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Revision: C

LITE-ON DCC

RELEASE

BNS-OD-FC001/A4



Through Hole Lamp

LTL42NKRKNN

Rev	<u>Description</u>	<u>By</u>	<u>Date</u>			
	Above data for PD and Customer tracking only					
-	NPPR Receive and Upload on OPNC	MH Lee	10/23/2002			
Α	P7~P10 ADD PRECAUTION	MH Lee	07/31/2003			
В	P5: CHANGE THE BAG LABLE(BARCODE LABEL)	MH Lee	08/15/2003			
С	Update DS	Jeromy	05/18/2015			



1. Description

Through hole LEDs are offered in a variety of packages such as 3mm, 4mm, 5mm, rectangular, and cylinder which are suitable for all applications requiring status indication. Several intensity and viewing angle choices are available in each color for design flexibility.

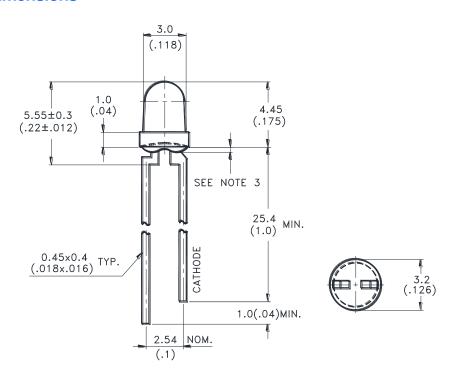
1. 1. Features

- Lead free & RoHS Compliant
- High luminous intensity output.
- Low power consumption.
- High efficiency.
- Versatile mounting on P.C. Board or panel.
- I.C. Compatible/low current requirement.
- AllnGaP Super Red Lamp & Water Clear Lens.

1.2. Applications

- Communication
- Computer
- Consumer
- Home appliance
- Industrial

2. Outline Dimensions



Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm (.04") max.
- 4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



3. Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit	
Power Dissipation	75	mW	
Peak Forward Current			
(1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	90	mA	
DC Forward Current	30	mA	
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.4	mA/°C	
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature			
[2.0mm(.0787") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds Max.		

4. Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	l _V	110	180		mcd	I _F = 20mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}		56		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{P}		639		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λ_{d}		631		nm	Note 4
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		20		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_{F}		2.0	2.4	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			100	μΑ	V _R = 5V,Note 6

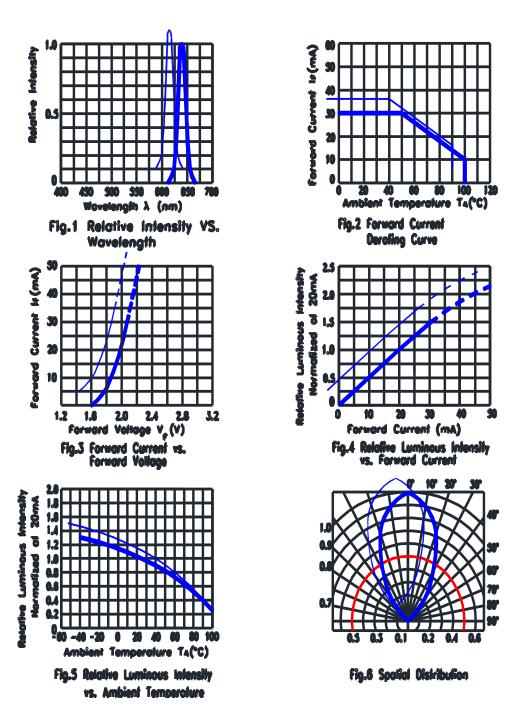
NOTE

- 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
- 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. I_{ν} classification code is marked on each packing bag.
- 4. The dominant wavelength, λ_d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
- 5. I_v guarantee must be included with $\pm 15\%$ testing tolerance.
- 6. Reverse voltage (V_R) condition is applied for I_R test only. The device is not designed for reverse operation.



5. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

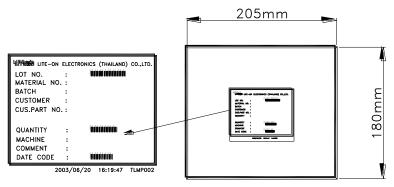
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



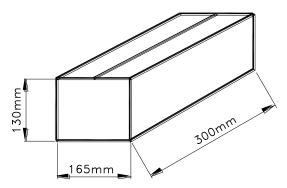


6. Packing Spec.

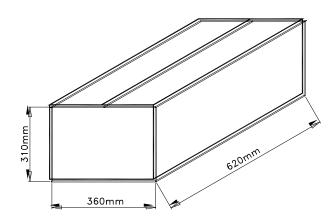
1000, 500 or 200,100 pcs per packing bag



10 packing bags per Inner carton Total 10,000 pcs per Inner carton



8 inner cartons per outer carton
Total 80,000 pcs per outer carton
In every shipping lot, only the last pack will be non-full packing





7. Bin Table Specification

Luminous Intensity Unit: mcd @20mA					
Bin Code	Min.	Max.			
F	110	140			
G	140	180			
Н	180	240			
J	240	310			
К	310	400			
L	400	520			

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is ±15%

Dominant Wavelength Unit : nm @20mA					
Bin Code	Min	Max			
H29	621.0	625.0			
H30	625.0	629.0			
H31	629.0	633.0			
H32	633.0	637.0			
H33	637.0	642.0			

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is ±1nm



8. CAUTIONS

8.1. Application

This LED lamp is good for application of indoor and outdoor sign, also ordinary electronic equipment.

8.2. Storage

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 70% relative humidity. It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months. For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

8.3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LEDs if necessary.

8.4. Lead Forming & Assembly

During lead forming, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of LED lens. Do not use the base of the lead frame as a fulcrum during forming. Lead forming must be done before soldering, at normal temperature. During assembly on PCB, use minimum clinch force possible to avoid excessive mechanical stress.

8.5. Soldering

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point. Dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided. Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

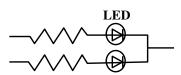
Soldering iron		Wave soldering		
Temperature Soldering time Position	350°C Max. 3 seconds Max. (one time only) No closer than 2mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	Pre-heat Pre-heat time Solder wave Soldering time Dipping Position	100°C Max. 60 seconds Max. 260°C Max. 5 seconds Max. No lower than 2mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and/or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED. IR reflow is not suitable process for through hole type LED lamp product.

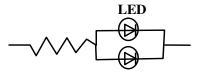
8.6. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

Circuit model (A)



Circuit model (B)



- (A) Recommended circuit
- (B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.



Through Hole Lamp

8.7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LEDs plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handing

Suggested checking list:

Training and Certification

- 8.7.1.1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
- 8.7.1.2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

- 8.7.2.1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
- 8.7.2.2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
- 8.7.2.3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
- 8.7.2.4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

Personnel Grounding

- 8.7.3.1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
- 8.7.3.2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
- 8.7.3.3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V*?
- 8.7.3.4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
- 8.7.3.5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: *50V for Blue LED.

Device Handling

- 8.7.4.1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
- 8.7.4.2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
- 8.7.4.3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
- 8.7.4.4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?

Others

- 8.7.5.1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
- 8.7.5.2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
- 8.7.5.3. Are audit records complete and on file?



9. Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Sample Size	Reference Standard
Endurance	Operation Life	Ta = Under room temperature IF = per datasheet maximum drive current Test Time= 1000hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1026 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1005 (2006)
	High Temperature High Humidity storage	Ta = 60°C RH = 90% Test Time= 240hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-202G:103B (2002) JEITA ED-4701:100 103 (2001)
Test	High Temperature Storage	Ta= 105 ± 5°C Test Time= 1000hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1031 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1008 (2006) JEITA ED-4701:200 201 (2001)
	Low Temperature Storage	Ta= -55 ± 5°C Test Time= 1000hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	JEITA ED-4701:200 202 (2001)
	Temperature Cycling	100°C ~ 25°C ~ -40°C ~ 25°C 30mins 5mins 30mins 5mins 30 Cycles	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1051 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1010 (2006) JEITA ED-4701:100 105 (2001) JESD22-A104C (2005)
	Thermal Shock	$100 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C} \sim -30^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ 15mins 15mins 30 Cycles (<20 secs transfer)	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1056 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1011 (2006) MIL-STD-202G:107G (2002) JESD22-A106B (2004)
Environmental Test	Solder Resistance	T.sol = 260 ± 5°C Dwell Time= 10±1 seconds 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	11 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=18.9%)	MIL-STD-750D:2031(1995) JEITA ED-4701: 300 302 (2001)
	Solderability	T. sol = $245 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C Dwell Time= 5 ± 0.5 seconds (Lead Free Solder, Coverage $\geq 95\%$ of the dipped surface)	11 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=18.9%)	MIL-STD-750D:2026 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:2003 (2006) MIL-STD-202G:208H (2002) IPC/EIA J-STD-002 (2004)
	Soldering Iron	T. sol = 350 ± 5 °C Dwell Time= 3.5 ± 0.5 seconds	11 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=18.9%)	MIL-STD-202G:208H (2002) JEITA ED-4701:300 302 (2001)

10. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement, without prior notice.