type FD-H30-L32, FD-H18-L31 Accurately senses glass substrates at high temperatures of +300 °C +572 °F.

FOR LCD • SEMICONDUCTOR INDUSTRY Guide to fibers and characteristics

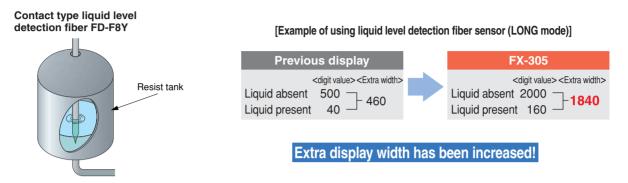
FOR LCD • SEMICONDUCTOR INDUSTRY

FX-305

Large display 9999

Large display with 4 digits (9999).

Extremely fine settings for detecting minute changes can be made to provide more stable sensing for items such as transparent objects.



Around liquids • Chemical-resistant fiber FT-Z802Y, FD-F705, FT-F902

Vacuum-resistant thru-beam type fiber

FT-H30-M1V-S

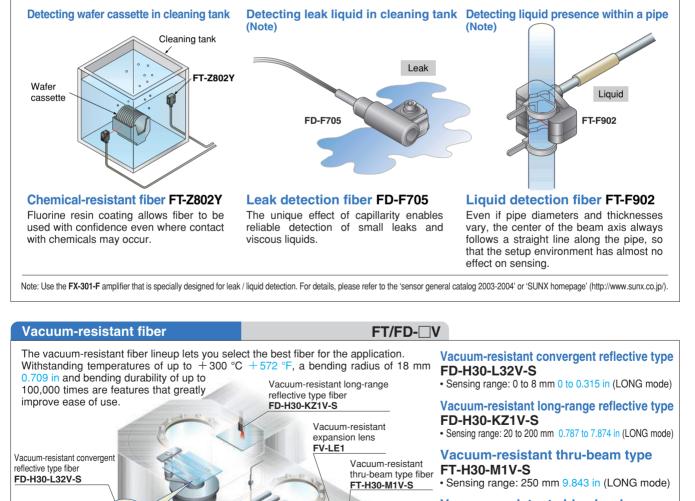
Vacuum-resistant side-view lens

FV-SV2

Front sensing type so

embedding is possible

Chemical-resistant fiber with fluorine resin coatings over the whole of the fiber, leak detection fiber that quickly sense leaks such as from detergents, and liquid detection fiber that accurately sense liquid levels are among the lineup of fibers that are ideal for liquid sensing.



Vacuum-resistant side-view lens FV-SV2

 $\ensuremath{\bullet}$ Sensing range greatly increased without taking up space

Vacuum-resistant expansion lens FV-LE1

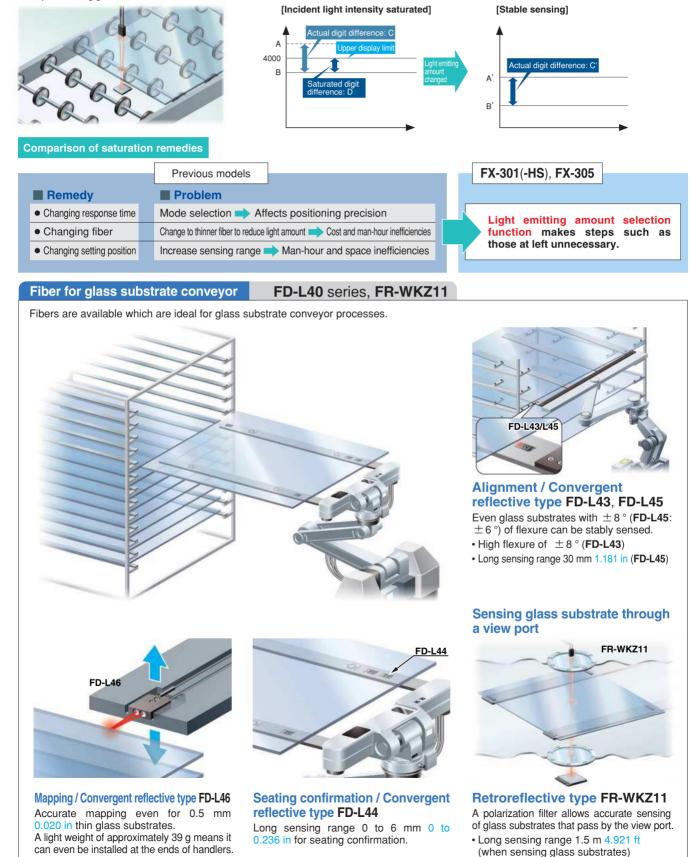
Sensing range increased by 4 times or more

Light emitting amount selection function

FX-301 FX-301-HS FX-305

When sensing transparent objects and minute objects, the light emitting amount can be changed without changing the response time, even for cases where the incident light intensity is fully saturated, which was not possible with conventional models. This allows stable sensing to be maintained, and there is no longer any need to change the sensing range or change the fiber sensor as used to be required.

Example: Sensing glass substrate



External data bank switching and teaching are possible External input unit FX-CH2

FX-301 FX-305

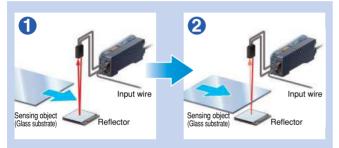
The **FX-CH2** external input unit (optional) can be used to carry out teaching and data bank switching operations externally without needing to operate the digital fiber sensors directly. This is ideal for locations such as clean rooms where entry and exit of personnel are restricted.

Sensing glass substrate (stable sensing of minute differences)

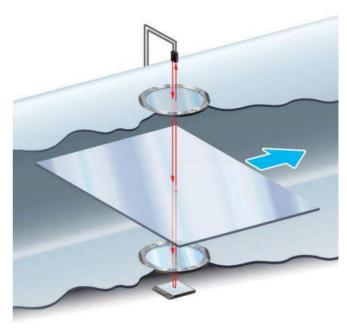
When sensing transparent objects and extremely small objects, variations in the incident light intensity caused by external factors such as slippage of the beam axis due to vibration can result in incorrect operation.

In such cases, periodically setting limit teaching '-' can be used to ensure more stable sensing.

The **FX-CH2** can be used to carry out teaching externally, so that teaching can be carried out much more easily in places where entry and exit of personnel are restricted.



- ① Carry out limit teaching '-' before the sensing object (glass substrate) arrives (while there is no sensing object present). When the shift value is set to 5 % beforehand, the threshold value is set to a value that is at a level 5 % lower than the incident light intensity during teaching.
- ② Even when sensing glass substrates with high degrees of transparency (low damping), stable sensing is possible without changes in the light amount due to external causes.

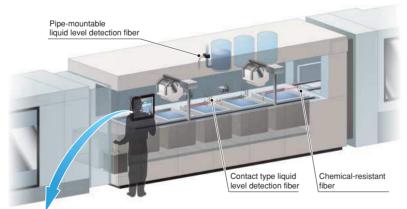


Upstream communication for reading data and teaching are also possible Upstream communication unit SC-GU1-485

FX-301 FX-305

A PLC or computer can be used for sending inputs (teaching or data bank switching) to the digital fiber sensors, and also a communication unit can be used for confirming incident light intensities and output statuses for the digital fiber sensors, which is ideal for equipment such as semiconductor manufacturing equipment in places where entry and exit of personnel are restricted.

Example of use in semiconductor cleaning process



<Touch screen monitor example>

| Device A monitor Menu Back | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Line1 Line2 Line3 Line4 | | | | | | | | |
| | | Incident light intensity Output | | | | | | |
| Tank A | Liquid level detection sensor 1 | 100 🥥 | | | | | | |
| Tank A | Liquid level detection sensor 2 | 6000 | | | | | | |
| | Passage confirmation sensor | 150 | | | | | | |
| Loader A | Mapping sensor | 7000 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

<Communicable commands>

Sensor incident light intensity
 Sensor settings verification

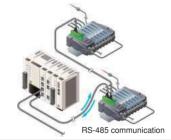
• Sensor output status • Threshold value settings, etc.

The sensor settings and operation can be confirmed on the touch screen, greatly improving ease of operation!

Ideal for workplaces such as semiconductor and LCD manufacturing lines where there are restrictions on operators entering and exiting

High general compatibility so that any type of PLC can be used

RS-485 communication provides a high level of general compatibility so that any type of PLC can be used. Integration with existing systems is possible without the need to change PLCs.



Compatible with all PLCs equipped with RS-485 compatible units

Communication speed 57.6 kbps

High-speed communication at a maximum speed of 57.6 kbps allows the operator to instantly confirm information such as the incident light intensity and output statuses of the digital sensors.

Series connection of a maximum of 31 nodes is possible

A maximum of 31 nodes can be connected in series. This is ideal for flexible handling when the sensors are to be installed in scattered locations or if more sensors are added.

Less wiring and installation work

Up to a maximum of 16 sensors can be connected side-by-side. Power can be supplied to all of them at once, so that less wiring and installation work is required. Wire-saving connectors also makes it possible to send output signals to the PLC in a single batch.

High-speed response 35 μ s

FX-301-HS

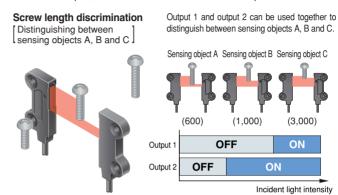
These digital fiber sensors have the fast response time of 35 $\,\mu s.$ They are ideal for sensing minute objects that are moving at high speeds.

Ultra high-speed response 35 µ S

Independent dual outputs

FX-305

Two independent output channels are provided, so that one sensor can be used for control tasks that previously required two sensors. In addition, the second output channel can be used for alarm output and error output, so that ease of maintenance is improved.



※ A window comparator mode for distinguishing between sensing objects with single output is also available.

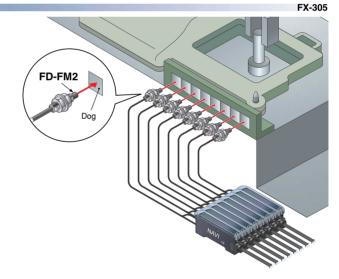
Interference prevention up to maximum of sixteen units

Interference prevention can be set for up to a maximum of 16 units, so that they can be used with confidence in locations where the fibers are installed in contact with each other. In addition, interference prevention for two fibers can be set during 65 μ s ultra high-speed mode.

| | Interference prevention switching function | | | | | |
|------|--|---------------------------|----------|---------------|--|--|
| Mode | | IP-1 | IP-2 | | | |
| | No. of units | o. of units Response time | | Response time | | |
| H-SP | 2 units | 65 µs | 4 units | 130 µs | | |
| FAST | 4 units | 150 μs | 8 units | 300 µs | | |
| STD | 4 units | 250 µs | 8 units | 500 μs | | |
| STDF | 4 units | 700 µs | 8 units | 1.4 ms | | |
| LONG | 4 units | 2.5 ms | 8 units | 5 ms | | |
| U-LG | 8 units | 4.5 ms | 16 units | 9 ms | | |

For the FX-301/B/G/H, up to 4 units can be set.

The **FX-301-HS** is not equipped with an interference prevention function.

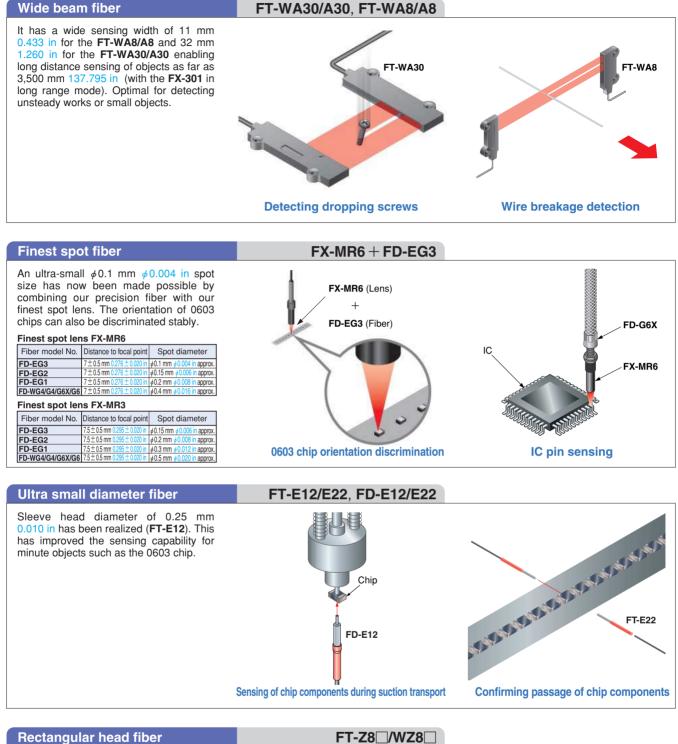


Improved ease of working! External data bank switching and teaching

The **FX-CH2** external input unit (optional) can be used to carry out teaching and data bank switching operations externally without needing to operate the digital fiber sensors directly. This is very convenient for equipment which requires frequent setup changes.







Rectangular head fiber

The allowable bending radius is 4 mm 0.157 in (1 mm 0.039 in for the FT-WZ8D). This allows the fibers to be routed with great freedom and uses less space. Because it is installed with only two M2 screws, light beam axis alignment is easy. A front sensing type, side sensing type and top sensing type are provided.





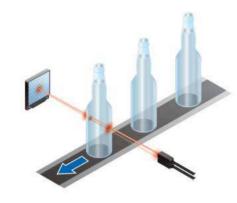
Detecting ICs in tranceparent stick

Parts feeder surplus detection

Retroreflective type fiber

FR-WKZ11, FR-KZ21/22

The lineup includes retroreflective type fibers which are ideal for sensing transparent objects.



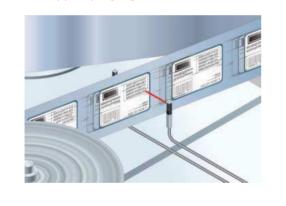
With polarizing filters FR-WKZ11

This fiber has a compact head of W9.5 \times H5.2 \times D15 mm W0.374 \times H0.205 \times D0.591 in. Equipped with allowable bending radius: R1 mm R0.039 in making it space efficient.

Side-view fiber

FT-V10

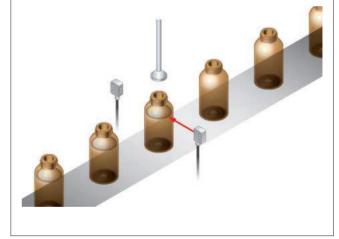
Because this is a side-view fiber, it is ideal for sensing in locations where space is scarce. Has a 4-side beveled shape and beam axis alignment with respect to the beveled surface is done when installing the product, so that the fiber can be installed easily just by aligning its surface.



Chemical-resistant fiber

FT-Z802Y

With the case made of PFA (fluorine resin) and fiber sheath with PFA (fluorine resin), the fiber can be used with various types of chemical liquids.



Tough flexible fiber

FT-P81X, FD-P81X, FD-G6X

Stainless steel braiding protects the fiber cable and prevents fiber breakage due to snagging.



ORDER GUIDE

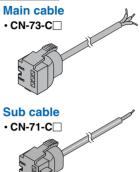
| Conne | ctor type amplifiers | Quick-conne | ction cable is n | ot supplied with the | amplifie | r. Please orde | r it separately. | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|--|
| Туре | Appearance | Model No. | Emitting element | Output | Quick-connection cables | | | | |
| .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | rippourunoo | model He. | | Odiput | Туре | Model No. | Length | | |
| | | FX-301 | Red LED | NPN open-collector transistor | | CN-73-C1 | 1 m 3.281 ft | | |
| | | FX-301P | | PNP open-collector transistor | -core) | | | | |
| | | FX-301B | Blue LED | NPN open-collector transistor | able (3 | CN-73-C2 | 2 m 6.562 ft | | |
| d type | | FX-301BP | Dide LLD | PNP open-collector transistor | Main cable (3-core) | | | | |
| Standard type | - INVI | FX-301G | | NPN open-collector transistor | | CN-73-C5 | 5 m 16.404 ft | | |
| 0) | NAVI | FX-301GP | Green LED | PNP open-collector transistor | | CN-71-C1 | 1 m 3.281 ft | | |
| | | FX-301H | Infrared LED | NPN open-collector transistor | core) | | | | |
| | | FX-301HP | | PNP open-collector transistor | Sub cable (1-core) | CN-71-C2 | 2 m 6.562 ft | | |
| speed | | FX-301-HS | | NPN open-collector transistor | Sub ca | | | | |
| High-speed type | | FX-301P-HS | Red LED | PNP open-collector transistor | | CN-71-C5 | 5 m 16.404 ft | | |
| | | FX-305 | | | core) | CN-74-C1 | 1 m 3.281 ft | | |
| | | | | NPN open-collector transistor | Main cable (4-core) | CN-74-C2 | 2 m 6.562 ft | | |
| High-function type | | | Red LED | | Main | CN-74-C5 | 5 m 16.404 ft | | |
| High-fund | MAVI | | | | core) | CN-72-C1 | 1 m 3.281 ft | | |
| т | | FX-305P | | PNP open-collector transistor | Sub cable (2-core) | CN-72-C2 | 2 m 6.562 ft | | |
| | | | | | Sub c | CN-72-C5 | 5 m 16.404 ft | | |

ORDER GUIDE

Quick-connection cables

For FX-301(-HS)/B/G/H Quick-connection cable is not supplied with the amplifier. Please order it separately.

| Туре | Model No. | | Description | Main cable • CN-73-C□ |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | CN-73-C1 | Length: 1 m 3.281 ft | | |
| Main cable (3-core) | CN-73-C2 | Length: 2 m 6.562 ft | 0.15 mm ² 3-core cabtyre cable, with connector on one end Cable outer diameter: ϕ 3.0 mm ϕ 0.118 in | Ind |
| (3-core) | CN-73-C5 | Length: 5 m 16.404 ft | | Sub cable |
| | CN-71-C1 | Length: 1 m 3.281 ft | | • CN-71-C |
| Sub cable (1-core) | CN-71-C2 | Length: 2 m 6.562 ft | 0.15 mm ² 1-core cabtyre cable, with connector on one end Cable outer diameter: ϕ 3.0 mm ϕ 0.118 in | |
| | CN-71-C5 | Length: 5 m 16.404 ft | | |



For FX-305 Quick-connection cable is not supplied with the amplifier. Please order it separately.

| Туре | Model No. | | Description | Main cable • CN-74-C□ |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | CN-74-C1 | Length: 1 m 3.281 ft | | |
| Main cable (4-core) | CN-74-C2 | Length: 2 m 6.562 ft | 0.15 mm ² 4-core cabtyre cable, with connector on one end Cable outer diameter: ϕ 3.0 mm ϕ 0.118 in | La contraction of the second sec |
| | CN-74-C5 | Length: 5 m 16.404 ft | | Sub cable |
| | CN-72-C1 | Length: 1 m 3.281 ft | | • CN-72-C |
| Sub cable (2-core) | CN-72-C2 | Length: 2 m 6.562 ft | 0.15 mm ² 2-core cabtyre cable, with connector on one end Cable outer diameter: ϕ 3.0 mm ϕ 0.118 in | |
| | CN-72-C5 | Length: 5 m 16.404 ft | | |

End plates End plates are not supplied with the amplifier. Please order them separately when the amplifiers are mounted in cascade.

| Appearance | Model No. | Description |
|--|-----------|--|
| A REAL PROVIDENCE OF A REAL PR | MS-DIN-E | When cascading multiple amplifiers, or when it moves depending on the way it is installed on a DIN rail, these end plates ensure that all amplifiers are mounted together in a secure and fully connected manner. |

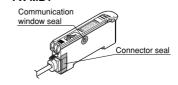
OPTIONS

| Designation | Model No. | Description |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Amplifier mounting bracket | MS-DIN-2 | Mounting bracket for amplifier |
| Fiber amplifier protective seal | FX-MB1 | 10 sets of 2 communication window seals and 1 connector seal Communication window seal: It prevents malfunction due to transmission signal from another amplifier, as well as, prevents effect on another amplifier. Connector seal: It prevents contact of any metal, etc., with the pins of the quick- connection cable. |

Amplifier mounting bracket



Fiber amplifier protective seal • FX-MB1





LIST OF FIBERS

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.

| vpe | Shape of fiber head (mm in) | Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2) | U-LG : FAST : LONG : H-SP : STDF : S-D : STD | Min. sensing object (Note 3) | Fiber cable length | Bending radius | Model No |
|--------------|---|--|---|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| | Lens mountable M4 matting M4 | 1,600 62.992 1,100 43.307 700 27.559 530 20.866 | 400 15.748 200 7.874 180 7.087 | ϕ 0.04 mm ϕ 0.0016 in opaque object | | R25 mm | FT-B8 |
| | Lens mountable M4 | | | | | R0.984 in | FT-FM2 |
| | Sleeve 90 mm 3.543 in M4 | 1,000 39.370 780 30.709 500 19.685 400 15.748 | 280 11.024 150 5.906 130 5.118 | | ~ | R0.984 in | FT-FM2S |
| M4 | Sleeve 40 mm 1.575 in M4 | | | | 2 m 6.562 ft | Sleeve R10 mm R0.394 in | FT-FM2S4 |
| 2 | Lens mountable M4 | 750 29.528 570 22.441 350 13.780 290 11.417 | 200 7.874 90 3.543 100 3.937 | | | R1 mm R0.039 in | FT-W8 |
| | Lens mountable M4 | 900 35.433 650 25.591 400 15.748 320 12.598 | 230 9.055 100 3.937 110 4.331 | ϕ 0.04 mm ϕ 0.0016 in opaque object | | R4 mm R0.157 in Flexible | FT-P80 |
| | Lens mountable M4 ﷺ ■ Main Main Tough flexible | 900 35.433 650 25.591 380 14.961 320 12.598 | 230 9.055 100 3.937 110 4.331 | | 1 m 3.281 ft | R10 mm R0.394 in | FT-P81X |
| | Lens mountable M4 | 550 21.654 400 15.748 250 9.843 190 7.480 | 70 2.756 80 3.150 | | ≥ 2 m 6.562 ft | R4 mm R0.157 in Flexible | FT-P60 |
| tvne | W7 × H9 × D13.9 W0.276 × H0.354 × D0.547 | 750 29.528 570 22.441 350 13.780 290 11.417 | 200 7.874 90 3.543 100 3.937 | | <mark>≫</mark> 2 m | R1 mm | FT-WR80 |
| Nut | With lens M4 W7 × H9 × D14.6 W0.276 × H0.354 × D0.575 | 1,500 59.055 1,200 47.244 750 29.528 600 23.622 | 420 16.535 200 7.874 210 8.268 | | 2 m 6.562 ft | | FT-WR80 |
| Elbow | Lens mountable | 740 29.134 530 20.866 320 12.598 230 9.055 | 150 5.906 75 2.953 80 3.150 | | ≥ 2 m 6.562 ft | R25 mm R0.984 in | FT-R80 |
| | Lens mountable (except FX-LE2) M3 | 1,000 39.370 780 30.709 500 19.685 400 15.748 | 280 11.024 150 5.906 130 5.118 | ϕ 0.03 mm ϕ 0.0012 in opaque object | | R25 mm | FT-T80 |
| | M3 | | | | | R0.984 in | FT-NFM2 |
| M3 | Sleeve 90 mm 3.543 in M3 \$ | 400 15.748 270 10.630 200 7.874 140 5.512 | 100 3.937 55 2.165 49 1.929 | | ~ | R0.984 in | FT-NFM2 |
| Σ | Sleeve 40 mm 1.575 in M3 \$ | | | | 2 m 6.562 ft | Sleeve R10 mm R0.394 in | FT-NFM2 |
| | | 220 8.661 160 6.299 100 3.937 80 3.150 | 55 2.165 25 0.984 28 1.102 | ¢0.02 mm | | R1 mm R0.039 in | FT-W4 |
| | | 350 13.780 250 9.843 150 5.906 100 3.937 | 75 2.953 30 1.181 35 1.378 | | | R4 mm R0.157 in Flexible | FT-P40 |
| -ong sensing | With lens M14 | 9,500 767.715 19,500 767.715 19,500 767.715 | \$10,000 393,700 3,500 137,795 \$3,800 149,606 | ϕ 0.4 mm ϕ 0.016 in opaque object | 32.808 ft | R25 mm R0.984 in | FT-FM10 |

Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the **FX-301-HS** in H-SP mode and for the **FX-301B/G/H**. 2) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut. 3) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type. Please contact our office for information on the minimum sensing object size if using amplifiers other than red LED type. The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent condition.

condition.

LIST OF FIBERS

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.

| /pe | Shape of fiber head (mm in) | Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2) | ■ : U-LG ■ : FAST ■ : LONG ■ : H-SP ■ : STDF ■ : S-D ■ : STD | Min. sensing object (Note 3) | Fiber cable length Security Free-cut | Bending radius | Model No |
|----------------------|--|--|---|---|--|---------------------------------|----------|
| ¢0.118 | With lens · Long sensing range | 1,500 59.055 1,200 47.244 750 29.528 600 23.622 | 420 16.535 200 7.874 210 8.268 | | 2 m | R1 mm R0.039 in | FT-WS8L |
| ¢3 ∳C | <i>\$</i> 3 <i>\$</i> 0.118 | 780 30.709 570 22.441 340 13.386 290 11.417 | 200 7.874 90 3.543 100 3.937 | | 6.562 ft | R0.039 in | FT-WS3 |
| | With lens \cdot Long sensing range $\phi 2.5 \ \phi 0.098$ | 2,000 78.740 1,600 62.992 600 23.622 800 31.496 | 580 22.835 170 6.693 280 11.024 | | | R25 mm | FT-SFM2L |
| 5 ¢ 0.098 | ¢2.5 ¢0.098 | 1,000 39.370 780 30.709 500 19.685 400 15.748 | 280 11.024 150 5.906 130 5.118 | ¢0.03 mm ∳0.0012 in | ≥ 2 m 6.562 ft | R0.984 in | FT-SFM2 |
| φ2. | ¢2.5 ¢0.098 | 750 29.528 570 22.441 350 13.780 290 11.417 | 200 7.874 90 3.543 100 3.937 | opaque object | | <mark>R1 mm</mark> R0.039 in | FT-WS8 |
| 6 | ¢1.5 ¢0.059 | 400 15.748 270 10.630 200 7.874 140 5.512 | 100 3.937 55 2.165 49 1.929 | | * | R25 mm R0.984 in | FT-SNFM |
| .5 ¢0.059 | \$ | 220 8.661 160 6.299 100 3.937 80 3.150 | 55 2.165 25 0.984 28 1.102 | ¢0.02 mm ∳0.0008 in | 2 m 6.562 ft | R1 mm R0.039 in | FT-WS4 |
| φ1 | ¢1.5 ¢0.059 | 350 13.780 280 11.024 160 6.299 120 4.724 | 90 3.543 40 1.575 42 1.654 | opaque object | 1 m 3.281 ft | R4 mm | FT-P2 |
| ¢1 60.039 | ¢1 ¢0.039 | 100 3.937 80 3.150 50 1.969 40 1.575 | 30 1.181 13 0.512 17 0.669 | | 500 mm 19.685 in | R0.157 in Flexible | FT-PS1 |
| Ultra-small diameter | Beam diameter | 20 0.787 18 0.709 13 0.512 10 0.394 | 8 0.315 3 0.118 3 0.118 | ¢0.02 mm | 500 mm 19.685 in | R5 mm | FT-E12 |
| Ultra-smal | Beam diameter $\phi 0.4 \phi 3$ $\phi 0.25 \text{ mm} \phi 0.010 \text{ in } \phi 0.016 \phi 0.118$ Sleeve part cannot be bent. | 130 5.118 80 3.150 | 36 1.417 18 0.709 15 0.591 | ϕ 0.0008 in opaque object | 1 m 3.281 ft | R0.197 in | FT-E22 |
| | ¢4 ¢0.157 | 2,350 92.520 2,000 78.740 1,400 55.118 1,000 39.370 | 800 31.496 340 13.386 350 13.780 | ϕ 0.05 mm ϕ 0.0020 in opaque object | * | | FT-V10 |
| | $ \begin{array}{c} & \phi 1.5 \phi 0.059 \\ \hline 0.8 \\ \hline 0.031 \\ \hline \phi 25 \\ \hline \phi 0.098 \\ \hline \phi 0.098 \\ \hline \hline \phi 0.098 \\ \hline \phi 0.098 \\ \hline \phi 0.098 \\ \hline \hline \phi 0.098 \\ \hline \phi 0.098 \\ \hline $ | 550 21.654 400 15.748 240 9.449 200 7.874 | 65 2.559 70 2.756 | | 2 m 6.562 ft | R25 mm | FT-SFM2S |
| Side-view | Sleeve part cannot be bent. | 410 16.142 390 15.354 220 8.661 180 7.087 | 125 4.921 60 2.362 63 2.480 | ¢0.02 mm | 1 m 3.281 ft | R0.984 in | FT-V22 |
| | $ \begin{array}{c} $ | 220 8.661 175 6.890 100 3.937 80 3.150 | 60 2.362 25 0.984 27 1.063 | | * | | FT-V41 |
| | $ \begin{array}{c} \hline \bullet \\ \bullet$ | 120 4.724 | 30 1.181 13 0.512 15 0.591 | | 2 m 6.562 ft | R1 mm R0.039 in | FT-WV42 |

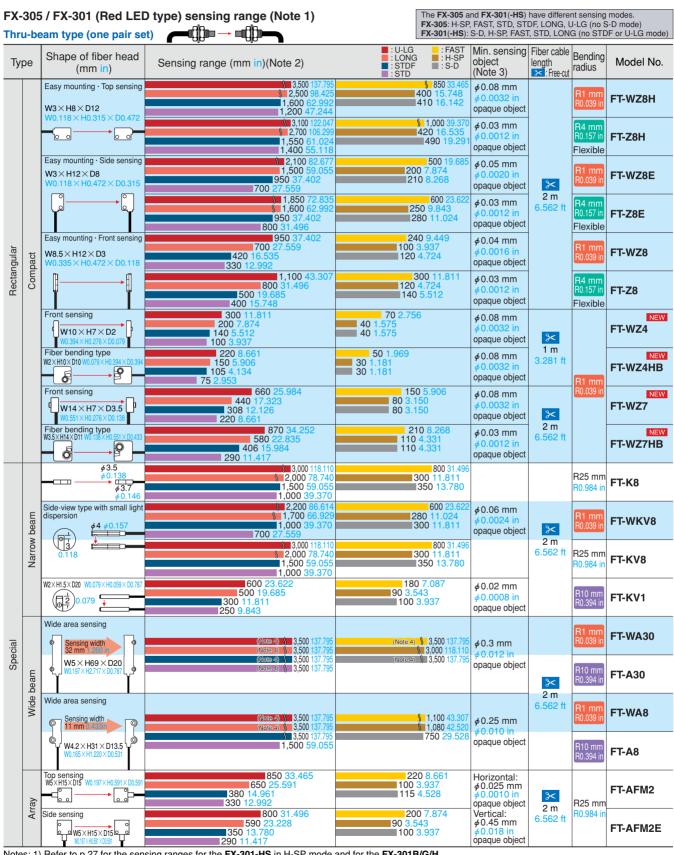
Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.
 2) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.
 3) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type. Please contact our office for information on the minimum sensing object size if using amplifiers other than red LED type.
 The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing change that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent the sensing operation in the object absent t

condition.

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LIST OF FIBERS

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.



Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.

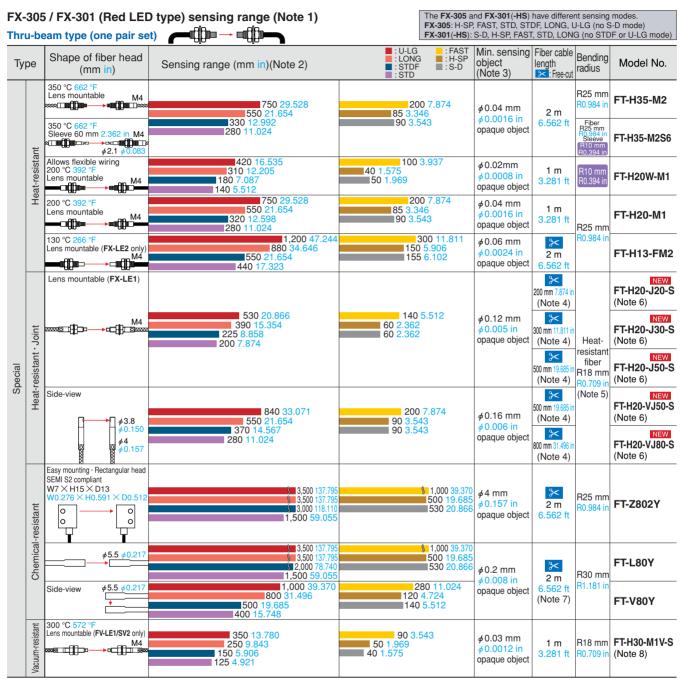
2) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut. 3) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type. Please contact our office for information on the minimum sensing object size if using amplifiers other than red LED type.

The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent condition.

4) The fiber cable length practically limits the sensing range to 3,500 mm 137.795 in long.



LIST OF FIBERS



Notes: 1) Please contact our office for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.

2) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.

3) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type. Please contact our office for information on the minimum sensing object size if using amplifiers other than red LED type.

The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent condition.

4) This is the fiber length (fixed length) for heat-resistant fibers. The ordinary-temperature fibers are free-cut to 2 m 6.562 ft.

5) The ordinary-temperature fiber is R25 mm R0.984 in or more.

- 6) Heat-resistant joint fibers and ordinary-temperature fibers (FT-FM2) are sold as a set. Please refer to 'Heat-resistant joint fibers catalog' for details.
- 7) The allowable cutting range is 500 mm 19.685 in from the end that the amplifier inserted.
 8) Sold as a set comprising vacuum type fiber + photo-terminal (FV-BR1) + fiber at atmospheric side (FT-J8). Please refer to 'Vacuum resistant fiber catalog' for details.

Model No. when ordering heat-resistant joint fibers individually as replacement parts

- FT-H20-J20 (one pair set) FT-H20-J30 (one pair set)
- FT-H20-VJ50 (one pair set)
- FT-H20-J30 (one pair set) FT-H20-J50 (one pair set) • FT-H20-VJ80 (one pair set)

Model No. when ordering vacuum-resistant fibers individually as replacement parts

- Vacuum-resistant fiber
 FT-H30-M1V (one pair set)
- Photo-terminal
 FV-BR1 (one pair set)
- Fiber at atmospheric side **FT-J8** (one pair set)



LIST OF FIBERS

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.

| | | flective type | D type) sensing range (Note 1) | FX-305: H-SP | | DF, LONG, U , STD, LON | J-LG (no S G (no STD | G-D mode) F or U-LG mode) |
|---------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Тур | | Shape of fiber head (mm in) | Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2, 3) | ■ : U-LG = : FAST = : LONG = : H-SP = : STDF = : S-D = : STD | Min. sensing object (Note 4) | Fiber cable length | radille | Model No. |
| Sharp bending | With polarizing filters | W9.5×H52×D15 W0.374×H0.205×D0.591 | 100 to 910 3397 to 35827 100 to 730 3.937 to 28.740 100 to 600 3.937 to 23.622 100 to 520 3.937 to 20.472 | Cannot use Cannot use | ϕ 0.3 mm ϕ 0.012 in opaque object | 2 m 6.562 ft | R1 mm R0.039 in | FR-WKZ11 |
| | Top sensing | W85XH52XD21 W0.374XH0.295 XD0.827 W10.5 XH28 XD10.1 W0.417 XH1.102 XD0.398 | 200 7.874 200 7.874 | 200 7.874 200 7.874 | Horizontal: ϕ 5.5 mm ϕ 0.217 in opaque object | * | R10 mm | FR-KZ21 |
| Narrow beam | Side sensing | W9.5 X H25 X D5.2 W0.374 X H0.984 X D0.205 W0.417 X H1.102 X D0.398 | 200 7.874 200 7.874 | 200 7.874 | Vertical: $\phi 0.06 \text{ mm}$ $\phi 0.0024 \text{ in}$ opaque object | 2 m 6.562 ft | R0.394 in | FR-KZ21E |
| Wafer mapping | | W7.5XH22XD112 W0.295XH0.087XD0.441 | 15 to 370 0.591 to 14.567 15 to 330 0.591 to 12.992 15 to 240 0.591 to 9.449 15 to 210 0.591 to 8.268 | 15 to 170 0.591 to 6.693 15 to 80 0.591 to 3.150 15 to 90 0.591 to 3.543 | ϕ 0.12 mm ϕ 0.005 in opaque object | <mark>≫</mark> 2 m 6.562 ft | R10 mm R0.394 in | FR-KV1 |

Notes: 1) Please contact our office for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.

FX-305 / FX-301 (Red LED type) sensing range (Note 1)

Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut. The sensing range of FR-WKZ11 is specified for the RF-13. The sensing range of FR-KZ21, FR-KZ21E and FR-KV1 is specified for the attached

reflector. 3) The sensing range of FR-WKZ11 is the possible setting range for the reflector or reflective tape. The fiber can detect an object less than 100 mm 3.937 in away.

However, note that if there are any white or highly-reflective surfaces near the fiber head, reflected incident light may affect the fiber head. If this occurs, adjust the threshold value of the amplifier unit before use.

The sensing range of FR-KZ21(E) is the possible setting range for the reflector. However, if setting the fiber to detect objects passing within 0 to 20 mm 0 to 0.787 in from the fiber head, unstable detection may result.

The sensing range of FR-KV1 is the possible setting range for the reflector. The fiber can detect an object less than 15 mm 0.591 in away. 4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type.

The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent condition.

The **FX-305** and **FX-301(-HS)** have different sensing modes. **FX-305**: H-SP, FAST, STD, STDF, LONG, U-LG (no S-D mode) -00 FX-301(-HS): S-D, H-SP, FAST, STD, LONG (no STDF or U-LG mode) Reflective type Fiber cable Bending FAST Min. sensing : U-LG Shape of fiber head : LONG : STDF : STD : H-SP : S-D Model No. Type Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2, 3) obiect length radius (mm in) (Note 4) 600 23 622 160 6.299 MA 85 3.346 480 18.898 đþ FD-B8 280 11.024 220 8.661 R25 mm 410 16.142 310 12.205 200 7.874 140 5.512 100 3.937 55 2.165 0 984 Coaxia FD-FM2 Φ 47 1.850 Sleeve 90 mm 3.543 in Fiber Me ¢2.5 ¢0.09 FD-FM2S 370 14.567 270 10.630 170 6.693 110 4.331 R25 mm 85 3.346 8 45 1 39 1.535 2 m Sleeve Sleeve 40 mm 1.575 in ¢0.02 mm 6 562 ft Threaded type Me M6 . R10 mm R0.394 ii FD-FM2S4 60.0008 in **€** 2.5 gold wire *d* 0 09 250 9 60 2.362 Me 190 7 80 25 đþ FD-W8 110 4 32 1 260 90 300 11.811 70 2.756 220 8. 30 .181 FD-P80 -88 20 157 35 1.378 130 5.118 M6 Flexible 100 270 10.630 185 7.283 100 3.937 60 2.362 Me 30 1.181 35 1.378 1 m × in fi R10 mn R0.394 i FD-P81X 3.281 ft Tough flexible 80 3 .150 240 9 449 60 2.362 ¢0.02 mm Elbow M6 8 185 7.283 110 4.331 25 0.984 30 1.181 R25 mm)08 in **FD-R80** 2 m gold wire 6 562 f 85

Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.
2) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper [400 × 400 mm 15.748 × 15.748 in] as the object.
3) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.

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4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type at maximum sensitivity. Note that the corresponding setting distance is different from the rated sensing distance.

LIST OF FIBERS

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.

| pe | Shape of fiber head (mm in) | Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2, 3) | U-LG LONG STDF STD | : FAST : H-SP : S-D (Note 4) | Fiber cable length | Bending radius | Model No. |
|----|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------|
| | | 370 14.567 1270 10.630 170 6.693 110 4.331 | 85 3.346 45 1.772 39 1.535 | | | R25 mm | FD-T80 |
| | | | | | | R0.984 in | FD-NFM2 |
| | Sleeve 90 mm 3.543 in M4 | 140 5.512 90 3.543 60 2.362 45 1.772 | 35 1.378 16 0.630 16 0.630 | | | Fiber R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-NFM2 |
| | Sleeve 40 mm 1.575 in M4 \$\$1.48 \$\$0.058\$ | | | | | Sleeve R10 mm R0.394 in | FD-NFM2 |
| M4 | Sleeve 40 mm 1.575 in M4 \$1.48 \$\u00e9 0.058 | 40 1.575 30 1.181 18 0.709 15 0.591 | 12 0.472 14.5 0.177 15 0.197 | ∳0.02 mm ∳0.0008 in gold wire | 3 ∕ 2 m 6.562 ft | Fiber R1 mm R0.039 in Sleeve R10 mm R0.394 in | FD-W44 |
| | | 250 9.843 190 7.480 110 4.331 90 3.543 | 60 2.362 25 0.984 32 1.260 | | | R1 mm R0.039 in | FD-WT8 |
| | Coaxial · Lens mountable | 85 3.346 65 2.559 37 1.457 32 1.260 | 25 0.984 10 0.394 11 0.433 | | | R2 mm R0.079 in | FD-WG4 |
| | | 150 5.906 110 4.331 65 2.559 55 2.165 | 42 1.654 15 0.591 19 0.748 | | | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-G4 |
| | M4 | 130 5.118 90 3.543 55 2.165 45 1.772 | 30 1.181 13 0.512 16 0.630 | | | R4 mm R0.157 in Flexible | FD-P60 |
| | Small diameter | 140 5.512 90 3.543 60 2.362 45 1.772 | 35 1.378 16 0.630 16 0.630 | | | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-T40 |
| | | 40 1.575 30 1.181 18 0.709 15 0.591 | 12 0.472 4.5 0.177 5 0.197 | | × | <mark>R1 mm</mark> R0.039 in | FD-WT4 |
| | M3 | 50 1.969 36 1.417 20 0.787 18 0.709 | 14 0.551 5.5 0.217 6 0.236 | ∳0.02 mm ∳0.0008 in | 2 m 6.562 ft | R4 mm R0.157 in Flexible | FD-P40 |
| | Lens mountable (FX-MR3, FX-MR6) M3 Coaxial | 150 5.906 110 4.331 65 2.559 55 2.165 | 42 1.654 15 0.591 19 0.748 | gold wire | | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-G6 |
| M3 | Lens mountable (FX-MR3, FX-MR6) M3 Coaxial Tough flexible | 150 5.906 90 3.543 48 1.890 45 1.772 | 35 1.378 12 0.472 20 0.787 | | 1 m 3.281 ft (Note 5) | R10 mm R0.394 in | FD-G6X |
| 2 | Coaxial · Lens mountable (FX-MR3, FX-MR6) M3 High precision | 50 1.969 38 1.496 25 0.984 18 0.709 | 14 0.551 5 0.197 6 0.236 | | | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-EG1 |
| | Coaxial Lens mountable (FX-MR3, FX-MR6) M3 Light emitting fiber element High precision \$\u03c60.007 | 12 0.472 | 9 0.354 3 0.118 5 0.197 | | 500 mm | | FD-EG2 |
| | Coaxial Lens mountable (FX-MR3, FX-MR6) M3 Light emitting fiber element High precision \$0.125 \$0.005 | 15 0.591 9 0.354 | 15 0.197 12.5 0.098 13 0.118 | gold wire | 19.685 in | R0.394 in | FD-EG3 |
| | M3 \$\$\phi 0.5 \$\phi 0.020\$\$\$ | 6.5 0.256 5 0.197 3 0.118 | 2 0.079 Cannot use Cannot use | ¢0.02 mm | | R25 mm | FD-EN500 |
| | Coaxial $\phi 0.8 \ \phi 0.031$ | 50 1.969 38 1.496 20 0.787 | 14 0.551 5 0.197 6 0.236 | | 1 m 3.281 ft | R0.984 in | FD-ENM1 |

Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.
2) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper [200 × 200 mm 7.874 × 7.874 in (FD-T80, FD-WT8: 400 × 400 mm 15.748 × 15.748 in, FD-W44, FD-WT4, FD-P40, FD-G6, FD-EG1, FD-EG2, FD-EG3, FD-EN500S1, FD-ENM1S1: 100 × 100 mm 3.937 × 3.937 in)] as the object.
3) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.
4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type at maximum sensitivity. Note that the corresponding setting distance is different from the rated sensing distance.
5) The allowable cutting range is 700 mm 27.559 in from the end that the amplifier inserted.



LIST OF FIBERS

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.

| | 5 / FX-301 (Red LED ive type | type) sensing range (Note 1) | FX-305: H-SP | , , | DF, LONG, L , STD, LON | J-LG (no S G (no STD | |
|---|---|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Туре | Shape of fiber head (mm in) | Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2, 3) | :U-LG :FAST :LONG :H-SP :STDF :STD | Min. sensing object (Note 4) | Fiber cable length | Bending radius | Model No. |
| | ¢3 ¢0.118 | 370 14.567 270 10.630 1770 6.693 110 4.331 | 85 3.346 45 1.772 39 1.535 | | | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-S80 |
| .118 | ¢3 ¢0.118 | 250 9.843 190 7.480 110 4.331 90 3.543 | 60 2.362 25 0.984 32 1.260 | ¢0.02 mm ∳0.0008 in | * | R1 mm R0.039 in | FD-WS8 |
| φ3 φ 0. | Coaxial \$\$ \$\phi 0.118\$ | 85 3.346 65 2.559 37 1.457 32 1.260 | 25 0.984 10 0.394 11 0.433 | gold wire | 2 m 6.562 ft | R2 mm R0.079 in | FD-WSG4 |
| | ¢3 ¢0.118 | 130 5.118 90 3.543 55 2.165 45 1.772 | 30 1.181 13 0.512 16 0.630 | | | R4 mm R0.157 in Flexible | FD-P50 |
| /pe ∳0.098 | $\varphi 0.030$ | 140 5.512 90 3.543 60 2.362 45 1.772 | 35 1.378 16 0.630 16 0.630 | ¢0.02 mm ¢0.0008 in gold wire | <mark>≫</mark> 2 m 6.562 ft | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-SNFM2 |
| Cylindrical type eter $\left \begin{array}{c} \phi \\ \phi \\ 0.059 \end{array} \right \left \begin{array}{c} \phi \\ \phi \\ \phi \\ \end{array} \right $ | ¢1.5 ¢0.059 | 80 3.150 50 1.969 30 1.181 25 0.984 | 19 0.748 7.5 0.295 9 0.354 | | 1 m 3.281 ft | R4 mm R0.157 in Flexible | FD-P2 |
| diame | Sleeve part cannot be bent. | | 14 0.157 12 0.079 11 0.039 | | 1 m | R10 mm R0.394 in | FD-E12 |
| Ultra-small | Coaxial $\phi 3 \phi 0.118$ $\phi 0.65 \phi 0.026$ Sleeve part cannot be bent. | 65 2.559 45 1.772 28 1.102 23 0.906 | 17 0.669 8 0.315 7 0.276 | | 3.281 ft | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-E22 |
| | Small diameter $\phi 1.5 \phi 0.059$ $\phi 3 \phi 0.118$ Sleeve part cannot be bent. | 80 3.150 55 2.165 30 1.181 25 0.984 | 17 0.669 8 0.315 9 0.354 | | | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-V41 |
| Side-view | Sleeve part cannot be bent. | 20 0.787 15 0.591 8.5 0.335 7 0.276 | 5 0.197 Cannot use Cannot use | | 2 m 6.562 ft | R1 mm R0.039 in | FD-WV42 |
| | ¢5 ¢2 0.197 ¢0.079 Sleeve part cannot be bent. | 170 6.693 100 3.937 55 2.165 45 1.772 | 32 1.260 15 0.591 16 0.630 | | | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-SFM2SV |
| | Glass substrate detection · Mapping | 12 to 50 0.472 to 1.969 12.5 to 37.5 0.492 to 1.476 15 to 36 0.591 to 1.417 15 to 35 0.591 to 1.378 | 16 to 29 0.630 to 1.142 Cannot use Cannot use | | → 4 m 13.123 ft | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-L46 |
| | Glass substrate detection · Alignment W20 × H29 × D3.8 W0.787 × H1.142 × D0.150 | 0 to 50 0 to 1.969 0 to 36 0 to 1.417 0 to 33 0 to 1.299 0 to 33 0 to 1.181 | 0 to 30 0 to 1.181 0 to 15 0 to 0.591 0 to 21 0 to 0.827 | | <mark>≫</mark> 3 m 9.843 ft | B4 mm | FD-L45 |
| | Glass substrate detection · Alignment | 0 to 23 0 to 0.906 | | (LCD glass) | <mark>≫</mark> 2 m 6.562 ft | R0.157 in | FD-L43 |
| ctive type | | 0 to 8.2 0 to 0.323 0 to 7 0 to 0.276 0 to 6.5 0 to 0.256 0 to 6 0 to 0.236 | 0 to 5.7 0 to 0.224 0 to 5 0 to 0.197 0 to 5.2 0 to 0.205 | ¢0.03 mm ∳0.0012 in | × | R10 mm | FD-L44 |
| Convergent reflective | $W12 \times H19 \times D3$ $W0.472 \times H0.748 \times D0.118$ | 0 to 4.7 0 to 0.185 0 to 4.5 0 to 0.177 0 to 4 0 to 0.157 0 to 4 0 to 0.157 | 0 to 3.8 0 to 0.150 0 to 3 0 to 0.118 0 to 3.5 0 to 0.138 | gold wire | 2 m 6.562 ft | R0.394 in | FD-L44S |
| Converg | Glass substrate detection | 6.5 to 14.5 0.256 to 0.571 (Convergent point 8 0.315) 6.5 to 14 0.256 to 0.551 (Convergent point 8 0.315) 7 to 14 0.276 to 0.551 (Convergent point 8 0.315) 7 to 12 0.276 to 0.472 (Convergent point 8 0.315) | Cannot use | | | R1 mm R0.039 in | FD-WL41 |
| | W24 × H21 × D4 | 2 to 19 0.079 to 0.748 (Convergent point 8 0.315) 2.5 to 18 0.098 to 0.709 (Convergent point 8 0.315) 3 to 16 0.118 to 0.630 (Convergent point 8 0.315) 3 to 16 0.118 to 0.630 (Convergent point 8 0.315) | Cannot use | | <mark>≫</mark> 2 m 6.562 ft | R10 mm | FD-L41 |
| | W6 × H18 × D14 W0.236 × H0.709 × D0.551 | 2 to 20 0.079 to 0.787 (Convergent point 6 0.236 2.5 to 18 0.098 to 0.709 (Convergent point 6 0.236) 4 to 12 0.157 to 0.472 (Convergent point 6 0.236) 4 to 12 0.157 to 0.472 (Convergent point 6 0.236) | 4.5 to 11 0.177 to 0.433 (Convergent point 6 0.236) 5 to 8.5 0.197 to 0.335 (Convergent point 6 0.236) 4.8 to 9.5 0.189 to 0.374 (Convergent point 6 0.236) | | | R0.394 in | FD-L4 |
| | | 0.5 to 8.5 0.020 to 0.335 0.5 to 7.5 0.020 to 0.295 1 to 6.5 0.039 to 0.256 | 1 to 5 0.039 to 0.197 Cannot use Cannot use | <pre>\$</pre> | <mark>⊁</mark> 1 m 3.281 ft | R1 mm R0.039 in | FD-WL48 |

 W0283 × H0295 × D0079 11 to 5.5 0.039 to 0.217
 COpper Wire
 3.281 ft

 Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.
 2) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper (FD-S80, FD-WS8: 400 × 400 mm 15.748 × 15.748 in, FD-WSG4, FD-P50, FD-SNFM2, FD-V41, FD-SFMZSV2: 200 × 200 mm 7.874 × 7.874 in, FD-P2, FD-E12, FD-E22, FD-WV42, FD-L4, FD-WL48: 100 × 100 mm 3.937 × 3.937 × t 0.028 in R edge of LCD glass substrates, FD-L44, FD-L44: 100 × 100 × 100 × t 0.7 mm 3.937 × 3.937 × t 0.028 in R edge of LCD glass substrates, FD-L44, rD-L44: 100 × 100 × t 0.7 mm 3.937 × 3.937 × t 0.028 in LCD glass substrates, FD-L441; FD-L41: 100 × 100 × t 2 mm 3.937 × 3.937 × t 0.079 in glass substrates).

 3) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.

 4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type at maximum sensitivity. Note that the corresponding setting distance is different from the rated sensing distance. However, with the covergent reflective type, when the sensitivity is at MAX., it is only possible to detect the minimum size of the sensing object at a distance corresponding to the convergent point.



LIST OF FIBERS

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.

| | | 5 / FX-301 (Red LED ive type | 0 type) sensing range (Note 1) | FX-305 : H-SP FX-301 (- HS): | | DF, LONG, U , STD, LON | J-LG (no S G (no STD | G-D mode) F or U-LG mode) |
|-------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Ту | се | Shape of fiber head (mm in) | Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2, 3) | ■ : U-LG = : FAST ■ : LONG = : H-SP ■ : STDF = : S-D ■ : STD | Min. sensing object (Note 4) | Fiber cable length Sector | Bending radius | Model No. |
| | | Front sensing W10×H7×D2 W0.394×H0276×D0.079 | 1 to 50 0.039 to 1.969 1.5 to 34 0.059 to 1.339 2 to 24 0.079 to 0.945 3 to 17 0.098 to 0.906 | 3 to 10 0.118 to 0.394 Cannot use Cannot use | ¢0.16 mm ∳0.006 in | * | | FD-WZ4 |
| Rectangular | Small | Fiber bending type | 1 to 70 0.039 to 2.756 1 to 46 0.039 to 1.811 1 to 32.2 0.039 to 1.268 2.5 to 23 0.098 to 0.906 | 2.5 to 15 0.098 to 0.591 3 to 7 0.118 to 0.276 3 to 7 0.118 to 0.276 | copper wire | 1 m 3.281 ft | R1 mm | NEW FD-WZ4HB |
| Rectal | Sπ | Front sensing | 200 7.874 120 4.724 1 to 84 0.039 to 3.307 1 to 60 0.039 to 2.362 | 1.5 to 35 0.059 to 1.378 2.5 to 18 0.098 to 0.709 2.5 to 18 0.098 to 0.709 | ¢0.03 mm | * | R0.039 in | NEW FD-WZ7 |
| | | Fiber bending type | 0.5 to 270 0.002 to 10.630 0.5 to 180 0.002 to 7.087 1 to 126 0.039 to 4.961 1 to 90 0.039 to 3.543 | 1 to 70 0.039 to 2.756 1 to 35 0.039 to 1.378 1 to 35 0.039 to 1.378 | | 2 m 6.562 ft | | NEW FD-WZ7HB |
| | Long sensing range | Long sensing range - Rectangular head W5.2 × H9.5 × D15 W0.205 × H0.374 × D0.591 | 20 to 660 0.787 to 25.984 20 to 480 0.787 to 18.898 20 to 300 0.787 to 11.811 20 to 230 0.787 to 9.055 | 20 to 170 0.787 to 6.693 25 to 90 0.984 to 3.543 25 to 100 0.984 to 3.937 | | 2 m 6.562 ft | R1 mm R0.039 in | FD-WKZ1 |
| | Wide beam | W7 X H15 X D30 W0.276 X H0.591 X D1.181 | 230 9.055 200 7.874 150 5.906 150 5.906 | 100 3.937 45 1.772 50 1.969 | | <mark>≥</mark> 2 m 6.562 ft | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-A15 |
| | Array | Top sensing W5 × H20 × D20 W0.197 × H0.787 × D0.787 | 290 11.417 220 8.661 | 78 3.071 35 1.378 | ¢0.02 mm | * | R25 mm | FD-AFM2 |
| Special | Ari | Side sensing W5 × H20 × D20 W0.197 × H0.787 × D0.787 | 135 5.315 110 4.331 | 39 1.535 | | 2 m 6.562 ft | R0.984 in | FD-AFM2E |
| | sensing | Contact type | | | | 2 m 6.562 ft (Note 5) | Protective tube R40 mm R1.575 in Fiber R15 mm R0.591 in | FD-F8Y |
| | d level se | Mountable on pipe- Standard W25 × H13 × D20 W0.984 × H0.512 × D0.787 | Applicable pipe diameter: Outer dia. ϕ 6 to ϕ 26 mm ϕ 0.236 to ϕ 1.024 (PVC (vinyl chloride), fluorine resin, polycarbonate, acrylic, glas | | (Liquid) | <mark>≫</mark> 2 m | R10 mm | FD-F41 |
| | Liquid level | Mountable on pipe · For PFA, wall thickness 1 mm 0.039 in pipe W25 × H13 × D20 W0.984 × H0.512 × D0.787 | Applicable pipe diameter: Outer dia. ϕ 6 to ϕ 26 mm ϕ 0.236 to ϕ 1.024 [PFA (fluorine resin) or equivalently transparent | pipe, wall thickness 1 mm 0.039 in] | | 6.562 ft | R0.394 in | FD-F4 |

Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the **FX-301-HS** in H-SP mode and for the **FX-301B/G/H**. 2) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper [200 × 200 mm 7.874 × 7.874 in (**FD-WKZ1**, **FD-AFM2E**: 400 × 400 mm 15.478 × 15.478 in)] as the object.

a) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.
4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type at maximum sensitivity. Note that the corresponding setting distance is different from the rated sensing distance. 5) The allowable cutting range is 1,000 mm 39.370 in from the end that the amplifier inserted.



LIST OF FIBERS

| Refle | | ve type |) type) sensing range (Note | 1) | The FX-305 and FX-301(- FX-305: H-SP, FAST, STD, FX-301(-HS): S-D, H-SP, F | , STDF, LONG, L FAST, STD, LON | J-LG (no S G (no STD | -D mode) F or U-LG mode) |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Туре | e | Shape of fiber head (mm in) | Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2, | 3) 3) 3) 3) 3) 3) 5 U-LG 5 LONG 5 STDF 5 STDF | G = FAST H-SP S-D = S-D Min. sens object (Note 4) | Fiber cable length | | Model No. |
| | | 350 °C 662 °F · Coaxial | | | | 2 m | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-H35-M2 |
| | | 350 °C 662 °F · Sleeve 60 mm 2.362 in \$2.8 \$2.8 \$0.110 | 300 11.811 270 10.630 150 5.906 140 5.512 | 100 35 1.378 47 1.850 | 3.937 | 6.562 ft | Fiber R25 mm R0,984 in Sleeve R10 mm R0.394 in | FD-H35-M2S6 |
| | Heat-resistant | 200 °C 392 °F · Coaxial | | | | | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-H20-M1 |
| | | 350 °C 662 °F · Sleeve 90 mm 3.543 in ∞ □ □ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 190 7.480 160 6.299 80 3.150 80 3.150 | 57 2.244 20 0.787 26 1.024 | ∳0.02 m | 1 m 3.281 ft | Fiber R25 mm R0.984 in Sleeve R10 mm R0.394 in | FD-H35-20S |
| ial | | 200 °C 392 °F · Coaxial ∞≊ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ | 300 11.811 270 10.630 150 5.906 140 5.512 | 100 35 1.378 47 1.850 | 3.937 ∲0.0008 gold wire | | 10.334 11 | FD-H20-21 |
| Special | | 300 °C 572 °F · Glass substrate detection Convergent reflective type W19 × H27 × D5 W0.748 × H1.063 | 0 to 20 0 to 0.787 0 to 15 0 to 0.591 0 to 10 0 to 0.394 0 to 10 0 to 0.394 | ■1 to 8 0.039 to 0.3 Cannot use ■2 to 6 0.079 to 0.2 | | 2 m 6.562 ft | - | FD-H30-L32 |
| | | 180 °C 356 °F · Glass substrate detection Convergent reflective type W19 X H27 X D5 W0.748 X H1.063 | 0 to 20 0 to 0.787 0 to 15 0 to 0.591 0 to 10 0 to 0.394 | 1 to 8 0.039 to 0.3 Cannot use 12 to 6 0.079 to 0.2 | | | R25 mm R0.984 in | FD-H18-L31 |
| | | 130 °C 266 °F M6 | 410 16.142 310 12.205 200 7.874 | 100 55 2.165 47 1.850 | 3.937 | 2 m 6.562 ft | | FD-H13-FM2 |
| - | sistant | 300 °C 572 °F · Recfangular head W9.5 X H5.2 X D15 W0.374 X H0.205 X D0.591 | 140 5.512 20 to 300 0.787 to 1 20 to 200 0.787 to 7.8 20 to 150 0.787 to 5.9 | Cannot use Cannot use | 100 1.181 to 3.937 | 1 m 3.281 ft | 240 | FD-H30-KZ1V-S (Note 5) |
| | Vacuum-resistant | 300 °C 572 °F · Glass substrate detection Convergent reflective type | 25 to 130 0.984 to 5.11 0 to 11 0 to 0.433 0 to 8 0 to 0.315 1.5 to 6 0.059 to 0.236 1.5 to 5 0.059 to 0.197 | 2 to 4 0.079 to 0. Cannot use Cannot use | A0.031 i | in | R18 mm R0.709 in | FD-H30-L32V-S (Note 5) |
| • Vac FD- | lel cuu H3 | catalog' for details. | vacuum-resistant fibers ind • Mounting bracket for FD-H3 MS-FD-2 | ividually as replace 0-KZ1V • Photo | | • Fiber a | | oheric side |
| RF-0 RF-1 FX-C FX-C FX-A FX-A | 03 3 (71 72 72 72 73 | (Attachment for $\phi 1$ mi | lusive mirror) ength fiber, Orange) m ∳0.087 in fiber, Clear orange) | • RF-003 • RF | -13 •FX-CT1 | a. | • FX-C | T2 |
| FX-A | T5 | | mm ϕ 0.051 in fiber, Gray) | 2 | N. S. |) | | |
| FX-A FX-A If cor FX-30 Applie FX-A | 175 176 00 icat | | mm $\phi 0.051$ in fiber, Gray) / $\phi 1.3 \text{ mm } \phi 0.051$ in mixed fiber, Black / Gray) ifier other than the 2 / FX3 series mm $\phi 0.039$ in fiber) | • FX-AT2 | • FX-AT3 | | • FX-4 | 174 |

LIST OF SENSING RANGE FOR FX-301(P)-HS · FX-301B/G/H

Sensing range for ultra high-speed type FX-301(P)-HS in H-SP mode (35 µs)(Typical model)

| \square | Fiber model No. | Sensing range (mm in) (Note) | | | Fiber model No. | Sensing range (mm in) (Note) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----|------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| е | FT-B8 | 160 6.299 | | | FD-B8 | 60 2.362 |
| type ו | FT-FM2 | 120 4.724 | | type | FD-FM2 | 35 1.378 |
| Thru-beam | FT-NFM2 | 40 1.575 | | ctive | FD-NFM2 | 14 0.551 |
| hru-l | FT-E12 | 2 0.079 | - D | Reflective | FD-E12 | 1 0.039 |
| μ | FT-E22 | 10 0.394 | | | FD-E22 | 5 0.197 |

Note: The sensing ranges are in H-SP mode. The sensing ranges in FAST, STD, S-D and LONG modes are the same as for the FX-301. (Refer to p.18~)

(mm in)

(mm in)

Sensing range for FX-301B/G/H (Typical model)

| | | | Thru-beam type | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------------|-----------|----------|--|
| | | FT-B8 | FT-FM2 | FT-NFM2 | FT-V10 | FT-W8 | FT-Z8 | FT-P80 | FT-A30 | FT-A8 | FT-E12 | FT-E22 | |
| | LONG | 220 8.661 | 150 <u>5.906</u> | 50 1.969 | 400 15.748 | 90 <u>3.543</u> | 120 4.724 | 130 5.118 | 2,400 94.488 | 600 23.622 | 3 0.118 | 14 0.551 | |
| FX-301B | STD | 110 4.331 | 75 <mark>2.95</mark> 3 | 25 0.984 | 200 7.874 | 45 1.772 | 60 2.362 | 65 2.559 | 1,200 47.244 | 300 11.811 | 2 0.079 | 7 0.276 | |
| | FAST | 75 <mark>2.95</mark> 3 | 40 1.575 | 16 0.630 | 130 <u>5.118</u> | 30 1.181 | 40 1.575 | 45 1.772 | 700 27.559 | 220 <u>8.661</u> | 1 0.039 | 4 0.157 | |
| | LONG | 110 4.331 | 70 2.756 | 24 0.945 | 200 7.874 | 56 2.205 | 60 2.362 | 70 2.756 | 1,200 47.244 | 300 11.811 | 1 0.039 | 6 0.236 | |
| FX-301G | STD | 55 <mark>2.165</mark> | 35 1. <mark>37</mark> 8 | 12 0.472 | 100 3.937 | 28 1.102 | 30 1.181 | 35 1.378 | 600 23.622 | 150 <u>5.906</u> | | 3 0.118 | |
| | FAST | 40 1.575 | 24 0.945 | 8 0.315 | 65 2.559 | 20 0.787 | 22 0.866 | 25 0.984 | 350 13.780 | 110 4.331 | | 2 0.079 | |
| | LONG | 100 3.937 | 50 1.969 | 16 0.630 | 150 <u>5.906</u> | 42 1.654 | 46 1.811 | 56 2.205 | 800 31.496 | 220 <u>8.661</u> | 4 0.157 | 10 0.394 | |
| FX-301H (Note) | STD | 50 1.969 | 25 <mark>0.98</mark> 4 | 8 0.315 | 75 2.953 | 21 0.827 | 23 0.906 | 28 1.102 | 400 15.748 | 110 4.331 | 2 0.079 | 5 0.197 | |
| | FAST | 30 1.1 <mark>8</mark> 1 | 18 0.709 | 5 0.197 | 40 1.575 | 15 0.591 | 16 0.630 | 20 0.787 | 240 9.449 | 80 3.150 | 1.5 0.059 | 3 0.118 | |

Note: Infrared types are easily affected by humidity, so if using them in environments with high humidity or where the humidity fluctuates, please contact our office. (mm in)

| | | | Reflective type | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|----------|--|
| | | FD-B8 | FD-FM2 | FD-NFM2 | FD-W8 | FD-P80 | FD-AFM2 | FD-G4 | FD-EG1 | FD-E12 | FD-E22 | FD-G6X | |
| | LONG | 80 <mark>3.15</mark> 0 | 46 1.811 | 16 0.630 | 23 0.906 | 40 1.575 | 40 1.575 | 22 0.866 | 6 0.236 | 2 0.079 | 6 0.236 | 22 0.866 | |
| FX-301B | STD | 40 1.575 | 23 0.906 | 8 0.315 | 11 0.433 | 20 0.787 | 20 0.787 | 11 0.433 | 3 0.118 | 1 0.039 | 3 0.118 | 11 0.433 | |
| | FAST | 26 1.024 | 15 0.591 | 5 0.197 | 8 0.315 | 13 0.512 | 13 0.512 | 8 0.315 | 2 0.079 | | 2 0.079 | 6 0.236 | |
| | LONG | 42 1.654 | 24 0.945 | 8 0.315 | 14 0.551 | 20 0.787 | 18 0.709 | 12 0.472 | 3 0.118 | 1 0.039 | 3 0.118 | 12 0.472 | |
| FX-301G | STD | 21 0.827 | 12 0.472 | 4 0.157 | 7 0.276 | 10 0.394 | 9 0.354 | 6 0.236 | 1.5 0.059 | | 1.5 0.059 | 6 0.236 | |
| | FAST | 14 0.551 | 8 0.315 | 2 0.079 | 4 0.157 | 7 0.276 | 5 0.197 | 4 0.157 | 1 0.039 | | 1 0.039 | 4 0.157 | |
| | LONG | 26 1.024 | 20 0.787 | 6 0.236 | 11 0.433 | 18 0.709 | 12 0.472 | 7 0.276 | 10 0.394 | 1 0.039 | 6 0.236 | 18 0.709 | |
| FX-301H (Note) | STD | 13 0.512 | 10 0.394 | 3 0.118 | 5.5 0.217 | 9 0.354 | 6 0.236 | 3.5 0.138 | 5 0.197 | | 3 0.118 | 9 0.354 | |
| (| FAST | 9 0.354 | 7 0.276 | 2 0.079 | 3 0.118 | 6 0.236 | 4 0.157 | 2 0.079 | 3 0.118 | | 2 0.079 | 5 0.197 | |

Note: Infrared types are easily affected by humidity, so if using them in environments with high humidity or where the humidity fluctuates, please contact our office.

Sensing range when using in combination with FR-WKZ11 reflector (optional)

The sensing ranges are the values for $\ensuremath{\text{FX-305}}$ / $\ensuremath{\text{FX-301}}$ infrared types.

| RF-230 | 100 to 3,200 3.937 to 125.984 (LONG), 100 to 2,000 3.937 to 78.740 (STD), 100 to 1,600 3.937 to 62.992 (FAST), 100 to 1,000 3.937 to 39.370 (S-D) |
|--------|---|
| RF-220 | 100 to 2,400 3.937 to 94.488 (LONG), 100 to 1,300 3.937 to 51.181 (STD), 100 to 1,000 3.937 to 39.370 (FAST), 100 to 600 3.937 to 23.622 (S-D) |
| RF-210 | 100 to 1,100 3.937 to 43.307 (LONG), 100 to 700 3.937 to 27.559 (STD), 100 to 550 3.937 to 21.654 (FAST), 100 to 300 3.937 to 11.811 (S-D) |

Note: The sensing range indicates the allowable setting range for the reflector. The fiber head can detect objects at distances of 100 mm 3.937 in or less. However, note that if there are any white or highly-reflective surfaces near the fiber head, reflected incident light may affect the fiber head. If this occurs, adjust the threshold value of the amplifier before use.



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FIBER OPTIONS

Lens (For thru-beam type fiber)

| C | Designation | Model No. | | | Description |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|--|---|
| | | | | Increases the sensing | Sensing range for red LED type (mm) [Lens on both sides] (Note 3) |
| | | | | range by 5 times or more. | Fiber Mode U-LG LONG STDF STD FAST S-D H-SP |
| | | | | | FT-B8 3,500 Min 2 3,500 Min 2 3,000 2,500 2,000 1,000 1,000 |
| | | | | Ambient temperature: | FT-FM2 3,500 Note2 3,500 Note2 3,500 Note2 3,500 Note2 2,500 1,300 1,000 |
| | | | | - 60 to + 350 °C | FT-T80 3,500 Not2 3,500 Not2 3,500 Not2 3,500 Not2 2,500 1,300 1,000 |
| | Expansion | | Entral - | - 76 to + 662 °F | FT-R80 3,500 Note2 3,500 Note2 3,500 Note2 2,300 1,600 800 750 |
| | lens | FX-LE1 | | | FT-W8 3,500 Mar2 3,500 Mar2 3,500 Mar2 2,900 2,000 1,000 900 |
| | (Note 1) | | A second | | FT-P80 3,500 (Mez) 3,500 (Mez) 3,500 (Mez) 3,500 (Mez) 2,500 1,100 1,000 FT-P60 3,500 (Mez) 4,500 900 800 |
| | | | - All | | |
| | | | | | FT-P81X 1,600 Netal 1,600 Netal 1,600 Netal 1,600 Netal 1,600 Netal 1,100 950 FT-H35-M2 3,500 Netal 3,500 Netal 2,500 2,000 1,500 750 700 |
| | | | | | FT-H20W-M1 1,600 [tb:2] 1,600 |
| | | | | | FT-H20-M1 1,600 (M22) 1,600 (M22) 1,600 (M22) 1,600 (M22) 1,100 900 600 |
| | | | | | 11-1120-W11 1,000 [db:4] 1,000 [db:4] 1,000 [db:4] 1,000 [db:4] 1,100 300 300 300 |
| | | | | Tremendously increases the | Sensing range for red LED type (mm) [Lens on both sides] (Note 3) |
| | | | | sensing range with large | Fiber Mode U-LG LONG STDF STD FAST S-D H-SP |
| | | | | diameter lenses. | FT-B8 3,500 Mar2 3,500 |
| 5 | | | | | FT-FM2 3,500 (kez) |
| be | • | | | Ambient temperature: | FT-R80 3,500 (Mar2) 3,500 (Mar2 |
| e E | Super- | | 62 | -60 to +350 °C | FT-W8 3,500 (km/2) |
| ğ | expansion | FX-LE2 | | $-76 \text{ to } + 662 \degree \text{F}$ | FT-P80 3,500 More 3,50 |
| - - | lens | | | 1010 1002 1 | FT-P60 3,500 Non 2 |
| an | (Note 1) | | | | FT-P81X 1,600 (kts2) 1,600 (kts |
| þe | | | 12000 | | FT-H35-M2 3,500 Note2 |
| Ę | | | | | FT-H20W-M1 1,600 [Mit 2] 1,500 1,600 [Mit 2] |
| Ę | | | | | FT-H20-M1 1,600 [kit2] 1,600 [k |
| For thru-beam type fiber | | | | | FT-H13-FM2 3,500 Note 3 3,500 N |
| _ | | | | Beam axis is bent by 90 °. | Sensing range for red LED type (mm) [Lens on both sides] (Note 3) |
| | | | | | Fiber Mode LONG STD FAST S-D |
| | | | | Ambient temperature: | FT-B8 1.100 530 400 186 |
| | | | | $-60 \text{ to } + 300 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | FT-FM2 1,200 600 440 210 |
| | | | | - 76 to + 572 °F | FT-T80 1,200 600 440 210 |
| | Side-view | | | | FT-W8 900 450 330 160 |
| | lens | FX-SV1 | | | FT-P80 1,200 600 440 210 |
| | 10113 | | | | FT-P60 650 300 200 130 |
| | | | (A) | | FT-P81X 1,200 600 440 200 |
| | | | | | FT-H35-M2 550 280 200 90 |
| | | 1 | | | FT-H20W-M1 310 140 100 50 |
| | | | | | FT-H20-M1 550 280 200 90 |
| | - | | | | |
| | Expansion lens for | | E MAR SAL | Sensing range increases by 10 times or more. | Sensing range for red LED type (mm) [Lens on both sides] (Note 3, 4) |
| | vacuum fiber | FV-LE1 | | Ambient temperature: | Fiber Mode U-LG LONG STDF STD FAST S-D H-SP |
| | | | 1 | -40 to + 120 °C - 40 to + 248 °F | ET 100 MAY 1 COO 1 000 CEO 450 200 150 200 |
| | (Note 1) | | | $-40.00 + 120^{-0} - 40.00 + 248^{-0}$ | |

Notes: 1) Be careful when installing the thru-beam type fiber equipped with the expansion lens, as the beam envelope becomes narrow and alignment is difficult. Especially

a) The sensing ranges are the values for red LED type amplifier. Please contact our office for details on sensing ranges for other types of amplifiers.
a) The fiber cable length for the FT-H30-M1V is 1 m 3.281 ft. The sensing ranges in U-LG and LONG modes take into account the length of the FT-J8 atmospheric side fiber.

Lens (For reflective type fiber)

| I | Designation | Model No. | | Description | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|---|---|---|--|--|
| | Pinpoint spot lens | FX-MR1 | | Pinpoint spot of ∉0.5 mm ∉0.020 in. Enable • Distance to focal point: 6 ± 1 mm 0.236 ± • Ambient temperature: − 40 to +70 °C − 4 | 0.039 in • A | inute objects or sr opplicable fibers: I | |
| | Zoom lens | FX-MR2 | Screw-in depth Distance to focal point | Sensing rang Screw-in depth 7 mm 12 mm 14 mm | e for red LED Distance to focal point 18.5 mm approx. 27 mm approx. 43 mm approx. | | |
| or reflective type fiber | Finest spot lens | FX-MR3 | Distance to focal point Spot diameter | Accessory: MS-EX-3 (mounting bracket) Extremely fine spot of ≠0.3 mm ≠0.012 in approx. achieved. Applicable fibers: FD-WG4, FD-G4, FD-EG1, FD-EG2, FD-EG3, FD-G6X, FD-G6 Ambient temperature: - 40 to +70 °C - 40 to +158 °F | | e for red LED Distance to focal point 7.5 ± 0.5 mm 7.5 ± 0.5 mm 7.5 ± 0.5 mm 7.5 ± 0.5 mm | |
| For refl | Finest spot lens | FX-MR6 | | Extremely fine spot of <i>φ</i> 0.1 mm <i>φ</i> 0.004 in approx. achieved. • Applicable fibers: FD-WG4 , FD-G4 , FD-EG1 , FD-EG2 , FD-EG3 , FD-G6X , FD-G6 • Ambient temperature: - 20 to + 60 °C - 4 to + 140 °F | | | |
| | Zoom lens (Side-view) (type) | FX-MR5 | Screw-in depth-+ | FX-MR2 is converted into a side-view type and can be mounted in a very small space. Applicable fibers: FD-WG4, FD-G4 Ambient temperature: 40 to +70 °C -40 to +158 °F | jj | e for red LED Distance to focal point 13 mm approx. 15 mm approx. 30 mm approx. | |

Note: The sensing ranges are the values when used in combination with red LED type amplifier. Please contact our office for details on sensing ranges for other types of amplifier.

FIBER OPTIONS

Others

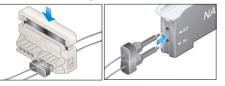
| Designation | Model No. | | | | | Description | | | |
|--|--|---|--|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | FTP-500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft) | | | | | | | | |
| | FTP-1000 (1 m 3.281 ft) | M4 | | FT-FM2 FT-FM2S | FT-P60 FT-FM2S4 | | | | |
| Protective tube | FTP-1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft) | thread | | FT-H13-FM2 | - | | | | |
| (For thru-beam) type fiber | FTP-N500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft) | For | | FT-T80 | FT-P40 | | | | |
| | FTP-N1000 (1 m 3.281 ft) | M3 | bers | FT-NFM2 | - | The protective tube, made | | | |
| | FTP-N1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft) | thread | Applicable fibers | FT-NFM2S | - | of non-corrosive stainless | | | |
| | FDP-500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft) | For | licab | FD-B8 | FD-P80 | steel, protects the inner fiber cable from any | | | |
| | FDP-1000 (1 m 3.281 ft) | M6 | App | FD-FM2 FD-FM2S | FT-H13-FM2 | external forces. | | | |
| Protective tube | FDP-1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft) | thread | | FD-FM2S4 | Ļ | | | | |
| (For reflective) type fiber | FDP-N500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft) | For | | FD-T80 | | | | | |
| | FDP-N1000 (1 m 3.281 ft) | M4 | | FD-NFM2 FD-NFM2 | 5 | | | | |
| | FDP-N1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft) | thread | | FD-NFM2 | | | | | |
| Fiber bender | FB-1 | | | nder bends t s. (Note) | he sleeve pa | art of the fiber head at the | | | |
| Universal sensor | MS-AJ1-F | Horizontal mounting type | | | Mounting stand assembly for fiber | | | | |
| mounting stand | MS-AJ2-F | Vertical | Vertical mounting type | | | (For M3, M4 or M6 threaded head fiber) | | | |
| | FX-CT2 | | free-cut type fiber can be easily cut. | | | | | | |
| Fiber cutter | FX-CT1 | | | | ttached with the FT-P80 or the FD-P80 . with fibers other than this. | | | | |
| Attachment for fixed-length fiber | FX-AT2 | This is t | he a | ttachment for | the fixed leng | gth fiber. (Accessory) | | | |
| Attachment for $\phi 2.2 \text{ mm}$ $\phi 0.087 \text{ in fiber}$ | FX-AT3 | | | | | n ø0.087 in fiber. T-P80 or the FD-P80 .) | | | |
| Attachment for $\phi 1 \text{ mm}$ $\phi 0.039 \text{ in fiber}$ | FX-AT4 | This is t | he a | ttachment for | the ø1 mm g | 0.039 in fiber. (Accessory) | | | |
| Attachment for $\phi 1.3$ mm $\phi 0.051$ in fiber | FX-AT5 | This is the attachment for the ϕ 1.3 mm ϕ 0.051 in fiber. (Accessory) | | | | o ∉0.051 in fiber. | | | |
| Attachment for $\phi 1$ mm $\phi 0.039$ in / $\phi 1.3$ mm $\phi 0.051$ in mixed fiber | tfor ϕ 1 mm / ϕ 1.3 mm FX-AT6 This is the attachment for the ϕ 1 mm ϕ 0.03 | | | | | nm ¢0.039 in / ¢1.3 mm | | | |

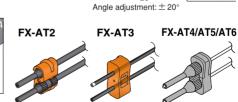
Note: Do not bend the sleeve part of any side-view type fiber or ultra-small diameter head type fiber.

Fiber attachment

It's possible to simultaneously cut two fibers to the same length

Each fiber (with some exceptions) has a newly developed two-in-one fiber attachment (FX-AT3/AT4/AT5/AT6) which enables two fibers to be cut simultaneously to the same length with the new fiber cutter (FX-CT2). Also, since the fibers can be attached to the amplifier while being fixed in position in the two-in-one fiber attachment, sensitivity changes resulting from variation in the amount of fiber insertion do not occur.





Guide to interchanging fiber length and sleeve length



Custom-ordered products are available with different fiber lengths and sleeve lengths in order to respond quickly to different requirements.

Custom-ordered product (Typical)

Fiber length can be set up to 30 m 98.425 ft in units of 1 m 3.281 ft FT-B8, FT-AFM2 etc.
Sleeve length can be set up to 12 cm 4.724 in units of 1 cm 0.394 in FT-FM2S4, FD-NFM2S4 etc.



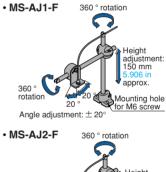
Protective tube
• FTP
• FDP-

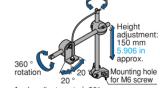
Fiber bender ∙ FB-1 ____

Fiber cutter •FX-CT2

• FX-CT1

Using the arm which enables adjustment in the horizontal direction, sensing can also be done from above an assembly line.







SPECIFICATIONS

Refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' for fiber specifications.

| \swarrow | | Time | | Standa | ard type | | High-speed | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Туре | Red LED | Blue LED | Green LED | Infrared LED | type | High-function type | | | | |
| | Model No. | NPN output | FX-301 | FX-301B | FX-301G | FX-301H | FX-301-HS | FX-305 | | | | |
| Item | Mode | PNP output | FX-301P | FX-301BP | FX-301GP | FX-301HP | FX-301P-HS | FX-305P | | | | |
| Supp | ly voltage | | | | 12 to 24 | 4 V DC ± 10 % | Ripple P-P 10 % | 6 or less | | | | |
| Powe | r consumption | | Normal operation: 960 | CRed LED / Infrared LED type> CBlue LED / Green LED type> ormal operation: 960 mW or less (Current consumption 40 mA or less at 24 V supply voltage) Normal operation: 720 mW or less (Current consumption 30 mA or less at 24 V supply voltage) CO mode: 600 mW or less (Current consumption 18 mA or less at 24 V supply voltage) ECO mode: 430 mW or less (Current consumption 18 mA or less at 24 V supply voltage) | | | | | | | | |
| Output | | | Maximum sin Applied vol Residual voltage: <pnp <p="" output="" ty="">PNP open-co </pnp> | Idector transistor k current:100 mA (5 tage: 30 V DC o 1.5 V or less [at 100 mA /pe> Ilector transistor rce current: 100 mA tage: 30 V DC o | i0 mA, if five, or more or less (between (at 50 mA, if five, or more, | in cascade) sink current.] nnected in cascade.)) | Applied voltage: 30 V DC or less (between output and 0 V Residual voltage: 1.5 V or less [at 50 mA (Note 1 PNP output type> PNP open-collector transistor 2 outputs Maximum source current: 50 mA each (Note 1) Applied voltage: 30 V DC or less (between output and + V | | | | | |
| C | Output operatio | n | | | Selectable | either Light-ON | or Dark-ON, with | h jog switch | | | | |
| 5 | Short-circuit pro | tection | | | | Incorp | orated 35 µs or less (H-SP), | | | | | |
| Resp | onse time | | 250 µs or less | [STD / S-D (Ree | rpe only)], 150 μs d LED type only) e with jog switch | 65 μ s or less (H-SP), 150 μ s or less (FAST), 250 μ s or less (STD), 700 μ s or less (STDF), 2.5 ms or less (LONG), 4.5 ms or less (U-LG), selectable with jog switch | | | | | | |
| Sensi | Sensitivity setting | | | | .imit teaching / N / Max. sensitivity | ent / | Normal mode: 2-level teaching / Limit teaching / Full-auto teaching / Max. sensitivity teaching / Manual adjustment Window comparator mode: Teaching (1-level / 2-level / 3-level) / Manual adjustment | | | | | |
| Opera | ation indicator | | | | Orange | e LED (lights up | when the output | t is ON) | | | | |
| Stabi | lity indicator | | Green LED (ligh | nts up under stab | le light received o | condition or stable | e dark condition) | | | | | |
| MOD | E indicator | | | R | UN: Green LED, | TEACH · ADJ · | L/D ON · TIMER | · PRO: Yellow LED | | | | |
| Digita | al display | | 4 digit red LED display | | | | | | | | | |
| Fine s | ensitivity adjustr | nent function | Incorporated | | | | | | | | | |
| Timer | r function | | switchable Timer peri | either effective o od: Red LED typ | ON-delay / OFF- or ineffective. oe; 0.5 ms appro frared LED type; | Incorporated with variable ON-delay / OFF-delay / ONE-SHOT / ON-delay • OFF-delay / ON-delay • ONE- SHOT timer, switchable either effective or ineffective. (Timer period: Output 1:05 ms, 1 ms to \$9999 ms, Output 2: 05 ms, 1 ms to \$00 ms) | | | | | | |
| Light functi | emitting amour on | nt selection | | | pe only)(Note 2) I, H-SP: 3 level, 3 | | Incorporated (Note 2) FAST, STD, LONG: 4 level H-SP, S-D: 2 level | Incorporated (Note 2) FAST, STD, STDF, LONG, U-LG: 4 level H-SP: 3 level | | | | |
| | natic interferend | ce | | | of fiber heads car 9 mode is 2 fiber | | | Incorporated [Up to four sets of fiber heads can be mounted close together. (However, U-LG mode is 8 fiber heads, H-SP mode is 2 fiber heads.)] (Note 4) | | | | |
| A | Ambient temper | ature | | | ` | | | 50 °C + 14 to + 122 °F, if 8 to 16 units are connected Storage: - 20 to + 70 °C - 4 to + 158 °F | | | | |
| sista | Ambient humidi | ty | | | 35 1 | to 85 % RH, Sto | rage: 35 to 85 % | RH | | | | |
| Environmental resistance | Ambient illumina | ance | Sı | Inlight: 10,000 & | x at the light-rea | ceiving face, Inc | andescent light: | 3,000 ℓ x at the light-receiving face | | | | |
| nent | /oltage withstar | ndability | | | | | | together and enclosure (Note 5) | | | | |
| iron | nsulation resist | ance | 20 MΩ, (| or more, with 25 | 0 V DC megger | between all sup | ply terminals cor | nnected together and enclosure (Note 5) | | | | |
| | /ibration resista | ince | | | | • | - | Z directions for two hours each | | | | |
| S | Shock resistanc | е | | 98 m/s | ² acceleration (1 | 0 G approx.) in | X, Y and Z direct | tions for five times each | | | | |
| Emitti | ing element (m | odulated) | Red LED | Blue LED | Green LED | Infrared LED | Red LED | Red LED | | | | |
| Mater | rial | | Enclosure: Hea | t-resistant ABS, (| Case cover: Polyc | arbonate, MODE | key: Acrylic, Jog | switch: Heat-resistant ABS (FX-301B/G/H: Acrylic) | | | | |
| Connecting method | | | | | | | or (Note 6) | | | | | |
| COIIII | | | Extension up to total 100 m 328.084 ft (50 m 164.042 ft for 5 to 8 units, 20 m 65.617 ft for 9 to 16 units) is possible with 0.3 mm ² , or more, cable. | | | | | | | | | |
| | e extension | | Extension up to to | otal 100 m <u>328.08</u> | 4 ft (50 m 164.042 | ft for 5 to 8 units, | 20 m 65.617 ft for | 9 to 16 units) is possible with 0.3 mm ² , or more, cable. | | | | |

Notes: 1) 50 mA per output. 25 mA if five, or more, amplifiers are connected in cascade.

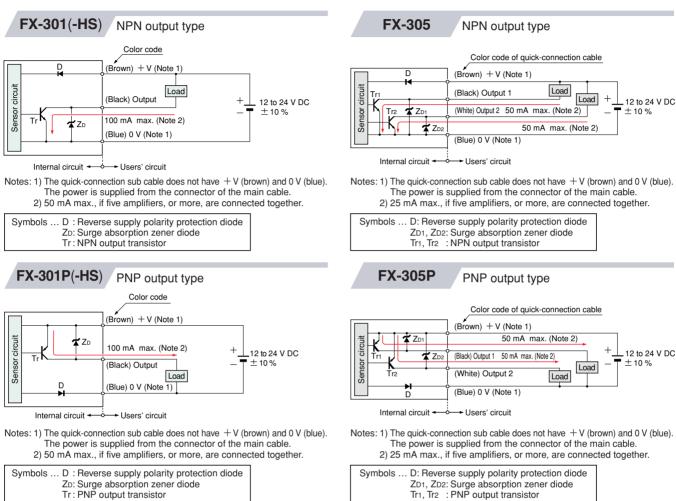
2) The light emitting amount can be zero (emission halt) in all modes.

 a) When the power supply is switched on, the light emission rains of main out in a modes.
 a) When the interference prevention.
 b) When the interference prevention function ^(p-2) is set, the number of mountable fiber heads becomes double. Furthermore, take care that the response time also becomes double. 5) The voltage withstandability and the insulation resistance values given in the above table are for the amplifier only.
6) The cable for amplifier connection is not supplied as an accessory. Make sure to use the optional quick-connection cables given below.

Main cable (3-core) for FX-301(P)(-HS): CN-73-C1 (Cable length 1 m 3.281 ft), CN-73-C2 (Cable length 2 m 6.562 ft), CN-73-C5 (Cable length 5 m 16.404 ft) Sub cable (1-core) for FX-301(P)(-HS): CN-71-C1 (Cable length 1 m 3.281 ft), CN-71-C2 (Cable length 2 m 6.562 ft), CN-71-C5 (Cable length 5 m 16.404 ft) Main cable (4-core) for FX-305(P): CN-74-C1 (Cable length 1 m 3.281 ft), CN-74-C2 (Cable length 2 m 6.562 ft), CN-74-C5 (Cable length 5 m 16.404 ft) Sub cable (2-core) for FX-305(P): CN-72-C1 (Cable length 1 m 3.281 ft), CN-74-C2 (Cable length 2 m 6.562 ft), CN-74-C5 (Cable length 5 m 16.404 ft) Sub cable (2-core) for FX-305(P): CN-72-C1 (Cable length 1 m 3.281 ft), CN-72-C2 (Cable length 2 m 6.562 ft), CN-72-C5 (Cable length 5 m 16.404 ft)



I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS



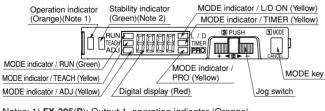
ZD: Surge absorption zener diode Tr : PNP output transistor

PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE



This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

Part description

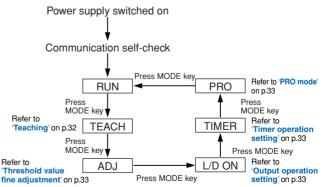


Notes: 1) FX-305(P); Output 1 operation indicator (Orange) 2) FX-305(P); Output 2 operation indicator (Orange)

Refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' for fiber precautions.

Operation procedure

- When the power supply is switched on, communication self-check is carried out and normal condition is displayed [MODE indicator / RUN (green) lights up and the digital display shows incident light intensity].
- When MODE key is pressed, the mode changes as per the diagram below.



When jog switch is pressed, the setting is confirmed.

When MODE key is pressed for 2 sec., or more, the sensor returns to the RUN mode. Cancellation is possible by pressing MODE key during setting.

For FX-305(P)

The FX-305 is equipped with two independent outputs, but the items that can be set in output 1 and output 2 respectively are only the following. The items other than those are common.

- ① Threshold value ② Output operation
- Timer operation and Timer period ④ Sensing mode



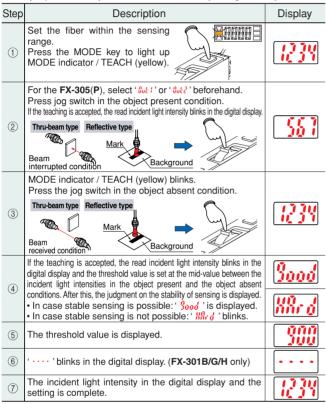
PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Teaching

 The threshold values can be set by normal mode (2-level teaching, limit teaching or full-auto teaching) or window comparator mode (1-level / 2-level / 3-level teaching) [FX-305(P) only], when the MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow) lights up.

In case of 2-level teaching

 This is the method of setting the threshold value by teaching two levels, corresponding to the object present and object absent conditions. Normally, setting is done by this method.



Notes: 1) Do not move or bend the fiber cable after the sensitivity setting. Detection may become unstable. 2) In case of using the reflective type fibers, if Jog switch is pressed in the object absent condition at (2) and (3), the sensitivity is set to the maximum.

In case of full-auto teaching

 Full-auto teaching is used when it is desired to set the threshold value without stopping the assembly line, with the object in the moving condition.

| Step | Description | Display |
|------|--|--------------|
| 1 | Set the fiber within the sensing range. Press MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow). | 1234 |
| 2 | For the FX-305(P), select ' <i>but i</i> ' or ' <i>but i</i> ' beforehand. Press the jog switch continuously for 0.5 sec. or more with the object moving on the assembly line. (The incident light intensity is displayed during sampling.) | <u>;;?}Y</u> |
| 3 | ${}^{*}\!\!\!\!\!\!R_{0} t_{0}$ ' is displayed on the digital display. Release the jog switch when the object has passed. | Ruto |
| (4) | If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the digital display and the threshold value is set at the mid-value between the incident light intensities in the object present and the object absent conditions. After | 3000 |
| | In case stable sensing is possible: '\$000' is displayed. In case stable sensing is not possible: '\$000' is displayed. | X8r d |
| (5) | The threshold value is displayed. | |
| 6 | ' · · · · ' blinks in the digital display. (FX-301B/G/H only) | ••• |
| 7 | The incident light intensity in the digital display and the setting is complete. | !? }! |

Notes: 1) The threshold value's shift amount can be selected in PRO mode. (Increments of 5 % between - 45 and 45 % for setting possible. 0 % default.)

 Do not move or bend the fiber cable after the sensitivity setting. Detection may become unstable.



In case of limit teaching

 This is the method of setting the threshold value by teaching only the object absent condition (stable incident light condition). This is used for detection in the presence of a background body or for detection of minute objects.

| | | - |
|-------|--|-----------------|
| Step | Description | Display |
| 1 | Set the fiber within the sensing range. Press the MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow). | 1234 |
| 2 | For the FX-305(P), select ' $\emptyset \downarrow t$ ' or ' $\emptyset \downarrow t$ ' beforehand. Press the jog switch in the object absent condition. If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the digital display. type Reflective type Background body Beam received condition | |
| 3 | MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow) blinks. Turn jog switch to the ' $+$ ' side or ' $-$ ' side. | :?3Y |
| 4 | If the jog switch is turned to the '+' side, ', 'scrolls (twice)(Note 2) the display from right to left, and the threshold level is shifted to a value approx. 15 % higher (lower sensitivity) than that set at (2). (Note 1) This is used in case of reflective type fibers. If the jog switch is turned to the '-' side, ', 'scrolls (twice) (Note 2) the display from left to right, and the threshold level is shifted to a value approx. 15 % lower (higher sensitivity) than that set at (2). (Note 1) This is used in case of thru-beam type fibers. | J |
| 5 | After this, the judgment on whether the setting shift amount can be shifted or not is displayed. • In case shifting is possible: ' \$000 'blinks. • In case shifting is not possible: ' #8r0 'blinks. | Sood XRr d |
| 6 | The threshold value is displayed. | 300 |
| 7 | ' · · · · ' blinks in the digital display. (FX-301B/G/H only) | •••• |
| 8 | The incident light intensity appears in the digital display and the setting is complete. | <u>12</u> 34 |
| Notes | 1) The FX-301B/G/H has no scroll display. 2) The approx. 15 % amount of shift is the initial value. The | amount of shift |

- can be changed in the PRO mode from approx. 5 to 80 % (5 % step).
- Do not move or bend the fiber cable after the sensitivity setting. Detection may become unstable.

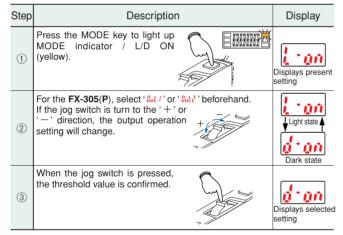
Please refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' or website (http://www.sunx.jp) for setting of threshold value when used in combination with contact type liquid level detection fiber **FD-F8Y**, and for setting of threshold value when used in combination with pipe-mountable liquid level detection fiber **FD-F4**.

PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Threshold value fine adjustment

| Step | Description | Display |
|------|--|---------|
| 1 | Press the MODE key to light up MODE indicator / ADJ (yellow). | |
| 2 | For the FX-305(P), select ' \mathfrak{g}_{u} t' or ' \mathfrak{g}_{u} t' beforehand. In case the threshold value is to be increased (sensitivity to be reduced), turn the jog switch to the '+' side to increase the threshold value slowly. If the jog switch is turned continuously to the '+' side, the threshold value increases rapidly. In case the threshold value is to be decreased (sensitivity to be increased), turn the jog switch to the '-' side, the threshold value decreases slowly. If the jog switch is turned continuously to the '-' side, the threshold value decreases | |
| 3 | When the jog switch is pressed, the threshold value is confirmed. | |

Output operation setting



Timer operation setting

- When the MODE indicator / TIMER (yellow) lights up, you can set the type of timer and whether the timer is to be used or not. For the **FX-301B/G/H**, the type of timer is set in PRO mode.
- Further, an OFF-delay which is useful when the response of the connected device is slow, etc., an ON-delay which is useful to detect only objects taking a long time to travel, and ONE-SHOT, which is useful when the input specifications of the connected device require a signal of a fixed width, are possible with the FX-301[(-HS). [Furthermore, ON-delay OFF-delay and ON-delay ONE-SHOT timer are incorporated for FX-305(P).]

Cascading amplifiers

- The FX-301(P), FX-301B/G/H(P) and FX-305(P) cannot use communication for any settings other than the automatic interference prevention function. When using these amplifiers as well, use only the same type of amplifiers all together. However, the FX-301-HS(P) is not equipped with an optical communication function for setting the automatic interference prevention function, so be aware of this when using these amplifiers with other amplifiers.
- If the FX-301(P) updated version unit or the FX-305(P) is mounted with the FX-301(P) previous version unit or the FX-301B/G/H(P) in cascade, place the FX-301(P) updated version units and the FX-305 units to the right side (seen from the connector side) of the previous version units. For a difference between the updated version unit and the previous version unit, refer to 'A difference between the updated version unit and the previous version unit' (P.34).

PRO mode

• PRO settings can be done when MODE indicator / PRO (yellow) lights up.

PRO mode table

| | Display | Description |
|------------------|---------|---|
| PRO1 | Pro l | ① Response time change function ' \$P{d'} ② Timer setting function ' \$\delta\{\set\}'\$ ③ Hysteresis function ' \$\delta\{\set\}'\$ ④ Stability function ' \$\delta\{\set\}'\$ ⑤ Shift function ' \$\delta\{\set\}'\$ ⑥ Emitting power selection function '\$\delta\{\set\}'\$ (Note 1) |
| PRO2 | Prod | Digital display setting function 'd'5?' Digital display inversion function 'kura' ECO mode setting function 'kca' |
| PRO3 | pro} | Data bank load setting function ' cht⁰ ' Data bank save setting function ' ch5⁸ ' |
| PRO4 | Pr 04 | Setting condition copy function ' ξοθ''. Remote data bank load setting function ' ch{θ''. Remote data bank save setting function ' ch{θ''. Communication confirmation function ' k (Note 2) Communication lock function ' k (Note 2) Back-up function ' b ωθ'' (Note 3) |
| PRO5 | Pros | Code setting function ' lode' Adjust lock setting function ' lote' Setting reset function ' r5{t' Interference prevention function ' loger' (Note 4) |
| PRO6 (Note 4) | Pr 06 | Output setting function ' Out 1', ' Out 2' version unit EX-301(P)-HS EX-305(P) only |

Notes: 1) FX-301(P) updated version unit, FX-301(P)-HS, FX-305(P) only 2) FX-301B(P)/G(P)/H(P) only 3) FX-301(P) updated version unit, FX-305(P) only 4) FX-305(P) only

Key-lock function

 If the jog switch and the MODE key are pressed for more than 3 sec. at the same time in RUN mode condition, the key operations are locked, and only the threshold value confirmation function or the adjust function (valid only when the adjust lock function is canceled) is valid.

Wiring

- When the emission halt of the emitting power switching function is set from 'OFF' to 'ON', the output may be unstable. Do not use the output control for 0.5 sec. after starting emission.
- Make sure that the power supply is off while wiring.
- · Verify that the supply voltage variation is within the rating.
- Take care that if a voltage exceeding the rated range is applied, or if an AC power supply is directly connected, the sensor may get burnt or damaged.
- If power is supplied from a commercial switching regulator, ensure that the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the power supply is connected to an actual ground.
- In case noise generating equipment (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) is used in the vicinity
 of this product, connect the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the equipment to an actual ground.
- Take care that short-circuit or wrong wiring of the load may burn or damage the sensor.
- Do not run the wires together with high-voltage lines or power lines or put them in the same raceway. This can cause malfunction due to induction.
- Ensure that an isolation transformer is utilized for the DC power supply. If an auto transformer is utilized, the main amplifier or power supply may be damaged.
- Make sure to use the optional quick-connection cable for the connection of the amplifier [FX-301(P)(-HS) / FX-305(P)]. Extension up to total 100 m 328.084 ft (50 m 164.042 ft for 5 to 8 units, 20 m 65.617 ft for 9 to 16 units,) is possible with 0.3 mm², or more, cable. However, in order to reduce noise, make the wiring as short as possible.

Others

- Do not use during the initial transient time (0.5 sec. approx.) after the power supply is switched on.
- Take care that the sensor is not directly exposed to fluorescent light from a rapid-starter lamp or a high frequency lighting device, as it may affect the sensing performance.
- This sensor is suitable for indoor use only.
- Avoid dust, dirt, and steam.

Take care that the product does not come in direct contact with water, oil, grease, or organic solvents, such as, thinner, etc.

- This sensor cannot be used in an environment containing inflammable or explosive gasses.
- Never disassemble or modify the sensor.



PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' for fiber precautions.

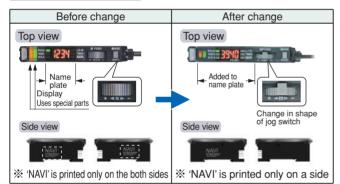
Function table for FX-300 series

| | Previous models | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | FX-301(P) (Previous version unit) | FX-302(P) | FX-303(P) | FX-301(P) (Updated version unit) | FX-301(P)-HS | FX-305(P) |
| Four-chemical emitting element + APC circuit | × | × | × | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Four-chemical emitting element only | O (Note 1) | 0 | 0 | — | — | - |
| Light emitting amount selection function | × | × | × | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reduced intensity mode (S-D) | O (Note 1) | 0 | X | 0 | 0 | _ |
| 9,999 digit display | × | × | X | × | × | 0 |
| Response time (Max. speed) | 150 μs | 300 µs | 90 µs | 65 µs | 35 µs | 65 µs |
| Interference prevention function (Effective no. of units) | Incorporated (4) | Incorporated (8) | Not incorporated (0) | Incorporated (4) | Not incorporated (0) | Incorporated (16) |
| Independent 2 outputs | × | × | X | × | × | 0 |
| Alarm output function | × | × | X | × | × | 0 |
| Error output function | × | × | X | X | × | 0 |
| Differential sensing | × | × | X | × | × | 0 |
| Window comparator mode | × | 0 | X | × | × | 0 |
| Peripheral units that can be combined | 1 | | | | | |
| FX-CH(-P) | Ō | Ó | × | × | × | × |
| FX-CH2(-P) | × | × | X | 0 | × | 0 |
| SC-GU1-485 | × | × | X | 0 | X | 0 |

Note: Except FX-301B/G/H

A difference between the updated version unit and the previous version unit for FX-301 (Red LED type)

Changes in appearance



Checking minor changes between previous and new models can be done by checking whether the printing is on both sides or only one side.

Upgraded functions

1. Response times added

An ultra high-speed mode (H-SP) has been added to the existing 4 response time modes [high-speed (FAST), reduced intensity (S-D), standard (STD) and long range (LONG)]. This is changed using $\frac{P_{CO}}{2}$ in $\frac{SPEd}{2}$.

| After change | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| 5 steps | | | |
| 105 μs (added)(H-SP) | | | |
| 150 μs (FAST) | | | |
| 1998 μ s (S-D) | | | |
| 250 μs (STD) | | | |
| 2 ms (LONG) | | | |
| | | | |

2. Extension of timer period

The setting range for the timer period was previously 500 ms, but this has been extended to a new range of 9999 ms.

3. Light emitting amount selection function

The light emitting amount can be changed to one of 4 levels (5 levels when emission halt is included).

4. Backup, copy lock and key lock functions added

- Backup: This selects whether or not threshold values set by teaching are written to (stored in) an EEPROM.
- Copy lock: This selects whether copy function and data bank function communication are possible or not.
- Key lock: This disables input using switches to prevent accidental changing of settings.

Changes in operation

1. Timer selection method

Previous version unit: Timer type was changed using PRO1 mode. The 'TIMER' setting in NAVI mode could only be turned on or off.

- After change: The type of timer can be changed using the 'TIMER' function in NAVI mode.
- 2. Checking threshold value in RUN mode

The threshold values can be checked by turning the jog switch.

Display changes

After change

1. Checking blinking of sensitivity surplus

The stable surplus display method after teaching has been changed.

Previous version unit: Sensitivity surplus is indicated by the number of blinks of the stability indicator.

2. Initial direct code value changed

The factory default settings for the direct codes have been changed.

Previous version unit 0000 - After change 0004

% The default setting for the timer period is 10 ms, and the direct code for 10 ms is '4', so this has been changed.

Internal circuit changes

1. Addition of an APC circuit

A four-chemical emitting element which provides stable sensing over long periods has been added, as well as an APC (Auto Power Control) circuit that improves stability during short periods.

Points to note when combining sensor types

When using the newer sensors together with previous version units (including the $\ensuremath{\text{FX-301B/G/H}}\xspace$), note the following.

- Communication is possible when the previous version units and the updated version units are used in an arrangement such as that shown in Figure A below.
- If the previous version units and the updated version units are used in an arrangement such as that shown in Figure B below, the interference prevention function and the PRO4 function cannot be used.
- In order to use the interference prevention function and the PRO4 function when using previous version units and the updated version units together, it is recommended that you use an arrangement such as that shown in Figure C below.

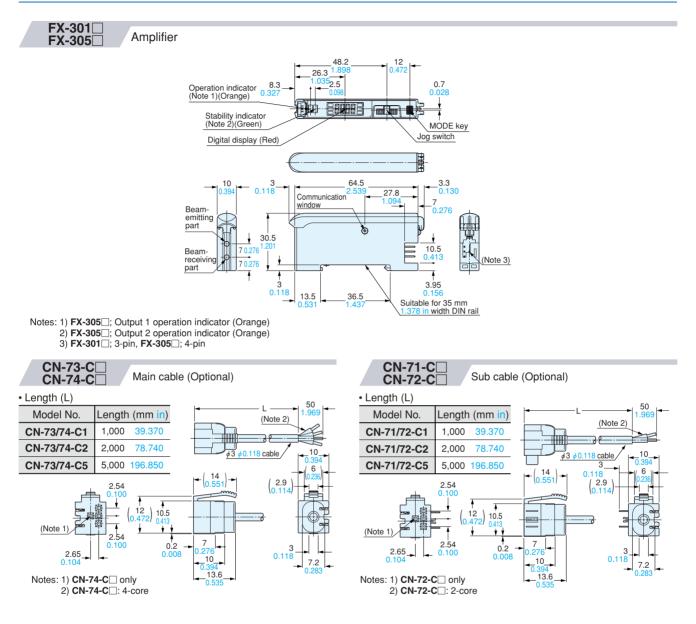




Previous Updated version unit version unit

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)

Refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' for fiber dimensions. The CAD data in the dimensions can be downloaded from the website: http://www.sunx.jp/



Introducing digital laser sensor LS series

Making high precision laser sensing more intuitive and easier to use

- Minute objects can be sensed even at removed distances.
- 3 types of laser sensor head available.
- Side-by-side placement together with fiber sensors is also possible.



<IC pin check>

<Sensing remaining sheet roll amounts>

For further details, please refer to the SUNX home page (http://www.sunx.co. jp/) or contact our office.



External Input Unit for Digital Sensor / FX-CH2



Support for stable sensing and smooth setup changes!

Teaching and data bank switching for up to a maximum of 16 digital fiber sensors (FX-301 and FX-305) can be carried out all at once using an external device such as a PLC, touch screen or switch.



Setup changes (external automatic teaching / data bank switching) Digital fiber settings can be changed using input from a touch screen or switch, so that production line setup changes can be carried out more easily.

External teaching

Full-auto teaching is recommended for teaching when the sensing object is changed without stopping the line.

Data bank switching

Settings such as output operations (L-ON / D-ON) and timer operations can be recorded in the digital fiber sensor's data bank and switching can be carried out externally. * Up to 3 files can be stored.

FX-CH2 function list

Teaching input

The following types of external teaching can be carried out.

- Full-auto teaching Limit teaching '
- Limit teaching '+' 2-level teaching

Key lock setting input

The key lock function that prevents incorrect operations by operators can be set on and off.

Data bank switching input

Switching between 3 channels of data banks and loading and saving of all channels at once can be carried out.

Product lineup

Connector for input device CN-EP1 [1 pc. included with FX-CH2(-P)]

- Input signal
- The types of input operations are determined by S1 and S2 and the input timing is determined by S3.

* FX-CH2(-P) does not include a cable for connecting to the input device



Quick-connection cable CN-73-C (Optional)

MODE

Mode selection

The MODE wire can be switched between high and low to select the input mode from either 'external teaching and key lock' or 'data bank switching'.

Explanation of limit teaching

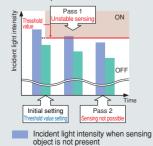
S

COM

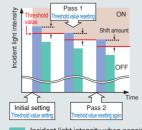
• Limit teaching '-'

Limit teaching '-' shifts the threshold value setting to make it less than the incident light intensity during teaching.

When limit teaching is not used If the incident light intensity changes with respect to the initial threshold setting value because of reasons such as beam axis slippage, sensing can become unstable and incorrect operations can occur.



When limit teaching - is used The threshold value is reset each time before the sensing object arrives, (limit teaching '-'). As a result, sensing is not affected by changes in incident light intensity.



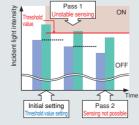
Incident light intensity when sensing object is pi

• Limit teaching '+'

Limit teaching '+' is the opposite of limit teaching '-', so that the threshold value setting is shifted toward a higher setting to make it more than the incident light intensity during teaching.

When limit teaching is not used If dust or other particles cause changes in the incident light intensity with respect to the initial threshold setting value, sensing can become unstable and incorrect operations can occur.

When limit teaching ' + ' is used) The threshold value is reset each time before the sensing object arrives, (limit teaching '+ '). As a result, sensing is not affected by changes in incident light intensity.



Pass 1 ON light OFF Initial setting Pass 2

% When limit teaching is used, use the SHIFT function in PRO mode of the amplifier to set the shift amount beforehand





ORDER GUIDE

| Design | Model No. | |
|---|--------------------------|----------|
| E to contra a contra | NPN input type | FX-CH2 |
| External input unit | PNP input type | FX-CH2-P |
| Connector for input device (1 pc. included as standard | CN-EP1 5 pcs. per set | |
| | Length: 1 m 3.281 ft | CN-73-C1 |
| Quick-connection cable (Main cable) | Length: 2 m 6.562 ft | CN-73-C2 |
| (Main cable) | Length: 5 m 16.404 ft | CN-73-C5 |
| Find alata | MS-DIN-E | |
| End plate | 2 pcs. per set | |

SPECIFICATIONS

| ~ | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Туре | NPN input type | PNP input type | | | |
| Item Model No. | FX-CH2 | FX-CH2-P | | | |
| Applicable sensor | FX-301(P)(Note 1), FX-305(P) | | | | |
| Supply voltage | 12 to 24 V DC \pm 10 % Ripple P-P 10 % or less | | | | |
| Power consumption | 600 mW or less (when all indicators light up) | | | | |
| Input | Low: 0 to + 2 V DC Source current 0.5 mA Input impedance 10 kΩ approx. High: +5 V to + V DC, or open | Input impedance 10 kΩ approx. | | | |
| Power indicator | Green LED (Lights up when the power is ON) | | | | |
| Transmission operation indicator | Green LED (Lights up when loaded, and 2-level / Limit teaching, blinks→lights up when saved, and Full-auto teaching) | | | | |
| Ambient temperature | -10 to $+55$ °C $+14$ to $+131$ °F (if 4 to 7 sensors are connected in cascade: -10 to $+50$ °C $+14$ to $+122$ °F, if 8 to 16 sensors are connected in cascade: -10 to $+45$ °C $+14$ to $+113$ °F)(No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: -20 to $+70$ °C -4 to $+158$ °F | | | | |
| Material | Enclosure: Heat-resistant ABS | | | | |
| Cable extension | Extension up to total 10 m 32.808 ft is possible with 0.3 mm ² , or more, cable. | | | | |
| Weight | Net weight: 20 g approx., Gross weight: 40 g approx. | | | | |
| Accessory | CN-EP1 (Connector for input device)(Note 2): 1 pc. | | | | |

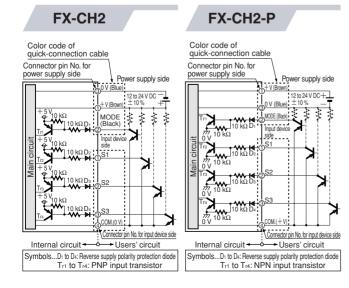
Notes: 1) Only updated version of **FX-301(P)** can be used. Do not use the previous version of **FX-301(P)**. The updated version of **FX-301(P)** have 'NAVI' printed on one side.

(See the right figure.)



2) The applicable wire is 0.08 mm² (AWG 28) to 0.5 mm² (AWG 20) and the wire sheath diameter should be $\phi 1.5 \text{ mm } \phi 0.059 \text{ in or less.}$

I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS



OPERATION TIMING CHART

When MODE is set to High (Low for FX-CH2-P) or open

| | Data bank load | | | | Data bank save | | | |
|------|--|-------------|-------|--------------|----------------|-----|-----|----------------|
| | 1ch | 2ch | 3ch | | 1ch | 2ch | 3ch | |
| S1 | t1 | | t1 | -High Low | t1 ► | | t1 | -High - Low |
| S2 | | t1 | *t1 | -High Low | | t1 | t1 | -High - Low |
| S3 | → <u>t2</u> ← | → <u>t2</u> | →t2 ← | -High Low | t3 | t3 | t3 | -High - Low |
| t1 : | t1 : t1>t2, t1>t3 t2 : 20 ms to less than 2 sec. t3 : 2 sec. or more | | | | | | | |

When MODE is set to Low (High for FX-CH2-P)

| | | 2-level / Full- | auto teaching | Limit te | eaching | | | Key | lock | 1 |
|---|------|-----------------|---------------|----------|---------|---------------|------|--------------|--------------|----|
| | | 2-level | Full-auto | '+' | ' — ' | | | Cancellation | Setting | |
| | S1 | t1 | t | | t1 | High Low | S1 | | | +H |
| | S2 | | | t1 | t1 | High Low | S2 | | | +H |
| | S3 | →t2 | → t3 ← | ->t2 - | →t2 ← | High - Low | S3 | →t1≁ | t2 | -Η |
| ļ | t1 : | t1>t2, t1> | ·t3 | | | | t1 : | 20 ms to les | ss than 2 se | C. |

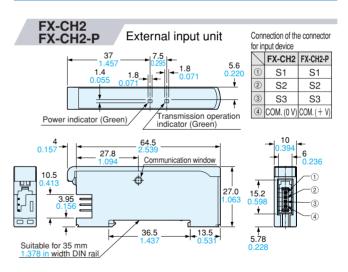
t2:20 ms to less than 2 sec. (This is the timing period for 1 level. 2 levels are required.) t2:2 sec. or more

3:0.5 sec. or more (Sampling starts after 0.5 sec.) Notes: 1) The above diagrams show the **FX-CH2** (NPN input type).

For the **FX-CH2-P** (PNP input type), High and Low are reversed. 2) After each operation has been confirmed, the fiber sensor cannot be reset for a period of approximately 50 ms.

Hig -Low High

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)



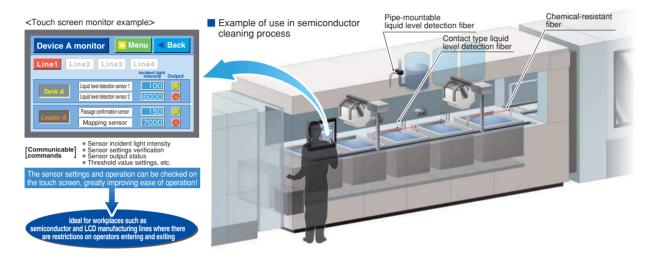
Upper Communication Unit for Digital Sensors / SC-GU1-485



We now offer remote maintenance for sensors! Also reduces the work required to the system to start running!

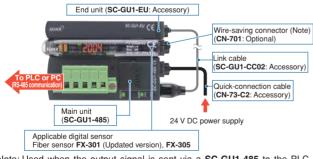
Centralized control and setting of scattered digital sensors (FX-301/305) is possible using a PLC or personal computer





Control and settings can be carried out remotely

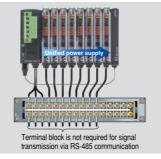
Setting and checking incident light intensity for digital sensors (**FX-301/305**) that are scattered inside and outside equipment can be carried out remotely for all sensors by using the **SC-GU1-485**, which greatly improves ease of operations such as monitoring equipment that is running and also equipment starting and maintenance.



Note: Used when the output signal is sent via a SC-GU1-485 to the PLC. If the output signal is sent directly to the PLC, a quick-connection cable (CN-72-C□, CN-71-C□) should be used.

Less wiring and installation work

Up to a maximum of 16 sensors can be connected side by side. Power can be supplied to all of them at once, so that less wiring and installation work is required. Wire-saving connectors also makes it possible to send output signals to the PLC in a single batch.

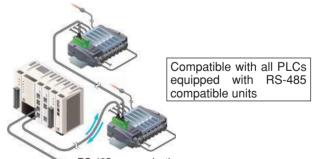


Communication speed 57.6 kbps

High-speed communication at a maximum speed of 57.6 kbps allows the operator to instantly check information such as the incident light intensity and output statuses of the digital sensors.

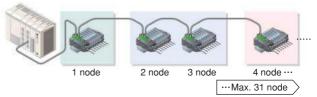
High general applicability so that any type of PLC can be used

RS-485 communication provides a high level of general compatibility so that any type of PLC can be used. Integration with existing systems is possible without the need to change PLCs.



RS-485 communication

Series connection of a maximum of 31 nodes is possible A maximum of 31 nodes can be connected in series. This is ideal for flexible handling when the sensors are to be installed in scattered locations or if more sensors are added.



SPECIFICATIONS

| Туре | Main unit | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Item Model No. | SC-GU1-485 | | | |
| Applicable sensor | FX-301(P)(Note), FX-305(P) | | | |
| Connectable units | Max. 16 units of sensor per SC-GU1-485 | | | |
| Connectable nodes | Max. 31 nodes | | | |
| Supply voltage | 24 V DC \pm 10 % Ripple P-P10 % or less | | | |
| Current consumption | 45 mA or less (10 mA or less for SC-GU1-EU) | | | |
| Communication method | 2 wire half duplex method | | | |
| Communication speed | 57,600 bps / 38,400 bps / 19,200 bps / 9,600 bps Selectable by DIP switch | | | |
| Synchronization method | Asynchronous communication method | | | |
| Electrical characteristic | Conforming to EIA RS-485 | | | |
| Total extension length | Communication cable: 100 m 328.084 ft or less [SC-GU1-485 (termination) to PLC], Power supply cable: Less than 10 m 32.808 ft | | | |
| Ambient temperature | -10 to $+55\ ^{\rm C}$ $+14$ to $+131\ ^{\rm CF}$ (lf 4 to 7 sensors are connected in cascade: -10 to $+50\ ^{\rm CC}$ $+14$ to $+122\ ^{\rm CF}$, if 8 to 16 sensors are connected in cascade: -10 to $+45\ ^{\rm CC}$ $+14$ to $+113\ ^{\rm CF}$)(No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: -20 to $+70\ ^{\rm CC}$ -4 to $+158\ ^{\rm CF}$ | | | |
| Material | Enclosure: Heat-resistant ABS | | | |
| Weight | 35 g approx. (10 g approx. for SC-GU1-EU) | | | |
| Accessories | SC-GU1-EU (End unit): 1 pc. CN-73-C2 [Quick-connection cable (cable length 2 m 6.562 ft)]: 1 pc. SC-GU1-CC02 [Link cable (cable length 0.2 m 0.656 ft)]: 1 pc. | | | |

Note: Applicable units are for the **FX-301(P)** after version update. Do not use the previous version of **FX-301(P)**.

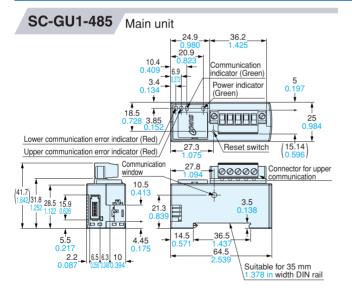
NAVI

ĒĒ

C

The updated version of **FX-301**(**P**) has the 'NAVI' printed only on single side. (See the right figure.)

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)



All information is subject to change without prior notice.

SUNX Sensing the Future

http://www.sunx.jp/

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Overseas Sales Dept. Phone: +81-(0)568-33-7861 FAX: +81-(0)568-33-8591

OPERATION VERIFICATION PROGRAM DOWNLOAD SERVICE

The SUNX website download data service lets you download operation verification programs to a personal computer. (http://www.sunx.co.jp/)

Monitoring example



Operating environment

OS: Windows 98 Second Edition

(standard English language installation only) or later CPU: Pentium II 400 MHz processor or higher (Pentium III 450 MHz or higher recommended)

Memory: 64 MB or more (128 MB or more recommended) Free hard disk space: 10 MB or more

Serial port: RS-232C compatible

Details that can be checked:

Sensor threshold values, output statuses, configuration settings, teaching and timer period setting changes, etc.

Notes: 1) Note the following when using this software.

The software is supplied as freeware. Copyright is retained by SUNX Limited. You must agree to the following conditions before using the software.

Conditions of use

- SUNX does not guarantee the correct operation of this software. SUNX takes no responsibility for any direct or indirect losses, damage, loss of profit or any other problems arising as a result of using or operating this software.
- 2) When connecting the SC-GU1-485 to a personal computer, you will need obtain a interface converter (RS-232C RS-485 converter) and cable to connect between the computer and the interface converter.

OPTION

CN-701 (Wire-saving connector)

Note: Used when the output signal is sent via a SC-GU1-485 to the PLC.



