Low Voltage, High Accuracy, Quad Voltage Microprocessor Supervisory Circuit

Data Sheet **ADM8710**

FEATURES

- Accurate monitoring of up to four power supply voltages
- 2 factory-set threshold options for monitoring 1.8 V and 3.3 V
- Adjustable input threshold voltage 0.62 V (±1.5% accuracy)
- 50 ms typical reset timeout
- Open-drain $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output (10 µA internal pull-up)
- Reset output stage: active low, valid to IN_1 = 1 V or IN_2 = 1 V
- Power supply glitch immunity
- Specified from −40°C to +85°C
- 6-lead SOT-23 package

APPLICATIONS

- Telecommunications
- Microprocessor systems
- Desktop and notebook computers
- Data storage equipment
- Servers/workstations

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

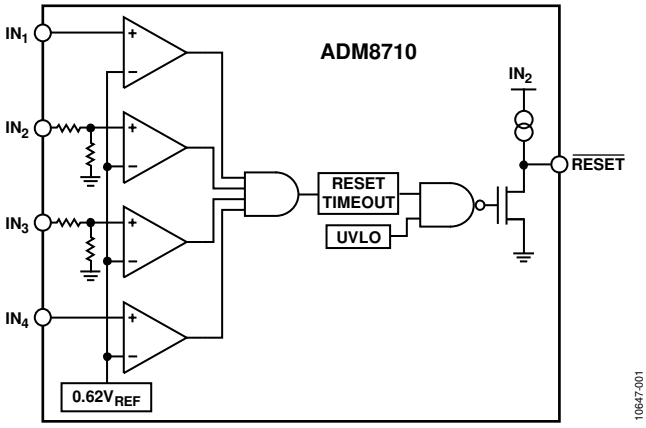

Figure 1.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADM8710 is a low voltage, high accuracy supervisory circuit. The device monitors up to four system supply voltages.

The ADM8710 incorporates two internally pretrimmed undervoltage threshold options for monitoring 1.8 V and 3.3 V supply voltages. It also offers two adjustable inputs with 0.62 V internal reference, allowing users to program the reset threshold through external resistor dividers. The combination of pretrimmed and adjustable inputs gives the ADM8710 the advantage of being both space saving and flexible.

If a monitored power supply voltage falls below the minimum voltage threshold, a single active low output asserts, triggering a system reset. The output is open drain with a weak internal pull-up to the monitored IN_2 supply of typically 10 µA. When all voltages rise above the selected threshold level, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ signal remains low for the reset timeout period. The ADM8710 output remains valid as long as IN_1 or IN_2 exceeds 1 V.

Unused monitored inputs should not be allowed to float or to be grounded. Instead, connect them to a supply voltage greater than their specified threshold voltages.

The ADM8710 is available in a 6-lead SOT-23 package. The device operates over the extended temperature range of −40°C to +85°C.

Rev. 0

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REVISION HISTORY

8/12—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

V_{IN2} = 1 V to 5.5 V, T_A = −40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are V_{IN2} = 3.0 V to 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.

Table 1.

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions/Comments
OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE					
V_{IN2}[1]	1.0		5.5	V	T_A = 0°C to 85°C
	1.2		5.5	V	T_A = −40°C to +85°C
INPUT CURRENT					
IN_x Input Current		55	115	µA	IN_2 = nominal input voltage (3.3 V supplies); the supply splits into 25 µA for the resistor divider and 30 µA for other circuits
		25	40	µA	IN_3 = nominal input voltage (1.8 V supplies)
			0.4	µA	V_{IN1} = 0 V to 0.85 V
			0.2	µA	V_{IN4} = 0 V to 0.85 V
THRESHOLD VOLTAGE					
Threshold Voltage (V_{TH})	3.010	3.07	3.130	V	IN_X decreasing; 3.3 V (−5% supply tolerance)
	1.705	1.73	1.760	V	IN_X decreasing; 1.8 V (−2% supply tolerance)
Adjustable Input Threshold Voltage (V_{TH})	0.611	0.62	0.629	V	IN_X decreasing
RESET					
Reset Threshold Hysteresis (V_{HYST})		0.3		$\%V_{TH}$	IN_X increasing relative to IN_X decreasing
Reset Threshold Temperature Coefficient (TCV_{TH})		60		ppm/°C	
IN_X to Reset Delay (t_{RP})		30		µs	V_{IN} falling at 10 mV/µs from V_{TH} to V_{TH} − 50 mV
Reset Timeout Period (t_{RP})	35	50	70	ms	
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output Low (V_{OL})			0.3	V	V_{IN2} = 5 V, I_{SINK} = 2 mA
			0.4	V	V_{IN2} = 2.5 V, I_{SINK} = 1.2 mA
			0.3	V	V_{IN2} = 1.0 , I_{SINK} = 20 µA, T_A = 0°C to +85°C
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output High (V_{OH})	$0.8 \times V_{IN2}$			V	$V_{IN2} \geq$ 2.0 V, I_{SOURCE} = 4 µA, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ deasserted
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output High Source Current (I_{OH})		10		µA	$V_{IN2} \geq$ 2.0 V, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ deasserted

[1] The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output is guaranteed to be in the correct state for IN_1 or IN_2 down to 1 V.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 2.

Parameter	Rating
IN_X, $\overline{RESET}$ to GND	−0.3 V to +6 V
Continuous $\overline{RESET}$ Current	20 mA
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to +125°C
Operating Temperature Range	−40°C to +85°C
Lead Temperature (10 sec)	300°C
Junction Temperature	135°C

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 3. Thermal Resistance

Package Type	θ_{JA}	Unit
6-lead SOT-23	169.5	°C/W

ESD CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

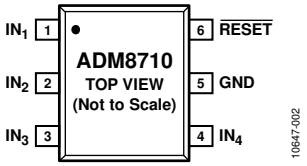


Figure 2. Pin Configuration

Table 4. Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
1	IN_1	Input Voltage 1.
2	IN_2	Input Voltage 2.
3	IN_3	Input Voltage 3.
4	IN_4	Input Voltage 4.
5	GND	Ground.
6	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Active Low $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ goes low when an input drops to less than the specified threshold. When all inputs rise higher than the threshold voltage, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ remains low for the reset timeout period before going high. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is open drain with a weak internal pull-up to IN_2.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

V_{IN2} = 3.0 V, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

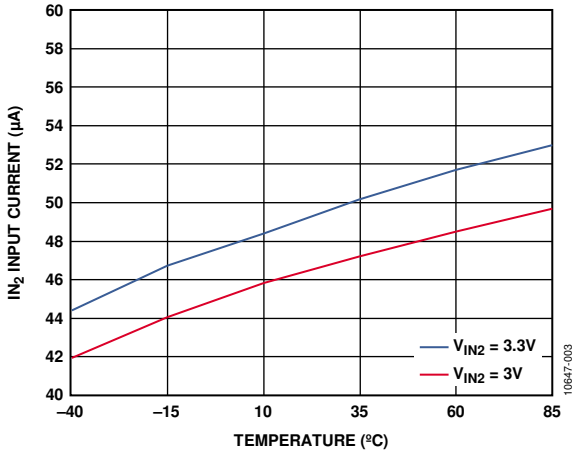


Figure 3. IN_2 Input Current vs. Temperature

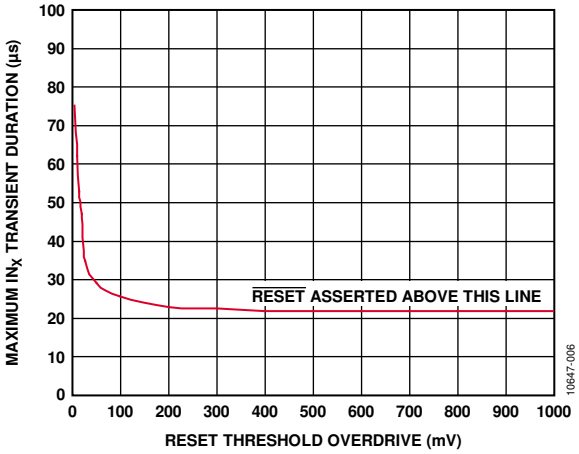


Figure 6. Maximum IN_x Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive

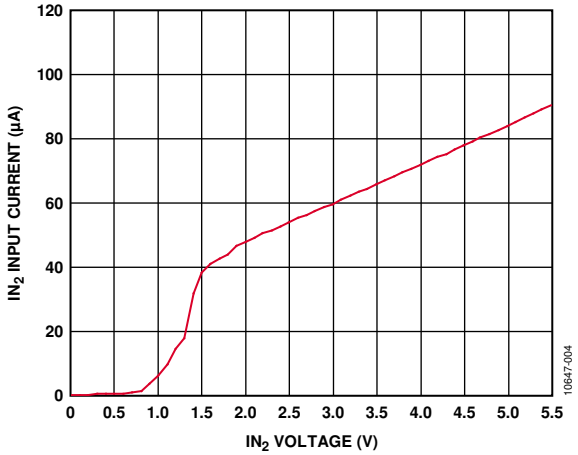


Figure 4. IN_2 Input Current vs. IN_2 Voltage

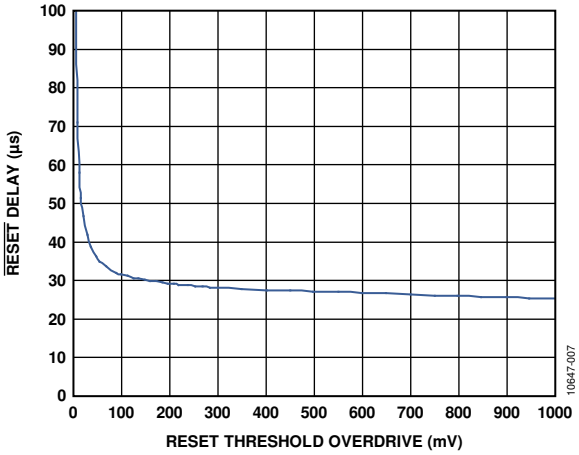


Figure 7. $\overline{RESET}$ Delay vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive (IN_x Decreasing)

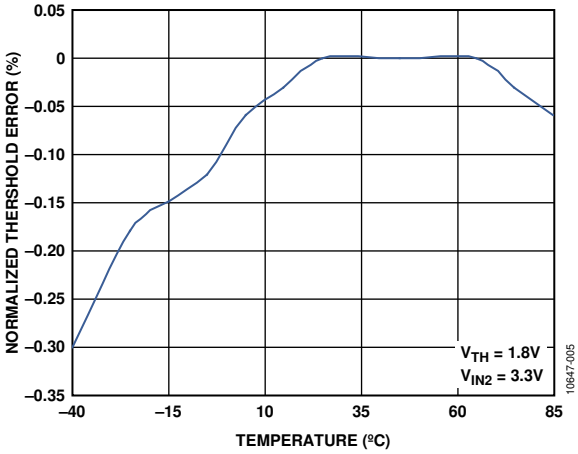


Figure 5. Normalized Threshold Error vs. Temperature

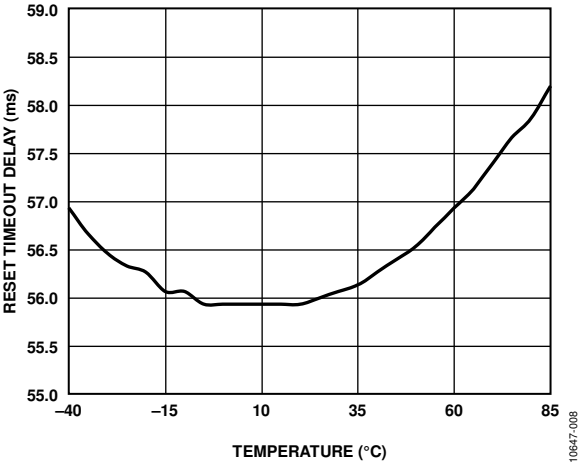


Figure 8. Normalized Reset Timeout Delay vs. Temperature

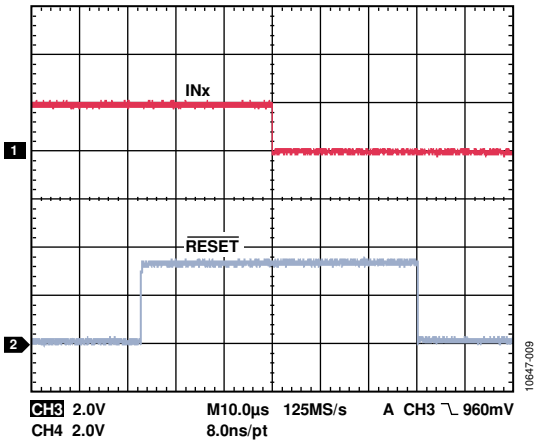


Figure 9. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Pull-Up and Pull-Down Response (10 µs/DIV)

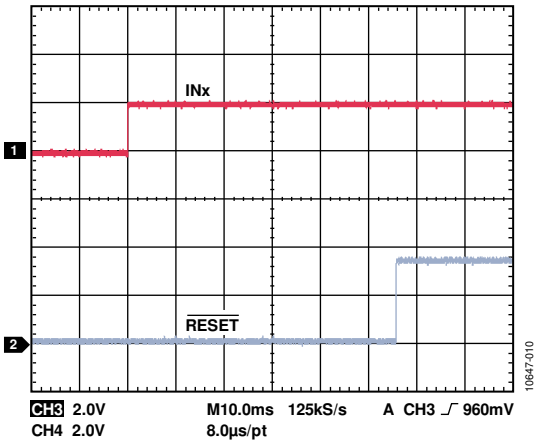


Figure 10. Timeout Delay (10 ms/DIV)

THEORY OF OPERATION

The ADM8710 is a compact, low power supervisory circuit capable of monitoring up to four voltages in a multisupply application.

The device includes two factory-set voltage threshold options for monitoring 1.8 V and 3.3 V supplies. It also provides two adjustable thresholds for monitoring voltages down to 0.62 V.

The ADM8710 is powered by IN_2, which is a monitored voltage, and therefore monitors up to four voltages. If a monitored voltage drops below its associated threshold, the active low reset output asserts low and remains low while either IN_1 or IN_2 remains above 1.0 V.

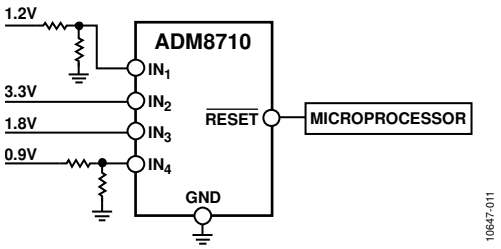


Figure 11. Typical Applications Circuit

INPUT CONFIGURATION

The ADM8710 provides numerous monitor choices with adjustable reset thresholds. Typically, the threshold voltage at each adjustable IN_x input is 0.62 V. To monitor a voltage greater than 0.62 V, connect a resistor divider network to the circuit as depicted in Figure 12, where

$$V_{INTH} = 0.62\,V\left(\frac{R1+R2}{R2}\right)$$

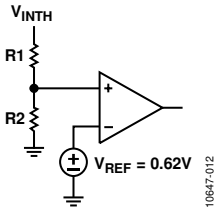


Figure 12. Setting the Adjustable Monitor

The internal comparators each typically have a hysteresis of 0.3% with respect to the reset threshold. This built-in hysteresis improves the immunity of the device to ambient noise without noticeably reducing the threshold accuracy. The ADM8710 is unaffected by short input transients.

The ADM8710 is powered from the monitored IN_2. Monitored inputs are resistant to short power supply glitches. Figure 6 depicts the ADM8710 glitch immunity data. To increase noise immunity in noisy applications, place a 0.1 µF capacitor between the IN_2 input and ground. Adding capacitance to IN_1, IN_3, and IN_4 also improves noise immunity.

Do not allow unused monitor inputs to float or to be grounded. Connect these inputs to a supply voltage greater than their specified threshold voltages. In the case of unused IN_x adjustable inputs, limit the bias current by connecting a 1 MΩ series resistor between the unused input and IN_2.

$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output asserts low when a monitored IN_x voltage drops below its voltage threshold. When all voltages rise above the selected threshold level, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ signal remains low for the reset timeout period. The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output is open drain with a weak internal pull-up to the monitored IN_2, typically 10 µA.

Many applications that interface with other logic devices do not require an external pull-up resistor. However, if an external pull-up resistor is required and it is connected to a voltage ranging from 0 V to 5.5 V, it overdrives the internal pull-up. Reverse current flow from the external pull-up voltage to IN_2 is prevented by the internal circuitry.

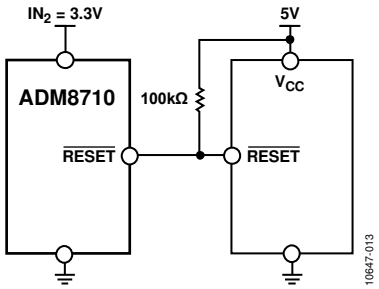


Figure 13. Interface with a Different Logic Supply Voltage

ADDITION OF MANUAL RESET

Use the circuit shown in Figure 14 to add manual reset to any of the ADM8710 adjustable inputs. When the switch is closed, the analog input shorts to ground and a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output commences. The switch must remain open for a minimum of 35 ms for the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output to deassert.

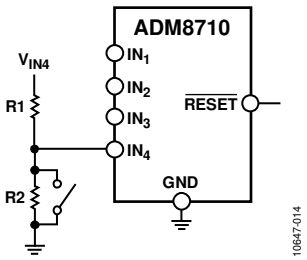


Figure 14. Addition of Manual Reset (IN_4 is an Adjustable Input)

TOLERANCE AND ACCURACY

The primary function of the voltage supervisor is to keep the processor in a reset state whenever the processor supply voltage is below the specification limit. It needs to be able to differentiate the voltage out-of-processor limit from supply variations caused by voltage converter output tolerance. This means that the supervisor rest threshold should fit inside the narrow band between processor input tolerance and supply tolerance.

The ADM8710 offers up to ±2% accuracy on factory trimmed monitoring thresholds and ±1.5% accuracy on adjustable thresholds over the entire operating temperature range.

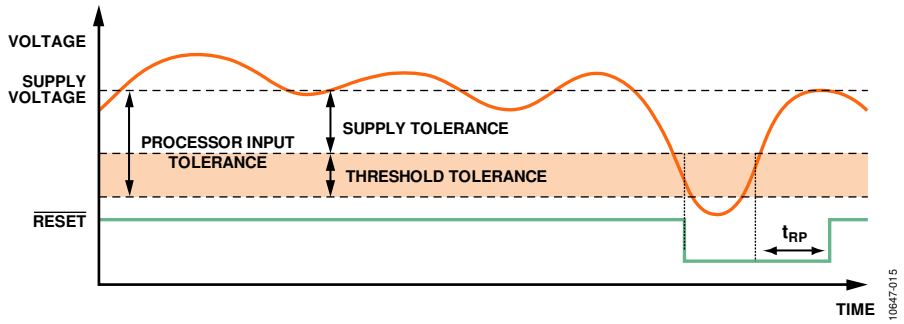


Figure 15. Tighter Threshold Tolerance on Voltage Supervisor Reduces Accuracy Requirement on Monitored Supply

MODEL OPTIONS

Table 5. Reset Voltage Threshold Options

Reset Threshold Code[1]	IN_1		IN_2		IN_3		IN_4	
	Nominal Input Voltage (V)	Supply Tolerance (%)	Nominal Input Voltage (V)	Supply Tolerance (%)	Nominal Input Voltage (V)	Supply Tolerance (%)	Nominal Input Voltage (V)	Supply Tolerance (%)
L	Adjustable	Not applicable	3.3	−5	1.8	−2	Adjustable	Not applicable

[1] Adjustable voltage based on 0.62 V internal threshold. The external threshold voltage can be set using an external resistor divider.

Table 6. Reset Timeout Options

Reset Timeout Period Code[1]	T_A = −40°C to +85°C			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	
ADM8710x2	35	50	70	ms

[1] x = do not care.

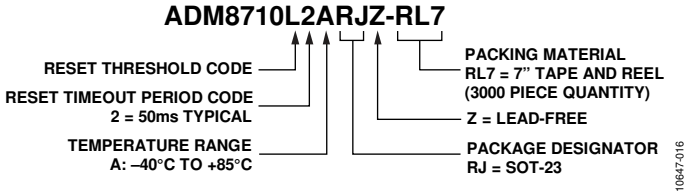
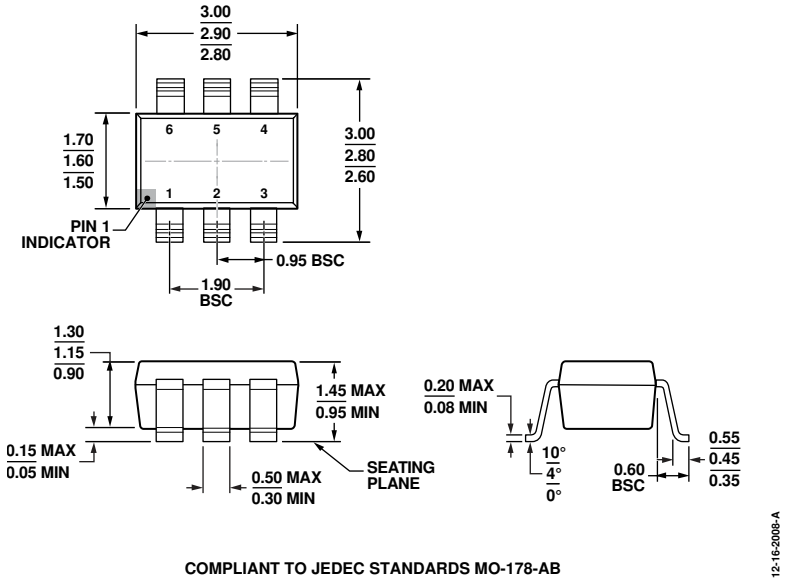


Figure 16. ADM8710 Ordering Code Structure

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-178-AB

Figure 17. 6-Lead Small Outline Transistor Package [SOT-23]
(RJ-6)
Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

Model[1, 2]	Monitored Input Voltage (V)				Minimum Reset Timeout (ms)	Temperature Range	Ordering Quantity	Package Description	Package Option	Branding
	IN_1	IN_2	IN_3	IN_4						
ADM8710L2ARJZ-RL7	Adj.	3.07	1.73	Adj.	35	−40°C to +85°C	3,000	6-Lead SOT-23	RJ-6	LN3

[1] Z = RoHS Compliant Part.
[2] Adjustable voltage based on 0.62 V internal threshold. The external threshold voltage can be set using an external resistor divider.

NOTES

D10647-0-8/12(0)