

# BIPOLAR DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUITS $\mu$ PB1506GV, $\mu$ PB1507GV

## 3GHz INPUT DIVIDE BY 256, 128, 64 PRESCALER IC FOR ANALOG DBS TUNERS

The  $\mu$ PB1506GV and  $\mu$ PB1507GV are 3.0 GHz input, high division silicon prescaler ICs for analog DBS tuner applications. These ICs divide-by-256, 128 and 64 contribute to produce analog DBS tuners with kit-use of 17 K series DTS controller or standard CMOS PLL synthesizer IC. The  $\mu$ PB1506GV/ $\mu$ PB1507GV are shrink package versions of the  $\mu$ PB586G/588G or  $\mu$ PB1505GR so that these smaller packages contribute to reduce the mounting space replacing from conventional ICs.

The  $\mu$ PB1506GV and  $\mu$ PB1507GV are manufactured using NEC's high fr NESAT<sup>TM</sup>IV silicon bipolar process. This process uses silicon nitride passivation film and gold electrodes. These materials can protect chip surface from external pollution and prevent corrosion/migration. Thus, these ICs have excellent performance, uniformity and reliability.

#### **FEATURES**

High toggle frequency : fin = 0.5 GHz to 3.0 GHz
High-density surface mounting : 8-pin plastic SSOP (175 mil)

Low current consumption : 5 V, 19 mA
Selectable high division : ÷256, ÷128, ÷64

• Pin connection variation :  $\mu$ PB1506GV and  $\mu$ PB1507GV

#### **APPLICATION**

These ICs can use as a prescaler between local oscillator and PLL frequency synthesizer included modulus prescaler. For example, following application can be chosen;

· Analog DBS tuner's synthesizer

· Analog CATV converter synthesizer

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	MARKING	SUPPLYING FORM
μPB1506GV-E1	8-pin plastic	1506	Embossed tape 8 mm wide. Pin 1 is in tape pull-out
μPB1507GV-E1	SSOP (175 mil)	1507	direction. 1 000 p/reel.

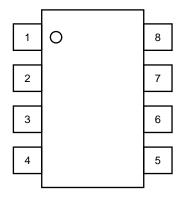
**Remarks** To order evaluation samples, please contact your local NEC sales office.

(Part number for sample order:  $\mu$ PB1506GV,  $\mu$ PB1507GV)

Caution: Electro-static sensitive devices



### PIN CONNECTION (Top View)



Pin NO.	μPB1506GV	μPB1507GV
1	SW1	IN
2	IN	Vcc
3	ĪN	SW1
4	GND	OUT
5	NC	GND
6	SW2	SW2
7	OUT	NC
8	Vcc	ĪN

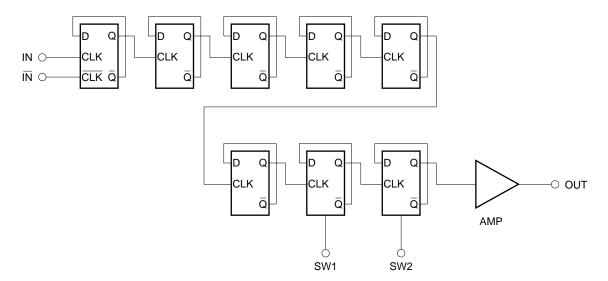
#### PRODUCT LINE-UP

Features (division, Freq.)	Part No.	Icc (mA)	f <sub>in</sub> (GHz)	Vcc (V)	Package	Pin connection
÷512, ÷256, 2.5 GHz	μPB586G	28	0.5 to 2.5	4.5 to 5.5	8 pin SOP 225 mil	NEC original
÷128, ÷64, 2.5 GHz	μPB588G	26	0.5 to 2.5	4.5 to 5.5		
÷256, ÷128, ÷64	μPB1505GR	14	0.5 to 3.0	4.5 to 5.5		Standard
3.0 GHz	μPB1506GV	19	0.5 to 3.0	4.5 to 5.5	8 pin SSOP 175 mil	NEC original
	μPB1507GV	19	0.5 to 3.0	4.5 to 5.5		Standard

**Remarks** . This table shows the TYP values of main parameters. Please refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS.

•  $\mu$ PB586G and  $\mu$ PB588G are discontinued.

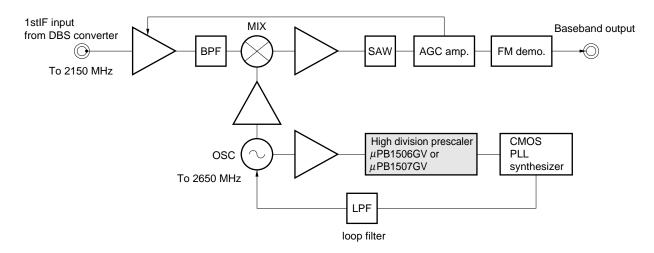
#### **INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



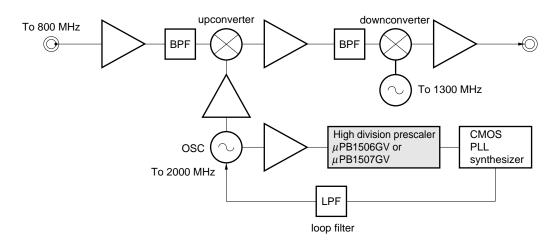


#### SYSTEM APPLICATION EXAMPLE

### RF unit block of Analog DBS tuners



#### RF unit block of Analog CATV converter





### PIN EXPLANATION

5.	Applied	Pin	Functions and explanation				Pin	no.		
Pin name	voltage V	voltage V	runctions and explanation					μPB1506GV	μPB1507GV	
IN	_	2.9	Signal inpur	•				•	2	1
ĪN	_	2.9	with bypass	Signal input bypass pin. This pin must be equipped with bypass capacitor (e.g. 1 000 pF) to minimize ground impedance.					3	8
GND	0	_	formed as v	Ground pin. Ground pattern on the board should be formed as wide as possible to minimize ground impedance.					4	5
SW1	H/L	_	Divide ratio input pin. The ratio can be determined by following applied level to these pins.				1	3		
						SV	V2			
						Н	L			
SW2				SW1	Н	÷64	÷128		6	6
				OWI	L	÷128	÷256			
				These pins should be equipped with bypass capacitor (e.g. 1 000 pF) to minimize ground impedance.						
Vcc	4.5 to 5.5	_	bypass cap	Power supply pin. This pin must be equipped with bypass capacitor (e.g. 10 000 pF) to minimize ground impedance.				8	2	
OUT		2.6 to 4.7	emitter follo	Divided frequency output pin. This pin is designed as emitter follower output. This pin can be connected to CMOS input due to 1.2 VP-P MIN output.					7	4
NC		_	Non connec	ction pin	. This	s pin mus	t be ope	nned.	5	7



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply voltage	Vcc	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 °C	-0.5 to +6.0	V
Input voltage	Vin	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 °C	-0.5 to Vcc + 0.5	V
Total power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	Mounted on double sided copper clad $50 \times 50 \times 1.6$ mm epoxy glass PWB (T <sub>A</sub> = +85 °C)	250	mW
Operating ambient temperature	TA		-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-55 to +150	°C

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

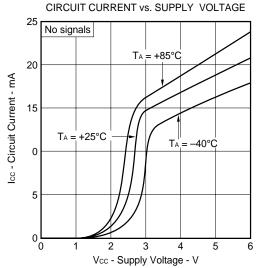
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTICE
Supply voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Operating ambient temperature	TA	-40	+25	+85	°C	

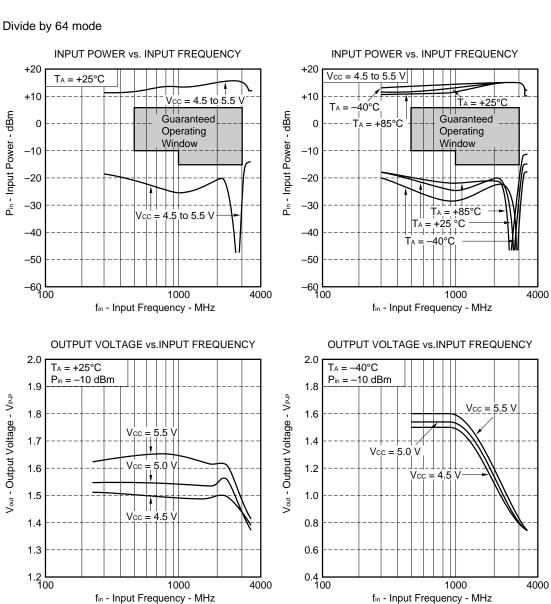
#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = -40 to +85 °C, Vcc = 4.5 to 5.5 V, Zs = 50 $\Omega$ )

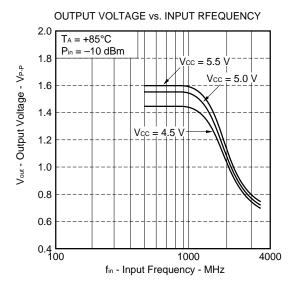
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Circuit current	Icc	No signals	12.5	19	26.5	mA
Upper limit operating frequency	fin(u)	P <sub>in</sub> = -15 to +6 dBm	3.0	_	_	GHz
Lower limit operating frequency 1	f <sub>in(L)1</sub>	Pin = -10 to +6 dBm	_	_	0.5	GHz
Lower limit operating frequency 2	fin(L)2	$P_{in} = -15 \text{ to } +6 \text{ dBm}$	_	_	1.0	GHz
Input power 1	Pin1	fin = 1.0 to 3.0 GHz	-15	_	+6	dBm
Input power 2	P <sub>in2</sub>	fin = 0.5 to 1.0 GHz	-10	_	+6	dBm
Output Voltage	Vout	C <sub>L</sub> = 8 pF	1.2	1.6	_	V <sub>P-P</sub>
Divide ratio control input high	V <sub>IH1</sub>	Connection in the test circuit	Vcc	Vcc	Vcc	
Divide ratio control input low	VIL1	Connection in the test circuit	OPEN or GND	OPEN or GND	OPEN or GND	
Divide ratio control input high	V <sub>IH2</sub>	Connection in the test circuit	Vcc	Vcc	Vcc	
Divide ratio control input low	VIL2	Connection in the test circuit	OPEN or GND	OPEN or GND	OPEN or GND	

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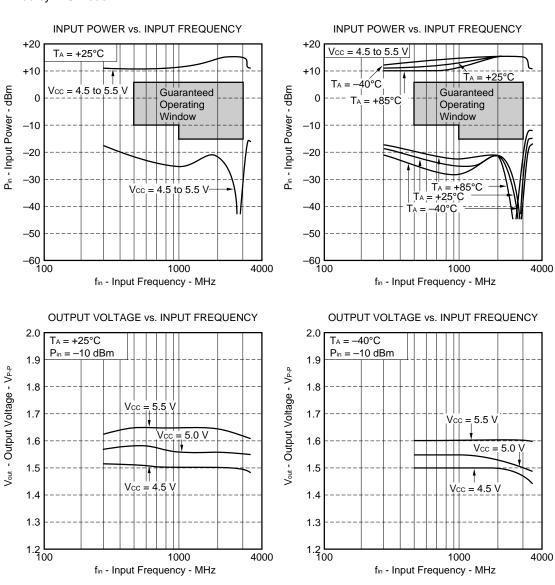
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified TA = +25 °C)



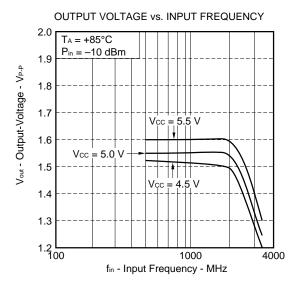




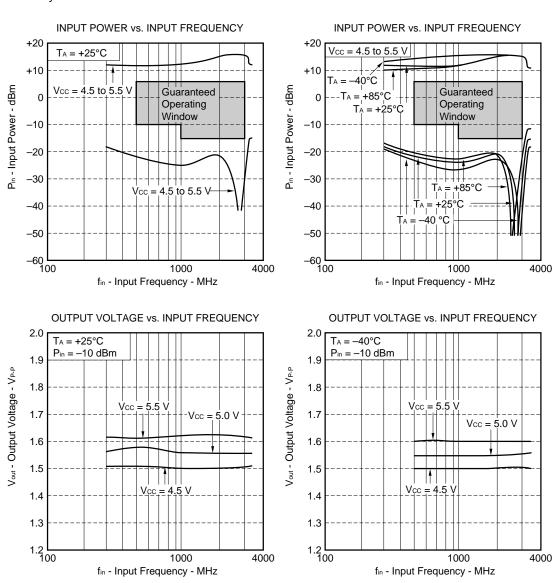
#### Divide by 128 mode

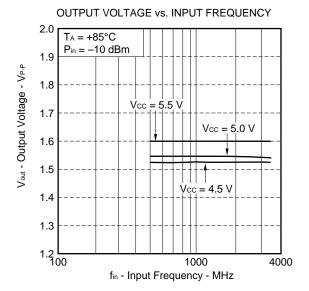






#### Divide by 256 mode

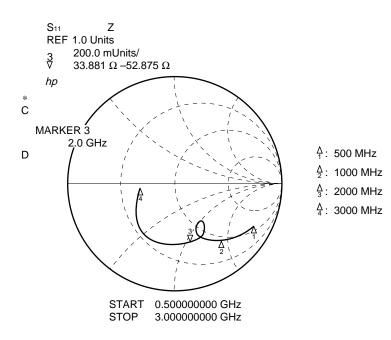




#### μPB1506GV

S<sub>11</sub> vs. INPUT FREQUENCY

Vcc = 5.0 V

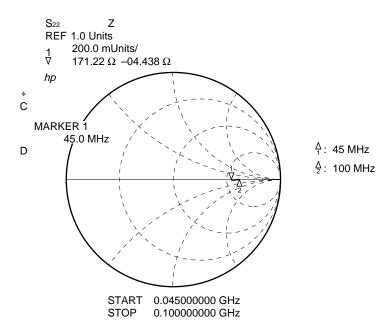


FREQUENCY	S	S <sub>11</sub>
MHz	MAG	ANG
500.0000	.868	-26.6
600.0000	.828	-32.6
700.0000	.794	-37.4
800.0000	.761	-41.9
900.0000	.721	-46.5
1000.0000	.706	-49.3
1100.0000	.662	-54.0
1200.0000	.629	-57.2
1300.0000	.595	-60.2
1400.0000	.554	-62.9
1500.0000	.516	-64.8
1600.0000	.440	-61.9
1700.0000	.428	-51.0
1800.0000	.543	-61.5
1900.0000	.555	-68.4
2000.0000	.560	-74.7
2100.0000	.558	-79.5
2200.0000	.564	-84.9
2300.0000	.570	-90.9
2400.0000	.574	-98.3
2500.0000	.574	-107.9
2600.0000	.564	-118.3
2700.0000	.530	-131.4
2800.0000	.476	-144.6
2900.0000	.411	-159.1
3000.0000	.331	-175.8



#### $\mu$ PB1506GV

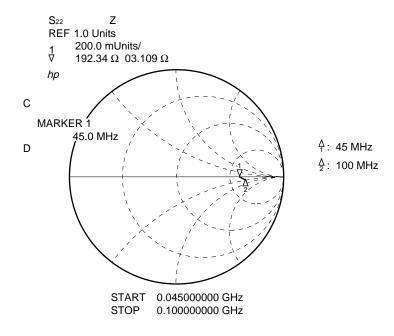
 $S_{22}$  vs. OUTPUT FREQUENCY Divide by 64 mode, Vcc = 5.0 V



FREQUENCY	S	22
MHz	MAG	ANG
45.000	.542	-1.4
50.000	.602	3
55.000	.616	0.0
60.000	.605	1.1
65.000	.609	.7
70.000	.616	.3
75.000	.620	.1
80.000	.622	0.0
85.000	.619	.6
90.000	.610	.9
95.000	.626	7
100.000	.623	-1.7

#### $\mu$ PB1506GV

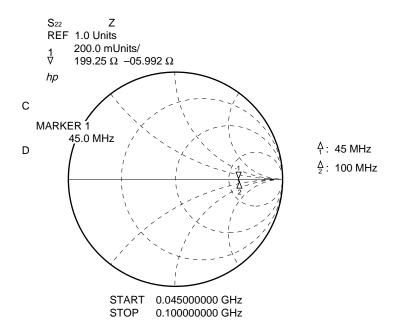
 $S_{22}$  vs. OUTPUT FREQUENCY Divide by 128 mode, Vcc = 5.0 V



S	22
MAG	ANG
.590	.4
.604	-1.0
.610	-1.1
.607	8
.548	-5.9
.630	-0.0
.615	-1.0
.618	-1.4
.617	-1.2
.616	-2.2
.623	-2.4
.624	-2.3
	.590 .604 .610 .607 .548 .630 .615 .618 .617 .616

#### μPB1506GV

 $S_{22}$  vs. OUTPUT FREQUENCY Divide by 256 mode, Vcc = 5.0 V

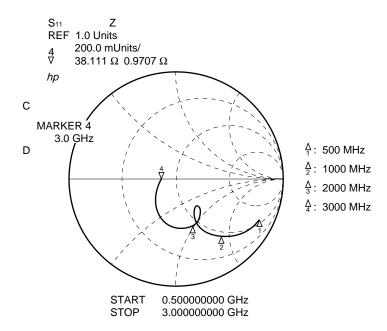


FREQUENCY	S	22
MHz	MAG	ANG
4		_
45.000	.601	9
50.000	.609	-1.6
55.000	.611	-1.5
60.000	.620	-1.4
65.000	.607	-2.1
70.000	.615	-1.9
75.000	.613	-3.2
80.000	.611	-2.8
85.000	.607	-2.5
90.000	.605	-2.4
95.000	.610	-3.0
100.000	.608	-2.8

#### μPB1507GV

S<sub>11</sub> vs. INPUT FREQUENCY

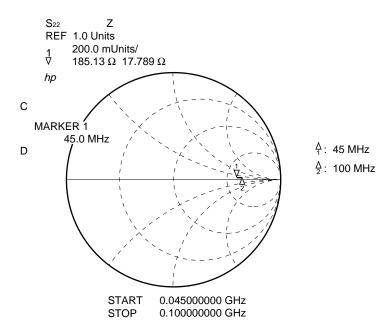
Vcc = 5.0 V



FREQUENCY	S	S <sub>11</sub>
MHz	MAG	ANG
500.0000	.857	-27.5
600.0000	.849	-32.0
700.0000	.800	-38.9
800.0000	.764	-43.8
900.0000	.725	-49.0
1000.0000	.665	-50.9
1100.0000	.619	-55.3
1200.0000	.573	-59.3
1300.0000	.531	-61.3
1400.0000	.484	-62.8
1500.0000	.439	-63.0
1600.0000	.377	-59.1
1700.0000	.340	-54.1
1800.0000	.377	-54.7
1900.0000	.441	-59.5
2000.0000	.464	-67.2
2100.0000	.443	-67.4
2200.0000	.466	-74.5
2300.0000	.465	-81.3
2400.0000	.454	-89.4
2500.0000	.433	-99.2
2600.0000	.383	-109.6
2700.0000	.350	-114.0
2800.0000	.332	-124.2
2900.0000	.271	-141.2
3000.0000	.185	-163.6

#### $\mu$ PB1507GV

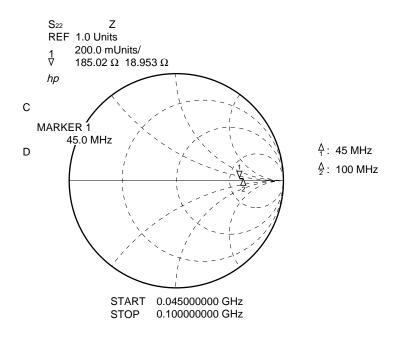
 $S_{22}$  vs. OUTPUT FREQUENCY Divide by 64 mode, Vcc = 5.0 V



FREQUENCY	S	22
MHz	MAG	ANG
45.000	.580	3.4
50.000	.572	2.5
55.000	.574	3.0
60.000	.574	2.7
65.000	.584	3.0
70.000	.587	2.6
75.000	.592	2.4
80.000	.587	2.6
85.000	.589	2.9
90.000	.591	2.9
95.000	.573	1.7
100.000	.604	2.9

#### $\mu$ PB1507GV

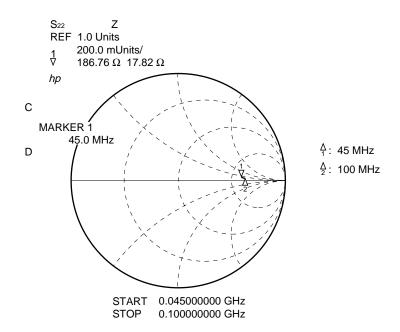
 $S_{22}$  vs. OUTPUT FREQUENCY Divide by 128 mode, Vcc = 5.0 V



FREQUENCY	S	22
MHz	MAG	ANG
45.000	.578	3.2
50.000	.571	2.8
55.000	.572	3.3
60.000	.576	3.0
65.000	.584	3.1
70.000	.587	2.8
75.000	.589	2.4
80.000	.589	2.8
85.000	.588	3.0
90.000	.593	2.8
95.000	.598	3.0
100.000	.602	2.9

#### $\mu$ PB1507GV

 $S_{22}$  vs. OUTPUT FREQUENCY Divide by 256 mode, Vcc = 5.0 V

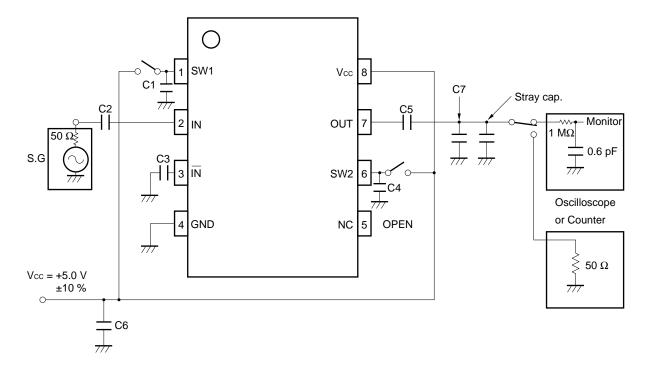


FREQUENCY	S	22
MHz	MAG	ANG
45.000	.580	3.0
50.000	.572	2.8
55.000	.571	2.9
60.000	.576	2.9
65.000	.585	3.2
70.000	.590	2.8
75.000	.589	2.5
80.000	.590	2.6
85.000	.588	2.9
90.000	.597	2.9
95.000	.600	3.1
100.000	.601	3.1



#### **TEST CIRCUIT**

#### μPB1506GV



SG (HP-8665A)

· Counter (HP5350B): To measure input sensitivity

or

Oscilloscope : To measure output voltage swing

#### **COMPONENT LIST**

	μPB1506GV	μPB1507GV
C1 to C5	1 000 pF	1 000 pF
C6	10 000 pF	10 000 pF
Stray cap.	Aprox 4 pF	Aprox 5 pF
C7	3.5 pF*	2.5 pF*

\* Capacitance C<sub>L</sub> = 8 pF for DUT includes C7 value + stray capacitance on the board and measurement equipment.

#### Divide ratio setting

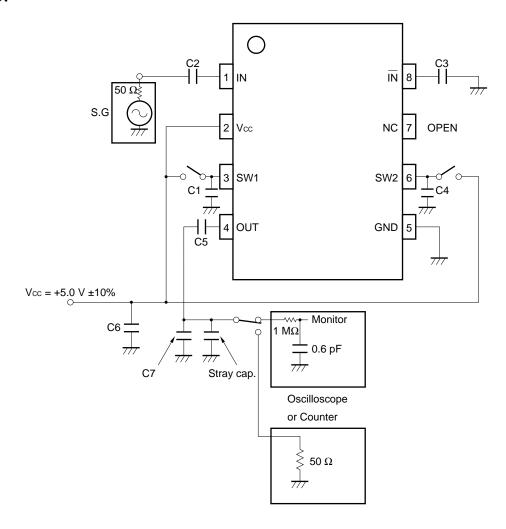
		SW2	
		H L	
SW1	Н	1/64	1/128
	L	1/128	1/256

H: Connect to Vcc

L: Connect to GND or OPEN

#### **TEST CIRCUIT**

#### μPB1507GV



. SG (HP-8665A)

· Counter (HP5350B): To measure input sensitivity

or

Oscilloscope : To measure output voltage swing

### Divide ratio setting

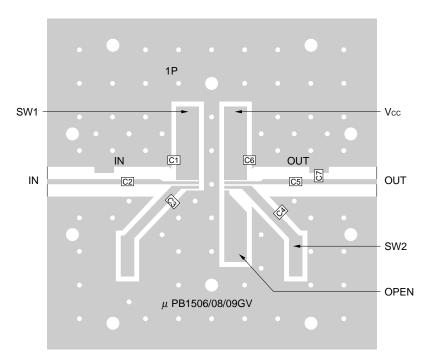
		SW2	
		Н	L
SW1	Н	1/64	1/128
	L	1/128	1/256

H: Connect to Vcc

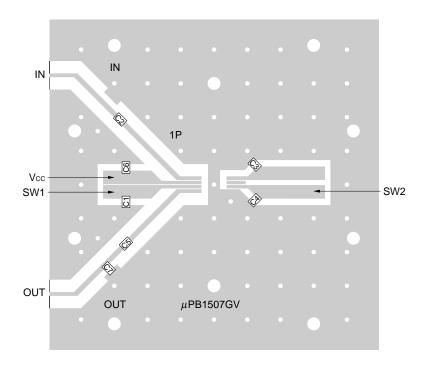
L: Connect to GND or OPEN



## ILLUSTRATION OF THE TEST CIRCUIT ASSEMBLED ON EVALUATION BOARD $\mu \text{PB}1506\text{GV}$



#### $\mu$ PB1507GV

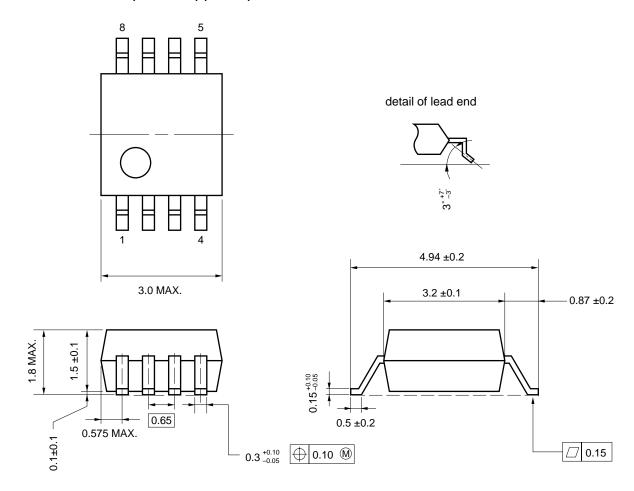


#### **EVALUATION BOARD CHARACTERS**

- (1) 35  $\mu\text{m}$  thick double-sided copper clad 50  $\times$  50  $\times$  0.4 mm polyimide board
- (2) Back side: GND pattern
- (3) Solder plated patterns
- (4) ∘ : Through holes

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

### 8 PIN PLASTIC SSOP (UNIT: mm) (175 mil)





#### NOTE CORRECT USE

- (1) Observe precautions for handling because of electro-static sensitive devices.
- (2) Form a ground pattern as wide as possible to minimize ground impedance (to prevent undesired operation).
- (3) Keep the wiring length of the ground pins as short as possible.
- (4) Connect a bypass capacitor (e.g. 10 000 pF) to the Vcc pin.

#### RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

This product should be soldered in the following recommended conditions. Other soldering methods and conditions than the recommended conditions are to be consulted with our sales representatives.

#### μPB1506GV, μPB1507GV

Soldering method	Soldering conditions	Recommended condition symbol
Infrared ray reflow	Package peak temperature: 235 °C, Hour: within 30 s. (more than 210 °C), Time: 3 times, Limited days: no.*	IR35-00-3
VPS	Package peak temperature: 215 °C, Hour: within 40 s. (more than 200 °C), Time: 3 times, Limited days: no.*	VP15-00-3
Wave soldering	Soldering tub temperature: less than 260 °C, Hour: within 10 s., Time: 1 time, Limited days: no.	WS60-00-1
Pin part heating	Pin area temperature: less than 300 °C, Hour: within 3 s./pin, Limited days: no.*	

<sup>\*</sup> It is the storage days after opening a dry pack, the storage conditions are 25 °C, less than 65 % RH.

## Caution The combined use of soldering method is to be avoided (However, except the pin area heating method).

For details of recommended soldering conditions for surface mounting, refer to information document SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY MANUAL (C10535E).



[MEMO]



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Standard: Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots

Special: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)

Specific: Aircrafts, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems or medical equipment for life support, etc.

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Anti-radioactive design is not implemented in this product.