

**MAX77231****2.75V to 4.8V Input, 10mA Output, 35 $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub>  
Ultra-Low Noise Boost Regulator****General Description**

The MAX77231 is optimized for boost applications, requiring very low ripple/noise and small PCB space. Output ripple and noise are suppressed to 35 $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> (in 1MHz BW) by a PMOS linear post-regulator set 0.5V below the boost regulator output to reject noise while optimizing efficiency.

The boost regulator operates using a 1 $\mu$ H/400mA inductor and 2.2 $\mu$ F (0.22 (min) after derating) output capacitance. Fast transient response and stable operation are guaranteed using a current-limited PFM architecture.

A PMOS low-noise linear post-regulator attenuates boost converter ripple by ~50dB (10MHz BW) before delivering 11.2V to the load. Other output voltages up to 16.2V can be factory set. The LDO also disconnects the load from the boost during shutdown, allowing the output to fall to 0V (true shutdown). Active discharge can also be activated.

The MAX77231 is packaged in a 9-bump wafer-level package (WLP), providing a compact layout when combined with the inductor and external capacitors. Total solution size is less than 7mm<sup>2</sup>.

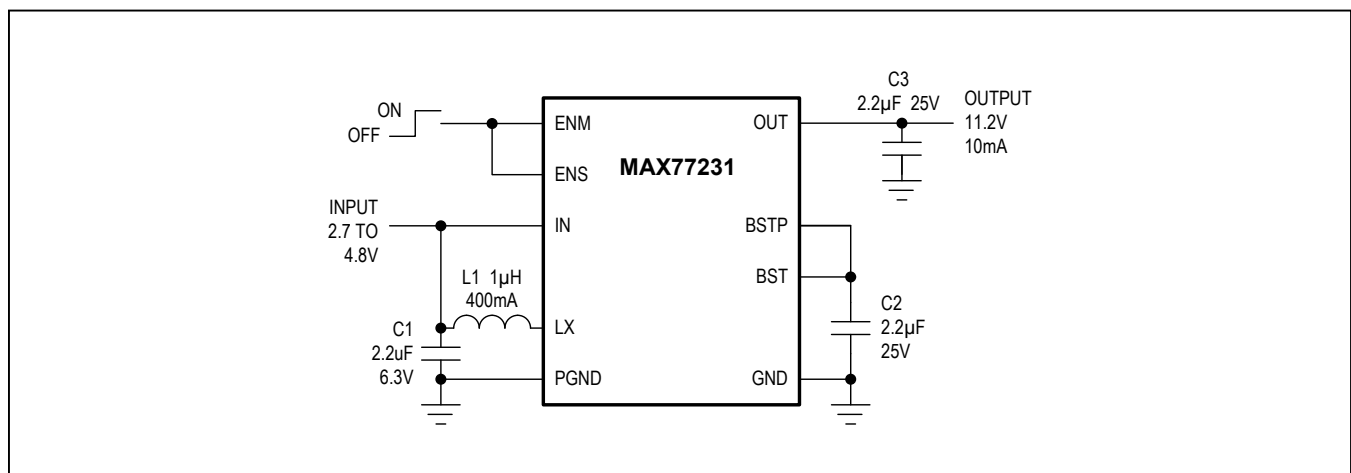
**Benefits and Features**

- Ultra-Small Solution Size (< 7mm<sup>2</sup>)
- 35 $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> (typ) Output Ripple/Noise
- 11.2V/10mA Output
- Output Factory Trimmable from 11.2V to 16.2V
- 125 $\mu$ A No Load Supply Current Output on < 1 $\mu$ A Shutdown Supply Current
- True Shutdown Load Disconnect
- Selectable Active Discharge
- 9-Bump, 1.238mm x 1.238mm x 0.35mm WLP

**Applications**

- Low-Noise Bias Supply
- Sensor Bias Supply

*Ordering Information* appears at end of data sheet.

**Typical Operating Circuit**

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

BST, BSTP, OUT to GND	-0.3V to +22V	Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)
BST to BSTP	-0.3V to +0.3V	WLP (derate 6.7mW/°C above +70°C)
BST to OUT	-0.3V to +6V	Operating Temperature Range
IN, ENM, ENS to GND	-0.3V to +6V	Junction Temperature
PGND to GND	-0.3V to +0.3V	Storage Temperature Range
RMS LX_ Current (per bump)	1A	Bump Temperature (soldering, reflow)

**Note 1:** Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to [www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial](http://www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial).

**Electrical Characteristics**

(V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>ENM</sub> = V<sub>ENS</sub> = 3.7V, V<sub>BSTP</sub> = V<sub>BST</sub> = 11.7V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 11.2V, C<sub>IN</sub> = C<sub>BST</sub> = C<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.2µF, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, Figure 1, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
IN Operating Range			2.75		4.8	V
IN Undervoltage Threshold	When output is enabled/ disabled	IN rising		2.65	2.75	V
		IN falling	2.4	2.55		
Shutdown Supply Current	Total of I <sub>IN</sub> and I <sub>LX</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>LX</sub> = 4.8V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>ENM</sub> = V <sub>ENS</sub> = 0V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		0.01	1	µA
		T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C		0.1		µA
Supply Current	Output regulating, no load			120		µA
IN Supply Current	BST supply current not included			50	100	µA
BST Supply Current	I <sub>BST</sub> + I <sub>BSTP</sub> , V <sub>BST</sub> = 11.7V (not switching)			20	60	µA
<b>BOOST REGULATOR</b>						
BST Regulation Voltage	LDO output voltage is 0.5V less than BST		-3%	11.7	+3%	V
BST Output Range	Factory trimmed		11.7		16.7	V
LX Maximum On-Time				570		ns
LX Minimum Off-Time	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 4.8V	V <sub>BST</sub> = 11V		35		ns
		V <sub>BST</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> + 3.5V		35		ns
		V <sub>BST</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub>		320		ns
LX Peak Current Limit	Static measurement (Note 2)					mA
	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.7V, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		213	225	237	
	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 4.8V, over temperature		170		300	
	Dynamic measurement (Note 2)			350		
LX Inductor Value	±20% tolerance			1.0 to 4.7		µH
LX On Resistance	I <sub>LX</sub> = 150mA			250	600	mΩ
LX Shutdown Leakage	V <sub>LX</sub> = 18V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		0.05	5	µA
		T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C		0.5		µA
Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>LX</sub> to V <sub>BSTP</sub> , V <sub>LX</sub> = 3.7V, I <sub>LX</sub> = 150mA			0.4		V
Boost Efficiency	0402 1µH inductor V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.7V, V <sub>BST</sub> = 11.7V, 3mA			76		%

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{IN} = V_{ENM} = V_{ENS} = 3.7V$ ,  $V_{BSTP} = V_{BST} = 11.7V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 11.2V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{BST} = C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , Figure 1, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

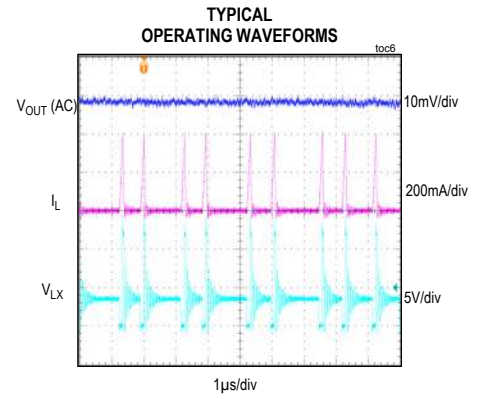
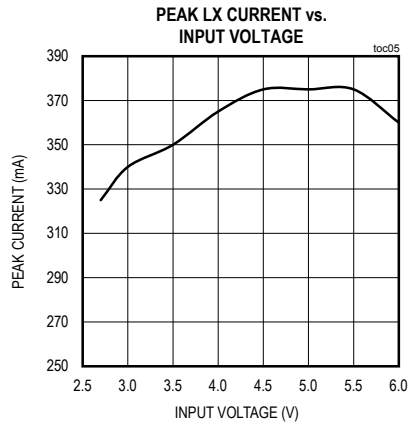
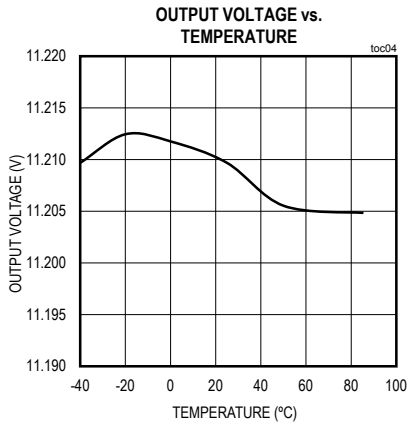
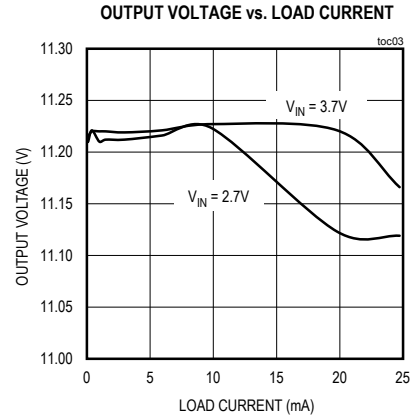
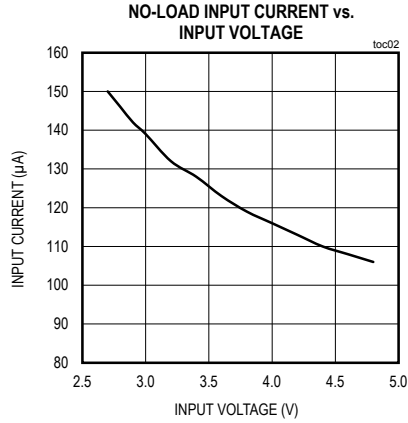
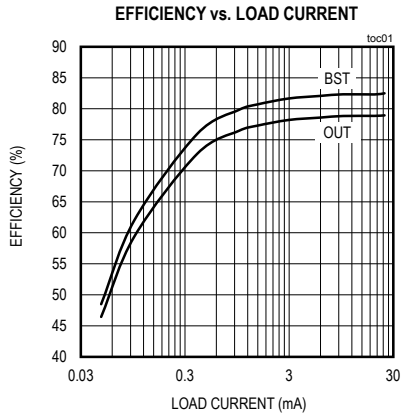
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>LINEAR REGULATOR</b>					
OUT Regulation Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 0mA$ to $6mA$	-4%	11.2	+4%	V
OUT Output Range	Factory-trimmed output range (contact factory)	11.2		16.2	V
Output Discharge Current	$V_{ENM} = 0V$ , $V_{ENS} = V_{BST} = 3.7V$ , $V_{OUT} = 1V$	15			mA
PSRR	BST to OUT, $f = 1MHz$ , $I_{OUT} = 5mA$		50		dB
OUT Output Capacitance	$\pm 20\%$ tolerance, $-90\%$ voltage coefficient		2.2		$\mu F$
<b>LOGIC (ENM AND ENS)</b>					
Input Threshold	When output is enabled/ disabled	Rising	0.95	1.26	V
		Falling	0.54	0.85	V
ENS Pulldown Resistance	$V_{ENS} = 1V$ , $V_{ENM} = 0V$		500		$k\Omega$
ENM Input Leakage	$V_{ENM} = 0V$ to $4.8V$ , $V_{ENS} = 0V$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	0.001	1	$\mu A$
		$T_A = +85^\circ C$	0.01		$\mu A$
<b>TRANSIENT/NOISE</b>					
Total Output Noise and Ripple	Circuit of Figure 1, $I_{LOAD} = 0mA$ to $6mA$ , $f = 100Hz$ to $10MHz$ ( $-3dB$ corners, first order roll off)		35		$\mu V_{RMS}$
Transient Load Regulation	Circuit of Figure 1, $I_{OUT} = 0$ to $6mA$		20		$mV_{P-P}$
Transient Line Regulation	Circuit of Figure 2, at $16V$ load, $V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $4.8V$ , $V_{IN} = 500mV$ step, $t_R = t_F = 100mV/\mu s$		5		$mV_{P-P}$
Startup Time	Circuit of Figure 2, at $16V$ load, from $V_{ENM}$ and $V_{ENS}$ high to $V_{OUT} = 16V$		2		ms
Output Active Discharge Time	Circuit of Figure 2, at $16V$ load, from $V_{ENM}$ low to $V_{OUT} < 0.1V$		5		ms
Short-Circuit Output Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V$		40		mA

**Note 2:** Limits are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed through correlation using statistical quality control (SQC) methods. Static LX current limits test.

**Note 3:** In-circuit limit with  $1\mu H$  inductor is approximately  $125mA$  higher than listed values due to current comparator delay. Dynamic (in circuit) peak limit is typically  $350mA$ .

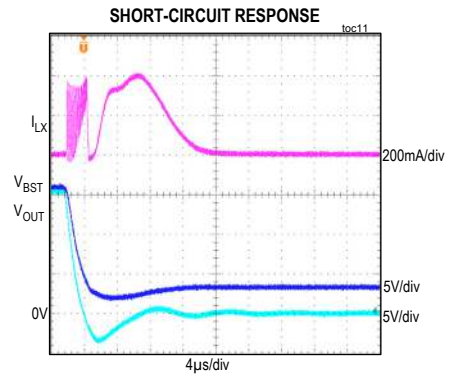
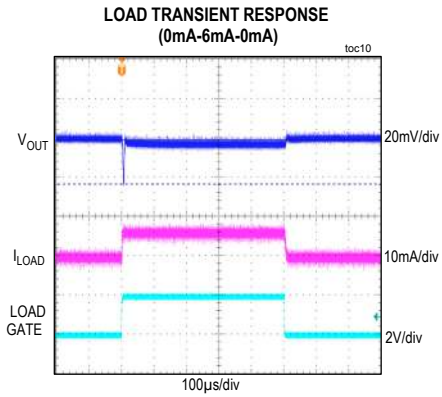
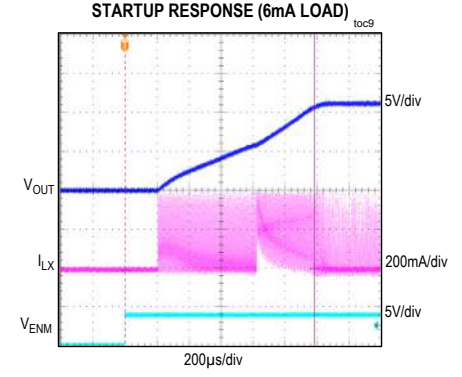
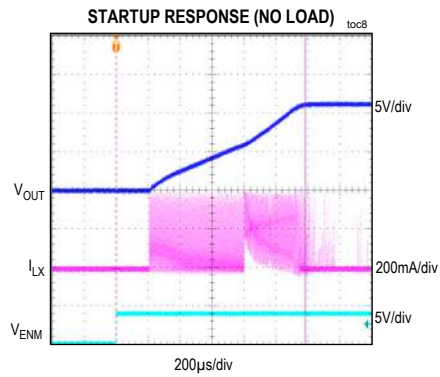
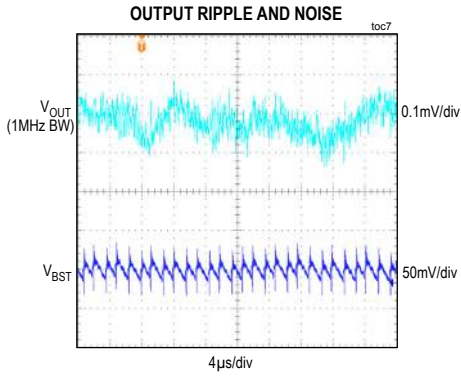
Typical Operating Characteristics

(T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

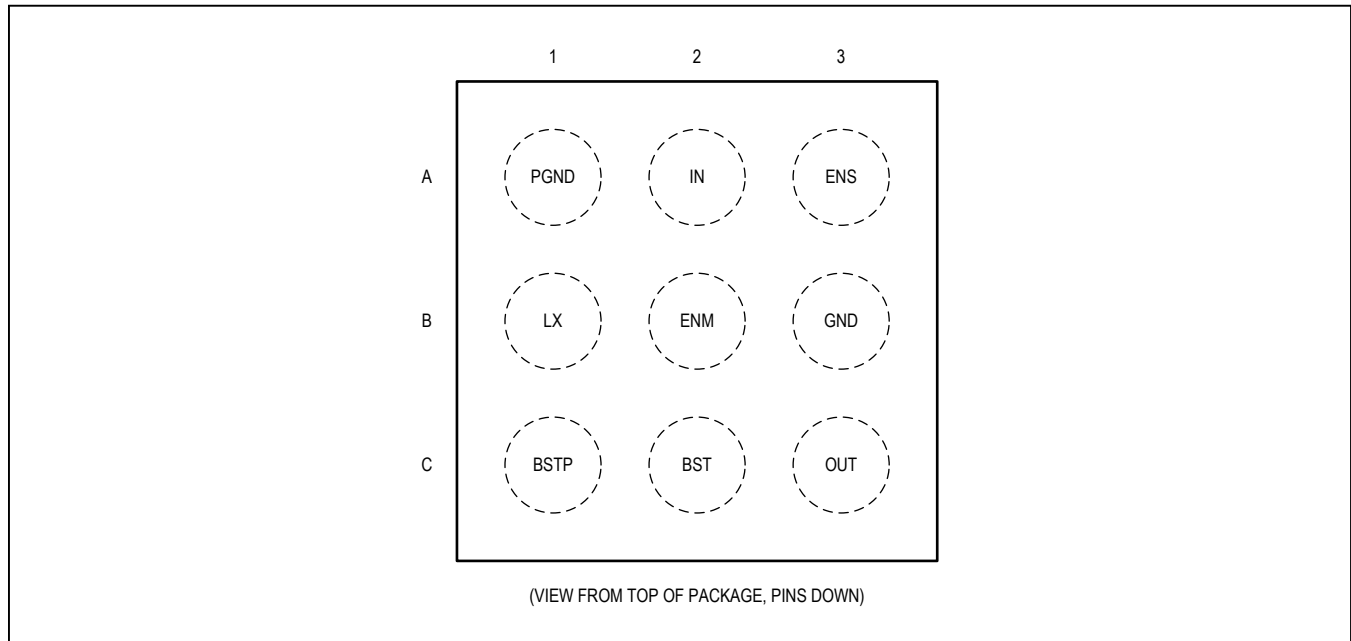


Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



## Bump Configuration



## Bump Description

NAME	LOCATION	FUNCTION
PGND	A1	Power Ground. Connect to ground through a low-inductance trace. Low side of internal LX switch.
IN	A2	Input Supply Voltage. Connect this pin to the 2.5V to 4.8V input power source. Connect a 2.2 $\mu$ F/6.3V ceramic capacitor from IN to ground.
ENS	A3	Slave Enable Input. Logic-high enables the output. Logic-low turns it off. Typically, a 0.9V logic threshold with $\pm$ 50mV hysteresis.
LX	B1	Inductor Pin. Connect a 1.0 $\mu$ H inductor from this pin to the input voltage source.
ENM	B2	Master Enable Input. A logic-high on both ENM and ENS enables the output. Logic-low turns the output off, while also enabling a 15mA (min) output discharge current. Typically, a 0.9V logic threshold with $\pm$ 50mV hysteresis.
AGND	B3	Analog Ground
BSTP	C1	Boost Power Output. Output of internal Schottky diode. Delivers up to 400mA current pulses at high switching speeds. Bypass to ground through a low-inductance trace with a 2.2 $\mu$ F/25V ceramic capacitor at BST/BSTP. BSTP should be connected to the linear regulator input at BST.
BST	C2	Linear Regulator Input. Connect this pin to the boost output, BSTP, to supply the linear regulator when the part is enabled. Connect a 2.2 $\mu$ F/25V ceramic capacitor from BST/BSTP to AGND to ensure proper operation.
OUT	C3	Linear Regulator Low-Noise/Ripple Output (When MAX77321 is Enabled). OUT falls to 0V when disabled. Connect a 2.2 $\mu$ F/25V ceramic capacitor from OUT to ground.

## Detailed Description

The MAX77231 is a low-noise boost regulator designed to occupy minimal PCB board space. A high-frequency PFM boost regulator creates an 11.7V supply, which is then post-regulated to 11.2V with a low-noise, high PSRR PMOS linear regulator (see [Figure 1](#)). Other output voltages up to 16.2V are available on request.

### Boost Converter

An 11.7V (or other factory trimmed) output is generated by a current-limited, maximum on-time, minimum off-time, PFM boost converter. When the output drops below 11.7V, an internal NMOS switch forces the input voltage across the inductor. The switch turns off when the inductor current reaches 350mA, and the LX pin is driven high by the inductor until the internal Schottky diode, D1, turns on. Inductor current is delivered to the boost output through the diode until the reverse inductor voltage causes the current to drop to 0mA, and the LX voltage drops.

A maximum on-time timer prevents the LX switch from staying on longer than 570ns if resistive, or other, losses prevent the inductor current from reaching 350mA.

If the inductor discharge time exceeds the 35ns minimum off time, and the BST output is still less than 11.7V, LX switches back down to 0V, and the current builds back up to 350mA. Under this condition, the inductor current ramps back up before reaching 0mA, causing the boost to operate in continuous conduction mode. This mode is typically reached only during startup, when the BST output is much less than 11.7V.

The typical switching frequency is:

$$f_{SW} = (1/t_{OFF})(2 I_{OUT}/I_{LPK})/Eff$$

where:  $I_{OUT}$  = load current,  $Eff$  = estimated boost efficiency (0.75),  $I_{LPK}$  = inductor peak current (350mA), and  $t_{OFF}$  is time needed to discharge the inductor. The expression for  $t_{OFF}$  is:

$$t_{OFF} = L \times I_{LPK}/(V_{BST} + V_{DIODE} - V_{IN})$$

For the typical application circuit:

$$t_{OFF} = 1\mu\text{H} \times 350\text{mA}/(11.7\text{V} + 0.4\text{V} - 3.7\text{V}) = 41.7\text{ns}$$

where:  $L = 1\mu\text{H}$ ,  $I_{LPK} = 350\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{BST} = 11.7\text{V}$ ,  $V_{DIODE} = 0.4\text{V}$ , and  $V_{IN} = 3.7\text{V}$ , and  $t_{OFF} = 41.7\text{ns}$ :

$$f_{SW(\text{mA})} = 183\text{kHz}/\text{mA of load current}$$

The MAX77231 maximum operating frequency (and hence available output current) is governed by the charge ( $t_{ON}$ ) and discharge time ( $t_{OFF}$ ) of the inductor.  $t_{OFF}$  is calculated above, but is limited to at least 35ns by an internal timer.  $t_{ON}$  is calculated below:

$$t_{ON} = L \times I_{LPK}/V_{IN}$$

The maximum possible frequency is:

$$f_{SW(\text{MAX})} = 1/(t_{ON} + t_{OFF})$$

and consequently, typical available output current is:

$$I_{OUT(\text{MAX})} = f_{SW(\text{MAX})}/f_{SW(\text{mA})}$$

For a typical scenario with  $V_{IN} = 3.7\text{V}$ ,  $I_{LPK} = 350\text{mA}$ , and a 1 $\mu\text{H}$  inductor:

$$t_{ON} = L \times I_{LPK}/V_{IN} = 1\mu\text{H} \times 350\text{mA}/3.7\text{V} = 94.6\text{ns}$$

$$f_{SW(\text{MAX})} = 1/(t_{ON} + t_{OFF}) = 1/(94.6\text{ns} + 41.7\text{ns}) = 7.33\text{MHz}$$

Typical available output current for an 11.2V output (at OUT) and a 3.7V input is then:

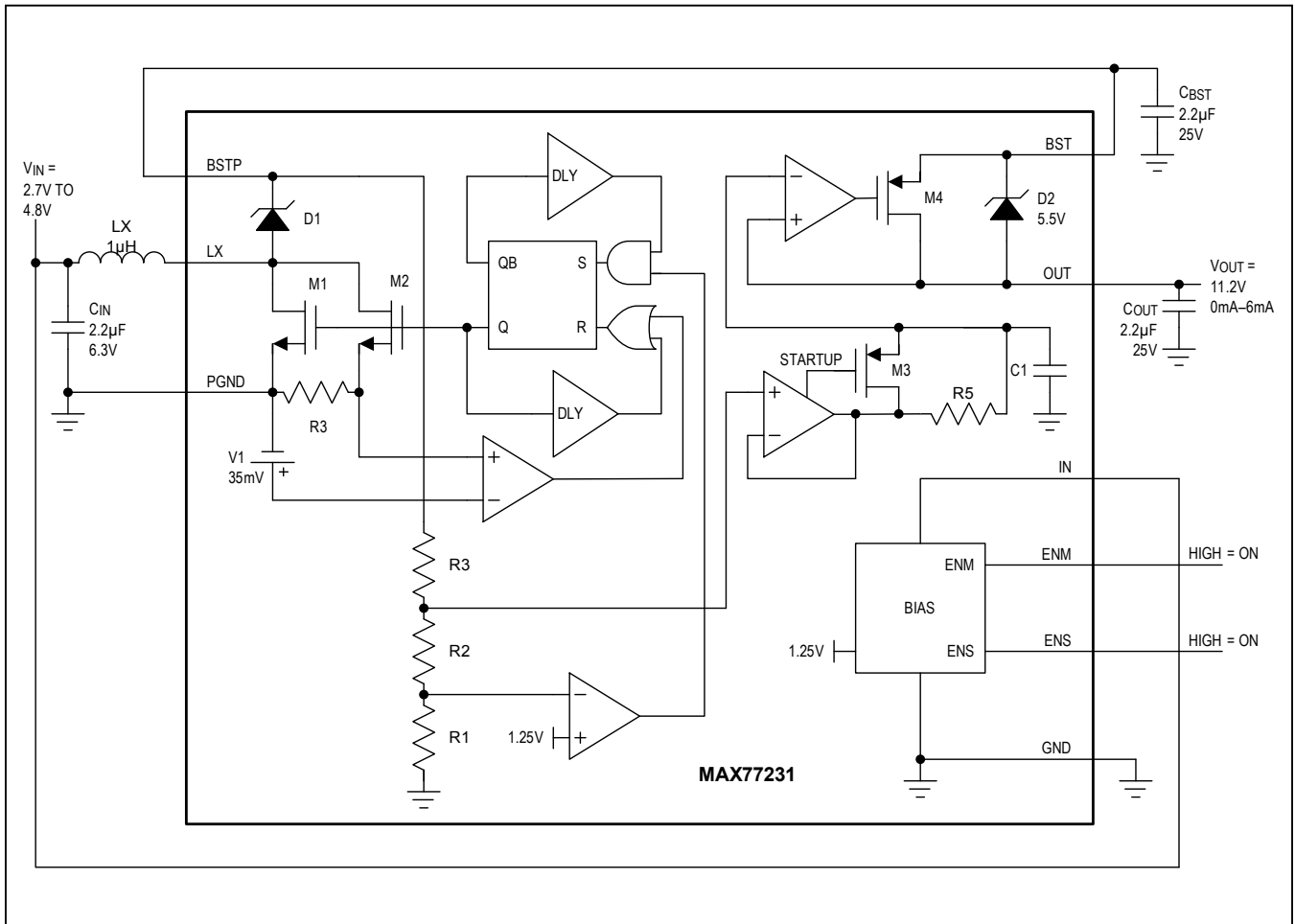
$$I_{OUT(\text{MAX})} = f_{SW(\text{MAX})}/f_{SW(\text{mA})} = 7.33/0.183 = 40\text{mA}$$

### Linear Regulator

The boost is followed by an 11.2V linear regulator. This regulator passes the boost output current to the load, while rejecting the unwanted ripple and reducing noise. The linear regulator can deliver 10mA of output current and provides 50dB of ripple rejection at 1MHz.

The linear regulator is fed from an internal low-noise reference. The reference voltage is filtered to remove unwanted thermal, shot, and 1/f noise generated in the preceding circuitry. Using this low-noise reference, the linear regulator output is able to achieve 35 $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> noise in a 100kHz bandwidth.

Block Diagram (FPO)





### Enable/Active Discharge

The MAX77231 has two enable inputs: ENM and ENS. To turn on the device, both ENM and ENS must be high. A logic-low on ENM disables the device with a 15mA active discharge current. A logic-low on ENS disables the device without active discharge. ENM and EMS functionality is outlined in [Table 1](#).

### Overload and Short-Circuit Protection

The MAX77231 is fully protected against output short circuits. In the case of a short circuit, off time is lengthened to prevent inductor current from climbing. The MAX77231 sources current into the short indefinitely, without damage, until the short is removed.

Note, however, that only OUT, not BST, is protected. A short of V<sub>BST</sub> can cause inductor and LX current to rise above guaranteed operating levels.

### Component Selection Input and Output Capacitance

The MAX77231 operates with small ceramic capacitors. X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended. C<sub>IN</sub> should be 2.2 $\mu$ F 6.3V, while C<sub>OUT</sub> and C<sub>BST</sub> should be 2.2 $\mu$ F 25V rated. It is expected that the elevated voltage on C<sub>OUT</sub> and C<sub>BST</sub> significantly derate the realized capacitance value at these nodes. The MAX77231 is designed with this expectation and can tolerate a minimum of 0.22 $\mu$ F at C<sub>OUT</sub> and C<sub>BST</sub> after derating.

### Inductors

The MAX77231 is designed to operate with a 1 $\mu$ H 400mH rated inductor. Other values up to 10 $\mu$ H can be used, but it is expected that in the space-constrained applications for which the MAX77231 is likely to be chosen, smaller values are preferred. Inductance less than 1 $\mu$ H is not recommended because the accompanying higher di/dt can exceed the current comparator's ability to effectively limit current.

**Table 1. MAX77231 Enable Truth Table**

ENM	ENS	POWER STATE	ACTIVE DISCHARGE
0	X	Power-down	On
1	0	Power-down	Off
1	1	Active	Off

### Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX77231EZL+	-40°C to +85°C	9 WLP

### Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

### Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maximintegrated.com/packages](http://www.maximintegrated.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
9 Ultra-Thin WLP	Z91A1+1	<a href="#">21-0691</a>	<a href="#">Refer to Application Note 1891</a>

## Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	9/15	Initial release	—
1	12/15	Corrected typo in <i>Block Diagram</i>	8
2	5/16	Updated <i>Boost Converter</i> section	7

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim Integrated's website at [www.maximintegrated.com](http://www.maximintegrated.com).

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