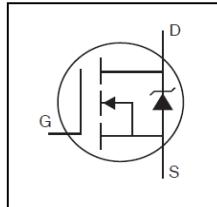
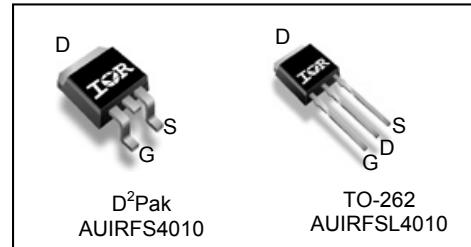


**Features**

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to  $T_{jmax}$
- Lead-Free, RoHS Compliant
- Automotive Qualified \*



$V_{DSS}$	100V
$R_{DS(on)}$ typ.	3.9mΩ
	max. 4.7mΩ
$I_D$	180A



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

**Description**

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, this HEXFET® Power MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of this design are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These features combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive applications and a wide variety of other applications

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
AUIRFSL4010	TO-262	Tube	50	AUIRFSL4010
AUIRFS4010	D²-Pak	Tube	50	AUIRFS4010
		Tape and Reel Left	800	AUIRFS4010TRL

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions. Ambient temperature (TA) is 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	180	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	127	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	720	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	375	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.5	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Thermally Limited) ②	318	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ①	See Fig. 14, 15, 22a, 22b	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①		mJ
$dv/dt$	Peak Diode Recovery ③	31	V/ns
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	

**Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑧⑨	—	0.40	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount), D² Pak ⑦	—	40	

HEXFET® is a registered trademark of Infineon.

\*Qualification standards can be found at [www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)

**Static @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	100	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.10	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 5\text{mA}$ ①
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	3.9	4.7	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 106\text{A}$ ④
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$g_{fs}$	Forward Trans conductance	189	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 106\text{A}$
$R_G$	Internal Gate Resistance	—	2.0	—	$\Omega$	
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	$\text{nA}$	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$

**Dynamic Electrical Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

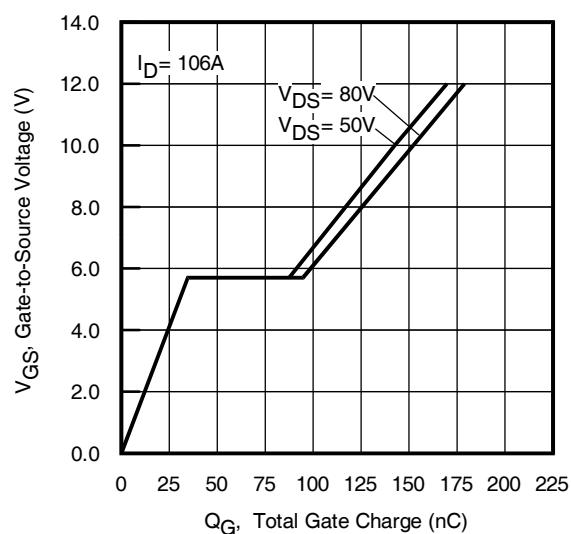
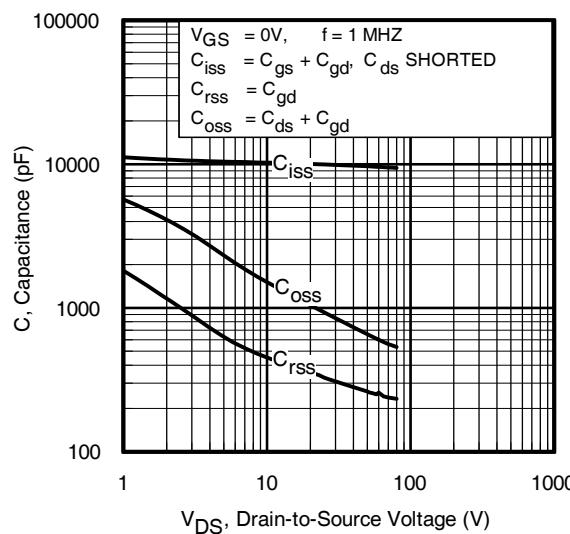
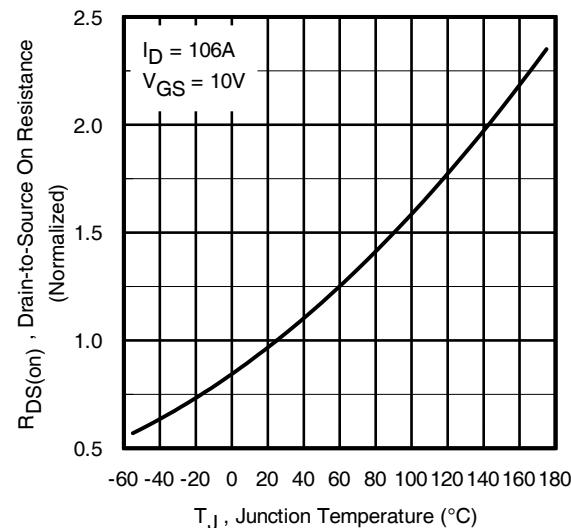
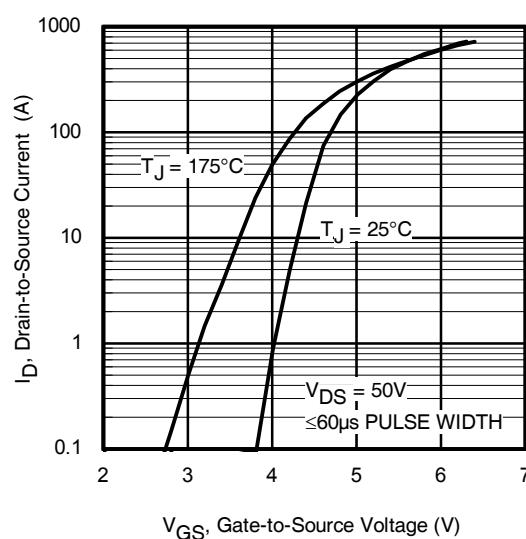
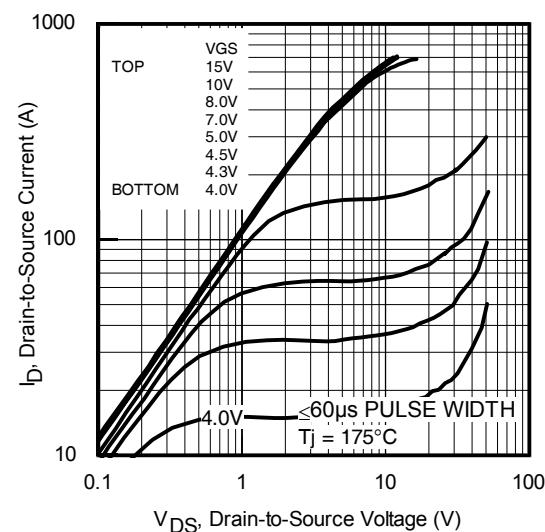
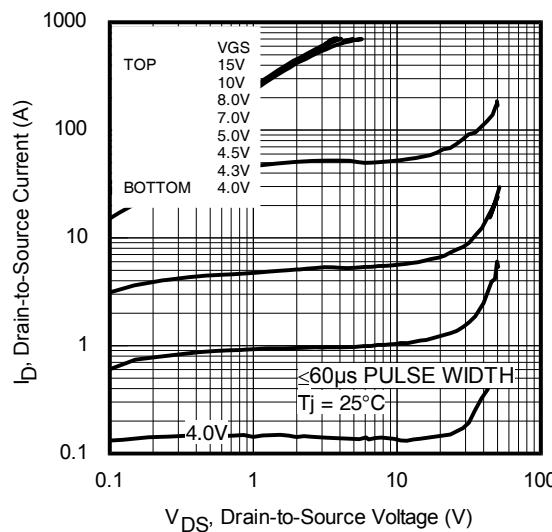
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	143	215	nC	$I_D = 106\text{A}$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	38	—		$V_{DS} = 50V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	50	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ④
$Q_{\text{sync}}$	Total Gate Charge Sync. ( $Q_g - Q_{gd}$ )	—	93	—		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	21	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 65V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	86	—		$I_D = 106\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	100	—		$R_G = 2.7\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	77	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ④
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	9575	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	660	—		$V_{DS} = 50V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	270	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ , See Fig. 5
$C_{oss \text{ eff.}(ER)}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	757	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V$ to $80V$ ⑥
$C_{oss \text{ eff.}(TR)}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)	—	1112	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V$ to $80V$ ⑤

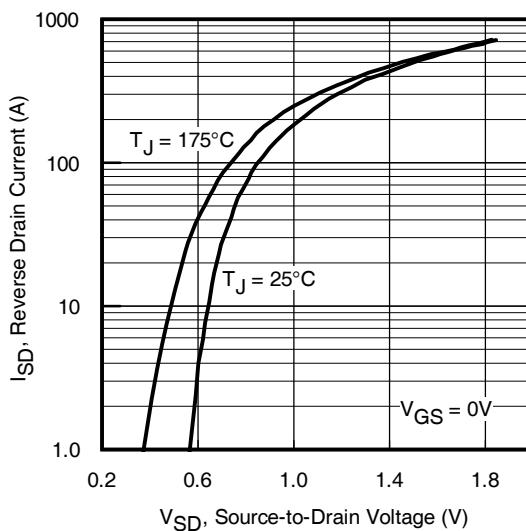
**Diode Characteristics**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_s$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	180	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	720		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 106\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	72	—		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DD} = 85V$
		—	81	—	ns	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 106\text{A}$ ,
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	210	—	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
		—	268	—		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{RRM}$	Reverse Recovery Current	—	5.3	—	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$ )				

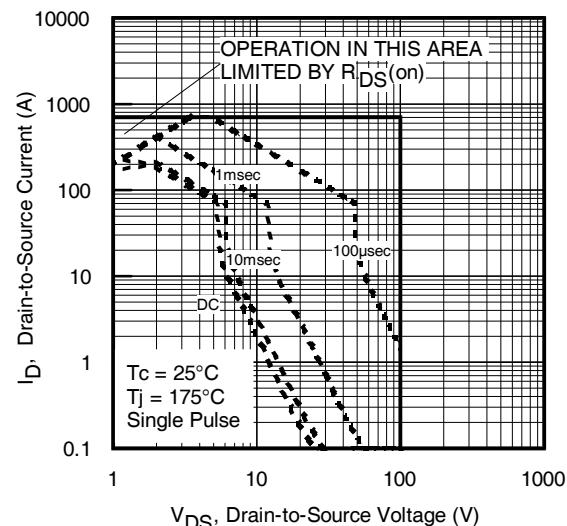
**Notes:**

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Limited by  $T_{J\text{max}}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 0.057\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 106\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10V$ . Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ③  $I_{SD} \leq 106\text{A}$ ,  $di/dt \leq 1319\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$ ,  $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑤  $C_{oss \text{ eff.}}(TR)$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑥  $C_{oss \text{ eff.}}(ER)$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑦ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994
- ⑧  $R_0$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑨  $R_{0JC}$  value shown is at time zero.

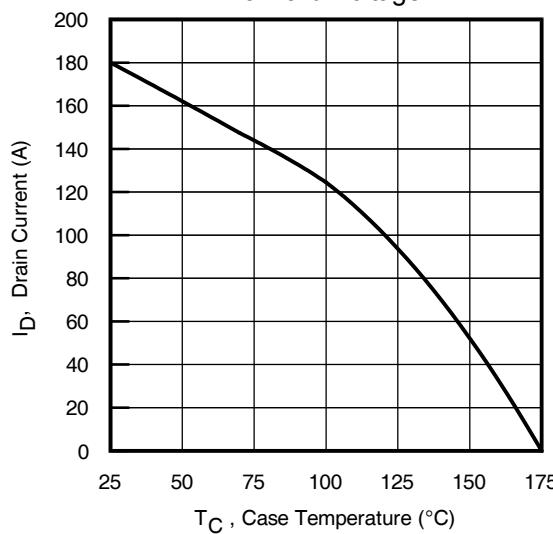




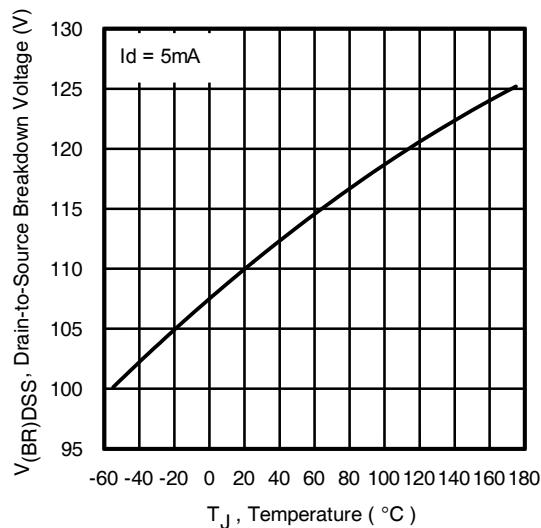
**Fig. 7** Typical Source-to-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



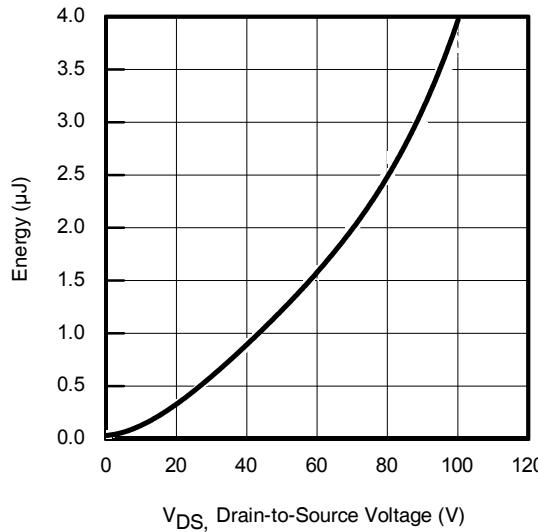
**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



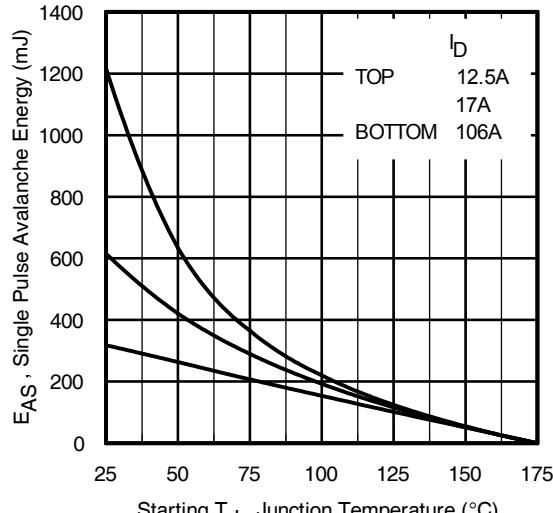
**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature



**Fig 10.** Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage



**Fig 11.** Typical Coss Stored Energy



**Fig 12.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

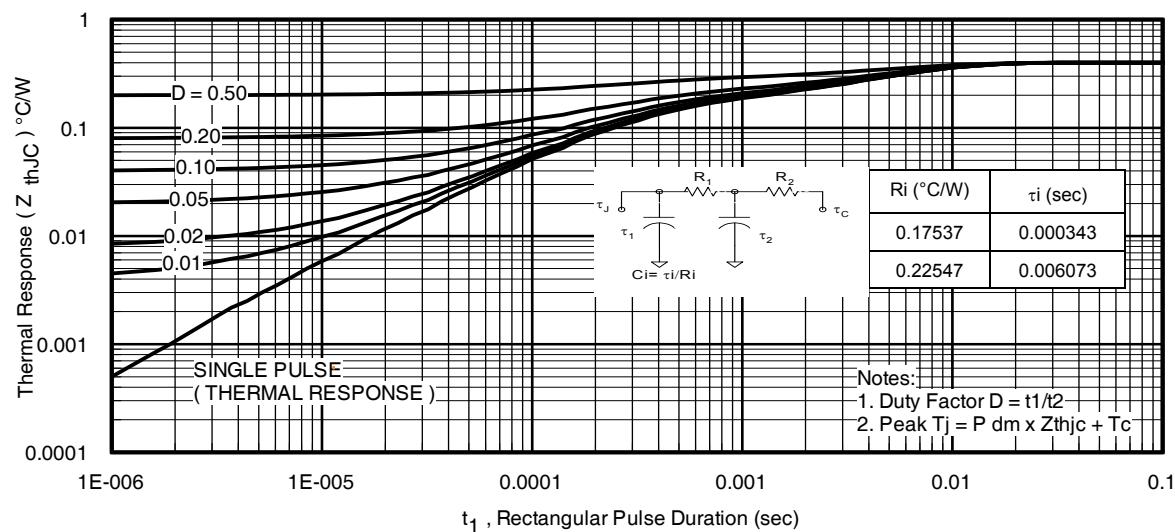


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

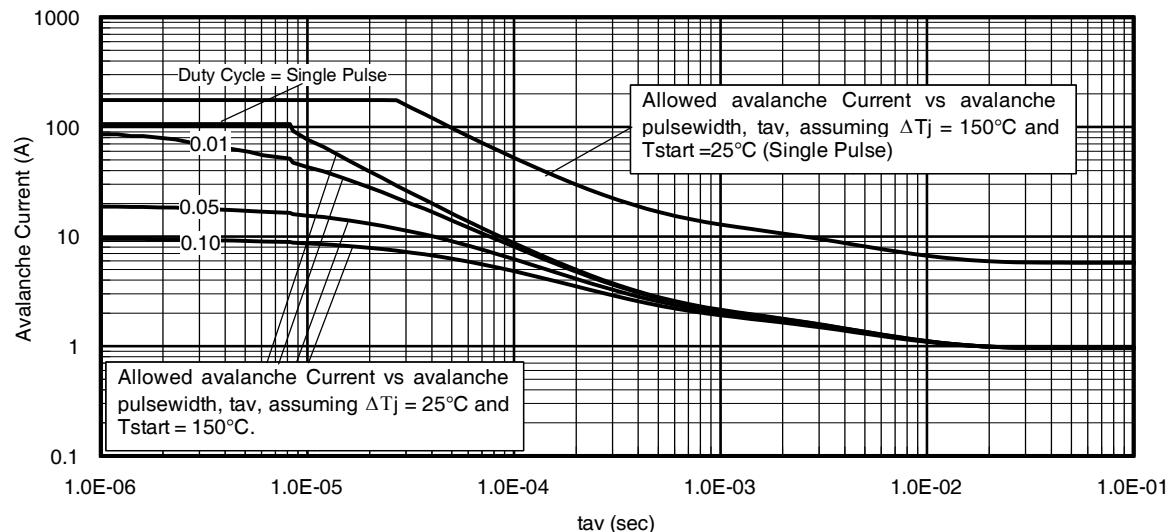


Fig 14. Avalanche Current vs. Pulse width

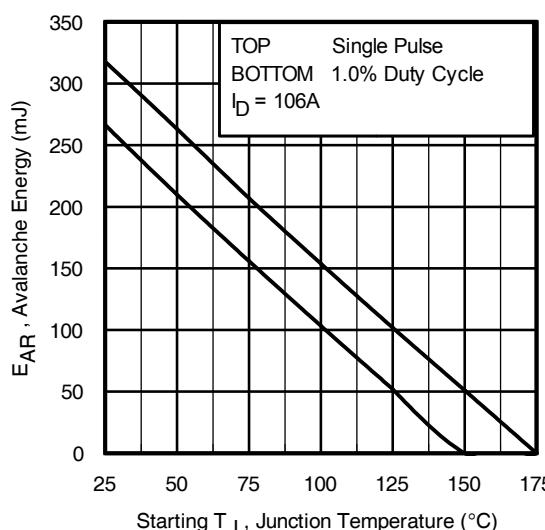


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

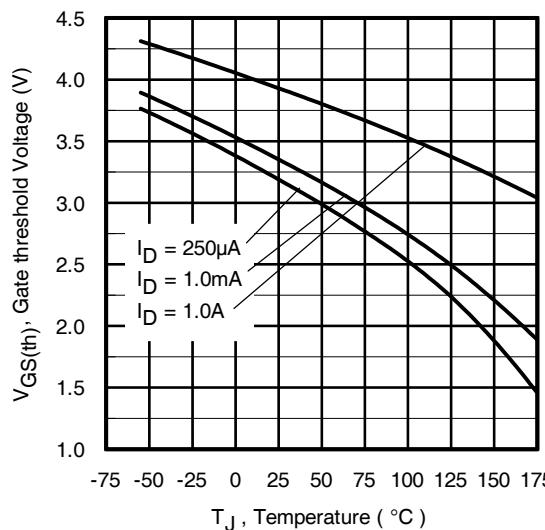
#### Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15: (For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com))

- Avalanche failures assumption:  
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
- Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
- Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 18a, 18b.
- $P_{D(ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
- $BV$  = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
- $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
- $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  in Figure 13, 14).
- $tav$  = Average time in avalanche.
- $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $tav \cdot f$
- $Z_{thJC}(D, tav)$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13

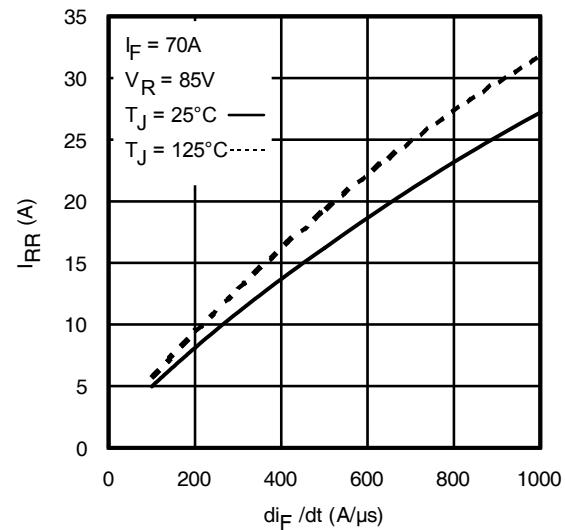
$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

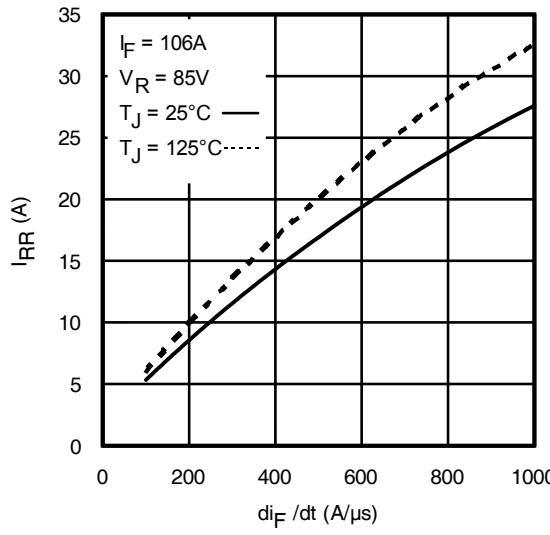
$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$



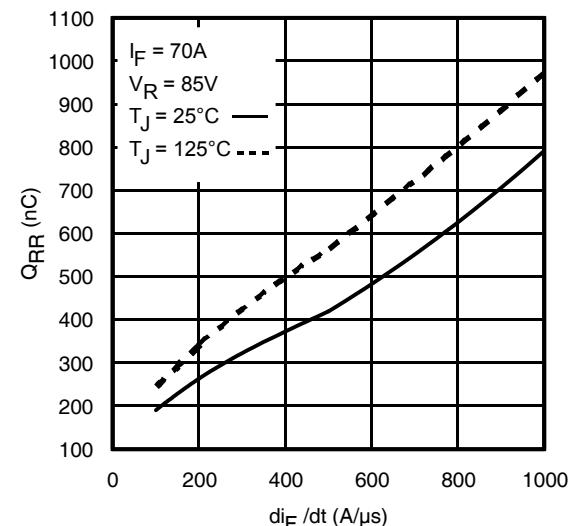
**Fig. 16.** Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature



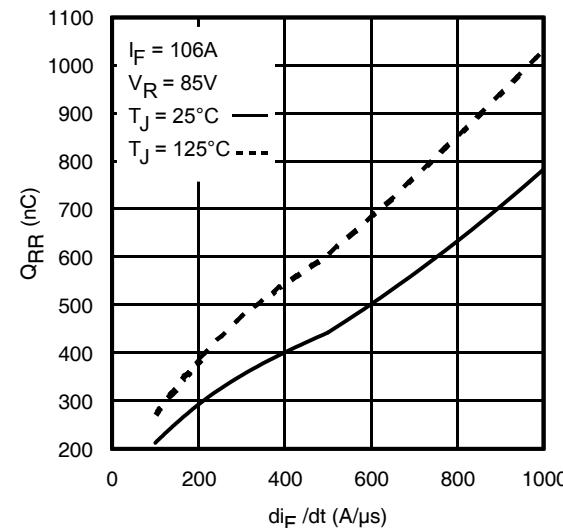
**Fig. 17 -** Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_F/dt$



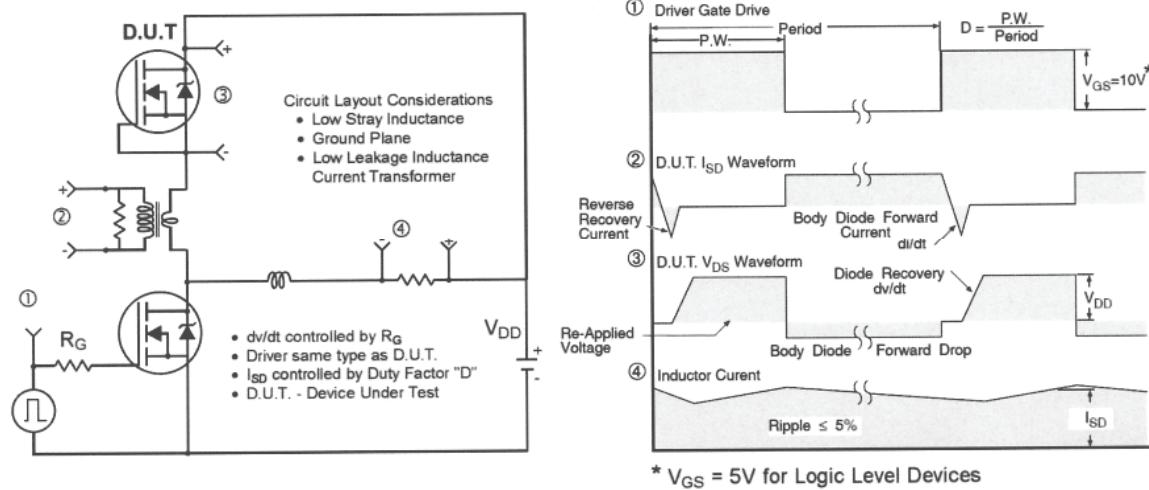
**Fig. 18 -** Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_F/dt$



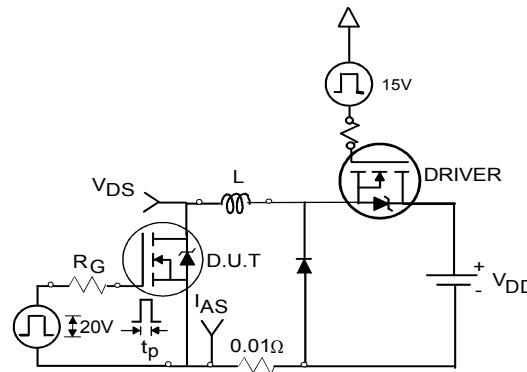
**Fig. 19 -** Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$



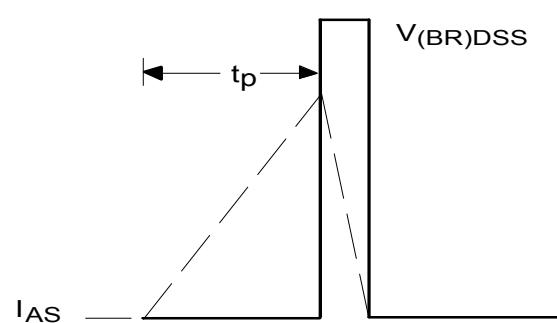
**Fig. 20 -** Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$



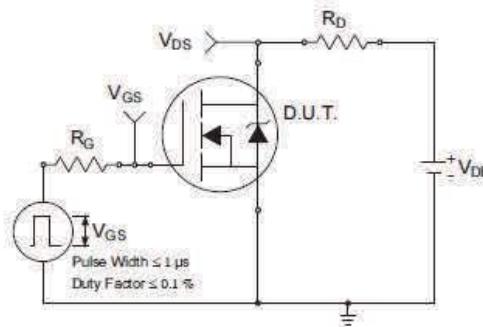
**Fig 21.** Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs



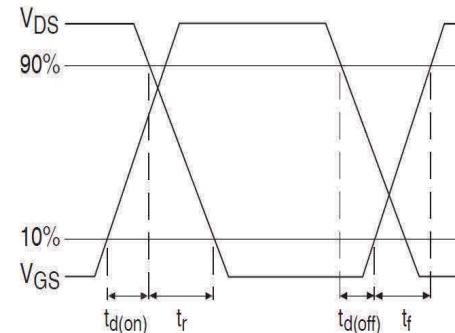
**Fig 22a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



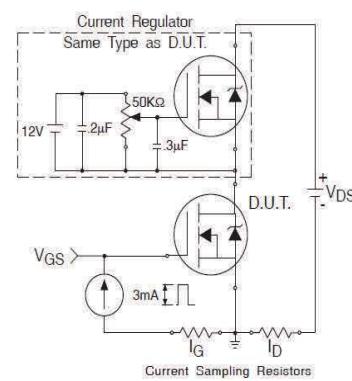
**Fig 22b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



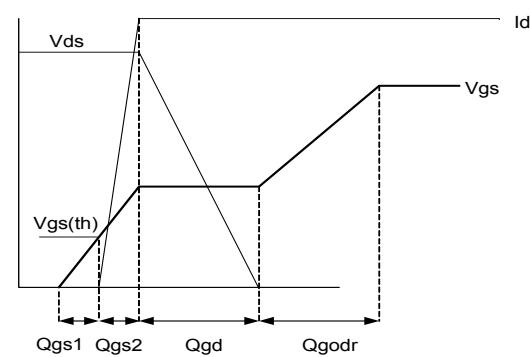
**Fig 23a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



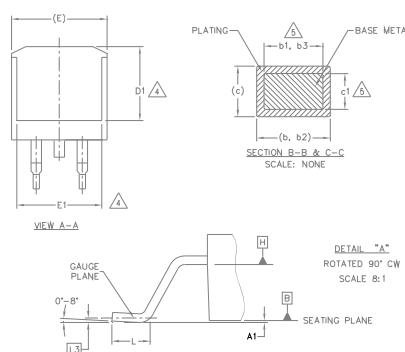
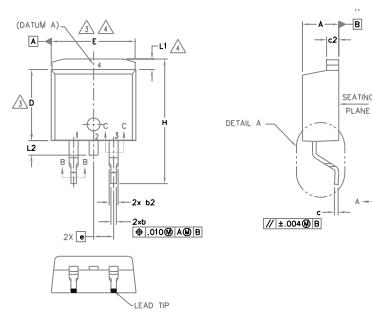
**Fig 23b.** Switching Time Waveforms



**Fig 24a.** Gate Charge Test Circuit



**Fig 24b.** Gate Charge Waveform

**D<sup>2</sup>Pak (TO-263AB) Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))**

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES	
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190		
A1	0.00	0.254	.000	.010		
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039		
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	5	
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070		
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	5	
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029		
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	5	
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065		
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	3	
D1	6.86	—	.270	—	4	
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4	
E1	6.22	—	.245	—	4	
e	2.54	BSC	.100	BSC		
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625		
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110		
L1	—	1.68	—	.066	4	
L2	—	1.78	—	.070		
L3	0.25	BSC	.010	BSC		

## LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

## DIODES

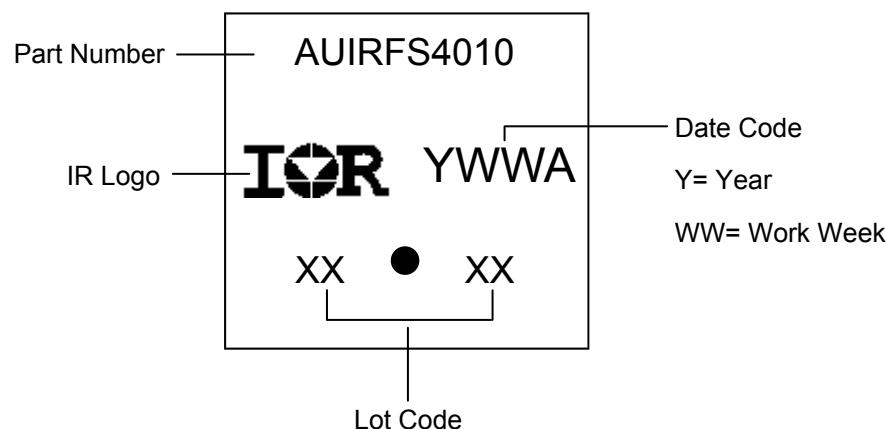
- 1.- ANODE (TWO DIE) / OPEN (ONE DIE)
- 2, 4.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

## HEXFET

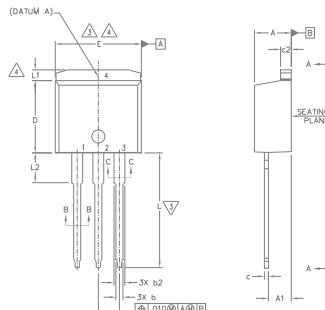
- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

## IGRTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- Emitter

**D<sup>2</sup>Pak (TO-263AB) Part Marking Information**

## TO-262 Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



### NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [0.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
4. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.
5. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
6. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
7. OUTLINE CONFORM TO JEDEC TO-262 EXCEPT A1(max.), b(min.) AND D1(min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS DERIVED THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

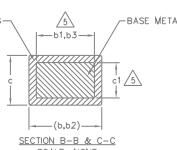
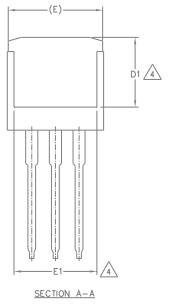
#### IGBTs, CoPACK

1. GATE
2. COLLECTOR
3. Emitter
4. COLLECTOR

#### HEXFET

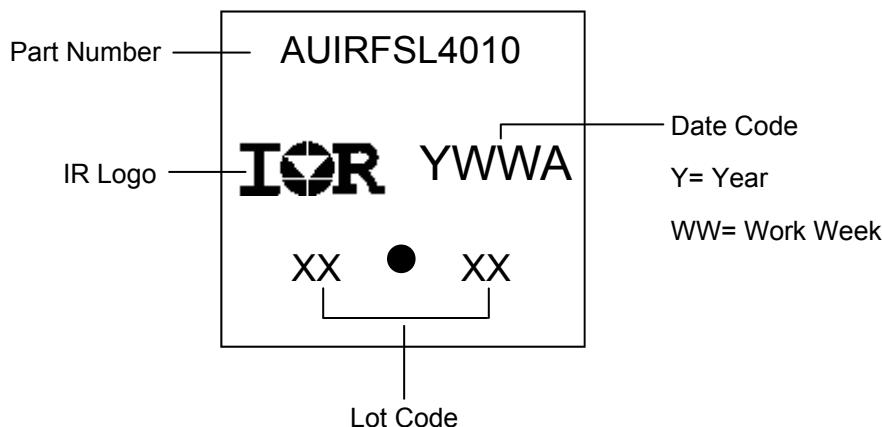
#### DIODES

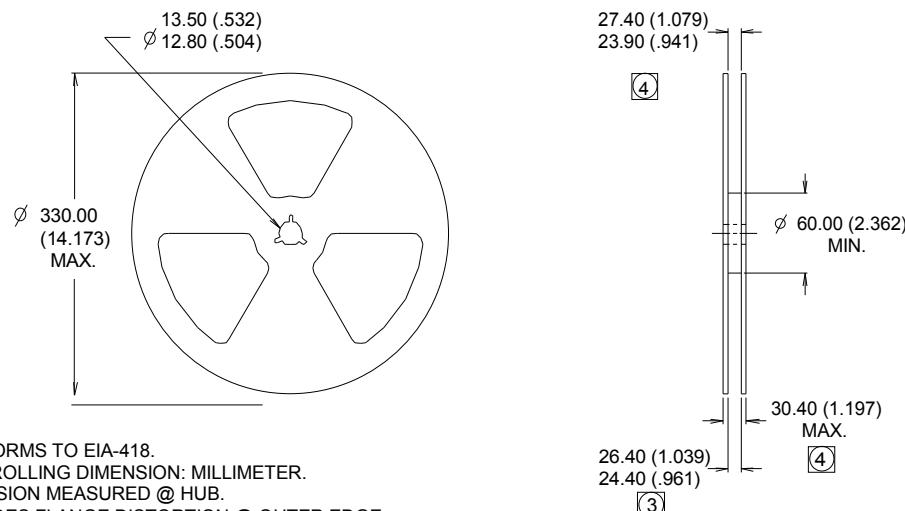
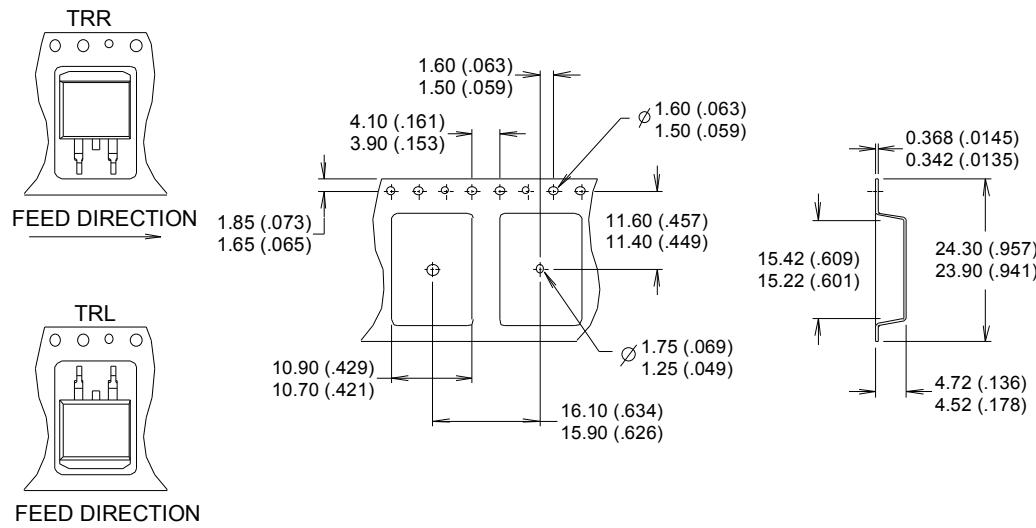
- |           |                                      |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. GATE   | 1 - ANODE (TWO DIE) / OPEN (ONE DIE) |
| 2. DRAIN  | 2, 4. - CATHODE                      |
| 3. SOURCE | 3. - ANODE                           |
| 4. DRAIN  |                                      |



S Y M B O L	DIMENSIONS				N O T E S	
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190		
A1	2.03	3.02	.080	.119		
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039		
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	5	
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070		
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	5	
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029		
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	5	
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065		
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	3	
D1	6.86	—	.270	—	4	
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4	
E1	6.22	—	.245	—	4	
e	2.54	BSC	.100	BSC		
L	13.46	14.10	.530	.555		
L1	—	1.65	—	.065		
L2	3.56	3.71	.140	.146	4	

## TO-262 Part Marking Information



**D<sup>2</sup>Pak (TO-263AB) Tape & Reel Information** (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))

## NOTES :

1. COMFORMS TO EIA-418.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSION MEASURED @ HUB.
4. INCLUDES FLANGE DISTORTION @ OUTER EDGE.

**Qualification Information**

<b>Qualification Level</b>		Automotive (per AEC-Q101)				
		Comments: This part number(s) passed Automotive qualification. Infineon's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.				
<b>Moisture Sensitivity Level</b>		D <sup>2</sup> -Pak	MSL1			
		TO-262				
<b>ESD</b>	Machine Model	Class M4 (+/- 800V) <sup>†</sup> AEC-Q101-002				
	Human Body Model	Class H3A (+/- 6000V) <sup>†</sup> AEC-Q101-001				
	Charged Device Model	Class C5 (+/- 2000V) <sup>†</sup> AEC-Q101-005				
<b>RoHS Compliant</b>		Yes				

<sup>†</sup> Highest passing voltage.

**Revision History**

Date	Comments
10/27/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated datasheet with corporate template</li> <li>• Corrected ordering table on page 1.</li> </ul>
8/23/2017	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Corrected part marking on pages 8,9</li> </ul>

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