

7 x 7 Dots Matrix LED Driver LSI

FEATURES

- 7 x 7 LED Matrix Driver
(Total LED that can be driven = 49)
- Built-in memory (ROM and RAM)
- LDO : 2-ch
- SPI Interface : 1-ch
- Driver for RGB color unit : 1-ch
- 44 pin Plastic Quad Flat Non-leaded package (QFN Type)

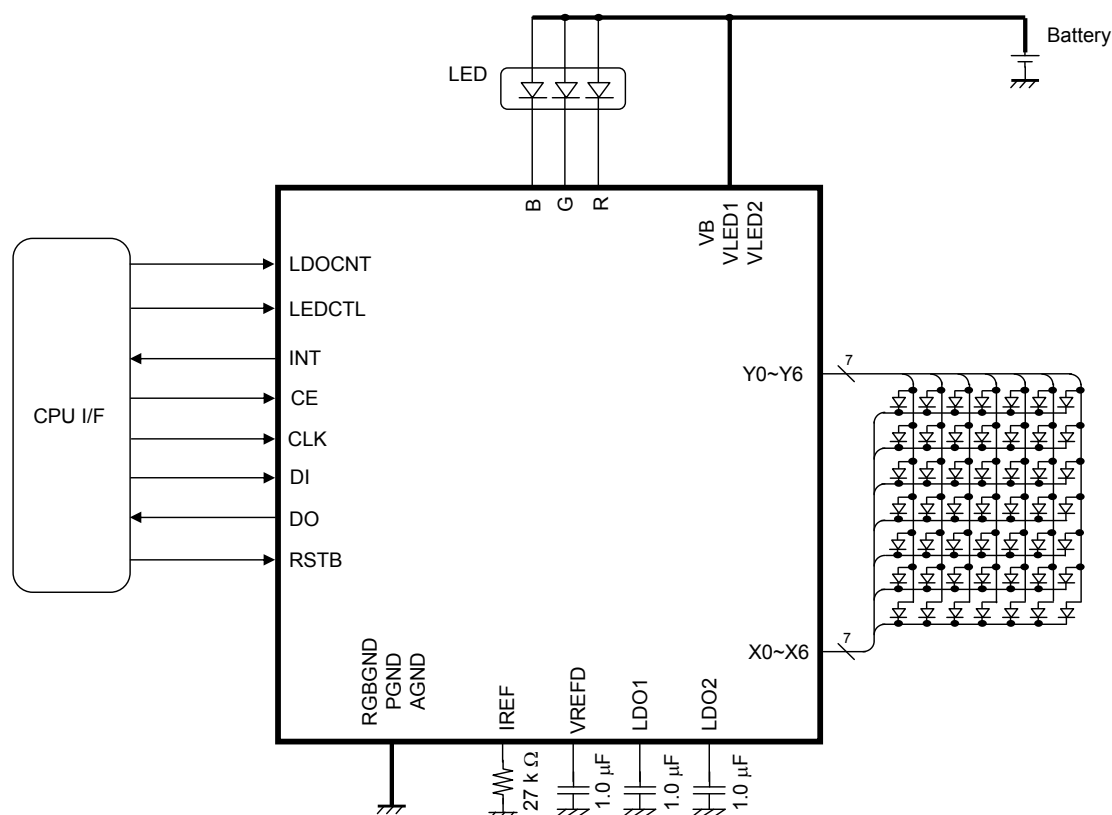
DESCRIPTION

AN32058A is 49 Dots Matrix LED Driver. It can drive up to 16 RGB LEDs.

APPLICATIONS

- Mobile Phone
- Smart Phone
- PCs
- Game Consoles
- Home Appliances etc.

TYPICAL APPLICATION



Note)

The application circuit is an example. The operation of the mass production set is not guaranteed. Sufficient evaluation and verification is required in the design of the mass production set. The Customer is fully responsible for the incorporation of the above illustrated application circuit in the design of the equipment.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit | Note |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------|------|------|
| Supply voltage | $V_{B_{MAX}}$ | 6.0 | V | *1 |
| | $V_{LED_{MAX}}$ | 6.5 | V | *1 |
| Operating ambience temperature | T_{opr} | - 30 to + 85 | °C | *2 |
| Operating junction temperature | T_j | - 30 to + 125 | °C | *2 |
| Storage temperature | T_{stg} | - 55 to + 125 | °C | *2 |
| Input Voltage Range | LEDCTL, RSTB, CE, CLK, DI | - 0.3 to 3.4 | V | — |
| | LDOCNT | - 0.3 to 6.0 | V | — |
| Output Voltage Range | INT, DO | - 0.3 to 3.4 | V | — |
| | R, G, B, LDO1, LDO2, X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6, Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6 | - 0.3 to 6.5 | V | — |
| ESD | HBM (Human Body Model) | 2.0 | kV | — |

Note) This product may sustain permanent damage if subjected to conditions higher than the above stated absolute maximum rating. This rating is the maximum rating and device operating at this range is not guaranteeable as it is higher than our stated recommended operating range.

When subjected under the absolute maximum rating for a long time, the reliability of the product may be affected.

*1 $V_{B_{MAX}} = V_B$, $V_{LED_{MAX}} = V_{LED1} = V_{LED2}$.

The values under the condition not exceeding the above absolute maximum ratings and the power dissipation.

*2 Except for the power dissipation, operating ambient temperature, and storage temperature, all ratings are for $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

POWER DISSIPATION RATING

| PACKAGE | θ_{JA} | $P_D (T_a=25^\circ\text{C})$ | $P_D (T_a=85^\circ\text{C})$ |
|--|---------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 44 pin Plastic Quad Flat Non-leaded package (QFN Type) | 71.8 °C /W | 1.392 W | 0.557 W |

Note) For the actual usage, please refer to the P_D - T_a characteristics diagram in the package specification, follow the power supply voltage, load and ambient temperature conditions to ensure that there is enough margin and the thermal design does not exceed the allowable value.



CAUTION

Although this IC has built-in ESD protection circuit, it may still sustain permanent damage if not handled properly. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid electrostatic damage to the MOS gates

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|----------------------|--|------|------|------------|------|------|
| Supply voltage range | VB | 3.1 | 3.7 | 4.6 | V | *1 |
| | VLED | 3.1 | 5.0 | 5.6 | V | *1 |
| Input Voltage Range | LEDCTL, RSTB, CE, CLK, DI | -0.3 | — | 3.0 | V | — |
| | LDOCNT | -0.3 | — | VB + 0.3 | V | *2 |
| Output Voltage Range | INT, DO | -0.3 | — | 3.0 | V | — |
| | R, G, B, LDO1, LDO2, X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6, Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6 | -0.3 | — | VLED + 0.3 | V | *2 |

Note) *1: The values under the condition not exceeding the above absolute maximum ratings and the power dissipation.
 Do not apply external currents and voltages to any pin not specifically mentioned.
 Voltage values, unless otherwise specified, are with respect to GND. GND is voltage for AGND, RGBGND and PGND.
 VB is voltage for VB. VLED is voltage for VLED1 and VLED2.
 *2: (VB + 0.3) V must not exceed 6 V. (VLED + 0.3) V must not exceed 6.5 V.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VB = 3.6 V, VLED1 = VLED2 = 4.9 V

Note) Ta = 25 °C ± 2 °C unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Limits | | | Unit | Note |
|----------------------------------|--------|---|--------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Current consumption | | | | | | | |
| Current consumption (1) | ICC1 | At OFF mode LDOCNT = Low | — | 0 | 1 | μA | — |
| Current consumption (2) | ICC2 | At Standby mode LDOCNT = Low LDO2 is active. | — | 8 | 12 | μA | — |
| Current consumption (3) | ICC3 | LDOCNT = High LDO1 and LDO2 are active. | — | 18 | 24 | μA | — |
| Reference voltage | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage | VREF | I _{VREF} = 0 μA | 1.21 | 1.24 | 1.27 | V | — |
| Reference current | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage | VIREF | I _{IREF} = 0 μA | 0.44 | 0.54 | 0.64 | V | — |
| Voltage regulator (LDO1) | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage | VL1 | I _{LDO1} = - 30 mA | 1.79 | 1.85 | 1.91 | V | — |
| Short circuit protection current | IPT1 | LDOCNT = High REG18 = High V _{LDO1} = 0 V, IPT1 = I _{LDO1} | 50 | 100 | 200 | mA | — |
| Ripple rejection (1) | PSL11 | VB = 3.6 V + 0.2 V[p-p] f = 1 kHz I _{LDO1} = - 15 mA PSL11 = 20log (acV _{LDO1} / 0.2) | — | - 45 | - 40 | dB | — |
| Ripple rejection (2) | PSL12 | VB = 3.6 V + 0.2 V[p-p] f = 10 kHz I _{LDO1} = - 15 mA PSL12 = 20log (acV _{LDO1} / 0.2) | — | - 35 | - 25 | dB | — |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

VB = 3.6 V, VLED1 = VLED2 = 4.9 V

Note) Ta = 25 °C ± 2 °C unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Limits | | | Unit | Note |
|----------------------------------|--------|---|--------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Voltage regulator (LDO2) | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage | VL2 | ILDO2 = - 30 mA | 2.76 | 2.85 | 2.94 | V | — |
| Short circuit protection current | IPT2 | LDOCNT = High VLD02 = 0V IPT2 = ILDO2 | 50 | 100 | 300 | mA | — |
| Ripple rejection (1) | PSL21 | VB = 3.6 V + 0.2 V[p-p] f = 1 kHz ILDO2 = - 15 mA PSL21 = 20log (acVLD02 / 0.2) | — | - 35 | - 30 | dB | — |
| Ripple rejection (2) | PSL22 | VB = 3.6 V + 0.2 V[p-p] f = 10 kHz ILDO2 = - 15 mA PSL22 = 20log (acVLD02 / 0.2) | — | - 25 | - 15 | dB | — |
| Oscillator | | | | | | | |
| Oscillation frequency | FDC | — | 0.96 | 1.20 | 1.44 | MHz | — |
| SCAN Switch | | | | | | | |
| Resistance at the Switch ON | RSCAN | IY0, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6 = 5 mA RSCAN = VY0, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6 / 5 mA | — | 2 | 4.8 | Ω | — |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

VB = 3.6 V, VLED1 = VLED2 = 4.9 V

Note) $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Limits | | | Unit | Note |
|--|--------|--|--------|--------|--------|------|------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Current generator (For 7 × 7 dots matrix LED) | | | | | | | |
| Output current (1) | IMX1 | At 1mA setup $V_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6} = 1\text{ V}$ $IMX1 = I_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6}$ | 0.950 | 1.033 | 1.116 | mA | *1 |
| Output current (2) | IMX2 | At 2 mA setup $V_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6} = 1\text{ V}$ $IMX2 = I_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6}$ | 1.907 | 2.073 | 2.239 | mA | *1 |
| Output current (3) | IMX4 | At 4 mA setup $V_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6} = 1\text{ V}$ $IMX4 = I_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6}$ | 3.824 | 4.157 | 4.490 | mA | *1 |
| Output current (4) | IMX8 | At 8 mA setup $V_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6} = 1\text{ V}$ $IMX8 = I_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6}$ | 7.660 | 8.326 | 8.992 | mA | *1 |
| Output current (5) | IMX15 | At 15 mA setup $V_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6} = 1\text{ V}$ $IMX15 = I_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6}$ | 14.408 | 15.661 | 16.914 | mA | *1 |
| Leakage Current when matrix LED turns off | IMXOFF | Current OFF setup $V_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6} = 4.75\text{ V}$ $IMXOFF = I_{X0, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6}$ | — | — | 1 | μA | — |
| The error between channels | IMXCH | The average value of all channels, and the current error of each channel | - 5 | — | 5 | % | — |

*1 : Values when recommended parts (ERJ2RHD273X) are used for IREF terminal.
The other current settings are combination of above items.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

VB = 3.6 V, VLED1 = VLED2 = 4.9 V

Note) $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Limits | | | Unit | Note |
|---|---------|--|--------|-------|-------|---------------|------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Current generator (For RGB color unit) | | | | | | | |
| Output current (1) | IRGB1 | At 1mA setup $V_{R,G,B} = 1\text{ V}$ | 0.949 | 1.031 | 1.113 | mA | *1 |
| Output current (2) | IRGB2 | At 2 mA setup $V_{R,G,B} = 1\text{ V}$ | 1.892 | 2.056 | 2.220 | mA | *1 |
| Output current (3) | IRGB4 | At 4 mA setup $V_{R,G,B} = 1\text{ V}$ | 3.764 | 4.091 | 4.418 | mA | *1 |
| Output current (4) | IRGB8 | At 8 mA setup $V_{R,G,B} = 1\text{ V}$ | 7.510 | 8.163 | 8.816 | mA | *1 |
| Leakage Current when RGB turn off | IRGBOFF | Current OFF setup $V_{R,G,B} = 4.75\text{ V}$ $IRGBOFF = I_{R,G,B}$ | — | — | 1 | μA | — |
| The error between channels | IRGBCH | The average value of all channels, and the current error of each channel | - 5 | — | 5 | % | — |

*1 : Values when recommended parts (ERJ2RHD273X) are used for IREF terminal.
The other current settings are combination of above items.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

VB = 3.6 V, VLED1 = VLED2 = 4.9 V

Note) Ta = 25 °C ± 2 °C unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Limits | | | Unit | Note |
|-----------------------------------|--------|---|---------------|-----|------------------------|------|------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| SPI I/F, LEDCTL, RSTB | | | | | | | |
| Input voltage range of High-level | VIH | High-level recognition voltage | LDO1 × 0.8 | — | LDO2 + 0.3 | V | — |
| Input voltage range of Low-level | VIL | Low-level recognition voltage | - 0.3 | — | 0.4 | V | — |
| Input current of High-level | IIH | VLEDCTL, RSTB, CE, CLK, DI = 1.85 V IIH = ILEDCTL, RSTB, CE, CLK, DI | — | 0 | 1 | μA | — |
| Input current of Low-level | IIL | VLEDCTL, RSTB, CSB, CLK, DI = 0 V IIL = ILEDCTL, RSTB, CE, CLK, DI | — | 0 | 1 | μA | — |
| INT | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage of High-level (1) | VOH1 | IINT = - 2 mA VDDSEL = LDO2 | LDO2 × 0.8 | — | — | V | — |
| Output voltage of Low-level (1) | VOL1 | IINT = 2 mA VDDSEL = LDO2 (IINT = 0.5 mA) | — | — | LDO2 ×0.2 (0.15) | V | — |
| Output voltage of High-level (2) | VOH2 | IINT = - 2 mA VDDSEL = LDO1 | LDO1 × 0.8 | — | — | V | — |
| Output voltage of Low-level (2) | VOL2 | IINT = 2 mA VDDSEL = LDO1 (IINT = 0.5 mA) | — | — | LDO1 ×0.3 (0.15) | V | — |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

VB = 3.6 V, VLED1 = VLED2 = 4.9 V

Note) Ta = 25 °C ± 2 °C unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Limits | | | Unit | Note |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------------|-----|---------------|------|------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| LDOCNT | | | | | | | |
| Input voltage range of High-level | VIH | High-level recognition voltage | VB × 0.7 | — | VB + 0.3 | V | — |
| Input voltage range of Low-level | VIL | Low-level recognition voltage | − 0.3 | — | 0.4 | V | — |
| Input current of High-level | IIH | V _{LDOCNT} = 3.6 V IIH = I _{LDOCNT} | — | 0 | 1 | μA | — |
| Input current of Low-level | IIL | V _{LDOCNT} = 0 V IIL = I _{LDOCNT} | — | 0 | 1 | μA | — |
| DO | | | | | | | |
| Output voltage of High-level | VOH | I _{DO} = − 2 mA | LDO1 × 0.8 | — | — | V | — |
| Output voltage of Low-level | VOL | I _{DO} = 2 mA | — | — | LDO1 × 0.2 | V | — |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

VB = 3.6 V, VLED1 = VLED2 = 4.9 V

Note) $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Limits | | | Unit | Note |
|---|--------|---|--------|------|-----|------------------|----------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Voltage regulator (LDO1) Output capacitor 1 μF, Output capacitor's ESR less than 0.1 Ω | | | | | | | |
| Rise time | Tsu1 | Time until output voltage reaches to 0 V to 90% | — | 0.25 | — | ms | *2 *3 |
| Fall time | Tsd1 | Time until output voltage reaches to 10% | — | 5 | — | ms | *2 *3 |
| Maximum load current | IOMAX1 | — | — | 15 | — | mA | *3 |
| Load transient response (1) | Vtr11 | $I_{\text{LDO1}} = -50\text{ }\mu\text{A} \rightarrow -15\text{ mA}$ (1 μs) | — | 70 | — | mV | *3 |
| Load transient response (2) | Vtr12 | $I_{\text{LDO1}} = -15\text{ mA} \rightarrow -50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ (1 μs) | — | 70 | — | mV | *3 |
| Voltage regulator (LDO2) Output capacitor 1 μF, Output capacitor's ESR less than 0.1 Ω | | | | | | | |
| Rise time | Tsu2 | Time until output voltage reaches to 0 V to 90% | — | 0.25 | — | ms | *2 *3 |
| Fall time | Tsd2 | Time until output voltage reaches to 10% | — | 5 | — | ms | *2 *3 |
| Maximum load current | IOMAX2 | — | — | 15 | — | mA | *3 |
| Load transient response (1) | Vtr21 | $I_{\text{LDO2}} = -50\text{ }\mu\text{A} \rightarrow -15\text{ mA}$ (1 μs) | — | 70 | — | mV | *3 |
| Load transient response (2) | Vtr22 | $I_{\text{LDO2}} = -15\text{ mA} \rightarrow -50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ (1 μs) | — | 70 | — | mV | *3 |
| TSD (Thermal shutdown circuit) | | | | | | | |
| Detection temperature | Tdet | Temperature which LDO1, LDO2, Constant current circuit, Matrix SW and RGB turns off. | — | 160 | — | $^\circ\text{C}$ | *3 *4 |
| Return temperature | Tsd11 | Returning temperature | — | 110 | — | $^\circ\text{C}$ | *3 *5 |

Note) *2 : Rise time and Fall time are defined as below.

Actual evaluation result of rise time : LDO1 : 290 to 400 μs , LDO2 : 220 to 310 μs

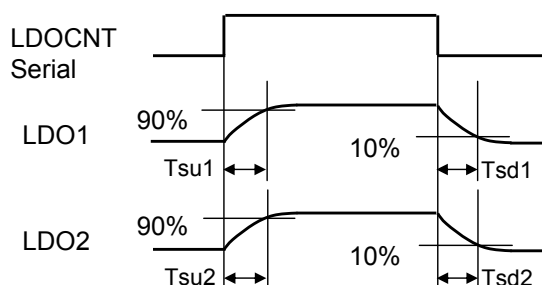
Actual evaluation result of fall time : LDO1 : 6.2 to 8.5 ms, LDO2 : 5.8 to 7.9 ms

*3 : Typical Design Value

*4 : LDO1, LDO2, Constant current circuit, and Matrix SW and RGB are turned off when TSD is High.

When TSD is High, the register is set as 14hD1 = 1. However, data can be read only when the register is read immediately after INT occurs since internal regulator is turned off.

*5 : Only LDO1 and LDO2 return after ON state of TSD. A logic part will be in Reset state.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

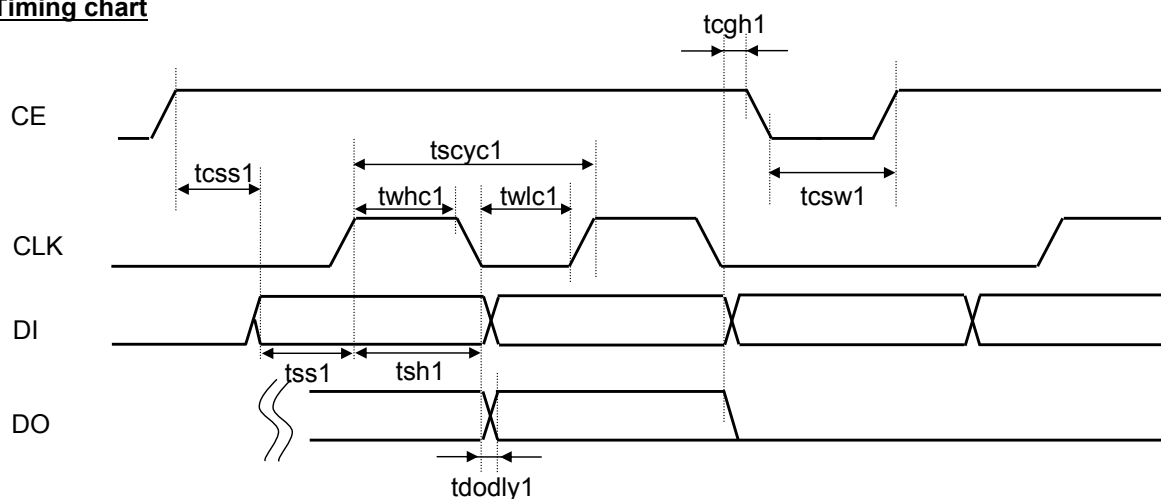
VB = 3.6 V, VLED1 = VLED2 = 4.9 V

Note) $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C} \pm 2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Limits | | | Unit | Note |
|--|---------|----------------|--------|-----|-----|------|------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Microcomputer interface characteristic (Vdd = 1.85 V ± 3 %) Write access Timing | | | | | | | |
| CLK cycle time | tscyc1 | — | — | 125 | — | ns | *3 |
| CLK cycle time High period | twhc1 | — | — | 60 | — | ns | *3 |
| CLK cycle time Low period | twlc1 | — | — | 60 | — | ns | *3 |
| Serial-data setup time | tss1 | — | — | 62 | — | ns | *3 |
| Serial-data hold time | tsh1 | — | — | 62 | — | ns | *3 |
| Transceiver interval | tcsw1 | — | — | 62 | — | ns | *3 |
| Chip enable setup time | tcss1 | — | — | 5 | — | ns | *3 |
| Chip enable hold time | tcgh1 | — | — | 5 | — | ns | *3 |
| Microcomputer interface characteristic (Vdd = 1.85 V ± 3 %) Read access Timing | | | | | | | |
| CLK cycle time | tscyc1 | — | — | 125 | — | ns | *3 |
| CLK cycle time High period | twhc1 | — | — | 60 | — | ns | *3 |
| CLK cycle time Low period | twlc1 | — | — | 60 | — | ns | *3 |
| Serial-data setup time | tss1 | — | — | 62 | — | ns | *3 |
| Serial-data hold time | tsh1 | — | — | 62 | — | ns | *3 |
| Transceiver interval | tcsw1 | — | — | 62 | — | ns | *3 |
| Chip enable setup time | tcss1 | — | — | 5 | — | ns | *3 |
| Chip enable hold time | tcgh1 | — | — | 5 | — | ns | *3 |
| DC delay time | tdodly1 | Only read mode | — | 25 | — | ns | *3 |

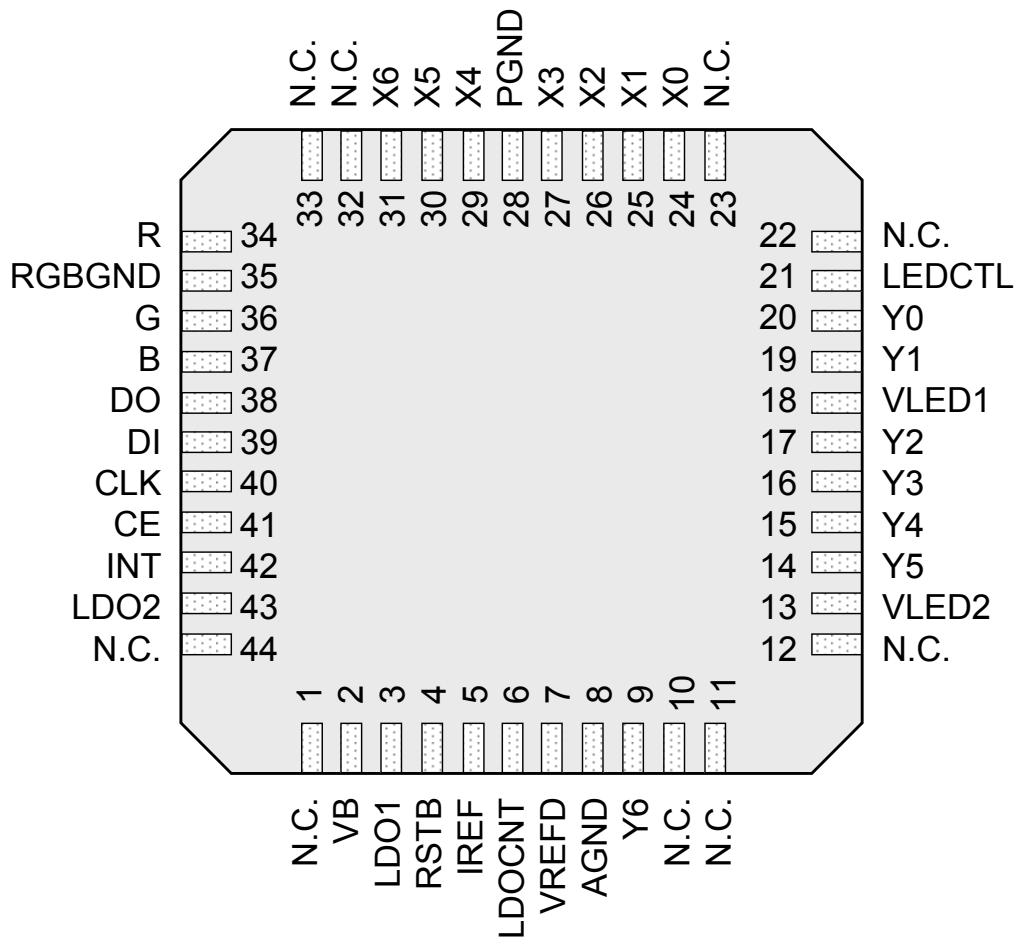
Note) *3 : Typical Design Value

Timing chart



PIN CONFIGURATION

Top View



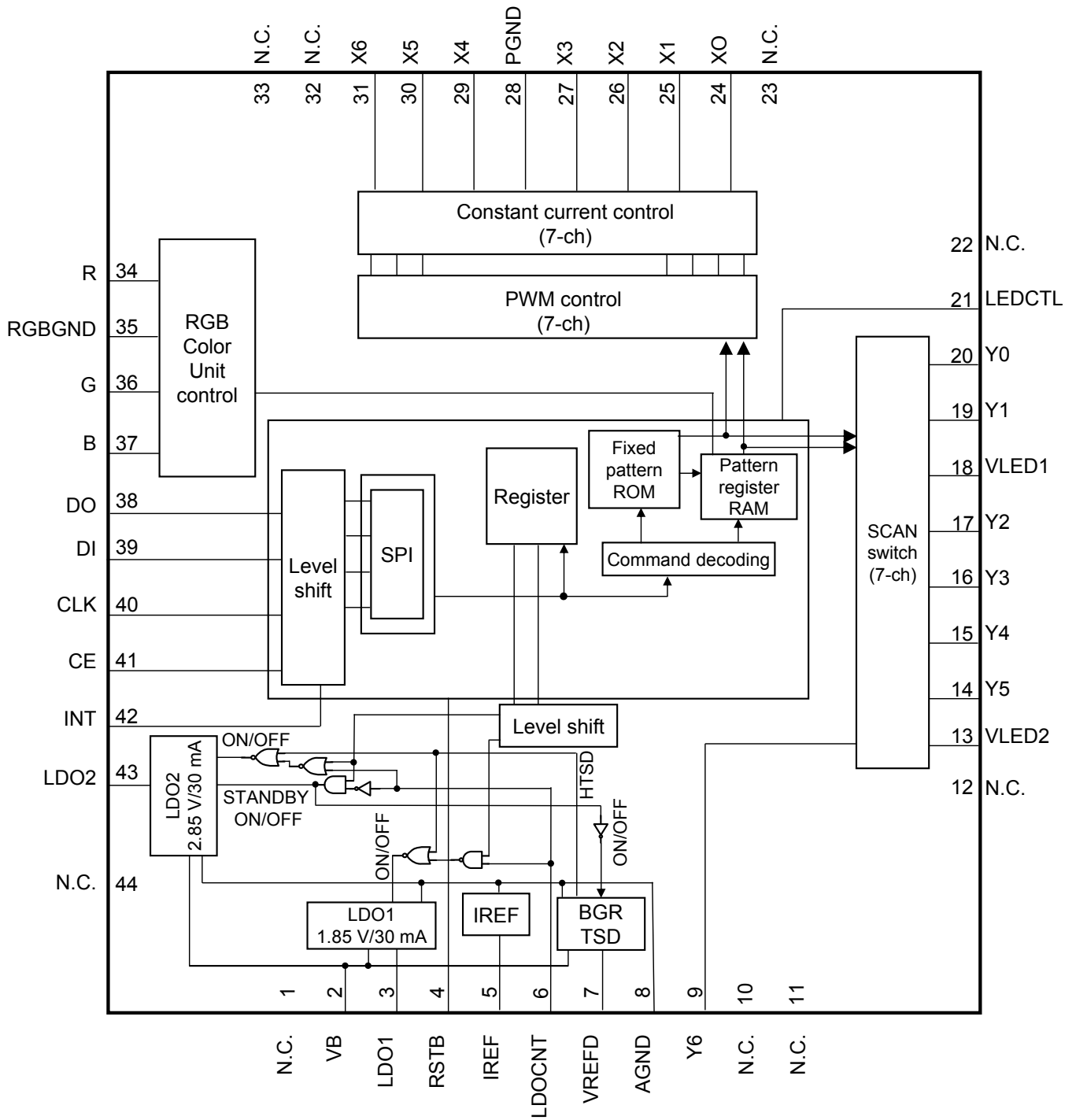
PIN FUNCTIONS

| Pin No. | Pin name | Type | Description |
|---|----------------|--------------|--|
| 1 10 11 12 22 23 32 33 44 | N.C. | — | No Connection |
| 2 | VB | Power supply | The power supply's connect terminal for BGR circuit and LDO circuit. |
| 3 | LDO1 | Output | LDO1 (1.85 V) output terminal. |
| 4 | RSTB | Input | Reset input terminal ("L" active) |
| 5 | IREF | Output | The resistance connect terminal for constant current value setup. |
| 6 | LDOCNT | Input | ON/OFF control terminal of LDO1 and LDO2. |
| 7 | VREFD | Output | BGR circuit output terminal. |
| 8 | AGND | Ground | The GND terminal for Analog circuitry. |
| 9 | Y6 | Output | The output terminal of matrix switching control. It connects with the G Column of matrix LED. |
| 13 18 | VLED2 VLED1 | Power supply | The power supply's connect terminal for matrix LED. Connect with the output of battery or step-up DC/DC converter |
| 14 | Y5 | Output | The output terminal of matrix switching control. It connects with the F Column of matrix LED. |
| 15 | Y4 | Output | The output terminal of matrix switching control. It connects with the E Column of matrix LED. |
| 16 | Y3 | Output | The output terminal of matrix switching control. It connects with the D Column of matrix LED. |
| 17 | Y2 | Output | The output terminal of matrix switching control. It connects with the C Column of matrix LED. |
| 19 | Y1 | Output | The output terminal of matrix switching control. It connects with the B Column of matrix LED. |
| 20 | Y0 | Output | The output terminal of matrix switching control. It connects with the A Column of matrix LED. |
| 21 | LEDCTL | Input | LED's lighting ON/OFF control terminal. (It is based on register 0Ah.) |

PIN FUNCTIONS (continued)

| Pin No. | Pin name | Type | Description |
|---------|----------|--------|---|
| 24 | X0 | Output | Constant current circuit. The output terminal of PWM control. It connects with the 1st Row of matrix LED. |
| 25 | X1 | Output | Constant current circuit. The output terminal of PWM control. It connects with the 2nd Row of matrix LED. |
| 26 | X2 | Output | Constant current circuit. The output terminal of PWM control. It connects with the 3rd Row of matrix LED. |
| 27 | X3 | Output | Constant current circuit. The output terminal of PWM control. It connects with the 4th Row of matrix LED. |
| 28 | PGND | Ground | The GND terminal for matrix LED |
| 29 | X4 | Output | Constant current circuit. The output terminal of PWM control. It connects with the 5th Row of matrix LED. |
| 30 | X5 | Output | Constant current circuit. The output terminal of PWM control. It connects with the 6th Row of matrix LED. |
| 31 | X6 | Output | Constant current circuit. The output terminal of PWM control. It connects with the 7th Row of matrix LED. |
| 34 | R | Output | LED contact terminal. |
| 35 | RGBGND | Ground | The GND terminal for RGB terminal. |
| 36 | G | Output | LED contact terminal. |
| 37 | B | Output | LED contact terminal. |
| 38 | DO | Output | Data output terminal for SPI interface. |
| 39 | DI | Input | Data input terminal for SPI interface. |
| 40 | CLK | Input | Clock input terminal for SPI interface. |
| 41 | CE | Input | Chip-enable terminal for SPI1 interface. ("H" active) |
| 42 | INT | Output | Interrupt output terminal. |
| 43 | LDO2 | Output | LDO2 (2.85 V) output terminal. |

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Notes: This block diagram is for explaining functions. Part of the block diagram may be omitted, or it may be simplified.

OPERATION

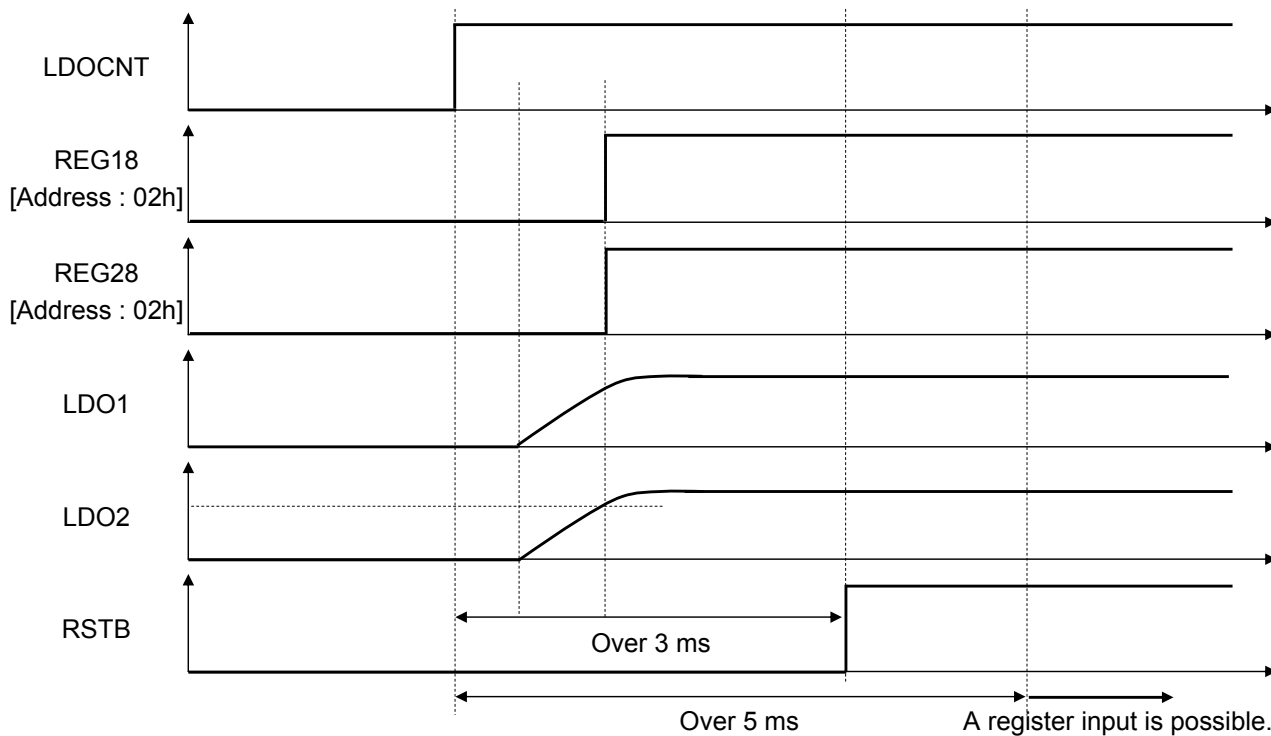
1. Explanation in each mode (Power supply starting sequence)

| Mode | LDOCNT | REG18 | REG28 | Note |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|--|
| OFF | Low | 0 | 0 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> It is necessary to make it LDOCNT = High for the return from OFF-mode. |
| OFF → Normal mode | "L" → "H" | 0/1 | 0/1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The signal from serial interface is not received in LDOCNT = Low and the state of REG28 = Low or REG18 = Low. It shifts to standby mode with LDOCNT = Low and REG28 = High. The signal from serial interface is not received at Standby-mode. (Power supply for Logic is LDO1 and LDO2.) Therefore, standby release by the signal from serial interface cannot be performed. In Standby-mode, if LDOCNT is switched to High from Low, it will return to the normal mode. It cannot shift to OFF-mode from Standby-mode. Once returning to the normal mode, please shift to OFF-mode. |
| | "H" | 0/1 | 0/1 | |
| Normal mode → OFF | "H" → "L" | 0 | 0 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regardless of the value of REG18, LDO1 turns on at LDOCNT = High. Regardless of the value of REG28, LDO2 turns on at LDOCNT = High. Serial interface signal is not received at RSTB = Low 5 ms after being set to LDOCNT = High, the receptionist of serial interface signal is attained. RSTB terminal prohibits the input signal of those other than a rectangle wave. All register setting become default setting if RSTB = Low (The default setting of REG18 and REG28 are [1]) If RSTB = Low before LDOCNT = Low, LDO1 and LDO2 can't turn off.) All register setting become default setting when LDO2 turn off. The setting order to change off mode is as following. REG18, 28 = [0] → LDOCNT = "L" → RSTB = "L" |
| Normal mode → Standby mode | | 0 | 1 | |

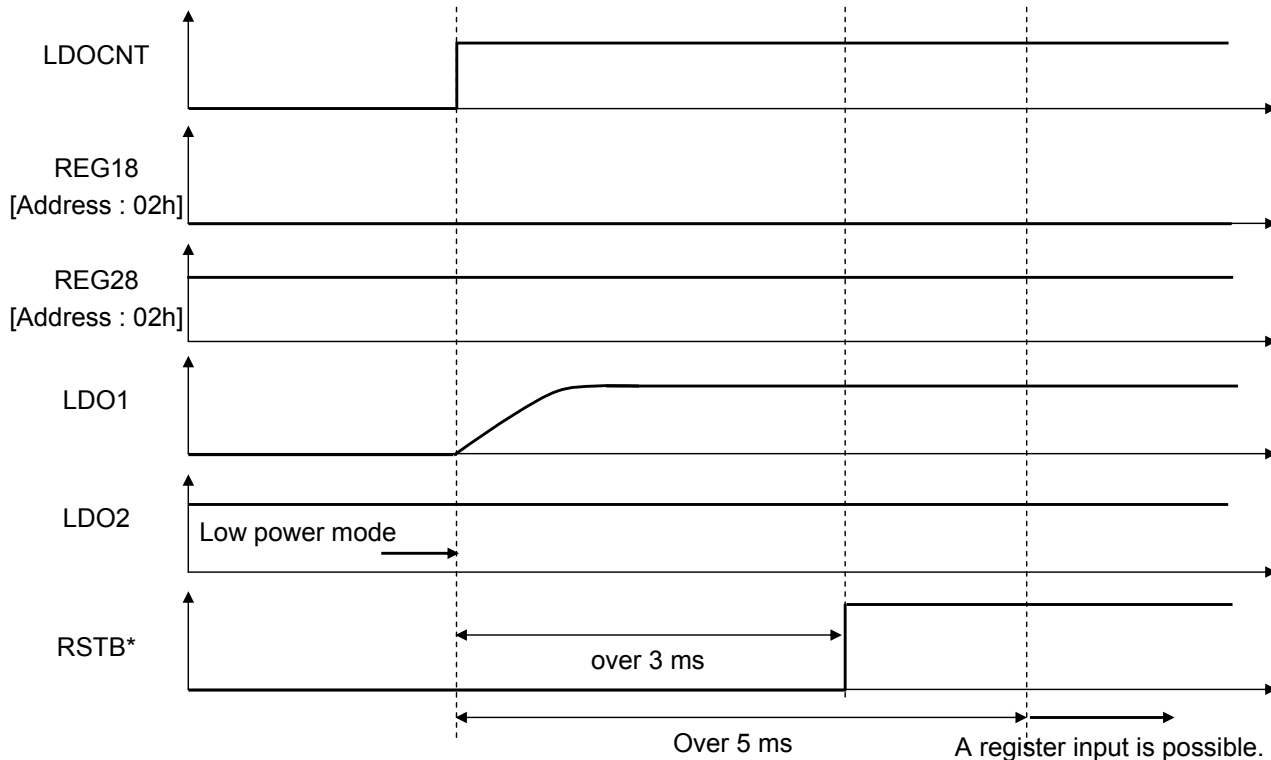
OPERATION (continued)

1. Explanation in each mode (Power supply starting sequence) (continued)

- Shift to the Normal mode from OFF-mode



- Shift to the Normal mode from Standby mode



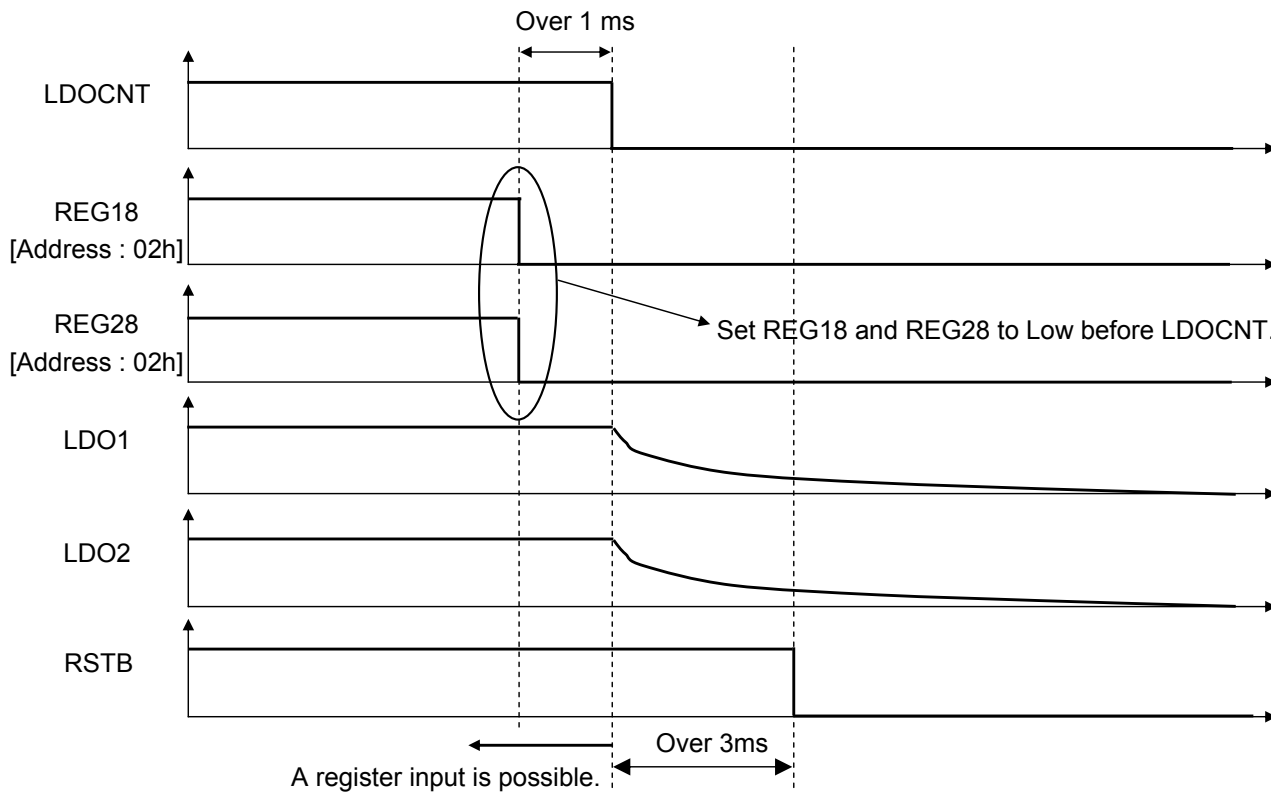
* It is a waveform in the case of applying reset to register setup at Standby mode.

* Maintain the state of RSTB = High to hold the register setup.

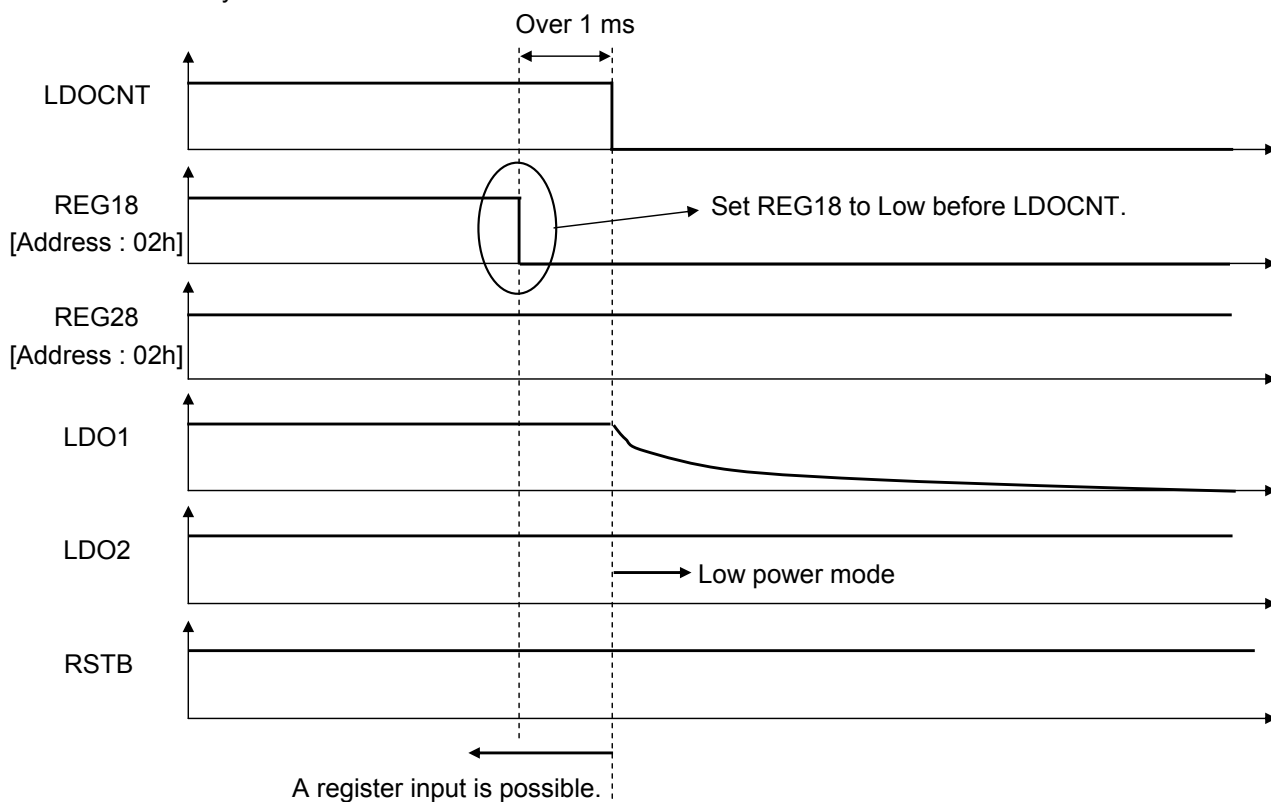
OPERATION (continued)

1. Explanation in each mode (Power supply starting sequence) (continued)

- Shift to the OFF-mode from Normal mode



- Shift to the Standby mode from Normal mode



OPERATION (continued)

1. Explanation in each mode (Power supply starting sequence) (continued)

- Shift to the OFF-mode from Normal mode

| VBAT | LDOCNT | MODE |
|------|--------|-------------|
| "L" | "L" | OFF |
| "L" | "H" | Prohibition |
| "H" | "L" | OFF |
| "H" | "H" | ON |

Note) "L" in column of VBAT and LDOCNT means 0 V, "H" means 3.1 to 4.6 V (operating supply voltage range).

- Logic pin condition

The following setting is common for OFF, Standby and Normal mode.
The pin setting when RSTB = Low, under Normal mode is as follows.

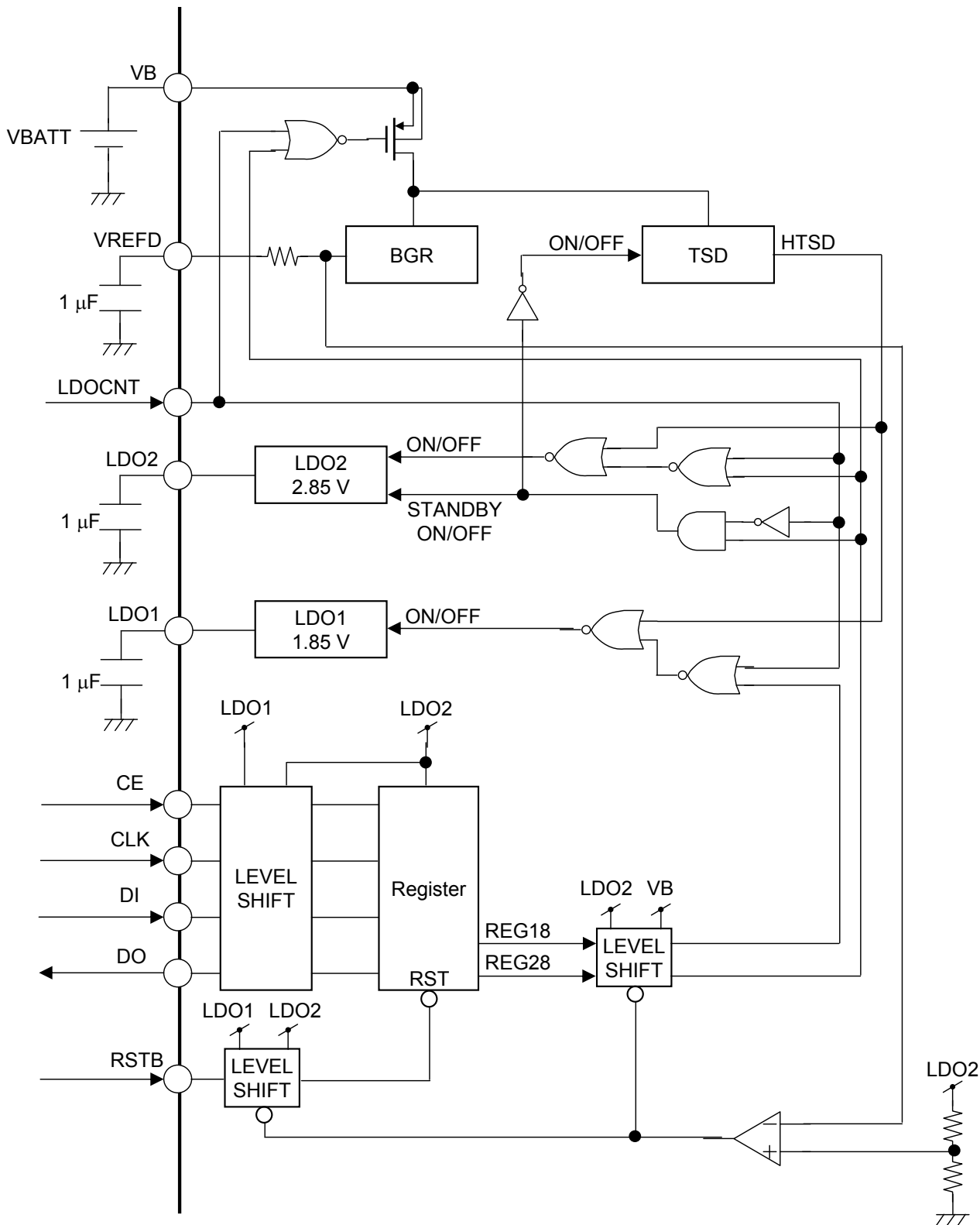
| Pin name | Pin state | Logic* |
|----------|-----------|----------------------|
| INT | Output | "L" |
| CE | Input | "L" |
| CLK | Input | "L" |
| DI | Input | "L" |
| DO | Output | "L" |
| LEDCTL | Input | "L" |
| LDOCNT | Input | Depends on each mode |

Note)*: Logic state for pins indicated as "Output" under Pin state shows the output level.
Logic state for pins indicated as "Input" under Pin state shows the input level to be set to the pins.

OPERATION (continued)

3. Block configuration

- RESET part block configuration

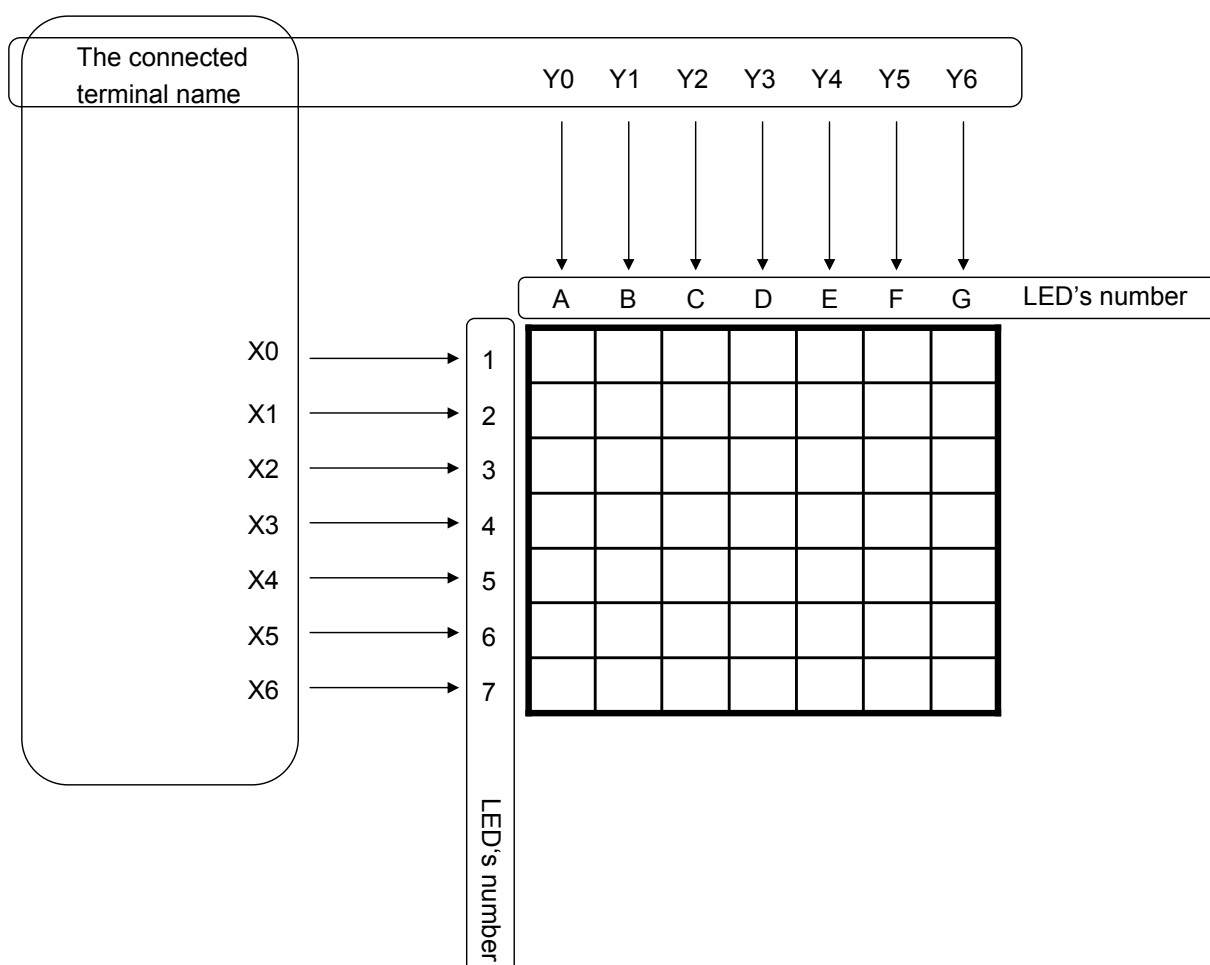


All the logic portions to which the power supply is not connected are connected to VB as power supplies.

OPERATION (continued)

3. Block configuration (continued)

- Explanation of matrix LED part, matrix LED's number
- LED matrix driver circuit can display character and pattern by controlling the 7×7 matrix LED individually.
- In this specification, LED's number controlled by each terminal can be matched off against the following figure.
- It is controlled by internal 1.2 MHz clock in default condition.
- In the scroll mode, LED matrix can move the display of character from right to left as the following arrangement.

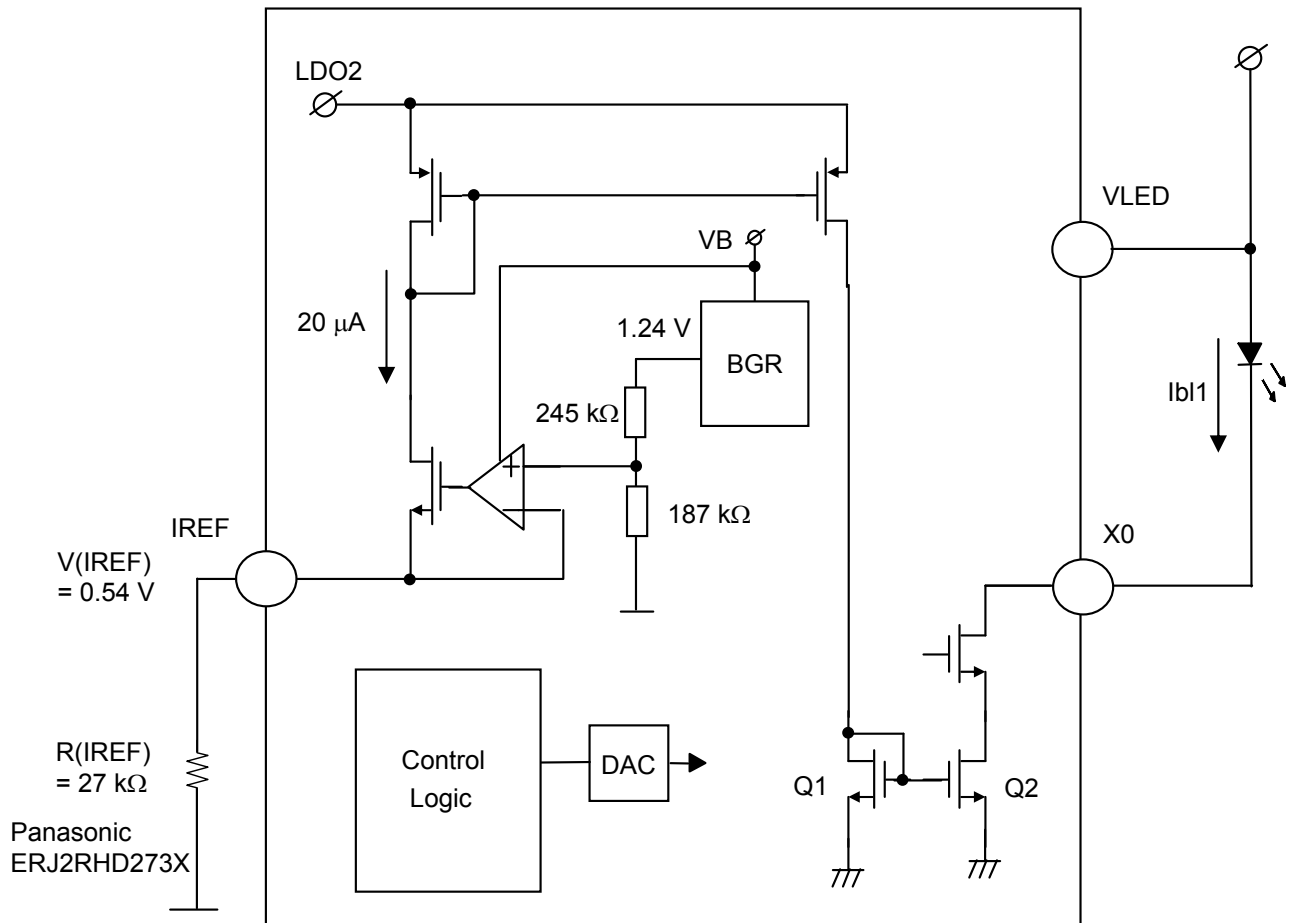


OPERATION (continued)

3. Block configuration (continued)

- Equivalent circuit of matrix LED driver

X0 terminal case



- The reference current for constant current driver is calculated by the following formula.

$$V(IREF) / R(IREF) = 0.54 \text{ V} / 27 \text{ k}\Omega = 20 \mu\text{A}$$
- The LED driver current can be set from 0 mA to 30 mA by register setting via serial interface.
- The constant current value can be changed by the external resistor value of IREF terminal, but the accuracy in case of that setting is not guaranteed.
- ERJ2RHD273X is recommended for the external resistor of IREF terminal to keep the constant current accuracy.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address

- Register Map

| Sub address | R/W | Data name | Data | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----------|----------|----|----|----|----|---------|--------|---------|-------|
| | | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | |
| 01h | W | POWERCNT | — | — | — | — | — | — | OSCEN | — | — |
| 02h | W | LDOCNT | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | REG18 | REG28 |
| 03h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 04h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 05h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 06h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 07h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 08h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 09h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 0Ah | W | LEDCTL | LEDACT | — | — | — | — | — | DISMTX | DISRGB | — |
| 10h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 11h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 12h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 13h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 14h | R | IOFACTOR | FACGD1 | — | — | — | — | RAM ACT | FRMINT | CPUWRER | TSD |
| 15h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 16h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 17h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 18h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 19h | | | For test | | | | | | | | |
| 1Ah | W/R | VDDSEL | INTVSEL | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register Map (continued)

| Sub Address | R/W | Data Name | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------|-----------|--------------|----|--------------|----|----|----|--------------|-----------|
| | | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 20h | R/W | MTXON | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | MTXON |
| 21h | R/W | MTXDATA | MTXDATA[7:0] | | | | | | | |
| 22h | R/W | FFROM | — | — | — | — | — | — | ROM77[1:0] | |
| 23h | R/W | ROMSEL | SELROM[7:0] | | | | | | | |
| 24h | R/W | RAMCOPY | — | — | — | — | — | — | SELRAM | COPYSTART |
| 25h | R/W | SETFROM | SETFROM[7:0] | | | | | | | |
| 26h | R/W | SETTO | SETTO[7:0] | | | | | | | |
| 27h | R/W | REPON | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | REPON |
| 28h | R/W | SETTIME | — | — | — | — | — | — | SETTIME[1:0] | |
| 29h | R/W | RAMRST | — | — | — | — | — | — | RAM1 | RAM2 |
| 2Ah | R/W | SCROLL | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | SCOLON |
| 2Bh | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 2Ch | R/W | RGBON | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | RGBON |
| 2Dh | R/W | RGBDATA | — | — | RGBDATA[5:0] | | | | | |
| 2Eh | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 30h | R/W | RAMNUM | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | RAMNUM |
| ⋮ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6Bh | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 6Dh | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 6Fh | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 70h | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 71h | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 72h | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 73h | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 74h | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 75h | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 76h | For test | | | | | | | | | |
| 77h | For test | | | | | | | | | |

* Access the address from 6Bh to 77h is prohibited.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

RAM address map

| Sub Address | Data Name | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|----|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 31h | A1 | BLA1[3:0] | | | FRA1[1:0] | | DLA1[1:0] | | |
| 32h | A2 | BLA2[3:0] | | | FRA2[1:0] | | DLA2[1:0] | | |
| 33h | A3 | BLA3[3:0] | | | FRA3[1:0] | | DLA3[1:0] | | |
| 34h | A4 | BLA4[3:0] | | | FRA4[1:0] | | DLA4[1:0] | | |
| 35h | A5 | BLA5[3:0] | | | FRA5[1:0] | | DLA5[1:0] | | |
| 36h | A6 | BLA6[3:0] | | | FRA6[1:0] | | DLA6[1:0] | | |
| 37h | A7 | BLA7[3:0] | | | FRA7[1:0] | | DLA7[1:0] | | |
| 38h | B1 | BLB1[3:0] | | | FRB1[1:0] | | DLB1[1:0] | | |
| 39h | B2 | BLB2[3:0] | | | FRB2[1:0] | | DLB2[1:0] | | |
| 3Ah | B3 | BLB3[3:0] | | | FRB3[1:0] | | DLB3[1:0] | | |
| 3Bh | B4 | BLB4[3:0] | | | FRB4[1:0] | | DLB4[1:0] | | |
| 3Ch | B5 | BLB5[3:0] | | | FRB5[1:0] | | DLB5[1:0] | | |
| 3Dh | B6 | BLB6[3:0] | | | FRB6[1:0] | | DLB6[1:0] | | |
| 3Eh | B7 | BLB7[3:0] | | | FRB7[1:0] | | DLB7[1:0] | | |
| 3Fh | C1 | BLC1[3:0] | | | FRC1[1:0] | | DLC1[1:0] | | |
| 40h | C2 | BLC2[3:0] | | | FRC2[1:0] | | DLC2[1:0] | | |
| 41h | C3 | BLC3[3:0] | | | FRC3[1:0] | | DLC3[1:0] | | |
| 42h | C4 | BLC4[3:0] | | | FRC4[1:0] | | DLC4[1:0] | | |
| 43h | C5 | BLC5[3:0] | | | FRC5[1:0] | | DLC5[1:0] | | |
| 44h | C6 | BLC6[3:0] | | | FRC6[1:0] | | DLC6[1:0] | | |
| 45h | C7 | BLC7[3:0] | | | FRC7[1:0] | | DLC7[1:0] | | |
| 46h | D1 | BLD1[3:0] | | | FRD1[1:0] | | DLD1[1:0] | | |
| 47h | D2 | BLD2[3:0] | | | FRD2[1:0] | | DLD2[1:0] | | |
| 48h | D3 | BLD3[3:0] | | | FRD3[1:0] | | DLD3[1:0] | | |
| 49h | D4 | BLD4[3:0] | | | FRD4[1:0] | | DLD4[1:0] | | |
| 4Ah | D5 | BLD5[3:0] | | | FRD5[1:0] | | DLD5[1:0] | | |
| 4Bh | D6 | BLD6[3:0] | | | FRD6[1:0] | | DLD6[1:0] | | |
| 4Ch | D7 | BLD7[3:0] | | | FRD7[1:0] | | DLD7[1:0] | | |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

RAM address map (continued)

| Sub Address | Data Name | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|----|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 4Dh | E1 | BLE1[3:0] | | | FRE1[1:0] | | DLE1[1:0] | | |
| 4Eh | E2 | BLE2[3:0] | | | FRE2[1:0] | | DLE2[1:0] | | |
| 4Fh | E3 | BLE3[3:0] | | | FRE3[1:0] | | DLE3[1:0] | | |
| 50h | E4 | BLE4[3:0] | | | FRE4[1:0] | | DLE4[1:0] | | |
| 51h | E5 | BLE5[3:0] | | | FRE5[1:0] | | DLE5[1:0] | | |
| 52h | E6 | BLE6[3:0] | | | FRE6[1:0] | | DLE6[1:0] | | |
| 53h | E7 | BLE7[3:0] | | | FRE7[1:0] | | DLE7[1:0] | | |
| 54h | F1 | BLF1[3:0] | | | FRF1[1:0] | | DLF1[1:0] | | |
| 55h | F2 | BLF2[3:0] | | | FRF2[1:0] | | DLF2[1:0] | | |
| 56h | F3 | BLF3[3:0] | | | FRF3[1:0] | | DLF3[1:0] | | |
| 57h | F4 | BLF4[3:0] | | | FRF4[1:0] | | DLF4[1:0] | | |
| 58h | F5 | BLF5[3:0] | | | FRF5[1:0] | | DLF5[1:0] | | |
| 59h | F6 | BLF6[3:0] | | | FRF6[1:0] | | DLF6[1:0] | | |
| 5Ah | F7 | BLF7[3:0] | | | FRF7[1:0] | | DLF7[1:0] | | |
| 5Bh | G1 | BLG1[3:0] | | | FRG1[1:0] | | DLG1[1:0] | | |
| 5Ch | G2 | BLG2[3:0] | | | FRG2[1:0] | | DLG2[1:0] | | |
| 5Dh | G3 | BLG3[3:0] | | | FRG3[1:0] | | DLG3[1:0] | | |
| 5Eh | G4 | BLG4[3:0] | | | FRG4[1:0] | | DLG4[1:0] | | |
| 5Fh | G5 | BLG5[3:0] | | | FRG5[1:0] | | DLG5[1:0] | | |
| 60h | G6 | BLG6[3:0] | | | FRG6[1:0] | | DLG6[1:0] | | |
| 61h | G7 | BLG7[3:0] | | | FRG7[1:0] | | DLG7[1:0] | | |
| 62h | LEDR | BLLEDR[3:0] | | | FRLEDR[1:0] | | DLLEDR[1:0] | | |
| 63h | LEDG | BLLEDG[3:0] | | | FRLEDG[1:0] | | DLLEDG[1:0] | | |
| 64h | LEDB | BLLEDB[3:0] | | | FRLEDB[1:0] | | DLLEDB[1:0] | | |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- ROM Address Map

[00000000] - [10010101] : ROM(Only luminosity) 7 × 7 Pattern No.0 (default) to Pattern No.149

| Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display | Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------|---------|
| 0 | All putting out lights | Nothing | 31 | Alphabetic character | U |
| 1 | Number | 0 | 32 | Alphabetic character | V |
| 2 | Number | 1 | 33 | Alphabetic character | W |
| 3 | Number | 2 | 34 | Alphabetic character | X |
| 4 | Number | 3 | 35 | Alphabetic character | Y |
| 5 | Number | 4 | 36 | Alphabetic character | Z |
| 6 | Number | 5 | 37 | Alphabetic character | a |
| 7 | Number | 6 | 38 | Alphabetic character | b |
| 8 | Number | 7 | 39 | Alphabetic character | c |
| 9 | Number | 8 | 40 | Alphabetic character | d |
| 10 | Number | 9 | 41 | Alphabetic character | e |
| 11 | Alphabetic character | A | 42 | Alphabetic character | f |
| 12 | Alphabetic character | B | 43 | Alphabetic character | g |
| 13 | Alphabetic character | C | 44 | Alphabetic character | h |
| 14 | Alphabetic character | D | 45 | Alphabetic character | i |
| 15 | Alphabetic character | E | 46 | Alphabetic character | j |
| 16 | Alphabetic character | F | 47 | Alphabetic character | k |
| 17 | Alphabetic character | G | 48 | Alphabetic character | l |
| 18 | Alphabetic character | H | 49 | Alphabetic character | m |
| 19 | Alphabetic character | I | 50 | Alphabetic character | n |
| 20 | Alphabetic character | J | 51 | Alphabetic character | o |
| 21 | Alphabetic character | K | 52 | Alphabetic character | p |
| 22 | Alphabetic character | L | 53 | Alphabetic character | q |
| 23 | Alphabetic character | M | 54 | Alphabetic character | r |
| 24 | Alphabetic character | N | 55 | Alphabetic character | s |
| 25 | Alphabetic character | O | 56 | Alphabetic character | t |
| 26 | Alphabetic character | P | 57 | Alphabetic character | u |
| 27 | Alphabetic character | Q | 58 | Alphabetic character | v |
| 28 | Alphabetic character | R | 59 | Alphabetic character | w |
| 29 | Alphabetic character | S | 60 | Alphabetic character | x |
| 30 | Alphabetic character | T | 61 | Alphabetic character | y |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- ROM Address Map (continued)

[00000000] - [10010101] : ROM(Only luminosity) 7×7 Pattern No.0 (default) to Pattern No.149

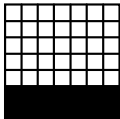
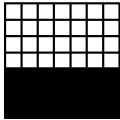
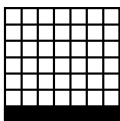
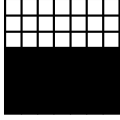
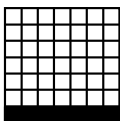


| Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display | Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------|---------|
| 62 | Alphabetic character | z | 93 | Number | 30 |
| 63 | Number | 00 | 94 | Number | 31 |
| 64 | Number | 01 | 95 | Number | 32 |
| 65 | Number | 02 | 96 | Number | 33 |
| 66 | Number | 03 | 97 | Number | 34 |
| 67 | Number | 04 | 98 | Number | 35 |
| 68 | Number | 05 | 99 | Number | 36 |
| 69 | Number | 06 | 100 | Number | 37 |
| 70 | Number | 07 | 101 | Number | 38 |
| 71 | Number | 08 | 102 | Number | 39 |
| 72 | Number | 09 | 103 | Number | 40 |
| 73 | Number | 10 | 104 | Number | 41 |
| 74 | Number | 11 | 105 | Number | 42 |
| 75 | Number | 12 | 106 | Number | 43 |
| 76 | Number | 13 | 107 | Number | 44 |
| 77 | Number | 14 | 108 | Number | 45 |
| 78 | Number | 15 | 109 | Number | 46 |
| 79 | Number | 16 | 110 | Number | 47 |
| 80 | Number | 17 | 111 | Number | 48 |
| 81 | Number | 18 | 112 | Number | 49 |
| 82 | Number | 19 | 113 | Number | 50 |
| 83 | Number | 20 | 114 | Number | 51 |
| 84 | Number | 21 | 115 | Number | 52 |
| 85 | Number | 22 | 116 | Number | 53 |
| 86 | Number | 23 | 117 | Number | 54 |
| 87 | Number | 24 | 118 | Number | 55 |
| 88 | Number | 25 | 119 | Number | 56 |
| 89 | Number | 26 | 120 | Number | 57 |
| 90 | Number | 27 | 121 | Number | 58 |
| 91 | Number | 28 | 122 | Number | 59 |
| 92 | Number | 29 | 123 | Number | 60 |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- ROM Address Map (continued)

[00000000] - [10010101] : ROM(Only luminosity) 7×7 Pattern No.0 (default) to Pattern No.149

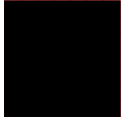
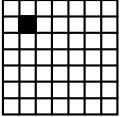
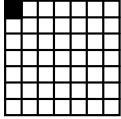
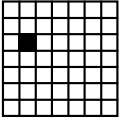
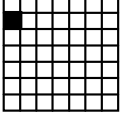
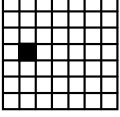
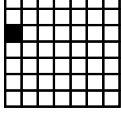
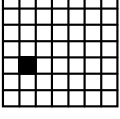
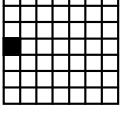
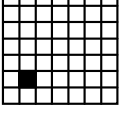
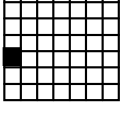
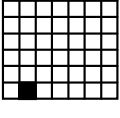
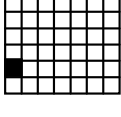
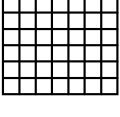
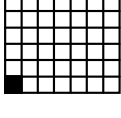
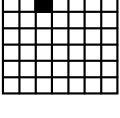
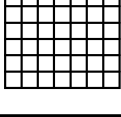
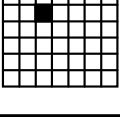
| Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display | Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------|---|--------|---|
| 124 | Symbol | Zero antenna | 144 | Symbol |  | | |
| 125 | Symbol | One antenna | | | | | |
| 126 | Symbol | Two antenna | | | | | |
| 127 | Symbol | Three antenna | | | | | |
| 128 | Symbol | ▶ | | | | | |
| 129 | Symbol | ■ | | | | | |
| 130 | Symbol | | | | | | |
| 131 | Symbol | >> | | | | | |
| 132 | Symbol | << | | | | | |
| 133 | Symbol | : | | | | | |
| 134 | Symbol | ! | | | | | |
| 135 | Symbol | ? | | | | | |
| 136 | Symbol | ▲ | | | | | |
| 137 | Symbol | ▼ | | | | | |
| 138 | Symbol | ← | 145 | Symbol |  | | |
| 139 | Symbol | → | | | | | |
| 140 | Symbol | + | | | | | |
| 141 | Symbol | - | | | | | |
| 142 | Symbol | / | | | | | |
| 143 | Symbol |  | | | 146 | Symbol |  |
| | | | | | | | 147 |
| 143 | Symbol |  | 148 | Symbol |  | | |
| | | | | | 149 | Symbol |  |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- ROM Address Map (continued)

[10010110] - [11010000] : ROM(Luminosity + Cycle + Delay) 7 × 7 Pattern No.150 to Pattern No.208

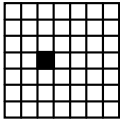
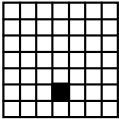
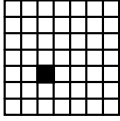
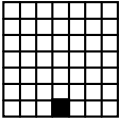
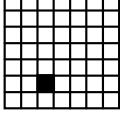
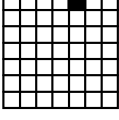
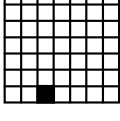
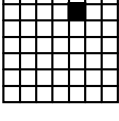
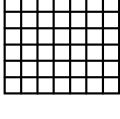
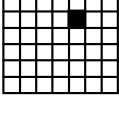
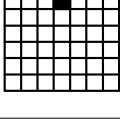
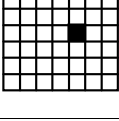
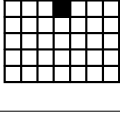
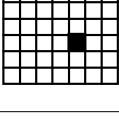
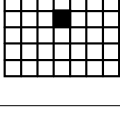
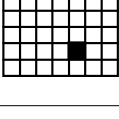
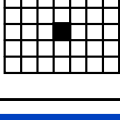
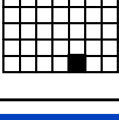
| Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display | Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| 150 | Gradation |  | 159 | Gradation |  |
| 151 | Gradation |  | 160 | Gradation |  |
| 152 | Gradation |  | 161 | Gradation |  |
| 153 | Gradation |  | 162 | Gradation |  |
| 154 | Gradation |  | 163 | Gradation |  |
| 155 | Gradation |  | 164 | Gradation |  |
| 156 | Gradation |  | 165 | Gradation |  |
| 157 | Gradation |  | 166 | Gradation |  |
| 158 | Gradation |  | 167 | Gradation |  |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- ROM Address Map (continued)

[10010110] - [11010000] : ROM(Luminosity + Cycle + Delay) 7 × 7 Pattern No.150 to Pattern No.208

| Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display | Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| 168 | Gradation |  | 177 | Gradation |  |
| 169 | Gradation |  | 178 | Gradation |  |
| 170 | Gradation |  | 179 | Gradation |  |
| 171 | Gradation |  | 180 | Gradation |  |
| 172 | Gradation |  | 181 | Gradation |  |
| 173 | Gradation |  | 182 | Gradation |  |
| 174 | Gradation |  | 183 | Gradation |  |
| 175 | Gradation |  | 184 | Gradation |  |
| 176 | Gradation |  | 185 | Gradation |  |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- ROM Address Map (continued)

[10010110] - [11010000] : ROM(Luminosity + Cycle + Delay) 7 × 7 Pattern No.150 to Pattern No.208

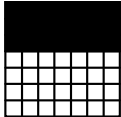

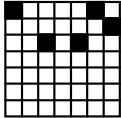
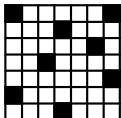
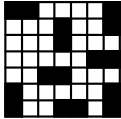
| Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display | Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------|---------|
| 186 | Gradation | | 195 | Gradation | |
| 187 | Gradation | | 196 | Gradation | |
| 188 | Gradation | | 197 | Gradation | |
| 189 | Gradation | | 198 | Gradation | |
| 190 | Gradation | | 199 | Gradation | |
| 191 | Gradation | | 200 | Gradation | |
| 192 | Gradation | | 201 | Gradation | |
| 193 | Gradation | | 202 | Gradation | |
| 194 | Gradation | | 203 | Gradation | |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- ROM Address Map (continued)

[10010110] - [11010000] : ROM(Luminosity + Cycle + Delay) 7 × 7 Pattern No.150 to Pattern No.208

| Pattern No. | Contents of the pattern | Display |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| 204 | Gradation |  |
| 205 | Gradation |  |
| 206 | Gradation |  |
| 207 | Gradation |  |
| 208 | Gradation |  |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register table which needs a clock

About the following addresses, even if an internal clock or an external clock does not exist,
Read / Write is possible in the data to register. However, it cannot be given to operation finally needed.

| Sub Address | R/W | Data Name | DATA | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----------|--------------|----|--------------|----|----|------------|--------|--------------|---------------|---|
| | | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | | |
| 01h | W | POWERCNT | — | — | — | — | — | — | OSCEN | — | — | |
| 14h | R | IOFACTOR | FACG D1 | — | — | — | — | RAM ACT | FRMINT | CPU WRER | TSD | |
| 20h | R/W | MTXON | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | MTXON | |
| 21h | R/W | MTXDATA | MTXDATA[7:0] | | | | | | | | | |
| 22h | R/W | FFROM | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | ROM77[1:0] | | |
| 23h | R/W | ROMSEL | SELROM[7:0] | | | | | | | | | |
| 24h | R/W | RAMCOPY | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | SELRAM | COPY START | |
| 25h | R/W | SETFROM | SETFROM[7:0] | | | | | | | | | |
| 26h | R/W | SETTO | SETTO[7:0] | | | | | | | | | |
| 27h | R/W | REPON | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | REPON | |
| 28h | R/W | SETTIME | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | SETTIME[1:0] | | |
| 29h | R/W | RAMRST | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | RAM1 | RAM2 | |
| 2Ah | R/W | SCROLL | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | SCLON | |
| 2Bh | R/W | SCLTIME | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | SCLTIME[1:0] | | |
| 2Ch | R/W | RGBON | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | RGBON | |
| 2Dh | R/W | RGBDATA | — | — | RGBDATA[5:0] | | | | | | — | — |
| 30h | R/W | RAMNUM | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | RAMNUM | |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register table which needs a clock (continued)

About the following addresses, when an internal clock or an external clock does not exist, data cannot be Read / Write in at register.

| Sub Address | Data Name | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|----|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 31h | A1 | BLA1[3:0] | | | FRA1[1:0] | | DLA1[1:0] | | |
| 32h | A2 | BLA2[3:0] | | | FRA2[1:0] | | DLA2[1:0] | | |
| 33h | A3 | BLA3[3:0] | | | FRA3[1:0] | | DLA3[1:0] | | |
| 34h | A4 | BLA4[3:0] | | | FRA4[1:0] | | DLA4[1:0] | | |
| 35h | A5 | BLA5[3:0] | | | FRA5[1:0] | | DLA5[1:0] | | |
| 36h | A6 | BLA6[3:0] | | | FRA6[1:0] | | DLA6[1:0] | | |
| 37h | A7 | BLA7[3:0] | | | FRA7[1:0] | | DLA7[1:0] | | |
| 38h | B1 | BLB1[3:0] | | | FRB1[1:0] | | DLB1[1:0] | | |
| 39h | B2 | BLB2[3:0] | | | FRB2[1:0] | | DLB2[1:0] | | |
| 3Ah | B3 | BLB3[3:0] | | | FRB3[1:0] | | DLB3[1:0] | | |
| 3Bh | B4 | BLB4[3:0] | | | FRB4[1:0] | | DLB4[1:0] | | |
| 3Ch | B5 | BLB5[3:0] | | | FRB5[1:0] | | DLB5[1:0] | | |
| 3Dh | B6 | BLB6[3:0] | | | FRB6[1:0] | | DLB6[1:0] | | |
| 3Eh | B7 | BLB7[3:0] | | | FRB7[1:0] | | DLB7[1:0] | | |
| 3Fh | C1 | BLC1[3:0] | | | FRC1[1:0] | | DLC1[1:0] | | |
| 40h | C2 | BLC2[3:0] | | | FRC2[1:0] | | DLC2[1:0] | | |
| 41h | C3 | BLC3[3:0] | | | FRC3[1:0] | | DLC3[1:0] | | |
| 42h | C4 | BLC4[3:0] | | | FRC4[1:0] | | DLC4[1:0] | | |
| 43h | C5 | BLC5[3:0] | | | FRC5[1:0] | | DLC5[1:0] | | |
| 44h | C6 | BLC6[3:0] | | | FRC6[1:0] | | DLC6[1:0] | | |
| 45h | C7 | BLC7[3:0] | | | FRC7[1:0] | | DLC7[1:0] | | |
| 46h | D1 | BLD1[3:0] | | | FRD1[1:0] | | DLD1[1:0] | | |
| 47h | D2 | BLD2[3:0] | | | FRD2[1:0] | | DLD2[1:0] | | |
| 48h | D3 | BLD3[3:0] | | | FRD3[1:0] | | DLD3[1:0] | | |
| 49h | D4 | BLD4[3:0] | | | FRD4[1:0] | | DLD4[1:0] | | |
| 4Ah | D5 | BLD5[3:0] | | | FRD5[1:0] | | DLD5[1:0] | | |
| 4Bh | D6 | BLD6[3:0] | | | FRD6[1:0] | | DLD6[1:0] | | |
| 4Ch | D7 | BLD7[3:0] | | | FRD7[1:0] | | DLD7[1:0] | | |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register table which needs a clock (continued)

About the following addresses, when an internal clock or an external clock does not exist, data cannot be Read / Write in at register.

| Sub Address | Data Name | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|----|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 4Dh | E1 | BLE1[3:0] | | | FRE1[1:0] | | DLE1[1:0] | | |
| 4Eh | E2 | BLE2[3:0] | | | FRE2[1:0] | | DLE2[1:0] | | |
| 4Fh | E3 | BLE3[3:0] | | | FRE3[1:0] | | DLE3[1:0] | | |
| 50h | E4 | BLE4[3:0] | | | FRE4[1:0] | | DLE4[1:0] | | |
| 51h | E5 | BLE5[3:0] | | | FRE5[1:0] | | DLE5[1:0] | | |
| 52h | E6 | BLE6[3:0] | | | FRE6[1:0] | | DLE6[1:0] | | |
| 53h | E7 | BLE7[3:0] | | | FRE7[1:0] | | DLE7[1:0] | | |
| 54h | F1 | BLF1[3:0] | | | FRF1[1:0] | | DLF1[1:0] | | |
| 55h | F2 | BLF2[3:0] | | | FRF2[1:0] | | DLF2[1:0] | | |
| 56h | F3 | BLF3[3:0] | | | FRF3[1:0] | | DLF3[1:0] | | |
| 57h | F4 | BLF4[3:0] | | | FRF4[1:0] | | DLF4[1:0] | | |
| 58h | F5 | BLF5[3:0] | | | FRF5[1:0] | | DLF5[1:0] | | |
| 59h | F6 | BLF6[3:0] | | | FRF6[1:0] | | DLF6[1:0] | | |
| 5Ah | F7 | BLF7[3:0] | | | FRF7[1:0] | | DLF7[1:0] | | |
| 5Bh | G1 | BLG1[3:0] | | | FRG1[1:0] | | DLG1[1:0] | | |
| 5Ch | G2 | BLG2[3:0] | | | FRG2[1:0] | | DLG2[1:0] | | |
| 5Dh | G3 | BLG3[3:0] | | | FRG3[1:0] | | DLG3[1:0] | | |
| 5Eh | G4 | BLG4[3:0] | | | FRG4[1:0] | | DLG4[1:0] | | |
| 5Fh | G5 | BLG5[3:0] | | | FRG5[1:0] | | DLG5[1:0] | | |
| 60h | G6 | BLG6[3:0] | | | FRG6[1:0] | | DLG6[1:0] | | |
| 61h | G7 | BLG7[3:0] | | | FRG7[1:0] | | DLG7[1:0] | | |
| 62h | LEDR | BLLEDR[3:0] | | | FRLEDR[1:0] | | DLLEDR[1:0] | | |
| 63h | LEDG | BLLEDG[3:0] | | | FRLEDG[1:0] | | DLLEDG[1:0] | | |
| 64h | LEDB | BLLEDB[3:0] | | | FRLEDB[1:0] | | DLLEDB[1:0] | | |

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|----|----|----|----|-------|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 01h | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | OSCEN | — | — |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W | W | W | W | W | W | W | W |

D2 : OSCEN ON/OFF bit for internal oscillators

[0] : Internal oscillating circuit is OFF (default)

[1] : Internal oscillating circuit is ON

- The variation width of an internal oscillator is set to 0.96MHz - 1.44 MHz.

- The variation width of an internal clock is set to 694.4 ns - 1042 ns.

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|----|----|----|----|----|-------|-------|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 02h | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | REG18 | REG28 |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | mode | W | W | W | W | W | W | W | W |

D1 : REG18 The ON/OFF control for LDO1(When LDOCNT terminal is Low)

[0] : LDO1 OFF

[1] : LDO1 ON (default)

D0 : REG28 The ON/OFF control for LDO2(When LDOCNT terminal is Low)

[0] : LDO2 OFF

[1] : LDO2 ON (default)

- When LDOCNT terminal is High, regardless of the state of REG18, LDO1 will be activated.

- When LDOCNT terminal is High, regardless of the state of REG28, LDO2 will be activated.

- Set LDOCNT to Low after setting REG28 to Low to put into OFF mode.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 03h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W | W | W | W | W | W | W | W |
| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 04h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | R | R | R | R | R | R | R | R |
| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 05h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W | W | W | W | W | W | W | W |
| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 06h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W | W | W | W | W | W | W | W |
| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 07h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W | W | W | W | W | W | W | W |

*Don't access to address from 03h to 07h.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 08h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W | W | W | W | W | W | W | W |

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 09h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W | W | W | W | W | W | W | W |

*Don't access to address from 08h to 09h.

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|--------|----|----|----|----|--------|--------|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 0Ah | Data Name | LEDACT | — | — | — | — | DISMTX | DISRGB | — |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W | W | W | W | W | W | W | W |

D7 : LEDACT A putting-out-lights setup of LED by LEDCTL terminal.

[0] : The light is switched on at LEDCTL = Low(default)

[1] : The light is switched on at LEDCTL = High

D2 : DISMTX A putting-out-lights ON/OFF setup of 7 × 7 dots matrix LED by LEDCTL terminal.

[0] : Putting-out-lights control OFF by LEDCTL terminal. (default)

[1] : Putting-out-lights control ON by LEDCTL terminal.

D1 : DISRGB A putting-out-lights ON/OFF setup of R, G and B terminal by LEDCTL terminal.

[0] : Putting-out-lights control OFF by LEDCTL terminal. (default)

[1] : Putting-out-lights control ON by LEDCTL terminal.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 10h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 11h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 12h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 13h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

*Don't access to address from 10h to 13h.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|--------|----|----|----|--------|--------|---------|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 14h | Data Name | FACGD1 | — | — | — | RAMACT | FRMINT | CPUWRER | TSD |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | R | R | R | R | R | R | R | R |

D7 : FACGD1

- [0] : Normal operation (default)
- [1] : No read clearance

D3 : RAMACT Internal RAM access judgment

- [0] : RAM is not accessed. (default)
- [1] : RAM is accessed.

D2 : FRMINT Frame display end judgment during scroll display

- [0] : Under frame display (default)
- [1] : Frame display end

D1 : CPUWRER CPU access error judgment

- [0] : CPU access error does not occur. (default)
- [1] : CPU access error occurs.

D0 : TSD Abnormal detection of TSD error

- [0] : TSD abnormal detection does not occur. (default)
- [1] : TSD abnormal detection occurs.

- CPUWRER indicates the error when CPU writes the data to 31h to 64h during copying from ROM to RAM1 or RAM2.
- The WRITE contents from CPU are not reflected in this LSI at CPUWRER = High. Write from CPU again.
- The interval of FACGD1 = "1" is maximum 1.93 μs (at the internal clock operation) from the renewal time of data.
- At FACGD1 = "1", if address 14h data is read, data of D0 to D6 are cleared.
- RAM access from CPU cannot be performed at RAMACT = "1" .
- When each address 14h register is set to High, the pulse in a cycle of 4 ms is output from INT.
- The pulse output from INT continues an output until address 14h is read.
- RSTB terminal = Low can reset to stop the INT pulse signal in case of that the serial read function is not used.
- The states for RAMACT = "1" are shown below.
 1. While copying to RAM from ROM.
 2. While clearing RAM

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 15h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | R | R | R | R | R | R | R | R |

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 16h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 17h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 18h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 19h | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

*Don't access to address from 15h to 19h.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 1Ah | Data Name | INTVSEL | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D7 : INTVSEL The voltage setup of INT terminal
 [0] : 1.85 V (default)
 [1] : 2.85 V

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 20h | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | MTXON |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D0 : MTXON ON/OFF setup of matrix LED

[0] : OFF (default)

[1] : ON

- During MTXON = "1", subsequent ROM, RAM, and the control contents to a register are sequentially processed and lit up.
- Wait 5 ms when MTXON is set to "1" after address 01h OSCEN is set to "1".
- Set MTXON to "1", and then set up other addresses to display the matrix part.

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 21h | Data Name | MTXDATA[7:0] | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D7-0 : MTXDATA[7:0] Address setup of ROM/RAM of the data to read

[00000000] - [10010101] : ROM (Only luminosity)

7×7 pattern No.0 (default) to No.149

[10010110] - [11010000] : ROM (Luminosity + Cycle + Delay)

7×7 pattern No. 150 to No.208

[11010001] : RAM (Luminosity + Cycle + Delay)

7×7 pattern RAM No.1

[11010010] : RAM (Luminosity + Cycle + Delay)

7×7 pattern RAM No.2

- The pattern No.0 of ROM is all "0" data of matrix LED.
- Accessing to 21h is disabled while copying from ROM to RAM (COPYSTART 24h = "1").

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

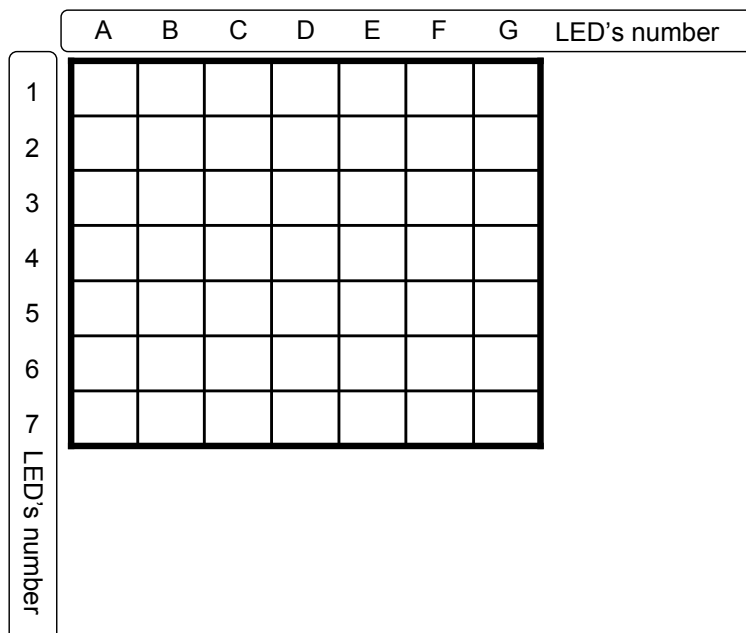
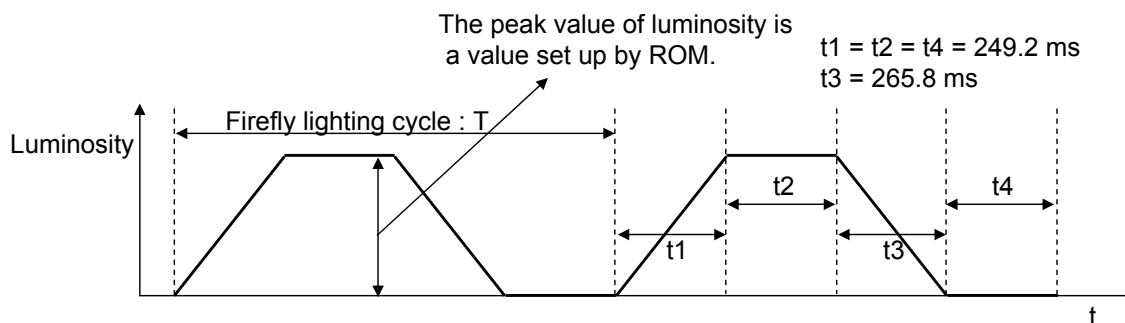
- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 22h | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | ROM77[1:0] | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D1-0 : ROM77[1:0] Lighting control of the 7×7 (LED No.A1-G7) fixed pattern of ROM

- [00] : ROM data is displayed.
- [01] : ROM data is displayed by firefly lighting in 1 s.
- [10] : ROM data is displayed by firefly lighting in 2 s.
- [11] : ROM data is displayed by firefly lighting in 3 s

- During display of repetition (REPON = "1"), ROM77 must not be changed.



OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 23h | Data Name | SELROM[7:0] | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D7-0 : SELROM[7:0] Address setup of ROM copied to RAM

[00000000] - [10010101] : ROM (Only luminosity) 7×7 pattern No.0 (default) to No.149

[10010110] - [11010000] : ROM (Luminosity + Cycle + Delay) 7×7 pattern No.150 to No.208

- Accessing to 23h is disabled while copying from ROM to RAM (COPYSTART 24h = "1").

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----------|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 24h | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | SELRAM | COPYSTART |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D1 : SELRAM RAM number setup of a copy place.

[0] : RAM No.1

[1] : RAM No.2

D0 : COPYSTART Copy start ON/OFF control to RAM from ROM

[0] : OFF

[1] : The copy set up by SELROM and SELRAM is started. (It returns to 0 by internal 51 CLK.)

- Address 24h is only for copying data to RAM and never start LED display.
 (However, if this RAM is copied when LED display is showing, LED display is updated.)
- Writing in address 21h-MTXDATA, 2Ah-SCLON, and 27h-REPON is disabled while copying.
 (RAMACT flag is raised.)
- Accessing to SELRAM is disabled while copying from ROM to RAM (COPYSTART 24h = "1")
- Don't write address 29h (RAM-clear) while copying.
 (The waiting time for over 1 ms is required after COPYSTART.)

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 25h | Data Name | SETFROM[7:0] | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D7-0 : SETFROM[7:0] An address setup of the ROM frame data at the repetition display start.
[00000000] - [10010101] : ROM (Only luminosity) 7×7 pattern No.0 (default) to No.149
[10010110] - [11010000] : ROM (Luminosity + Cycle + Delay) 7×7 pattern No.150 to No.208

- During display of repetition (REPON = "1"), Don't change the setting of SETFROM.

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 26h | Data Name | SETTO[7:0] | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D7-0 : SETTO[7:0] Address setup of the ROM frame data at the repetition display end
[00000000] - [10010101] : ROM (Only luminosity) 7×7 pattern No.0 (default) to No.149
[10010110] - [11010000] : ROM (Luminosity + Cycle + Delay) 7×7 pattern No.150 to No.208

- During display of repetition (REPON = "1"), don't change the setting of SETTO.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 27h | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | REPON |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D0 : REPON Repetition display ON/OFF control

[0] : Repetition display OFF (default)

[1] : Repetition display ON

- During display of repetition, display of set-up ROM is continued.
- A repetition display is started in the state of MTXON = "1" and REPON = "1".
- Accessing to 27h is disabled while copying from ROM to RAM (COPYSTART 24h = "1").
- When the setting of SCLON is changed from Low to High while REPON = "1", REPON becomes "0" and it shifts to scroll function.
- During display of repetition (REPON = "1"), don't change the setting of SETFROM and SETTO.

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 28h | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | SETTIME[1:0] | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D1-0 : SETTIME[1:0] A frame display time setup of repetition display

[00] : 1 s (default)

[01] : 2 s

[10] : 3 s

[11] : 4 s

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 29h | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | RAM1 | RAM2 |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D1 : RAM1 The data in 7×7 RAM1 is cleared.

0 : Overwrite is possible. (default)

1 : The data in 7×7 RAM1 is cleared. (It returns to 0 by internal 2 CLK.)

D0 : RAM2 The data in 7×7 RAM2 is cleared.

0 : Overwrite is possible. (default)

1 : The data in 7×7 RAM2 is cleared. (It returns to 0 by internal 2 CLK.)

- Don't set the RAM-clear operation for RAM1 or RAM2 during display of repetition (SCLON = "1").
- Don't set the RAM-clear operation (29h) during the COPY operation (24h).
(The waiting time for over 1 ms is required after COPYSTART.)

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 2Ah | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | SCLON |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D0 : SCLON ON/OFF setup of scroll display

[0] : OFF (default)

[1] : ON

- The scroll display displays the data which exists in the RAM No.1-2 of 7×7 in order of A-G column. The display travel time of a column is the preset value of SCLTIME.
- During display of scroll, data can be written to RAM without specifying RAM number. (Writing is performed to empty RAM.)
- The scroll display is started in the state of MTXON = "1" and SCLON.
- Accessing to 2Ah is disabled while copying from ROM to RAM (COPYSTART 24h = "1").
- When the setting of REPON is changed from "0" to "1" while SCLON = "1", SCLON becomes "0" and it shifts to repetition display function.
- During display of scroll (SCLON = "1"), don't change the setting of RAM1 and RAM2.
- Once the scroll function was set, then the SCLON = "0" or MTXON = "0", RSTB terminal must be "L" to reset before the scroll function is set again.

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 2Bh | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | SCLTIME[1:0] | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D1-0 : SCLTIME[1:0] Frame display time setup of scroll display

[00] : 0.1 s (default)

[01] : 0.2 s

[10] : 0.4 s

[11] : 0.8 s

- The display travel time of the column is the preset value of SCLTIME.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 2Ch | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | RGBON |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D0 : RGBON ON/OFF setup of RGB lighting
[0] : OFF (default)
[1] : ON

- Wait 5 ms when RGBON is set to "1" after address 01h OSCEN is set to "1".

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 2Dh | Data Name | — | — | RGBDATA[5:0] | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D7-0 : RGBDATA[5:0] Address setup of ROM and register which read RGB data
[000000] : Register is displayed.
[000001] - [101010] : ROM (RGB pattern, Luminosity + Cycle + Delay) pattern No.1 to No.42

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 2Eh | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | R | R | R | R | R | R | R | R |

*Don't access to address 2Eh.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 30h | Data Name | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | RAMNUM |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D1-0 : RAMNUM[1:0] RAM number setup at the CPU access (READ and WRITE).

[0] : RAM No.1

[1] : RAM No.2

- Accessing to 30h is disabled during display of scroll (2Ah SCLON = "1").

OPERATION (continued)

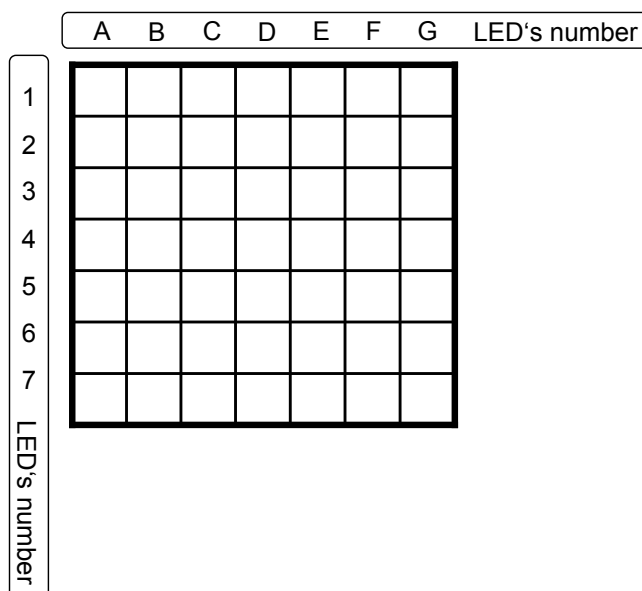
4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 31h | Data Name | BLA1[3:0] | | | | FRA1[1:0] | | DLA1[1:0] | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D7-4 : BLA1[1:0] Luminosity setup of LED No.A1

- [0000] : 0 mA (default)
- [0001] : 1 mA
- [0010] : 2 mA
- [0011] : 3 mA
- [0100] : 4 mA
- [0101] : 5 mA
- [0110] : 8 mA
- [0111] : 11 mA
- [1000] : 15 mA
- [1001] : 17 mA
- [1010] : 19 mA
- [1011] : 21 mA
- [1100] : 24 mA
- [1101] : 26 mA
- [1110] : 28 mA
- [1111] : 30 mA



D3-2 : FRA1[1:0] Firefly operation and cycle setup of the LED No.A1

- [00] : Lighting mode (default)
- [01] : Firefly lighting cycle 1 s
- [10] : Firefly lighting cycle 2 s
- [11] : Firefly lighting cycle 3 s

D1-0 : DLA1[1:0] Firefly operation delay setup of the LED No.A1

- [00] : No delay (default)
- [01] : Delay 25%
- [10] : Delay 50%
- [11] : Delay 75%

- The operation is the same as above for the addresses to 61h corresponding to each LED number.
- The waiting time for 2 or more internal clocks (2 μs or more) is required after the data from address 31h to 61h is written in. Please input other serial commands after that.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 62h | Data Name | BLLEDR[3:0] | | | | FRLEDR[1:0] | | DLLEDR[1:0] | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

D7-4 : BLLEDR1[1:0] Luminosity setup of R1 terminal

[0000] : 0 mA (default)

[0001] : 1 mA

[0010] : 2 mA

:

:

[1110] : 14 mA

[1111] : 15 mA

D3-2 : FRLEDR1[1:0] Firefly operation and cycle setup of R1 terminal

[00] : Lighting mode (default)

[01] : Firefly lighting cycle 1 s

[10] : Firefly lighting cycle 2 s

[11] : Firefly lighting cycle 3 s

D1-0 : DLLEDR1[1:0] Firefly operation delay setup of R1 terminal

[00] : No delay (default)

[01] : Delay 25%

[10] : Delay 50%

[11] : Delay 75%

- The operation is the same as above for the addresses to 64h corresponding to G and B terminal.
- The waiting time for 2 or more internal clocks (2 μs or more) is required after the data from address 62h to 64h is written in. Please input other serial commands after that.

OPERATION (continued)

4. Register and Address (continued)

- Register map detailed explanation (continued)

| Sub Address | | DATA | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 6Bh | Data Name | For test | | | | | | | |
| | Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | mode | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R | W/R |

*Address from 6Bh onwards are registers for test. Don't write into these addresses.

OPERATION (continued)

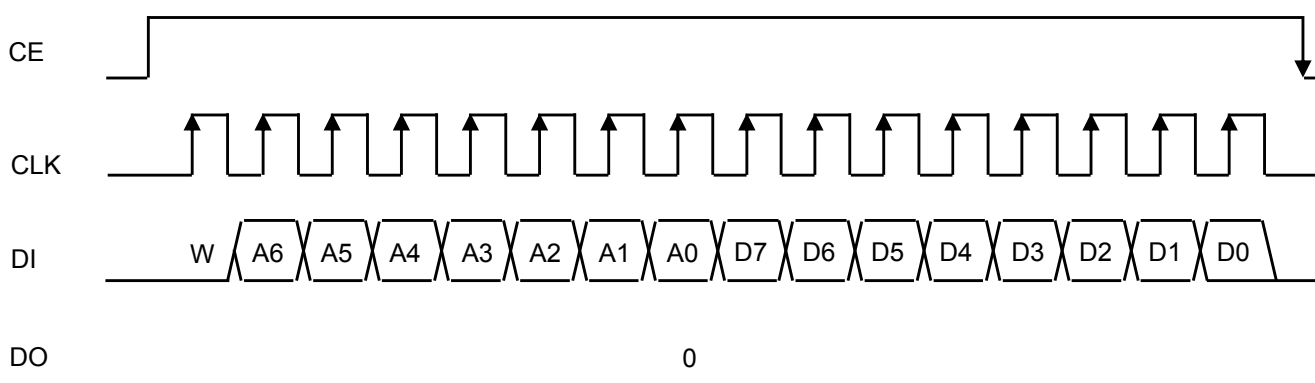
5. Serial interface format

- SPI format
- The interface with microcomputer consists of 16 bit-serial register (8-bit of command, 8-bit of address), and address decoder and transmitting register (8-bit).
- Serial interface consists of four terminals of serial clock terminal (CLK), serial-data input terminal (DI), serial-data output terminal (DO), and chip enable input terminal (CE).

(1) Write operation

- Data is taken into internal shift register by the rising edge of CLK. (Maximum 13 MHz of frequency of CLK can be used)
- Serial interface consists of four terminals of serial clock terminal (CLK), serial-data input terminal (DI), serial-data output terminal (DO), and chip enable input terminal (CE).
- Data is transmitted at MSB first in order of a control register address (8-bit) and control command (8-bit).

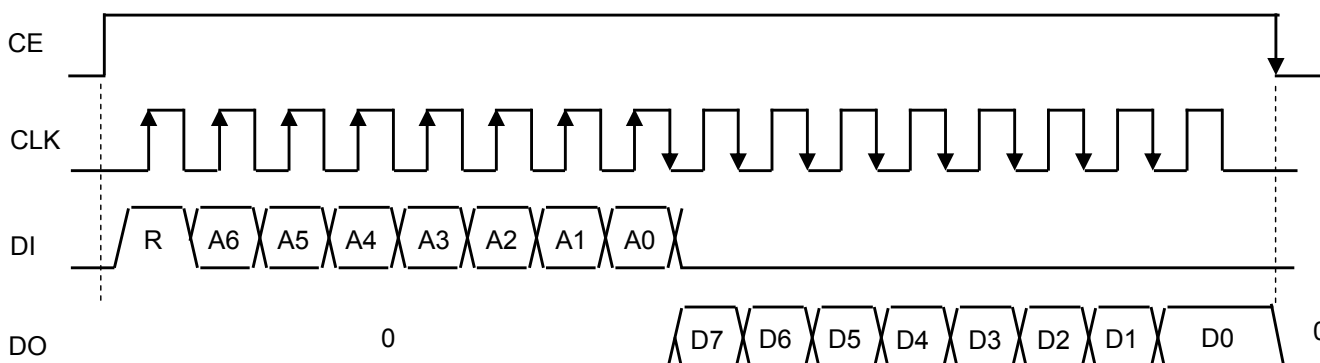
Write access Timing



(2) Transmission operation

- Data is taken into internal shift register by the rising edge of CLK. (A maximum of 6 MHz of frequency of CLK can be used)
- It is not possible to read RAM data.
- In High interval of CE, reception of data becomes ENABLE. (active : High)
- Data is transmitted at MSB first in order of a control register address (8-bit) and control command (max 8-bit).

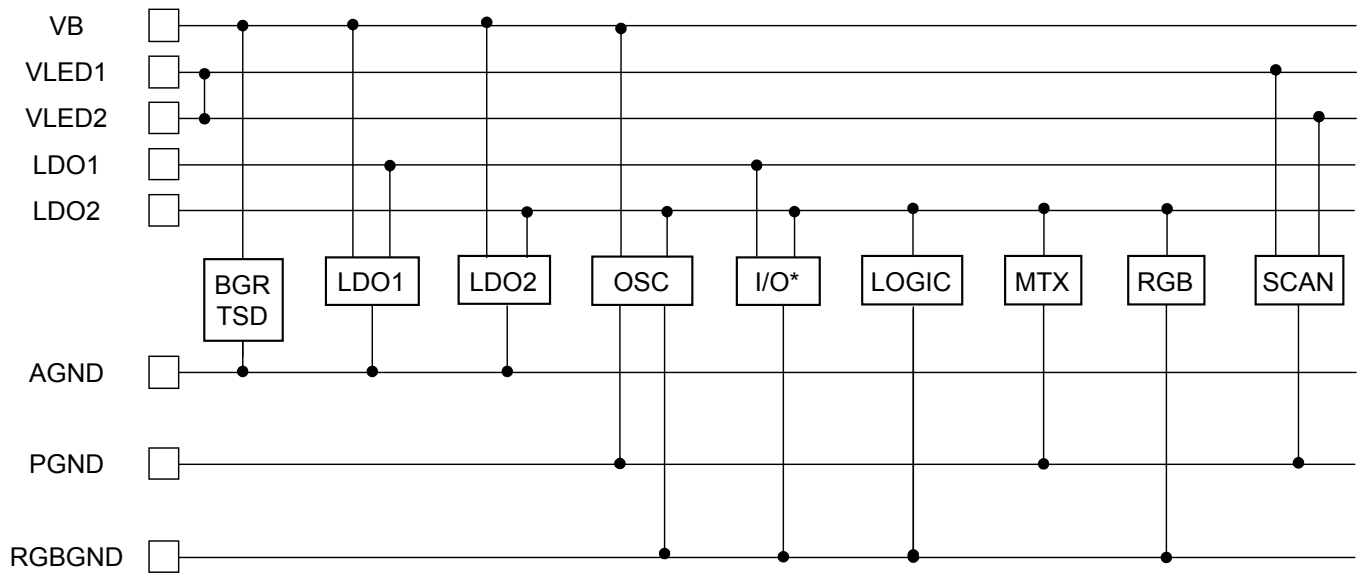
Read access Timing



OPERATION (continued)

6. Signal distribution diagram

- Power supply distribution diagram

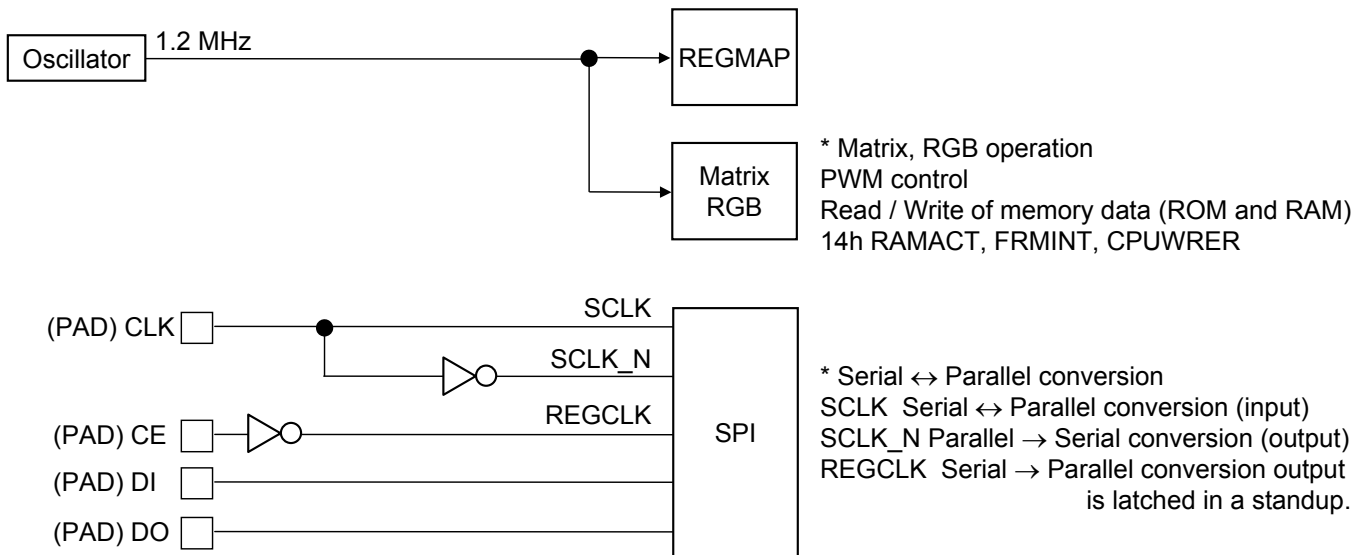


*CLK, CE, DI, DO, LEDCTL

OPERATION (continued)

6. Signal distribution diagram (continued)

- Control / Clock distribution diagram



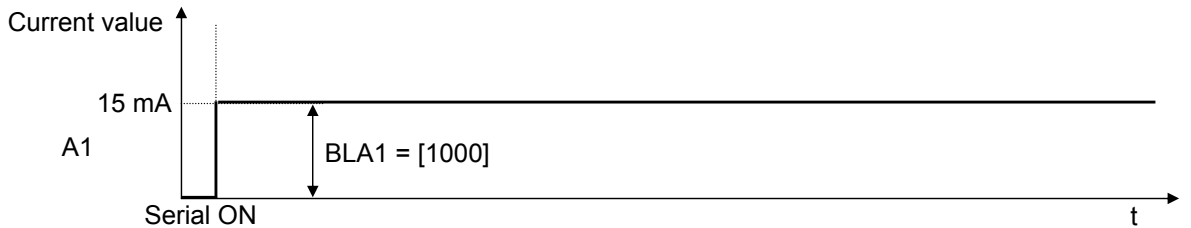
OPERATION (continued)

7. Example of firefly lighting

- Example of firefly lighting 1

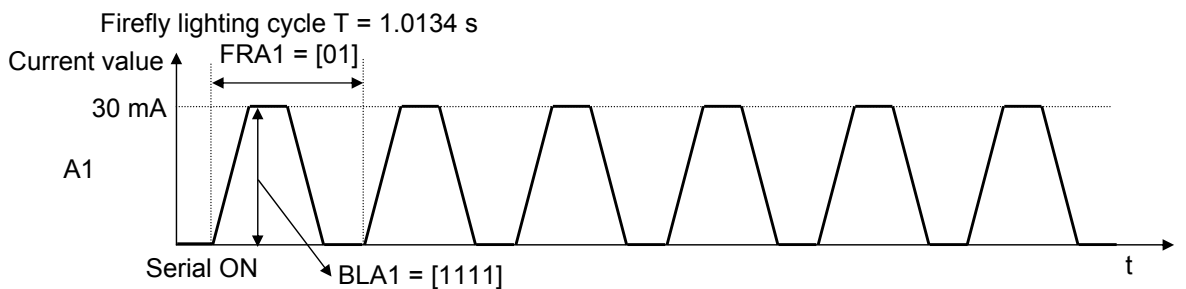
Example of initial setting for lighting

| BLA1[3:0] | | | | FRA1[1:0] | | DLA1[1:0] | |
|-----------|---|---|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |



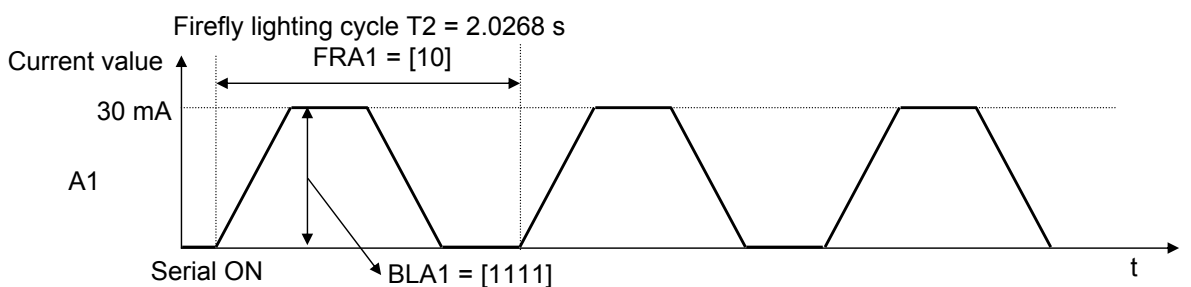
Firefly lighting setup 1 s

| BLA1[3:0] | | | | FRA1[1:0] | | DLA1[1:0] | |
|-----------|---|---|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |



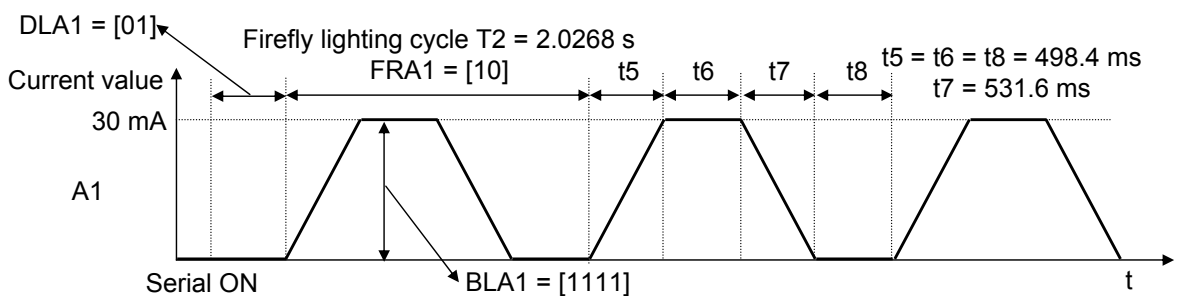
Change to cycle 1 s to 2 s

| BLA1[3:0] | | | | FRA1[1:0] | | DLA1[1:0] | |
|-----------|---|---|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |



Change to delay 0 → 25 %

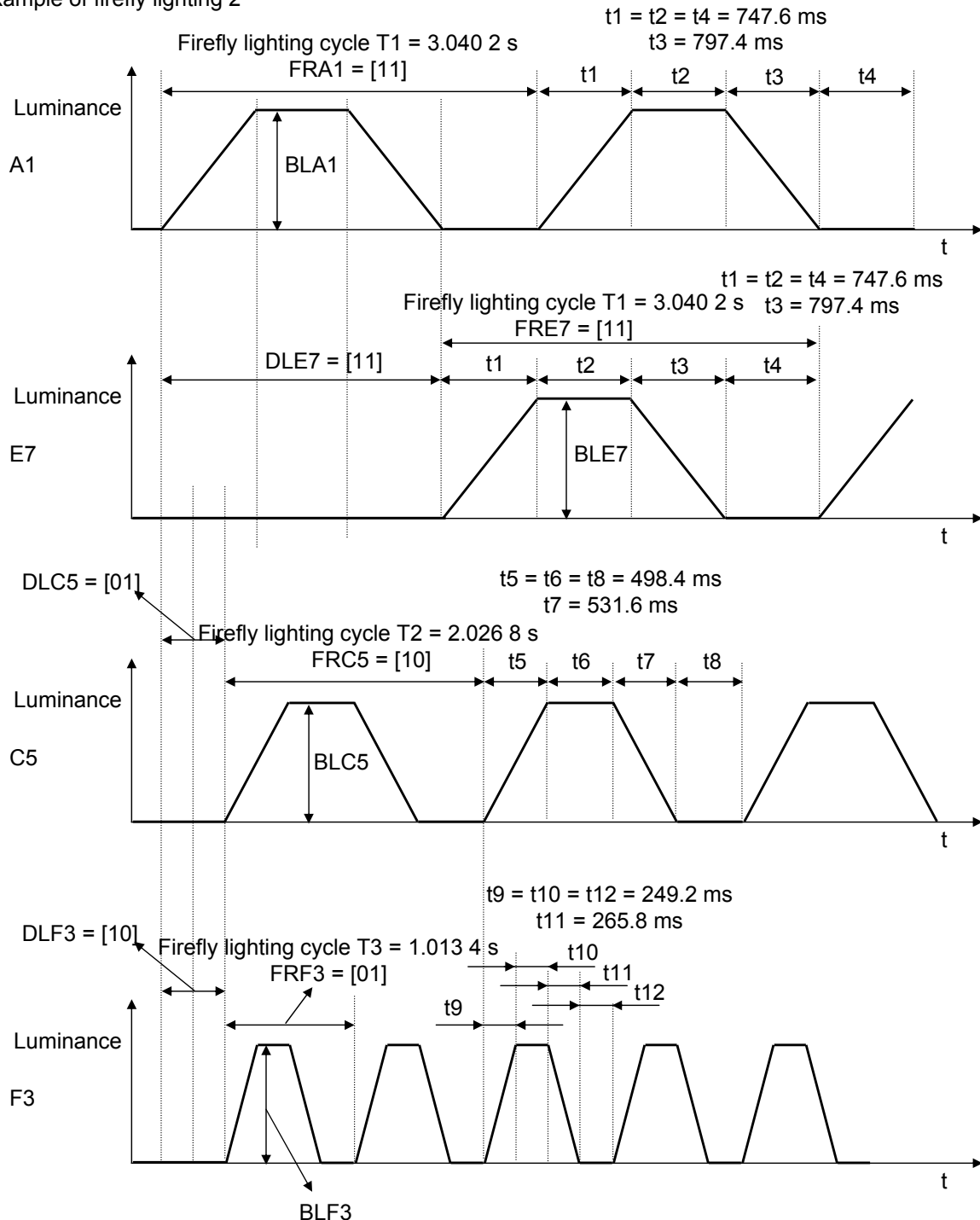
| BLA1[3:0] | | | | FRA1[1:0] | | DLA1[1:0] | |
|-----------|---|---|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |



OPERATION (continued)

7. Example of firefly lighting (continued)

- Example of firefly lighting 2

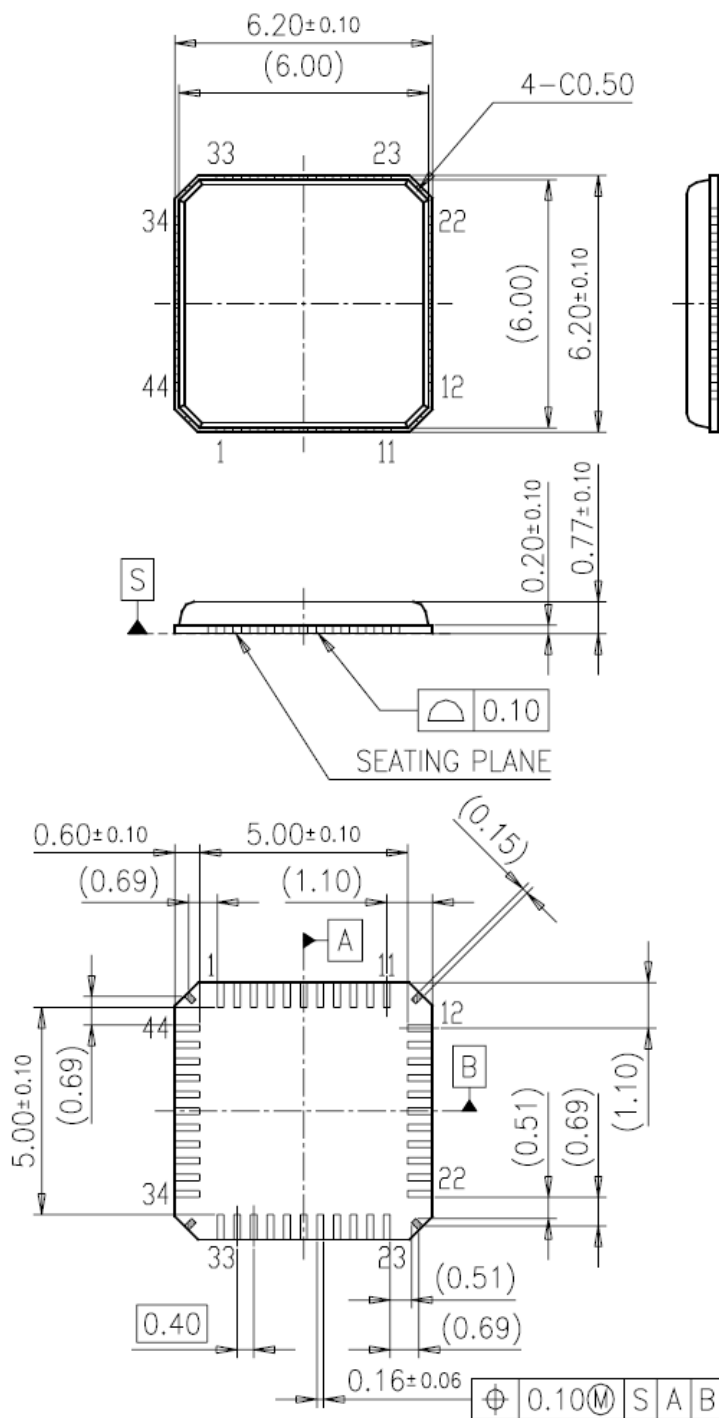


1. Normally, it is not possible to control data when RGBGND pin voltage is undefined. Therefore, please keep the RGBGND pin voltage at the lowest voltage.
2. Please check the input waveform to the CLK pin. When inputting clock into the CLK pin, if the input clock is ringing with input voltage between 0.4 V to LDO1 × 0.8 V (input voltage indefinite range), it will result in serial data not able to be written to or be read out from a register. (It is recommended to smooth the rising and falling edge of the input clock by connecting input capacitance (a capacitor, etc.) to the CLK pin.)

PACKAGE INFORMATION (Reference Data)

Package Code : *QFN044-P-0606C

Unit:mm



| | |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Body Material | : Epoxy Resin |
| Lead Material | : Cu Alloy |
| Lead Finish Method | : Pd Plating |

IMPORTANT NOTICE

1. When using the LSI for new models, verify the safety including the long-term reliability for each product.
2. When the application system is designed by using this LSI, please confirm the notes in this book.
Please read the notes to descriptions and the usage notes in the book.
3. This LSI is intended to be used for general electronic equipment.
Consult our sales staff in advance for information on the following applications: Special applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, or if the failure or malfunction of this LSI may directly jeopardize life or harm the human body.
Any applications other than the standard applications intended.
 - (1) Space appliance (such as artificial satellite, and rocket)
 - (2) Traffic control equipment (such as for automobile, airplane, train, and ship)
 - (3) Medical equipment for life support
 - (4) Submarine transponder
 - (5) Control equipment for power plant
 - (6) Disaster prevention and security device
 - (7) Weapon
 - (8) Others : Applications of which reliability equivalent to (1) to (7) is requiredOur company shall not be held responsible for any damage incurred as a result of or in connection with the LSI being used for any special application, unless our company agrees to the use of such special application.
4. This LSI is neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific product is designated by our company as compliant with the ISO/TS 16949 requirements.
Our company shall not be held responsible for any damage incurred by customers or any third party as a result of or in connection with the LSI being used in automotive application, unless our company agrees to such application in this book.
5. Please use this product in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Our company shall not be held responsible for any damage incurred as a result of our LSI being used by our customers, not complying with the applicable laws and regulations.
6. Pay attention to the direction of LSI. When mounting it in the wrong direction onto the PCB (printed-circuit-board), it might emit smoke or ignite.
7. Pay attention in the PCB (printed-circuit-board) pattern layout in order to prevent damage due to short circuit between pins. In addition, refer to the Pin Description for the pin configuration.
8. Perform visual inspection on the PCB before applying power, otherwise damage might happen due to problems such as solder-bridge between the pins of the semiconductor device. Also, perform full technical verification on the assembly quality, because the same damage possibly can happen due to conductive substances, such as solder ball, that adhere to the LSI during transportation.
9. Take notice in the use of this product that it might be damaged or occasionally emit smoke when an abnormal state occurs such as output pin-VCC short (Power supply fault), output pin-GND short (Ground fault), or output-to-output-pin short (load short). Safety measures such as installation of fuses are recommended because the extent of the above-mentioned damage and smoke emission will depend on the current capability of the power supply.
10. The protection circuit is for maintaining safety against abnormal operation. Therefore, the protection circuit should not work during normal operation.
Especially for the thermal protection circuit, if the area of safe operation or the absolute maximum rating is momentarily exceeded due to output pin to VCC short (Power supply fault), or output pin to GND short (Ground fault), the LSI might be damaged before the thermal protection circuit could operate.
11. Unless specified in the product specifications, make sure that negative voltage or excessive voltage are not applied to the pins because the device might be damaged, which could happen due to negative voltage or excessive voltage generated during the ON and OFF timing when the inductive load of a motor coil or actuator coils of optical pick-up is being driven.
12. Verify the risks which might be caused by the malfunctions of external components.

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- (6) Comply with the instructions for use in order to prevent breakdown and characteristics change due to external factors (ESD, EOS, thermal stress and mechanical stress) at the time of handling, mounting or at customer's process. We do not guarantee quality for disassembled products or the product re-mounted after removing from the mounting board.
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