

CY7C1062G CY7C1062GE

16-Mbit (512 K words × 32 bits) Static RAM with Error-Correcting Code (ECC)

Features

- High speed
 □ t_{AA} = 10 ns/15 ns
- Embedded error-correcting code (ECC) for single-bit error correction
- Low active and standby current □ I_{CC} = 90 mA typical □ I_{SB2} = 20 mA typical
- Operating voltage range: 1.65 V to 2.2 V, 2.2 V to 3.6 V
- 1.0-V data retention
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Transistor-transistor logic (TTL) compatible inputs and outputs
- ERR pin to indicate 1-bit error detection and correction
- Available in Pb-free 119-ball plastic ball grid array (PBGA) package

Functional Description

CY7C1062G and CY7C1062GE are high-performance CMOS fast static RAM devices with embedded ECC. Both have three chip enables, giving easy memory expansion features. The CY7C1062GE device includes an error indication pin that signals the host processor in the case of a single bit error-detection and correction event.

To write to the device, take Chip Enables (\overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , and \overline{CE}_3 LOW) and Write Enable (WE) input LOW. If Byte Enable A (\overline{B}_A) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O₀ through I/O₇) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A₀ through A₁₈). If Byte Enable B (\overline{B}_B) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O₈ through I/O₁₅) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A₀ through A₁₈). Likewise, \overline{B}_C and \overline{B}_D correspond with the I/O pins I/O₁₆ to I/O₂₃ and I/O₂₄ to I/O₃₁, respectively.

To read from the device, take Chip Enables (\overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , and \overline{CE}_3 LOW) and Output Enable (\overline{OE}) LOW while forcing the Write Enable (\overline{WE}) HIGH. If the first \overline{B}_A is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O₀ to I/O₇. If \overline{B}_B is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O₈ to I/O₁₅. Likewise, \overline{B}_C and \overline{B}_D correspond to the third and fourth bytes. See Truth Table – CY7C1062G/CY7C1062GE on page 15 for a complete description of read and write modes.

The input and output pins (I/O₀ through I/O₃₁) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is deselected (\overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , or \overline{CE}_3 HIGH), the outputs are disabled (\overline{OE} HIGH), the byte selects are disabled (\overline{B}_{A-D} HIGH), or during a write operation (\overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 and \overline{CE}_3 LOW and WE LOW).

On the CY7C1062GE device, the detection and correction of a single-bit error in the accessed location is indicated by the assertion of the ERR output (ERR = High)^[1].

CY7C1062G and CY7C1062GE devices are available in Pb-free 119-ball plastic ball grid array (PBGA) package.

For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

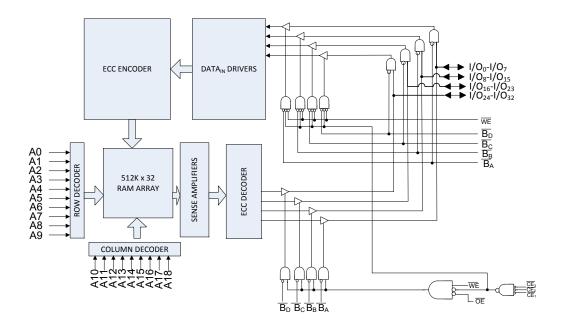
Note

1. This device does not support automatic write-back on error detection.

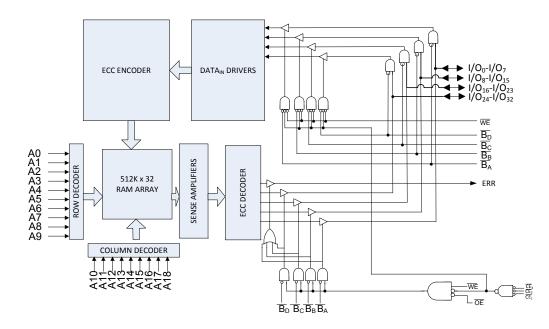
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Logic Block Diagram – CY7C1062G



Logic Block Diagram – CY7C1062GE





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Pin Configurations

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	I/O ₁₆	A ₄	A ₃	A ₂	A ₁	A ₀	I/O ₀
В	I/O ₁₇	A ₁₈	A ₁₇	CE ₁	A ₁₆	A ₁₅	I/O ₁
С	I/O ₁₈	B _c	CE ₂	NC	CE ₃	B _a	I/O ₂
D	I/O ₁₉	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	I/O ₃
E	I/O ₂₀	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	I/O ₄
F	I/O ₂₁	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	I/O ₅
G	I/O ₂₂	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	I/O ₆
н	I/O ₂₃	V_{DD}	V _{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₇
J	NC	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	NC
ĸ	I/O ₂₄	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₈
L	I/O ₂₅	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V_{DD}	V _{SS}	I/O ₉
М	I/O ₂₆	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	I/O ₁₀
Ν	I/O ₂₇	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	I/O ₁₁
Р	I/O ₂₈	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	I/O ₁₂
R	I/O ₂₉	A ₁₄	B _d	NC	B _b	A ₁₃	I/O ₁₃
Т	I/O ₃₀	A ₁₂	A ₁₁	WE	A ₁₀	A ₉	I/O ₁₄
U	I/O ₃₁	A ₈	A ₇	OE	A ₆	A ₅	I/O ₁₅

Figure 1. 119-ball PBGA Pinout (Top View) - CY7C1062G^[2]

Figure 2. 119-ball PBGA Pinout (Top View) - CY7C1062GE [2]

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	I/O ₁₆	A ₄	A ₃	A ₂	A ₁	A ₀	I/O ₀
В	I/O ₁₇	A ₁₈	A ₁₇	CE ₁	A ₁₆	A ₁₅	I/O ₁
С	I/O ₁₈	B _c	CE ₂	NC	CE ₃	B _a	I/O ₂
D	I/O ₁₉	V_{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₃
Е	I/O ₂₀	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	I/O ₄
F	I/O ₂₁	V_{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	I/O ₅
G	I/O ₂₂	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	I/O ₆
Н	I/O ₂₃	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₇
J	ERR	V_{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V_{SS}	NC
κ	I/O ₂₄	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₈
L	I/O ₂₅	V_{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	I/O ₉
М	I/O ₂₆	V_{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₁₀
Ν	I/O ₂₇	V_{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	I/O ₁₁
Р	I/O ₂₈	V_{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	I/O ₁₂
R	I/O ₂₉	A ₁₄	B _d	NC	B _b	A ₁₃	I/O ₁₃
Т	I/O ₃₀	A ₁₂	A ₁₁	WE	A ₁₀	A ₉	I/O ₁₄
U	I/O ₃₁	A ₈	A ₇	ŌĒ	A ₆	A ₅	I/O ₁₅

Note
 NC pins are not connected internally to the die.
 ERR is an Output pin.If not used, this pin should be left floating.



Product Portfolio

					Power Dissipation				
Product	Features and Options (see Pin Configurations	Range	V _{CC} Range (V)	Speed	Operating I _{CC} , (mA)		Standby I (mA)		
FIGURE	on page 4)	Range	VCC Italige (V)	(ns)	f = 1	max	Standby, I _{SB2} (mA)		
					Тур ^[4]	Мах	Тур ^[4]	Мах	
CY7C1062G18	Embedded ECC. No ERR output pin Embedded ECC. Optional		1.65 V–2.2 V	15	70	80			
CY7C1062G30		Industrial	2.2 V–3.6 V	10	90	110	20	30	
CY7C1062GE18		inuusinai	1.65 V–2.2 V	15	70	80	20	30	
CY7C1062GE30	ERR output pin		2.2 V–3.6 V	10	90	110			

Notes 4. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = 1.8 V (for V_{CC} range of 1.65 V–2.2 V), V_{CC} = 3 V and (for V_{CC} range of 2.2 V–3.6 V), T_A = 25 °C.



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature	–65 °C to +150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied	–55 °C to +125 °C
Supply voltage on V _{CC} relative to GND	–0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z State ^[5]	–0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V

DC input voltage ^[5]	–0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
Current into outputs (LOW)	
Static Discharge Voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	>2001 V
Latch-up current	> 140 mA

Operating Range

Grade	Ambient Temperature	V _{cc}
Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	1.65 V to 2.2 V, 2.2 V to 3.6 V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range of –40 °C to 85 °C

Parameter	Description		Test Conditions			10 ns / 15 n	S	Unit
Parameter	Desc	ription	Test conditions		Min	Typ ^[6]	Max	Unit
		1.65 V to 2.2 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = -0.1 m	A	1.4	-	-	
N	Output HIGH	2.2 V to 2.7 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = -1.0 m.	A	2.0	-	-	
V _{OH}	Voltage	2.7 V to 3.0 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = -4.0 m	A	2.2			
		3.0 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = -4.0 m	A	2.4	-	-	
		1.65 V to 2.2 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 0.1 mA		-	-	0.2	
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	2.2 V to 2.7 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 2 mA		-	-	0.4	
	Volkage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 8 mA		-	-	0.4	V
		1.65 V to 2.2 V	-		1.4	-	V _{CC} + 0.2	
VIH	Input HIGH		-		2.0	-	V _{CC} + 0.3	
	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	-		2.0	-	V _{CC} + 0.3	
		1.65 V to 2.2 V	-		-0.2	-	0.4	
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage ^[5]	2.2 V to 2.7 V	-		-0.3	-	0.6	
	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	-		-0.3	-	0.8	
I _{IX}	Input Leakage	Current	$GND \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$		-1.0	-	+1.0	
I _{OZ}	Output Leakag	e Current	GND <u><</u> V _{OUT} ≤ V _{CC} , Out	put disabled	-1.0	-	+1.0	μA
1	Operating Sup	nly Current	$V_{CC} = Max, I_{OUT} = 0 mA,$	f = 100 MHz	-	90.0	110.0	
ICC	Operating Sup	ply Current	CMOS levels	f = 66.7 MHz	-	70.0	80.0	
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE Current – TTL		$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max V}_{\text{CC}}, \ \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{IH}}^{[7]}, \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{IH}} \text{ or } \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \ \text{f} = \text{f}_{\text{MAX}} \end{array}$		_	-	40.0	mA
I _{SB2}	Automatic CE Current – CMC		$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Max } V_{CC}, \ensuremath{\overline{CE}} \geq V_{CC} - 0. \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \ \mbox{or} \ V_{IN} \end{array}$		_	20.0	30.0	

Notes

5. $V_{IL(min)}$ = -2.0 V and $V_{IH(max)}$ = V_{CC} + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.

Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = 1.8 V (for V_{CC} range of 1.65 V–2.2 V), V_{CC} = 3 V (for V_{CC} range of 2.2 V–3.6 V), and T_A = 25 °C.

7. \overline{CE} indicates a combination of all three chip enables. When active LOW, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , and \overline{CE}_3 LOW. When HIGH, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , or \overline{CE}_3 HIGH.



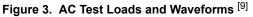
Capacitance

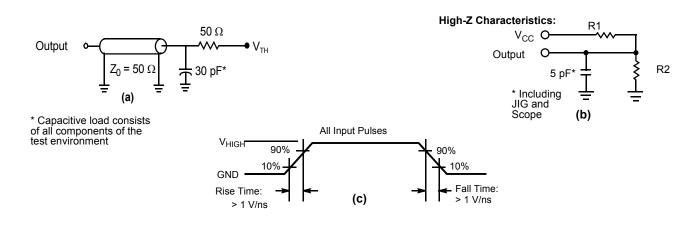
Parameter ^[8]	Description	Test Conditions	119-ball PBGA	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance		10	ρF
C _{OUT}	I/O Capacitance	$T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	10	μ

Thermal Resistance

Parameter [8]	Description	Test Conditions	119-ball PBGA	Unit
(H)	Thermal Resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit	20.92	°C/W
(1)	Thermal Resistance (junction to case)	board	15.84	C/vv

AC Test Loads and Waveforms





Parameters	1.8 V	3.0 V	Unit
R1	1667	317	0
R2	1538	351	Ω
V _{TH}	0.9	1.5	V
V _{HIGH}	1.8	3.0	v

Notes

- 8. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- 9. Full-device AC operation assumes a 100-µs ramp time from 0 to V_{CC} (min) and 100-µs wait time after V_{CC} stabilizes to its operational value.



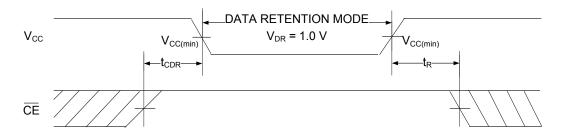
Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range of -40 °C to 85 °C

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{DR}	V _{CC} for Data Retention	_	1.0	-	V
I _{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = V_{DR}, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 V [^{10}],$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 V \text{ or } V_{IN} \le 0.2 V$	-	30.0	mA
t _{CDR} ^[11]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time	-	0.0	_	
t _R ^[11, 12]	Operation Recovery Time	V _{CC} ≥ 2.2 V	10.0	-	ns
'R'		V _{CC} < 2.2 V	15.0	Ι	

Data Retention Waveform

Figure 4. Data Retention Waveform ^[10]



Notes

- 10. CE indicates a combination of all three chip enables. When active LOW, CE indicates the CE₁, CE₂, and CE₃ LOW. When HIGH, CE indicates the CE₁, CE₂, or CE₃ HIGH.

^{11.} Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters. 12. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to V_{CC(min.)} \geq 100 µs or stable at V_{CC(min.)} \geq 100 µs.



AC Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range of -40 °C to 85 °C

Parameter [13]	Description	10	ns	15 ns		11
Parameter [19]	Description	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Unit
Read Cycle	•	·				
t _{POWER}	V _{CC} (stable) to the first access ^[14, 15]	100.0	_	100.0	_	μS
t _{RC}	Read cycle time	10.0	_	15.0	_	
t _{AA}	Address to data / ERR valid	_	10.0	_	15.0	
t _{OHA}	Data / ERR hold from address change	3.0	_	3.0	_	
t _{ACE}	CE LOW to data / ERR valid ^[16]	_	10.0	_	15.0	
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to data / ERR valid	_	5.0	_	8.0	
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to low Z ^[17, 18]	0.0	_	1.0	_	
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to high Z ^[17, 18]	_	5.0	_	8.0	
t _{LZCE}	CE LOW to low Z [16, 17, 18]	3.0	_	3.0	-	ns
t _{HZCE}	CE HIGH to high Z ^[16, 17, 18]	_	5.0	_	8.0	
t _{PU}	CE LOW to power-up ^[15, 16]	0.0	_	0.0	_	
t _{PD}	CE HIGH to power-down [15, 16]	_	10.0	_	15.0	
t _{DBE}	Byte enable to data valid	_	5.0	_	8.0	
t _{LZBE}	Byte enable to low Z	0.0	_	1.0	_	
t _{HZBE}	Byte disable to high Z	_	6.0	_	8.0	
Write Cycle [1	9, 20]				•	•
t _{WC}	Write cycle time	10.0	_	15.0	_	
t _{SCE}	CE LOW to write end ^[16]	7.0	_	12.0	_	
t _{AW}	Address setup to write end	7.0	_	12.0	_	
t _{HA}	Address hold from write end	0.0	_	0.0	_	
t _{SA}	Address setup to write start	0.0	_	0.0	_	
t _{PWE}	WE pulse width	7.0	_	12.0	_	ns
t _{SD}	Data setup to write end	5.0	_	8.0	_	1
t _{HD}	Data hold from write end	0.0	_	0.0	_	1
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to low Z ^[17, 18]	3.0	_	3.0	_	1
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to high Z ^[17, 18]	_	5.0	_	8.0	1
t _{BW}	Byte Enable to write end	7.0	-	12.0	-	

Notes

13. Test conditions assume signal transition time (rise/fall) of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V (for $V_{CC} \ge 3$ V) and $V_{CC}/2$ (for $V_{CC} < 3$ V), and input pulse levels of 0 to 3 V (for $V_{CC} \ge 3$ V) and 0 to V_{CC} (for $V_{CC} < 3$ V). Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading shown in part (a) of Figure 3 on page 7, unless specified otherwise. 14. t_{POWER} gives minimum amount of time that the power supply is at stable Vcc until first memory access is performed. 15. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.

16. \overline{CE} indicates a combination of all three chip enables. When active LOW, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 and \overline{CE}_3 LOW. When HIGH, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , or \overline{CE}_3 HIGH. 17. t_{HZOE} , t_{HZWE} , t_{HZWE} , t_{LZOE} ,

state voltage.

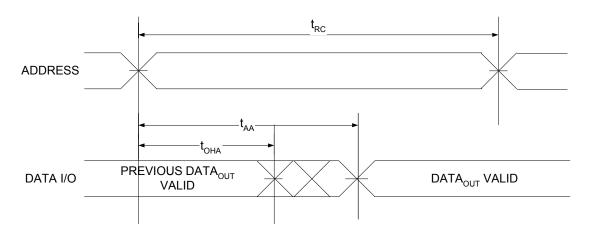
18. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
 19. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE = V_{IL}, CE = V_{IL}. These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

20. The minimum write pulse width for Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE Low) should be sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.

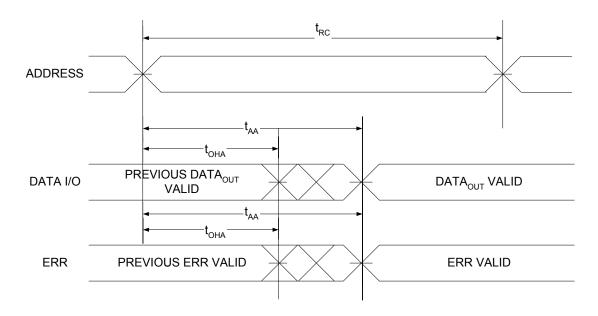


Switching Waveforms









Notes

21. <u>The</u> device is continuously selected, \overline{OE} , \overline{CE} , \overline{B}_A , \overline{B}_B , \overline{B}_C , $\overline{B}_D = V_{IL}$. 22. WE is HIGH for read cycle.



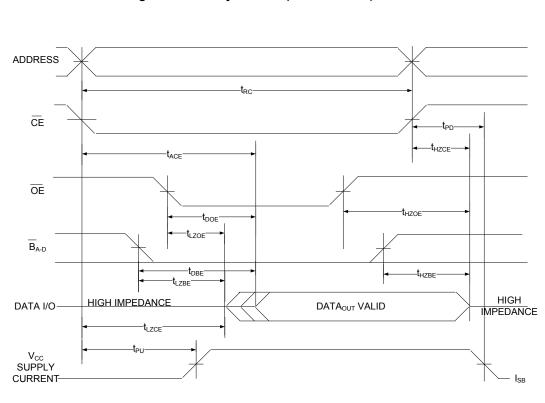


Figure 7. Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) ^[23, 24, 25]

Notes_ 23. \overrightarrow{CE} indicates a combination of all three chip enables. When active LOW, \overrightarrow{CE} indicates the \overrightarrow{CE}_1 , \overrightarrow{CE}_2 , and \overrightarrow{CE}_3 LOW. When HIGH, \overrightarrow{CE} indicates the \overrightarrow{CE}_1 , \overrightarrow{CE}_2 , or \overrightarrow{CE}_3 HIGH.

24. $\overline{\text{WE}}$ is HIGH for read cycle. 25. Address valid before or similar to $\overline{\text{CE}}$ transition LOW.



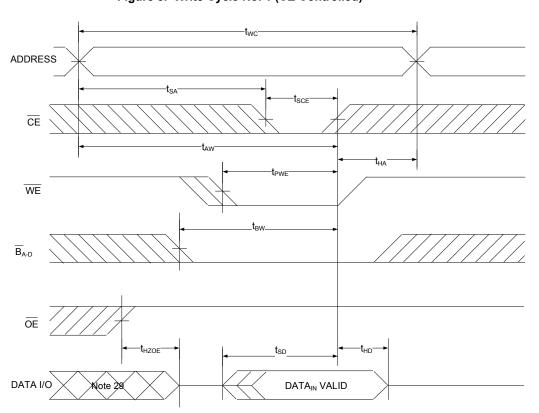


Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 1 (CE Controlled) ^[26, 27, 28]

Notes

Active Section 1. Section 1. Section 2. Se

28. Data I/O is high impedance if \overline{CE} or \overline{OE} or \overline{B}_A , \overline{B}_B , \overline{B}_C , $\overline{B}_D = V_{IH}$. 29. During this period I/O are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



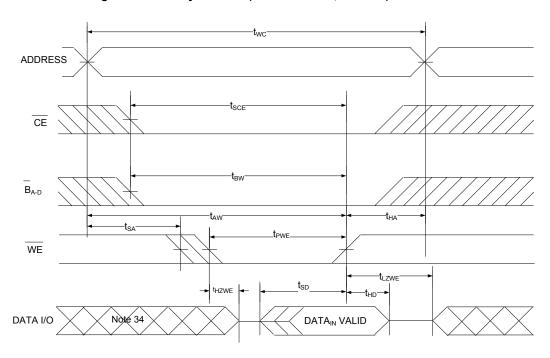


Figure 9. Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE Low) ^[30, 31, 32, 33]

Notes

30. \overline{CE} indicates a combination of all three chip enables. When active LOW, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , and \overline{CE}_3 LOW. When HIGH, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , or \overline{CE}_3 HIGH.

HIGH. 31. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{\parallel}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{\parallel}$. These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

32. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{\text{OE}}$ or $\overline{\text{B}}_{\text{A}}$, $\overline{\text{B}}_{\text{B}}$, $\overline{\text{B}}_{\text{C}}$, $\overline{\text{B}}_{\text{D}}$ = V_{IH}. 33. The minimum write cycle pulse width should be equal to sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}. 34. During this period I/O are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



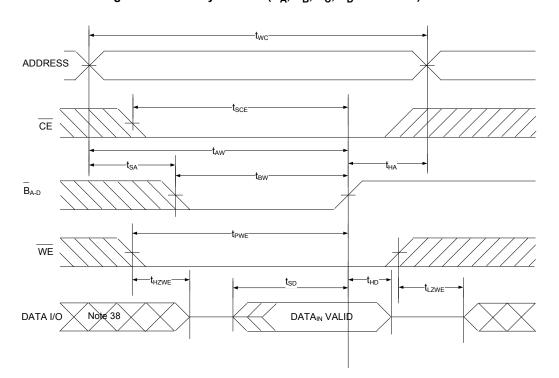


Figure 10. Write Cycle No. 3 (\overline{B}_A , \overline{B}_B , \overline{B}_C , \overline{B}_D Controlled) ^[35, 36, 37]

Notes

- 35. \overline{CE} indicates a combination of all three chip enables. When active LOW, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , and \overline{CE}_3 LOW. When HIGH, \overline{CE} indicates the \overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , or \overline{CE}_3
- HIGH. 36. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{II}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{II}$. These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

37. Data I/O is high impedance if \overline{OE} or \overline{B}_A , \overline{B}_B , \overline{B}_C , $\overline{B}_D = V_{IH}$. 38. During this period I/O are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



Truth Table - CY7C1062G/CY7C1062GE

CE ₁	CE ₂	CE ₃	OE	WE	B _A	B _B	B _c	B _D	I/O ₀ -I/O ₇	I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅	I/O ₁₆ -I/O ₂₃	I/O ₂₄ -I/O ₃₁	Mode	Power
Н	X ^[39]	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	power-down	(I _{SB})							
X ^[39]	Н	X ^[39]	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	power-down	(I _{SB})						
X ^[39]	X ^[39]	Н	X ^[39]	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	power-down	(I _{SB})					
L	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L	L	Data out	Data out	Data out	Data out	Read all bits	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	L	Н	L	Н	Н	н	Data out	High Z	High Z	High Z	Read byte A bits only	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	L	Н	Н	L	Н	Н	High Z	Data out	High Z	High Z	Read byte B bits only	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	High Z	High Z	Data out	High Z	Read byte C bits only	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	High Z	High Z	High Z	Data out	Read Byte D bits only	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	X ^[39]	L	L	L	L	L	Data in	Data in	Data in	Data in	Write all bits	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	X ^[39]	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Data in	High Z	High Z	High Z	Write byte A bits only	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	X ^[39]	L	Н	L	Н	Н	High Z	Data in	High Z	High Z	Write byte B bits only	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	X ^[39]	L	Н	Н	L	Н	High Z	High Z	Data in	High Z	Write byte C bits only	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	X ^[39]	L	Н	Н	Н	L	High Z	High Z	High Z	Data in	Write byte D bits only	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	Н	Н	X ^[39]	X ^[39]	X ^[39]	X ^[39]	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	Selected, outputs disabled	(I _{CC})
L	L	L	X ^[39]	X ^[39]	Н	Н	Н	Н	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	Selected, outputs disabled	(I _{CC})

ERR Output – CY7C1062GE

Output ^[40]	Mode
0	Read Operation, no single-bit error in the stored data.
1	Read Operation, single bit error detected and corrected.
High Z	Device deselected or Outputs disabled or Write Operation.

Notes 39. The input voltage levels on these pins should be either at $V_{IH}\,\text{or}\,V_{IL}$

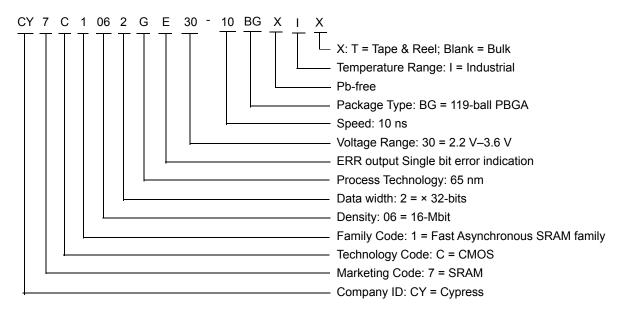
40. ERR is an Output pin. If not used, this pin should be left floating.



Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Voltage Range	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type (Pb-free)	ERR Ball	Operating Range
10	2.2 V–3.6 V	CY7C1062G30-10BGXI	51-85115	119-ball PBGA	No	
		CY7C1062G30-10BGXIT		119-ball PBGA, Tape & Reel	No	Industrial
		CY7C1062GE30-10BGXI		119-ball PBGA	Yes	industrial
		CY7C1062GE30-10BGXIT		119-ball PBGA, Tape & Reel	Yes	

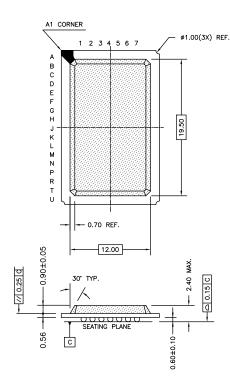
Ordering Code Definitions

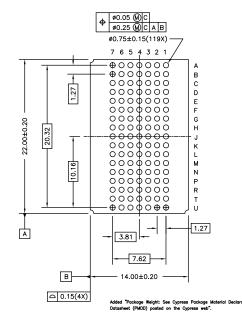




Package Diagrams

Figure 11. 119-pin PBGA (14 × 22 × 2.4 mm) BG119 Package Outline, 51-85115





NOTE:

Package Weight: See Cypress Package Material Declaration Datasheet (PMDD) posted on the Cypress web.

51-85115 *D



Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CE	Chip Enable
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
I/O	Input/Output
OE	Output Enable
PBGA	Plastic Ball Grid Array
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic
WE	Write Enable

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μA	microampere
μS	microsecond
mA	milliampere
mm	millimeter
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
%	percent
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt



Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C1062G/CY7C1062GE, 16-Mbit (512 K words × 32 bits) Static RAM with Error-Correcting Code (ECC) Document Number: 001-81609

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*E	4800546	NILE	07/31/2015	Changed status from Preliminary to Final.
*F	5434962	NILE	09/13/2016	Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: Enhanced V _{OH} for voltage range 3.0 V to 3.6 V from 2.2 V to 2.4 V. Updated Footnote 5. Updated part numbers in Ordering Information. Added Tape & Reel ordering codes. Updated copyright notice and Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information.
*G	5975045	AESATP12	11/30/2017	Updated logo and copyright.



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