### Memory FRAM

# 4 M (256 K × 16) Bit

### MB85R4M2T

#### **■ DESCRIPTIONS**

The MB85R4M2T is an FRAM (Ferroelectric Random Access Memory) chip consisting of 262,144 words × 16 bits of nonvolatile memory cells fabricated using ferroelectric process and silicon gate CMOS process technologies.

The MB85R4M2T is able to retain data without using a back-up battery, as is needed for SRAM.

The memory cells used in the MB85R4M2T can be used for  $10^{13}$  read/write operations, which is a significant improvement over the number of read and write operations supported by Flash memory and E2PROM. The MB85R4M2T uses a pseudo-SRAM interface.

#### **■ FEATURES**

• Bit configuration :  $262,144 \text{ words} \times 16 \text{ bits}$ 

• LB and UB data byte control : Available Configuration of 524,288 words × 8 bits

• Read/write endurance : 10<sup>13</sup> times / 16 bits

• Data retention : 10 years ( + 85 °C), 95 years ( + 55 °C), over 200 years ( + 35 °C)

• Operating power supply voltage : 1.8 V to 3.6 V

• Low power operation : Operating power supply current 20 mA (Max)

Standby current 150 µA (Max) Sleep current 20 µA (Max)

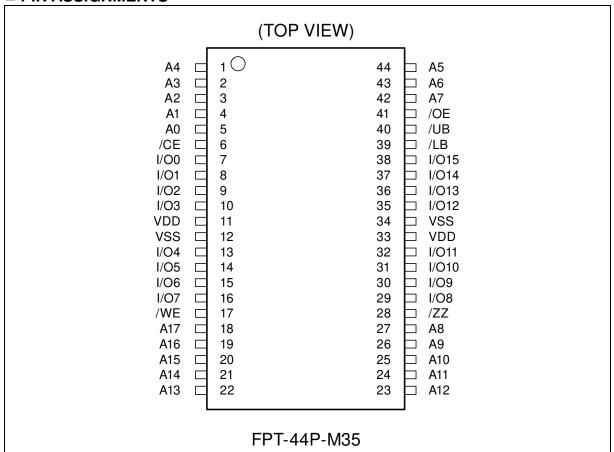
• Operation ambient temperature range : - 40 °C to + 85 °C

• Package : 44-pin plastic TSOP (FPT-44P-M35)

RoHS compliant



#### **■ PIN ASSIGNMENTS**

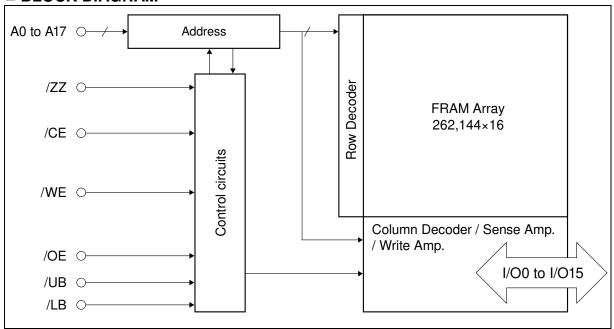


#### **■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Functional Description
1 to 5, 18 to 22,	A0 to A17	Address Input pins
23 to 27, 42 to 44		Select 262,144 words in FRAM memory array by 18 Address
		Input pins. When these address inputs are changed during /CE
		equals to "L" level, reading operation of data selected in the
		address after transition will start.
7 to 10, 13 to 16,	I/O0 to I/O15	Data Input/Output pins
29 to 32, 35 to 38		These are 16 bits bidirectional pins for reading and writing.
6	/CE	Chip Enable Input pin
		In case the /CE equals to "L" level and /ZZ equals to "H" level,
		device is activated and enables to start memory access.
		In writing operation, input data from I/O pins are latched at the
		rising edge of /CE and written to FRAM memory array.
17	/WE	Write Enable Input pin
		Writing operation starts at the falling edge of /WE.
		Input data from I/O pins are latched at the rising edge of /WE
		and written to FRAM memory array.
41	/OE	Output Enable Input pin
		When the /OE is "L" level, valid data are output to data bus.
		When the /OE is "H" level, all I/O pins become high impedance
		(High-Z) state.
28	/ZZ	Sleep Mode Input pin
		When the /ZZ becomes to "L" level, device transits to the Sleep
		Mode.
		During reading and writing operation, /ZZ pin shall be hold "H"
		level.
39, 40	/LB, /UB	Lower/Upper byte Control Input pins
		In case /LB or /UB equals to "L" level, it enables
		reading/writing operation of I/O0 to I/O7 or I/O8 to I/O15
		respectively. In case /LB and /UB equal to "H" level, all I/O
		pins become High-Z state.
11, 33	VDD	Supply Voltage pins
		Connect all two pins to the power supply.
12, 34	VSS	Ground pins
		Connect all two pins to ground.

Note: Please refer to the timing diagram for functional description of each pin.

#### ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



#### **■ FUNCTIONAL TRUTH TABLE**

4

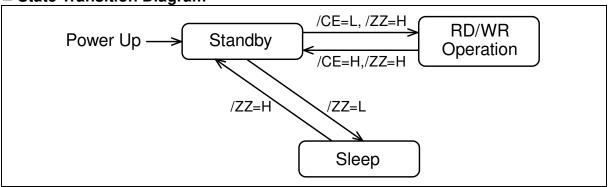
Operation Mode	/CE	/WE	/OE	A0 to A17	/ZZ	
Sleep	×	×	×	×	L	
Standby	Н	×	×	×	Н	
Read	<b>↓</b>	Н	L	H or L	Н	
Address Access Read	L	Н	L	↑ or ↓	Н	
Write(/CE Control)*1	<b>↓</b>	L	×	H or L	Н	
Write(/WE Control)*1*2	L	<b>\</b>	×	H or L	Н	
Address Access Write*1*3	L	<b>1</b>	×	↑ or ↓	Н	
Pre-charge	<b>1</b>	×	×	×	Н	
Note: H= "H" level, L= "L" level, $\uparrow$ = Rising edge, $\downarrow$ = Falling edge, $\times$ = H, L, $\downarrow$ or $\uparrow$						

<sup>\*1:</sup> In writing cycle, input data is latched at early rising edge of /CE or /WE.

<sup>\*2:</sup> In writing sequence of /WE control, there exists time with data output of reading cycle at the falling edge of /CE.

<sup>\*3:</sup> In writing sequence of Address Access Write, there exists time with data output of reading cycle at the address transition.

■ State Transition Diagram



#### ■ FUNCTIONAL TRUTH TABLE OF BYTE CONTROL

Operation Mode	/WE	/OE	/LB	/UB	I/O0 to I/O7	I/O8 to I/O15
Pand(Without Output)	Н	Н	×	×	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
Read(Without Output)	Н	×	Н	Н	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
Read(I/O8 to I/O15)			Н	L	Hi-Z	Output
Read(I/O0 to I/O7)	Н	L	L	Н	Output	Hi-Z
Read(I/O0 to I/O15)			L	L	Output	Output
Write(I/O8 to I/O15)			Н	L	×	Input
Write(I/O0 to I/O7)	<b>1</b>	×	L	Н	Input	×
Write(I/O0 to I/O15)			L	L	Input	Input

Note: H= "H" level, L= "L" level,  $\uparrow$ = Rising edge,  $\downarrow$ = Falling edge,  $\times$ = H, L,  $\downarrow$  or  $\uparrow$  Hi-Z= High Impedance

In case the byte reading or writing are not selected, /LB and /UB pins shall be connected to GND pin. In writing, please don't switch /LB and/or /UB during /CE="L".

#### ■ ABABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Cymbol	Rat	Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Ullit
Power Supply Voltage*	$V_{ m DD}$	- 0.5	+ 4.0	V
Input Pin Voltage*	$V_{\rm IN}$	- 0.5	$V_{DD} + 0.5 \ (\leq 4.0)$	V
Output Pin Voltage*	$V_{OUT}$	- 0.5	$V_{DD} + 0.5 \ (\leq 4.0)$	V
Operation Ambient Temperature	$T_A$	- 40	+ 85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	- 55	+ 125	°C

<sup>\* :</sup> All voltages are referenced to VSS (ground 0 V).

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

#### ■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Power Supply Voltage*1	$V_{ m DD}$	1.8	3.3	3.6	V	
Operation Ambient Temperature*2	$T_A$	- 40	_	+ 85	°C	

<sup>\*1:</sup> All voltages are referenced to VSS (ground 0 V).

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.

<sup>\*2:</sup> Ambient temperature when only this device is working. Please consider it to be the almost same as the package surface temperature.

#### **■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### 1. DC Characteristics

(within recommended operating conditions)

Dayamatay	Cumbal	Condition		Value	operating con	Heit
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current	$ { m I}_{ m LI} $	$V_{\rm IN}$ = 0V to $V_{\rm DD}$	_	_	5	μΑ
Output Leakage Current	$ I_{LO} $	$V_{OUT} = 0V$ to $V_{DD}$ /CE = $V_{IH}$ or /OE = $V_{IH}$	_	_	5	μΑ
Operating Power Supply Current*1	$I_{DD}$	$/CE = 0.2 \text{ V}, I_{out} = 0 \text{ mA}$	_	15	20	mA
Standby Current	${ m I}_{ m SB}$	$\label{eq:continuous} \begin{split} /ZZ & \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V \\ /CE, /WE, /OE & \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V \\ /LB, /UB & \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V \\ Others & \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V \text{ or } \leq 0.2V \end{split}$	_	30	150	μΑ
Sleep Current	I <sub>ZZ</sub>	$\label{eq:ZZ=VSS} \begin{split} \text{/CE, /WE, /OE} \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V \\ \text{/LB, /UB} \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V \\ \text{Others} \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V \text{ or } \leq 0.2V \end{split}$	_	5	20	μΑ
High Level Input Voltage	$V_{IH}$	$V_{DD} = 1.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$	$V_{DD} \times 0.8$		$V_{\rm DD} + 0.3$	V
Low Level Input Voltage	$V_{\rm IL}$	$V_{DD} = 1.8V \text{ to } 3.6V$	- 0.3		$V_{DD} \times 0.17$	V
High Level	$V_{OH1}$	$V_{DD} = 2.7V \text{ to } 3.6V$ $I_{OH} = -1.0\text{mA}$	$V_{DD} \times 0.8$	_	_	V
Output Voltage	$V_{\mathrm{OH2}}$	$V_{DD} = 1.8V \text{ to } 2.7V$ $I_{OH} = -100\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DD} - 0.2$	_	_	v
Low Level Output	V <sub>OL1</sub>	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to 3.6V $I_{OL} = 2.0$ mA	_	_	0.4	V
Voltage	$V_{OL2}$	$V_{DD} = 1.8V \text{ to } 2.7V$ $I_{OL} = 150 \mu\text{A}$		_	0.2	v

<sup>\*1:</sup> During the measurement of  $I_{DD}$ , all Address and I/O were taken to only change once per active cycle. Iout: output current

#### 2. AC Characteristics

#### AC Test Conditions

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Power Supply Voltage} & : 1.8 \ \mbox{V to } 3.6 \ \mbox{V} \\ \mbox{Operation Ambient Temperature} & : -40 \ \mbox{^{\circ}C to + } 85 \ \mbox{^{\circ}C} \\ \mbox{Input Voltage Amplitude} & : 0 \ \mbox{V / $V_{DD}$} \\ \end{array}$ 

#### (1) Read Cycle

-			alue	Value		
Parameter	Symbol	$(V_{DD}=1.8)$	V to 2.7V)	$(V_{DD}=2.7V t)$	o 3.6V)	Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read Cycle time	$t_{RC}$	185		150	_	ns
/CE Access Time	$t_{CE}$		95		75	ns
Address Access Time	$t_{AA}$		185		150	ns
/CE Output Data Hold time	t <sub>OH</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns
Address Access Output	t <sub>OAH</sub>	20	_	20	_	ns
Output Data Hold time						
/CE Active Time	$t_{CA}$	95		75	_	ns
Pre-charge Time	$t_{PC}$	90		75	_	ns
/LB, /UB Access Time	$t_{\mathrm{BA}}$		35		20	ns
Address Setup Time	$t_{AS}$	0		0	_	ns
Address Hold Time	$t_{AH}$	95		75		ns
/CE↑ to Address Transition time*1	tсан	0	_	0	_	ns
/OE Access Time	$t_{OE}$	_	35	_	20	ns
/CE Output Floating Time*1	$t_{\rm HZ}$	_	10	_	10	ns
/OE Output Floating Time	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	_	10	_	10	ns
/LB, /UB Output Floating Time	$t_{ m BHZ}$	_	10	_	10	ns
Address Transition Time*1	$t_{AX}$	1	15	_	15	ns

<sup>\*1:</sup> Same parameters with the Write cycle.

(2) Write Cycle

_			lue		lue	
Parameter	Symbol	$(V_{DD}=1.8)$	√ to 2.7V)	$(V_{DD}=2.7)$	V to 3.6V)	Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Write Cycle Time	$t_{\mathrm{WC}}$	185	_	150		ns
/CE Active Time	$t_{CA}$	95	_	75		ns
/CE↓ to /WE↑ Time	$t_{CW}$	95	_	75	_	ns
Pre-charge Time	$t_{PC}$	90	_	75		ns
Write Pulse Width	$t_{\mathrm{WP}}$	20	_	20	_	ns
Address Setup Time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns
Address Hold Time	$t_{AH}$	95	_	75	_	ns
/WE↓ to /CE↑ Time	twLC	20	_	20	_	ns
Address Transition to /WE↑ Time	$t_{AWH}$	185	_	150		ns
/WE↑ to Address Transition Time	$t_{ m WHA}$	0	_	0		ns
/LB, /UB Setup Time	$t_{\mathrm{BS}}$	2	_	2	_	ns
/LB, /UB Hold Time	$t_{ m BH}$	0	_	0	_	ns
Data Setup Time	$t_{\mathrm{DS}}$	10	_	10	_	ns
Data Hold Time	$t_{ m DH}$	0	_	0	_	ns
/WE Output Floating Time	$t_{\mathrm{WZ}}$	_	10	_	10	ns
/WE Output Access Time*1	$t_{\mathrm{WX}}$	10		10		ns
Write Setup Time*1	$t_{\mathrm{WS}}$	0		0		ns
Write Hold Time*1	$t_{ m WH}$	0	_	0	_	ns

<sup>\*1:</sup> Writing operation applies "Write Cycle Timing 1" or "Write Cycle Timing 2" by the relation of /CE and /WE timing. The values of twx, tws and twH are defined by these operations. The conditions of tws and twH are not checked at shipping test.

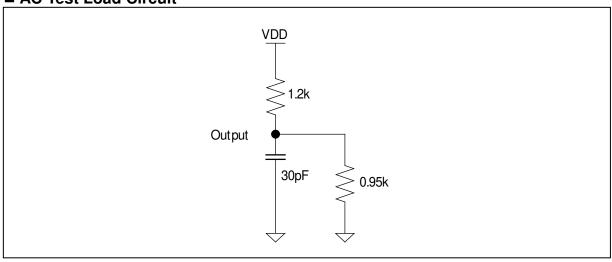
(3) Power ON/OFF Sequence and Sleep Mode Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	Va	Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Ullit
/CE level hold time for Power ON	$t_{\mathrm{PU}}$	450	_	μs
/CE level hold time for Power OFF	$t_{PD}$	85	_	ns
Power supply rising time	$t_{ m VR}$	50	_	μs/V
Power supply falling time	$t_{ m VF}$	100	_	μs/V
/ZZ active time	t <sub>ZZL</sub>	1	_	μs
Sleep mode enable time	t <sub>ZZEN</sub>	_	0	μs
/CE level hold time for Sleep mode release	t <sub>ZZEX</sub>	450	_	μs

3. Pin Capacitance

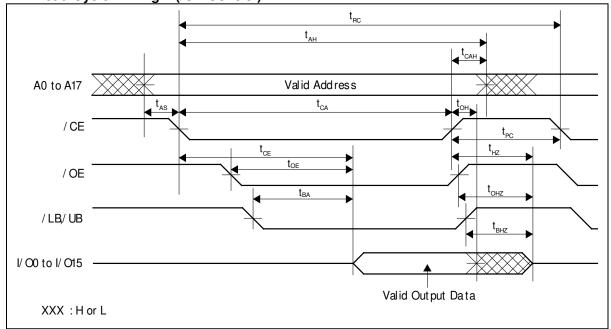
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
raianietei	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Oiiit
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$	V - 2.2 V	_		6	pF
Input/Output Capacitance (I/O pin)	$C_{I/O}$	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}, T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	_		8	pF
/ZZ Pin Input Capacitance	$C_{ZZ}$	$I = I \text{ MHZ}, I_A = +23 \text{ C}$	_		8	pF

### ■ AC Test Load Circuit

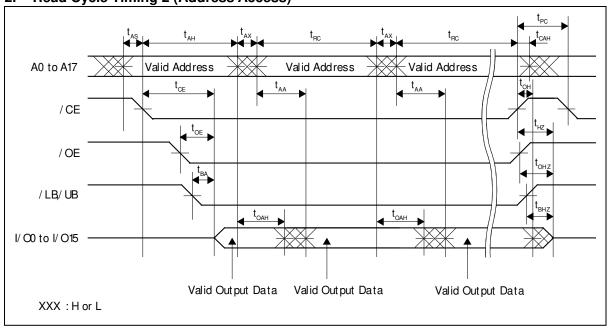


#### **■ TIMING DIAGRAMS**

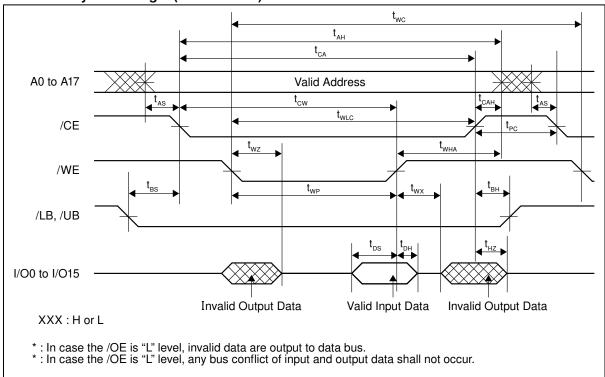
#### 1. Read Cycle Timing 1 (/CE Control)



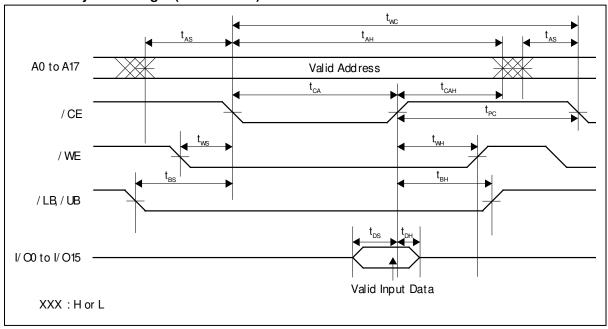
#### 2. Read Cycle Timing 2 (Address Access)

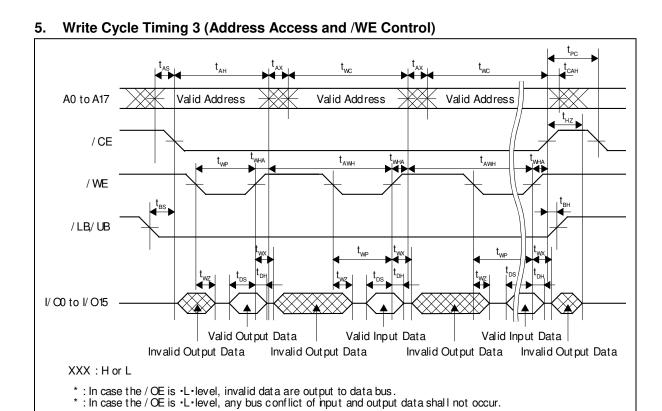


#### 3. Write Cycle Timing 1 (/WE Control)

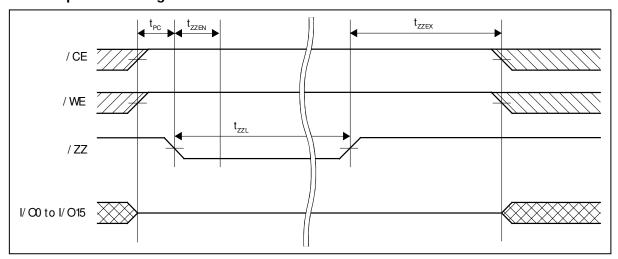


#### 4. Write Cycle Timing 2 (/CE Control)

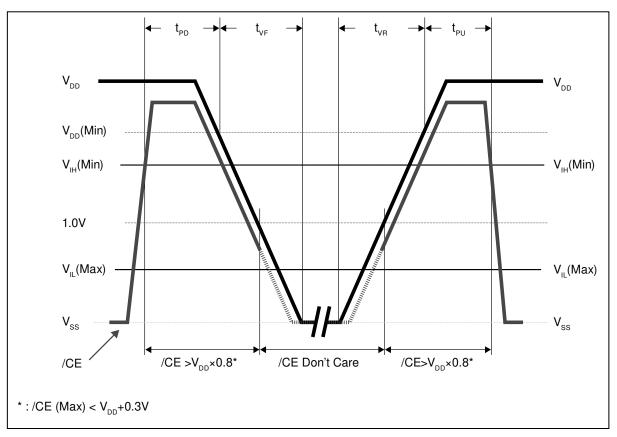




#### 6. Sleep Mode Timing







#### **■ FRAM CHARACTERISTICS**

Item	Min	Max	Unit	Parameter
Read/Write Endurance*1	$10^{13}$	_	Times/16 bits	Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +85$ °C
	10	_		Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +85$ °C
Data Retention*2	Data Retention*2 95		Years	Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +55$ °C
	≥ 200	_		Operation Ambient Temperature $T_A = +35$ °C

<sup>\*1:</sup> Total number of reading and writing defines the minimum value of endurance, as an FRAM memory operates with destructive readout mechanism.

#### ■ NOTE ON USE

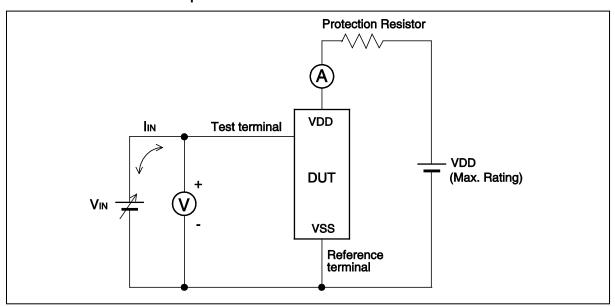
• We recommend programming of the device after reflow. Data written before reflow cannot be guaranteed.

<sup>\*2:</sup> Minimum values define retention time of the first reading/writing data right after shipment, and these values are calculated by qualification results.

#### ■ ESD AND LATCH-UP

Test	DUT	Value
ESD HBM (Human Body Model)		≥  2000 V
JESD22-A114 compliant		≥  2000 V
ESD MM (Machine Model)		≥  200 V
JESD22-A115 compliant		≥  200 V
ESD CDM (Charged Device Model)		
JESD22-C101 compliant		· · ·
Latch-Up (I-test)	MB85R4M2TFN-G-JAE2	
JESD78 compliant	WIDOSK4WIZTTN-O-JAEZ	· · ·
Latch-Up (V <sub>supply</sub> overvoltage test)		
JESD78 compliant		
Latch-Up (Current Method)		
Proprietary method		_
Latch-Up (C-V Method)		≥  200 V
Proprietary method		≥  200 V

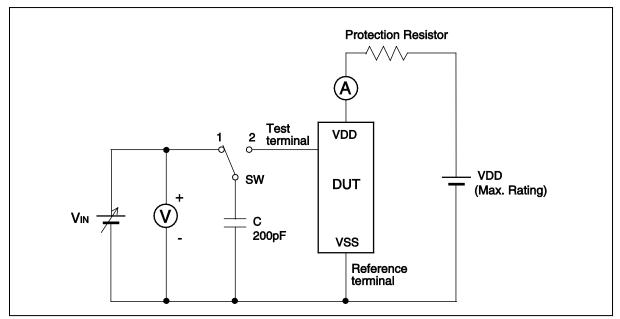
#### Current method of Latch-Up Resistance Test



Note: The voltage VIN is increased gradually and the current  $I_{IN}$  of 300 mA at maximum shall flow. Confirm the latch up does not occur under  $I_{IN}$  =  $\pm 300$  mA.

In case the specific requirement is specified for I/O and  $I_{\rm IN}$  cannot be 300 mA, the voltage shall be increased to the level that meets the specific requirement.

#### C-V method of Latch-Up Resistance Test



Note: Charge voltage alternately switching 1 and 2 approximately 2 sec intervals. This switching process is considered as one cycle.

Repeat this process 5 times. However, if the latch-up condition occurs before completing 5times, this test must be stopped immediately.

#### ■ REFLOW CONDITIONS AND FLOOR LIFE

[ JEDEC MSL ] : Moisture Sensitivity Level 3 (ISP/JEDEC J-STD-020D)

#### ■ CURRENT STATUS ON CONTAINED RESTRICTED SUBSTANCES

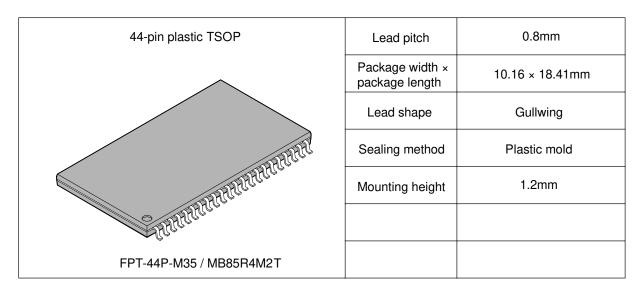
This product complies with the regulations of REACH Regulations, EU RoHS Directive and China RoHS.

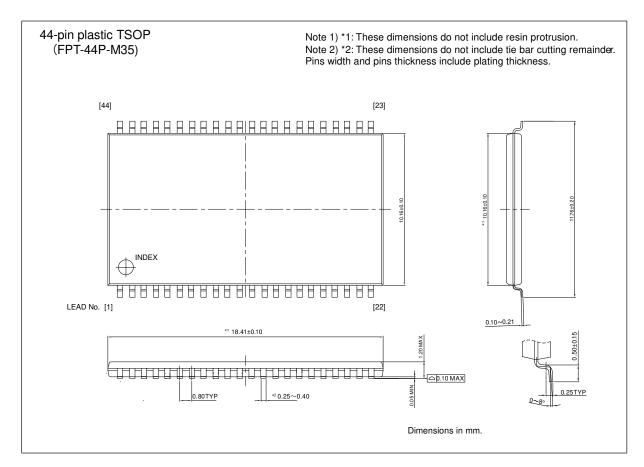
### ■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Shipping form	Minimum shipping quantity
MB85R4M2TFN-G-JAE2	44-pin plastic TSOP (FPT-44P-M35)	Tray	*

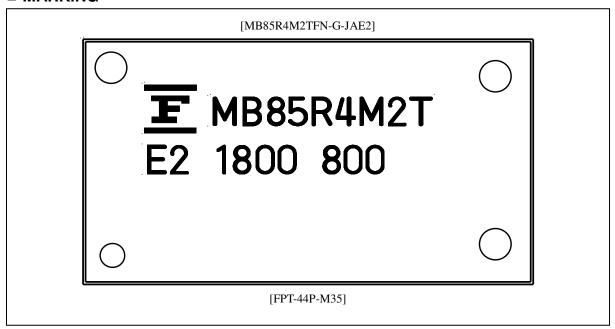
<sup>\*:</sup> Please contact our sales office about minimum shipping quantity.

#### **■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**



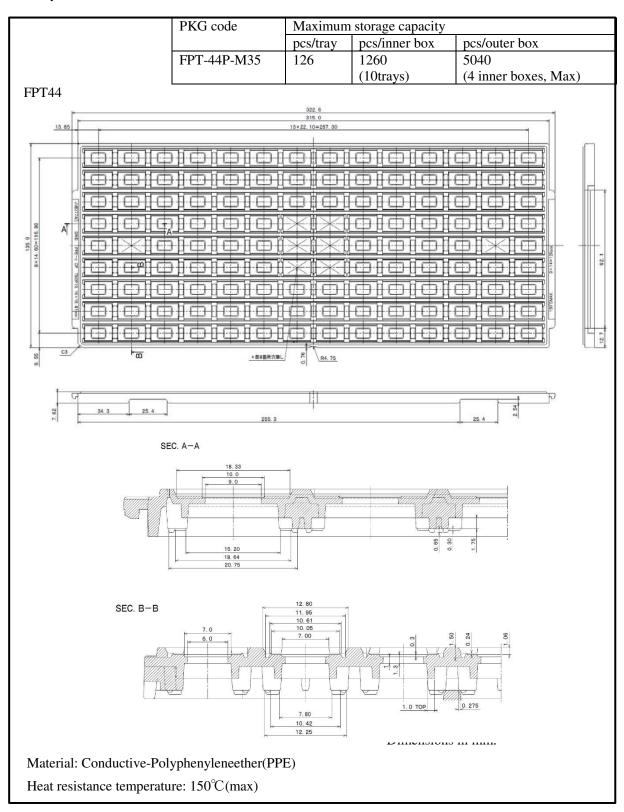


#### **■ MARKING**

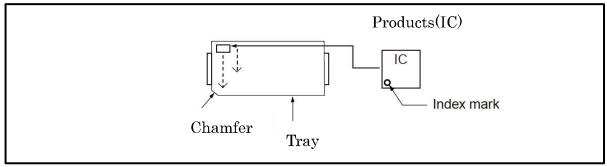


#### **■ PACKING**

- 1. Tray
- 1.1 Tray dimensions

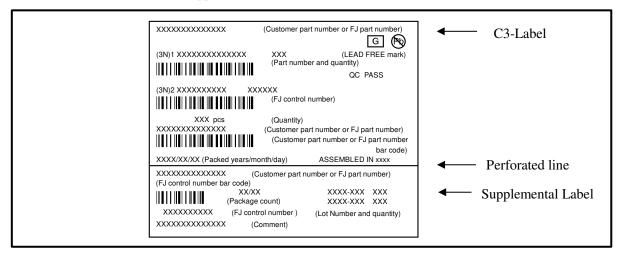


#### 1.2 IC orientation

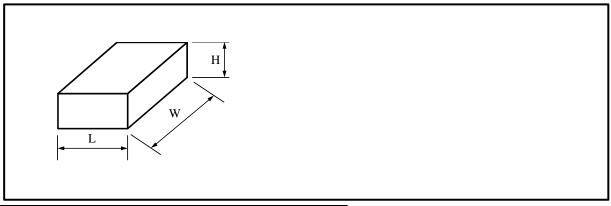


#### 1.3 Product label indicators

Label I: Label on Inner box/Moisture Barrier Bag/ (It sticks it on the reel for the emboss taping) [C-3 Label (50mm x 100mm) Supplemental Label (20mm x 100mm)]



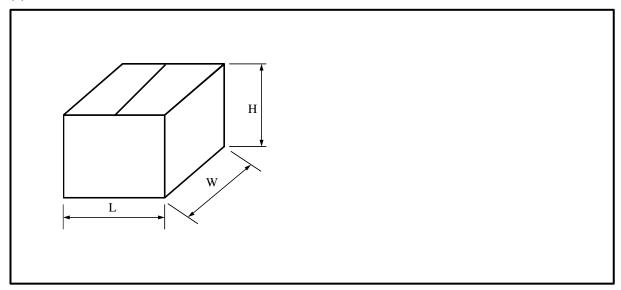
- 1.4 Dimensions for container
- (1) Dimensions for inner box



L	W	Н
162	360	90

(Dimensions in mm)

#### (2) Dimensions for outer box



L	W	Н
410	375	225

(Dimensions in mm)

#### ■ MAJOR CHANGES IN THIS EDITION

A change on a page is indicated by a vertical line drawn on the left side of that page.

Page	Section	Change Results
1	■ FEATURES	Package code is changed.
2	■ PIN ASSINGMENTS	Part Number is changed.
17	■ ORDERING INFORMATION	Marking is changed.
18	■ PACKAGE DIMENSION	
19	■ MARKING	
	- FUNCTONAL TRUTU TABLE OF	Following comment is added.
5	FUNCTONAL TRUTH TABLE OF	In writing, please don't switch /LB and/or /UB during
	BYTE CONTROL	/CE="L".
	■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	tOH and tOAH are redefined.
8	2. AC Characteristics	tOH: /CE Output Data Hold time
		tOAH: Address Access Output Output Data Hold time
20	■ PACKING	Packing information is added.

### FUJITSU SEMICONDUCTOR LIMITED

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connection with above-mentioned uses of the products.

Any semiconductor devices fail or malfunction with some probability. You are responsible for providing adequate designs and safeguards against injury, damage or loss from such failures or malfunctions, by incorporating safety design measures into your facility, equipments and products such as redundancy, fire protection, and prevention of overcurrent levels and

other abnormal operating conditions.

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