Data Sheet



HLMP-R100, HLMP-0301, HLMP-0401, HLMP-0504

2.5 mm × 7.6 mm Rectangular LED Lamps



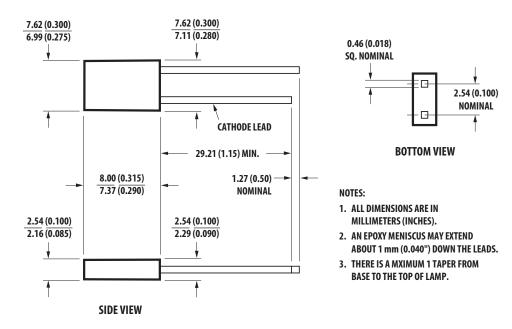
Description

The HLMP-R100, -0301, -0401, -0504 are solid state lamps encapsulated in a radial lead rectangular epoxy package. They utilize a tinted, diffused epoxy to provide high on-off contrast and a flat high intensity emitting surface. Borderless package design allows creation of uninterrupted light emitting areas.

Features

- Rectangular light emitting surface
- Flat high sterance emitting surface
- Stackable on 2.54-mm (0.100-in.) centers
- Ideal as flush mounted panel indicators
- Ideal for backlighting legends
- Long life: solid state reliability
- AllnGaP LED technology
- Choice of four bright colors
 - Deep Red
 - Red
 - Yellow
 - Green
- IC compatible/low current requirements

Package Dimensions



Device Selection Guide

		Luminous Intensity	/ Iv (mcd) at 20 mA
Color	Part Number	Min.	Тур.
Deep Red	HLMP-R100	2.1	
Red	HLMP-0301	2.1	_
	HLMP-0301-C00xx	1.3	_
Yellow	HLMP-0401	3.6	_
	HLMP-0401-B00xx	1.4	_
	HLMP-0401-D00xx	3.6	_
Green	HLMP-0504	2.6	_
	HLMP-0504-B00xx	1.6	_
	HLMP-0504-C00xx	2.6	_

Absolute Maximum Ratings at T_A = 25°C

Parameter	HLMP-R100	HLMP-0301	HLMP-0401	HLMP-0504	Units
Peak Forward Current	300	90	60	90	mA
Average Forward Current ^a	20	25	20	25	mA
DC Current ^b	30	30	20	30	mA
Power Dissipation	87	135	85	135	mW
Reverse Voltage (IR = 100 μA)	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +100	-40 to +100	-40 to +100	-20 to +100	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +100	-40 to +100	-40 to +100	-40 to +100	°C

- a. See Figure 4 to establish pulsed operating conditions.
- b. For Deep Red, Red, and Green Series derate linearly from 50°C at 0.5 mA/°C. For Yellow Series, derate linearly from 50°C at 0.2 mA/°C.

Electrical/Optical Characteristics at T_A = 25°C

		HL	.MP-R1	100	HL	MP-03	301	HL	MP-04	101	HL	.MP-05	504		Test
Sym.	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
2θ _{1/2}	Included Angle Between Half Luminous Intensity Points	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Deg.	Note ^a , Figure 5
λ_{P}	Peak Wavelength	_	660	_	_	632	_	_	590	_	_	570	_	nm	Measurement at Peak
λ_d	Dominant Wavelength	_	640	_	_	626	_	_	589	_	_	569	_	nm	Note ^b
$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$	Spectral Line Halfwidth		20	_		14			12	_	_	13	_	nm	
τ_{S}	Speed of Response	_	30	_	_	90	_	_	90	_	_	500	_	ns	
С	Capacitance	_	30	_		16	_		18	_		18	_	pF	V _F = 0; f = 1 MHz
$R\theta_{J\text{-PIN}}$	Thermal Resistance	_	260	_	_	260	_	_	260	_	_	260	_	°C/W	Junction to Cathode Lead
V _F	Forward Voltage	_	2.0	2.4	_	2.0	2.6	_	2.0	2.6	_	2.1	3.0	V	I _F = 20 mA, Figure 2
V _R	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	5.0	_	_	5.0	_	_	5.0	_	_	5.0	_	_	V	$I_R = 100 \mu A$
η_{V}	Luminous Efficacy	_	65		_	180		_	500			640	_	lm/W	Note ^c

- a. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- b. The dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength that defines the color of the device.
- c. Radiant intensity, I_e , in watts/steradian, may be found from the equation $I_e = I_v / \eta_v$, where I_v is the luminous intensity in candelas and η_v is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

Part Numbering System

Code	Description	Option	
x ₁	Package Type		Rectangular 2.5 mm × 7.6 mm
		0	
x ₂	Color	1	Deep Red
		3	Red
		4	Yellow
		5	Green
x ₃ x ₄	Product Specific Designation		
x ₅	Minimum Intensity Bin	Refer to I	ntensity Bin Table
x ₆	Maximum Intensity Bin	0	Open binning (No maximum IV bin limit)
x ₇	Color Bin Selection	0	Full color bin range
x ₈ x ₉	Packaging Option	00	Bulk
		02	Tape and Reel, Straight Leads

Bin Information

Intensity Bin Limits

		Intensity Range (mcd)		
Color	Bin	Min.	Max.	
Deep Red/Red	С	1.5	2.4	
	D	2.4	3.8	
	Е	3.8	6.1	
	F	6.1	9.7	
	G	9.7	15.5	
	Н	15.5	24.8	
	I	24.8	39.6	
	J	39.6	63.4	
	K	63.4	101.5	
	L	101.5	162.4	
	М	162.4	234.6	
	N	234.6	340.0	
	0	340.0	540.0	
	Р	540.0	850.0	
	Q	850.0	1200.0	
	R	1200.0	1700.0	
	S	1700.0	2400.0	
	Т	2400.0	3400.0	
	U	3400.0	4900.0	
	V	4900.0	7100.0	
	W	7100.0	10200.0	
	Х	10200.0	14800.0	
	Υ	14800.0	21400.0	
	Z	21400.0	30900.0	

		Intensity Range (mcd)		
Color	Bin	Min.	Max.	
Yellow	В	1.6	2.5	
	С	2.5	4.0	
	D	4.0	6.5	
	Е	6.5	10.3	
	F	10.3	16.6	
	G	16.6	26.5	
	Н	26.5	42.3	
	I	42.3	67.7	
	J	67.7	108.2	
	K	108.2	173.2	
	L	173.2	250.0	
	М	250.0	360.0	
	N	360.0	510.0	
	0	510.0	0.008	
	Р	0.008	1250.0	
	Q	1250.0	1800.0	
	R	1800.0	2900.0	
	S	2900.0	4700.0	
	Т	4700.0	7200.0	
	U	7200.0	11700.0	
	V	11700.0	18000.0	
	W	18000.0	27000.0	

Maximum tolerance for each bin limit is ±18%.

Maximum tolerance for each bin limit is ±18%.

AV02-1554EN Broadcom

		Intensity Range (mcd)		
Color	Bin	Min.	Max.	
Green	В	1.8	2.9	
	С	2.9	4.7	
	D	4.7	7.6	
	Е	7.6	12.0	
	F	12.0	19.1	
	G	19.1	30.7	
	Н	30.7	49.1	
	ı	49.1	78.5	
	J	78.5	125.7	
	K	125.7	201.1	
	L	201.1	289.0	
	М	289.0	417.0	
	N	417.0	680.0	
	0	680.0	1100.0	
	Р	1100.0	1800.0	
	Q	1800.0	2700.0	
	R	2700.0	4300.0	
	S	4300.0	6800.0	
	Т	6800.0	10800.0	
	U	10800.0	16000.0	
	V	16000.0	25000.0	
	W	25000.0	40000.0	

Color Categories

	Category	Lambo	la (nm)
Color	Number	Min.	Max.
Green	6	561.5	564.5
	5	564.5	567.5
	4	567.5	570.5
	3	570.5	573.5
	2	573.5	576.5
Yellow	1	582.0	584.5
	3	584.5	587.0
	2	587.0	589.5
	4	589.5	592.0
	5	592.0	593.0

Tolerance for each bin limit is ±0.5 nm.

Maximum tolerance for each bin limit is ±18%.

Packaging Option Matrix

Packaging Option Code	Definition	
00	Bulk Packaging, minimum increment 500 pieces/bag	
02	Tape and Reel, straight leads, minimum increment 1300 pieces/reel	

NOTE: All categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all categories. Contact your local Broadcom representative for further clarification/information.

Figure 1: Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

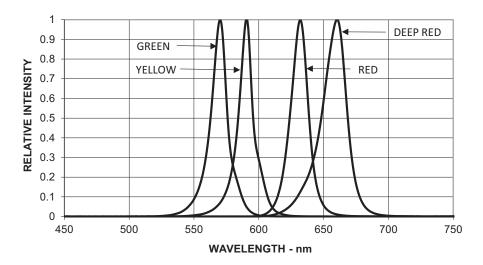


Figure 2: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

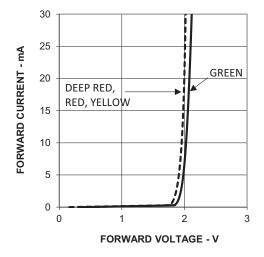


Figure 3: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

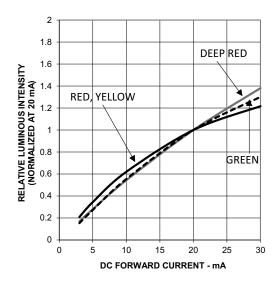


Figure 4: Maximum Tolerable Peak Current vs. Peak Duration (I_{PEAK} MAX determined from temperature derated I_{DC} MAX).

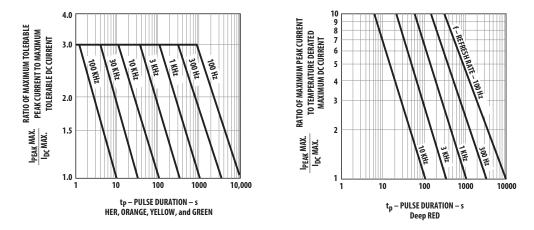
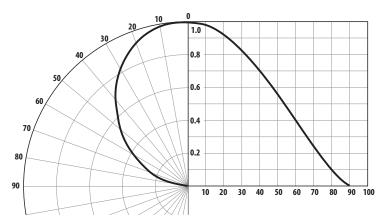


Figure 5: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement



Precautions

Lead Forming

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering on PC board.
- For better control, use the proper tool to precisely form and cut the leads to applicable length rather than doing it manually.
- If manual lead cutting is necessary, cut the leads after the soldering process. The solder connection forms a mechanical ground that prevents mechanical stress due to lead cutting from traveling into LED package. Use this method for the hand soldering operation, because the excess lead length also acts as small heat sink.

Soldering and Handling

- Take care during the PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to the LED component.
- LED component may be effectively hand soldered to PCB. However, do this under unavoidable circumstances, such as rework. The closest manual soldering distance of the soldering heat source (soldering iron's tip) to the body is 1.59 mm. Soldering the LED using soldering iron tip closer than 1.59 mm might damage the LED.



- Apply ESD precautions on the soldering station and personnel to prevent ESD damage to the LED component that is ESD sensitive. Refer to Broadcom application note AN 1142 for details. The soldering iron used must have a grounded tip to ensure electrostatic charge is properly grounded.
- Recommended soldering condition.

	Wave Soldering ^{a, b}	Manual Solder Dipping
Pre-heat Temperature	105°C max.	_
Pre-heat Time	60s max.	_
Peak Temperature	250°C max.	260°C max.
Dwell Time	3s max.	5s max.

- The preceding conditions refer to measurement with a thermocouple mounted at the bottom of the PCB.
- Use only bottom pre-heaters to reduce thermal stress experienced by LED.

 Set and maintain wave soldering parameters according to the recommended temperature and dwell time.
 Perform daily checks on the soldering profile to ensure that it always conforms to the recommended soldering conditions.

NOTE:

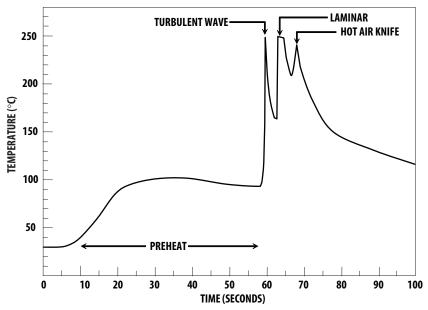
- PCBs with different size and design (component density) will have a different heat mass (heat capacity). This might cause a change in temperature experienced by the board if the same wave soldering setting is used. Therefore, recalibrate the soldering profile again before loading a new type of PCB.
- Take extra precautions during wave soldering to ensure that the maximum wave temperature does not exceed 250°C and the solder contact time does not exceed 3s. Over-stressing the LED during the soldering process might cause premature failure to the LED due to delamination.
- Loosely fit any alignment fixture that is being applied during wave soldering and do not apply weight or force on the LED. Use nonmetal material because it absorbs less heat during the wave soldering process.
- At elevated temperature, LED is more susceptible to mechanical stress. Therefore, allow the PCB to cool down to room temperature prior to handling, which includes removal of alignment fixture or pallet.
- If PCB board contains both through-hole (TH) LED and other surface-mount components, solder surface-mount components on the top side of the PCB. If the surface mount must be on the bottom side, solder these components using reflow soldering prior to the insertion of the TH LED.
- The recommended PC board plated through holes (PTH) size for LED component leads follows.

	LED Component Lead Size	Diagonal	Plated Through- Hole Diameter
Lead size (typ.)	0.45 × 0.45 mm (0.018 × 0.018 in.)		0.98 to 1.08 mm (0.039 to 0.043 in.)
Dambar shear- off area (max.)		0.919 mm (0.036 in.)	
Lead size (typ.)	0.50 × 0.50 mm (0.020 × 0.020 in.)		1.05 to 1.15 mm (0.041 to 0.045 in.)
Dambar shear- off area (max.)		0.99 mm (0.039 in.)	

NOTE: Refer to application note AN1027 for more information on soldering LED components.

 Over-sizing the PTH can lead to twisted LED after clinching. On the other hand under sizing the PTH can cause difficulty inserting the TH LED.

Figure 6: Example of Wave Soldering Temperature Profile for TH LED



Recommended solder: Sn63 (Leaded solder alloy) SAC305 (Lead-free solder alloy)

Flux: Rosin flux

Solder bath temperature: 245° C \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C (maximum peak temperature = 250 $^{\circ}$ C)

Dwell time: 1.5s - 3.0s (maximum = 3 seconds)

Note: Allow for board to be sufficiently cooled to room temperature before you exert mechanical force.

Copyright © 2015–2021 Broadcom. All Rights Reserved. The term "Broadcom" refers to Broadcom Inc. and/or its subsidiaries. For more information, go to www.broadcom.com. All trademarks, trade names, service marks, and logos referenced herein belong to their respective companies.

Broadcom reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products or data herein to improve reliability, function, or design. Information furnished by Broadcom is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Broadcom does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of this information, nor the application or use of any product or circuit described herein, neither does it convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.





