

# PQ5EV3/PQ5EV5/PQ5EV7

Large Output Current Type Low Power-Loss Voltage Regulator

## ■ Features

- Low power-loss (Dropout voltage: MAX.0.5V)
- Package with exposed radiation fin (Equivalent to TO-220)
- Large output current  
3.5A: PQ5EV3, 5A: PQ5EV5, 7.5A: PQ5EV7
- Variable output voltage (1.5V to 5V)
- High-precision reference voltage type  
(Reference voltage precision:  $\pm 1.0\%$ )
- Overcurrent, overheat protection functions

## ■ Applications

- Personal computers
- Power supplies for various electronic equipment such as AV or OA

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
* <sup>1</sup> Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	7	V
Dropout voltage	V <sub>I-O</sub>	4	V
* <sup>1</sup> ON/OFF control terminal voltage	V <sub>C</sub>	7	V
* <sup>1</sup> Output adjustment terminal voltage	V <sub>ADJ</sub>	5	V
Output current	PQ5EV3	3.5	
	PQ5EV5	Io 5.0	A
	PQ5EV7	7.5	
* <sup>2</sup> Power dissipation	P <sub>D1</sub>	1.6	W
	P <sub>D2</sub>	45	W
* <sup>3</sup> Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	150	°C
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 to +80	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +150	°C
* <sup>4</sup> Soldering temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>	260 (10s)	°C

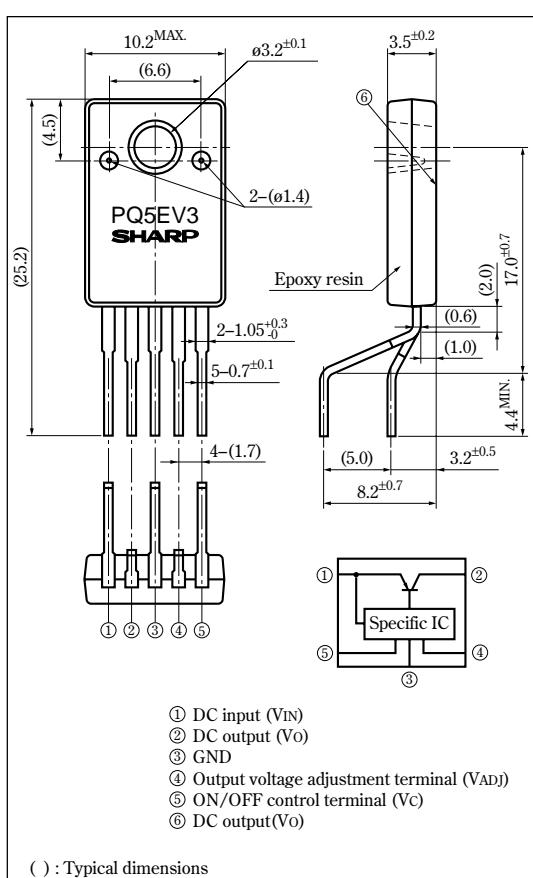
\*<sup>1</sup> All are open except GND and applicable terminals

\*<sup>2</sup> P<sub>D1</sub>:No heat sink, P<sub>D2</sub>:With infinite heat sink

\*<sup>3</sup> Overheat protection may operate at the condition T<sub>j</sub>=125°C to 150°C

## ■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



( ) : Typical dimensions

• Please refer to the chapter " Handling Precautions ".

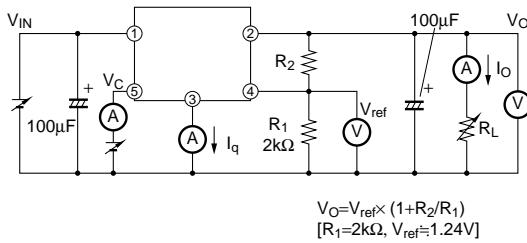
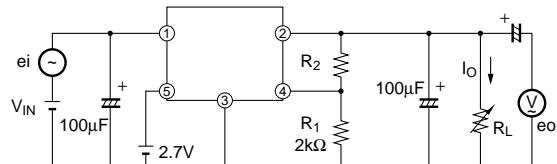
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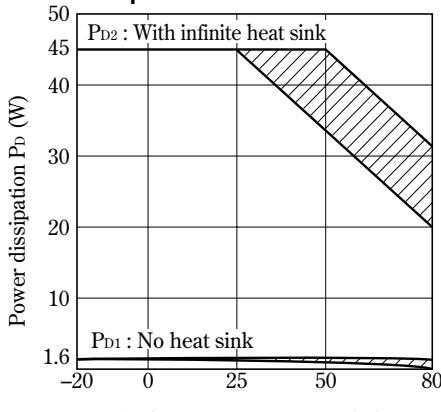
## Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN}=5V$ ,  $\textcircled{4}$ ,  $V_O=3V$  ( $R_1=2k\Omega$ ),  $T_a=25^\circ C$ )

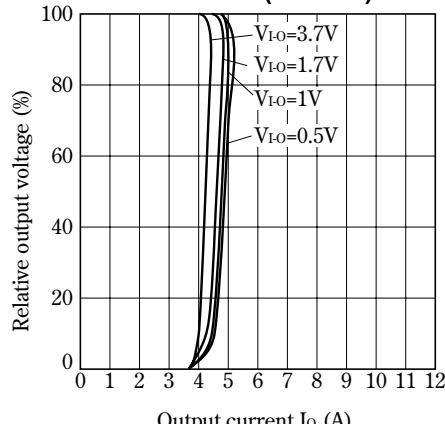
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage	$V_{IN}$	—	2.35	—	7	V
Output voltage	$V_O$	—	1.5	—	5	V
Reference voltage	$V_{ref}$	—	1.2276	1.24	1.2524	V
Load regulation	$R_{regL}$	$I_O=5mA$ to rating	—	0.1	0.5	%
Line regulation	$R_{regI}$	$V_{IN}=4$ to $7V$ , $I_O=5mA$	—	0.05	0.1	%
Reference voltage temperature coefficient	$T_c V_{ref}$	$T_j=0$ to $125^\circ C$	—	$\pm 1$	—	%
Ripple Rejection	RR	Refer to Fig.2	60	70	—	dB
Dropout voltage	$V_{I-O}$	$\textcircled{5}$	—	—	0.5	V
$\textcircled{6}$ ON-state voltage for control	$V_C(\text{ON})$	—	2	—	—	V
ON-state current for control	$I_C(\text{ON})$	$V_C=2.7V$	—	—	20	$\mu A$
OFF-state voltage for control	$V_C(\text{OFF})$	—	—	—	0.8	V
OFF-state current for control	$I_C(\text{OFF})$	$V_C=0.4V$	—	—	-0.4	mA
Quiescent current	$I_q$	$I_O=0A$	—	10	15	mA

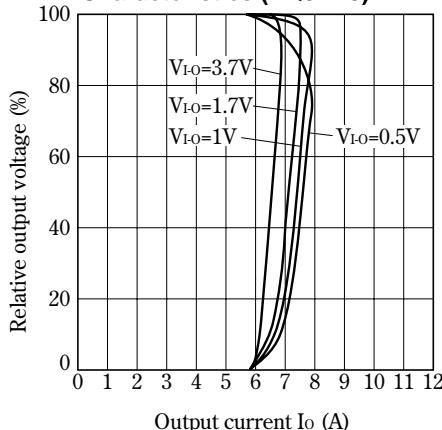
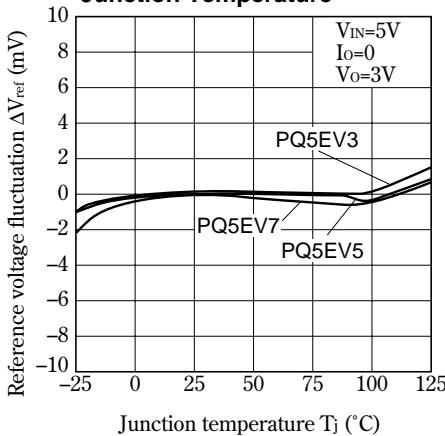
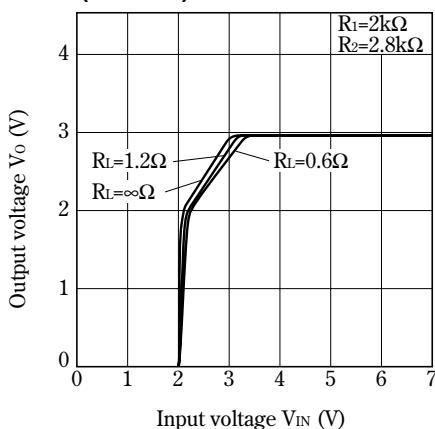
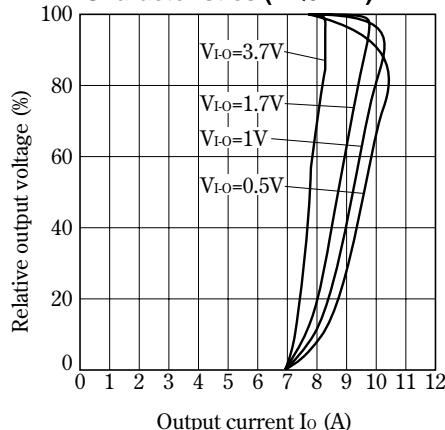
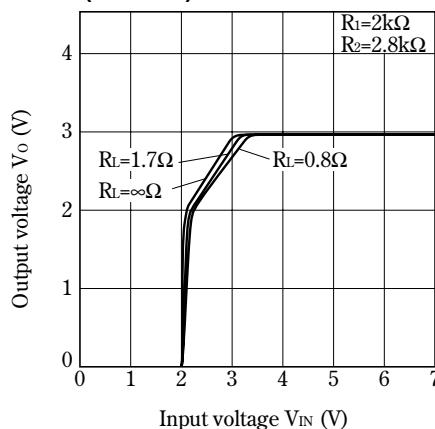
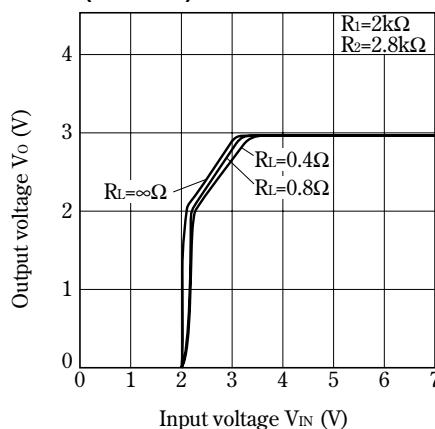
 $\textcircled{4}$  PQ5EV3:  $I_O=1.75A$ , PQ5EV5:  $I_O=2.5A$ , PQ5EV7:  $I_O=3.75A$  $\textcircled{5}$  PQ5EV3:  $I_O=3.5A$ , PQ5EV5:  $I_O=5A$ , PQ5EV7:  $I_O=7.5A$ . Input voltage shall be the value when output voltage is 95% in comparison with the initial value $\textcircled{6}$  In case of opening control terminal  $\textcircled{5}$ , output voltage turns on.**Fig.1 Test Circuit****Fig.2 Test Circuit for Ripple Rejection**

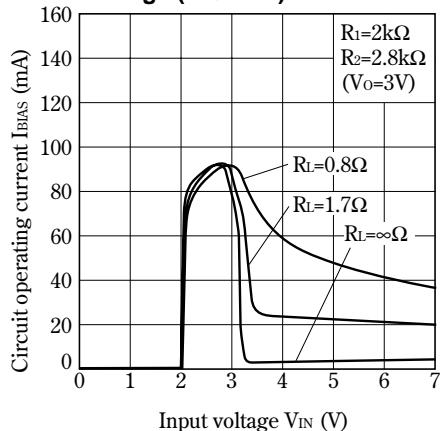
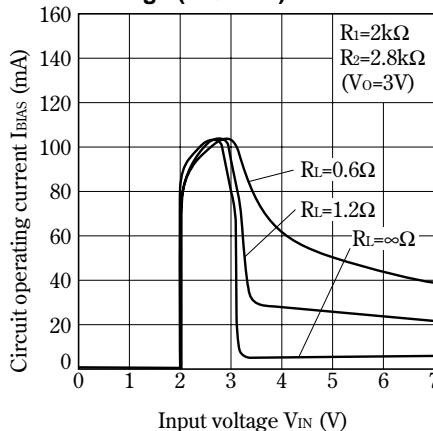
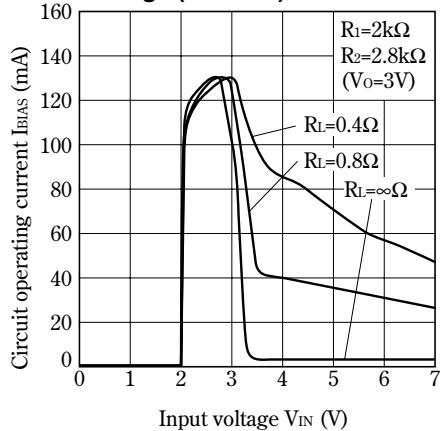
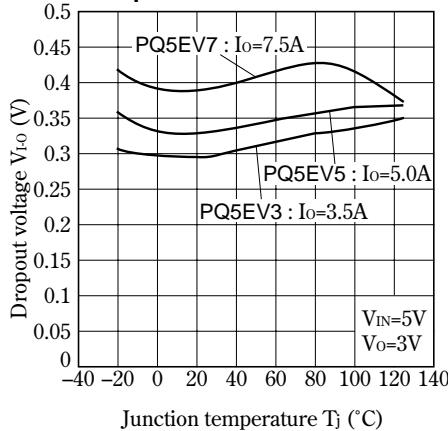
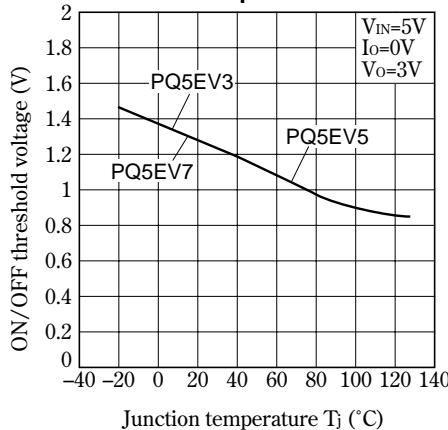
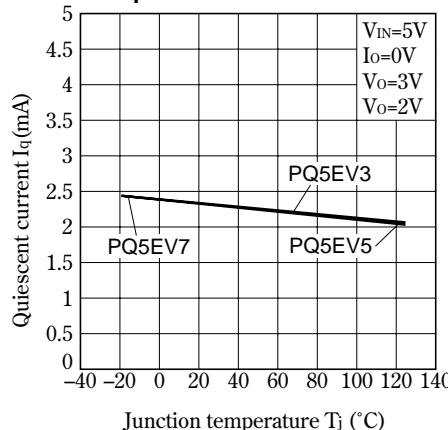
$f=120\text{Hz}$  (sine wave)  
 $e_i(\text{rms})=0.5V$   
 $V_O=3V$  ( $R_1=2k\Omega$ )  
 $V_{IN}=5V$   
 $I_O=0.5A$   
 $RR=20\log(ei/\text{rms})/eo/\text{rms})$

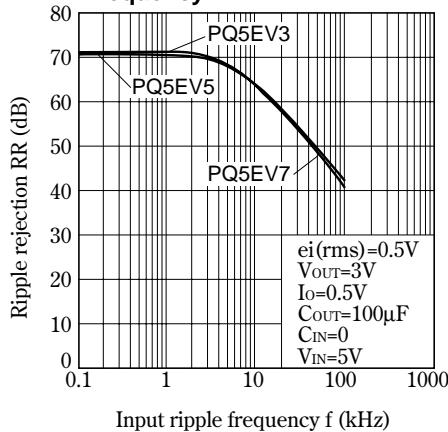
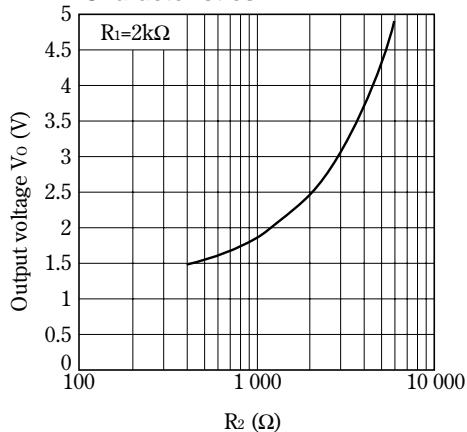
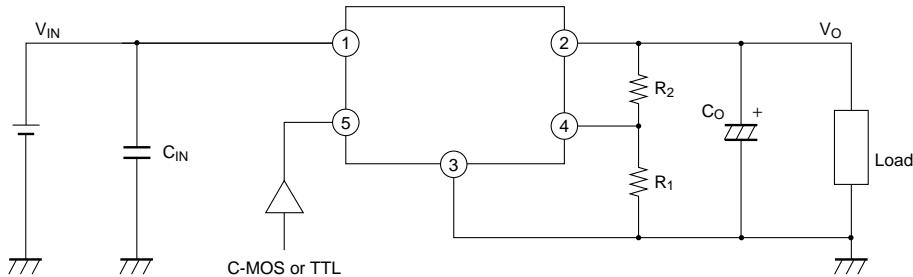
**Fig.3 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**

Note) Oblique line portion: Overheat protection may operate in this area

**Fig.4 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (PQ5EV3)**

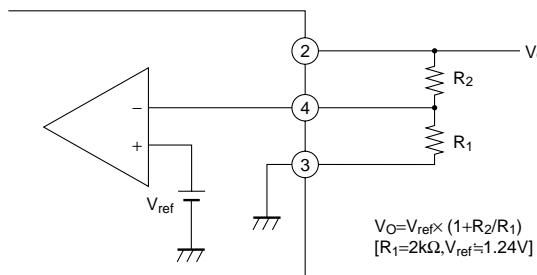
**Fig.5 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (PQ5EV5)****Fig.7 Reference Voltage Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature****Fig.9 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ5EV5)****Fig.6 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (PQ5EV7)****Fig.8 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ5EV3)****Fig.10 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ5EV7)**

**Fig.11 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (PQ5EV3)****Fig.12 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (PQ5EV5)****Fig.13 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (PQ5EV7)****Fig.14 Dropout Voltage vs. Junction Temperature****Fig.15 ON-OFF Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature****Fig.16 Quiescent Current vs. Junction Temperature**

**Fig.17 Ripple Rejection vs. Input Ripple Frequency****Fig.18 Output Voltage Adjustment Characteristics****Fig.19 External Connection**

### ■ Setting of Output Voltage

Output voltage is able to set (1.5V to 5V) when resistors  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  are attached to ②, ③, ④ terminals. As for the external resistors to set output voltage, refer to the following figure and Fig.18.



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