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# Chapter 1 System Overview

he Terasic Spider is a six-legged walking robot which is driven with 18 servo motors. These 18 servo motors are controlled by PWM signals generated from Altera DE0-Nano-SoC board embedded inside the Terasic Spider. The Terasic Spider itself can be remotely controlled by a Bluetooth-enabled Android device through Bluetooth. The app developed by Terasic can control the Terasic Spider to move in four directions and swing based on the G-sensor on the mobile. It can even complete a dance with pre-defined movement.



All the source code for the Terasic Spider is available with the kit. Users can modify the code to improve or change the functions according to their specific applications. The source code includes Android project, Linux application project, and Quartus project.

There is also a 2x20 GPIO expansion header available on the DE0-Nano-SoC board. Users can connect GPIO based daughter cards to it such as camera module.

#### **1.1 System Architecture**

**Figure 1-1** shows the system block diagram of the Spider Robot. The system consists of three parts:





- FPGA Bitstream: soc\_system.rbf
- Linux Spider Program: spider
- Android Application: terasic\_spider.apk

The major function of the FPGA bitstream file is to provide PWM controller to control the rotation of the 18 servo motors. The rotation angle of each servo motor is controlled by the PWM signal. The FPGA controls the 18 servo motors from the 18 PWM controllers.

The Linux Spider program is running on Linux on Altera SoC. The main function of this program is to perform spider movement by the 18 PWM controller on the FPGA side to control the 18 servo motors. The other mainfunction of this program is to provide remote control accessibility based on Bluetooth SPP (Serial Port Profile). It can receive spider control command from a Bluetooth enabled Android device and perform corresponding actions such as moving forward and backward. The Linux should be built with Bluetooth stack enabled to support Bluetooth and an external USB Bluetooth dongle is required.

The main function of the Android Spider Program is to let users remotely control the spider through Bluetooth. The Spider program on the Android device receives users' request from its control GUI and it will send corresponding commands to the Linux Application Program on DE0-Nanos-SoC. The command set is proprietary and it is defined by Terasic.



Figure 1-1 System block diagram of the Spider Robot





#### **1.2 Spider Boot**

The spider system is configured to boot from the MicroSD card on DE0-Nano-SoC. The Linux system, Linux Spider program, and the FPGA bitsream file are all stored in the MicroSD card. The FPGA bitstream file named **soc\_system.rbg** is located in the first partition of the MicroSD card, which is expected to be in FAT partition. The spider execution program named **spider** is located in the /home/root directory under the Linux file system.



When Linux boots with MSEL[4:0] = 00000, the bootloader will configure the FPGA with the FPGA bitstream file named **soc\_system.rbf**. The spider launch script is added into the Linux init scripts /etc/initab to start the spider execution file automatically when Linux starts to load the application process after the kernel is loaded.

#### **1.3 Source Code**

The project source codes for these three demos are all included in the Spider System CD, which is available on <u>http://cd-spider.terasic.com</u>. The corresponding folder locations of the project source codes are shown in **Table 1-1**.

| Project                | Туре    | Folder Location                       |
|------------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| FPGA Spider Project    | Verilog | Program\DE0_NANO_SOC_SPIDER           |
| Linux Spider Project   | C++     | Program\DE0_NANO_SOC_SPIDER_LINUX_APP |
| Android Spider Project | Java    | Program\DE0_NANO_SOC_SPIDER_ANDROID   |









his chapter gives the background for controlling the serve motor, spider movement, and the proprietary command set used for remote communication between the Android Spider Program and Linux Spider Program.

#### **2.1 Spider Movement**

The spider movement is based on the Tripod Gain – the spider always has three foots in contact with the ground at all times. This will keep the spider balanced on the ground.

The six legs of the spider are grouped into Red and Blue, as shown in **Figure 2-2**. When the spider moves, it moves legs from B group first, as shown in **Figure 2-3**. It will then move legs in R group, as shown in **Figure 2-4**. The spider can move forward or backward by moving legs of group R and B interchangeably.











Figure 2-3 Spider moves legs in group B









The servo motor MG996R, as shown in **Figure 2-5**, is used on the spider. MG996 has three pins, as shown in **Figure 2-6**. The Red and Brown pins are power pins. The Orange pin is the PWM pin, which is used to control the rotation angle. The rotation angle of this servo motor is specified by the pulse width of PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) signal, as shown in **Figure 2-7**. The servo controllers send PWM signals continuously to the servo motors and alter the pulse with to change the rotation angle of servo motors. Note that it takes time for the servo motor to rotate to the desired angel, so users need to make sure the rotation is complete before sending the next rotating signals.



Figure 2-5 Servo motor with model MG996R



Figure 2-6 Pinout of servo motor MG996R







#### **2.3 Command Set for Remote Control**

Android Spider program can remote control the spider based on pre-defined command set, as shown in **Table 2-1**. The Command is sent from Android device to DE0-Nano-SoC.

| Command | Description                     |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| ATFW    | Forward                         |
| ATBW    | Backward                        |
| ATTR    | Turn Right 90 degree            |
| ATTL    | Turn Left 90 degree             |
| ATTR=   | Turn Right with specified angle |
| ATTL=   | Turn Left with specified angle  |
| ATSP=   | Set movement speed              |
| ATTTL   | Body tilt left                  |
| ATTTR   | Body tilt right                 |
| ATTTF   | Body tilt forward               |
| ATTTB   | Body tilt backward              |
| ATTTN   | Body tilt recovery              |
| ATALL   | Demo mode                       |

#### Table 2-1 Command Set





# Chapter 3 FPGA Quartus Project

his chapter describes the main function of FPGA Quartus project. It provides 18 PWM controllers for the Linux Application program to control the rotation angle of the 18 servo motors on the spider. Altera HPS IP is used to establish a bridge between FPGA and HPS/ARM for the Linux Application program to access these controllers.



#### **3.1 Block Diagram**

**Figure 3-1** shows the block diagram of FPGA Quartus project for the Spider. The project is created in Qsys. The PWM controllers designed by Teraisc in Qsys are used to control the 18 servo motors. The PIO controllers for LED[6:0] and KEY[1:0] in Qsys are also included and connected to the HPS, so the HPS/ARM can access these peripherals. The LED[7] is connected to a counter as a system heartbeat. When the FPGA is configured with this Quartus Project, LED[7] will blink.







Figure 3-1 Block diagram of the Spider FPGA project

### 3.2 PWM Controller

It is crucial for the PWM controller not to send the final PWM immediately for the servo motor to rate smoothly with adjustable speed. The PWM controller sends a series of PWM with various pulse for the servo to rotate from the current angle to the desired angle in several steps with desired speed. The controller is configured with its internal register. It has three registers, as shown **Table 3-1**. The TOTAL\_DUR register is used to setup the PWM cycle time with tick count unit. The tick is 1/50MHz second in this project. The HIGH\_DUR register is used to setup the high-duration of PWM signal with tick count unit. The CONTROL\_STATUS register is used to setup the rotation speed and indicate whether the final PWM signal for the desired angle has been sent out. Please do not update the HIGH\_DUR register value until the final PWM is sent out for servo to move smoothly and correctly.

| Offset | Register Name  | Write                          | Read                                 |
|--------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0      | TOTAL_DUR      | Set the PWM cycle time         | Get the PWM cycle time               |
| 1      | HIGH_DUR       | Set the PWM high-duration time | Get the PWM high-duration time       |
| 2      | CONTROL_STATUS | Set the rotation speed         | Bit0 indicates the final PWM is sent |

#### Table 3-1 Registers in PWM controller





The PWM controller is implemented as a custom Qsys component to make it easily connected to the HPS in Qsys. The source code of PWM controller is located in the ip\spider folder under the Quartus project.

#### **3.3 Build Project**

Here is the project information:

- Project Creator: Quartus 14.0
- Project Location: Program/DE0\_NANO\_SOC\_SPIDER under system CD
- Project Name: DE0\_Nano\_SoC\_golden\_top

Launch Quartus and open the project. After compilation, DE0\_Nano\_SoC\_golden\_top.sof will be generated under the project folder. Because the .rbf file format is required for HPS to configure FPGA, Terasic provides a batch file for translation from .sof to .rbf file.

Please copy the generated DE0\_Nano\_SoC\_golden\_top.sof to the sof\_to\_rbf folder under the Quartus project. Execute the batch file "sof\_to\_rbf.bat" under the sof\_to\_rbf folder and a soc\_system.rbf will be generated in the sof\_to\_rbf folder.

#### **3.4 Update FPGA Configuration File to MicroSD Card**

Please browse the MicroSD card in Windows, as shown in **Figure 3-2**, to replace the FPGA configuration file named soc\_system.rbf in the MicroSD card. Delete the original soc\_system.rbf, and copy your soc\_system.rbf into the MicroSD card. When Linux boots up, the bootloader will read the contents of soc\_system.rbf and configure the FPGA accordingly.



Figure 3-2 Contents of MicroSD card when browsing in Windows





# Chapter 4 Linux Spider Project

his chapters describes the Linux spider project, which is a Linux C+ project, built by Altera SoC Kit. The main function of this Linux Spider project is to perform spider movement by controlling the 18 PWM controller on the FPGA side to control the 18 servo motors. The other main function of this program is to provide remote control accessibility based on Bluetooth SPP (Serial Port Profile). It can receive spider control command from a Bluetooth enabled Android device and perform corresponding actions such as moving forward and backward. The Linux should be built with Bluetooth stack enabled to support Bluetooth and an external USB Bluetooth dongle is required.



### **4.1 Linux Spider Execution File**

The Linux Spider execution file is automatically executed when Linux boots up, as shown in **Figure 4-1**.







Figure 4-1 Spider execution file is executed

The execution file is located in the directory /home/root directory under the Linux file system, as shown in **Figure 4-2**.



Figure 4-2 Location of Spider execution file

The spider execution script is added into the init scrip file under the directory /etc/inittab, as shown in **Figure 4-3**, for it to be executed automatically when the Linux system boots up.





| COM8 - PuTTY   |    |
|--|----|
| root@socfpga:/etc# cat inittab   | *  |
| <pre># /etc/inittab: init(8) configuration.</pre>  |    |
| \$4 \$1d: inittab,v 1.91 2002/01/25 13:35:21 miguels Exp \$  |    |
| 14 TRUNK II. SHITING SASAA SHI YUA IIMMANY   |    |
| # The default runlevel.  |    |
| id:5:initdefault:  |    |
|  |    |
| # Boot-time system configuration/initialization script.  |    |
| <pre># inis is fun filst except when booting in emergency (-b) mode. #i::eveinit:/atc/init_d/rc5</pre> |    |
| 515Y51110./ ECC/ 1110.u/ 105   |    |
| # What to do in single-user mode.  |    |
| ~~:S:wait:/sbin/sulogin  |    |
|  |    |
| # /etc/init.d executes the S and K scripts upon change   |    |
| # of runlevel.   |    |
| +  |    |
| # Runlevel 0 is halt.  |    |
| # Runlevel 1 is single-user.   |    |
| # Runlevels 2-5 are multi-user.  |    |
| # Runlevel 6 is reboot.  |    |
|  |    |
| 10:0:wait:/etc/init.d/rc 0   |    |
| 11:1:wait:/etc/init.d/rc 1   |    |
| 12:2:Walt:/etc/init.d/rc 2   |    |
| 13:3:Wait:/etc/init.d/rc 3   |    |
| 15:5:wait:/etc/init.d/rc.5   |    |
| 16:6:wait:/etc/init.d/rc 6   |    |
| 17:5:wait:/etc/init.d/dbus-1 start   |    |
| 18:5:wait:bluetoothd   |    |
| 19:5:wait:hciconfig hci0 up  |    |
| 20:5:wait:hciconfig hci piscan   |    |
|  |    |
| # Normally not reached, but fallthrough in case of emergency.  |    |
| z6:6:respawn:/sbin/sulogin   |    |
| 5 <del>12345;respawn;/sbin/getty_n_l</del> /sbin/autologin 115200 ttyS0                                |    |
| 21:5:wait:/home/root/./spider  |    |
|  |    |
| # /sbin/getty invocations for the runievels.   |    |
| #<br># The WidW field MUST be the same as the last   |    |
| t characters of the device (after "tty")   |    |
| +  |    |
| + Format:  |    |
| <pre># <id>:<runlevels>:<action>:<process></process></action></runlevels></id></pre>                   |    |
|  |    |
|  |    |
| 1:2345:respawn:/sbin/getty 38400 tty1  |    |
|  | E  |
| root@socfpga:/etc# 📋   |    |
|  | Ŧ  |
|  | 10 |

Figure 4-3 Contents of the inittab file

#### 4.2 Main Objects in the System

The Linux Spider project is written in C++. **Figure 4-4** shows the main objects in the system. The CBtSppCommand object is used to receive the spider action command from the Android Spider program running on Android device. This object is running in a separated thread. The thread checks whether there is a coming command in polling method. The received commands are pushed into the CQueueCommand object. For the spider action command details, please refer to chapter 2.





The main program will check the CQueueCommand whether there any queue command. If there are queue command, it will retrieve the command from the CQueueCommand object, and control CSpider object to perform associated action. Besides, the main program polls the CPIO\_BUTTON object to check whether users press KEY1 button on the DE0-Nano-SoC. If yes, it will control Spider object to perform a dancing demonstrating.



Figure 4-4 Major objects in the system

#### **4.3 C++ Class**

 Table 4-1 the C++ class defined in the project.

| Class         | Function Description   | Implementation Files |
|---------------|--|----------------------|
| CSpider       | Provide function to perform robot spider<br>actions such as move forward and backward.<br>Contain six CSpiderLeg objects.        | CSpider.cpp/h        |
| CSpiderLeg    | Control the rotation angle of the three joints in<br>a robot leg.<br>Contains three CMotor objects.                              | CSpiderLeg.cpp/h     |
| CMotor        | Rotation control for a servo motor.<br>It will control the PWM controllers from FPGA<br>side to perform required angle rotation. | CMotor.cpp/h         |
| BtSppCommand  | Parse the raw data coming from Bluetooth.<br>Derive from the CBtSpp class.   | BtSppCommand.cpp/h   |
| BtSpp         | Provide Bluetooth SPP service based on the RFCOMM Bluetooth stack in Linux kernel.   | BtSpp.cpp/h          |
| CQueueCommand | Queue received Bluetooth command   | QueueCommand.cpp/h   |
| CQueue        | Provide queue function   | Queue.cpp/h          |
| CPIO_BUTTON   | Query the status of buttons from HPS side of DE0-Nano-SoC  | PIO_BUTTON.cpp/h     |
| CPIO_LED      | Control the LEDs from HPS side of<br>DE0-Nano-SoC  | PIO_LED.cpp/h        |

#### Table 4-1 C++ class defined in the Spider project





#### **4.4 Build Project**

Altera SoC EDS (Embedded Design Suite) is required to compile this project. Please follow the steps below to compile the project.

- 1. Make sure Altera SoC EDS v14.1 is installed on the host PC.
- 2. Copy the Linux Spider project into the local hard disk.
- 3. Launch Altera "SoC EDS Command Shell"
- 4. Type "cd" command in the command shell to change the current directory to the project location
- 5. Type "make" to build the project, as shown in Figure 4-5
- 6. The "spider" binary file will be generated in the project directory if the compilation is successful.



Figure 4-5 Type 'make' to build the project

#### **4.5 Update Spider Execution File**

Copy the generated "spider" binary file to the directory /home/root directory under the de0-nano-soc Linux file system to update the Spider execution file.





# Chapter 5 Android Spider Project

he Android Spider project is a Java-based project built by Eclipse. The main function of the Android Spider project is to receive users' input from the GUI and send commands to the spider robot through Bluetooth. The Android device should equity with Classical Bluetooth capacity for running this Bluetooth-based application.

### 5.1 System Block Diagram



Figure 5-1 The three objects in the system

The development of Android application must follow the lifecycle of Android activity. For more information about the lifecycle of Android activity. please refer to http://developer.android.com/reference/android/app/Activity.html. There are three UI objects used in the demo. Figure 5-1 shows these objects in the system. When these objects are triggered by users, the command will be sent out to the Bluetooth receiver on the spider robot through a function named SendMessage. The SeekBar object is used to





adjust the movement speed of the spider robot. It will send out command when the movement speed is changed via the seek bar on the GUI. The Gyro (TextView) can display the gyro data gathered from the mobile on the mobile dynamically. The ImageView is used as button and it's triggered when users press forward, backward, left, right, or the demo mode button.

#### **5.2 Build Project**

Both Android SDK and Eclipse ADT Plugin must be installed to complete the installation for this project prior to the development of Android. For more settings about the API 17 used in this demo, please refer to **Figure 5-2**.

| Name.             | zenfone                |                    | Size:          | large   |                                       |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Screen Size (in): | 5.0                    |                    | Screen Ratio:  | long  |                                       |  |  |  |
| Resolution (px):  | 1280                   | x 720              | Density:       | xhdpi   |                                       |  |  |  |
| Sensors:          | V Acceleromet          | ter 🔽 Gyroscope    | Buttons:       | Hardware                                      |                                       |  |  |  |
| Cameras           | Front                  | Rear               |                | Portrait:<br>Enabled<br>Landscape:<br>Enabled | Navigation                            |  |  |  |
| Input:            | ☑ Keyboard<br>◎ No Nav | ) DPad 🔘 Trackball | Device States: | Portrait with k<br>V Enabled                  | eyboard:<br>Vavigation<br>h keyboard: |  |  |  |
| RAM:              | 512                    | MiB 🔻              | Voverride th   | Enabled e existing device                     | Navigation                            |  |  |  |

Figure 5-2 Edit device

There are many Android SDK versions to be chosen from and the version 4.2.2 (API 17) must be installe. For more details about the installation, please refer to:

http://developer.android.com/sdk/installing/installing-adt.html

The project folder has to be imported prior to the start of building the project. Choose File  $\rightarrow$  Import  $\rightarrow$  Android  $\rightarrow$  Existing Android Code Into Workspace from the menu.





| Select an import source:   |  |
|--|--|
|  |  |
| type filter text   |  |
| P Ceneral     P Android     Existing Android Code Into Workspace |  |
| b B C/C++ b B CVS  |  |
| ⊫ 📴 Git  |  |
| <ul> <li>De Mauen</li> </ul>                                     |  |
| 🖻 🕞 Run/Debug  |  |
| 🔋 📂 Tasks  |  |
| p 📂 Team   |  |
| > E> XML   |  |
|  |  |

Press Next and browse to the project folder under the root directory. Click the Finish button.

| Root Directory: C:\Users\User\DEMC<br>Proiects: | DSPIDER          | Browse       |
|---|------------------|--------------|
| Project to Import                               | New Project Name | Select All   |
| C:\Users\User\DEMO SPIDER                       | DEMO SPIDER      | Deselect All |
| Copy projects into workspace                    |                  |              |
| Add project to working sets                     |                  |              |
| Working sets.                                   |                  | - Select     |

The default project setting in Eclipse tool is Build Automatically, as shown in Figure 5-3.



| SPIDER<br>Robot | B            |                     |        |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|--------|
|                 | Proj         | ect Run Window      | Help   |
|                 |              | Open Project        |        |
|                 |              | Close Project       |        |
|                 | 010          | Build All           | Ctrl+B |
|                 |              | Build Project       |        |
|                 |              | Build Working Set   | •      |
|                 |              | Clean               |        |
|                 | $\checkmark$ | Build Automatically |        |
|                 | <b>P</b>     | Generate Javadoc    |        |
|                 |              | Properties          |        |

Figure 5-3 The default project setting is Built Automatically

### 5.1 Update Demo File

Before the demo file can be downloaded to Android mobile through Eclipse tool, the Debug mode must be enabled to allow the installation from an unknown source. The corresponding driver also needs to be installed on the host PC. Right-click on the project folder and select Run AS -> Android Application to download the demo file to Android mobile, as shown in **Figure 5-4**.







# Chapter 6 Appendix

**Servo Motor Connections** ter asiC 38 [ ······ ] Com **F**<sup>1111</sup>7 Lunn J C291

#### **Motor Index**

**GPIO Index** 

#### Mapping Table

| Leg            | F | Right<br>front | - Right-<br>middle |    | ht- Right- Left-<br>dle back front |    |    | Left-<br>middle |    |   | Left-<br>back |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------------|---|----------------|--------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|----|-----------------|----|---|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Motor<br>Index | 0 | 1              | 2                  | 3  | 4                                  | 5  | 6  | 7               | 8  | 9 | 10            | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| GPIO<br>Index  | 9 | 10             | 11                 | 17 | 16                                 | 15 | 14 | 13              | 12 | 2 | 1             | 0  | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 |





## **Revision History**

| Version | Change Log      |
|---------|-----------------|
| V1.0    | Initial Version |

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