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# SPECIFICATION FOR TFT MODULE

# MODULE NO: AFY480272B0-4.3N12NTM-C REVISION NO: D

Customer's Approval:

	SIGNATURE	DATE
PREPARED BY (RD ENGINEER)		
CHECKED BY		
APPROVED BY		

## **REVISION RECORD**

REV NO.	REV DATE	CONTENTS	REMARKS
0	2015-07-14	First release	Preliminary
A	2015-07-27	Update drawing and surface luminance	P4,6,7
В	2015-08-26	Update drawing	P6
С	2016-02-19	Update the TBD data	Page4,7
D	2016-05-10	Update the Surface luminance Typ. according to the principle of TFT surface brightness multiplied by 90%.	Page7

### CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION
2.ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS 4
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 4
4. BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS 4
5.TOUCH PANEL CHARACTERISTICS
6. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS 6
7. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS
8. INTERFACE DESCRIPTION9
9. AC CHARACTERISTICS 10
10. POWER SEQUENCE 12
11. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS 13
12. INSPECTION CRITERION
13. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS 17
14. PRECAUTION FOR USE
15. PACKING SPECIFICATION

## **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

No.	Item	Contents	Unit				
1	LCD size	4.3 inch (Diagonal)	/				
2	LCD type	TN/Normally white/Transmissive	/				
3	Viewing direction	12 O'clock	/				
4	Gray scale inversion direction	6 O'clock	/				
5	Resolution	480 *272 Pixels	/				
6	Module size (W* H*T)	105.5*67.2*4.85	mm				
7	Active area (W*H)	95.04*53.856	mm				
8	Pixel pitch (W*H)	0.198*0.198	mm				
9	Interface Type	RGB interface	/				
10	Module power consumption	0.0792(Without backlight)	W				
11	Back light Type	LED	/				
12	Driver IC	ILI6480BQ or compatible	/				
13	Weight	69	g				

# 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage(LCD Module)	VDD	-0.5	5	V
Back-light current (normal temp.)	ILED	-	50	mA
Operation temperature	Тор	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	Tst	-30	80	°C
Humidity	RH	-	90%(Max60 °C)	RH

# 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS (at Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Input Voltage	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
I/O logic voltage	VDDIO	1.8	-	3.3	V	
Input voltage 'H' level	VIH	0.7VDD	-	VDD	V	
Input voltage 'L' level	VIL	VSS	-	0.3VDD	V	
Power Supply Current	IVDD	-	24	-	mA	
TFT gate on voltage	VGH	-	N/A	-	V	
TFT gate off voltage	VGL	-	N/A	-	V	
Analog power supply voltage	AVDD	-	N/A	-	V	
Differential input common mode voltage	Vcom	-	N/A	-	V	

#### 4. BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS (at Ta=25°C.RH=60%)

(40.14-20.0)	·					
ltem	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
LED Forward Voltage	VF	-	15	-	V	IF=40mA
LED Forward Current	IF	-	40	-	mA	
LED power consumption	PLED	-	0.6	-	W	Note1
Number of LED	-		10		PCS	
Connection mode	-	5 in ser	ies 2 in p	arallel	/	
LED Life-Time	-	20000	-	-	Hrs	Note2

Note1.Calculator Value for reference ILED×VLED×LED Quantity = PLED

Note2.The LED Life-time define as the estimated time to 50% degradation of initial brightness at Ta=25°C and IF =40mA. The LED lifetime could be decreased if operating IF is larger than40mA.

# 5.TOUCH PANEL CHARACTERISTICS (at Ta=25°C)

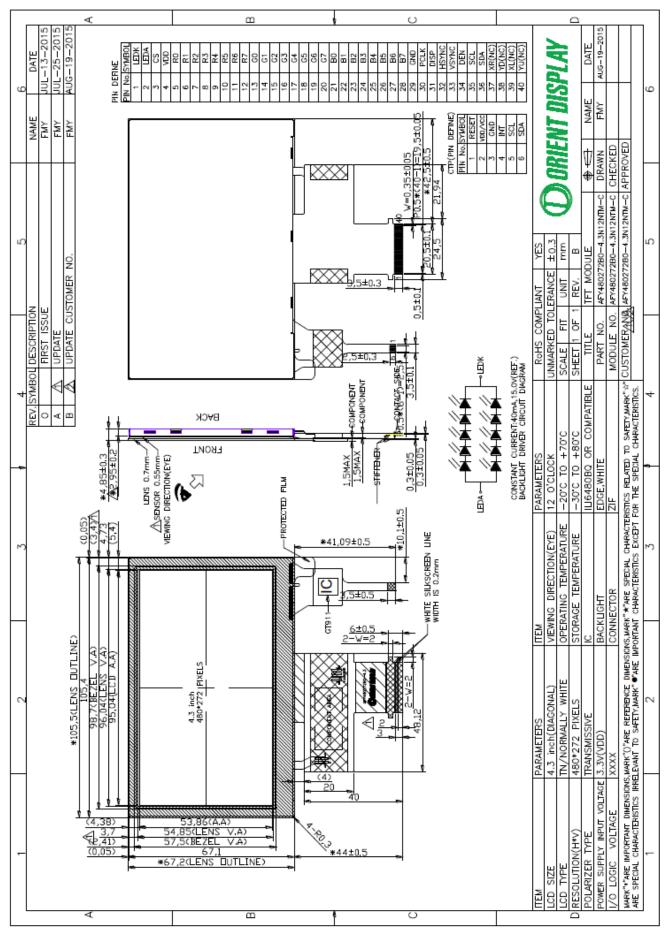
FPC Design	Item	Description	Note
	IC solution on TP Model	GT911	
	Touch Count Max	5 point	
	Display Resolution*	480*272	
[√] COF	Interface Type *	12C	
	I2C Slave Address*	0x5D	
	Origin of Coordinate*	Top left corner	
	IC solution on Broad*		
[ ] COB	Driving Channels		
	Sensing Channels		

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Interface Signal Voltage*	1.8	3.3	3.6	V
Power Voltage*	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
Power ripple*			50	MV

Note1: The detail refer to the Specification For IC

Note2: '\*'means that the item is optional according to the product requirement

# **6.EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS**



ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	Note
Response time	Tr+ Tf		-	15	24	ms	FIG.1	Note4
Contrast ratio	Cr	-	380	500	-		FIG 2.	Note1
Surface Iuminance	Lv	θ=0°	384	472	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	FIG 2.	Note2
Luminance uniformity	-	θ=0°	75	80	-	%	FIG 2.	Note3
NTSC	-	<b>θ=0</b> °	-	50	-	%	FIG 2.	Note5
		Ø = 90°	60	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	
Viewing angle	Viewing angle $\theta$	Ø = 270°	40	50	-	deg	FIG 3.	Note6
viewing angle		Ø = 0°	60	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	NOLEO
		Ø = 180°	60	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	
	Red x		0.5344	0.5744	0.6144	-		
	Red y		0.2963	0.3363	0.3763	-		
	Green x		0.3098	0.3498	0.3898	-		
CIE (x, y)	Green y	θ=0°	0.5595	0.5995	0.6395	-	FIG 2.	NataE
chromaticity	Blue x	Ø=0° Ta=25°C	0.1032	0.1432	0.1832	-	CIE1931	Note5
	Blue y	14-25 C	0.0607	0.1007	0.1407	-		
	White x		0.2792	0.3192	0.3592	-	1	
	White y	]	0.3145	0.3545	0.3945	-	1	

# 7.ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### Note1.Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically by the following formula. For more information see FIG 2. Contrast Ratio =  $\frac{\text{Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3 ..... Pn)}{\text{Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3 ..... Pn)}$ 

Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels (P1, P2, P3 .....Pn)

#### Note2.Definition of surface luminance

Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3 .....Pn)

#### Note3.Definiton of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity in surface luminance ( $\delta$  WHITE) is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 9, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 9 points luminance by minimum luminance of 9 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

δ WHITE= Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3 .....Pn)

Maximum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3 .....Pn)

#### Note4. Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (T<sub>ON</sub>) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (T<sub>OFF</sub>) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%. For additional information see FIG1.

#### Note5. Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

CIE (x, y) chromaticity. The x,y value is determined by screen active area center position P5. For more information see FIG 2.

#### Note6. Definition of Viewing angle.

Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

For Viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope or DMS series Instruments or compatible. For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity and CIE, the testing data is base on TOPCON's BM-7 or BM-5 photo detector or compatible.

**Note:** For TFT module, Gray scale reverse occurs in the direction of panel viewing angle.

### FIG.1. The definition of Response Time

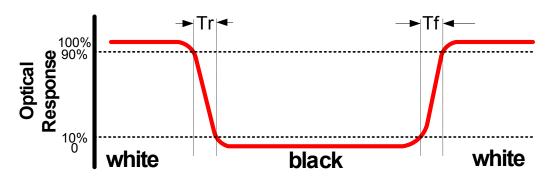


FIG.2. Measuring method for Contrast ratio, surface luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE (x, y) chromaticity

Size:S≤5"(see Figure a)

A:5mm B:5mm

H,V : Active Area

Light spot size  $\emptyset = 5mm(BM-5), \emptyset = 7.7mm(BM-7)500mm$  distance or

compatible distance from the LCD surface to detector lens.

test spot position: see Figure a.

measurement instrument : TOPCON's luminance meter

BM-5 or BM-7 or compatible (see Figure c)

Size:5" $\leq$ S $\leq$ 12.3"(see figure b)

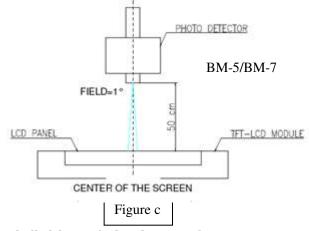
H,V : Active Area

Light spot size  $\emptyset$  =5mm(BM-5), $\emptyset$  =7.7mm (BM-7)500mm distance or compatible distance from the LCD surface to detector lens

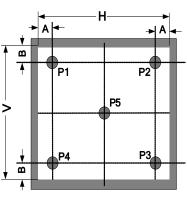
test spot position: see Figure b

measurement instrument : TOPCON's luminance meter

BM-5 or BM-7 or compatible (see Figure c)









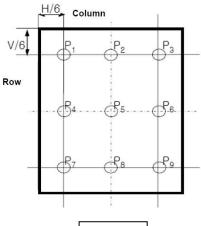
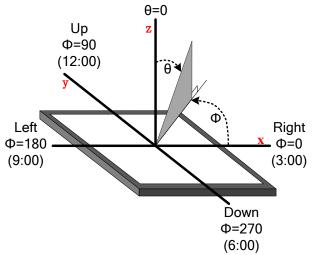


Figure b



## **8.INTERFACE DESCRIPTION**

LCM Interface description

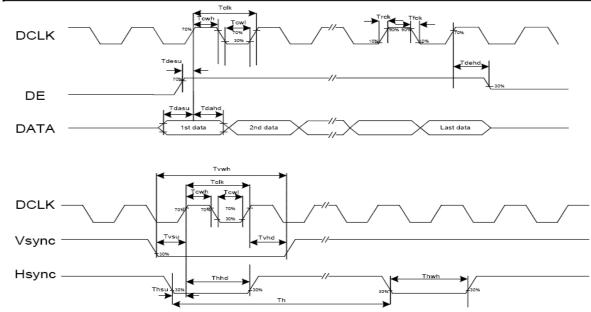
Interface No.	Name	I/O or connect to	Description
1	LEDK	Р	Power for LED backlight(Cathode)
2	LEDA	Р	Power for LED backlight(Anode)
3	CS	I	Chip select pin
4	VDD	Р	Power for LCD
5-12	Red(0-7)	I	Red data
13-20	Green(0-7)	I	Green data
21-28	Blue(0-7)	I	Blue data
29	GND	I	Ground
30	PCLK	I	Dot-clock signal
31	DISP	I	Display on/off
32	HSYNC	I	Horizontal sync input.
33	VSYNC	I	Vertical sync input
34	DEN	I	Data enable
35	SCL	I	Clock pin of serial interface
36	SDA	I/O	Data input pin in serial mode
37	XR(NC)	-	No connection
38	YD(NC)	-	No connection
39	XL(NC)	-	No connection
40	YU(NC)	-	No connection

CTP interface description

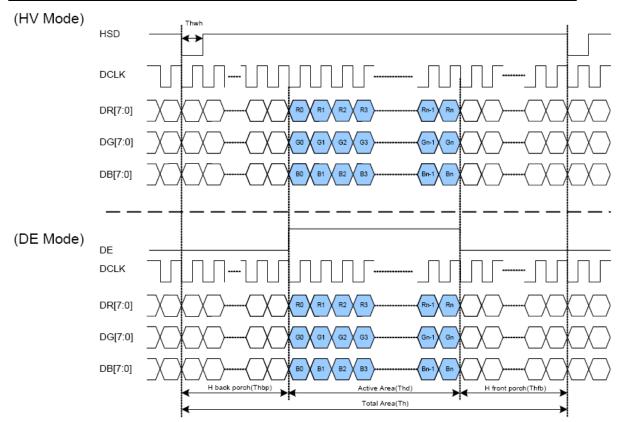
Interface No.	Name	I/O or connect to	Description
1	RESET		Reset low
2	VDD/VCC	Р	Power Supplyof CTP
3	GND	Р	Ground
4	INT	0	State change interrupt
5	SCL		Serial interface clock
6	SDA	I/O	Serial interface date

# 9. AC CHARACTERISTICS

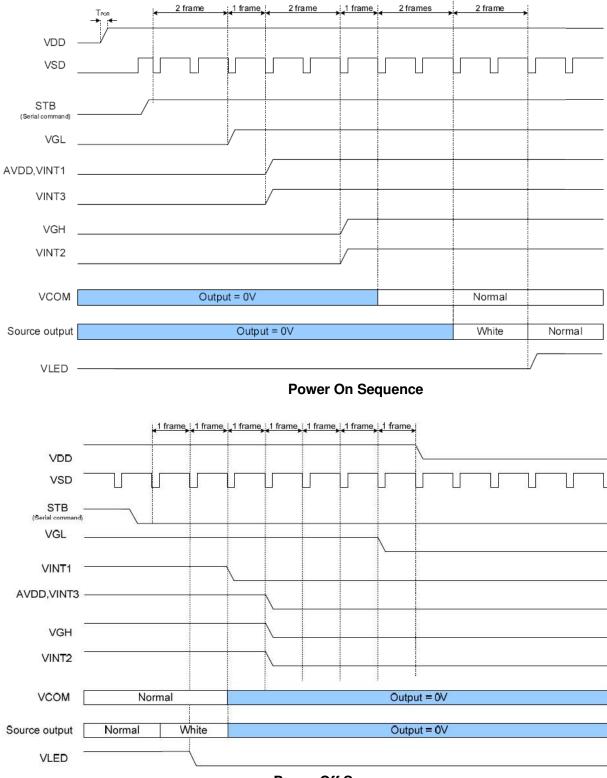
Input Output timing						
DCLK clock time	Tclk	33.3	-	-	ns	DCLK=30MHz
DCLK clock low period	Tcwl	40	-	60	%	
DCLK clock high period	Tcwh	40	-	60	%	
Clock rising time	Trck	9	-	-	ns	
Clock falling time	Tfck	9	-	-	ns	
HSD width	Thwh	1	-	-	DCLK	
HSD period time	Th	55	60	65	us	
HSD setup time	Thsu	12	-	-	ns	
HSD hold time	Thhd	12	-	-	ns	
VSD width	Tvwh	1	-	-	Th	
VSD setup time	Tvsu	12	-	-	ns	
VSD hold time	Tvhd	12	-	-	ns	
Data setup time	Tdasu	12	-	-	ns	
Data hold time	Tdahd	12	-	-	ns	
DE setup time	Tdesu	12	-	-	ns	
DE hold time	Tdehd	12	-	-	ns	
Source output setting time	Tsst	-	-	TBD	us	10% to 90% CL=60pF, RL=2Kohm
Gate output setting time	Tgst	-	-	TBD	ns	10% to 90%, CL=60pF
VCOM output setting time	Tcst	-	-	TBD	us	10% to 90%, CL=40nF, RL=50ohm
Time from VSD to 1st line data input	Tvs	3	8	31	Th	HV mode By HDL[4:0] setting



Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
Farameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	onit
DCLK frequency	fclk	5	9	12	MHz
VSD period time	Τv	277	288	400	н
VSD display area	Tvd	272			н
VSD back porch	Tvb	3	8	31	н
VSD front porch	T∨fp	2	8	97	Н
HSD period time	Th	520	525	800	DCLK
HSD display area	Thd	480		DCLK	
HSD back porch	Thbp	36	40	255	DCLK
HSD front porch	Thfp	4	5	65	DCLK



# **10.POWER SEQUENCE**



**Power Off Sequence** 

## **11.RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS**

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Inspection after test
1	High Temperature Storage	80±2°C/240 hours	Increation offer
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30±2°C/240 hours	Inspection after 2~4hours storage at
3	High Temperature Operating	70±2°C/120 hours	room temperature, the
4	Low Temperature Operating	-20±2°C/120 hours	sample shall be free
5	Temperature Cycle	-20±2°C~25~70±2°C×10cycles (30min.) (5min.) (30min.)	from defects: 1.Current changing
6	Damp Proof Test	50°C×90% RH/120 hours	value before test and
7	Vibration Test	Frequency: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz Amplitude: 1.5mm, X, Y, Z direction for total 3hours (Packing condition)	after test is 50% larger; 2. function defect: Non-display ,abnormal-d isplay, missing lines,
8	Dropping test	Drop to the ground from 1m height, one time, every side of carton. (Packing condition)	Short lines, ITO corrosion; 3.visual defect: Air
9	ESD test	Voltage:±8KV R: 330Ω C: 150pF Air discharge, 10time	bubble in the LCD, Seal leak, Glass crack.

Remark:

1. The test samples should be applied to only one test item.

2.Sample size for each test item is 3~5pcs.

3.For Damp Proof Test, Pure water(Resistance>10M $\Omega$ ) should be used.

4.In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judged as a good part.

5.EL evaluation should be excepted from reliability test with humidity and temperature: Some defects such as black spot/blemish can happen by natural chemical reaction with humidity and Fluorescence EL has. 6.Failure Judgment Criterion: Basic Specification, Electrical Characteristic, Mechanical Characteristic, Optical Characteristic.

## **12. INSPECTION CRITERION**

### 12.1 description

This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for TFT LCM Product.

#### 1.Sample plan

Sampling plan according to GB/T2828.1-2003/ISO 2859-1: 1999 and ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, normal level 2 and based on:

Major defect: AQL 0.65

Minor defect: AQL 1.5

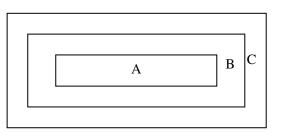
#### 2. Inspection condition

•Viewing distance for cosmetic inspection is about 30±5cm with bare eyes, and under an environment 600~1000lux for visual inspection and 0~200lux for function test., all directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45°against perpendicular line. (Normal temperature 18~28°C and normal humidity 60±15%RH).

#### • Driving voltage

The Vop value from which the most optical contrast can be obtained near the specified Vop in the specification (Within  $\pm 0.5V$  of the typical value at 25°C.).

#### 3. Definition of inspection zone in LCD



Zone A: character/Digit area

Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)

Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)

Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer's product.

### 12.2 Inspection criterion

#### 12.2.1 function defect

Items to be inspected	Inspection criterion	Classification of defects
All functional defects	<ol> <li>No display</li> <li>Display abnormally</li> <li>Missing vertical, horizontal segment</li> <li>Short circuit</li> <li>Back-light no lighting, flickering and abnormal lighting.</li> <li>obvious striation</li> <li>Current beyond specification value</li> </ol>	MA
Missing	Missing component	
Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension exceed the drawing is not allowed.	

Checking item	Judgment criterion					
Item\LCD size	S ≤5.0 Inch	5.0 <s≤7.0 inch<="" th=""><th>7<s≤12.3 inch<="" th=""></s≤12.3></th></s≤7.0>	7 <s≤12.3 inch<="" th=""></s≤12.3>			
Color bad dot-bright dot( $R_{\vee} G_{\vee} B$ )	1	2	3			
two adjacent bright point	0	1	2			
three or more adjacent point	0	0	0			
total points for bad dot-bright dot	1	2	5			
Bad dot-dark dot	2	4	5			
two adjacent dark point	1	2	3			
three or more adjacent point	0	1	1			
total points for bad dot -dark dot	3	6	7			
patch bright dot	Invisible with ND5 % ,it is OK.					

### 12.2.2 LCD pixel defect ( bad dot) (defect type:MI)

### 12.2.3 Dot and line defect (defect type:MI)

Checking	Judgment criterion					finung
item	Diameter(mm)\LCD Size		S ≤5.0 Inch	5 <s≤7 inch<="" th=""><th>7<s≤12.3 inch<="" th=""><th>figure</th></s≤12.3></th></s≤7>	7 <s≤12.3 inch<="" th=""><th>figure</th></s≤12.3>	figure
	D≤0.1		allowed	allowed	allowed	
	0.1 <d≤0.2< td=""><td>4</td><td>allowed</td><td>allowed</td><td></td></d≤0.2<>		4	allowed	allowed	
Dot defect	0.2 <d≤0.3< td=""><td>0</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>1 to</td></d≤0.3<>		0	5	6	1 to
Dol delect	0.3<	0.3 <d≤0.5< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td></td></d≤0.5<>		0	0	
	D>	>0.5	0	0	0	D=(a+b)/2
		the distance be	tween the tw	o defect dot:DS≥	≥5mm	
	Length(mm)	Width(mm)		Judgment crite	erion	
	disregard	W≤0.05	allowed	allowed	allowed	<
line defect	L≤5	0.05 <w≤0.1< td=""><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>7</td><td>~ W</td></w≤0.1<>	4	5	7	~ W
	L>5	W>0.1	0	0	0	
Concave	LCD Size(mm)		Judgment criterion			
point and	D≤0.3		allowed	allowed	allowed	
air bubble	0.3 <d≤1.0< td=""><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td><b>↓</b> •</td></d≤1.0<>		3	4	5	<b>↓</b> •
for	1.0 <d≤1.5< td=""><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>'a'</td></d≤1.5<>		1	2	3	'a'
polarizer	D>1.5		0	0	0	D=(a+b)/2
	Length(mm)	Width(mm)		Judgment crit	terion	
	disregard	W≤0.05	allowed	allowed	allowed	
Lala marili	1 <l≤5< td=""><td>0.05<w≤0.2< td=""><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td></td></w≤0.2<></td></l≤5<>	0.05 <w≤0.2< td=""><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td></td></w≤0.2<>	3	4	5	
Fold mark、 linear scar	L>5	W>0.2	0	0	0	<u></u> ‡₩
for polarizer Notes:1.If the fold mark and linear scar for polarizer is visible with operating condition, the defect is judged with line judge; 2.If the fold mark and linear scar for polarizer is visible with non-operating condition, the defect is judged with the above judgment standard.					zer is visible with	

### 12.2.4 Corner and others crack for LCD (defect type:MI)

Checking item	judgment criterion	figure
electric conduction crack	X≤3.0mm,Y≤1/4w,Z≤t,N≤2	N TIM AND
corner crack	X≤3.0mm,Y≤3.0mm, Z≤t,N≤3 Corner crack extended to ITO PIN, none allowed	
surface crack	X≤1.5mm,Y≤1.0mm, Z≤t, N≤4	Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z

### 12.2.5 Module cosmetic criterion (defect type: MI)

Item	Judgment criterion			
Difference in Spec.	None allowed			
Pattern peeling	No substrate pattern peeling and floating			
Soldering defects	No soldering missing No soldering bridge No cold soldering Notes:detail judgment referring to IPC-A-610 grade II			
Resist flaw on Printed Circuit Boards	visible copper foil ( $\Box$ 0.5mm or more) on substrate pattern, none allowed			
Accretion of metallic Foreign matter	No accretion of metallic foreign matters (Not exceed $\Box$ 0.2mm)			
Stain	No stain to spoil cosmetic badly			
Plate discoloring	No plate fading, rusting and discoloring			
Newton ring	Referring to limited sample			
Mura	Invisible with 5%ND,allowed			
Light leaks	Referring to limited sample			

### **13. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

#### 13.1 Mounting method

The LCD module consists of two thin glass plates with polarizes which easily be damaged. And since the module in so constructed as to be fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the printed circuit board.

Extreme care should be needed when handling the LCD modules.

#### 13.2 Caution of LCD handling and cleaning

When cleaning the display surface, Use soft cloth with solvent

[recommended below] and wipe lightly

•.Isopropyl alcohol

Ethyl alcohol

Do not wipe the display surface with dry or hard materials that will damage the polarizer surface. Do not use the following solvent:

Water

Aromatics

Do not wipe ITO pad area with the dry or hard materials that will damage the ITO patterns Do not use the following solvent on the pad or prevent it from being contaminated:

•.Soldering flux

•.Chlorine (Cl) , Sulfur (S)

If goods were sent without being silicon coated on the pad, ITO patterns could be damaged due to the corrosion as time goes on.

If ITO corrosion happen by miss-handling or using some materials such as Chlorine (CI), Sulfur (S) from customer, Responsibility is on customer.

#### 13.3 Caution against static charge

The LCD module use C-MOS LSI drivers, so we recommended that you:

Connect any unused input terminal to Vdd or Vss, do not input any signals before power is turned on, and ground your body, work/assembly areas, assembly equipment to protect against static electricity.

#### 13.4 Packing

Module employ LCD elements and must be treated as such.

• Avoid intense shock and falls from a height.

•.To prevent modules from degradation, do not operate or store them exposed direct to sunshine or high temperature/humidity

#### 13.5 Caution for operation

•.It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life.

•. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

•.Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature then the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's how dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, which will come back in the specified operation temperature.

•. If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.

•. A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit.

Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%Rh or less is required.

### 13.6 Storage

In the case of storing for a long period of time for instance, for years for the purpose or replacement use, the following ways are recommended.

- Storing in an ambient temperature 10°C to 30°C, and in a relative humidity of 45% to 75%. Don't expose to sunlight or fluorescent light.
- Storing in a polyethylene bag with the opening sealed so as not to enter fresh air outside in it . And with no desiccant.
- Placing in a dark place where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light's keeping the storage temperature range.
- Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by the anything else.
- It is recommended to store them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery from us.

#### 13.7 Safety

- It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCD's into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by either of solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should be burned up later.
- When any liquid leaked out of a damaged glass cell comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water

### **14. PRECAUTION FOR USE**

**14.1** A limit sample should be provided by the both parties on an occasion when the both parties agreed its necessity. Judgment by a limit sample shall take effect after the limit sample has been established and confirmed by the both parties.

**14.2** On the following occasions, the handing of problem should be decided through discussion and agreement between responsible of the both parties.

- When a question is arisen in this specification
- When a new problem is arisen which is not specified in this specifications
- When an inspection specifications change or operating condition change in customer is reported to ODNA, and some problem is arisen in this specification due to the change
- When a new problem is arisen at the customer's operating set for sample evaluation in the customer site.

### **15. PACKING SPECIFICATION**

Please consult our technical department for detail information.