Click here for production status of specific part numbers.

SC1905

# 698MHz to 3800MHz RF Power Amplifier Linearizer (RFPAL)

#### **General Description**

The SC1905 is a pin-compatible upgrade of the popular SC1894 RF PA linearizer (RFPAL) supporting signal bandwidths up to 100MHz. The SC1905 is a fully adaptive, RFin/RFout predistortion linearization solution optimized for a wide range of amplifiers, power levels, and communication protocols. The SC1905 uses the PA output and input signals to adaptively generate an optimized correction function in order to minimize the PA's self-generated distortion and impairments. Using RF-domain analog signal processing enables the SC1905 to operate over wide-signal bandwidths and consume very low power.

Design support features are accessed through the SC1905's serial peripheral interface (SPI) bus.

#### **Applications**

- 4G and 5G Cellular Infrastructure
  - Single/Multicarrier, Multistandard: WCDMA, LTE, and TD-LTE
  - BTS Amplifiers, RRH, Booster Amplifiers, Repeaters, Small Cells, Microcells, Picocells, DAS, AAS, and MIMO Systems
- Wide Range of PAs and Output Power
  - Amplifier: Class A/AB and Doherty
  - PA Process: LDMOS, GaN, GaAs, and InGaP
- Any Application Requiring PA Linearization

#### **Benefits and Features**

- RFin/RFout PA Linearizer SoC in Standard CMOS
  Fully Adaptive Correction
- External Reference Clock Support:
  10MHz, 13MHz, 15.36MHz, 19.2MHz, 20MHz, 26MHz, and 30.72MHz
- Low Power Consumption: 1280mW
- Frequency Range: 698MHz to 3800MHz
- Input Signal Bandwidth: 5MHz to 100MHz
- Packaged in 9mm x 9mm QFN Package
- Operating Case Temperature: -40°C to +105°C
- Fully RoHS Compliant, Green Materials
- Ease of Use
  - Integrated RFin/RFout Solution
  - Reduced SW Development
- Reduces System Power Consumption and OPEX
  - Reduces BOM Costs, Area, and Total Volume
  - Smaller Power Supply, Heat Sink, and Enclosure
  - Small Implementation Size (< 6.5cm<sup>2</sup>)

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.



# 698MHz to 3800MHz RF Power Amplifier Linearizer (RFPAL)

### **Typical Application Circuit**



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Supply Voltage (A/VDD33 to GND)0.3V to +3.8V    | Input into the BALUN (RMS)+7dBm         |
|---|---|
| Supply Voltage (A/VDD18 to GND)0.2V to +2.2V    | Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C |
| Input Voltage (1.8V pins)0.2V to A/VDD18 + 0.2V | Operating Case Temperature40°C to 105°C |
| Input Voltage (3.3V pins)0.3V to A/VDD33 + 0.3V |   |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### Package Information

#### QFN-64

| Package Code        | K6499MK+1B     |  |  |
|---------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Outline Number      | <u>21-0765</u> |  |  |
| Land Pattern Number | 90-0605        |  |  |

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/</u> <u>thermal-tutorial</u>.

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

(Operation at +25°C, A/DVDD18 = 1.85V, A/DVDD33 = 3.3V, A/DVDD18 = 1.85V, and 20MHz external clock, unless otherwise specified.)

| PARAMETER                                | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS                   | MIN  | TYP           | MAX  | UNITS  |
|--|--------|------------------------------|------|---------------|------|--------|
| Operating Rating                         |        |                              |      |               |      |        |
| Operating Case<br>Temperature            |        |                              | -40  |               | 105  | °C     |
| DC Electrical Characteristics            |        |                              |      |               |      |        |
| Supply Voltage (A/<br>VDD33 to GND)      |        |                              | 3.1  | 3.3           | 3.5  | V      |
| Supply Voltage (A/<br>VDD18 to GND)      |        |                              | 1.75 | 1.85          | 1.95 | V      |
| Average Power<br>Dissipation             |        | (Note 1) (Note 2) (Note 5)   |      | 1280          | 1700 | mW     |
| Supply Peak Current (A/<br>VDD33 to GND) |        | (Note 1) (Note 2) (Note 5)   |      | 95            | 120  | mA     |
| Supply Peak Current (A/<br>VDD18 to GND) |        | (Note 1) (Note 2) (Note 5)   |      | 942           | 1100 | mA     |
| Radio Frequency Signal                   | s      |                              |      |               |      |        |
| Operating Frequency                      |        |                              |      | 698 -<br>3800 |      | MHz    |
| Input Signal Bandwidth                   |        | (Note 3) (Note 4)            |      | 5 - 100       |      | MHz    |
| Noise Power                              |        | Referred to 0dBm at PA input |      | -140          |      | dBm/Hz |

#### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

(Operation at +25°C, A/DVDD18 = 1.85V, A/DVDD33 = 3.3V, A/DVDD18 = 1.85V, and 20MHz external clock, unless otherwise specified.)

| PARAMETER                      | SYMBOL         | CONDITIONS  | MIN TYP       | MAX | UNITS |
|--------------------------------|----------------|---|---------------|-----|-------|
| RF Input Range for Maxi        | mum Correction | n—700MHz to 2700MHz   |               |     |       |
| Minimum Peak<br>RFIN_BLN Level |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | -2            |     | dBm   |
| Peak RFIN_BLN Level            |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | +4            |     | dBm   |
| Maximum Peak<br>RFIN_BLN Level |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | +6            |     | dBm   |
| Minimum Peak<br>RFFB_BLN Level |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | -12           |     | dBm   |
| Peak RFFB_BLN Level            |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | -4            |     | dBm   |
| Maximum Peak<br>RFFB_BLN Level |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | -2            |     | dBm   |
| RFIN_BLN Operating<br>Range    |                | Average power, over PA output power range                   | -49 to -4     |     | dBm   |
| RFFB_BLN Operating<br>Range    |                | Average power, over PA output power range                   | -52 to<br>-12 |     | dBm   |
| RF Input Range for Maxi        | mum Correctior | а—2700MHz to 3300MHz  |               |     |       |
| Peak RFIN_BLN Level            |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | +6            |     | dBm   |
| Peak RFFB_BLN Level            |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | -4            |     | dBm   |
| RFIN_BLN Operating<br>Range    |                | Average power, over PA output power range                   | -44 to -4     |     | dBm   |
| RFFB_BLN Operating<br>Range    |                | Average power, over PA output power range                   | -54 to<br>-14 |     | dBm   |
| RF Input Range for Maxi        | mum Correctior | n—3300MHz to 3800MHz  |               |     |       |
| Minimum Peak<br>RFIN_BLN Level |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | +3            |     | dBm   |
| Peak RFIN_BLN Level            |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | +9            |     | dBm   |
| Maximum Peak<br>RFIN_BLN Level |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | +11           |     | dBm   |
| Minimum Peak<br>RFFB_BLN Level |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | -12           |     | dBm   |
| Peak RFFB_BLN Level            |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | -4            |     | dBm   |
| Maximum Peak<br>RFFB_BLN Level |                | When PA operates at maximum output power. (Note 6) (Note 7) | -2            |     | dBm   |
| RFIN_BLN Operating<br>Range    |                | Average power, over PA output power range                   | -41 to +1     |     | dBm   |
| RFFB_BLN Operating<br>Range    |                | Average power, over PA output power range                   | -52 to<br>-12 |     | dBm   |

#### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

(Operation at +25°C, A/DVDD18 = 1.85V, A/DVDD33 = 3.3V, A/DVDD18 = 1.85V, and 20MHz external clock, unless otherwise specified.)

| PARAMETER                            | SYMBOL          | CONDITIONS             | MIN TYP | P MAX | UNITS         |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|
| Digital I/O - DC Characte            | ristics         |                        |         |       |               |
| Minimum CMOS Input<br>Logic-Low      | V <sub>IL</sub> |                        | -0.3    | 3     | V             |
| Maximum CMOS Input<br>Logic-Low      | V <sub>IL</sub> |                        | +0.8    | 3     | V             |
| Minimum CMOS Input<br>Logic-High     | VIH             | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V | 2.0     |       | V             |
| Maximum CMOS Output<br>Logic-Low     | V <sub>OL</sub> |                        | 0.4     |       | V             |
| Minimum CMOS Output<br>Logic-High    | V <sub>OH</sub> | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V | 2.4     |       | V             |
| EEPROM Endurance                     |                 |                        |         |       |               |
| Minimum EEPROM<br>write/erase cycles |                 | Page mode, +25°C       | 1M      |       | E/W<br>Cycles |

Note 1: Continuous adaptation, tracking.

Note 2: Power dissipation may be FW dependent. Refer to the FW release notes for any changes to values listed above.

Note 3: In the case where the carrier configuration is NON-fully occupied, then the average power delta between the two outermost carriers must be ≤ 20dB, the carrier configuration must be static (no hopping), the outermost carriers must be ≥ 5MHz and the center frequency must be stored in EEPROM.

Note 4: Correction performance across range of input signal BWs also depends on PA output power and carrier configuration.

Note 5: Characterized at typical voltages, +25°C operating case temperature, and 100MHz input signal bandwidth.

**Note 6:** Peak power is defined as the 10<sup>-4</sup> point on the CCDF (complementary cumulative distribution function) of the signal.

**Note 7:** Referred to  $50\Omega$  impedance into a 1:2 balun.

# 698MHz to 3800MHz RF Power Amplifier Linearizer (RFPAL)

#### **RESERVED0 RESERVED1** LOADENB WDTENB DVDD18 RESETN DVDD18 DGPIN0 DVDD33 DVDD18 DGPIN1 STATO SCLK SDO SSN SDI 60 59 57 50 63 58 55 49 56 51 62 54 53 52 L 61 64 DVDD18 DVDD18 48 1 47 AVDD18 MGPOUT0 2 MGPOUT1 XTALO 3 46 AVDD18 4 45 XTALI AVDD33 FLTCAP3N 5 44 GND 76 43 FLTCAP3P 7 42 AVDD18 GND 41 AVDD18 RFOUTP 8 SC1905 RFOUTN 9 40 FLTCAP2N GND 39 FLTCAP2P 10 38 📃 AVDD18 \_\_\_\_\_11 FLTCAP1N FLTCAP1P AVDD18 12 37 MGPOUT2 13 36 AVDD18 MGPOUT3 AVDD18 14 35 65 - GNDPAD 15 34 FLTCAPON GND 33 FLTCAP0P BGRES 16 22 27 30 20 25 26 28 29 32 17 18 19 24 31 21 23 Г AVDD18 AVDD33 RFINP RFINN GND AVDD33 ADCIN0P ADCIN0N ADCIN1P ADCIN1N AVDD33 GND RFFBN GND RFFBP GND

### **Pin Configuration**

### **Pin Description**

| PIN | NAME    | FUNCTION                                      | TYPE       |
|-----|---------|---|------------|
| 1   | DVDD18  | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Digital Circuits. | Supply     |
| 2   | MGPOUT0 | Do Not Connect. Reserved for internal use.    | Analog Out |
| 3   | MGPOUT1 | Do Not Connect. Reserved for internal use.    | Analog Out |

### **Pin Description (continued)**

| PIN    | NAME     | FUNCTION   | TYPE       |
|--------|----------|--|------------|
| 4      | AVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits      | Supply     |
| 5      | AVDD33   | +3.3V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits      | Supply     |
| 6      | CND      | Ground   | Supply     |
| 7      | GND      | Ground for Shield of RF Signal                   | RF Shield  |
| 8      | RFOUTP   | RF Output Signal, Differential Positive Output.  | Analog Out |
| 9      | RFOUTN   | RF Output Signal, Differential Negative Output   | Analog Out |
| 10     | GND      | Ground for Shield of RF Signal.                  | RF Shield  |
| 11, 12 | AVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits.     | Supply     |
| 10     | MODOLITO | De Net Occurrent Descend for Schwart and         | Supply     |
| 13     | MGPOUT2  | Do Not Connect. Reserved for Internal use.       | Analog Out |
| 14     | MGPOUT3  | Do Not Connect. Reserved for Internal use.       | Analog Out |
| 15     | GND      | Ground   | Supply     |
| 16     | BGRES    | Bandgap Resistor.                                | Analog In  |
| 17     | AVDD33   | +3.3V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits.     | Supply     |
| 18     | GND      | Ground for Shield of RF Signal.                  | RF Shield  |
| 19     | RFINP    | RF Input Signal, Differential Positive Input.    | Analog In  |
| 20     | RFINN    | RF Input Signal, Differential Negative Input.    | Analog In  |
| 21     | GND      | Ground for Shield of RF Signal.                  | RF Shield  |
| 22     | AVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits.     | Supply     |
| 23     | AVDD33   | +3.3V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits.     | Supply     |
| 24     | ADCIN0P  | Do Not Connect. Reserved for internal use.       | Analog In  |
| 25     | ADCIN0N  | Do Not Connect. Reserved for internal use.       | Analog In  |
| 26     | ADCIN1P  | Do Not Connect. Reserved for internal use.       | Analog In  |
| 27     | ADCIN1N  | Do Not Connect. Reserved for internal use.       | Analog In  |
| 28     | AVDD33   | +3.3V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits.     | Supply     |
| 29     | GND      | Ground for Shield of RF Signal.                  | RF Shield  |
| 30     | RFFBP    | RF Feedback Signal, Differential Positive Input. | Analog In  |
| 31     | RFFBN    | RF Feedback Signal, Differential Negative Input. | Analog In  |
| 32     | GND      | Ground for Shield of RF Signal.                  | RF Shield  |
| 33     | FLTCAP0P | Dedicated External Filter Capacitor #0.          | Analog Out |
| 34     | FLTCAP0N | Dedicated External Filter Capacitor #0.          | Analog Out |
| 35, 36 | AVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits.     | Supply     |
| 37     |          | Dedicated External Filter Canacitor #1           |            |
| 38     |          | Dedicated External Filter Capacitor #1           |            |
| 30     |          | Dedicated External Filter Capacitor #2           | Analog Out |
| 40     |          | Dedicated External Filter Capacitor #2           |            |
|        |          |  | Supply     |
| 41, 42 | AVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits.     | Supply     |

### **Pin Description (continued)**

| PIN | NAME     | FUNCTION  | TYPE        |
|-----|----------|---|-------------|
| 43  | FLTCAP3P | Dedicated External Filter Capacitor #3.   | Analog Out  |
| 44  | FLTCAP3N | Dedicated External Filter Capacitor #3.   | Analog Out  |
| 45  | XTALI    | Crystal Input. For standard internal clock, connect crystal or ceramic resonator from XTALI to XTALO. May alternatively be driven by an external clock. | Analog In   |
| 46  | XTALO    | Crystal Output. Excitation driver for crystal or ceramic resonator.   | Analog Out  |
| 47  | AVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Analog Circuits.  | Supply      |
| 48  | DVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Digital Circuits.   | Supply      |
| 49  | RESETN   | Active-Low Reset Input. Has internal pullup to DVDD33.  | Digital In  |
| 50  | WDTENB   | Watch Dog Timer Enable. WDTENB enabled when high. Has internal pullup to DVDD33. See applications schematic for further details.                        | Digital In  |
| 51  | SCLK     | SPI Clock. Has internal pulldown to GND.  | Digital In  |
| 52  | SSN      | SPI Slave Select Enabled "Low". Has internal pullup to DVDD33.  | Digital In  |
| 53  | SDI      | SPI Slave Data Input to RFPAL. Has internal pulldown to GND.  | Digital In  |
| 54  | SDO      | SPI Slave Data Output from RFPAL. Tri-state. DVDD33 logic.  | Digital Out |
| 55  | DVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Digital Circuits.   | Supply      |
| 56  | DGPIN1   | Digital General Purpose Input 1. Has internal pullup to DVDD33. See Firmware Release Notes for further details.   | Digital In  |
| 57  | STATO    | General Purpose Status Output, as Defined in Firmware Release Notes. Open-<br>drain output with internal pullup to DVDD33.                              | Digital Out |
| 58  | DVDD33   | +3.3V DC Supply Voltage for Digital Circuits.   | Supply      |
| 59  | DVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Digital Circuits.   | Supply      |
| 60  | LOADENB  | Load Enable. Required for FW upgrades. Has internal pulldown to GND. See applications schematic for further details.                                    | Digital In  |
| 61  | TESTSEL1 | Do Not Connect. Reserved for internal use. Has internal pulldown to GND.  | Reserved    |
| 62  | TESTSEL2 | Do Not Connect. Reserved for internal use. Has internal pulldown to GND.  | Reserved    |
| 63  | DGPIN0   | Digital General Purpose Input 0. Do not connect. Reserved for future use. Has internal pulldown to GND. See applications schematic for further details. | Digital In  |
| 64  | DVDD18   | +1.8V DC Supply Voltage for Digital Circuits.   | Supply      |
| 65  | GNDPAD   | Common Ground for Entire Integrated Circuit. Also provides path for thermal dissipation.  | Supply      |

#### **Detailed Description**

The SC1905 is the latest generation of RFPAL linearizer IC. The maximum signal bandwidth has been increased to 100MHz from the previous generation SC1894 device in order to support 5G signals.

#### Introduction to Predistortion Using the SC1905

Wideband signals in today's telecommunications systems have high peak-to-average ratios and stringent spectral regrowth specifications. These specifications place high linearity demands on power amplifiers. Linearity may be achieved by backing off output power at the price of reducing efficiency. However, this increases the component and operating costs of the power amplifier. Better linearity may be achieved through the use of digital predistortion and other linearization techniques, but many of these are time consuming and costly to implement. Wireless service providers are deploying networks with wider coverage, greater subscriber density, and higher data rates. These networks require more efficient power amplifiers. Additionally, the emergence of distributed architectures and active antenna systems is driving the need for smaller and more efficient power amplifier implementations. Further, there continues to be a strong push toward reducing the total capital and operating costs of base stations.

With the SC1905, the complex signal processing is done in the RF domain. This results in a simple system-on-chip that offers wide signal bandwidth, broad frequency of operation, and very low power consumption. It is an elegant solution that reduces development costs and speeds time to market. Applicable across a broad range of signals—including 2G, 3G, 4G, 5G wireless, and other modulation types—the powerful analog signal-processing engine is capable of linearizing the most efficient power amplifier topologies. The SC1905 is a true RFin and RFout solution, supporting modular power amplifier designs that are independent of the baseband and transceiver subsystems. The SC1905 delivers the required efficiency and performance demanded by today's wireless systems.

#### Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)

The SC1905 contains a microprocessor that is executing firmware. The system software referred to henceforth as the "host", communicates with the firmware through a handshaking protocol called the message protocol. The host configures the SC1905 by writing to various parameters stored in an EEPROM contained within the SC1905, or by issuing commands to the firmware through the message protocol. All this communication is done through a 4-wire Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).

Detailed information on the message protocol, accessing EEPROM, etc. is contained in the SC1905 SPI Programming Guide. <u>Figure 1</u> shows the timing relationships between the SPI signals. Refer to <u>Table 1</u>.

# 698MHz to 3800MHz RF Power Amplifier Linearizer (RFPAL)



Figure 1. Serial Interface Timing Diagram

### **Table 1. Serial Interface Timing Requirements**

| PARAMETER                    | SYMBOL           | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Minimum Select Setup Time    | t <sub>SS</sub>  |     | 100 |     | ns    |
| Minimum Select Hold Time     | t <sub>SH</sub>  |     | 250 |     | ns    |
| Minimum Select Disable Time  | t <sub>DIS</sub> |     | 100 |     | ns    |
| Minimum Data Setup Time      | t <sub>DS</sub>  |     | 25  |     | ns    |
| Minimum Data Hold Time       | t <sub>DH</sub>  |     | 45  |     | ns    |
| Maximum Rise Time            | t <sub>R</sub>   |     | 25  |     | ns    |
| Maximum Fall Time            | t <sub>F</sub>   |     | 25  |     | ns    |
| Minimum Clock Period         | t <sub>CP</sub>  |     | 250 |     | ns    |
| Minimum Clock High Time      | tсн              |     | 100 |     | ns    |
| Maximum Time to Output Valid | tov              |     | 100 |     | ns    |
| Maximum Output Data Disable  | t <sub>OD</sub>  |     | 50  |     | ns    |

### **Applications Information**

#### External Clock (XTALI) Requirements

| PARAMETER                         | CONDITIONS                      | MIN | TYP | MAX   | UNITS             |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-------|-------------------|
| External Clock Frequency*         |                                 | 10  | 20  | 30.72 | MHz               |
| External Clock Frequency Accuracy |                                 |     |     | 1     | %                 |
| External Clock Frequency Drift    | Including aging and temperature |     |     | 100   | ppm               |
| Duty Cycle                        | Square wave                     | 45  |     | 55    | %                 |
| External Clock Amplitude          | Sine or square wave             | 500 |     | 1500  | mV <sub>p-p</sub> |
| External Clock Phase              | At 100kHz                       |     |     | -130  | dBc/Hz            |

\*Selecting an external reference clock frequency other than 20MHz requires programming the SC1905 through the SPI bus. See SPI Programming Guide and Hardware Design Guide for more information. User may program the SC1905 to accept the following clock frequencies: 10MHz, 13MHz, 15.36MHz, 19.2MHz, 20MHz, 26MHz, and 30.72MHz.

#### Crystal Requirements

| PARAMETER                 | CONDITIONS                     | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| ESR                       |                                |     |     | 50  | Ω     |
| Capacitive Load to Ground |                                |     | 10  | 12  | pF    |
| Frequency Accuracy        |                                |     |     | 250 | ppm   |
| Frequency Drift           | Including aging and temerature |     |     | 100 | ppm   |

#### **Auxiliary Documentation**

From a programming perspective, the SC1905, like previous RFPAL products, is quite complex. An entire document, the SC1905 SPI Programming Guide, is dedicated to describing how the host communicates with the SC1905. It describes the communication protocol in addition to the addresses of all the variables and and parameters for monitoring the status and configuration of the SC1905.

For guidance on how to design the SC1905 into a system; for example, recommendations on PCB layout, regulator and delay line selection etc. please refer to the SC1905 Hardware Design Guide. The Firmware 6.0.01.00 Release Notes provide data on linearization performance of the firmware. These auxiliary documents are available on the SC1905 product web page on Maxim's website.

#### **Ordering Information**

| PART NUMBER    | DESCRIPTION   | FIRMWARE VERSION |
|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| SC1905A-00A00  | Bulk          | 6.0.01.00        |
| SC1905A-00A00E | Tape-and-Reel | 6.0.01.00        |

# 698MHz to 3800MHz RF Power Amplifier Linearizer (RFPAL)

#### **Revision History**

| REVISION<br>NUMBER | REVISION<br>DATE | DESCRIPTION                       | PAGES<br>CHANGED |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| 0                  | 10/18            | Initial release                   | —                |
| 1                  | 10/18            | Updated Ordering Information      | 12               |
| 2                  | 11/19            | Moved Typical Application Circuit | 1                |

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please visit Maxim Integrated's online storefront at https://www.maximintegrated.com/en/storefront/storefront.html.

Maxim Integrated cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim Integrated product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim Integrated reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time. The parametric values (min and max limits) shown in the Electrical Characteristics table are guaranteed. Other parametric values quoted in this data sheet are provided for guidance.