The CPCO Series (77mm) Current Probes are Clamp On current sensors capable of measuring ac and dc currents available in ranges of \pm 500A, \pm 1000A, \pm 2000, \pm 4000A, \pm 8000A or \pm 12000A with an accuracy of +/-1% and non-linearity of <+/-0.5%. The bandwidth is dc to 40kHz. The Probe splits along a diameter allowing easy installation to existing cables without having to break the connection. A captive screw is used rather than a clip to ensure consistent closure under mechanical loading or vibration.

The Current Probes utilize Hall effect sensing technology with no magnetic core. This eliminates magnetic hysteresis and non-linearity effects present in conventional open loop sensors with magnetic cores.

FEATURES

- Clamp On
- Light Weight <120g
- Low Power <0.5W for Voltage Output Signal;
 <0.8W for 4-20mA Output Signal
- Operating Voltage: Single rail power supply for all versions
- Current Ranges: ±500, ±1000, ±2000, ±4000A, ±8000A, ±12000A
- Accuracy: ±1%
- Non-Linearity: <±0.5%
- Wide Bandwidth: dc to 40kHz
- Output Signal Options: Single Ended 5V, Bi Polar 5V, Bi Polar 10V, 4-20mA and RMS
- Power ON LED indicator
- Low noise <0.1% of FS
- Reverse power supply voltage protected
- High rejection of external magnetic fields, e.g. from external conductors
- Output short circuit protection (except for 4-20mA version)

ORDERING INFORMATION Part Number Format:

CPCO - Current Range - Aperture - Output Signal Type

<u>CPCO</u>

 $\overline{\text{CPCO}}$ = Current Probe Clamp On

 $\frac{\text{Current Range}}{500} = \pm 500\text{A}$ $1000 = \pm 1000\text{A}$ $2000 = \pm 2000\text{A}$ $4000 = \pm 4000\text{A}$ $8000 = \pm 8000\text{A}$ $12000 = \pm 12000\text{A}$

Aperture

77mm

e.g. CPCO-4000-77-BP10

Current Probe Clamp On, 4000A, 77mm Diameter Aperture, Bi Polar ±10V Output Signal

MA = 4-20mA Source, $12mA \pm 8mA$

Revision Date: 23 July 2019

Output Signal Type

RMS = RMS, 0-3V

SE = Single Ended, $5.0V \pm 5.0V$

 $BP5 = Bi Polar, 0.0V \pm 5.0V$

BP10 = Bi Polar, $0.0V \pm 10V$





TABLE 1: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications by Current Range									
Specification		Symbol	CPCO-500	CPCO-1000	CPCO-2000	CPCO-4000	CPCO-8000	CPCO-12000	
Primary Current, Nominal		I _{PN}	±500A	±1000A	±2000A	±4000A	±8000A	±12000A	
Primary Current, Max		I _{PSAT}	±625A	±1250A	±2500A	±5000A	±10000A	±15000A	
Primary Current, Ove	erload	I _{POL}	No Limit						
Sensitivity Accuracy		SA	±1 % of FS						
Non Linearity	NL $< \pm 0.5\%$ of I_{PN} (Primary Current, Nominal)								
	SE Output	s	8mV/A	4mV/A	2mV/A	1mV/A	0.5mV/A	0.3mV/A	
	BP5 Output		8mV/A	4mV/A	2mV/A	1mV/A	0.5mV/A	0.3mV/A	
Sensitivity	BP10 Output		16mV/A	8mV/A	4mV/A	2mV/A	1mV/A	0.6mV/A	
	RMS Output		8mV/Arms	4mV/Arms	2mV/Arms	1mV/Arms	0.5mV/Arms	0.3mV/Arms	
	MA Output	S	0.016mA/A	0.008mA/A	0.004mA/A	0.002mA/A	0.001mA/A	0.0006mA/A	
Bandwidth (-3dB)		BW	dc to 40kHz						
Hysteresis after $\pm I_{PSAT}$	r	$V_{_{\rm HYS}} {\rm or} {\rm I}_{_{\rm HYS}}$	<0.05 % of FS						
PSAI	SE Output	V _{NO}	<2mVrms	<1mVrms	<0.5mVrms	<0.2mVrms	<0.2mVrms	<0.1mVrms	
	BP5 Output		<2mVrms	<1mVrms	<0.5mVrms	<0.2mVrms	<0.2mVrms	<0.1mVrms	
Noise	BP10 Output		<4mVrms	<2mVrms	<1mVrms	<0.5mVrms	<0.5mVrms	<0.5mVrms	
	RMS Output		<1mVrms	<0.5Vrms	<0.3Vrms	<0.05mVrms	<0.05mVrms	<0.02mVrms	
	MA Output	I _{NO}	2 µArms	1 μArms	0.5 µArms	0.25 μArms	0.25 µArms	0.25 µArms	
Resolution	olution Noise * (1 / Sensitivity)								
Dielectric Withstanding between Aperture ID and Connector Pins		U _w	>5000V (60Hz, Dwell Time 1 min.)						

Specifications by Output Signal Type								
Specification	Symbol	SE (single ended)	BP5 (Bi Polar 5V)	BP10 (Bi Polar 10V)	RMS (RMS)	N (4-20	1A 0mA)	
Output Signal, Nominal	V _{out} or I _{out}	$5.0 \pm 4.0 V$	$0.0V \pm 4.0V$	$0.0\pm8.0V$	0.0 to 3.0V	12 ±	8mA	
Output Signal, Max	V _{OUTMSAT} or I _{OUTMSAT}	$5.0 \pm 5.0 V$	$0.0V \pm 5.0V$	0.0 ± 10.0V	0.0 to 4.0V	12 ±	10mA	
Output Signal Current, Absolute Max	I _{OUTM}	2mA	±2mA	±2mA	2mA	22	mA	
Capacitive Load, Absolute Max	C _{OUTM}	10nF	10nF	10nF	10nF	10nF 100nF		
Output Source Impedance	R _s	10 to 15Ω	10 to 15Ω	10 to 15Ω	10 to 15Ω	>10	0ΚΩ	
Offset at $I_p = 0$	$V_{oe} \text{ or } I_{oe}$	±10mV ¹	±10mV ¹	±20mV ¹	±20mV	±0.024mA		
Maximum Response Time	T _R	<10µs	<10µs	<10µs	1s	<1	0µs	
						Loop Load Resistance		
Power Supply Voltage	V _c	11 to 31V	11 to 31V	11 to 15.5V	11 to 31V	100Ω	11-15V	
						250Ω	11-20V	
						750Ω	21-30V	
Power Supply Current, Max	I _c	<47mA	<47mA	<47mA	<47mA	<47mA +I _{out}		
Short Circuit Protection	I _{SHORT}		Continuous <1 minute				ninute	

¹ Except for CPCO-500 Series. For the CPCO-500 Series, $V_{OE} = \pm 15$ mV.

Revision Date: 23 July 2019

GMW Associates: 955 Industrial Road, San Carlos, CA 94070, USA. www.gmw.com. +1 (650) 802-8292



TABLE 2: MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specification	
Aperture Diameter	77mm (3.0″)
Overall Size	101mm x 127mm x 19mm (4″ x 5″ x 0.75″)
Weight	120g (0.26lb)
Housing Material	Urethane Fire Retardant (UL 94 V-0)
Encapsulant Material	Polybutadiene Resin (UL 94 V-0)

TABLE 2: ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specification					
Temperature, Operating		-40 to 85°C			
Temperature, Storage		+15 to 85°C			
T _c of Sensitivity		± 200ppm/°C			
		CPCO-500	± 0.2A/°C		
T of Zoro		CPCO-1000	± 0.2A/°C		
		CPCO-2000	± 0.4A/°C		
		-40 to 85°C +15 to 85°C ± 200ppm/°C CPCO-500 CPCO-2000 CPCO-2000 CPCO-2000 CPCO-4000 NEMA 5 equivaler 0-90% RH 20-60% RH CPCO-1000 CPCO-500 CPCO-500 CPCO-1000 CPCO-1000 CPCO-2000 CPCO-2000 CPCO-2000 CPCO-2000 CPCO-1000 CPCO-2000 CPCO-1000 CPCO-12000 All Models In contact with any outer surface	± 0.8A/°C		
Sealed		NEMA 5 equivalent			
umidity, Operating 0-9			1% RH		
Humidity, Storage		20-60% RH			
		CPCO-500	20mT (200G)		
		CPCO-1000	40mT (400G)		
		+15 to 85°C ± 200ppm/°C CPCO-500 ± 0.2A/°C CPCO-1000 ± 0.2A/°C CPCO-2000 ± 0.4A/°C CPCO-4000 ± 0.8A/°C NEMA 5 equivalent 0-90% RH 20-60% RH 20-60% RH CPCO-500 20mT (200G) CPCO-1000 40mT (400G) CPCO-1000 60mT (600G) CPCO-2000 60mT (600G) CPCO-2000 120mT (600G) CPCO-12000 120mT (600G) CPCO-12000 120mT (600G) All Models 200mT (2000 G) < 0.5% of FS < 0.5% of FS	60mT (600G)		
External Magnetic Field Component, <0.2%	In Plane				
		CPCO-8000	120mT (600G)		
		CPCO-12000	120mT (600G)		
	Longitudinal or Axial	All Models	200mT (2000 G)		
Effect of Primary Conductor Position within Aper (20mm diameter conductor)	ture	< 05% of FS			
Effect of Another Conductor within 5mm of any c diameter conductor, $I \le to I_{PN}$	outer surface of probe (20mm	< 0.5% of FS			
Effect of Steel plate outside the Current Probe		In contact with any outer surface	< 0.5% of FS		
(200 x 200mm square plate)		5mm from any outer surface	< 0.2% of FS		



DRAWING 1: PIN AND I_P ORIENTATION



DRAWING 2: CONNECTION DIAGRAM



DRAWING 3: OUTLINE DRAWING



GMW Associates: 955 Industrial Road, San Carlos, CA 94070, USA. www.gmw.com. +1 (650) 802-8292

GMW

CPCO Series (77mm) DC-AC Current Probe, Clamp On ±500A, ±1000A, ±2000 or ±4000A, ±8000 or ±12000A

Signal Output Option Descriptions

SE Option - The SE stands for Single Ended and the output voltage from the CPCO will have a quiescent output voltage of 5.0V when there is no primary current ($I_P=0A$). As the primary current (I_P) increases in a positive direction, the output voltage will increase to the maximum level of 10.0V at $I_P=+I_{PSAT}$. When the primary current increases in the negative direction, the output voltage will decrease toward 0.0V at $I_P=-I_{PSAT}$. See below output characteristics.

This option is useful for applications that drive circuitry that can only accommodate positive signal inputs voltages such as inputs to A/D's



Recommended Connection Diagram



Alternate Connection Diagram



Revision Date: 23 July 2019

GMW Associates: 955 Industrial Road, San Carlos, CA 94070, USA. www.gmw.com. +1 (650) 802-8292

BP5 Option - The BP stands for Bi Polar and the output voltage from the CPCO will have a quiescent output voltage of 0.0V when there is no primary current ($I_P=0A$). As the primary current (I_P) increases in a positive direction, the output voltage will increase to the maximum level of 5.0V at $I_P=+I_{PSAT}$. When the primary current increases in the negative direction, the output voltage will decrease toward -5.0V at $I_P=-I_{PSAT}$. See below output characteristics.

This option is useful for applications that drive circuitry that can accommodate Bi Polar signal inputs that swing around Com (0.0V) such as oscilloscopes, data loggers. multi-meters, etc.



Recommended Connection Diagram



Alternate Connection Diagram



Revision Date: 23 July 2019

GMW Associates: 955 Industrial Road, San Carlos, CA 94070, USA. www.gmw.com. +1 (650) 802-8292

BP10 Option - The BP stands for Bi Polar and the output voltage from the CPCO will have a quiescent output voltage of 0.0V when there is no primary current ($I_P=0A$). As the primary current (I_P) increases in a positive direction, the output voltage will increase to the maximum level of 10.0V at $I_P=+I_{PSAT}$. When the primary current increases in the negative direction, the output voltage will decrease toward -10.0V at $I_P=-I_{PSAT}$. See below output characteristics.

This option is useful for applications that drive circuitry that need higher voltages and can accommodate Bi Polar signal inputs that swing around Com (0.0V) such as oscilloscopes, data loggers. multi-meters, etc.



Revision Date: 23 July 2019

GMW Associates: 955 Industrial Road, San Carlos, CA 94070, USA. www.gmw.com. +1 (650) 802-8292



MA Option - The MA stands for **M**illi-Amp and the output from the CPCO will be a current source ranging from 4mA to 20mA. There is a quiescent output current source of 12mA when there is no primary current (I_P=0A). As the primary current (Ip) increases in a positive direction, the output current source will increase to the maximum level of 20.0mA at I_P=+I_{PSAT}. When the primary current increases in the negative direction, the output current source will decrease toward 4mA at I_P=-I_{PSAT}. The output current comes from the input power supply, therefore the CPCO power supply must be capable of providing the CPCO current of approx 50mA plus the output source current of up to 20mA. See below output characteristics.

This option is applicable to standard 4-20mA circuit configurations and optimum in noisy environments with long cable runs. The 4-20mA current source output is common with PLC's. Offset errors that can result from long cables are eliminated with the MA version.



Revision Date: 23 July 2019

GMW

CPCO Series (77mm) DC-AC Current Probe, Clamp On ±500A, ±1000A, ±2000 or ±4000A, ±8000 or ±12000A

Typical MA option circuit diagram.

The 4-20mA current source flows from the PLC power supply, for example, to the CPCO and then back to the PLC, 4-20mA input. The typical PLC input load resistor is 2500hm.

With a 250 ohm resistor, the voltage across the resistor will be :

Vout=I source * R (example: at 12mA the Vout =3.00V)

Connection Diagram with 17900-2153-0 Cable



Connection Diagram with 17900-2171-0 Cable



Revision Date: 23 July 2019

GMW Associates: 955 Industrial Road, San Carlos, CA 94070, USA. www.gmw.com. +1 (650) 802-8292

RMS Option - RMS stands for **R**oot **M**ean Square and the output voltage from the CPCO has a quiescent output voltage in the range of 0.0V to 0.020V when there is no primary current ($I_P=0A$). The output is an analog voltage that is proportional to the RMS value of the primary current over the complete dc to 50kHz (-3dB) bandwidth of the primary current. See the output characteristic below.

Accurate RMS measurements of a time varying primary current require that the peak current never exceeds $+/-I_{PN}$ to ensure that the CPCO is operating within the linear electronic range to avoid limiting of the CPCO signal. For a sine wave primary current, I PRMS is 0.707 * IPN. This implies that the maximum RMS primary sine current should be < 0.707 I PN for the highest accuracy RMS output signal. For primary currents with occasional high current transients it is essential that the transients do not exceed I PSAT. For this type of primary current waveform, the maximum allowed RMS current may be much less than 0.707 I PN.



Revision Date: 23 July 2019

GMW Associates: 955 Industrial Road, San Carlos, CA 94070, USA. www.gmw.com. +1 (650) 802-8292

GMW

CPCO Series (77mm) DC-AC Current Probe, Clamp On ±500A, ±1000A, ±2000 or ±4000A, ±8000 or ±12000A

Power Supply (Vs)

The CPCO incorporates a switching power supply to convert the input power to the internal low voltage operating voltages and reduce the internal power dissipation. The power consumption is relatively constant, therefore the input current is inversely proportional to supply voltage, Vs. The max current is specified to be 47mA once the input voltage reaches the normal operating range of 11-31V, however during the turn-on the current required is higher . See the below graph for the power current required. The power supply used to operate the CPCO, must have at least 150mA capability otherwise the CPCO will not turn on.

