The MAX4444/MAX4445 differential line receivers offer unparalleled high-speed, low-distortion performance. Using a three op amp instrumentation amplifier architecture, these ICs have symmetrical differential inputs and a single-ended output. They operate from ±5V supplies and are capable of driving a  $100\Omega$  load to ±3.7V. The MAX4444 has an internally set closed-loop gain of +2V/V, while the MAX4445 is compensated for gains of +2V/V or greater, set by an external resistor. A low-power enable mode reduces current consumption

Using current-feedback techniques, the MAX4444/ MAX4445 achieve a 550MHz bandwidth while maintaining up to a 5000V/µs slew rate. Excellent differential gain/phase and noise specifications make these amplifiers ideal for a wide variety of video and RF signal-processing applications. An evaluation kit is available to speed design.

**Features** 

- ♦ 5000V/µs Slew Rate (MAX4444)
- + +2V/V Internally Fixed Gain (MAX4444)
- **♦ External Gain Selection** (MAX4445, A<sub>VCL</sub> ≥ +2V/V)
- ♦ 550MHz -3dB Bandwidth
- ♦ -60dB SFDR at 5MHz
- ♦ Low Differential Gain/Phase: 0.07%/0.05°
- ♦ Low Noise: 25nV/\(\sqrt{Hz}\) at fin = 100kHz
- **♦ Low-Power Disable Mode Reduces Quiescent** Current to 3.5mA

### **Applications**

Differential-to-Single-Ended Conversion

Twisted-Pair to Coaxial Converter

High-Speed Instrumentation Amplifier

**Data Acquisition** 

Medical Instrumentation

High-Speed Differential Line Receiver

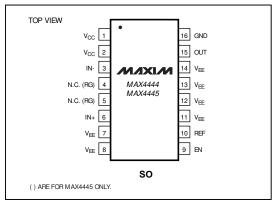
### Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4444ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX4445ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO

#### Typical Operating Circuit

# 75Ω SIGNAL MIXIM OUTPUT

### Pin Configuration



/VIXI/VI

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For free samples & the latest literature: http://www.maxim-ic.com, or phone 1-800-998-8800. For small orders, phone 1-800-835-8769.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>CC</sub> to V <sub>EE</sub> +12V	Conti
Voltage on IN+, IN-, EN, OUT+,	16-1
OUT-, RG, REF(V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.3V) to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)	Opera
Current Into IN+, IN-, RG, EN20mA	Stora
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Lead

Continuous Power Dissipation $(T_A = +70^{\circ}C)$	
16-Pin Narrow SO (derate 20mW/°C above	+70°C)1600mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(VCC = +5V, VEE = -5V, VEN = \ge 2V, VCM = 0$ ,  $RL = \infty$ , REF = GND, AVCL = +2V/V,  $TA = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $TA = +25^{\circ}C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Operating Supply Voltage Range		Guaranteed by PSRR test		±4.5		±5.5	V	
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>CM</sub>	Guaranteed by CMRR test		-2.9		2.9	V	
Differential Input Voltage Range	V <sub>DIFF</sub>	Guaranteed by output	swing test	-1.7		1.7	V	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos				15	65	mV	
Input Offset-Voltage Temperature Coefficient	TC <sub>VOS</sub>				12		μV/°C	
Input Bias Current	ΙB				10	55	μΑ	
Input Offset Current	los				0.25	45	μΑ	
Differential Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	$-2.9V \le V_{IN} \le +2.9V$			82		kO	
Differential input riesistance	1 41/1	$-2.9V \le V_{CM} \le +2.9V$			170		kΩ	
Gain	Av	$-3V \le V_{OUT} \le +3V$	MAX4444	ļ.,	2		V/V	
			MAX4445	(-	1 + 600/R			
Gain Error		$-3V \le V_{OUT} \le +3V$	MAX4444		0.5	2	%	
		$R_L = 100\Omega$	MAX4445		2.6	8		
Gain-Error Drift		$R_L = 100\Omega$			0.003		%/°C	
Output Voltage Swing	VOUT	$R_L = 100\Omega$		±3.4	±3.7		V	
Salpar Fortage Owning		$R_L = 50\Omega$		±3.3	±3.6		•	
Output Current Drive	lout	$R_L = 30\Omega$		90	120		mA	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = \pm 4.5 V \text{ to } \pm 5.5 V$		53	70		dB	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$-2.9V \le V_{CM} \le +2.9V$		40	55		dB	
Disable Output Resistance	R <sub>OUT(OFF)</sub>	$V_{EN} = 0$ , $-3.5V \le V_{OUT} \le +3.5V$ , MAX4444			1.8		kΩ	
EN Logic Low Threshold	V <sub>IL</sub>					0.8	V	
EN Logic High Threshold	VIH			2			V	
EN Logic Input Low Current	IIL	V <sub>EN</sub> = 0			2.2	10	μΑ	
EN Logic Input High Current	l <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> = 5V			2.6	10	μΑ	
	1-	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0, V <sub>EN</sub> = 5V			41	55	mA	
Quiescent Current	lq	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $V_{EN} = 0$			3.5	5.5		

#### **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, V_{EN} = 5V, R_L = 100\Omega, REF = GND, A_{VCL} = +2V/V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

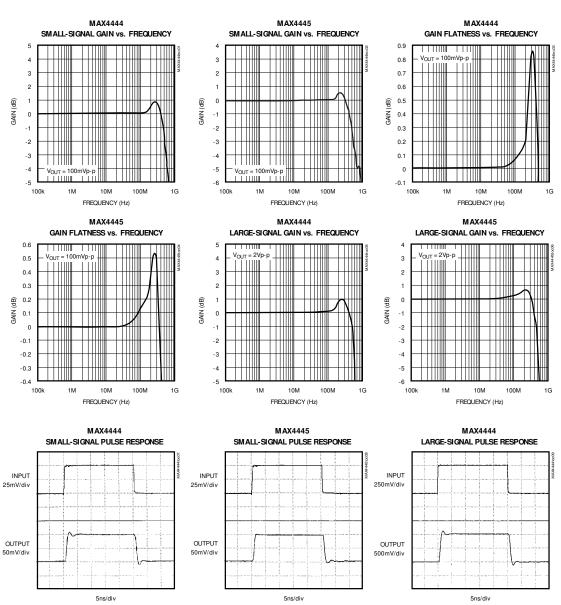
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION		MIN TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Small-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BW <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mVp-p		550		MHz	
Large-Signal -3dB Bandwidth	BW <sub>LS</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2Vp-p		500		MHz	
0.1dB Gain Flatness		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mVp-p		80		MHz	
		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 4V step	MAX4444	5000		- V/μs	
		VOUT = 44 Step	MAX4445	3800			
Claus Data (Nata 1)	SR		MAX4444	2400			
Slew Rate (Note 1)		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2V step	MAX4445	2000			
		Vour = 1V step	1	1200			
		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5V step		600			
Rise Time (Note 1)	trise	1		650		ps	
		Vout = 4V step		825			
Fall Time (Note 1)		Vour = 2V step		700		1	
Fall Time (Note 1)	tFALL	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1V step		700		- ps	
		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5V step		700			
Settling Time		Settle to 0.1% , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2V step		12		ns	
SFDR		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2Vp-p	f <sub>C</sub> = 100kHz	-65		dBc	
			f <sub>C</sub> = 5MHz	-60			
			f <sub>C</sub> = 20MHz	-55			
			f <sub>C</sub> = 100MHz	-35			
		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2Vp-p	f <sub>C</sub> = 100kHz	-65		dBc	
2nd-Harmonic Distortion			f <sub>C</sub> = 5MHz	-62			
ZIIG-Haimonic Distortion			f <sub>C</sub> = 20MHz	-50			
			f <sub>C</sub> = 100MHz	-35			
		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2Vp-p	f <sub>C</sub> = 100kHz	-90			
3rd-Harmonic Distortion			f <sub>C</sub> = 5MHz	-72		dBc	
3rd-Harmonic Distortion			f <sub>C</sub> = 20MHz	-62		ubc -	
			f <sub>C</sub> = 100MHz	-55			
Differential Phase Error	DP	NTSC, $R_L = 150\Omega$		0.05		degrees	
Differential Gain Error	DG	NTSC, $R_L = 150\Omega$		0.07		%	
Input Noise Voltage Density	eN	f = 100kHz (Note 2)		25		nV/√Hz	
Input Noise Current Density	iN	f = 100kHz 1.		1.8		pA/√Hz	
Output Impedance	Z <sub>OUT</sub>	f = 10MHz 0.7			Ω		
Enable Time	tshdn(on)	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1V, V <sub>OUT</sub> settle to within 10%			ns		
Disable Time	tshdn(off)	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1V, V <sub>OUT</sub> settle to within 10% 200			ns		
Power-Up Time	ton	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1V, V <sub>OUT</sub> settle to within 10% 0.5			μs		
Power-Down Time	toff	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1V, V <sub>OUT</sub> settle to within 10% 0.3			μs		

Note 1: Input step voltage has <100ps rise (fall) time. Measured at the output from 10% to 90% (90% to 10%) level.

Note 2: Includes the current noise contribution through the on-die feedback resistor.

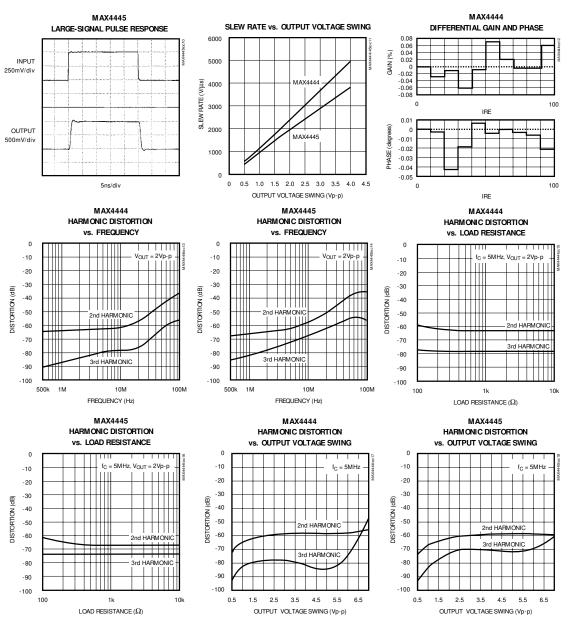
Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, V_{EN} = 5V, V_{IN} = V_{IN} + -V_{IN} + -V_{$ 



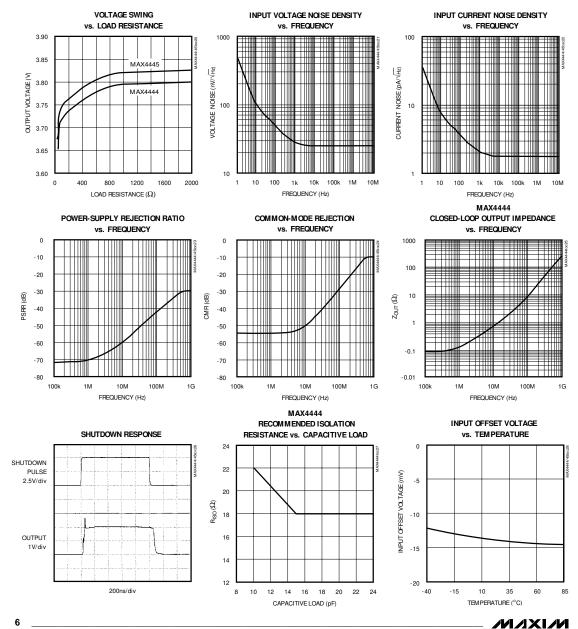
### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, V_{EN} = 5V, V_{IN} = V_{IN} + -V_{IN}, R_L = 100\Omega, REF = GND, A_V = +2V/V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



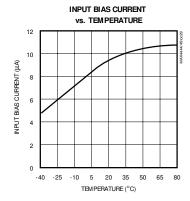
### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

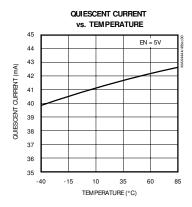
 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, V_{EN} = 5V, V_{IN} = V_{IN} + -V_{IN}, R_L = 100\Omega, REF = GND, A_V = +2V/V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

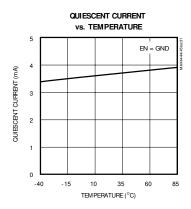


### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = -5V, V_{EN} = 5V, V_{IN} = V_{IN} + -V_{IN}, R_L = 100\Omega, REF = GND, A_V = +2V/V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)







### Pin Description

F	PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
MAX4444	MAX4445	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 2	1, 2	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive Power-Supply Input. Bypass with a 0.1µF capacitor to GND.
3	3	IN-	Inverting Amplifier Input
4, 5	_	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected. Connect to GND for best AC performance.
_	4, 5	RG	Resistor Gain Input. Connect a resistor between these pins to set closed-loop gain (Figure 1).
6	6	IN+	Noninverting Amplifier Input
7, 8, 11–14	7, 8, 11–14	V <sub>EE</sub>	Negative Supply Input. Bypass with a 0.1µF capacitor.
9	9	EN	Active-High Enable Input. Connect to V <sub>CC</sub> for normal operation. Connect to GND for disable mode.
10	10	REF	Reference Input. Connect to midpoint of the two power supplies.
15	15	OUT	Amplifier Output
16	16	GND	Ground

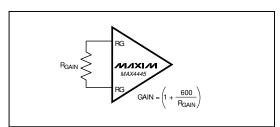


Figure 1. Setting the Amplifier Gain

#### Detailed Description

The MAX4444/MAX4445 differential-to-single-ended line receivers offer high-speed and low-distortion performance, and are ideally suited for video and RF signal-processing applications. These receivers offer a small-signal bandwidth of 550MHz and have a high slew rate of up to 5000V/µs. Their 120mA output capability allows them to be directly coupled to data acquisition systems.

# Applications Information Grounding Bypassing

Use the following high-frequency design techniques when designing the PC board for the MAX4444/MAX4445.

- Use a multilayer board with one layer dedicated as the ground plane.
- Do not use wire wrap or breadboards due to high inductance.
- Avoid IC sockets due to high parasitic capacitance and inductance.
- Bypass supplies with a 0.1µF capacitor. Use surface-mount capacitors to minimize lead inductance.
- Keep signal lines as short and straight as possible.
   Do not make 90° turns. Use rounded corners. Do not cross signal paths if possible.
- · Ensure that the ground plane is free from voids.

#### Low-Power Enable Mode

The MAX4444/MAX4445 are disabled when EN goes low. This reduces supply current to only 3.5mA. As the output becomes higher impedance, the effective impedance at the output for the MAX4444 is  $1.8k\Omega$ . The effective output impedance for the MAX4445 is  $1.8k\Omega$  plus RGAIN.

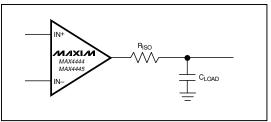


Figure 2. Using an Isolation Resistor for High Capacitive Loads

#### Setting Gain (MAX4445)

The MAX4445 is stable with a minimum gain configuration of +2V/V. RGAIN, connected between the RG pins, sets the gain of this device as shown in Figure 1. Calculate the expected gain as follows:

Gain = (1 + 600 / RGAIN)

#### **Driving Capacitive Loads**

The MAX4444/MAX4445 are designed to drive capacitive loads. However, excessive capacitive loads may cause ringing or instability at the output as the phase margin of the device reduces. Adding a small series isolation resistor at the output helps reduce the ringing but slightly increases gain error (Figure 2). For recommended values, see *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

#### Coaxial Line Driver

The MAX4444/MAX4445 are well suited to drive coaxial cables. Their high output current capability can easily drive the  $75\Omega$  characteristic impedance of common coaxial cables. Adjust the gain of the MAX4445 to compensate for cable losses to maintain the required levels at the input of the next stage.

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 254
SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO VFF

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