

IBC Module



4:1 Intermediate Bus Converter Module: Up to 500W Output



Typical Applications

- Enterprise networks
- Optical access networks
- Storage networks
- Automated test equipment

Features & Benefits

- Input: 36 60V_{DC}
 (38 55V_{DC} for IB048x)
- Output: 12.0V_{DC} at 48V_{IN}
- Output current up to 40A
- Output power: up to 500W *
- 2250V_{DC} isolation (1500V_{DC} isolation for IB048x)
- 97.8% peak efficiency

- Low profile: 0.38" height above
- Industry standard 1/8 Brick pinout
- Sine Amplitude Converter™ (SAC™)
- Low noise 1MHz ZVS/ZCS

* For lower power applications, see 300W model IB0xxE120T32xx-xx

Product Description

The Intermediate Bus Converter (IBC) Module is a very efficient, low profile, isolated, fixed ratio converter for power system applications in enterprise and optical access networks.

Rated at up to 360W from 36 to $60V_{IN}$ and up to 500W from 50 to $55V_{IN}$, the IBC conforms to an industry standard eighth-brick footprint. Its leading efficiency enables full load operation at 55° C with only 200LFM airflow. Its small cross section facilitates unimpeded airflow — above and below its thin body — to minimize the temperature rise of downstream components.

Part Ordering Information

| | roduc inctio | | 1 | Inp Volta | | | Package | | | Voltage) x 10 | | erature rade | Out Curi | • | Enable Logic | Pin Le | ength | (| Option | s |
|------|-----------------|----------------|---|------------------|------------|---|---|---|---|-------------------------|----|--------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------------------------|--------|----------------------------|------|----------|-------|
| I | | В | 0 | х | | х | E | 1 | 2 | 0 | | Т | 4 | 0 | Х |) | < | _ | Х | Х |
| IB = | = Inter Bus | rmedi Conv | | | | | E = Eighth Brick Format | | | | | ERATING ≤ + 12 DRAGE ≤ + 12 | | | N = Negative P = Positive | 2 | | 00 = | : Open t | frame |
| | (| 050 = 054 = | = 38 – = 36 – = 36 – 0 g transie | 60V _D |)C)C * | | 120 = (V _{OUT} not (4:1 trans | | | = 48V _{DC} x 1 | 10 | 40 = Max | Rated (| Output | : Current | 2 = 0 |).145").210").180" | | | |



Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings below are stress ratings only. Operation at or beyond these maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device.

| Parameter | Comments | Min | Max | Unit |
|--|--|-------------------------|------------|----------|
| Input voltage (+IN to -IN) | See Input Range Specific Characteristics for details | -0.5 | 75 | V_{DC} |
| Input voltage slew rate | | | 5 | V / μs |
| EN to -IN | | -0.5 | 20 | V_{DC} |
| Output voltage (+OUT to –OUT) | See OVP setpoint max | -0.5 | (see note) | V_{DC} |
| Output current | P _{OUT} ≤ 500W | | 40 | А |
| Dielectric withstand (input to output) | 1min | 2250 1500 for IB048x | | V_{DC} |
| Temperature | | | | |
| Operating junction | Hottest semiconductor | -40 | 125 | 0.0 |
| Storage | | -55 | 125 | °C |

Electrical Specifications

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--|-------|------|-------|----------|
| | | | | | | |
| | | Input Range Specific Characteristics | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Part Number IB048E120T40xx-xx | | | | | | |
| Operating input voltage | | | 38 | 48 | 55 | V_{DC} |
| Non-operating input surge withstand | | < 100ms | | | 75 | V_{DC} |
| Operating input dV / dt | | | 0.003 | | 5 | V / µs |
| Undervoltage protection | | | | | | |
| Turn-on | | | 33 | | 38 | V_{DC} |
| Turn-off | | | 31 | | 36 | V_{DC} |
| Turn–on / turn–off hysteresis | | | 2 | | | V_{DC} |
| Time constant | | | | | 7 | μs |
| Undervoltage blanking time | | UV blanking time is enabled after start up | 50 | 100 | 200 | μs |
| Overvoltage protection | | | | | | |
| Turn–off | | | 60 | | 64 | V_{DC} |
| Turn-on | | | 55 | | 64 | V_{DC} |
| Time constant | | | | | 4 | μs |
| Peak short circuit input current | | | | | 30 | А |
| DC output voltage band | | No load, over V _{IN} range | 9.5 | 12.0 | 13.75 | V_{DC} |
| Output OVP set point | | Module will shut down | 15 | | 16 | V_{DC} |
| Dielctric withstand | | Input to output; 1min | 1500 | | | V_{DC} |
| Insulation resistance | | Input to output | | 30 | | MΩ |



Specifications valid at 48 $\!V_{IN}\!$, 100% rated load and 25°C ambient, unless otherwise indicated.

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--|-------|-----|------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| | | Input Range Specific Characteristics | | | I | |
| | | | | | | |
| Part Number IB050E120T40xx-xx | | | | | | |
| Operating input voltage | | | 36 | 48 | 60 | V _{DC} |
| Non-operating input surge withstand | | < 100ms | | | 75 | V_{DC} |
| Operating input dV / dt | | | 0.003 | | 5 | V / µs |
| Undervoltage protection | | | | | | |
| Turn-on | | | 31 | | 36 | V_{DC} |
| Turn–off | | | 29 | | 34 | V_{DC} |
| Turn–on / turn–off hysteresis | | | 2 | | | V _{DC} |
| Time constant | | | | | 7 | μs |
| Undervoltage blanking time | | UV blanking time is enabled after start up | 50 | 100 | 200 | μs |
| Overvoltage protection | | | | | | |
| Turn-off | | | 65 | | 69 | V _{DC} |
| Turn–on | | | 60 | | 69 | V _{DC} |
| Time constant | | | | | 4 | μs |
| Peak short circuit input current | | | | | 40 | А |
| DC output voltage band | | No load, over V _{IN} range | 9 | 12 | 15 | V _{DC} |
| Output OVP set point | | Module will shut down | 16.2 | | 17.2 | V _{DC} |
| Dielctric withstand | | Input to output; 1min | 2250 | | | V _{DC} |
| Insulation resistance | | Input to output | | 30 | | MΩ |



| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--|-------|-----|------|----------|
| | | | | | | |
| | | Input Range Specific Characteristics | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Part Number IB054E120T40xx-xx | | | | | | |
| Operating input voltage | | | 36 | 48 | 60 | V_{DC} |
| Non-operating input surge withstand | | < 100ms | | | 75 | V_{DC} |
| Operating input dV / dt | | | 0.003 | | 5 | V / µs |
| Undervoltage protection | | | | | | |
| Turn-on | | | 31 | | 36 | V_{DC} |
| Turn-off | | | 29 | | 34 | V_{DC} |
| Turn–on / turn–off hysteresis | | | 2 | | | V_{DC} |
| Time constant | | | | | 7 | μs |
| Undervoltage blanking time | | UV blanking time is enabled after start up | 50 | 100 | 200 | μs |
| Overvoltage protection | | | | | | |
| Turn-off | | | 76 | | 79.5 | V_{DC} |
| Turn–on | | | 75 | | 78 | V_{DC} |
| Time constant | | | | | 4 | μs |
| Peak short circuit input current | | | | | 30 | А |
| DC output voltage band | | No load, over V _{IN} range | 9 | 12 | 15 | V_{DC} |
| Output OVP set point | | Module will shut down | 19 | | 19.8 | V_{DC} |
| Dielctric withstand | | Input to output; 1min | 2250 | | | V_{DC} |
| Insulation resistance | | Input to output | | 30 | | ΜΩ |



| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--|--------|--|-----|------|------|-------|
| | | | | | | |
| | | Common Input Specifications | | | | |
| Turn ON delay | | | | | | |
| Start-up inhibit | | V_{IN} reaching turn-on voltage to enable function operational, see Figure 6 | 20 | 25 | 30 | ms |
| Turn-on delay | | Enable to 10% V _{OUT} ; pre-applied V _{IN} , 0 load capacitance, see Figure 7 | | | 50 | μs |
| Output voltage rise time | | From 10% to 90% V _{OUT} , 10% load, 0 load capacitance. See Figure 8 | | | 50 | μs |
| Restart turn-on delay | | See page 14 for restart after EN pin disable | | | 250 | ms |
| No load power dissipation | | | | | | |
| Enabled | | | | 3.0 | 3.9 | W |
| Disabled | | | | 0.17 | 0.24 | W |
| Input current | | Low line, full load | | | 10.1 | А |
| Inrush current overshoot | | Using test circuit in Figure 21, 15% load, high line | | | 18 | А |
| Input reflected ripple current | | At max power; Using test circuit in Figure 22; see Figure 5 | | | 400 | mArms |
| Repetitive short circuit peak current | | | | | 25 | А |
| Internal input capacitance | | | | 8.8 | | μF |
| Internal input inductance | | | | 5 | | nH |
| Recommended external input capacitance | | 200nH maximum source inductance | 47 | | 470 | μF |



| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|--------|---|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| | | Common Output Specifications | | | | |
| Output power * | | | 0 | | 500 | W |
| Output current | | P ≤ 500W | | | 40 | А |
| Output start up load | | of I _{OUT} max, maximum output capacitance | | | 15 | % |
| Effective output resistance | | | | 4.8 | | mΩ |
| Line regulation (K factor) | | V _{OUT} = K • V _{IN} @ no load | 0.247 | 0.250 | 0.253 | |
| Current share accuracy | | Full power operation; See Parallel Operation on page 15; up to 3 units | | | 10 | % |
| Efficiency | | | | | | |
| 50% load | | See Figure 1 | 97.4 | 97.8 | | % |
| Full load | | See Figure 1 | 97.0 | 97.4 | | % |
| Internal output inductance | | | | 1.6 | | nH |
| Internal output capacitance | | | | 55 | | μF |
| Load capacitance | | | 0 | | 3000 | μF |
| Output voltage ripple | | 20MHz bandwidth (Figure 16), using test circuit in Figure 23 | | 60 | 150 | mVp-p |
| Output overload protection threshold | | Of I_{OUT} max, will not shut down when started into max C_{OUT} and 15% load. Auto restart with duty cycle < 10% | 105 | | 150 | % |
| Overcurrent protection time constant | | | | | 1.2 | ms |
| Short circuit current response time | | | | | 1.5 | μs |
| Switching frequency | | | | 1.0 | | MHz |
| Dynamic response – load | | Load change: ±25% of l _{OUT} max, | | | | |
| V _{OUT} overshoot / undershoot | | Slew rate (dl/dt) = $1A/\mu s$ | | | 100 | mV |
| V _{OUT} response time | | See Figures 11–14 | | 1 | | μs |
| Dynamic response – line | | Line step of 5V in 1 μ s, within V_{IN} operating range. | | | | |
| V _{OUT} overshoot | | $(C_{IN} = 500 \mu F, C_O = 350 \mu F)$ (Figure 15 illustrates similar converter response when subjected to a more severe line transient.) | | | 1.25 | V |
| Pre-bias voltage | | Unit will start up into a pre-bias voltage on the output | 0 | | 15 | V _{DC} |

^{*} Does not exceed IPC-9592 derating guidelines. At 70°C ambient, full power operation may exceed IPC-9592 guidelines, but does not exceed component ratings, does not activate OTP and does not compromise reliability.



Specifications valid at $48V_{IN}$, 100% rated load and 25°C ambient, unless otherwise indicated.

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------|--------|---|-----|-----|------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| | | Control & Interface Specifications | | | | |
| Enable (negative logic) | | Referenced to –IN | | | | |
| Module enable threshold | | | 0.8 | | | V _{DC} |
| Module enable current | | $V_{EN} = 0.8V$ | | 130 | 200 | μΑ |
| Module disable threshold | | | | | 2.4 | V _{DC} |
| Modeule disable current | | $V_{EN} = 2.4V$ | | | 130 | μΑ |
| Disable hysteresis | | | | 500 | | mV |
| Enable pin open circuit voltage | | | | 2.5 | 3.0 | V _{DC} |
| EN to –IN resistance | | Open circuit, 10V applied between EN and –IN | | 35 | | kΩ |
| Enable (positive logic) | | Referenced to –IN | | | | |
| Module enable threshold | | | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | V _{DC} |
| Module disable threshold | | | | | 1.45 | V _{DC} |
| EN source current (operating) | | $V_{EN} = 5V$ | | | 2 | mA |
| EN voltage (operating) | | | 4.7 | 5 | 5.3 | V _{DC} |

General Characteristics

 \bullet Conditions: $T_{CASE} = 25$ °C, 75% rated load and specified input voltage range unless otherwise specified.

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------|--------|---|------|-------------|-------|---------|
| MTBF | | Calculated per Telcordia SR-332, 40°C | 1.0 | | | Mhrs |
| Service life | | Calculated at 30°C | 7 | | | Years |
| Overtemperature shut down | | T _J ; Converter will reset when overtemperature condition is removed | 125 | 130 | 135 | °C |
| Mechanical | | | | | | |
| Weight | | | | 0.71 / 20.3 | | oz/g |
| Length | | | | 2.30 / 58.4 | | in / mm |
| Width | | | | 0.9 / 22.9 | | in / mm |
| Height above customer board | | | | 0.39 / 9.9 | | in / mm |
| Pin solderability | | Storage life for normal solderability | | | 1 | Years |
| Moisture sensitivity level | MSL | Not applicable, for wave soldering only | N/A | | | |
| Clearance to customer board | | From lowest component on IBC | | 0.12 / 3.1 | | in / mm |
| Altitude, operating | | Derate operating temp 1°C per 1000 feet above sea level | -500 | | 10000 | Feet |
| Relative humidity, operating | | Non condensing | 10 | | 90 | % |
| RoHS compliance | | Compatible with RoHS directive 2002/95/EC | | | | |
| | | UL/CSA 60950-1 | | | | cURus |
| Agency approvals | | UL/CSA 60950-1, EN60950-1 | | | | cTUVus |
| | | Low voltage directive (2006/95/EC) | | | | CE |



| Environmental Qualification | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| • IPC-9592A, based on Class II Category 2 the fo | • IPC-9592A, based on Class II Category 2 the following detail is applicable. | | | | | | | |
| Test Description | Test Detail | Min. Quanity Tested | | | | | | |
| | Low temp | 3 | | | | | | |
| | High temp | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Rapid thermal cycling | 3 | | | | | | |
| 5.2.3 HALT (Highly Accelerated Life Testing) | 6 DOF random vibration test | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Input voltage test | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Output load test | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Combined stresses test | 3 | | | | | | |
| 5.2.4 THB (Temperature Humidity Bias) | (72hr presoak required) 1000hrs – continuous bias | 30 | | | | | | |
| 5.2.5 HTOB (High Temperature Operating Bias) | Power cycle – On 42 minutes Off 1 minute, On 1 minute, Off 1 minute, Off 1 minute, On 1 minute, Off 1 minute, Off 10 minutes. Alternating between maximum and minimum operating voltage every hour. | 30 | | | | | | |
| 5.2.6 TC (Temperature Cycling) | 700 cycles, 30 minute dwell at each extreme – 20C minimum ramp rate | 30 | | | | | | |
| 5.2.7 PTC (Power & Temperature Cycling) | Reference IPC-9592A | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Random Vibration – Operating IEC 60068-2-64 (normal operation vibration) | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Random Vibration Non-operating (transportation) IEC 60068-2-64 | 3 | | | | | | |
| 5.2.8 – 5.2.13 Shock and Vibration | Shock Operating - normal operation shock IEC 60068-2-27 | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Free fall - IEC 60068-2-32 | 3 | | | | | | |
| | Drop Test 1 full shipping container (box) | 1 | | | | | | |
| | 5.2.14.1 Corrosion Resistance – Not required | N/A | | | | | | |
| 5.2.4.4.0th - 5.1 | 5.2.14.2 Dust Resistance – Unpotted class II GR-1274-CORE | 3 | | | | | | |
| 5.2.14 Other Environmental Tests | 5.2.14.3 SMT Attachment Reliability IPC-9701 - J-STD-002 | N/A | | | | | | |
| | 5.2.14.4 Through Hole solderability – J-STD-002 | 5 | | | | | | |
| ESD Classification Testing | HBM testing – JESD22-A114D | 3 | | | | | | |
| Total Quantity (estimated) | | 138 | | | | | | |



Application Characteristics: Waveforms

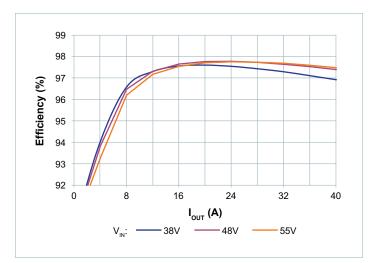


Figure 1 — Efficiency vs. output current, 25°C ambient

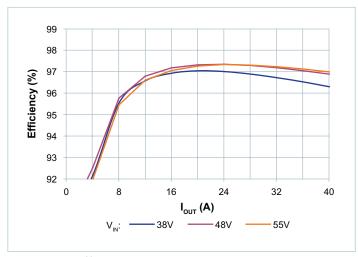


Figure 3 — Efficiency vs. output current, 70°C ambient

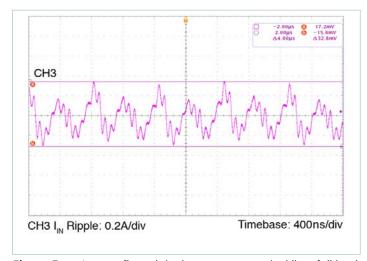


Figure 5 — Input reflected ripple current at nominal line, full load

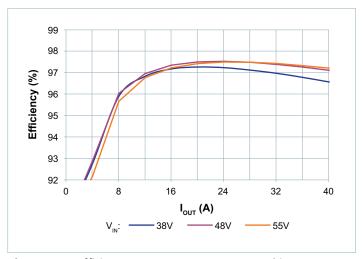


Figure 2 — Efficiency vs. output current, 55°C ambient

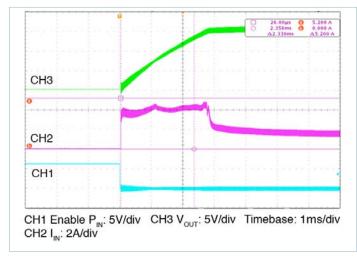


Figure 4 — Inrush current at high line, 15% load; 5A/div

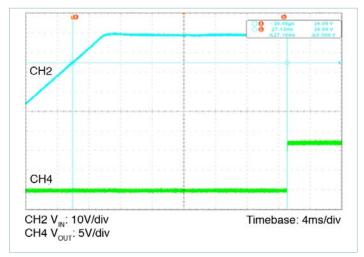


Figure 6 — Turn on delay time; V_{IN} turn on delay at nominal line, 15% load



Application Characteristics: Waveforms (Cont.)

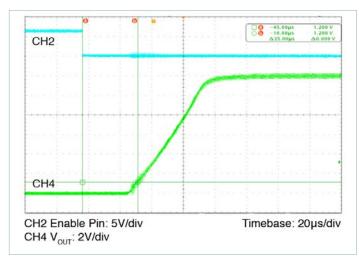


Figure 7 — Turn on delay time; enable turn on delay at nominal line, 15% load

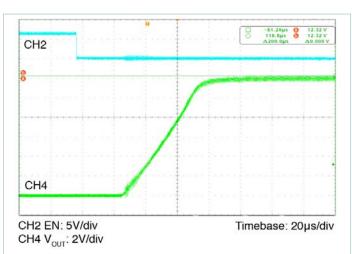


Figure 9 — Overshoot at turn on at nominal line, 15% load

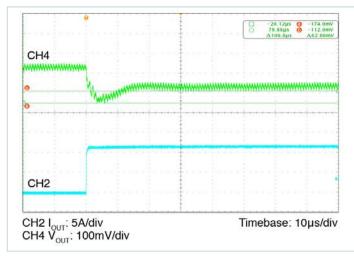


Figure 11 — Load transient response; nominal line Load step 75–100%

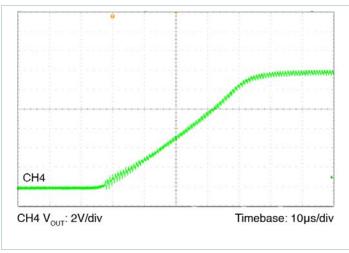


Figure 8 — Output voltage rise time at nominal line, 10% load

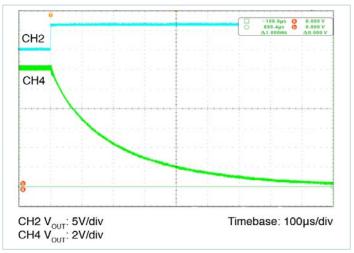


Figure 10 — Undershoot at turn off at nominal line. 10% load

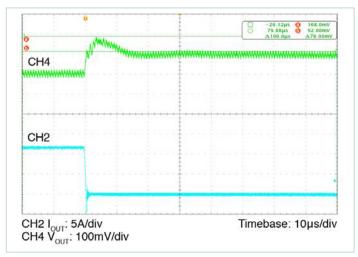


Figure 12 — Load transient response; full load to 75%; nominal line



Application Characteristics: Waveforms (Cont.)

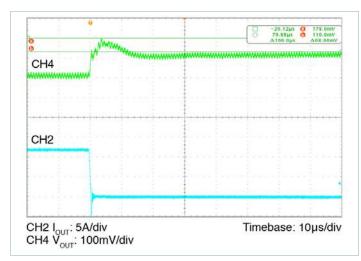


Figure 13 — Load transient response, nominal line Load step 0–25%; 5A/div

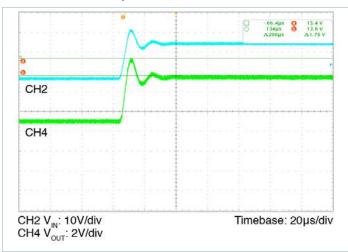


Figure 15 — Input transient response; V_{IN} step low line to high line at full load

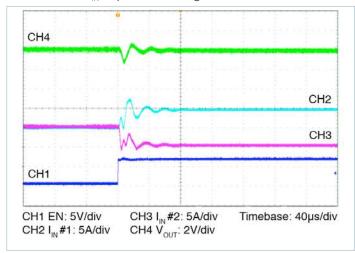


Figure 17 — Two modules parallel array test. V_{OUT} and I_{IN} change when one module is disabled. Nominal V_{IN} , $I_{OUT} = 40 A$

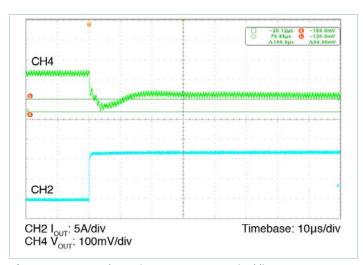


Figure 14 — Load transient response; nominal line Load step 25–0%

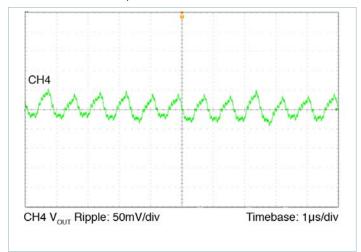


Figure 16 — Output ripple; nominal line, full load

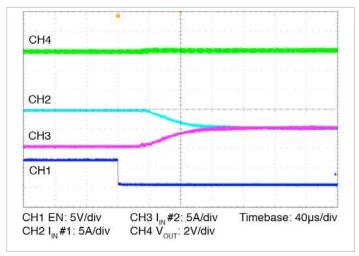


Figure 18 — Two modules parallel array test. V_{OUT} and I_{IN} change when one module is enabled. Nominal V_{IN} , $I_{OUT} = 40A$



Application Characteristics: Waveforms (Cont.)

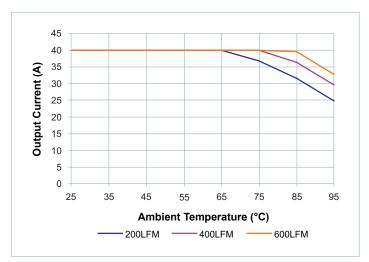


Figure 19 — Maximum output current derating vs. ambient air temperature. Transverse airflow. Board and junction temperatures within IPC-9592 derating guidelines

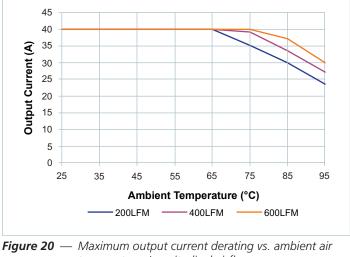


Figure 20 — Maximum output current derating vs. ambient air temperature. Longitudinal airflow.

Board and junction temperatures within IPC-9592 derating guidelines

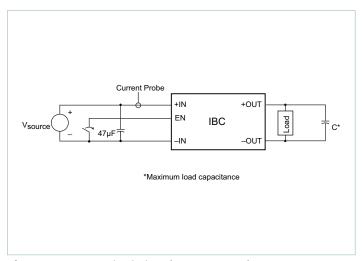


Figure 21 — Test circuit; inrush current overshoot

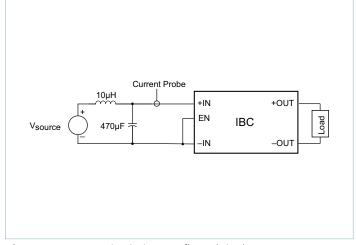


Figure 22 — Test circuit; input reflected ripple current

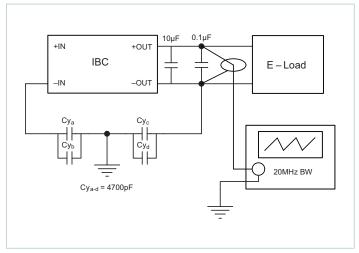


Figure 23 — Test circuit; output voltage ripple

Application Characteristics: Thermal Data

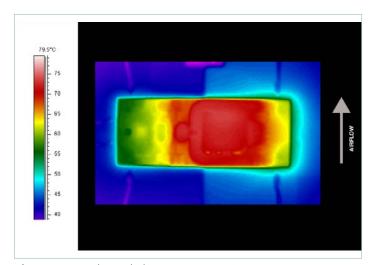


Figure 24 — Thermal plot, 200LFM, 25°C, 48V_{IN}, 450W output power

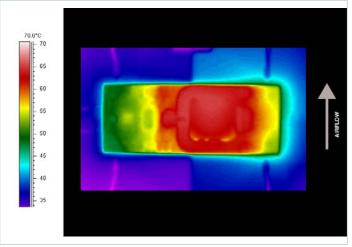


Figure 26 — Thermal plot, 400LFM, 25°C, 48V_{IN}, 450W output power

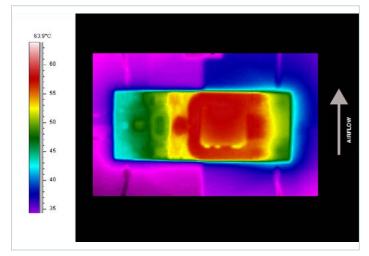


Figure 28 — Thermal plot, 600LFM, 25°C, 48V_{IN}, 450W output power

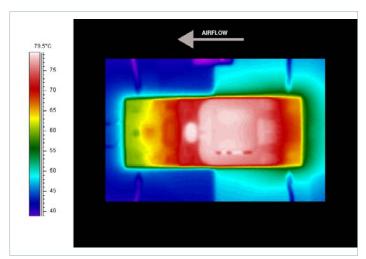


Figure 25 — Thermal plot, 200LFM, 25°C, 48V_{IN}, 450W output power

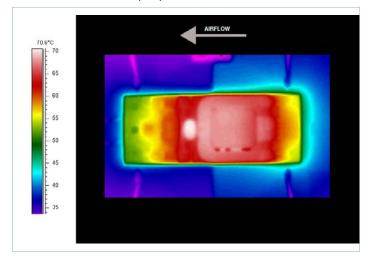


Figure 27 — Thermal plot, 400LFM, 25°C, 48V_{IN}, 450W output power

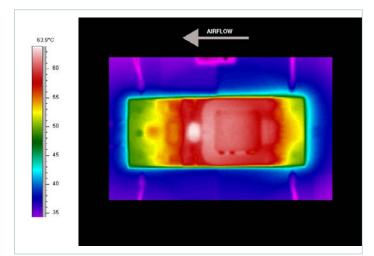


Figure 29 — Thermal plot, 600LFM, 25°C, 48V_{IN}, 450W output power



Pin / Control Functions

+IN / -IN — DC Voltage Input Pins

The IBC input voltage range should not be exceeded. An internal undervoltage/overvoltage lockout function prevents operation outside of the normal operating input range. The IBC turns on within an input voltage window bounded by the "Input undervoltage turn-on" and "Input overvoltage turn-off" levels, as specified. The IBC may be protected against accidental application of a reverse input voltage by the addition of a rectifier in series with the positive input, or a reverse rectifier in shunt with the positive input located on the load side of the input fuse.

The connection of the IBC to its power source should be implemented with minimal distribution inductance. If the interconnect inductance exceeds 100nH, the input should be bypassed with a RC damper to retain low source impedance and stable operation. With an interconnect inductance of 200nH, the RC damper may be $47\mu F$ in series with $0.3\Omega.$ A single electrolytic or equivalent low-Q capacitor may be used in place of the series RC bypass.

EN — Enable/Disable

Negative logic option

If the EN port is left floating, the IBC output is disabled. Once this port is pulled lower than $0.8V_{DC}$ with respect to -IN, the output is enabled. The EN port can be driven by a relay, optocoupler, or open collector transistor. Refer to Figures 6 and 7 for the typical enable / disable characteristics. This port should not be toggled at a rate higher than 1Hz. The EN port should also not be driven by or pulled up to an external voltage source.

Positive logic option

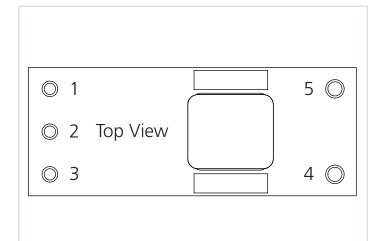
If the EN port is left floating, the IBC output is enabled. Once this port is pulled lower than $1.4V_{DC}$ with respect to –IN, the output is disabled. This action can be realized by employing a relay, optocoupler, or open collector transistor. This port should not be toggled at a rate higher than 1Hz.

The EN port should also not be driven by or pulled up to an external voltage source. The EN port can source up to 2mA at $5V_{DC}$. The EN port should never be used to sink current.

If the IBC is disabled using the EN pin, the module will attempt to restart approximately every 250ms. Once the module has been disabled for at least 250ms, the turn on delay after the EN pin is enabled will be as shown in Figure 7.

+OUT / -OUT — DC Voltage Output Pins

Total load capacitance at the output of the IBC should not exceed the specified maximum. Owing to the wide bandwidth and low output impedance of the IBC, low frequency bypass capacitance and significant energy storage may be more densely and efficiently provided by adding capacitance at the input of the IBC.



| Pin Number | Function |
|------------|--------------------|
| 1 | $V_{\text{IN+}}$ |
| 2 | Enable |
| 3 | V _{IN-} |
| 4 | V _{OUT} - |
| 5 | V _{OUT+} |
| | |

Figure 30 — IBC Pin Designations



Applications Note

Parallel Operation

The IBC will inherently current share when operated in an array. Arrays may be used for higher power or redundancy in an application. Current sharing accuracy is maximized when the source and load impedance presented to each IBC within an array are equal. The recommended method to achieve matched impedances is to dedicate common copper planes within the PCB to deliver and return the current to the array, rather than rely upon traces of varying lengths. In typical applications the current being delivered to the load is larger than that sourced from the input, allowing narrower traces to be utilized on the input side if necessary. The use of dedicated power planes is, however, preferable.

One or more IBCs in an array may be disabled without adversely affecting operation or reliability as long as the load does not exceed the rated power of the enabled IBCs.

The IBC power train and control architecture allow bi-directional power transfer, including reverse power processing from the IBC output to its input. The IBC's ability to process power in reverse improves the IBC transient response to an output load dump.

Thermal Considerations

The temperature distribution of the VI Brick® can vary significantly with its input / output operating conditions, thermal management and environmental conditions. Although the PCB is UL rated to 130°C, it is recommended that PCB temperatures be maintained at or below 125°C. For maximum long term reliability, lower PCB temperatures are recommended for continuous operation, however, short periods of operation at 125°C will not negatively impact performance or reliability.

WARNING: Thermal and voltage hazards. The IBC can operate with surface temperatures and operating voltages that may be hazardous to personnel. Ensure that adequate protection is in place to avoid inadvertent contact.

Input Impedance Recommendations

To take full advantage of the IBC capabilities, the impedance presented to its input terminals must be low from DC to approximately 5MHz. The source should exhibit low inductance and should have a critically damped response. If the interconnect inductance is excessive, the IBC input pins should be bypassed with an RC damper (e.g., $47\mu F$ in series with 0.3Ω) to retain low source impedance and proper operation. Given the wide bandwidth of the IBC, the source response is generally the limiting factor in the overall system response.

Anomalies in the response of the source will appear at the output of the IBC multiplied by its K factor. The DC resistance of the source should be kept as low as possible to minimize voltage deviations. This is especially important if the IBC is operated near low or high line as the overvoltage/undervoltage detection circuitry could be activated.

Input Fuse Recommendations

The IBC is not internally fused in order to provide flexibility in configuring power systems. However, input line fusing of VI Bricks must always be incorporated within the power system. A fast acting fuse should be placed in series with the +IN port.

Application Notes

For IBC and VI Brick application notes on soldering, thermal management, board layout, and system design visit www.vicorpower.com.



Mechanical Drawings

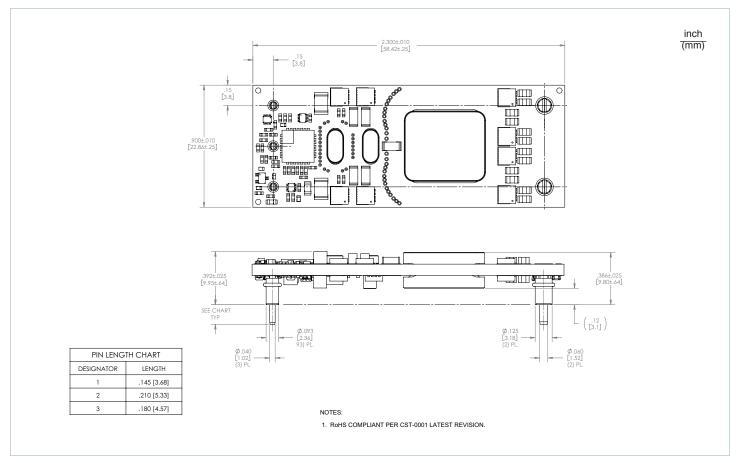


Figure 31 — IBC outline drawing

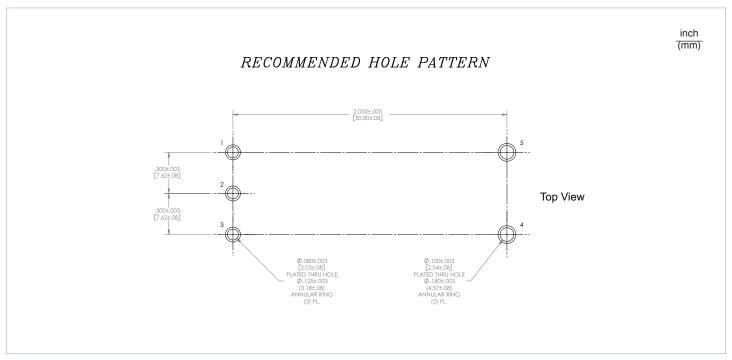


Figure 32 — IBC PCB recommended hole pattern

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