

**MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA**

**NPN  
TIP33  
TIP33A  
TIP33B  
TIP33C**

**PNP  
TIP34  
TIP34A  
TIP34B  
TIP34C**

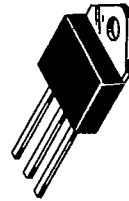
**COMPLEMENTARY SILICON HIGH-POWER TRANSISTORS**

... for general-purpose power amplifier and switching applications.

- 10 A Collector Current
- Low Leakage Current —  $I_{CE0} = 0.7 \text{ mA}$  @ 30 and 60 V
- Excellent dc Gain —  $h_{FE} = 40 \text{ Typ}$  @ 3.0 A
- High Current Gain Bandwidth Product —  $h_{fe} = 3.0 \text{ min}$  @  $I_C = 0.5 \text{ A}$ ,  $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$

**10 AMPERE COMPLEMENTARY SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS**

**40-100 VOLTS  
80 WATTS**



**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

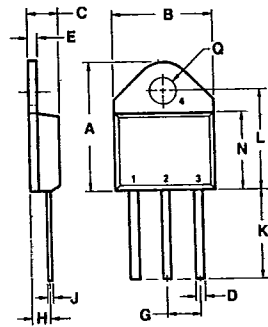
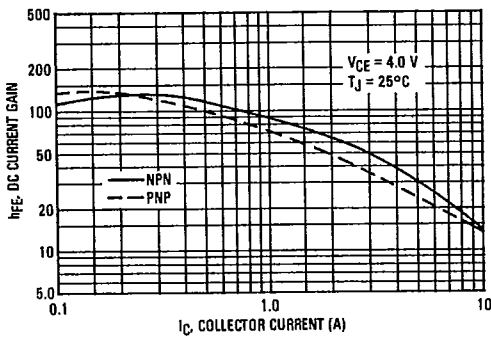
Rating	Symbol	TIP33 TIP34	TIP33A TIP34A	TIP33B TIP34B	TIP33C TIP34C	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CE0}$	40 V	60 V	80 V	100 V	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB}$	40 V	80 V	80 V	100 V	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB}$	5.0				Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	$I_C$	10				Adc
Collector Current — Peak (1)		15				
Base Current — Continuous	$I_B$	3.0				Adc
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	80				Watts
Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$		0.64				W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-65 to +150				$^\circ\text{C}$

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.56	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Junction-To-Free-Air Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JA}$	35.7	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 10 ms, Duty Cycle  $\leq 10\%$ .

**FIGURE 1 — DC CURRENT GAIN**



STYLE 1:

1. BASE
2. COLLECTOR
3. EMITTER
4. COLLECTOR

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	20.32	21.08	0.800	0.830
B	15.49	15.90	0.610	0.626
C	4.19	5.08	0.165	0.200
D	1.02	1.65	0.040	0.065
E	1.35	1.65	0.053	0.065
G	5.21	5.72	0.205	0.225
H	2.41	3.20	0.095	0.126
J	0.38	0.64	0.015	0.025
K	12.70	15.49	0.500	0.610
L	15.88	16.51	0.625	0.650
N	12.19	12.70	0.480	0.500
Q	4.04	4.22	0.159	0.165

**CASE 340-02  
TO-218AC**

**3**

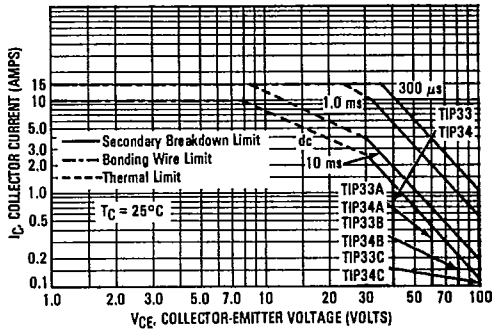
T-33-13  
 T-33-21

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1) ( $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{CE(sus)}$	40 60 80 100	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}$ , $I_B = 0$ ) ( $V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$I_{CEO}$	— —	0.7 0.7	mA
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = \text{Rated } V_{CE0}$ , $V_{EB} = 0$ )	$I_{CES}$	—	0.4	mA
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 5.0\text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$	—	1.0	mA
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)</b>				
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 1.0\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$ ) ( $I_C = 3.0\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$ )	$h_{FE}$	40 20	— 100	—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 3.0\text{ A}$ , $I_B = 0.3\text{ A}$ ) ( $I_C = 10\text{ A}$ , $I_B = 2.5\text{ A}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$	— —	1.0 4.0	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage ( $I_C = 3.0\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$ ) ( $I_C = 10\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$ )	$V_{BE(on)}$	— —	1.6 3.0	Vdc
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Small-Signal Current Gain ( $I_C = 0.5\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{fe}$	20	—	—
Current-Gain—Bandwidth Product (2) ( $I_C = 0.5\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	3.0	—	MHz

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .  
 (2)  $f_T = (h_{fe}) \cdot f_{test}$

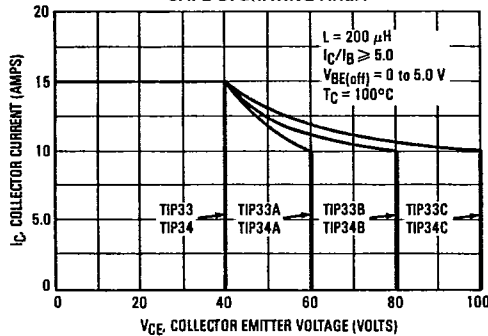
**FIGURE 2 — MAXIMUM RATED FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA**



**FORWARD BIAS**

The Forward Bias Safe Operating Area represents the voltage and current conditions these devices can withstand during forward bias. The data is based on  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $T_J(pk)$  is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10%, and must be derated thermally for  $T_C > 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

**FIGURE 3 — MAXIMUM RATED REVERSE BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA**



**REVERSE BIAS**

The Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area represents the voltage and current conditions these devices can withstand during reverse biased turn-off. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode.