



## IS314W

### DESCRIPTION

The IS314W Photocoupler is ideally suited for driving power IGBTs and MOSFETs used in inverters of motor control and of power supply system. It contains an AlGaAs LED optically coupled to an integrated circuit with a power output stage.

The device is in Stretched SO6 package.

### FEATURES

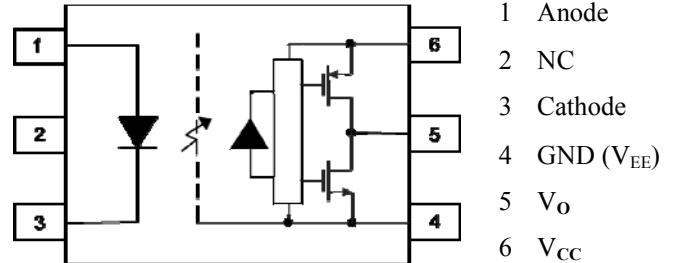
- 1.0A Maximum Peak Output Current
- 0.8A Minimum Peak Output Current
- Rail-to-Rail output voltage
- 20kV/ $\mu$ s Minimum Common Mode Rejection at  $V_{CM}$  1500V
- Maximum Propagation Delay 200ns
- Maximum Propagation Delay Difference 100ns
- Wide Operating Voltage Range  
 $V_{CC}$  10 to 30 V
- Maximum Supply Current  $I_{CC}$  3.0mA
- Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO) Protection with Hysteresis
- Guaranteed Performance over Temperature Range - 40°C to +105°C
- MSL Level 1
- Lead Free and RoHS Compliant
- Safety Approvals Pending

### APPLICATIONS

- IGBT/MOSFET Gate Drive
- UPS
- Inverters
- Switching Power Supplies
- AC Brushless and DC Motor Drives

### ORDER INFORMATION

- Supplied in Tape & Reel



A 0.1 $\mu$ F bypass Capacitor must be connected between Pins 6 and 4.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device.

Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for long periods of time can adversely affect reliability.

#### Input

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| Forward Current  | 25mA  |
| Forward Peak Current<br>(Pulse Width $\leq 1\mu\text{s}$ , 300pps) | 1.0A  |
| Reverse Voltage  | 5V    |
| Forward Current Rise / Fall Time                                   | 500ns |
| Power dissipation  | 45mW  |

#### Output

|  |          |
|--|----------|
| High Level Peak Output Current<br>Exponential waveform.<br>Pulse width $\leq 0.3\mu\text{s}$ , $f \leq 15\text{kHz}$ | 1.0A     |
| Low Level Peak Output Current<br>Exponential waveform.<br>Pulse width $\leq 0.3\mu\text{s}$ , $f \leq 15\text{kHz}$  | 1.0A     |
| Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ )   | 35V      |
| Output Voltage   | $V_{CC}$ |
| Power Dissipation  | 250mW    |

#### Total Package

|                                  |                      |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Isolation Voltage                | 5000V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| Total Power Dissipation          | 295mW                |
| Operating Temperature            | -40 to 105 °C        |
| Storage Temperature              | -55 to 125 °C        |
| Lead Soldering Temperature (10s) | 260°C                |

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## IS314W

### Truth Table

| LED | High Side | Low Side | V <sub>o</sub> |
|-----|-----------|----------|----------------|
| OFF | OFF       | ON       | LOW            |
| ON  | ON        | OFF      | HIGH           |

### Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter             | Symbol                            | Min  | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------|-----|------|
| Operating Temperature | T <sub>A</sub>                    | - 40 | 105 | °C   |
| Supply Voltage        | V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>EE</sub> | 10   | 30  | V    |
| Input Current (ON)    | I <sub>F(ON)</sub>                | 7    | 16  | mA   |
| Input Voltage (OFF)   | V <sub>F(OFF)</sub>               | -3.0 | 0.8 | V    |



## IS314W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Typical Values at  $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 10V$  to  $30V$  and  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ,  
Minimum and Maximum Values at Recommended Operating Conditions,  
unless otherwise specified)

### INPUT

| Parameter                               | Symbol                  | Test Condition       | Min | Typ.   | Max | Unit  |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|--------|-----|-------|
| Forward Voltage                         | $V_F$                   | $I_F = 10mA$         | 1.2 | 1.37   | 1.8 | V     |
| Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient | $\Delta V_F / \Delta T$ | $I_F = 10mA$         |     | -1.237 |     | mV/°C |
| Reverse Voltage                         | $V_R$                   | $I_R = 10\mu A$      | 5   |        |     | V     |
| Input Threshold Current (Low to High)   | $I_{FLH}$               | $V_O > 5V, I_O = 0A$ |     | 1.9    | 5   | mA    |
| Input Threshold Voltage (High to Low)   | $V_{FHL}$               | $V_O < 5V, I_O = 0A$ | 0.8 |        |     | V     |
| Input Capacitance                       | $C_{IN}$                | $V_F = 0V, f = 1MHz$ |     | 33     |     | pF    |

### OUTPUT

| Parameter                 | Symbol       | Test Condition                                   | Min            | Typ.            | Max            | Unit |
|---------------------------|--------------|--|----------------|-----------------|----------------|------|
| High Level Supply Current | $I_{CCH}$    | $I_F = 7$ to $16mA$<br>$V_O = \text{Open}$       |                | 1.9             | 3.0            | mA   |
| Low Level Supply Current  | $I_{CCL}$    | $V_F = -3$ to $0.8V$<br>$V_O = \text{Open}$      |                | 2.1             | 3.0            | mA   |
| High Level Output Current | $I_{OH}$     | $V_O = V_{CC} - 1.5V$<br>Pulse Width = $50\mu s$ |                |                 | -0.3           | A    |
|                           |              | $V_O = V_{CC} - 3V$<br>Pulse Width = $10\mu s$   |                |                 | -0.8           |      |
| Low Level Output Current  | $I_{OL}$     | $V_O = V_{EE} + 1.5V$<br>Pulse Width = $50\mu s$ | 0.3            |                 |                | A    |
|                           |              | $V_O = V_{EE} + 3V$<br>Pulse Width = $10\mu s$   | 0.8            |                 |                |      |
| High Level Output Voltage | $V_{OH}$     | $I_F = 10mA, I_O = -100mA$                       | $V_{CC} - 0.6$ | $V_{CC} - 0.35$ |                | V    |
| Low Level Output Voltage  | $V_{OL}$     | $I_F = 0mA, I_O = 100mA$                         |                | $V_{EE} + 0.25$ | $V_{EE} + 0.4$ | V    |
| UVLO Threshold            | $V_{UVLO+}$  | $V_O > 5V, I_F = 10mA$                           |                | 7.8             |                | V    |
|                           | $V_{UVLO-}$  | $V_O < 5V, I_F = 10mA$                           |                | 6.7             |                | V    |
| UVLO Hysteresis           | $UVLO_{HYS}$ |  |                | 1.1             |                | V    |



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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Typical Values at  $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 10V$  to  $30V$  and  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ,  
Minimum and Maximum Values at Recommended Operating Conditions,  
unless otherwise specified)

### SWITCHING

| Parameter  | Symbol    | Test Condition  | Min  | Typ. | Max | Unit        |
|--|-----------|---|------|------|-----|-------------|
| Propagation Delay Time to High Output Level                                  | $t_{PLH}$ | $I_F = 7$ to $16mA$ ,<br>$V_{CC} = 15$ to $30V$ ,<br>$V_{EE} = 0V$<br>$R_g = 47\Omega$ ,<br>$C_g = 3nF$ ,<br>$f = 10kHz$ ,<br>Duty Cycle = $50\%$ | 50   | 120  | 200 | ns          |
| Propagation Delay Time to Low Output Level                                   | $t_{PHL}$ |   | 50   | 110  | 200 |             |
| Pulse Width Distortion<br>$ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $ for any given device         | PWD       |   |      | 20   | 70  |             |
| Propagation Delay Difference ( $t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}$ ) between any two Devices | PDD       |   | -100 |      | 100 |             |
| Output Rise Time (10% to 90%)  | $t_r$     |   |      |      | 35  |             |
| Output Fall Time (90% to 10%)  | $t_f$     |   |      |      | 35  |             |
| Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Output Level                          | $CM_H$    | $I_F = 10$ to $16mA$ ,<br>$V_{CC} = 30V$<br>$V_{CM} = 1500V$ ,<br>$T_A = 25^\circ C$  | 20   | 25   |     | kV/ $\mu s$ |
| Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Output Level                           | $CM_L$    | $V_F = 0V$ ,<br>$V_{CC} = 30V$<br>$V_{CM} = 1500V$ ,<br>$T_A = 25^\circ C$  | 20   | 25   |     | kV/ $\mu s$ |



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Minimum and Maximum Values at Recommended Operating Conditions,  
unless otherwise specified)

### ISOLATION

| Parameter                  | Symbol    | Test Condition  | Min  | Typ.      | Max | Unit     |
|----------------------------|-----------|---|------|-----------|-----|----------|
| Insulation Voltage         | $V_{ISO}$ | $RH \leq 40\%$ to $60\%$ ,<br>$t = 1$ min, $T_A = 25^\circ C$ | 5000 |           |     | V        |
| Input - Output Resistance  | $R_{I-O}$ | $V_{I-O} = 500VDC$  |      | $10^{12}$ |     | $\Omega$ |
| Input - Output Capacitance | $C_{I-O}$ | $f = 1MHz$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$                               |      | 0.92      |     | pF       |

#### Note :

1. A 0.1uF or bigger bypass capacitor must be connected across pin 6 and pin 4.
2. PDD is the difference of  $t_{PHL}$  and  $t_{PLH}$  between any two IS314W devices under same test conditions.
3.  $CM_H$ , Common Mode Transient Immunity in High stage is the maximum tolerable positive  $dV_{CM}/dt$  on the leading edge of the common mode impulse signal,  $V_{CM}$ , to assure that the output will remain high ( $V_O > 15V$ ).
4.  $CM_L$ , Common Mode Transient Immunity in Low stage is the maximum tolerable negative  $dV_{CM}/dt$  on the trailing edge of the common mode impulse signal,  $V_{CM}$ , to assure that the output will remain low ( $V_O < 1V$ ).



## IS314W

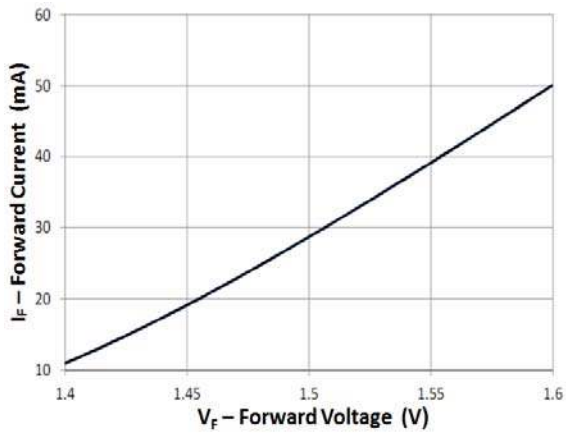


Fig 1 Forward Current vs Forward Voltage

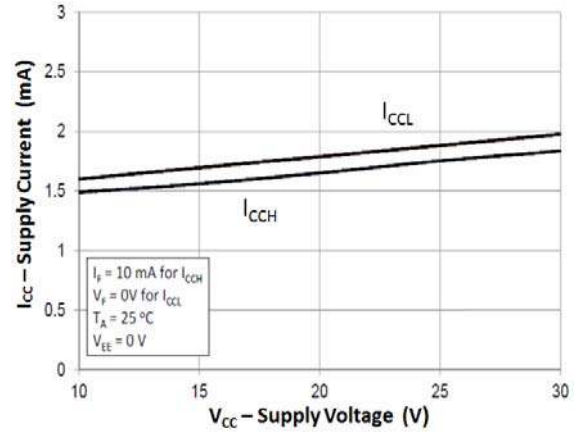


Fig 2 Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

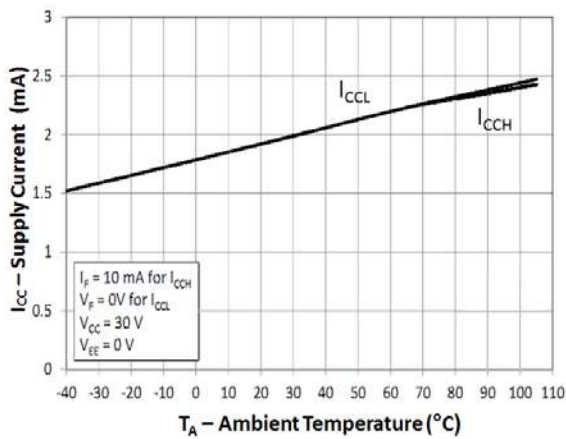


Fig 3 Supply Current vs Ambient Temperature

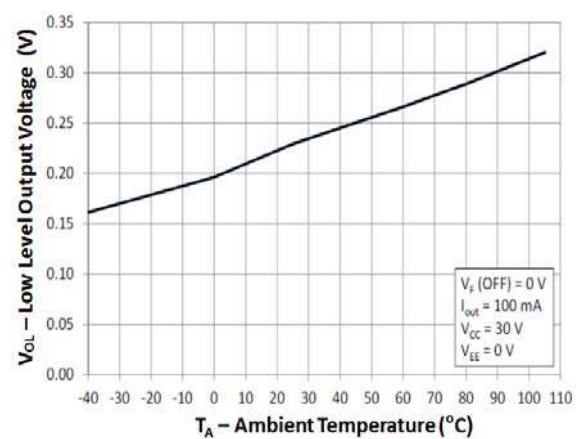


Fig 4 Low Level Output Voltage vs Ambient temperature

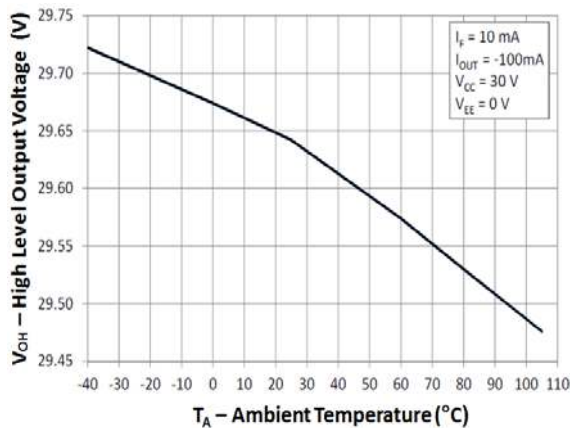


Fig 5 High Level Output Voltage vs Ambient Temperature

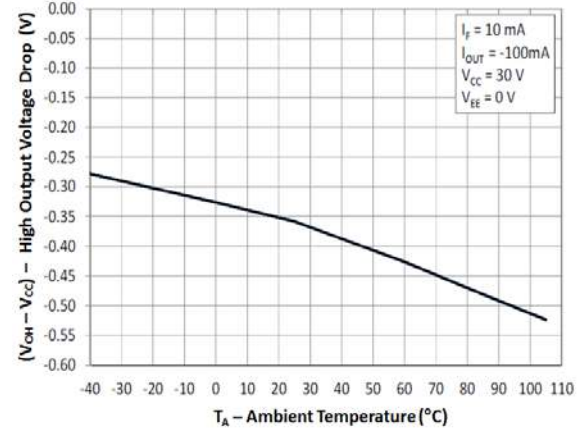
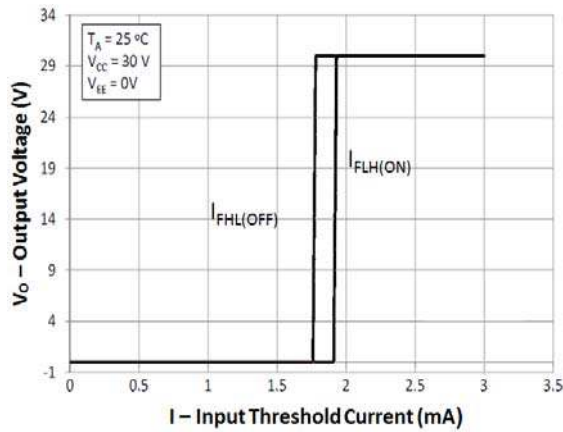


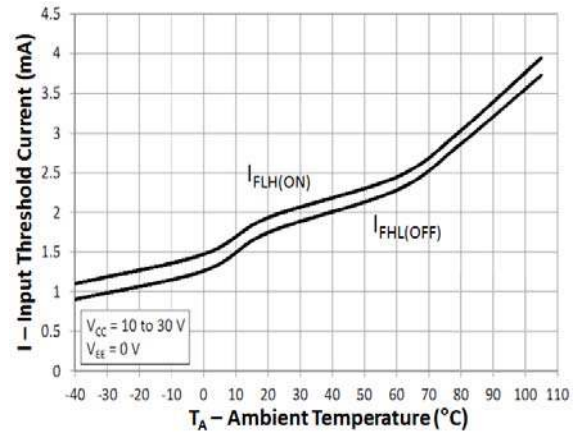
Fig 6 High Output Voltage Drop vs Ambient Temperature



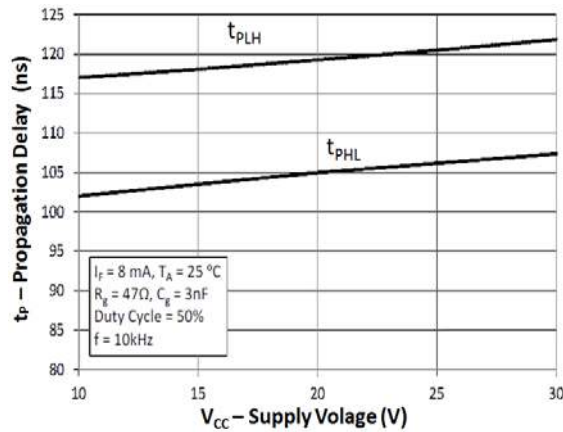
**IS314W**



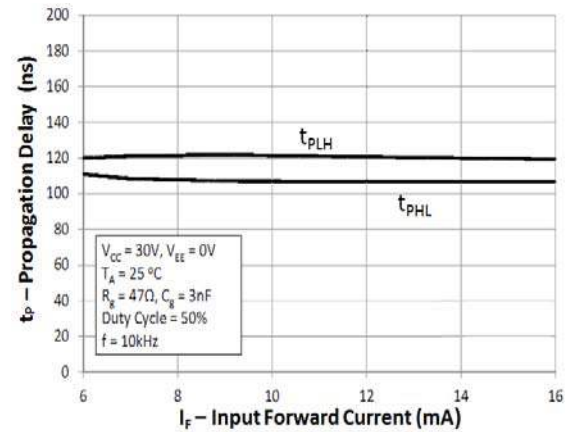
**Fig 7  $I_{FLH}$  Hysteresis**



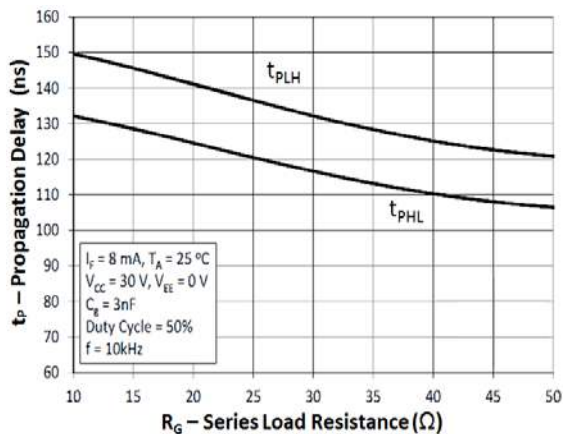
**Fig 8 Input Threshold Current vs Ambient Temperature**



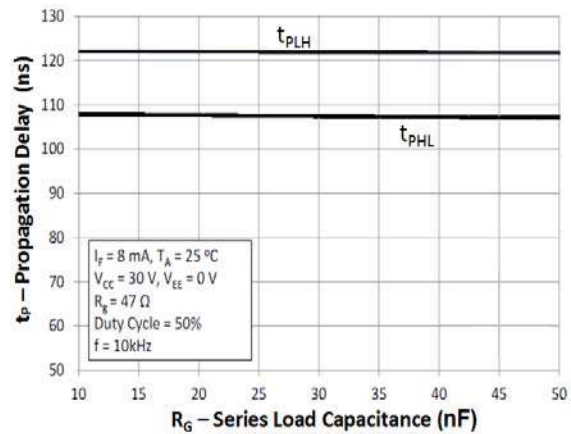
**Fig 9 Propagation Delay vs Supply Voltage**



**Fig 10 Propagation Delay vs Forward Current**



**Fig 11 Propagation Delay vs Series Load Resistance**



**Fig 12 Propagation Delay vs Series Load Capacitance**



## IS314W

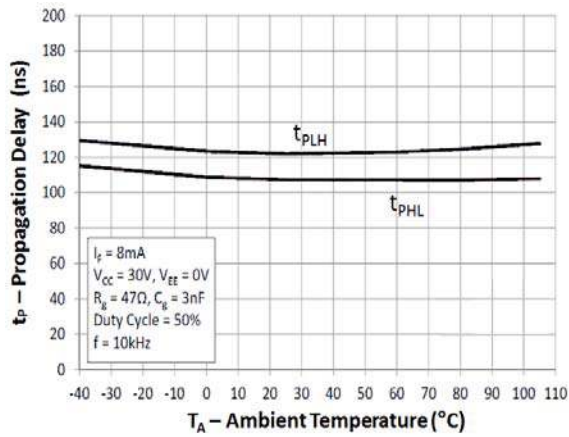
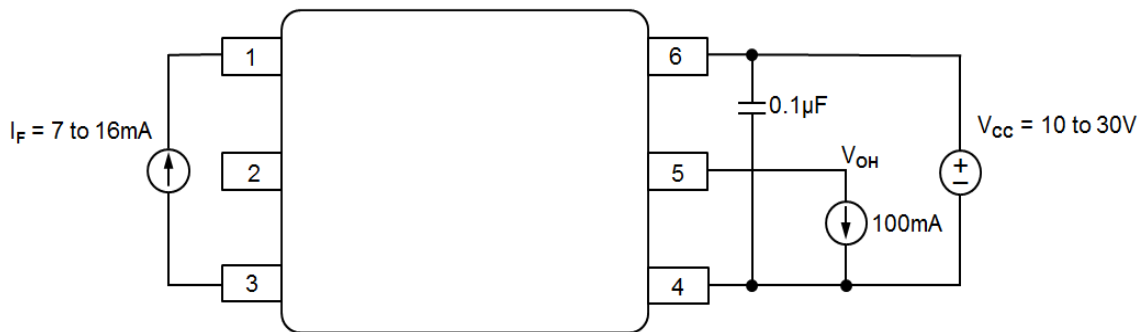
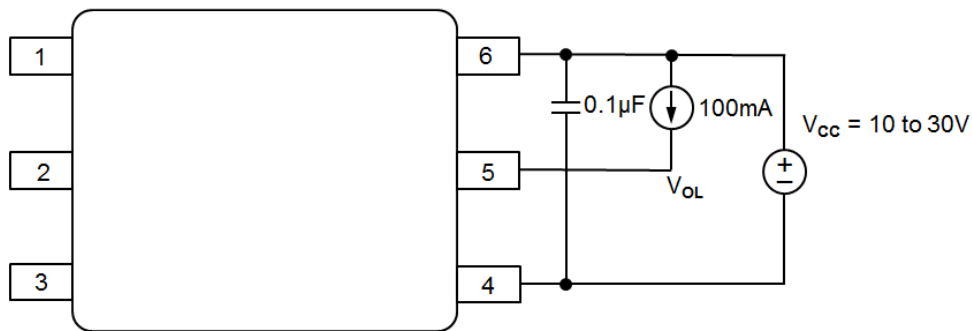


Fig 13 Propagation Delay vs Ambient Temperature



$V_{OH}$  Test Circuit

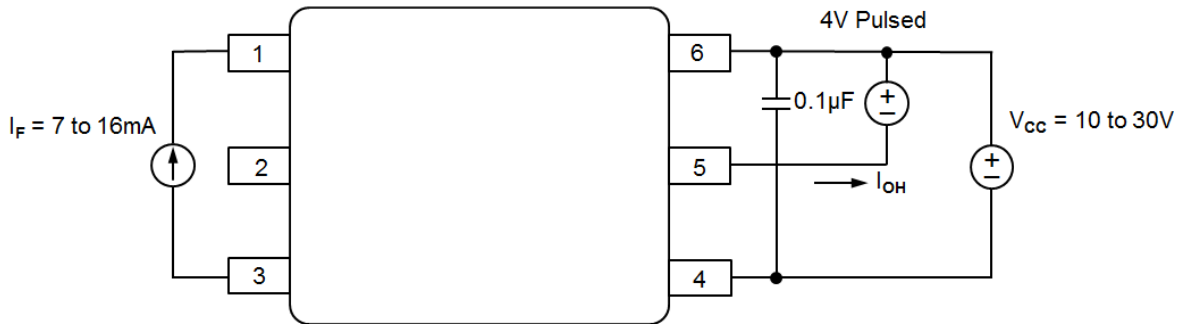


$V_{OL}$  Test Circuit

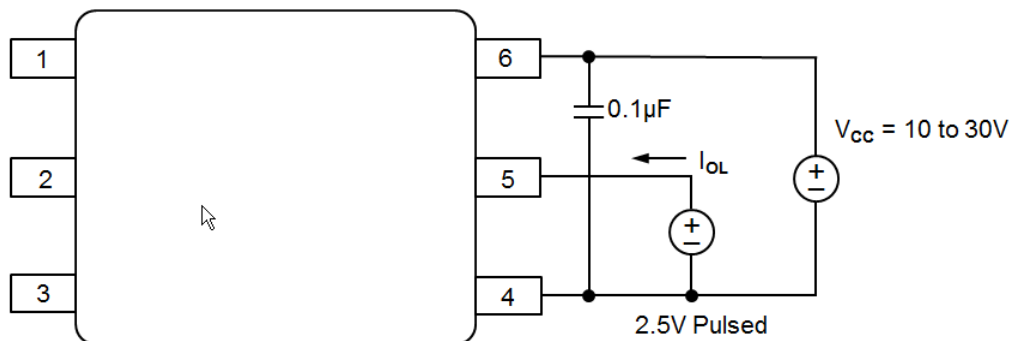




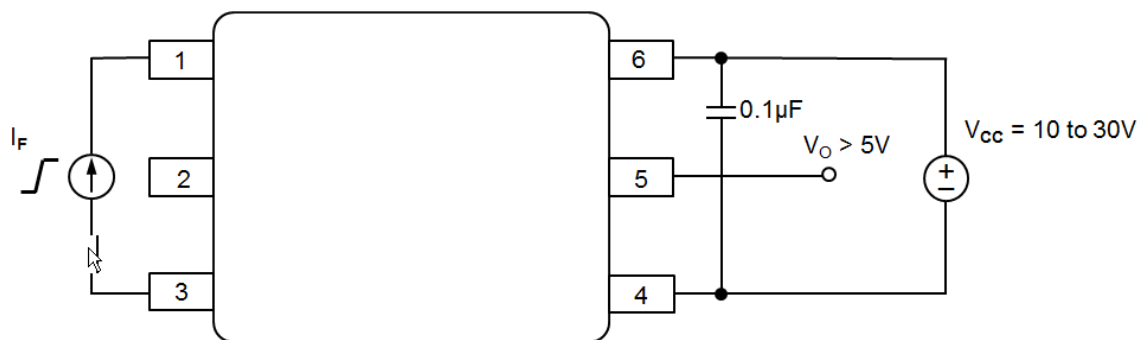
## IS314W



**$I_{OH}$  Test Circuit**



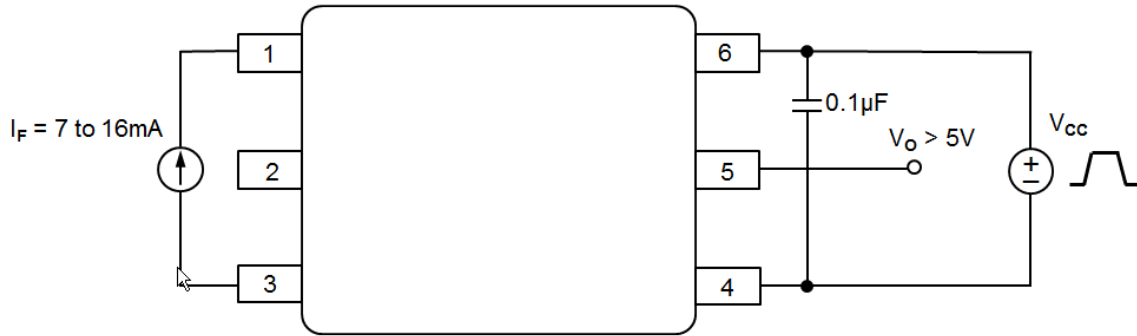
**$I_{OL}$  Test Circuit**



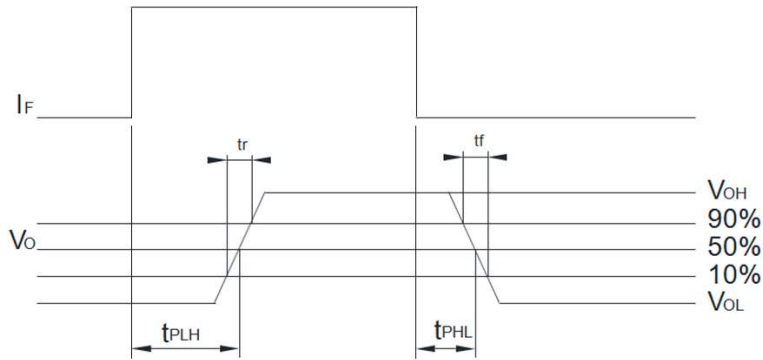
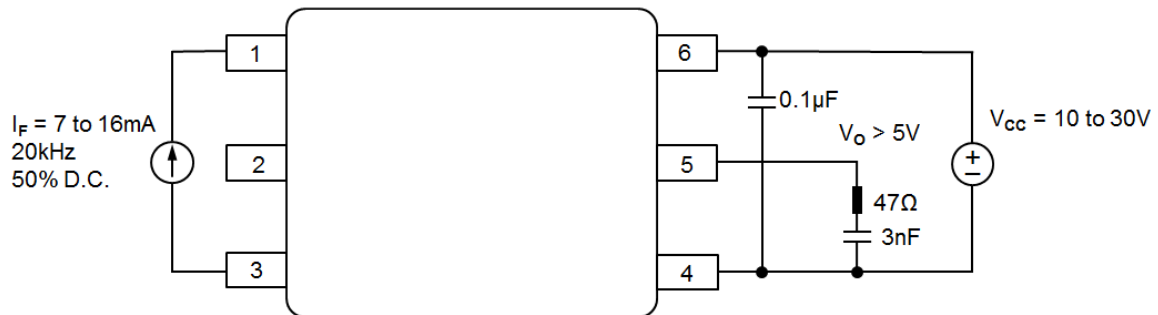
**$I_{FLH}$  Test Circuit**



## IS314W



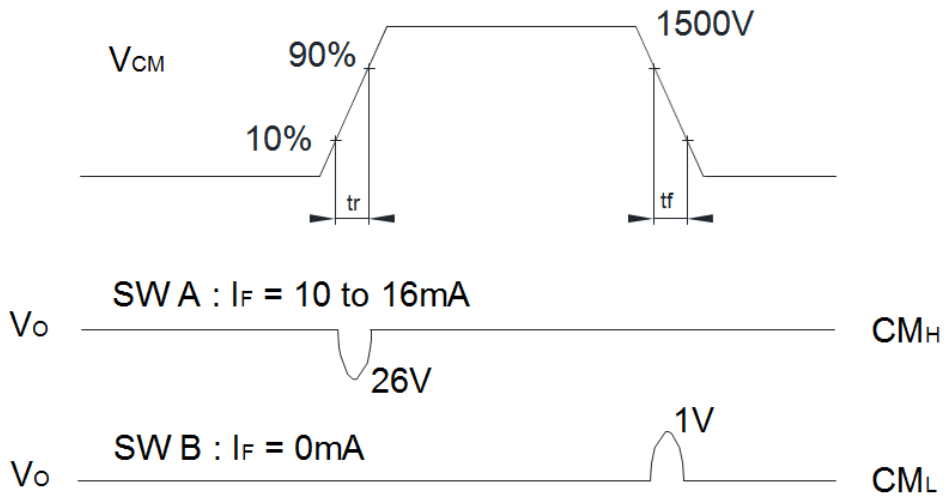
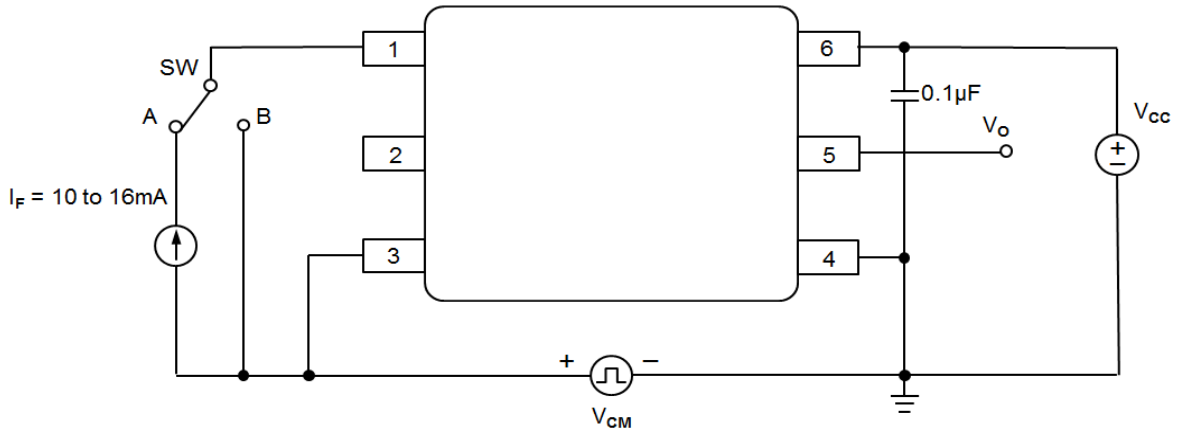
UVLO Test Circuit



$t_r$ ,  $t_b$ ,  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  Test Circuit and Waveform



## IS314W



CMR Test Circuit and Waveform

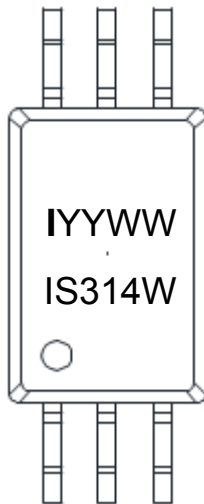


## IS314W

### ORDER INFORMATION

| IS314W   |        |               |                   |
|----------|--------|---------------|-------------------|
| After PN | PN     | Description   | Packing quantity  |
| None     | IS314W | Stretched SO6 | 1000 pcs per reel |

### DEVICE MARKING

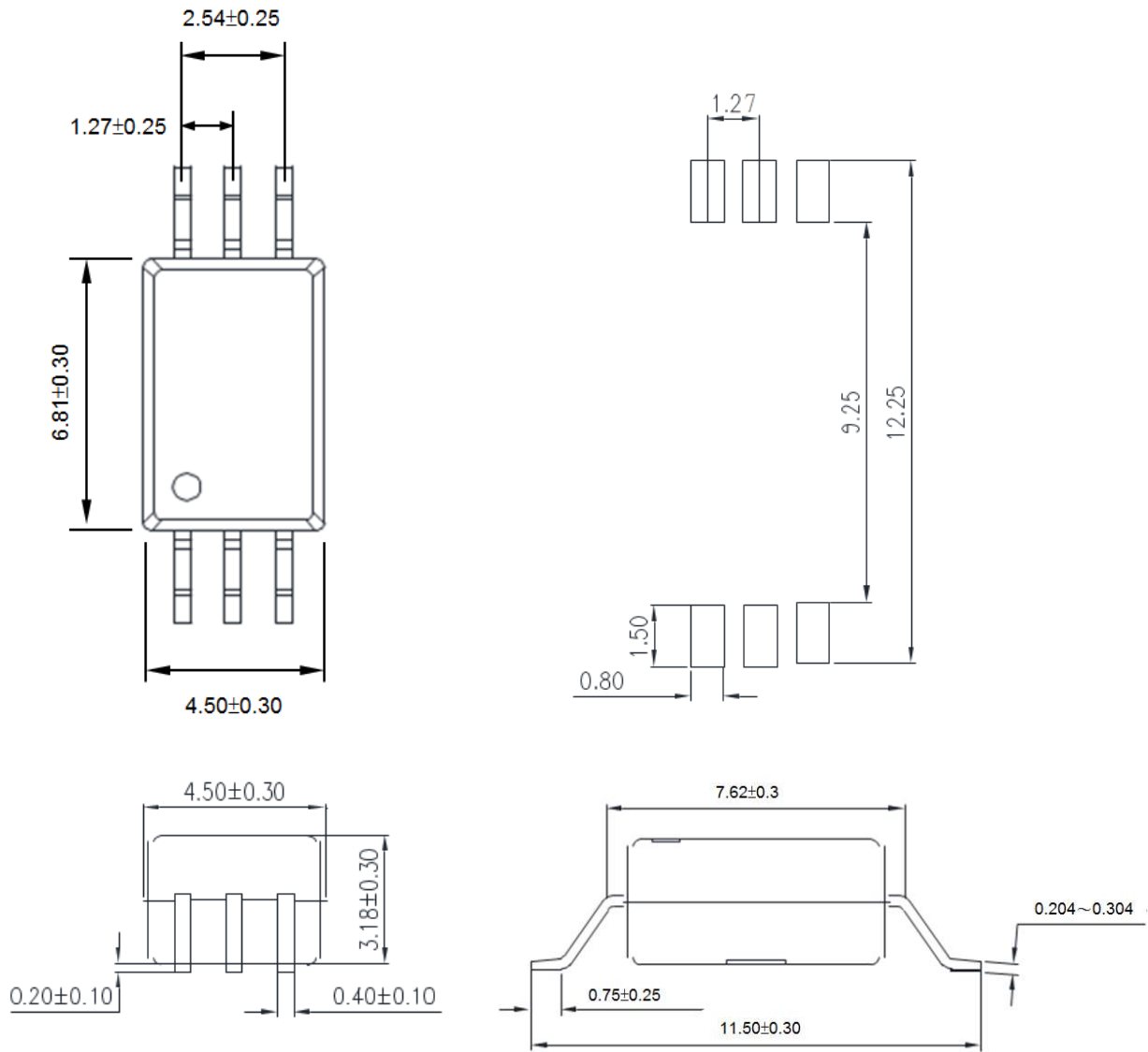


IS314W denotes Device Part Number  
I denotes Isocom  
YY denotes 2 digit Year code  
WW denotes 2 digit Week code



## IS314W

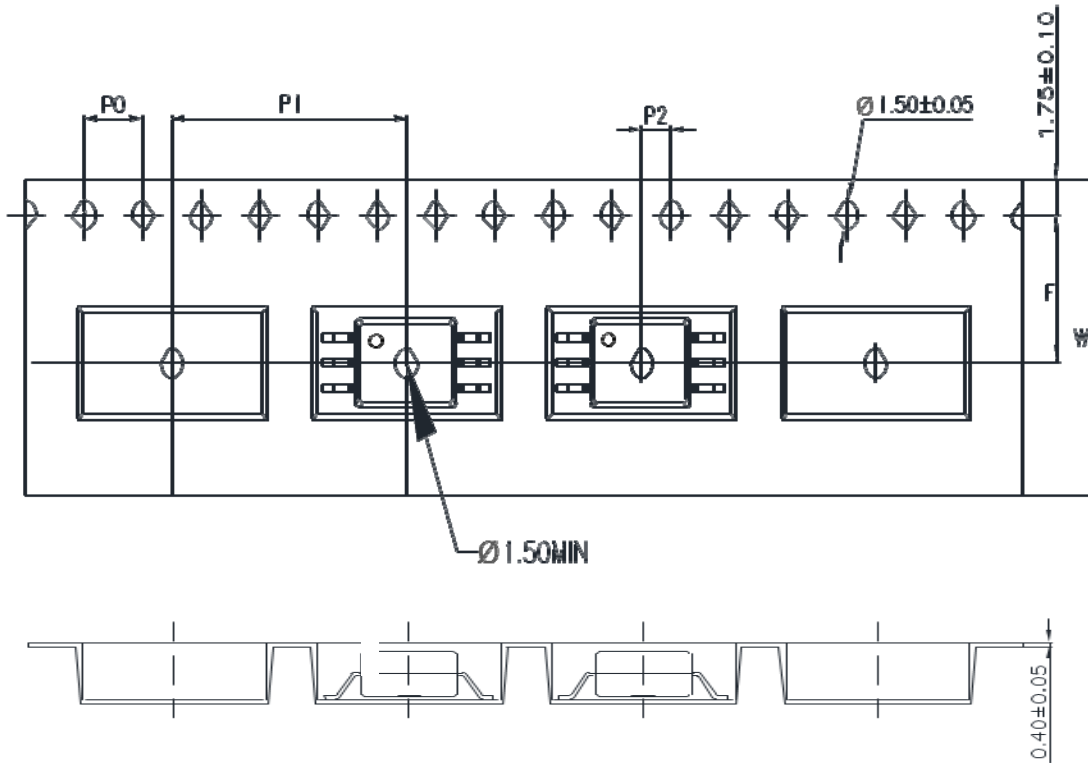
### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS and Recommended PCB Pad Layout in mm (inch)





## IS314W

### TAPE AND REEL PACKAGING

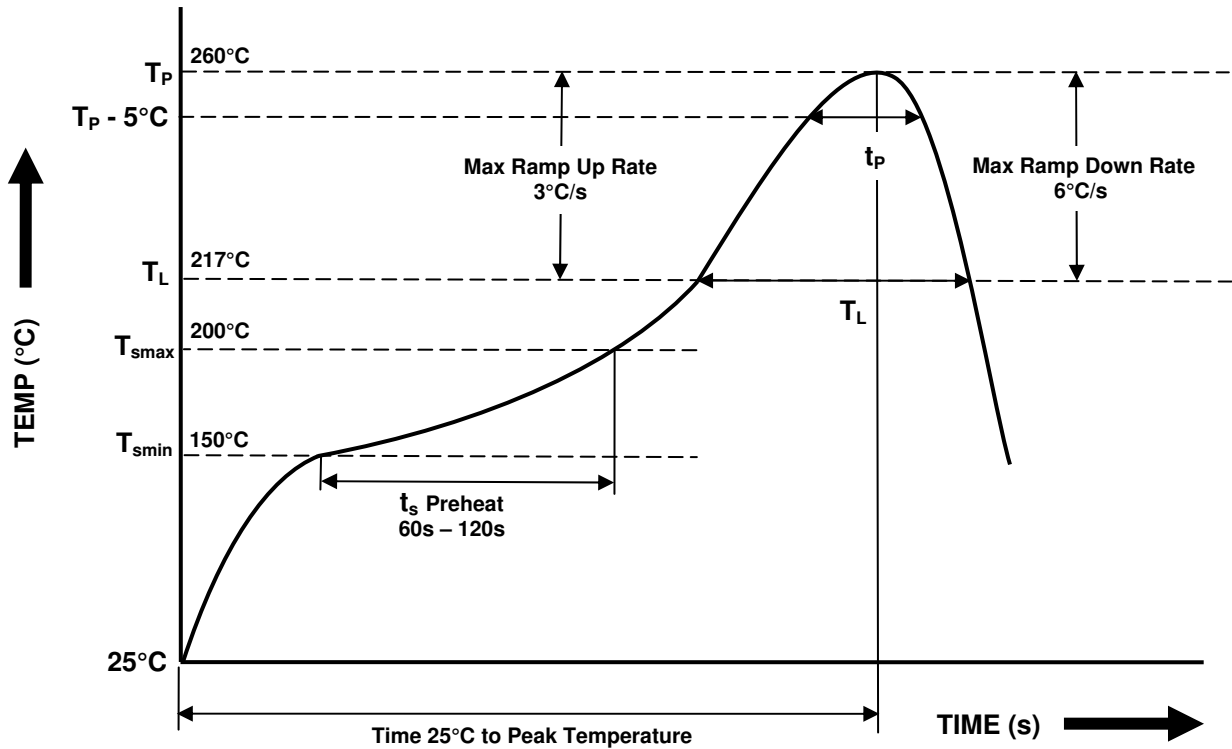


| Description                               | Symbol | Dimension<br>mm (inch) |
|---|--------|------------------------|
| Tape Width                                | W      | $16 \pm 0.3$ (0.63)    |
| Pitch of Sprocket Holes                   | $P_0$  | $4 \pm 0.1$ (0.16)     |
| Distance of Compartment to Sprocket Holes | F      | $7.5 \pm 0.1$ (0.3)    |
|   | $P_2$  | $2 \pm 0.1$ (0.079)    |
| Distance of Compartment to Compartment    | $P_1$  | $16 \pm 0.1$ (0.63)    |



**IS314W**

**IR REFLOW SOLDERING TEMPERATURE PROFILE**  
(One Time Reflow Soldering is Recommended)



| Profile Details   | Conditions   |
|---|--|
| <b>Preheat</b><br>- Min Temperature ( $T_{SMIN}$ )<br>- Max Temperature ( $T_{SMAX}$ )<br>- Time $T_{SMIN}$ to $T_{SMAX}$ ( $t_s$ )   | 150°C<br>200°C<br>60s - 120s   |
| <b>Soldering Zone</b><br>- Peak Temperature ( $T_P$ )<br>- Time at Peak Temperature<br>- Liquidous Temperature ( $T_L$ )<br>- Time within 5°C of Actual Peak Temperature ( $T_P - 5^\circ C$ )<br>- Time maintained above $T_L$ ( $t_L$ )<br>- Ramp Up Rate ( $T_L$ to $T_P$ )<br>- Ramp Down Rate ( $T_P$ to $T_L$ ) | 260°C<br>10s max<br>217°C<br>30s max<br>60s - 100s<br>3°C/s max<br>6°C/s max |
| Average Ramp Up Rate ( $T_{smax}$ to $T_P$ )  | 3°C/s max  |
| Time 25°C to Peak Temperature   | 8 minutes max  |



**ISOCOM**  
—▶—□—|—  
**COMPONENTS**

## IS314W

### NOTES :

- Isocom is continually improving the quality, reliability, function or design and Isocom reserves the right to make changes without further notices.
- The products shown in this publication are designed for the general use in electronic applications such as office automation equipment, communications devices, audio/visual equipment, electrical application and instrumentation.
- For equipment/application where high reliability or safety is required, such as space applications, nuclear power control equipment, medical equipment, etc., please contact our sales representatives.
- When requiring a device for any "specific" application, please contact our sales for advice.
- The contents described herein are subject to change without prior notice.
- Do not immerse device body in solder paste.





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