## **MCR-CUBE Transducer**

### **Dry Contact to Current Transducer**



#### **INTERFACE**

Data Sheet 2888\_en\_A

© PHOENIX CONTACT 2010-08-18

### 1 Description

The MCR-CUBE limit transducer is a dual-step, current limiter in a highly integrated, compact package. Action is determined by the state of the dry contact, high-impedance input leads. If they are open, the output limits current to 8 mA. If they are closed, the output is limited to 16 mA.

Operating power is derived from the current loop while the voltage drop across the unit is kept to approximately 6 V. While loop voltage is present at the dry contact inputs, they are isolated by a very high value resistance which permits no loop current to flow through the dry contact inputs, thus maintaining contact integrity. The dry contacts and loop input/output lines are protected against transients and RF interference to severity level 3 of IEC 801-3 and level 4 of IEC 801-4.

Operation is allowed from loop voltages of 12 to 26 V DC and is compatible with loads of standard 250  $\Omega$  and 500  $\Omega$  .

### 2 Applications

- Float switch monitor
- Level sensor
- HVAC
- Dry contact transducer interface
- Bi-metal thermo-elements



Make sure you always use the latest documentation.

It can be downloaded at <a href="https://www.phoenixcontact.net/catalog.">www.phoenixcontact.net/catalog.</a>



This data sheet is valid for all products listed on the following page:



# 3 Ordering Data

#### **Products**

Description	Туре	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
Transducer, dry contact current loop	MCR-CUBE	5521393	1

### 4 Technical Data

General Data	
Current limiting	
Dry contacts open	8 mA
Dry contacts closed	16 mA
Operating temperature	-20°C 85°C
Error	±2%
Material	Dow Corning <sup>®</sup> 3112
Termination wire size	18 AWG
IEC 801-3 severity level	3
IEC 801-4 severity level	4
Input Data	
Input type	Dry contact, switching
Maximum input current/voltage	<360 μΑ
Input resistance	>100 kΩ

mpat resistance	, 100 l <del>u</del>	
Output Data		
Supply voltage	12 36 V DC	
Lead/line resistance or burden	<u>≤</u> 1000 Ω	
Output signal	8/16 mA	

# 5 Function Diagram

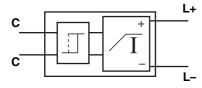


Figure 1 Function diagram

2888\_en\_A PHOENIX CONTACT

### 6 Applications

#### 6.1 Tank level monitoring

As the tank is filled, the level switch closes on rising level. When level drops, the level switch opens.

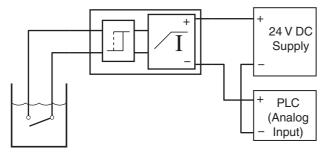


Figure 2 Typical tank schematic

As the switch in the tank opens and closes, the pump is activated and deactivated.

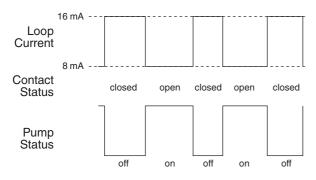


Figure 3 Contact action vs. pump status

#### 6.2 Over-pressure Sensor

Over-pressure sensors on tanks are often composed of conductive strips on a plate which blows out when a tank is dangerously over-pressurized. A resistance of several hundred ohms is compatible with the contacts and results in a 16 mA current until the sensor ruptures, causing the current to drop to 8 mA.

By including a 1000  $\Omega$  resistor on the current loop, logic levels of 16 V and 8 V are provided, which exceed the typical 12-14 V threshold of 24 V logic.

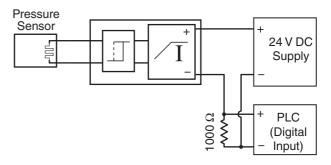


Figure 4 Typical over-pressure sensor schematic

#### 6.3 Over-temperature Sensor

Thermostatic contacts can provide reliable overtemperature indication for protective systems, but at the expense of high-resistance contacts. This is overcome by the MCR-CUBE, which lets through 8 mA until the contacts close, at which time the current increases to 16 mA. Standard analog input resistances of 50, 250 or 500  $\Omega$  are compatible with the loop. The MCR-CUBE is also resistant to interference generated by commercial two-way radio systems commonly found in industrial environments.

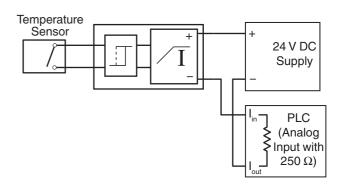


Figure 5 Typical over-temperature sensor schematic