

## HIGH SPEED SINGLE SUPPLY OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

### ■ FEATURES

- Low Input Offset Voltage                    3.5mV max.
- Low Input Offset Voltage Drift
 

NJM842	3.5 $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C
NJM844	5 $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C
- High Slew Rate                                8.5V/ $\mu$ s
- High Unity Gain Frequency                3.5MHz
- Single Supply                                3V to 36V
- Operating Temperature Range            -40 $^{\circ}$ C to +125 $^{\circ}$ C
- Low input voltage around GND level
- Unity-Gain Stable ( $C_L=1000pF$ )
- No Phase Reversal
- High EMI Immunity
- Output Short-Circuit Protection
- Operating Current (All amplifiers)
 

NJM842	4.3mA
NJM844	8.8mA
- Package
 

NJM842	SOP8, SSOP8, MSOP8(VSP8)
NJM844	SOP14, SSOP14

### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM842/NJM844 are high speed single supply operational amplifier.

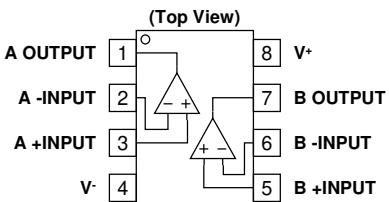
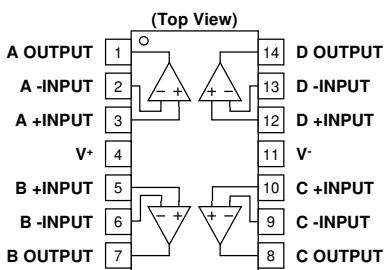
These amplifiers feature is low-offset voltage, low-offset voltage drift, 8.5V/ $\mu$ s slew rate, 3.5MHz gain bandwidth and unity-gain stable ( $C_L=1000pF$ ).

As a further feature, wide operation voltage range and wide operation temperature range are suitable for power supply unit, general-purpose inverters and high performance industrial equipment.

### ■ APPLICATIONS

- Motor, Inverter Current Sense Application
- Power Supply Application
- Buffer Application Amplifier
- Active filter

### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION / PRODUCT INFORMATION

PIN FUNCTION	 (Top View)		 (Top View)			
PACKAGE	SOP8	SSOP8	MSOP8(VSP8)	SOP14	SSOP14	
PART NUMBER	<b>NJM842G</b>	<b>NJM842V</b>	<b>NJM842R</b>	<b>NJM844G</b>	<b>NJM844V</b>	

## ■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V <sup>+</sup> - V <sup>-</sup>	38 <sup>(5)</sup>	V
Differential Input Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>ID</sub>	±36 <sup>(2)</sup>	V
Input Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sup>-</sup> - 0.3 to V <sup>+</sup> +36	V
Output Terminal Input Voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	V <sup>-</sup> - 0.3 to V <sup>+</sup> +0.3V	V
Power Dissipation <sup>(3)</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	(2-layer / 4-layer) 780 / 1200 510 / 650 600 / 810 1200 / 1900 600 / 770	mW
Output Short-Circuit Duration <sup>(4)</sup>		infinite	
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C

(1) Differential voltage is the voltage difference between +INPUT and -INPUT.

(2) Input voltage should be allowed to apply to the input terminal independent of the magnitude of V<sup>+</sup>. The normal operation will establish when any input is within the Common Mode Voltage Range of electrical characteristics.

(3) Power dissipation is the power that can be consumed by the IC at Ta=25°C, and is the typical measured value based on JEDEC condition. When using the IC over Ta=25°C subtract the value [mW/°C]=PD/(T<sub>stg</sub>(MAX)-25) per temperature.

2-layer: EIA/JEDEC STANDARD Test board (76.2x114.3x1.6mm, 2layers, FR-4) mounting

4-layer: EIA/JEDEC STANDARD Test board (76.2x114.3x1.6mm, 4layers, FR-4) mounting

(4) Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

(5) Supply Voltage is the voltage difference between V<sup>+</sup> and V<sup>-</sup>.

Figure1A. Power Dissipation vs. Temperature

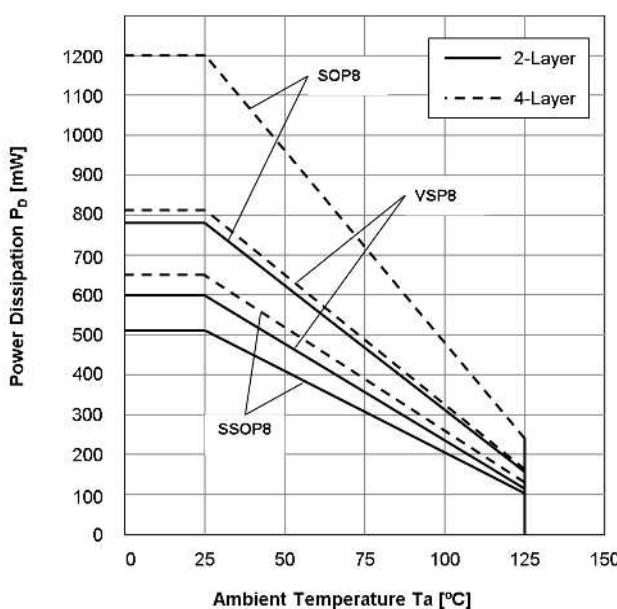
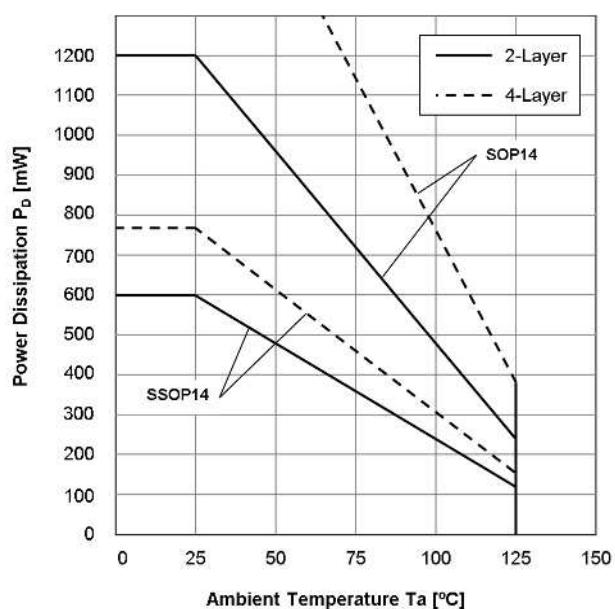


Figure1B. Power Dissipation vs. Temperature



## ■RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	Supply Voltage	UNIT
Supply Voltage	+3 to +36 (±1.5 to ±18)	V

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V^+=+15V$ ,  $V^-=-15V$ ,  $V_{CM}=0V$ ,  $T_a=25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted)

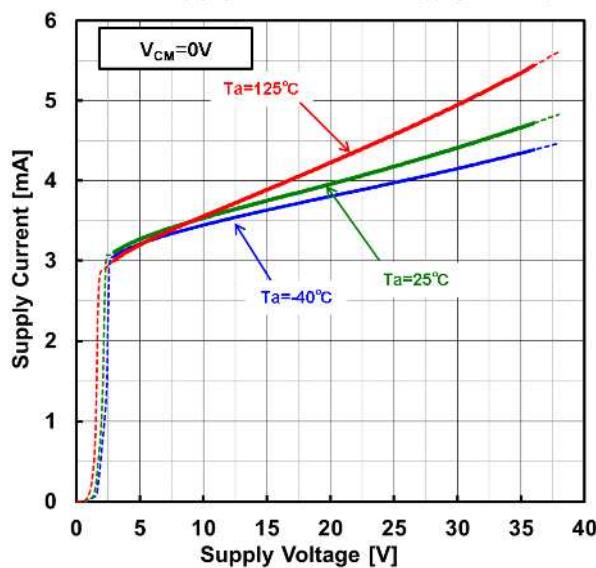
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>INPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{IO}$	$R_S=50\Omega$ , $V_{CM}=0V$	-	0.8	3.5	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift NJM842 NJM844	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	$T_a=-40^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$	-	3.5 5	-	$\mu V/^\circ C$ $\mu V/^\circ C$
Input Bias Current	$I_B$		-	120	500	nA
Input Offset Current	$I_{IO}$		-	6	75	nA
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	$A_V$	$V_O=\pm 10V$ , $R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$	88	110	-	dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	$V_{ICM}=-15V$ to $13.2V$	70	86	-	dB
Common Mode Input Voltage Range	$V_{ICM}$	CMR $\geq 70$ dB	$V^-$	-	$V^+-1.8$	V
<b>OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
High-level Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $0V$	13.7	14	-	V
		$R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$	13.5	14	-	
Low-level Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$	$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $0V$	-	-14.3	-13.7	V
		$R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$	-	-13.8	-13.5	
Output Source Current	$I_{SOURCE}$	$V_O=0V$ , +Input = +1V, -Input = 0V	10	40	-	mA
Output Sink Current	$I_{SINK}$	$V_O=0V$ , +Input = 0V, -Input = +1V	10	45	-	mA
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>						
Supply Current (All amplifiers) NJM842 NJM844	$I_{SUPPLY}$	No Signal, $R_L=\infty$	- -	4.3 8.8	5.5 12	mA mA
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	$V^+/V^- = \pm 1.5V$ to $\pm 18V$ , $V_{ICM}=0V$	70	93	-	dB
<b>AC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBW	$R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$ , $f=100kHz$	-	3.5	-	MHz
Slew Rate	SR	$G_v=0dB$ , $V_{in}=-10V$ to $+10V$ , $R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$ , $C_L=20pF$	-	8.5	-	$V/\mu s$
Phase Margin	$\Phi_M$	$R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$ , $C_L=20pF$	-	90	-	deg
		$R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$ , $C_L=330pF$	-	70	-	
Gain Margin	$G_M$	$R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$ , $C_L=20pF$	-	9	-	dB
		$R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$ , $C_L=330pF$	-	8	-	
<b>NOISE, THD</b>						
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	$e_n$	$f=1kHz$	-	32	-	$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise	THD+N	$G_v=20dB$ , $f=1kHz$ , $V_O=15V_{PP}$ , $R_L=2k\Omega$ to $0V$ , $C_L=20pF$	-	0.003	-	%
Channel Separation	CS	$f=10kHz$ , Equivalent Input value	-	120	-	dB

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V<sup>+</sup>=+5V, V<sup>-</sup>=0V, V<sub>CM</sub>=2.5V, Ta=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

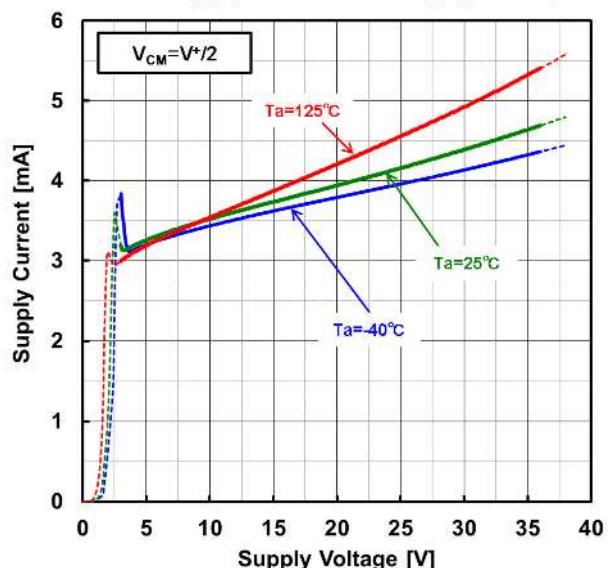
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>INPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	R <sub>S</sub> =50Ω, V <sub>CM</sub> =V <sup>+</sup> /2, V <sub>O</sub> =V <sup>+</sup> /2	-	0.5	3.5	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift NJM842 NJM844	ΔV <sub>IO</sub> /ΔT	Ta=-40°C~+125°C	-	2.5	-	µV/°C µV/°C
Input Bias Current	I <sub>B</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> =V <sup>+</sup> /2, V <sub>O</sub> =V <sup>+</sup> /2	-	140	500	nA
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> =V <sup>+</sup> /2, V <sub>O</sub> =V <sup>+</sup> /2	-	6	75	nA
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A <sub>V</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> =1.5V to 3.5V, R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ to 0V	88	110	-	dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	V <sub>CM</sub> =0V to 3.2V	70	80	-	dB
Common Mode Input Voltage Range	V <sub>ICM</sub>	CMR≥70dB	V <sup>-</sup>	-	V <sup>+</sup> -1.8	V
<b>OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
High-level Output Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ to 0V	3.7	4	-	V
Low-level Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ to 0V	-	0	0	V
Output Source Current	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> =0V, +Input=+1V, -Input=0V	10	30	-	mA
Output Sink Current	I <sub>SINK</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> =5V, +Input=0V, -Input=+1V	10	30	-	mA
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>						
Supply Current (All amplifiers) NJM842 NJM844	I <sub>SUPPLY</sub>	No Signal, R <sub>L</sub> =∞	-	3.3	4.5	mA
			-	6.6	9	mA
<b>AC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBW	R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ to 0V, f=100kHz	-	3.5	-	MHz
Slew Rate	SR	G <sub>V</sub> =0dB, V <sub>in</sub> =+0.5V to +3V, R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ to 0V, C <sub>L</sub> =20pF	-	7	-	V/µs
Phase Margin	Φ <sub>M</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ to 0V, C <sub>L</sub> =20pF	-	80	-	deg
		R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ to 0V, C <sub>L</sub> =330pF	-	55	-	
Gain Margin	G <sub>M</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ to 0V, C <sub>L</sub> =20pF	-	9	-	dB
		R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ to 0V, C <sub>L</sub> =330pF	-	7	-	
<b>NOISE, THD</b>						
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	e <sub>n</sub>	f=1kHz	-	30	-	nV/√Hz

## ■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

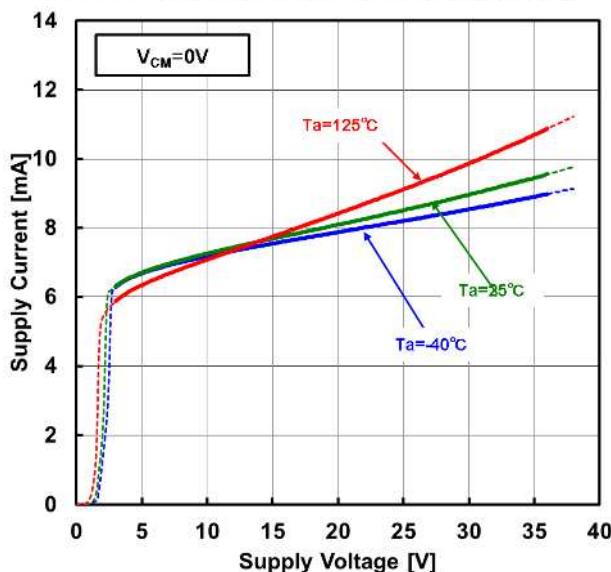
NJM842 : Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



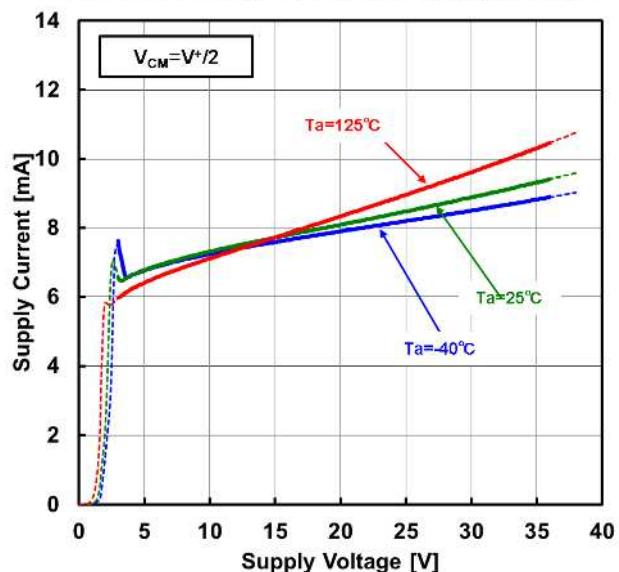
NJM842 : Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



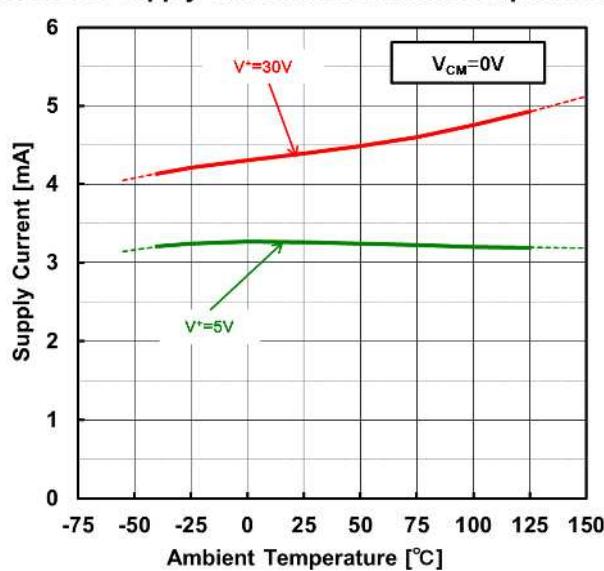
NJM844 : Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



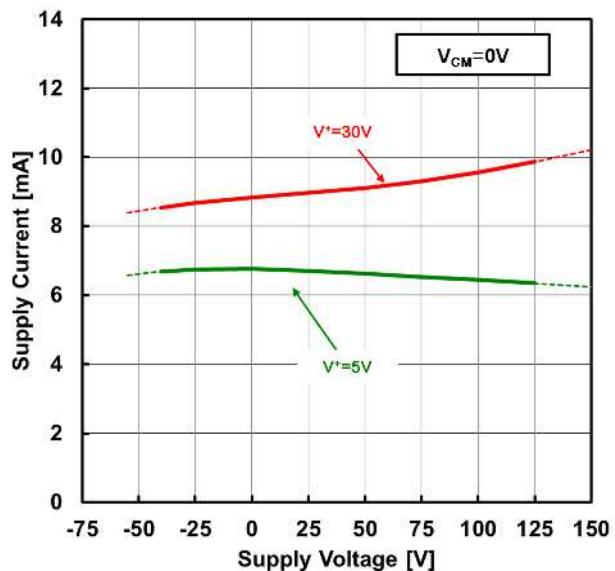
NJM844 : Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



NJM842 : Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

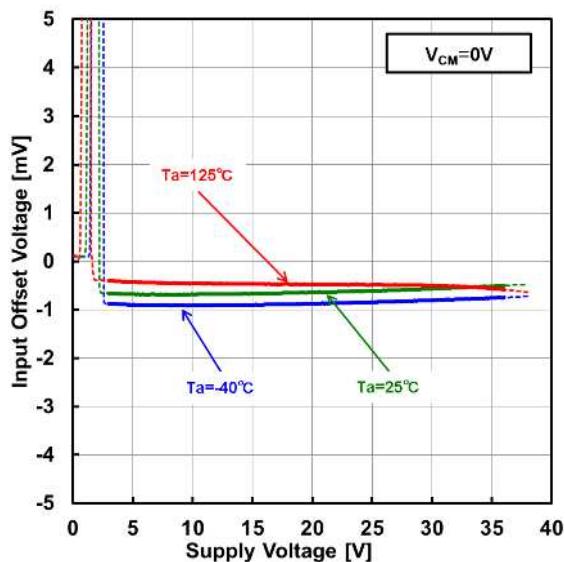


NJM844 : Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

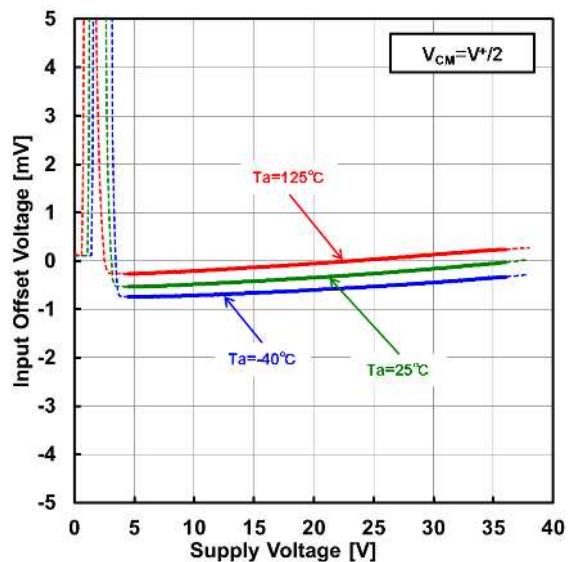


## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

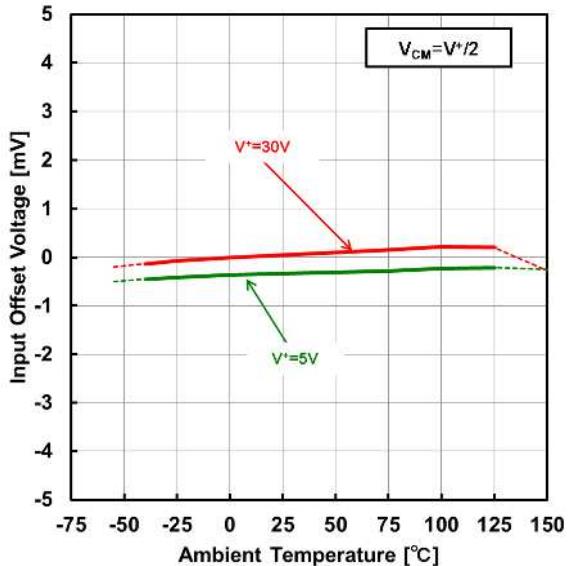
Input Offset Voltage vs. Supply Voltage



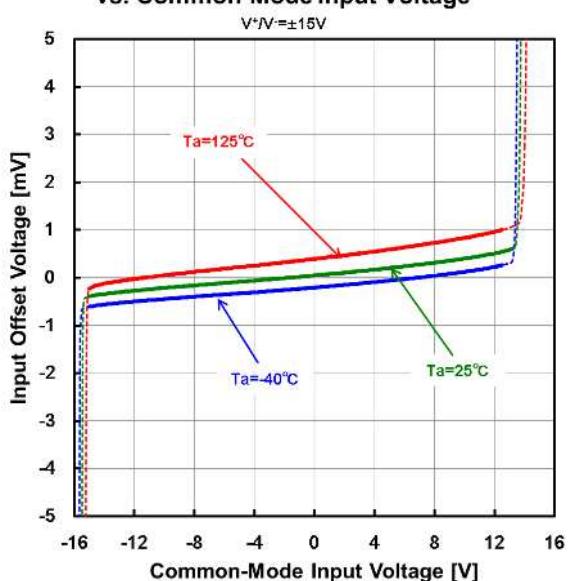
Input Offset Voltage vs. Supply Voltage



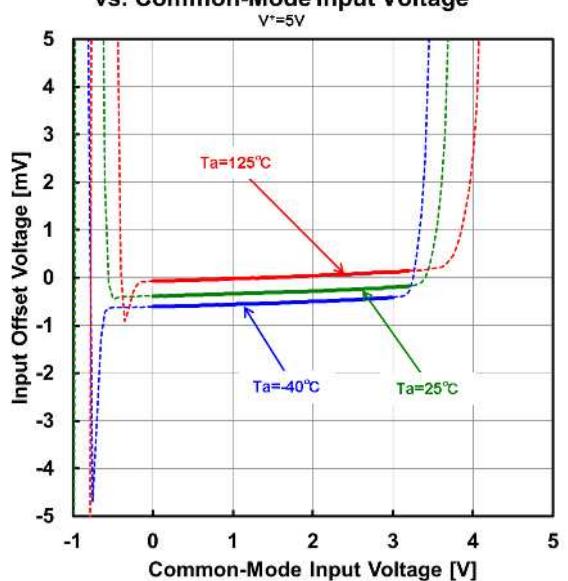
Input Offset Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



Input Offset Voltage  
vs. Common-Mode Input Voltage

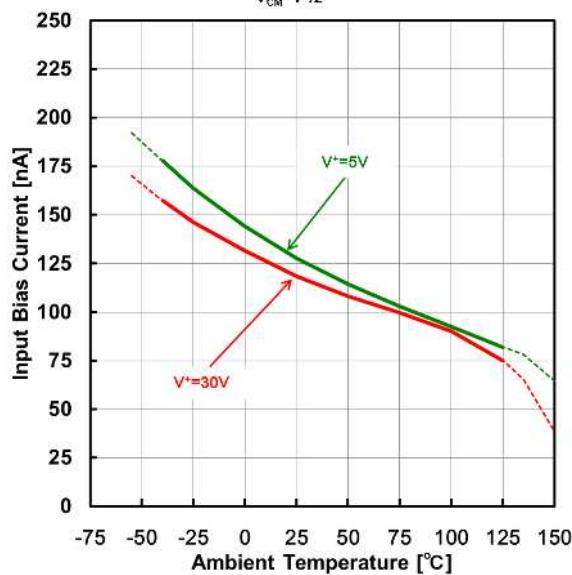


Input Offset Voltage  
vs. Common-Mode Input Voltage

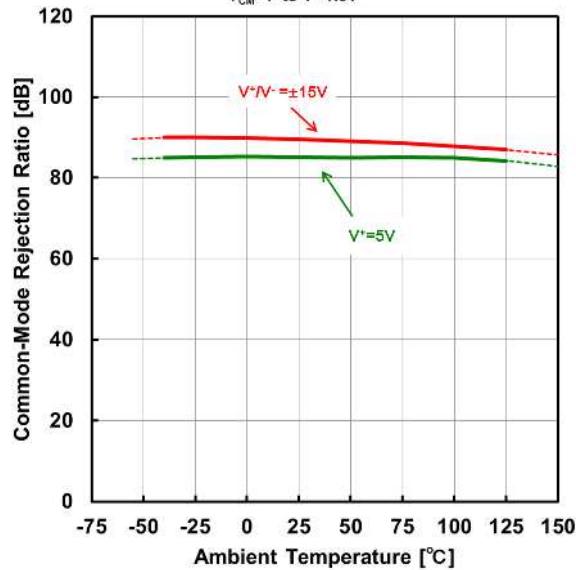


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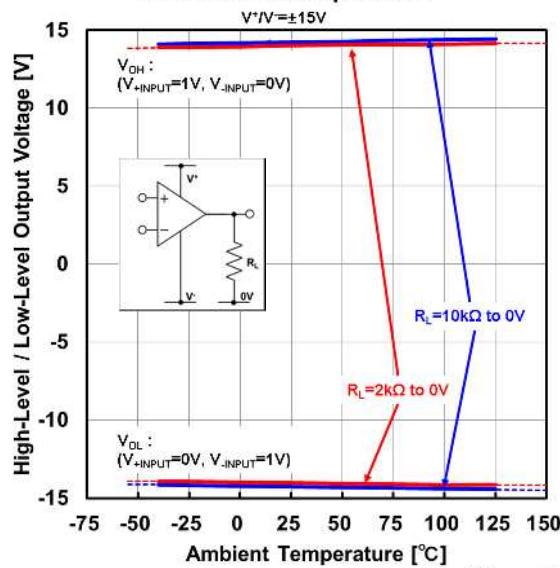
**Input Bias Current vs. Ambient Temperature**  
 $V_{CM}=V^+/2$



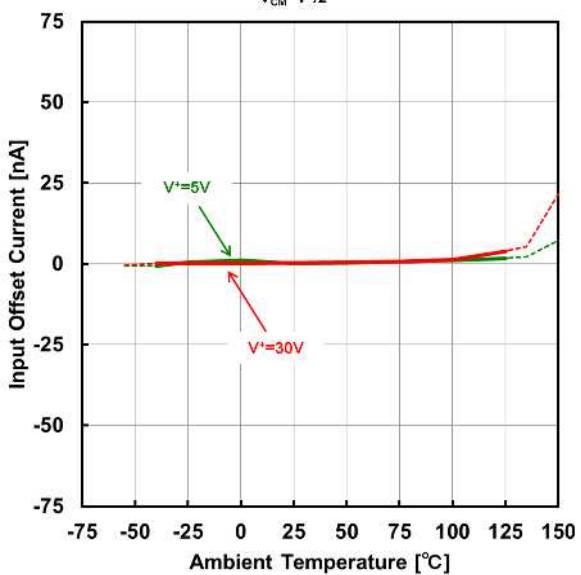
**Common-Mode Rejection Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature**  
 $V_{CM}=V^-$  to  $V^- = 1.8V$



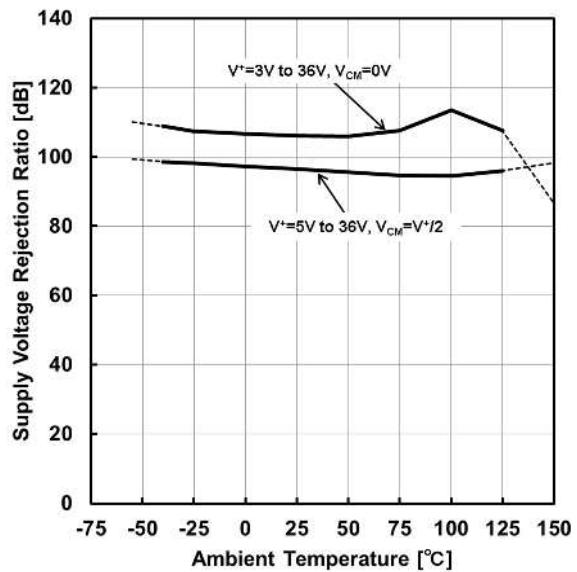
**High-Level / Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



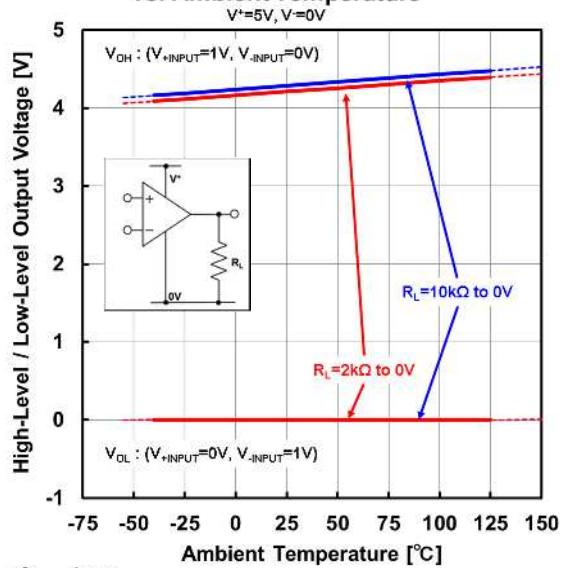
**Input Offset Current vs. Ambient Temperature**  
 $V_{CM}=V^+/2$

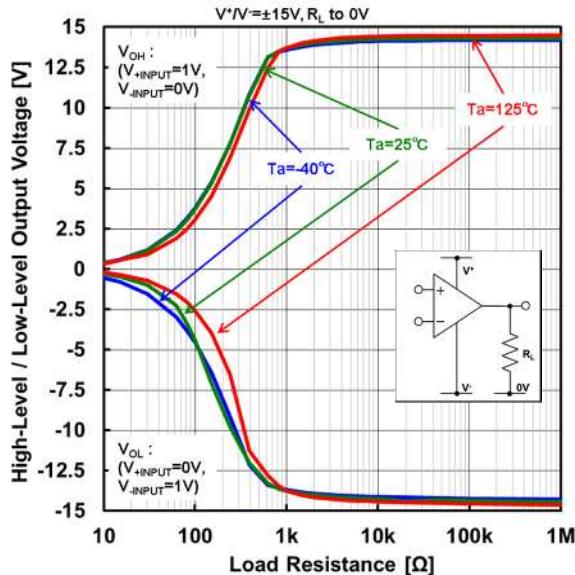
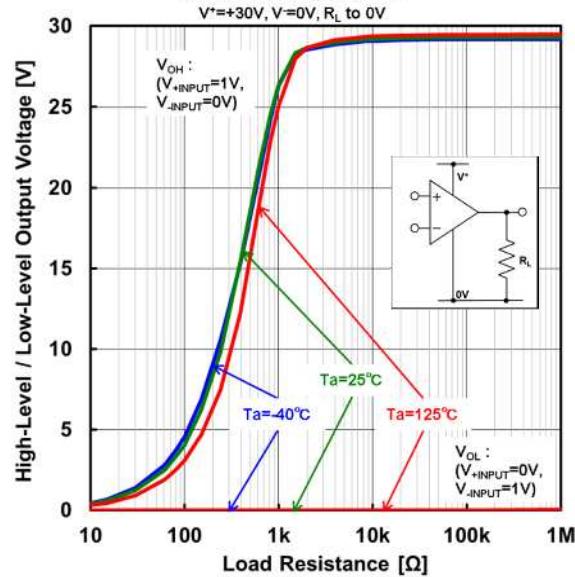
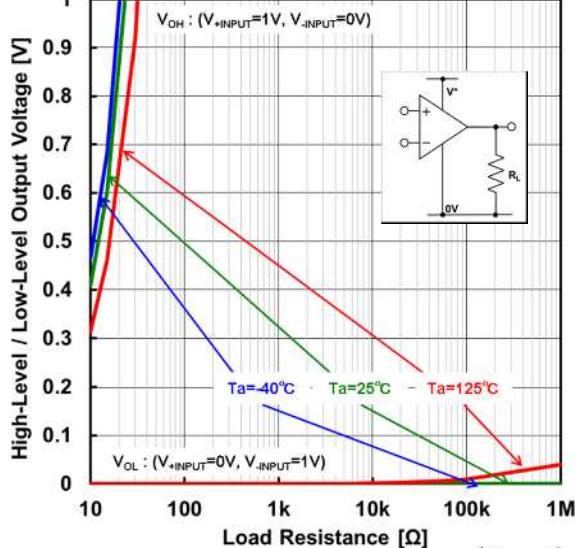
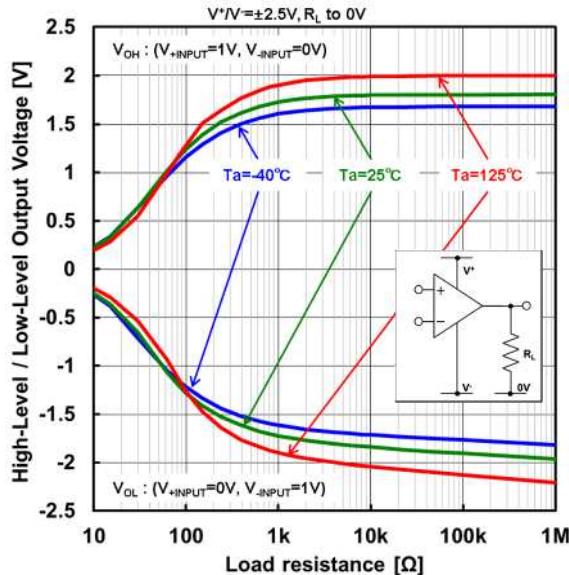
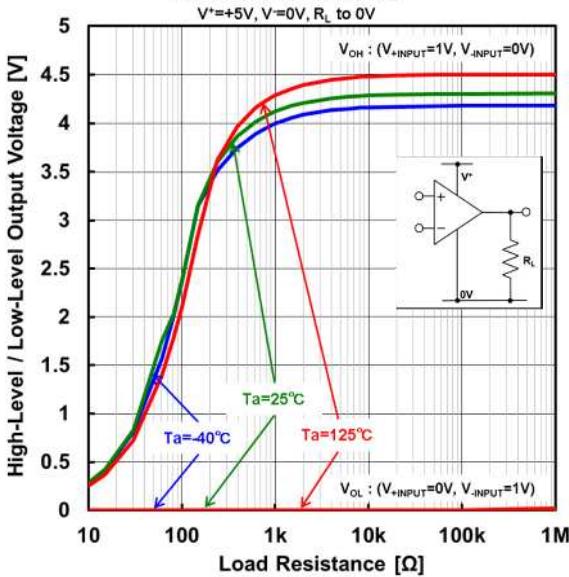
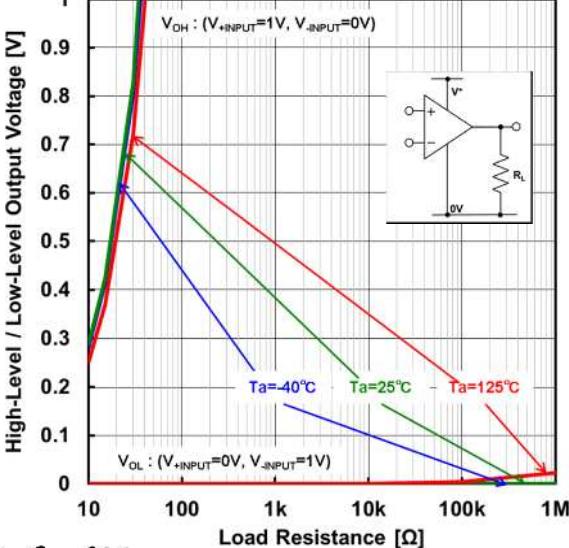


**Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature**



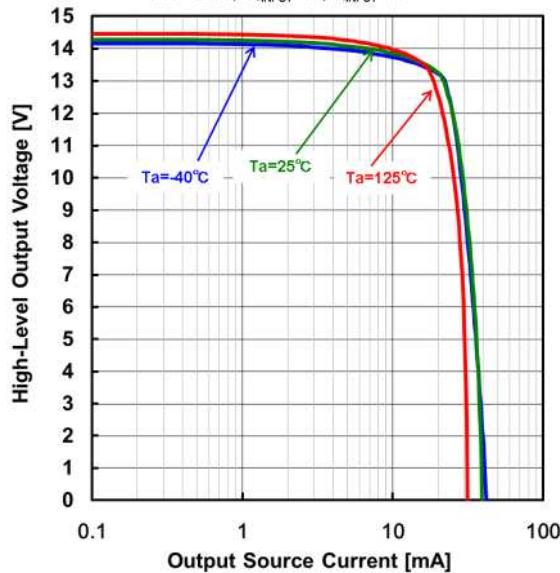
**High-Level / Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



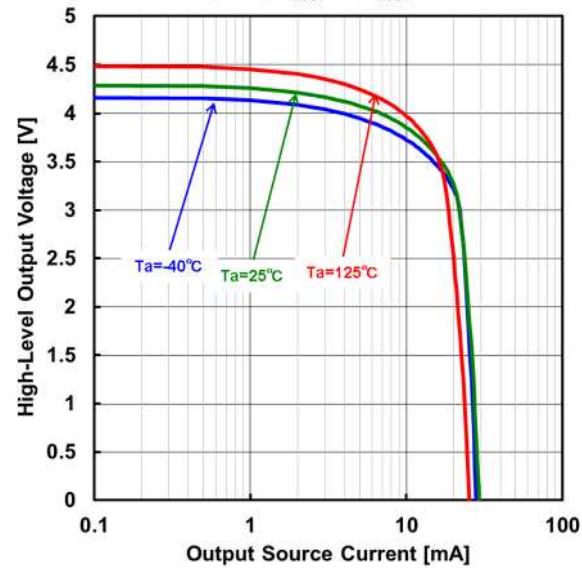
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS****High-Level / Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Load Resistance****High-Level / Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Load Resistance****"Enlarged figure"****High-Level / Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Load Resistance****High-Level / Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Load Resistance****High-Level / Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Load Resistance****"Enlarged figure"****High-Level / low-Level Output Voltage vs. Load Resistance**

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

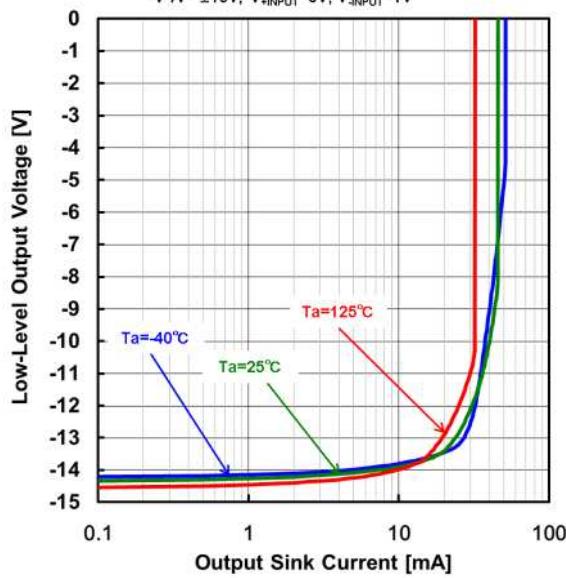
**High-Level Output Voltage vs. Output Source Current**  
 $V^+/V = \pm 15V, V_{+INPUT} = 1V, V_{-INPUT} = 0V$



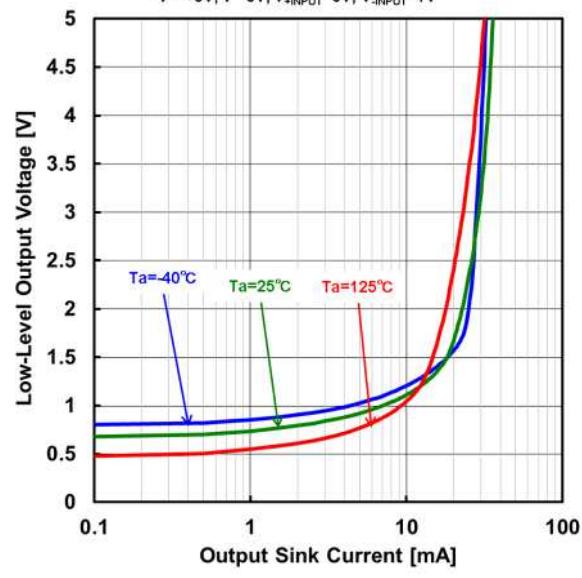
**High-Level Output Voltage vs. Output Source Current**  
 $V^+ = +5V, V = 0V, V_{+INPUT} = 1V, V_{-INPUT} = 0V$



**Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Output Sink Current**  
 $V^+/V = \pm 15V, V_{+INPUT} = 0V, V_{-INPUT} = 1V$

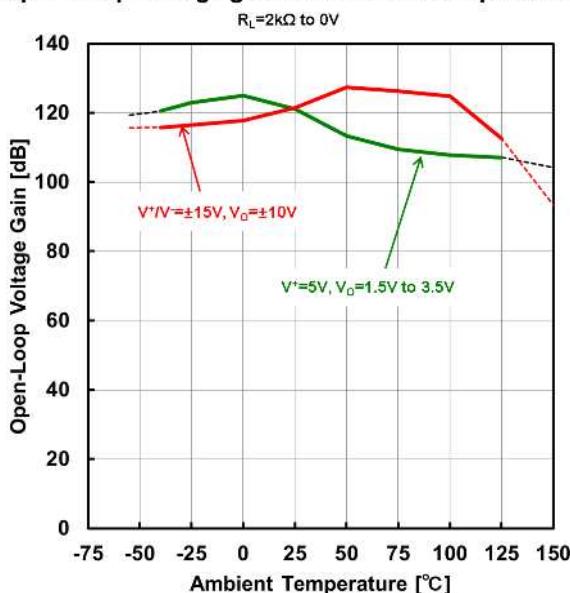


**Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Output Sink Current**  
 $V^+ = +5V, V = 0V, V_{+INPUT} = 0V, V_{-INPUT} = 1V$

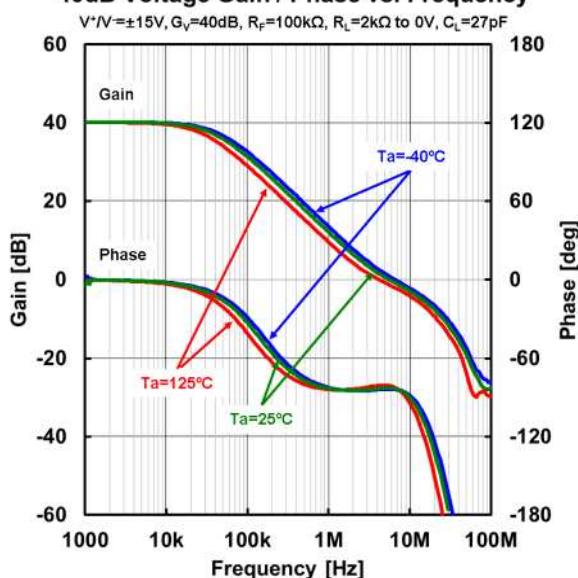


## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

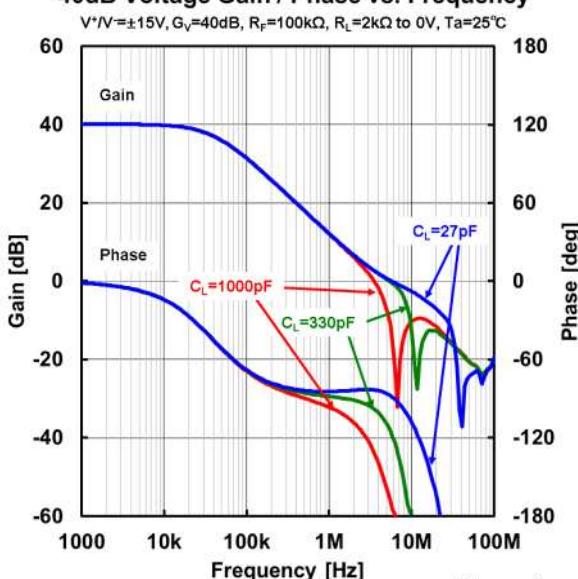
Open-Loop Voltage gain vs. Ambient Temperature



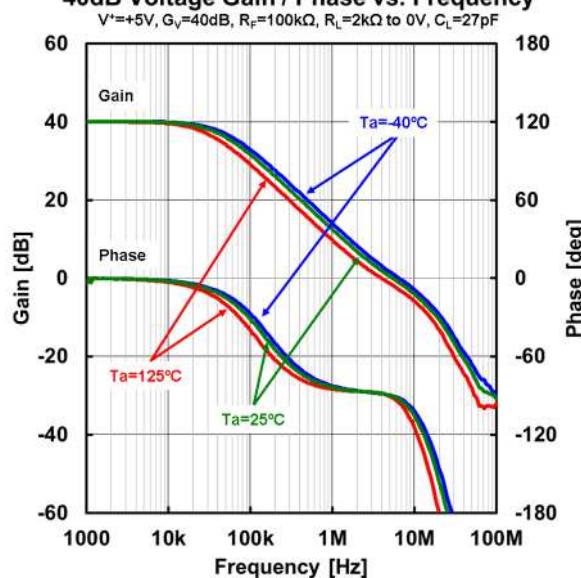
40dB Voltage Gain / Phase vs. Frequency



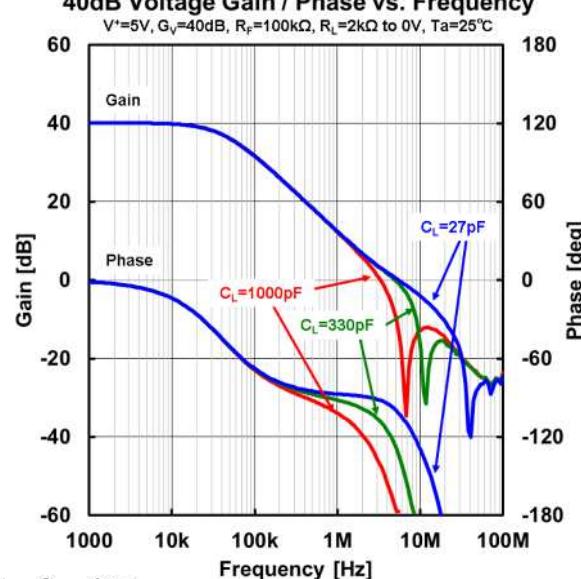
40dB Voltage Gain / Phase vs. Frequency



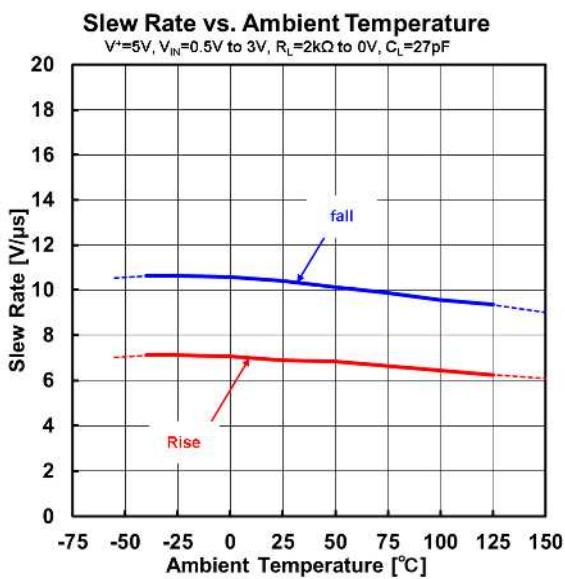
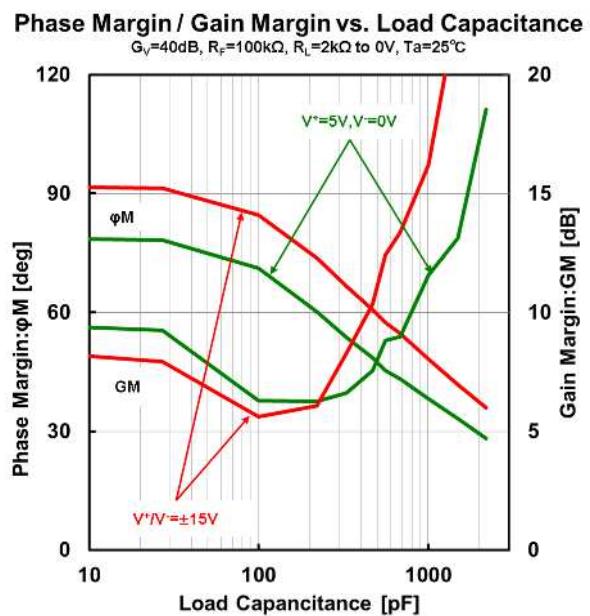
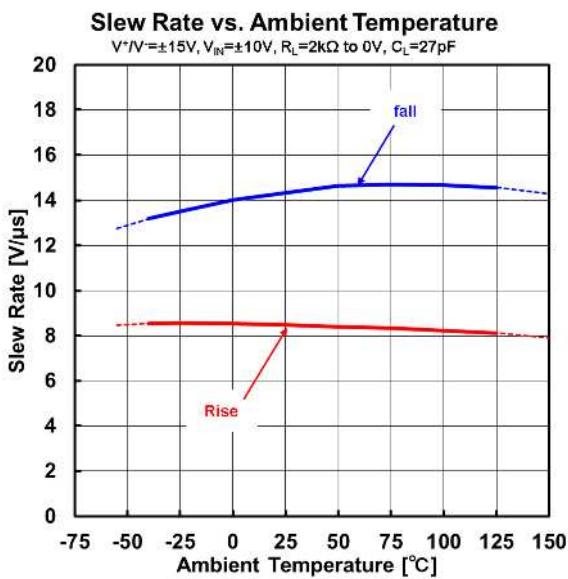
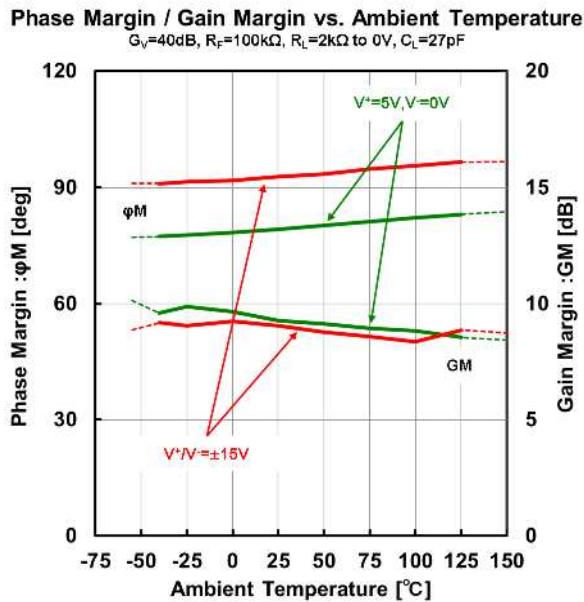
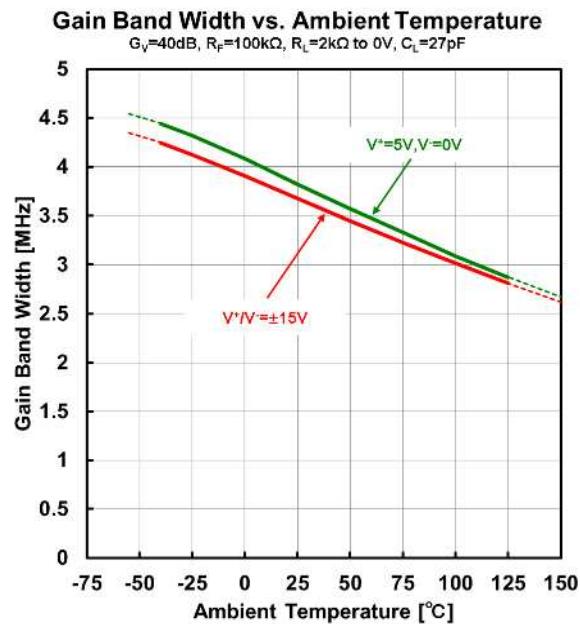
40dB Voltage Gain / Phase vs. Frequency



40dB Voltage Gain / Phase vs. Frequency



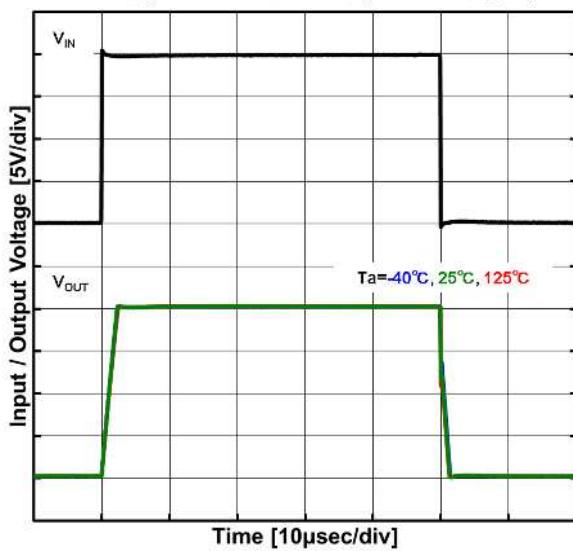
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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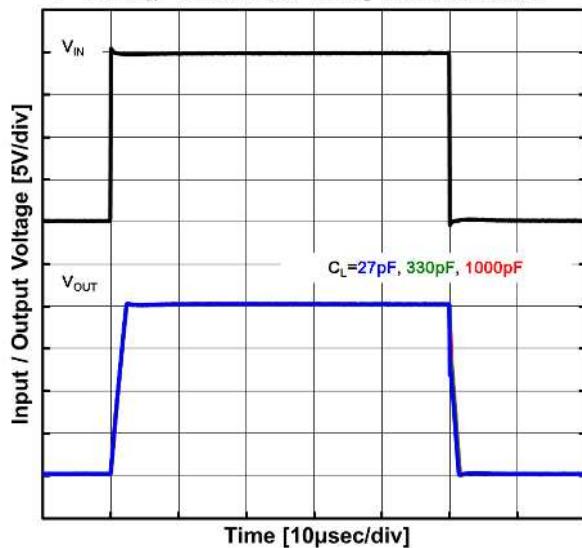
### Pulse Response

$V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$ ,  $V_{IN} = -10V$  to  $+10V$ ,  $G_V = 0dB$ ,  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $0V$ ,  $C_L = 27pF$



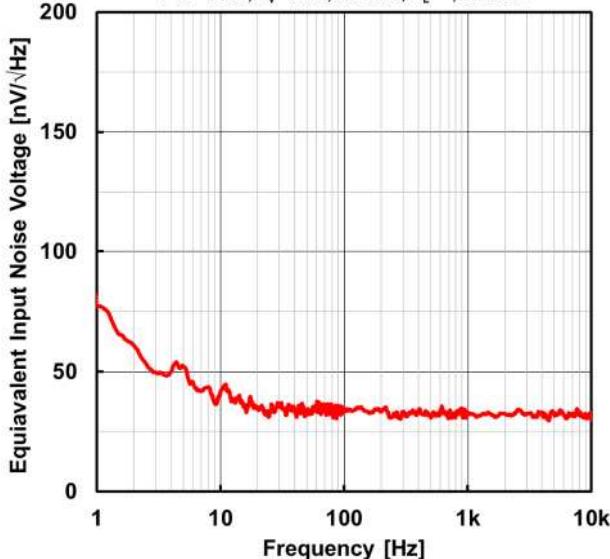
### Pulse Response

$V^+ = \pm 15V$ ,  $V_{IN} = -10V$  to  $+10V$ ,  $G_V = 0dB$ ,  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $0V$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$



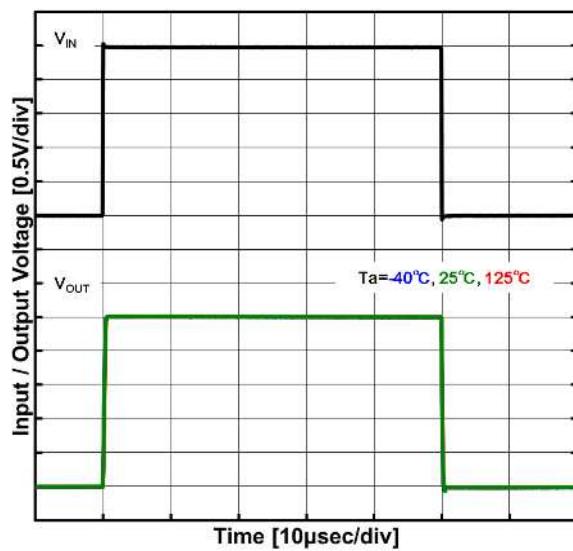
### Voltage Noise Density vs. Frequency

$V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$ ,  $G_V = 40dB$ ,  $R_S = 20\Omega$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$



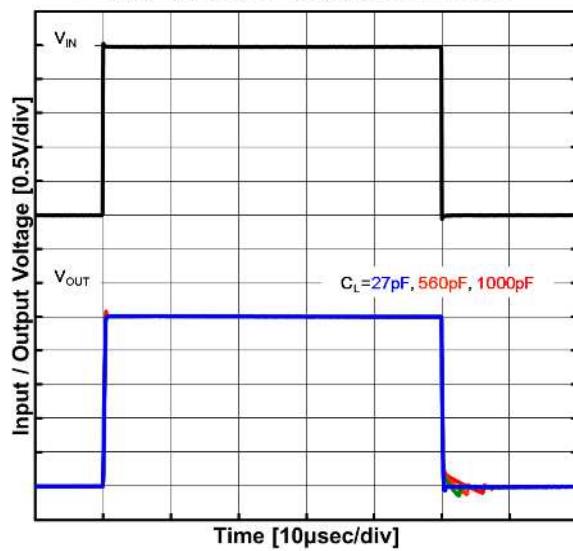
### Pulse Response

$V^+ = 5V$ ,  $V_{IN} = 0.5V$  to  $3V$ ,  $G_V = 0dB$ ,  $R_L = 2k\Omega$  to  $0V$ ,  $C_L = 27pF$



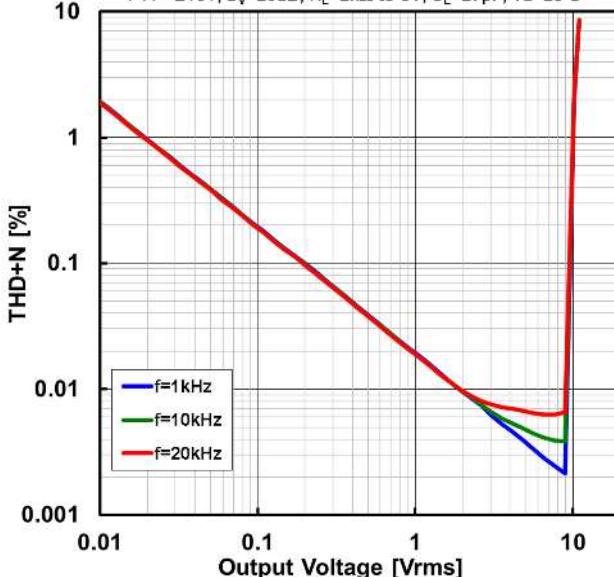
### Pulse Response

$V^+ = 5V$ ,  $V_{IN} = 0.5V$  to  $3V$ ,  $G_V = 0dB$ ,  $R_L = 2k\Omega$  to  $0V$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$

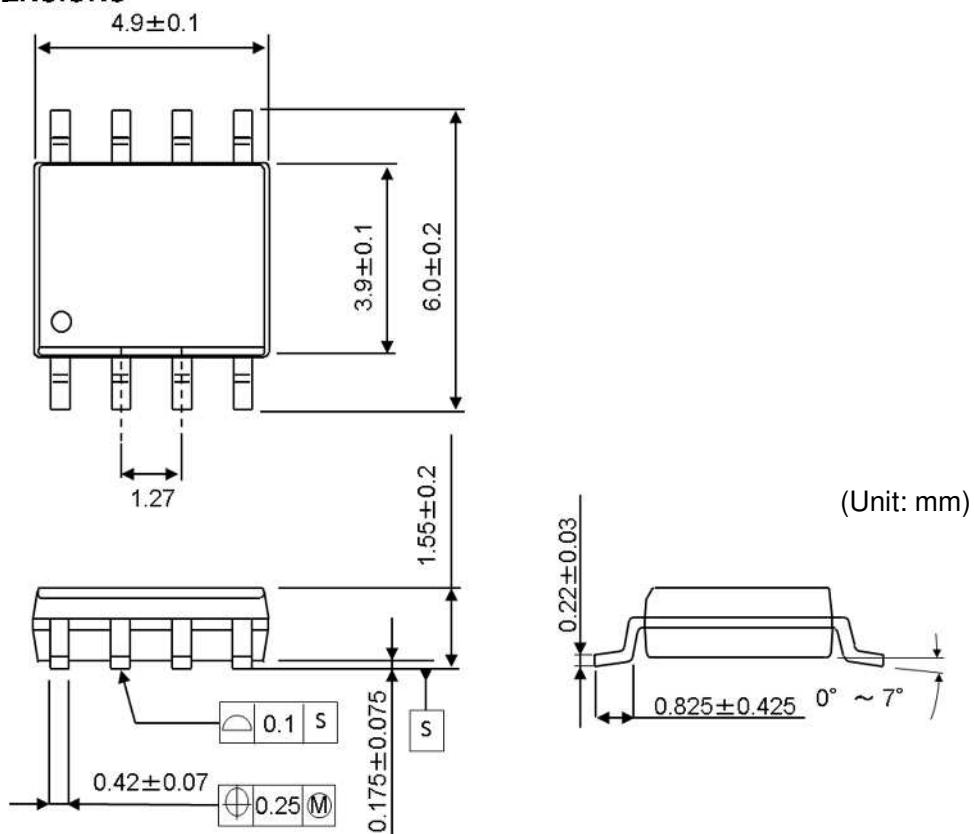


### THD + N vs. Output Voltage

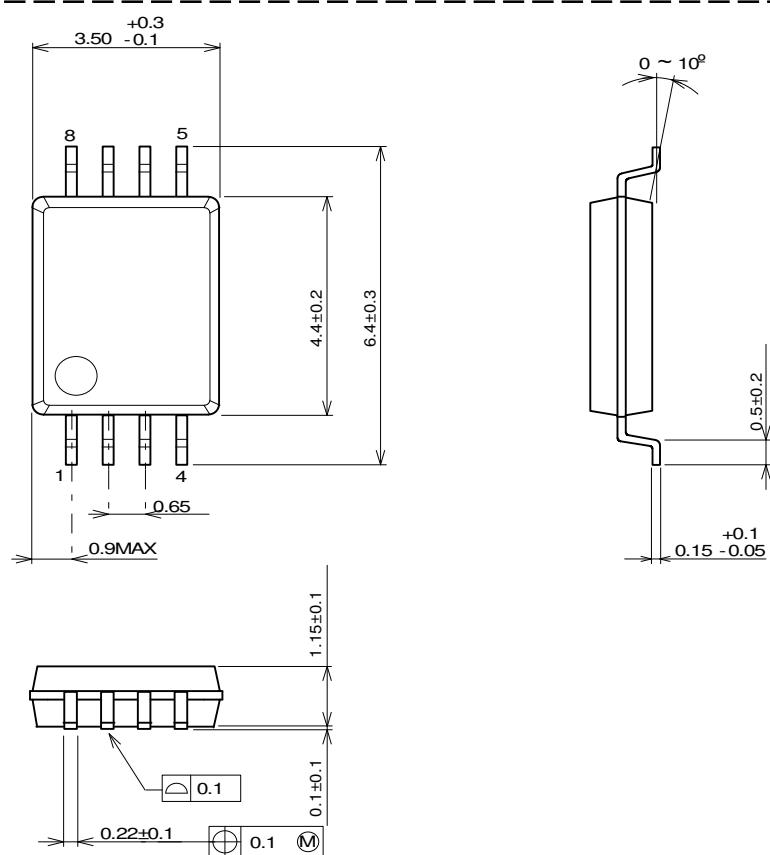
$V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$ ,  $G_V = 20dB$ ,  $R_L = 2k\Omega$  to  $0V$ ,  $C_L = 27pF$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$



#### ■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

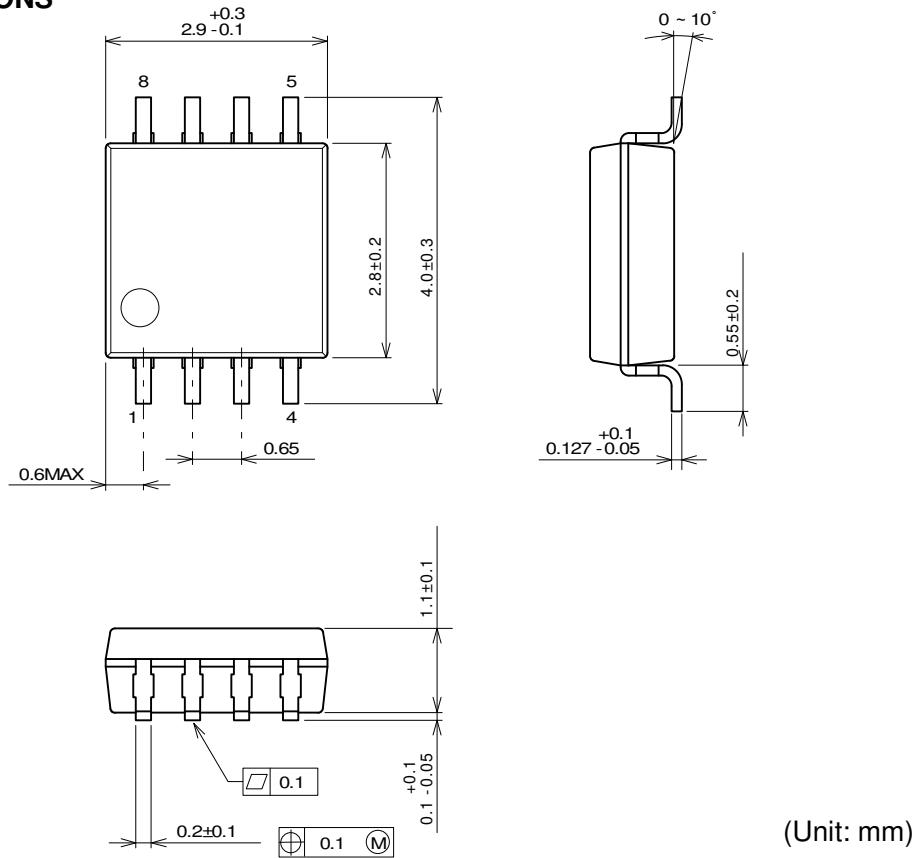


SOP8 Package

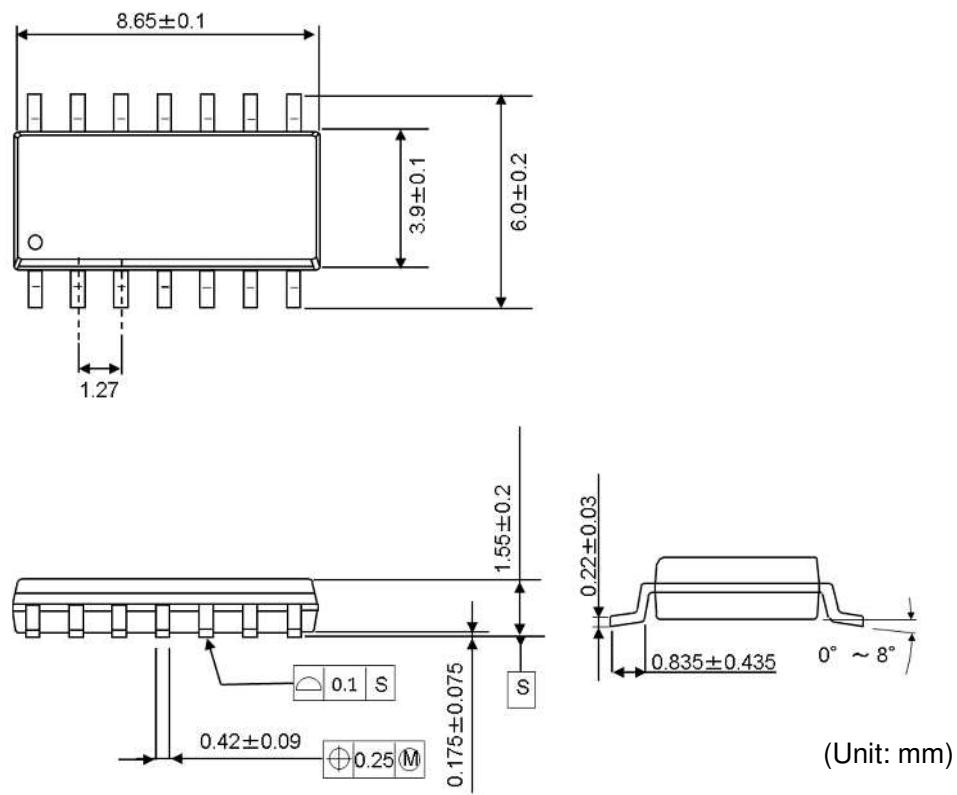


SSOP8 Package

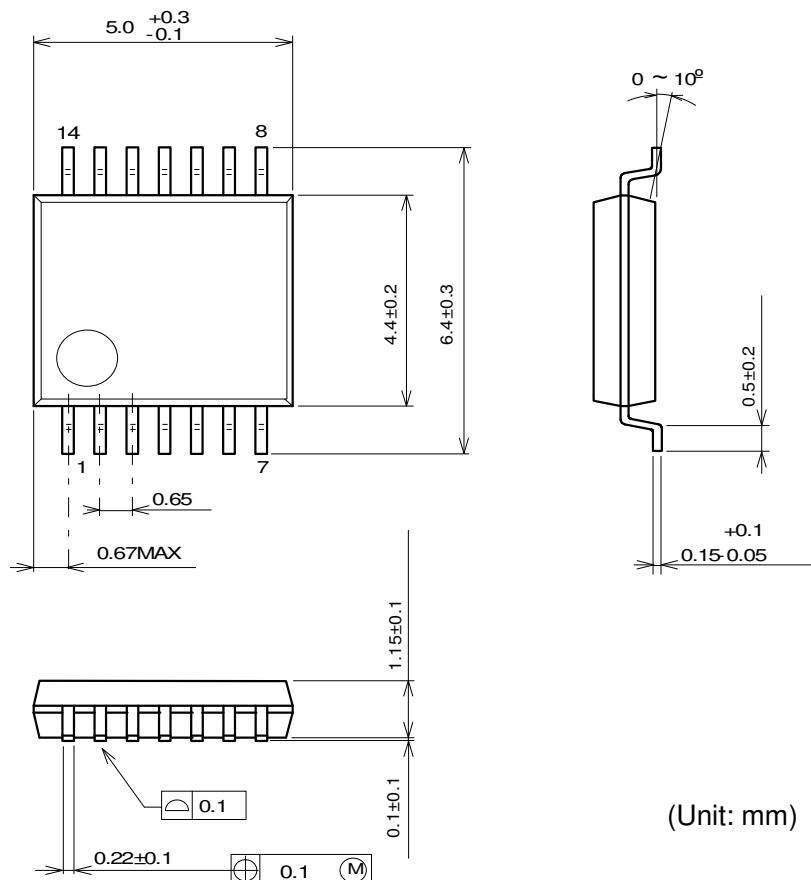
## ■PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



MSOP8 (VSP8) JEDEC MO-187-DA / thin type Package



SOP14 Package

**■PACKAGE DIMENSIONS****SSOP14 Package**

(Unit: mm)

**[CAUTION]**

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