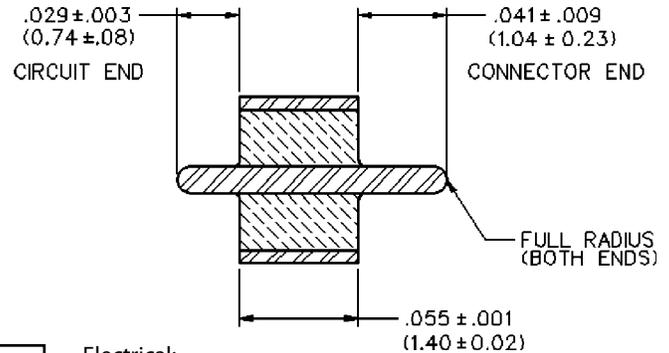
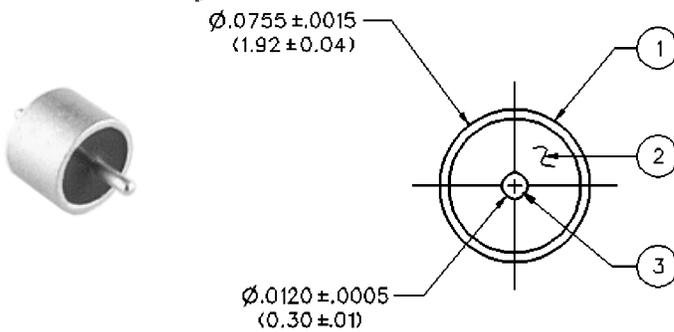


SMK - 50 Ohm Connectors (2.92mm)

INCHES (MILLIMETERS) · CUSTOMER DRAWINGS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST



Hermetic Seal Feedthru



PART NUMBER	ITEM 1 OUTER RING	ITEM 2 INSULATOR	ITEM 3 PIN
142-1000-033	Kovar Gold pl .00005 min. over Nickel pl .00005 min.	Glass Corning 7070 or equivalent	Kovar Gold pl .00005 min. over Nickel pl .00005 min.

Electrical:
 Impedance: 50 Ohms
 Frequency Range: DC to 40 GHz
 VSWR: Dependent upon application
 Working Voltage: 250 Vrms max at sea level
 Dielectric Withstanding Voltage: 500 Vrms min. at sea level
 Insulation Resistance: 5000 Megohm min.
 Insertion Loss: 0.2 dB max at 40 GHz

Environmental:
 Hermeticity: 1×10^{-8} cc/sec at one atmosphere
 Solderability: MIL-STD-202, Method 209
 Operating Temperature: -55 °C to 165 °C

Notes:

- The hermetic seal should be mounted as flush as possible with the housing. Excessive recession will create a high impedance air gap between connection and housing which degrades electrical performance.
- The use of an additional counterbore to accommodate a solder ring for seal mounting is not recommended. A slight chamfer may be used if care is taken to completely fill the area with solder - avoid air gaps.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

Bodies: Stainless steel per QQ-B-626, gold plated* per MIL-G-45204 .00005" min. or passivated per MIL-F-14072 B (EL) 300

Contacts:

Female - beryllium copper per QQ-C-530, gold plated per MIL-G-45204 .00005" min.

Contact Support Beads: PTFE fluorocarbon per ASTM D 1710 and ASTM D 1457 or modified PPE resin

Seal Rings: Silicone rubber per ZZ-R-765

* All gold plated parts include a .00005" min. nickel underplate barrier layer.

MECHANICAL RATINGS

Engagement Design: MIL-STD-348, Series SMK (2.92mm)

Engagement/Disengagement Force: 2 inch-pounds maximum

Mating Torque: 7 to 10 inch-pounds

Coupling Proof Torque: 15 inch-pounds minimum

Coupling Nut Retention: 60 pounds minimum

Contact Retention: 6 lbs. minimum axial force (captivated contacts)

Cable Retention: Axial Force*(lbs) Torque (in-oz)

.086 semi-rigid 30 16

.141 semi-rigid 60 55

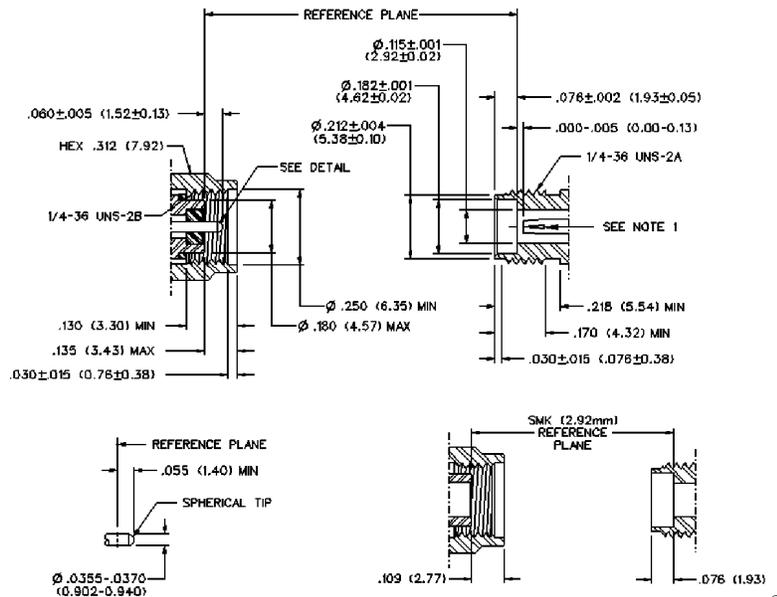
*Or cable breaking strength whichever is less.

Durability: 500 cycles minimum

Notes:

- ID of contact shall meet VSWR and connectivity requirements when mated with dia. .0355-.0365 male pin.

Mating Engagement for SMK (2.92mm) Series per MIL-STD-348



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ELECTRICAL RATINGS

Impedance: 50 ohms
 Frequency Range: 0-40 GHz
 VSWR: (f = GHz)
 Semi-rigid straight cabled connectors and adapters 1.20 Max
 Field replaceable (see typical return loss graph) N/A
 Working Voltage: (Vrms maximum)
 Connectors for Cable Type Sea Level 70K Feet
 .086 semi-rigid and field replaceable 335 85
 .141 semi-rigid and adapters 500 125
 Dielectric Withstanding Voltage: (VRMS minimum at sea level)
 .086 semi-rigid and field replaceable 1000
 .141 semi-rigid and adapters 1500
 Corona Level: (Volts minimum at 70,000 feet)
 .086 semi-rigid and field replaceable 250
 .141 semi-rigid and adapters 375
 Insertion Loss: (dB maximum)
 Adapters 0.06 f(GHz), tested at 6 GHz
 Straight semi-rigid cable connectors 0.03 f(GHz), tested at 10 GHz
 Insulation Resistance: 5000 megohms minimum
 Contact Resistance: (milliohms maximum) Initial After Environmental
 Center contact straight cabled connectors ... 3.0* 4.0
 Center contact adapters 4.0 6.0
 Field replaceable connectors 6.0 8.0
 Outer contact (all connectors) 2.0 N/A
 Body to cable (gold plated connectors) 0.5 N/A
 Body to cable (passivated connectors) 5.0 N/A
 RF Leakage: (dB minimum, tested at 2.5 GHz) -90dB
 RF High Potential Withstanding Voltage: (Vrms minimum, tested at 4 and 7 MHz) =
 .086 semi-rigid and field replaceable 670
 .141 semi-rigid and adapters 1000

ENVIRONMENTAL RATINGS

(Meets or exceeds the applicable paragraph of MIL-C-39012)

Temperature Range: -65 °C to +165 °C
 Thermal Shock: MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition B
 Corrosion: MIL-STD-202, Method 101, Condition B
 Shock: MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Condition I
 Vibration: MIL-STD-202, Method 204, Condition D
 Moisture Resistance: MIL-STD-202, Method 106

FIELD REPLACEABLE APPLICATION NOTES

The field replaceable connectors manufactured by Johnson Components are easy to install and replace. The hermetic seal is mounted into the circuit module wall and the connector can be removed and replaced without destroying the hermeticity of the circuit housing.

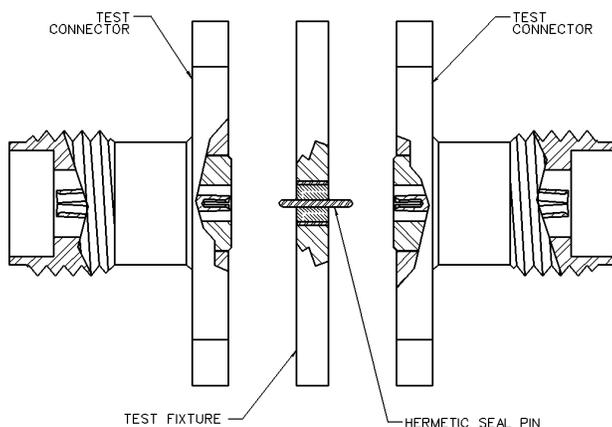
The field replaceable connector creates a transition from microstrip circuitry to a coaxial transmission line. The SMK (2.92mm) seal pin diameter is .012 (.030) to minimize the capacitive effects on the circuit trace. For optimum electrical performance, the transition from the hermetic seal to the microstrip trace must be properly compensated. Compensation involves adjusting the microstrip trace width to minimize any impedance discontinuities found in the transition area.

The plot shown below is representative of the typical return loss of a Johnson Components™ field replaceable SMK connector. To produce the data shown below, a test fixture is created using the Johnson Components™ SMK hermetic seal. The fixture consists of a suitably thick spacer plate with the hermetic seal mounted flush to both surfaces. Two connectors are mounted back to back around the fixture and the VSWR of this test assembly is measured. The calculated return loss trace shown is equivalent to the square root of the measured VSWR of the test assembly. Since the connectors tested are of identical design, it can be stated with fair accuracy that the calculated data shown represents the response of a single field replaceable connector and its transition to the hermetic seal.

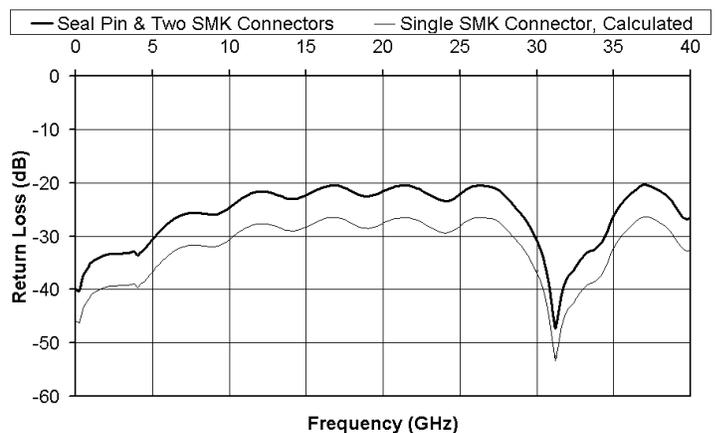
Although Johnson Components™ does not publish a VSWR specification for field replaceable connectors, typical connector return loss can be expected to be less than -20 dB through 40 GHz. A VSWR specification is not stated because an industry standard method for testing field replaceable connectors does not exist. The actual performance of the connector is dependent upon the following:

1. For optimum electrical performance, Johnson Components™ recommends the use of our standard 142-1000-033 hermetic seal with a pin diameter of .0120 (0.305) +/- .0005 (0.013).
2. It is recommended that the hermetic seal be mounted flush with the circuit housing. Tolerance variations between the hermetic seal and machined housing do not always guarantee an optimum transition to the connector. Some manufacturers recommend an additional counterbore in the circuit housing to accommodate a solder washer during installation of the seal. Johnson Components™ does not recommend this type of installation because if the counterbore is not completely filled with solder, electrical discontinuities may be created.
3. The transition between the hermetic seal pin and the microstrip trace will effect electrical performance, as stated above. Several different methods of hermetic seal mounting and seal pin to microstrip trace attachment are used in the industry.

FIELD REPLACEABLE TEST ASSEMBLY



TYPICAL RETURN LOSS

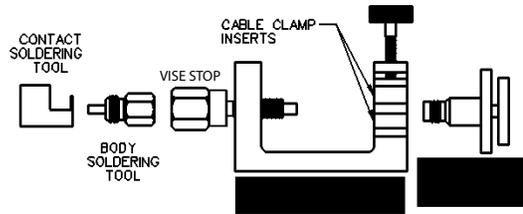
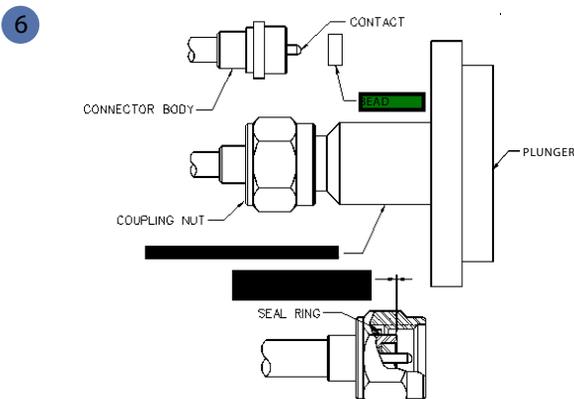
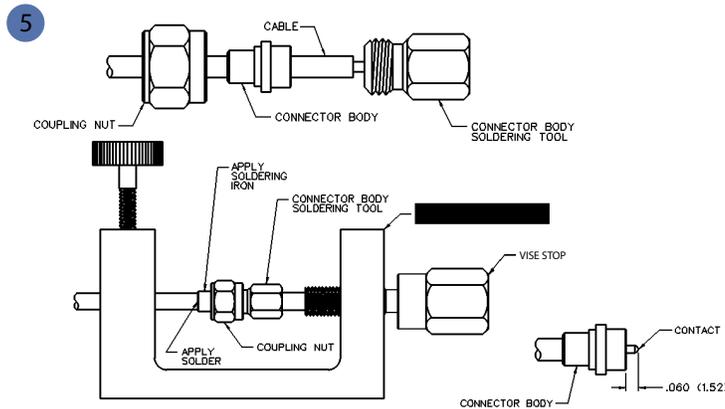
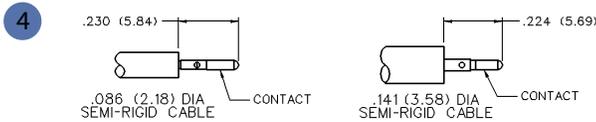
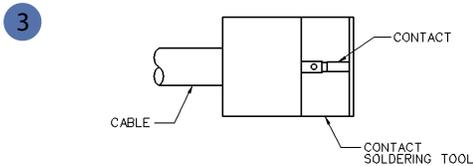
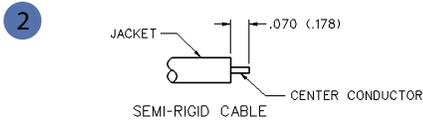
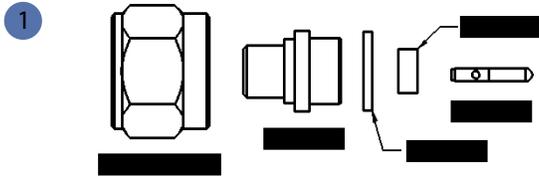


SMK - 50 Ohm Connectors (2.92mm)

INCHES (MILLIMETERS) • CUSTOMER DRAWINGS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST



SMK Solder Type Straight Plugs For Semi-rigid Cable



- 1 Identify connector parts (5 piece parts) and tools (5 tools.)
- 2 Strip cable jacket and dielectric to dimension shown.
- 3 Place center contact onto center conductor. Slide contact soldering tool onto contact. Clamp the cable contact and tool into cable soldering vise and solder contact to center conductor. High temperature solder, such as 95/5 Sn/Ag is recommended so that contact solder joint remains stable during body soldering operation. Solder paste is recommended for the contact solder joint to minimize excess solder. The assembled dimension should be as shown.
- 4 Remove excess solder from contact with a sharp blade and clean contact. Check for presence of excess solder by sliding body soldering tool over the contact. Remove soldering tool.
- 5 Place connector nut and body on cable. Place connector body soldering tool over contact and thread the coupling nut and connector body firmly to the tool. Place cable subassembly into cable soldering vise. Clamp cable and soldering tool securely to insure the cable dielectric expansion will not disturb the cable in the vise during soldering. Place hot soldering iron on the connector body sleeve and apply solder from the opposite side. A low temp solder, such as 60/40 Sn/Pb is recommended for the body solder joint. Allow the soldered joint to cool and remove from fixture. Check contact location to the body. The best electrical results are achieved when the contact location is within a tolerance of .060 +/- .001.
- 6 Place bead onto neck portion of the tool. Thread Bead Assembly tool firmly into the coupling nut. Push the tool's plunger between your thumb and fingers to assemble the bead. Check bead location. Assemble seal ring onto body.

TOOL	145-0693-001/002 (FOR .086 SEMI-RIGID)	145-0694-001/002 (FOR .141 SEMI-RIGID)
Semi-Rigid Cable Vise	140-0000-962	140-0000-962
Vise Stop	140-0000-968	140-0000-968
Bead Assy. Tool	140-0000-957	140-0000-957
Contact Soldering Tool	140-0000-960	140-0000-961
Body Soldering Tool	140-0000-958	140-0000-959
Cable Clamp Insert	140-0000-964	140-0000-965