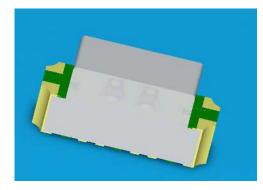
# 

### DATASHEET

## SMD B EASV2010RWA0



#### **Features**

- Package in 8mm tape on 7<sup>"</sup> diameter reel.
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- Mono-color type.
- Pb-free.
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.
- Compliance with EU REACH
- Compliance Halogen Free .(Br <900 ppm ,Cl <900 ppm , Br+Cl < 1500 ppm).

### Description

- The SMD LED is much smaller than lead frame type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
- Besides, lightweight makes them ideal for miniature applications. etc.

### **Applications**

- Backlighting in dashboard and switch.
- Telecommunication: indicator and backlighting in telephone and fax.
- Flat backlight for LCD, switch and symbol.
- General use.

### **Device Selection Guide**

Chip Type	Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
R6	AlGalnP	Brilliant Red	Yellow Diffused
T1	InGaN	Pure White	Yellow Diffused

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V	
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	R6:25 T1:10	mA	
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @1KHz)	I <sub>FP</sub>	R6:60 T1:100	mA	
Power Dissipation	Pd	R6:95 T1:40	mW	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 ~ +85	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +90	°C	
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD <sub>HBM</sub>	R6:2000 T1:150	V	
Soldering Temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>	Reflow Soldering : 260 $^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$ for 10 sec. Hand Soldering : 350 $^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$ for 3 sec.		

### Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Intensity	lv	R6:18.0 T1: 45.0		45.0 112.0	mcd	
Viewing Angle	<b>2</b> θ <sub>1/2</sub>		140		deg	
Peak Wavelength	λр	R6 :	632.0		nm	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA
Dominant Wavelength	λd	R6 : 617.5		629.5	nm	
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	Δλ	R6 :	20		nm	
Forward Voltage	$V_{F}$	R6:1.55. T1:2.50		2.15 3.10	V	
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	R6: T1:		10 50	μA	V <sub>R</sub> =5V

Note:

1. Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%

2. Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm

3. Tolerance of Forward Voltage ±0.1V

### **Bin Range of Luminous Intensity**

R6
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Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
M1	18.0	22.5		
M2	22.5	28.5		
N1	28.5	36.0	mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA
N2	36.0	45.0		
Bin Range of Luminou	us Intensity			
T1				
Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
P1	45.0	57.0		
P2	57.0	72.0		
Q1	72.0	90.0	mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA
Q2	90.0	112.0		
Bin Range Of Dom. W	avelength			
Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
E4	617.5	621.5		
E5	621.5	625.5	nm	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA
E6	625.5	629.5		
<b>Bin Range Of Forwa</b> R <u>6</u>	ard Voltage			

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
00	1.55	1.75		
0	1.75	1.95	V	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA
1	1.95	2.15		

### **Bin Range Of Forward Voltage**

T1

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
9	2.50	2.70		
10	2.70	2.90	V	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA
11	2.90	3.10		

#### Note:

1. Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%

2. Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm

3. Tolerance of Forward Voltage ±0.1V

Chromaticity Coordinates Specifications for Bin Grading
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Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Condition
	0.274	0.226	
-	0.274	0.258	
1 -	0.294	0.286	
_	0.294	0.254	
	0.274	0.258	
2 -	0.274	0.291	-
2 –	0.294	0.319	-
-	0.294	0.286	
	0.294	0.254	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA
-	0.294	0.286	-
3 –	0.314	0.315	-
-	0.314	0.282	-
	0.294	0.286	-
-	0.294	0.319	-
4 –	0.314	0.347	-
-	0.314	0.315	-

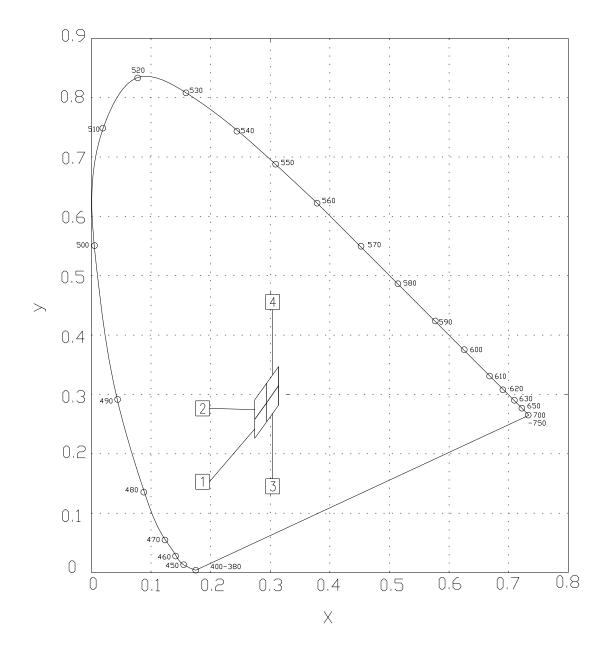
Notes:

1.The C.I.E. 1931 chromaticity diagram ( Tolerance  $\pm 0.01$  ).

2. The products are sensitive to static electricity and care must be fully taken when handling products.

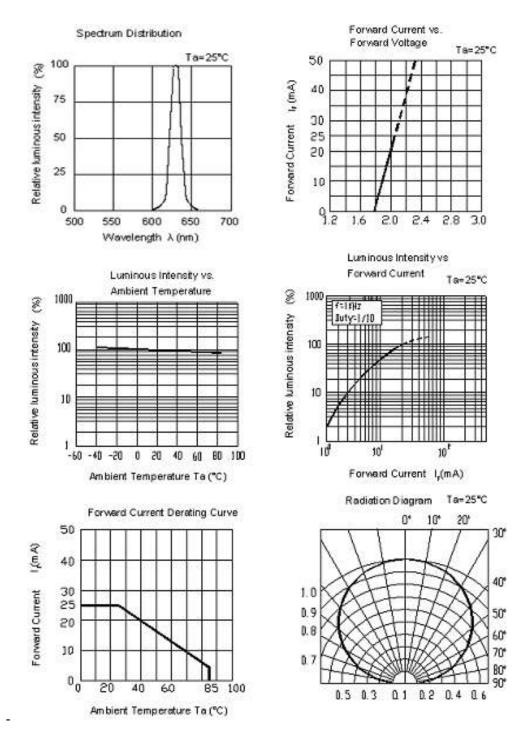


### **CIE Chromaticity Diagram**



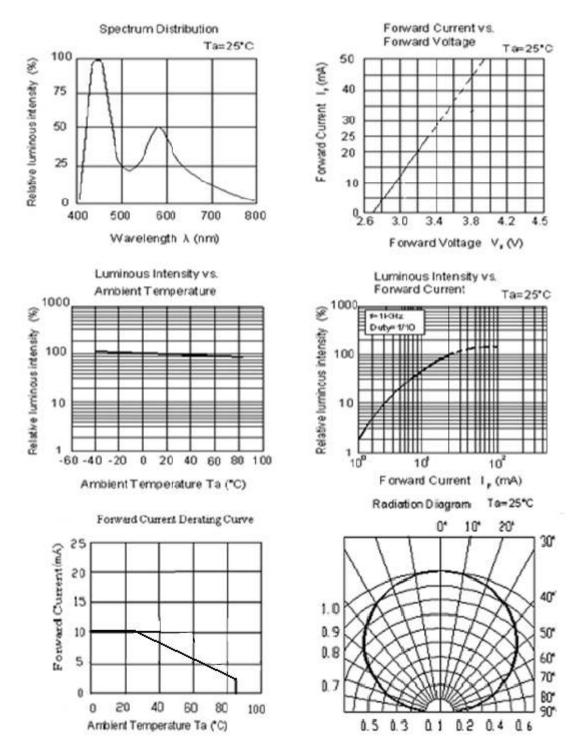


# Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves R6



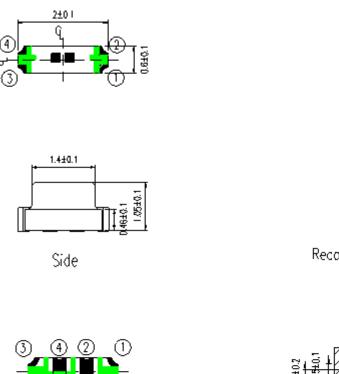


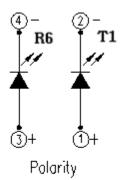
# Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves T1





### **Package Outline Dimensions**

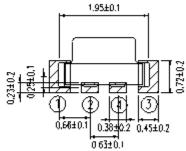




Recommend Sodering Pad



Bottom

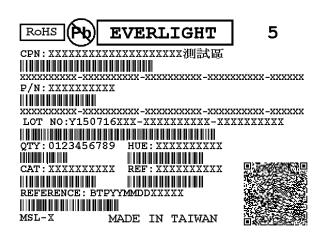


Suggested pad dimension is just for reference only. Please modify the pad dimension based on individual need.

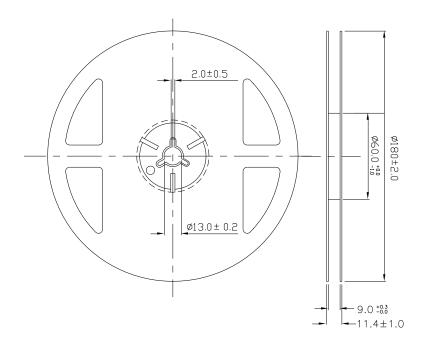
Note: Tolerances unless mentioned ±0.1mm. Unit = mm



### Label Explanation



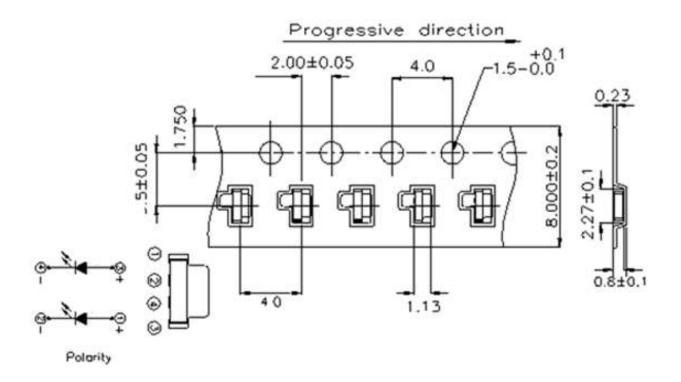
## Reel Dimensions



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is  $\pm 0.1 \text{mm}$  ,Unit = mm

- CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- QTY: Packing Quantity
- CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
- HUE: Chromaticity Coordinates & Dom. Wavelength Rank
- REF: Forward Voltage Rank
- LOT No: Lot Number

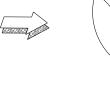
### Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded quantity 3000 PCS per reel

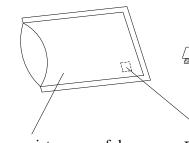


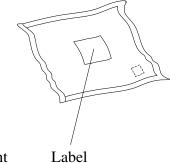
Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is  $\pm 0.1$  mm ,Unit = mm

### **Moisture Resistant Packaging**









Aluminum moisture-proof bag

Desiccant

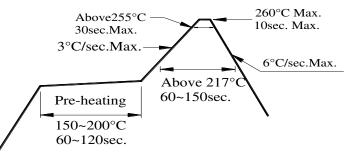


### **Precautions For Use**

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change ( Burn out will happen ).

- 2. Storage
- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package: The LEDs should be kept at 30  $^\circ\!\!{\rm C}$   $\,$  or less and 90%RH or less.
- 2.3 After opening the package :The LED's floor life is 1 year under 30℃ or less and 60%RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
- 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. Baking treatment : 60±5℃ for 24 hours.
- 3. Soldering Condition
- 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



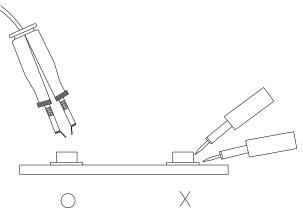
- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

#### 4.Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than  $350^{\circ}$ C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

#### 5.Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.





### **Application Restrictions**

High reliability applications such as military/aerospace, automotive safety/security systems, and medical equipment may require different product. If you have any concerns, please contact everlightamericas before using this product in your application. This specification guarantees the quality and performance of the product as an individual component. Do not use this product beyond the specification described in this document.