

High Voltage, High Gain BIMOSFET™ Monolithic Bipolar MOS Transistor

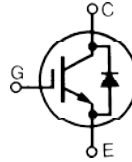
IXBF32N300

$$V_{CES} = 3000V$$

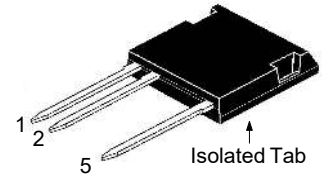
$$I_{C90} = 22A$$

$$V_{CE(sat)} \leq 3.2V$$

(Electrically Isolated Tab)



ISOPLUS i4-Pak™



1 = Gate
2 = Emitter
5 = Collector

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	3000	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$, $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	3000	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	40	A
I_{C90}	$T_C = 90^\circ C$	22	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$, 1ms	250	A
SSOA (RBSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$, $R_G = 10\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 80$ $V_{CES} \leq 2400$	A V
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	160	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_{JM}		150	$^\circ C$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_L	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering 1.6 mm (0.062 in.) from Case for 10s	300	$^\circ C$
F_C	Mounting Force	20..120 / 4.5..27	Nm/lb.in.
V_{ISOL}	50/60Hz, 1 Minute	3000	V
Weight		5	g

Features

- Silicon Chip on Direct-Copper Bond (DCB) Substrate
- Isolated Mounting Surface
- 3000V Electrical Isolation
- High Blocking Voltage
- International Standard Package
- Low Conduction Losses

Advantages

- Low Gate Drive Requirement
- High Power Density

Applications:

- Switched-Mode and Resonant-Mode Power Supplies
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Laser Generators
- Capacitor Discharge Circuits
- AC Switches

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ C$ Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
BV_{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{GE} = 0V$	3000		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	2.5		5.0 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$ Note 2, $T_J = 125^\circ C$			50 μA 2 mA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 32A$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, Note 1 $T_J = 125^\circ C$		2.8 3.5	3.2 V V

Symbol Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)		Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 32\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}, \text{Note 1}$	16	26	S
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		3140	pF
C_{oes}			124	pF
C_{res}			40	pF
Q_g	$I_C = 32\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CE} = 1000\text{V}$		142	nC
Q_{ge}			20	nC
Q_{gc}			57	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Resistive Switching Times, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 32\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 1250\text{V}, R_G = 2\Omega$		50	ns
t_r			185	ns
$t_{d(off)}$			160	ns
t_f			720	ns
$t_{d(on)}$	Resistive Switching Times, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 32\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 1250\text{V}, R_G = 2\Omega$		58	ns
t_r			515	ns
$t_{d(off)}$			165	ns
t_f			630	ns
R_{thJC}			0.78	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{thCS}		0.15		$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Reverse Diode

Symbol Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)		Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
V_F	$I_F = 32\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$			2.1 V
t_{rr}	$I_F = 16\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, -di_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 100\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$		1.5	μs
I_{RM}			33	A

Notes:

1. Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.
2. Device must be heatsunk for high temperature leakage current measurements to avoid thermal runaway.

Littelfuse reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,850,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

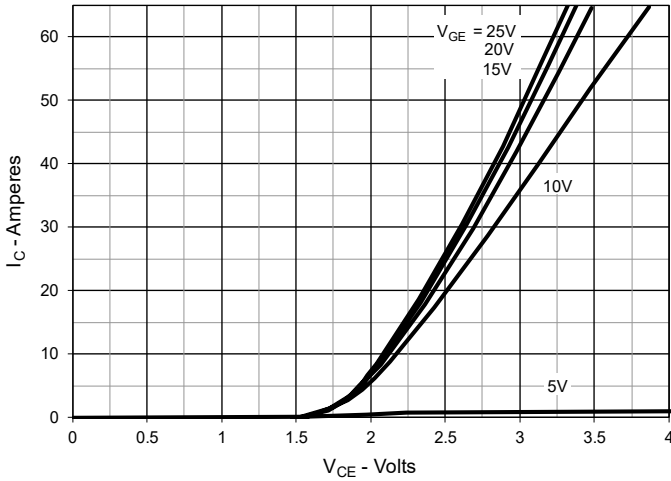


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

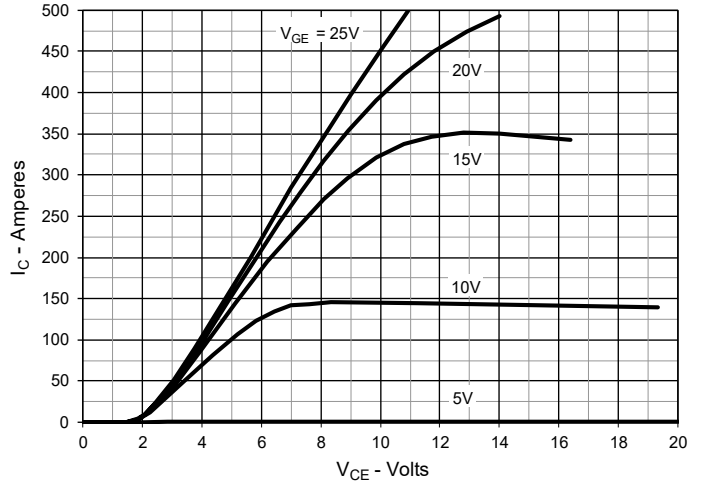


Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

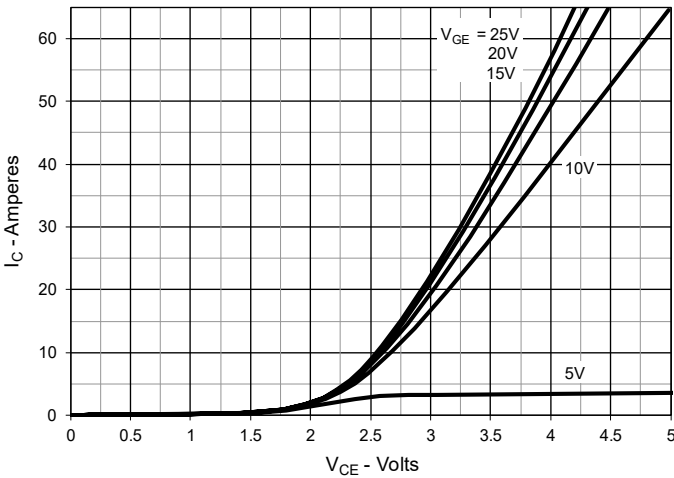


Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

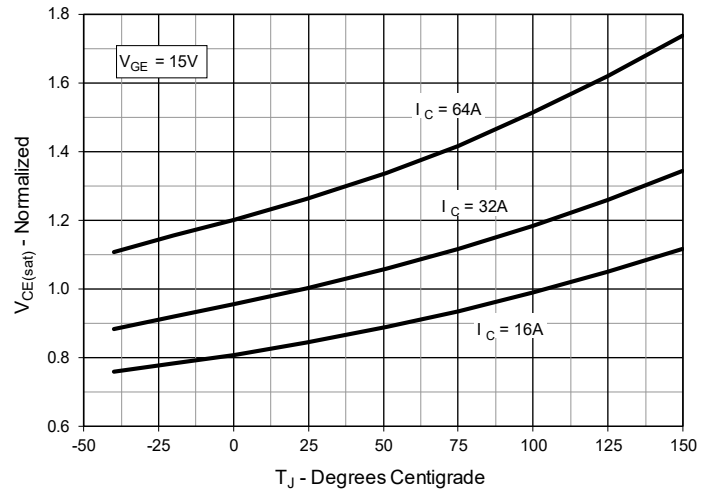


Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

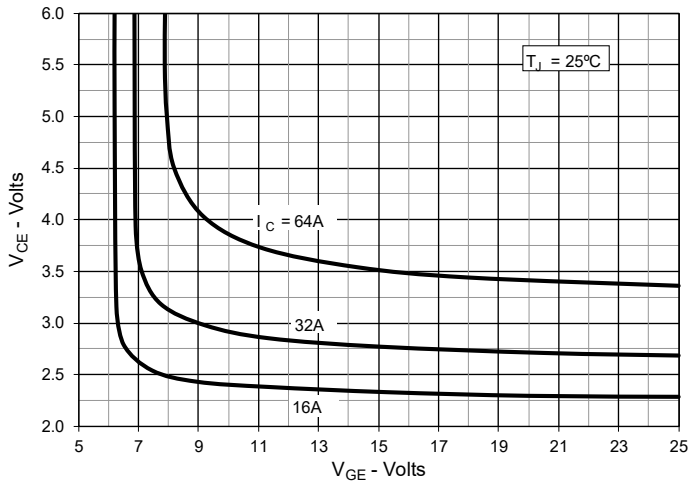


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

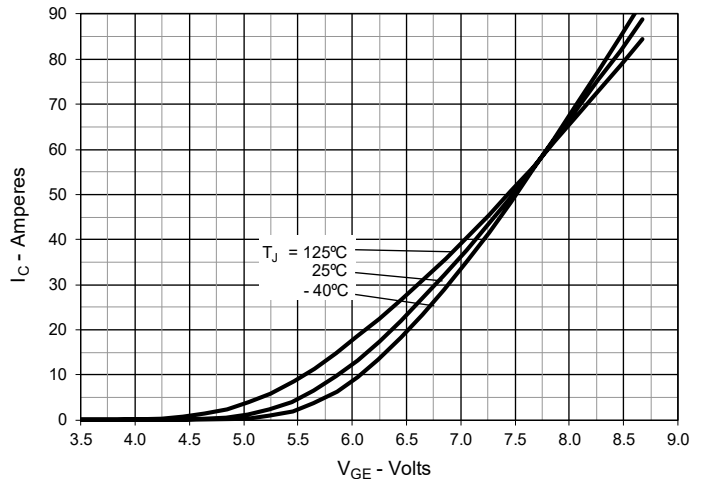


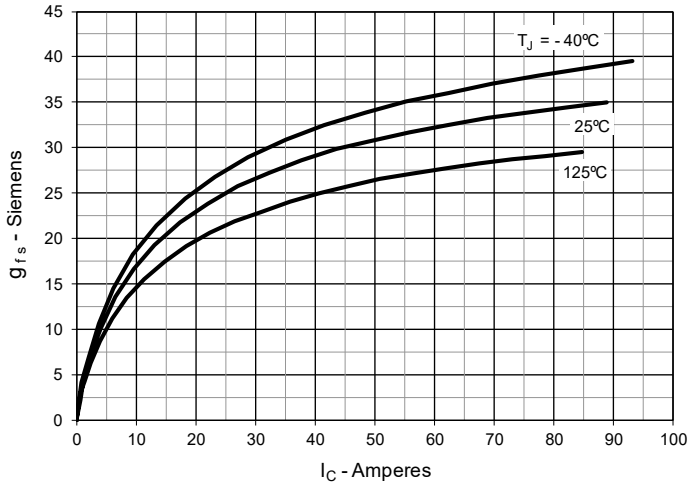
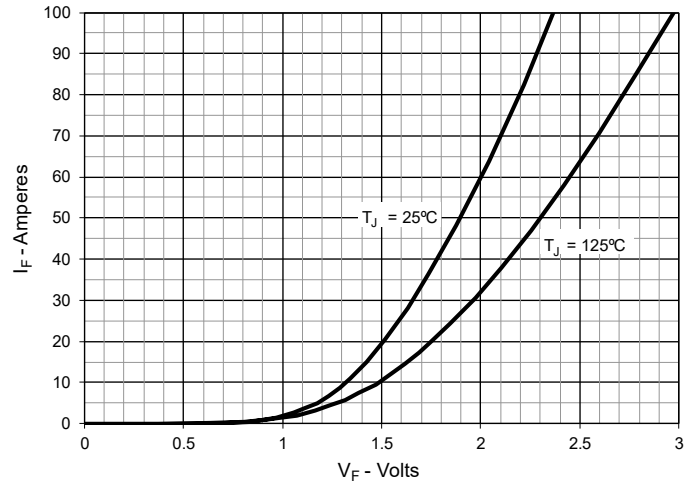
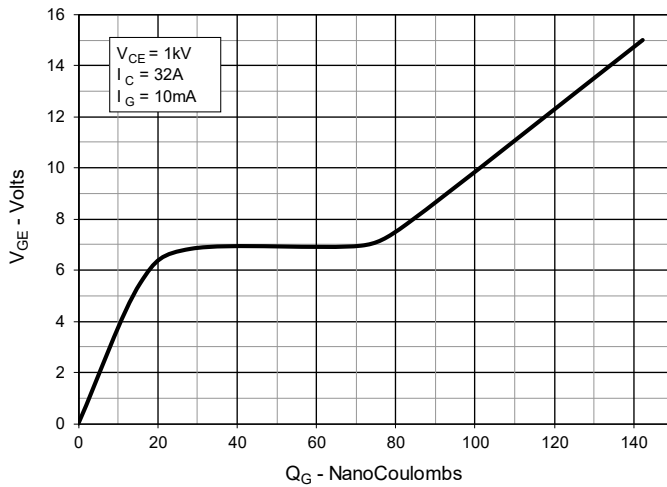
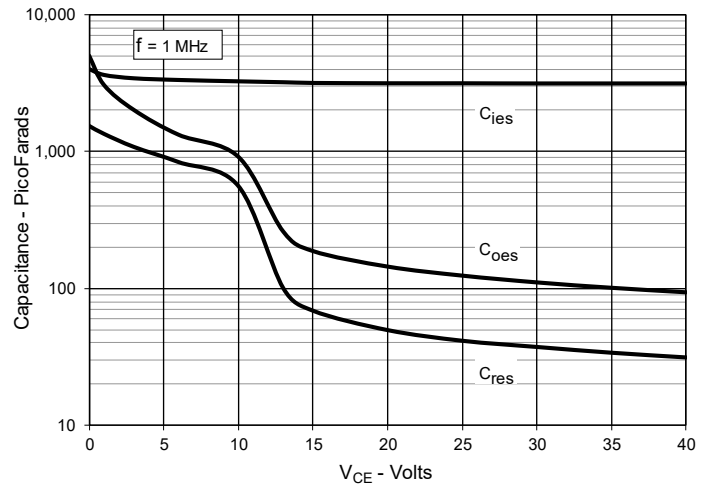
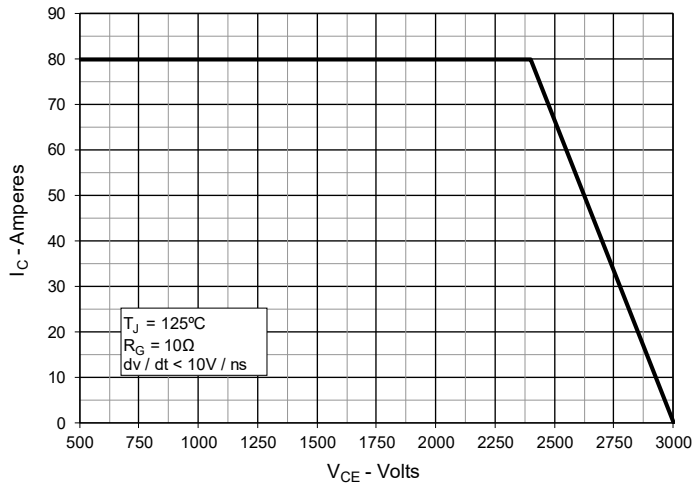
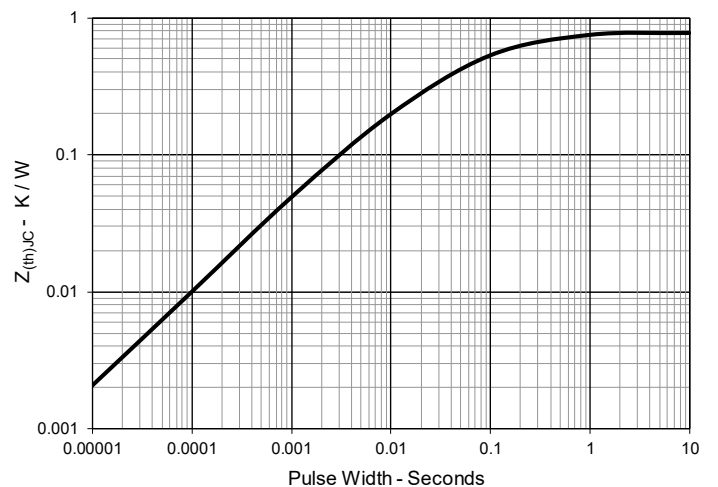
Fig. 7. Transconductance

Fig. 8. Forward Voltage Drop of Intrinsic Diode

Fig. 9. Gate Charge

Fig. 10. Capacitance

Fig. 11. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

Fig. 12. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance


Fig. 13. Resistive Turn-on Rise Time vs. Junction Temperature

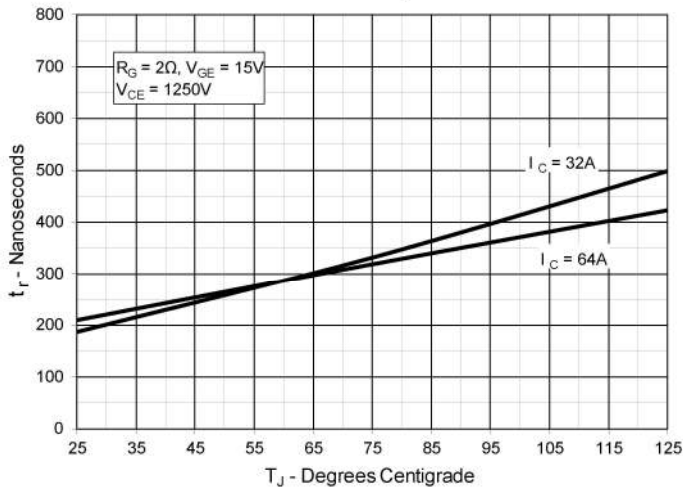


Fig. 14. Resistive Turn-on Rise Time vs. Drain Current

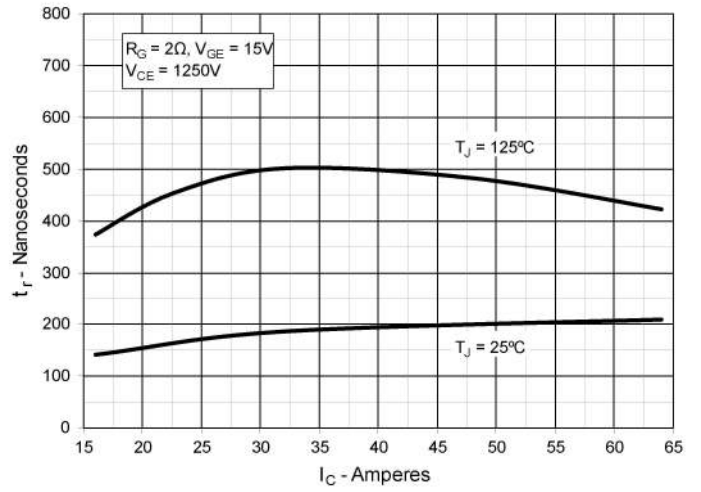


Fig. 15. Resistive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

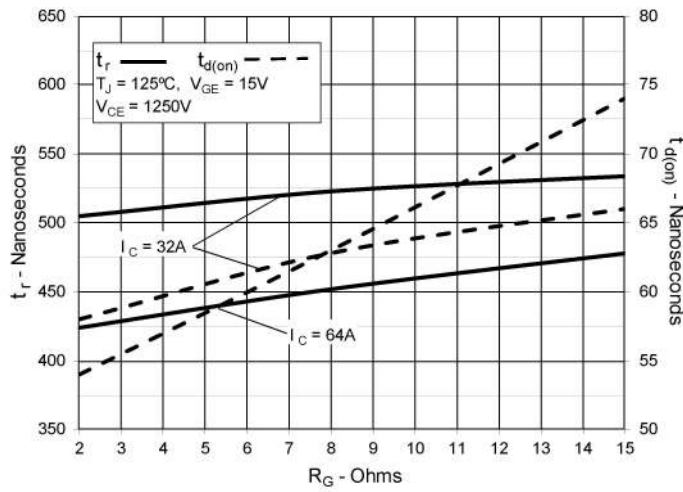


Fig. 16. Resistive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

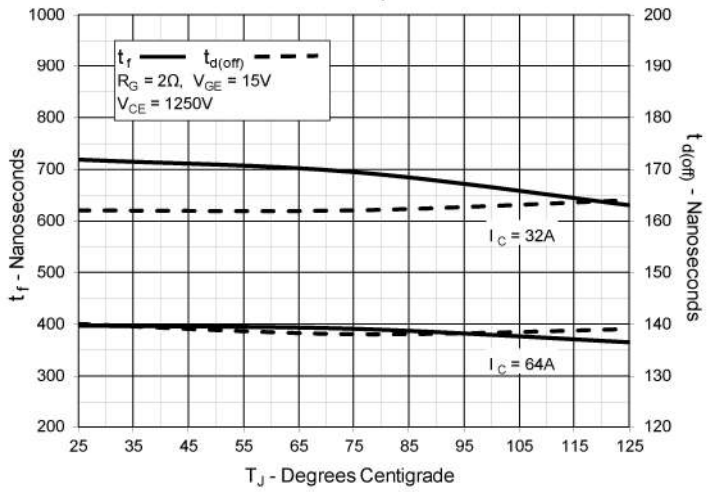


Fig. 17. Resistive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Drain Current

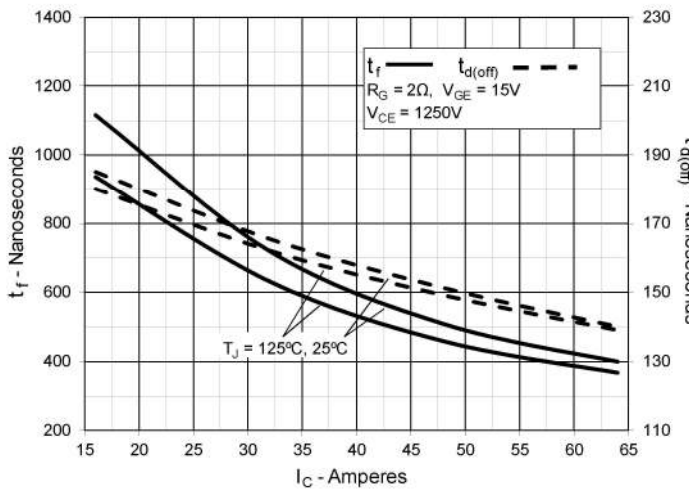
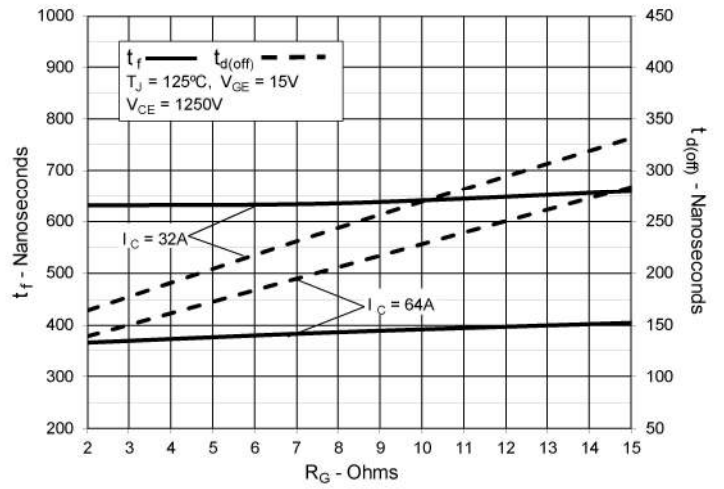
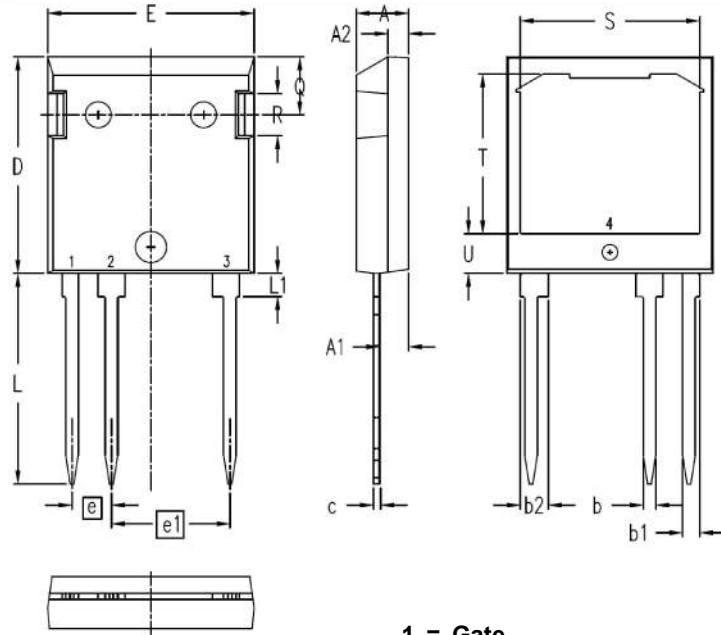


Fig. 18. Resistive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance



ISOPLUS i4-Pak Outline


1 = Gate
2 = Emitter
3,4 = Colector

SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.193	.201	4.90	5.10
A1	.106	.114	2.70	2.90
A2	.075	.083	1.90	2.10
b	.047	.055	1.20	1.40
b1	.061	.069	1.55	1.75
b2	.087	.094	2.20	2.40
c	.020	.029	0.51	0.74
D	.819	.846	20.80	21.50
E	.768	.799	19.50	20.30
e	.150 BSC		3.81 BSC	
e1	.450 BSC		11.43 BSC	
L	.780	.838	19.80	21.30
L1	.083	.094	2.10	2.40
Q	.213	.236	5.40	6.00
R	.157	.169	4.00	4.30
S	.673	.685	17.10	17.40
T	.602	.614	15.30	15.60
U	.142	.154	3.60	3.90