(Revised 8/23/2002)



Features

• 40ADC Output Current

EXCALIBUR

- +3.3V or +5V Input
- Low Output Voltages: 0.8V—2.7V
- High Efficiency
- Programmable Output: (VRM Compatible 5-bit Codes)
- · Multiphase Topology

- Output Remote Sense
- Short-Circuit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown
- Standby On/Off Control
- Space-Saving Package
- Solderable Copper Case

Description

The PT8100 Excalibur™ power modules are a family of high-output, high-efficiency, fully integrated switching regulators (ISRs), housed in a solderable 31-pin space-saving copper package. Modules are available for operation from either a 3.3V or 5V nominal input bus voltage. Each provides up to 40A of output current at output voltages as low as 0.8V. The output voltage is programmable via a 5-bit input code.

The PT8100 series incorporates a state-of-the-art, 2-phase, multiple power path topology. This extends the output current range while providing superior transient response

and input current ripple performance. The modules are designed for highend computing and signal processing applications, both of which demand high output currents at low supply voltages.

The modules have a number of standard features to facilitate system integration. These include short-circuit protection, thermal shutdown, standby (On/Off) control, and an output remote sense to compensate for voltage drop between the regulator and the load. In addition, the voltage programming codes are compatible with Intel's® VRM specifications.

Ordering Information

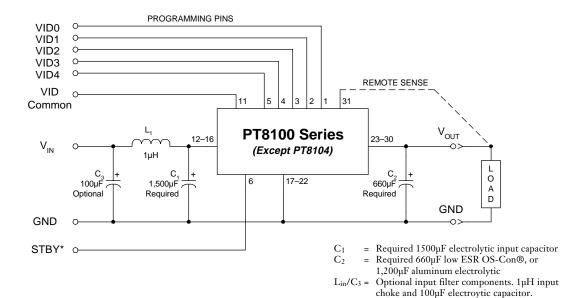
	Output Voltage	Input
Part No.	Progam Range	Bus
PT 8101□	=1.300 to 2.70V	5V
PT 8102□	=1.075 to 1.85V	5V
PT 8103□	=1.075 to 1.85V	3.3V
PT 8104□	=1.050 to 1.825V	5V
PT 8105□	=0.800 to 1.575V	3.3V

PT Series Suffix (PT1234x)

Case/Pin Configuration	Order Suffix	Package Code
Vertical	N	(EKH)
Horizontal	Α	(EKF)
SMD	C	(EKG)

(Reference the applicable package code drawing for the dimensions and PC board layout)

Standard Application (See p.3 for PT8104 application schematic)



Pin-Out Information (Except PT8104 –see p.3)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	VID 0	12	Vin
2	VID 1	13	V _{in}
3	VID 2	14	V _{in}
4	VID 3	15	Vin
5	VID 4	16	V _{in}
6	STBY*	17	GND
7	Do Not Connect	18	GND
8	Do Not Connect	19	GND
9	Do Not Connect	20	GND
10	Do Not Connect	21	GND
11	VID Common	-	

Pin	Function
22	GND
23	V_{out}
24	V _{out}
25	Vout
26	V_{out}
27	V_{out}
28	V_{out}
29	V _{out}
30	V_{out}
31	Remote Sense

Open =Output Enabled VID Common =Output Disabled

Voltage Programming Information (Except PT8104 –see p.3)

						8101 (M 8.4))2/8103 M 9.1)		8105 m Code)
VID 3	VID 2	VID 1	VID 0		D 4=1 out ^(iv)	VID 4=0 Vout	VID 4=1 Vout	VID 4=0 Vout	VID 4=1 Vout	VID 4=0 Vout
1	1	1	1		2.00	1.30V	1.075V	1.475V	0.800V	1.200V
1	1	1	0	2	2.10	1.35V	1.100V	1.500V	0.825V	1.225V
1	1	0	1	2	2.30	1.40V	1.125V	1.525V	0.850V	1.250V
1	1	0	0	2	2.40	1.45V	1.150V	1.550V	0.875V	1.275V
1	0	1	1	2	2.50	1.50V	1.175V	1.575V	0.900V	1.300V
1	0	1	0		2.60	1.55V	1.200V	1.600V	0.925V	1.325V
1	0	0	1		2.70	1.60V	1.225V	1.625V	0.950V	1.350V
1	0	0	0	_1	N/A	1.65V	1.250V	1.650V	0.975V	1.375V
0	1	1	1	1	N/A	1.70V	1.275V	1.675V	1.000V	1.400V
0	1	1	0	1	V/A	1.75V	1.300V	1.700V	1.025V	1.425V
0	1	0	1	1	N/A	1.80V	1.325V	1.725V	1.050V	1.450V
0	1	0	0	1	V/A	1.85V	1.350V	1.750V	1.075V	1.475V
0	0	1	1	1	V/A	1.90V	1.375V	1.775V	1.100V	1.500V
0	0	1	0	1	N/A	1.95V	1.400V	1.800V	1.125V	1.525V
0	0	0	1	_1	V/A	2.00V	1.425V	1.825V	1.150V	1.550V
0	0	0	0	_1	V/A	2.05V	1.450V	1.850V	1.175V	1.575V

Notes:

- i) Logic 0 = Connect to VID Common
- ii) Logic 1 = Open circuit (no pull-up resistors)
- iii) VID3 and VID4 may not be changed while the unit is operating.
- iv) The output voltage of the PT8101 must \underline{not} be set higher than 2.7V.

^{*} For STBY pin:

Pin-Out Information (PT8104 only)

Pin	Function
1	m VID~25mV
2	VID 0
3	VID 1
4	VID 2
5	VID 3
6	STBY
7	Do Not Connect
8	Do Not Connect
9	Do Not Connect
10	Do Not Connect
11	VID Common
12	Vin
13	V _{in}
14	Vin
15	V _{in}
16	Vin

Pin	Function
17	GND
18	GND
19	GND
20	GND
21	GND
22	GND
23	V_{out}
24	V_{out}
25	V_{out}
26	V_{out}
27	V_{out}
28	V_{out}
29	V_{out}
30	V_{out}
31	Remote Sense

Open =Output Enabled VID Common =Output Disabled

Voltage Programming Information (PT8104 only)

PT8104 (VRM 8.5)

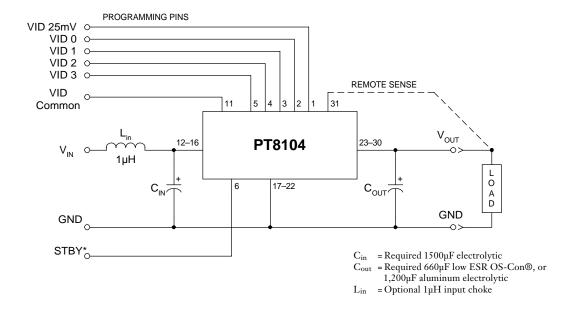
VID 3	VID 2	VID 1	VID 0
1	1	1	1
1	1	1	0
1	1	0	1
_1	1	0	0
1	0	1	1
_1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1
0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0

VID 25mV=0	VID 25mV=1
Vout	Vout
1.300V	1.325V
1.350V	1.375V
1.400V	1.425V
1.450V	1.475V
1.500V	1.525V
1.550V	1.575V
1.600V	1.625V
1.650V	1.675V
1.700V	1.725V
1.750V	1.775V
1.800V	1.825V
1.050V	1.075V
1.100V	1.125V
1.150V	1.175V
1.200V	1.225V
1.250V	1.275V

Notes:

- i) Logic 0 = Connect to VID Common
- ii) Logic 1 = Open circuit (no pull-up resistors)
- iii) VID3 and VID4 may not be changed while the unit is operating.

Standard Application (PT8104 only)



^{*} For STBY pin:

PT8101 /2 Specifications (Unless otherwise stated T_a =25°C, C_1 =1,500 μ F, C_2 =660 μ F, V_{in} =5V, & I_o =40A)

			PT8	3101/2, V _{in}	=5V	
Characteristics	Symbols	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Current	I_{o}	25°C, natural convection 60°C with 200LFM airflow	0.1 (1) 0.1 (1)	_	38 40	A
Input Voltage Range	$ m V_{in}$	Over Io Range	4.5	_	5.5	V
Set-Point Voltage Tolerance	V_{o} tol	Over Vo range	_	±1	±2	%V
Line Regulation	ΔReg_{line}	Over Vin range	_	±5	_	mV
Load Regulation	$\Delta \mathrm{Reg}_{\mathrm{load}}$	Over Io range	_	±5	_	mV
Temperature Variation	$\Delta \text{Reg}_{\text{temp}}$	-40°C ≤T _a ≤85°C	_	±0.5	_	$%V_{o}$
Total Output Voltage Variation	ΔV_{o} tot	Includes set-point, line load, -40°C $\leq \Gamma_a \leq 85$ °C	_	_	±3	%V
Efficiency	η	Io =20A V_o =2.5V V_o =1.8V V_o =1.5V V_o =1.2V		93 90 88 86	_ _ _ _	%
		$\begin{array}{c} I_{o} = \!\! 40 A & V_{o} = \!\! 2.5 V \\ V_{o} = \!\! 1.8 V \\ V_{o} = \!\! 1.5 V \\ V_{o} = \!\! 1.2 V \end{array}$	_ _ _	89 85 83 81	_ _ _ _	%
V _o Ripple (pk-pk)	$V_{\rm r}$	20MHz bandwidth	_	25	_	mV
Transient Response (Vo =1.8V)	t _{tr}	1A/µs load step, 50% to 100% Iomax	_	50	_	μSec
	ΔV_{tr}	V _o over/undershoot	_	75	_	mV
Transient Response (Vo =1.2V)	t _{tr}	1A/µs load step, 50% to 100% I _o max	_	25	_	μSec
	ΔV_{tr}	V _o over/undershoot	_	30	_	mV
Short Circuit Threshold	Iosc		_	60	_	A
Switching Frequency	f_{o}	Over load range	300	350	400	kHz
Standby Control (pin 6) Input High Voltage Input Low Voltage	$egin{array}{c} V_{ m IH} \ V_{ m IL} \end{array}$	Referenced to GND (pins 17–22)	 -0.2		Open (2) 0.8	V
Input Low Current	${ m I}_{ m IL}$	Pin 6 to GND	_	0.5	_	mA
Standby Input Current	I _{in} standby	Pin 6 to GND	_	35	_	mA
External Output Capacitance	C ₂	See application schematic	660 (5)		15,000	μF
External Input Capacitance	C_1	See application schematic	1,500	_	_	μF
Operating Temperature Range	T_a	Over V _{in} Range	-40 (3)		+85 (4)	°C
Storage Temperature	T_s	_	-40	_	+125	°C
Mechanical Shock		Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2002.3 1 msec, Half Sine, mounted to a fixture	_	500	_	G's
Mechanical Vibration		Mil-STD-883D, Method 2007.2 20-2000 Hz, soldered in PCB Vertical Horizontal	_	20 (6) 20 (6)	_	G's
Weight		Vertical/Horizontal	_	55	_	grams
Flammability	_	Materials meet UL 94V-0				

 $\textbf{Notes:}\ (1) \quad \textit{ISR-will operate down to no load with reduced specifications}.$

- 1) ISK-will operate awan to no load with reduced specifications.
 The Standby input (pin 6) has an internal pull-up. If it is left open-circuit the module will operate when input power is applied. A low-leakage MOSFET is recommended to control this input. The open-circuit voltage is nominally 5V. See application notes for interface considerations.
 For operation below 0°C, Cout must have stable characteristics. Use either low ESR tantalum or Oscon® capacitors.
 See safe Operating Area curves or consult factory for the appropriate derating.
 The PT8100 regulators require a minimum of 660µF, low ESR ouput capacitance (1,200µF for standard aluminum electrolytic) for proper operation.
 The case pins on the through-hole package types (suffixes N & A) must be soldered. For more information see the applicable package outline drawing.

Input Filter: The filter components L_1 , and C_3 are optional for most applications. The inductor must be rated to handle the projected input current. A rating of 30ADC is recommended. The capacitance C_1 must be rated for a minimum of 1Arms of ripple current. For transient or dynamic load applications, additional capacitance may be required. For more information refer to the application note on capacitor recommendations for this product.

PT8103/5 Specifications (Unless otherwise stated T_a =25°C, C_1 =1,500 μ F, C_2 =660 μ F, V_{in} =3.3V, & I_o = 40A)

	_		PT8	3.3V		
Characteristics	Symbols	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Current	I_{o}	25°C, natural convection 60°C with 200LFM airflow	0.1 (1) 0.1 (1)	_	39 40	A
Input Voltage Range	V_{in}	Over Io Range	3.1	_	3.6	V
Set-Point Voltage Tolerance	$ m V_{o}$ tol	Over Vo range	_	±1	±2	%V
Line Regulation	ΔReg_{line}	Over Vin range	_	±5	_	mV
Load Regulation	$\Delta \mathrm{Reg}_{\mathrm{load}}$	Over Io range	_	±5	_	mV
Temperature Variation	$\Delta \text{Reg}_{\text{temp}}$	-40 °C \leq T _a \leq 85°C	_	±0.5	_	$%V_{o}$
Total Output Voltage Variation	ΔV_{o} tot	Includes set-point, line, load, -40°C \leq T _a \leq 85°C	_	_	±3	%V
Efficiency	η	$\begin{array}{c} \rm{I_o} = \! 20 & V_o = \! 1.8V \\ V_o = \! 1.5V \\ V_o = \! 1.2V \\ V_o = \! 0.8V \end{array}$		90 89 87 84	_ _ _	%
		$\begin{array}{c} I_{o} = \!\! 40 & V_{o} = \!\! 1.8V \\ V_{o} = \!\! 1.5V \\ V_{o} = \!\! 1.2V \\ V_{o} = \!\! 0.8V \end{array}$		86 84 82 78	_ _ _ _	%
Vo Ripple (pk-pk)	$V_{\rm r}$	20MHz bandwidth	_	25	_	mV
Transient Response (Vo =1.2V)	t _{tr}	1A/µs load step, 50% to 100% Iomax	_	25	_	μSec
	$\Delta { m V}_{ m tr}$	Vo over/undershoot	_	30	_	mV
Short Circuit Threshold	$I_{o}sc$		_	60	_	A
Switching Frequency	f_{o}	Over load range	300	350	400	kHz
Standby Control (pin 6) Input High Voltage Input Low Voltage	$V_{ m IH} \ V_{ m IL}$	Referenced to GND (pins 17–22)	 -0.2	_	Open (2) 0.8	V
Input Low Current	I_{IL}	Pin 6 to GND	_	0.5	_	mA
Standby Input Current	I _{in} standby	Pin 6 to GND		35	_	mA
External Output Capacitance	C ₂	See application schematic	660 (5)		15,000	μF
External Input Capacitance	C ₁	See application schematic	1,500		_	μF
Operating Temperature Range	Ta	Over V _{in} Range	-40 (3)		+85 (4)	°C
Storage Temperature	Ts	_	-40		+125	°C
Mechanical Shock		Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2002.3 1 msec, Half Sine, mounted to a fixture	_	500	_	G's
Mechanical Vibration		Mil-STD-883D, Method 2007.2 Vertical 20-2000 Hz, soldered in PCB Horizontal	_	20 (6) 20 (6)	_	G's
Weight		Vertical/Horizontal	_	55	_	grams
Flammability		Materials meet UL 94V-0				

Notes: (1) ISR-will operate down to no load with reduced specifications.

- (2) The Standby input (pin 6) has an internal pull-up. If it is left open-circuit the module will operate when input power is applied. A low-leakage MOSFET is recommended to control this input. The open-circuit voltage is nominally 5V. See application notes for interface considerations.
- (3) For operation below 0°C, Cout must have stable characteristics. Use either low ESR tantalum or Oscon® capacitors.
- (4) See safe Operating Area curves or consult factory for the appropriate deracting.
 (5) The PT8100 regulators require a minimum of 660µF, low ESR ouput capacitance (1,200µF for standard aluminum electrolytic) for proper operation.
 (6) The case pins on the through-hole package types (suffixes N & A) must be soldered. For more information see the applicable package outline drawing.

Input Filter: The filter components L_1 and C_3 are optional for most applications. The inductor must be rated to bandle the projected input current. A rating of 30ADC is recommended. The input capacitance, C_1 must be rated for a minimum of 1Arms of ripple current. For transient or dynamic load applications, additional capacitance may be required. For more information refer to the application note on capacitor recommendations for this product.

PT8104 Specifications (Unless otherwise stated T_a =25°C, C₁ =1,500μF, C₂ =660μF, V_{in} =5V, V_o =1.8V, & I_o =40A)

			PI			
Characteristics	Symbols	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Current	I_{o}	25°C, natural convection 60°C with 200LFM airflow	0.1 (1) 0.1 (1)	_	38 40	A
Input Voltage Range	$ m V_{in}$	Over Io Range	4.5	_	5.5	V
Set-Point Voltage Tolerance	V_{o} tol	Over Vo range	_	±1	±2	%V
Line Regulation	ΔReg_{line}	Over V _{in} range	_	±10	_	mV
Load Regulation (Droop)	$\Delta \text{Reg}_{\text{load}}$	Over Io range	_	1.5	_	mV/A
Temperature Variation	$\Delta \text{Reg}_{\text{temp}}$	-40 °C $\leq T_a \leq 85$ °C	_	±0.5	_	$%V_{o}$
Total Output Voltage Variation	ΔV_{o} tot	Includes set-point, line, load, -40 °C \leq T _a \leq 85°C, pin 31 to GND	_	_	75 (2)	mV
Efficiency	η	I_{o} =15A V_{o} =1.8V V_{o} =1.5V V_{o} =1.2V	_	90 88 87		%
		$\begin{array}{c} \rm I_o=\!40A & V_o=\!1.8V \\ V_o=\!1.5V \\ V_o=\!1.2V \end{array}$		85 82 80	_	%
V _o Ripple (pk-pk)	$V_{\rm r}$	20MHz bandwidth	_	25	_	mV
Transient Response (Vo =1.2V)	t _{tr}	1A/µs load step, 50% to 100% Iomax	_	50	_	μSec
	ΔV_{tr}	V _o over/undershoot	_	50	_	mV
Short Circuit Threshold	Iosc		_	58	_	A
Switching Frequency	f_{o}	Over load range	300	350	400	kHz
Standby Control (pin 6) Input High Voltage Input Low Voltage	$egin{array}{c} V_{IH} \ V_{IL} \end{array}$	Referenced to GND (pins 17–22)	 _0.2	_ _	Open (3) 0.8	V
Input Low Current	I_{IL}	Pin 6 to GND	_	0.5	_	mA
Standby Input Current	I _{in} standby	Pin 6 to GND	_	35	_	mA
External Output Capacitance	C_2	See PT8104 application schematic	660 (6)	_	15,000	μF
External Input Capacitance	C_1	See PT8104 application schematic	1,500	_	_	μF
Operating Temperature Range	T_a	Over V _{in} Range	-40 (4)		+85 (5)	°C
Storage Temperature	T_s	_	-40		+125	°C
Mechanical Shock		Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2002.3 1 msec, Half Sine, mounted to a fixture	_	500	_	G's
Mechanical Vibration		Mil-STD-883D, Method 2007.2 Vertical 20-2000 Hz, soldered in PCB Horizontal	_	20 (7) 20 (7)	_	G's
Weight	_	Vertical/Horizontal	_	55	_	grams
Flammability	_	Materials meet UL 94V-0				

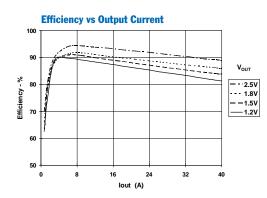
 $\textbf{Notes:}\ (1) \quad \textit{ISR-will operate down to no load with reduced specifications}.$

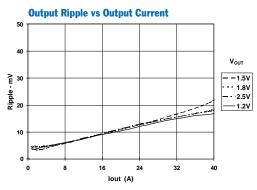
- (2) Total output voltage variation includes load regulation droop, which is required for compliance with specification VRM 8.4-5
- (2) Intal output voltage variation includes load regulation aroop, which is required for compilance with specification V kN 6.4-5
 (3) The Standby input (pin 6) has an internal pull-up. If it is left open-circuit the module will operate when input power is applied. A low-leakage MOSFET is recommended to control this input. The open-circuit voltage is nominally 5V. See application notes for interface considerations.
 (4) For operation below 0°C, Cout must have stable characteristics. Use either low ESR tantalum or Oscon® capacitors.
 (5) See safe Operating Area curves or consult factory for the appropriate derating.
 (6) The PT8100 regulators require a minimum of 660µF, low ESR ouput capacitance (1,200µF for standard aluminum electrolytic) for proper operation.
 (7) The case pins on the through-hole package types (suffixes N & A) must be soldered. For more information see the applicable package outline drawing.

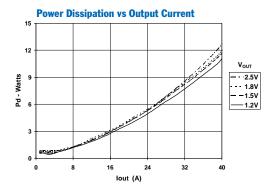
Input Filter: The filter components L_1 and C_3 are optional for most applications. The inductor must be rated to handle the projected input current. A rating of 20ADC is recommended. The input capacitance, C_1 must be rated for a minimum of 1Arms of ripple current. For transient or dynamic load applications, additional capacitance may be required. For more information refer to the application note on capacitor recommendations for this product.

40-A 3.3/5-V Input Programmable Integrated Switching Regulator

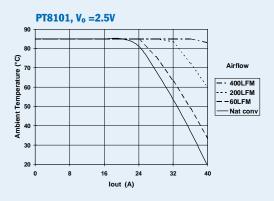
Characteristic Data; V_{in} =5V, PT8101/2/4 (See Note A)

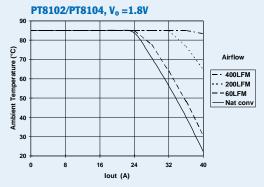






Safe Operating Area; Vin =5V (See Note B)





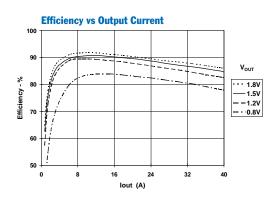
Note A: Characteristic data has been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical data for the Converter.

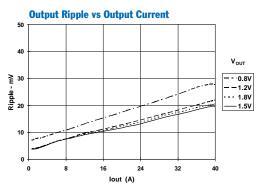
Note B: SOA curves represent the conditions at which internal components are at or below the manufacturer's maximum operating temperatures

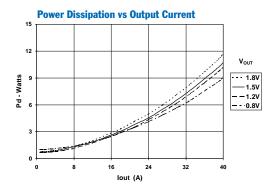


40-A 3.3/5-V Input Programmable Integrated Switching Regulator

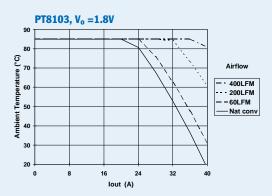
Characteristic Data; V_{in} =3.3V, PT8103/5 (See Note A)

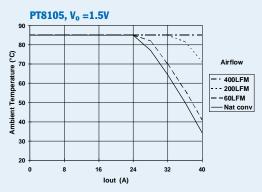


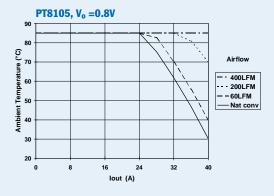


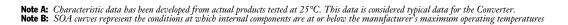


Safe Operating Area; Vin =3.3V (See Note B)











PT8100

Capacitor Recommendations for the Non-Isolated 40-A Excalibur™ Series of Regulators

Input Capacitors

The recommended input capacitance is determined by the 1.0 ampere minimum ripple current rating and 1500µF minimum capacitance. Capacitors listed below must be rated for a minimum of 2× the input voltage with +5V operation. Ripple current and $\leq\!100m\Omega$ equivalent series resistance (ESR) values are the major considerations along with temperature when selecting the proper capacitor.

Output Capacitors

The minimum required output capacitance is either $660\mu F$ Oscon/Tantalum or $1200\mu F$ Alunimun Electrolytic with a maximum ESR less than or equal to $100m\Omega$. Failure to observe this requirement may lead to regulator instability or oscillation. Electrolytic capacitors have poor ripple performance at frequencies greater than 400kHz, but excellent low frequency transient response. Above the ripple frequency ceramic decoupling capacitors are necessary to improve the transient response and reduce any high frequency noise components apparent during higher current excursions. Preferred low ESR type capacitor part numbers are identified in Table 1 below.

Tantalum Characteristics

Tantalum capacitors with a minimum 10V rating are recommended on the output bus, but only the AVX TPS, Sprague 594/595, or Kemet T495/T510 product series. The AVX TPS, Sprague, or Kemet series capacitors are specified over other types due to their higher surge current, excellent power dissipation, and ripple current ratings. As a caution, the TAJ Series by AVX is not recommended. This series exhibits considerably higher ESR, reduced power dissipation and lower ripple current capability. The TAJ series is also less reliable compared to the TPS series when determining power dissipation capability.

Capacitor Table

Table 1 identifies the characteristics of capacitors from a number of vendors with acceptable ESR and ripple current (rms) ratings. The suggested minimum quantities per regulator for both the input and output buses are identified.

This is not an extensive capacitor list. The table below is a suggested selection guide for input and output capacitors. Other capacitor vendors are available with comparable RMS ripple current rating and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance at 100kHz). These critical parameters are necessary to insure both optimum regulator performance and long capacitor life.

Table 1 Capacitors Characteristic Data

Capacitor Vendor Series	Capacitor Characteristics						ntity	
	Working Voltage	Value(µF)	(ESR) Equivalent Series Resistance	85°C Maximum Ripple Current(Irms)	Physical Size(mm)	Input Bus	Output Bus	Vendor Number
Panasonic FC/FK (Surface Mount)	16V 16V	1500 2200	0.060Ω 0.038Ω	1100mA 2000mA	12.5×13.5 18x16.5	1 1	1	EEVFK1C152Q EEVFC1C222N
FC (Radial)	16V	1500	0.043Ω	1690mA	16x15	1	1	EEUFC1C152S
United Chemi-Con LXZ (Radial)	16V 25V	1500 1800	$0.038\Omega \\ 0.029\Omega$	1660mA 2200mA	12.5x20 16x20	1 1	1 1	LXZ16VB155M12X20LL LXZ25VB182M16X20LL
FX	6.3V 10V	1000 680	0.013Ω $0.015\Omega \div 2 = 0.007\Omega$	4935mA >7000mA	10×10.5 10×10.5	1 2	1 1	6FX1000M (Vin =3.3V) 10FX680M (Os-con)
Nichicon PL Series	10V 10V	1500 1800	0.050Ω 0.044Ω	1190mA 1420mA	16x15 16x15	1 1	1	UPM1A152MHH6 UPM1A182MHH6
UD Series	10V	1000	0.09Ω	670mAx2	10×10	2	2	UUD1A102MCR1GS
Os-con: SS SVP (Surface Mount) SVP (Surface Mount)	10V 10V 10V	330 330 560	$\begin{array}{c} 0.025\Omega \div 3 = 0.008\Omega \\ 0.017\Omega \div 3 = 0.006\Omega \\ 0.013\Omega \div 2 = 0.065\Omega \end{array}$	>7000mA >7000mA >7000mA	10×10.5 10.3×12.6 10×12.7	3 3 2	2 2 2	10SS330M 10SVP330M 10SVP560M
AVX Tanatalum TPS Series (Surface (Mount)	10V 10V	330 330	0.100Ω÷3 =0.034Ω 0.060Ω÷3 =0.020Ω	>3500mA >3500mA	7.0 L ×5.97 W ×3.45 H	3 3	2 2	TPSV337M010R0100 TPSV337M010R0060
Vishay/Sprague Tantalum 595D/594D Series (Surface Mount)	10V 10V	330 680	0.045Ω÷3 =0.015Ω 0.090Ω÷4 =0.023Ω	>4600mA >2500mA	7.2 L ×6.0 W ×3.5 H	3 2	2 1	594D337X0010R2T 595D687X0010R2T
Kemet Tantalum T510/T495 /T520 (Surface Mount)	10V 10V	330 220	0.035Ω÷3 =0.012Ω 0.070Ω÷5 =0.035Ω	>5000mA >3000mA	7.3 L ×4.3 W ×4.0 H	3 5	1 2	T510X337M010AS T495X227M010AS
Sanyo Poscap TPB (Surface Mount)	10V	220	0.040Ω÷5 =0.008Ω	>3000mA	7.2 L ×4.3 W ×3.1 H	5	2	10TPB220M



PT8100 Series

Pin-Coded Output Voltage Programming of the 40-A Rated PT8100 Series Regulators

The PT8100 series of Excalibur® ISRs incorporate a pin-coded programmable output voltage. In each case the desired output voltage must be selected from a preset range defined by the regulator model. Programming is achieved by selectively connecting the control inputs, "VID0-VID4" ("VID 25mV-VID3" for PT8104), pins 1–5, to the "VID Common," pin 11.1 The programming code and pinout information for each model is provided in the PT8100 specifications. Some of the program codes are compatible with the "Voltage ID" codes defined by the Intel® VRM specifications. Figure 1 shows the pin-strap connections for selecting 1.5V output voltage from a PT8101.

Notes:

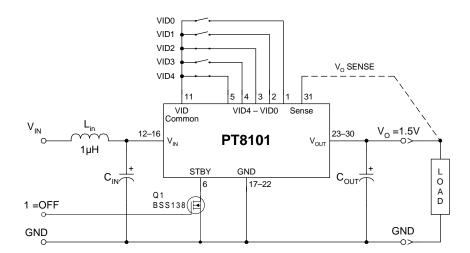
- The programming convention is as follows: Logic 0: Connect to pin 11 (VID Common).
 Logic 1: Open circuit/open drain (See notes 2, & 4)
- 2. The output voltage range of the PT8101 is limited to 2.7V maximum. Above this voltage, the performance of the module is not guaranteed. Although the module will appear to function above this voltage, VID 4 (pin 5) should not be used to set the output voltage higher than 2.7V.
- Do not connect pull-up resistors to the voltage programming pins.
- 4. To minimize output voltage error, use pin 11 (VID Common) as the logic "0" reference. However if the regulator is used to power a VRM compatible

- microprocessor this may not be possible. In this case either connect pin 11 to pins 17–22, or the ground plane close to the regulator. This will allow the microprocessor to use the common ground as a VID control reference.
- 4. If active devices are used to ground the voltage control pins, low-level open-drain MOSFETs should be used over bipolar transistors. The inherent V_{ce}(sat) in bipolar devices introduces errors in the device's internal voltage control circuit. Discrete transistors such as the BSS138, 2N7002, IRLML2402, are examples of appropriate devices.

Active Voltage Programming:

Special precautions should be taken when making changes to the voltage control progam code while the output is active. It is recommended that the ISR be powered down or placed in standby. Changes made to the program code while Vout is active can induce high current transients through the device. This is the result of the electrolytic output capacitors being either charged or discharged to the new output voltage set-point. The transient current can be minimized by making only incremental changes to the binary code, i.e. one LSB at a time. A minimum of 100µs settling time between each program state is also recommended. Making non-incremental changes to VID3 and VID4 with the output enabled is discouraged. The transients induced may activate the module's over-current protection. When using active devices to program the output voltage, their state should be asserted prior to input power being applied. If this is not possible, pull STBY* (pin 6) to GND during the application of power, assert the program code, then release pin 6. The release of pin 6 will then to allow the device to initiate a softstart power-up to the program voltage.

Figure 1



PT8100 Series

Using the On/Off Standby Function of the PT8100 Series of Programmable ISRs

The PT8100 series of programmable ISRs incorporates an On/Off Standby function. This feature may be used to turn the regulated output of the module off while input voltage is applied. This places the module in "standby" mode. The standby control may be used for power-up sequencing, or wherever there is a requirement to control the module's output status from another circuit.

The Standby function is provided by the *STBY** control, pin 6. If pin 6 is left open-circuit the regulator operates normally, providing a regulated output when a valid supply voltage is applied to V_{in} (pins 10-16) with respect to GND (pins 17-22). Connecting pin 6 to ground ¹ places the regulator in standby mode ², and reduces the input current to typically 20mA. Applying a ground signal to pin 6 prior to power-up, will inhibit the output during the period that input power is applied. When the ground signal to pin 6 is removed, the regulator initiates a soft-start to re-establish the set output voltage. ³ To ensure that the regulator output is properly enabled, the *STBY** control pin must be open circuit.

Table 1 Standby Control Requirements 2

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	
$ m V_{IH}$	_		Open Cct. 1	
V _{IL}	-0.2V	_	0.8V	
I _{STBY}		-0.5mA	•	

Notes:

1. The standby on a PT8100 series regulators must be controlled with an open-collector (or open-drain) transistor (See fig. 1). <u>Do Not</u> use a pull-up resistor. Table 1 gives the $STBY^*$ pin parameters. The control pin has an open-circuit voltage equal to V_{in} . To shut the regulator output off, the control pin must be "pulled" to less than 0.8Vdc with a low-impedance sink to ground.

- 2. In the standby mode the output of the regulator is tristate, and the output voltage falls at the rate that the load circuit discharges the output filter capacitors.
- 3. When the ground signal to the *Standby* pin is removed, the regulator output initiates a soft-start cycle by first asserting a low impedance to ground. If an external voltage is applied to the output bus, it will sink current and possibly over-stress the part.

Turn-On Time

Turning Q_1 in Figure 1 off, removes the low-voltage signal at pin 6. After approximately 4ms the regulator output rises and reaches full regulation within 10ms. Fig. 2 shows the typical waveforms of a PT8101 following the prompt turn-off of Q_1 . The turn-off of Q_1 corresponds to the rise in V_{stby} . The output voltage was set to 1.8V, and the waveforms were measured with a 5V input source, and 9.25A resistive load.

Figure 2

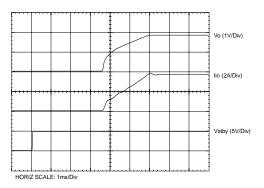
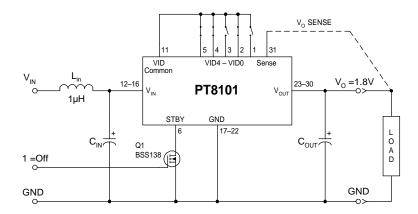


Figure 1



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