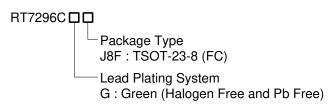


3A, 17V Current Mode Synchronous Step-Down Converter

General Description

The RT7296C is a high-efficiency, 3A current mode synchronous step-down DC/DC converter with a wide input voltage range from 4.5V to 17V. The device integrates $80m\Omega$ high-side and $30m\Omega$ low-side MOSFETs to achieve high efficiency conversion. The current mode control architecture supports fast transient response and internal compensation. A cycle-by-cycle current limit function provides protection against shorted output. The RT7296C provides complete protection functions such under-voltage lockout, output under-voltage protection, over-current protection, and thermal shutdown. The PWM frequency is adjustable by the EN/SYNC pin. The RT7296C is available in the TSOT-23-8 (FC) package.

Ordering Information



Note:

Richtek products are:

- ▶ RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

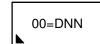
Features

- 4.5V to 17V Input Voltage Range
- 3A Output Current
- Internal N-Channel MOSFETs
- Current Mode Control
- Fixed Switching Frequency: 1.4MHz
- Synchronous to External Clock: 300kHz to 3MHz
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limit
- External Soft-Start Function
- Input Under-Voltage Lockout
- Output Under-Voltage Protection
- Thermal Shutdown

Applications

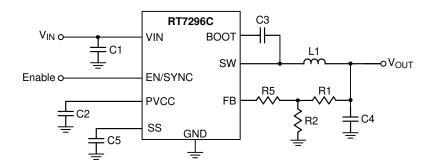
- Industrial and Commercial Low Power Systems
- Computer Peripherals
- LCD Monitors and TVs
- Set-top Boxes

Marking Information



00= : Product Code DNN : Date Code

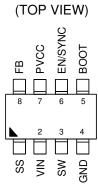
Simplified Application Circuit



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Pin Configurations



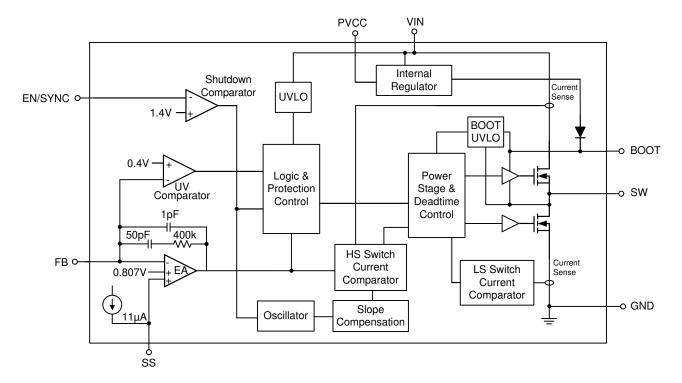
TSOT-23-8 (FC)

Functional Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	SS	Soft-Start Control Input. SS control the soft-start period. Connect a capacitor from SS to GND to set the soft-start period.
2	VIN	Power Input. Support 4.5V to17V Input Voltage. Must bypass with a suitable large ceramic capacitor at this pin.
3	SW	Switch Node. Connect to external L-C filter.
4	GND	System Ground.
5	воот	Bootstrap Supply for High-Side Gate Driver. Connect a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor between the BOOT and SW pins.
6	EN/SYNC	Enable Control Input. High = Enable. Apply an external clock to adjust the switching frequency. If using pull high resistor connected to VIN, the recommended value range is $60k\Omega$ to $300k\Omega$.
7	PVCC	5V Bias Supply Output. Connect a minimum of 0.1μF capacitor to ground.
8	FB	Feedback Voltage Input. The pin is used to set the output voltage of the converter to regulate to the desired voltage via a resistive divider. Feedback reference = 0.8V.



Function Block Diagram



Operation

Under Voltage Lockout Threshold

The IC includes an input Under Voltage Lockout Protection (UVLO). If the input voltage exceeds the UVLO rising threshold voltage (3.9V), the converter resets and prepares the PWM for operation. If the input voltage falls below the UVLO falling threshold voltage (3.25V) during normal operation, the device stops switching. The UVLO rising and falling threshold voltage includes a hysteresis to prevent noise caused reset.

Chip Enable

The EN pin is the chip enable input. Pulling the EN pin low (<1.1V) will shutdown the device. During shutdown mode, the RT7296C's quiescent current drops to lower than $1\mu A$. Driving the EN pin high (>1.6V) will turn on the device.

Operating Frequency and Synchronization

The internal oscillator runs at 1400kHz (typ.) when the EN/SYNC pin is at logic-high level (>1.6V). If the EN pin is pulled to low-level over $8\,\mu\,s$, the IC will shut down. The RT7296C can be synchronized with an external clock ranging from 300kHz to 3MHz applied to the EN/SYNC pin. The external clock duty cycle must be from 20% to 80% with logic-high level = 2V and logic-low level = 0.8V.

Internal Regulator

The internal regulator generates 5V power and drive internal circuit. When VIN is below 5V, PVCC will drop with VIN. A capacitor (>0.1 μ F) between PVCC and GND is required.

Soft-Start Function

The RT7296C provides external soft-start function. The soft-start function is used to prevent large inrush current while converter is being powered-up. The

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soft-start timing can be programmed by the external capacitor between SS pin and GND. The Chip provides a 11μ A charge current for the external capacitor.

Over Current Protection

RT7296C provides cycle-by-cycle over current limit protection. When the inductor current peak value reaches current limit, IC will turn off High Side MOS to avoid over current.

Under Voltage Protection (Hiccup Mode)

RT7296C provides Hiccup Mode of Under Voltage Protection (UVP). When the FB voltage drops below half of the feedback reference voltage, V_{FB}, the UVP function will be triggered and the IC will shut down for a period of time and then recover automatically. The Hiccup Mode of UVP can reduce input current in short-circuit conditions.

Thermal Shutdown

Thermal shutdown is implemented to prevent the chip from operating at excessively high temperatures. When the junction temperature is higher than 150°C, the chip will shutdown the switching operation. The chip is automatically re-enabled when the junction temperature cools down by approximately 20°C.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

• Supply Input Voltage, VIN –0.3V to 2	.0V
--	-----

 $\bullet \;\; \text{Switch Voltage, SW------} \;\; -0.3 \text{V to V}_{\text{IN}} + 0.3 \text{V}_{\text{IN}} + 0.3 \text{V$

 \bullet BOOT to SW, $V_{BOOT-SW}$ ----- -0.3V to 6V (7V for < $10\mu s$)

• Other Pins----- -0.3V to 6V

Power Dissipation, P_D @ T_A = 25°C

TSOT-23-8 (FC)------ 1.428W

• Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)

TSOT-23-8 (FC), θ_{JA} ------ 70°C/W

TSOT-23-8 (FC), θ_{JC} ------ 15°C/W

• Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) ----- 260°C

• Junction Temperature ----- -40°C to 150°C

• ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)

HBM (Human Body Model) ----- 2kV

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)

• Supply Input Voltage, VIN------ 4.5V to 17V

• Junction Temperature Range ----- --- -- -- 40°C to 125°C

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{IN} = 12V, T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Shutdown Supply Cu	Shutdown Supply Current		V _{EN} = 0V			1	μΑ
Quiescent Current with no Load at DCDC Output			V _{EN} = 2V, V _{FB} = 1V		0.8	1	mA
Feedback Voltage	Feedback Voltage			0.799	0.807	0.815	V
Feedback Current		I _{FB}	V _{FB} = 820mV		10	50	nA
Switch	High-Side	R _{DS} (ON)H			80		mΩ
On-Resistance	Low-Side	RDS(ON)L			30		
Switch Leakage			$V_{EN} = 0V$, $V_{SW} = 0V$			1	μΑ
Current Limit	Current Limit		Under 40% duty-cycle	4.2	5		Α
Low-Side Switch Current Limit			From Drain to Source		2		Α
Oscillation Frequency		fosc	V _{FB} = 0.75V	1100	1400	1700	kHz
SYNC Frequency Range		fsync		300		3000	kHz
Fold-Back Frequency			V _{FB} < 400mV		125		kHz
Maximum Duty-Cycle	Э	DMAX	V _{FB} = 0.7V		85		%

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RT7296C

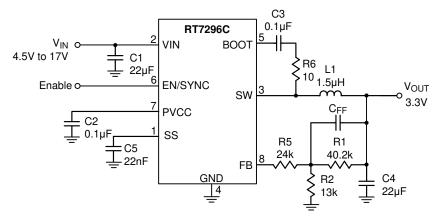


Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Minimum On-Time		ton			60		ns	
EN Input Voltage	Logic-High	ViH		1.2	1.4	1.6	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
EN Input Voltage	Logic-Low	VIL		1.1	1.25	1.4	V	
EN Input Current		1	VEN = 2V		2		μΑ	
		I _{EN}	V _{EN} = 0V		0			
EN Turn-off Delay		ENtd-off			8		μS	
Input Under-Voltage	V _{IN} Rising	V _{UVLO}	V _{IN} Rising	3.7	3.9	4.1	V	
Lockout Threshold	Hysteresis	Δ V UVLO			650		mV	
VCC Regulator	VCC Regulator				5		V	
VCC Load Regulation		ΔV_{LOAD}	I _{VCC} = 5mA		3		%	
Soft-Start Charge Current		I _{SS}			11		μΑ	
Thermal Shutdown Temperature		T _{SD}			150		°C	
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis		ΔT _{SD}			20		°C	

- **Note 1.** Stresses beyond those listed "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.
- Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ on a high effective thermal conductivity four-layer test board per JEDEC 51-7. θ_{JC} is measured at the exposed pad of the package.
- **Note 3.** Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution recommended.
- $\textbf{Note 4.} \ \ \textbf{The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.}$



Typical Application Circuit



Note: All input and output capacitance in the suggested parameter mean the effective capacitance. The effective capacitance needs to consider any De-rating Effect like DC Bias.

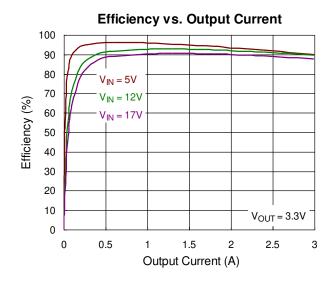
Table 1. Suggested Component Values

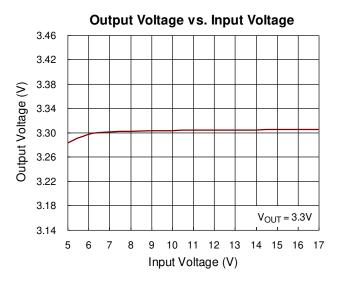
V _{OUT} (V)	R1 (k Ω)	R2 (k Ω)	R5 (k Ω)	C _{ff} (pF)	C4 (μ F)	L1 (μH)
1.0	20.5	84.5	140	15	22	0.52
3.3	40.2	13	24	15	22	1.5
5.0	40.2	7.68	24	15	22	1.5

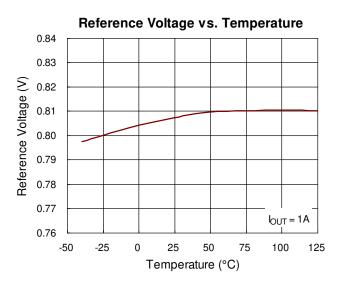
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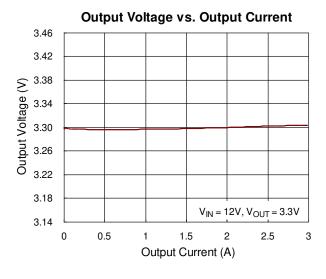


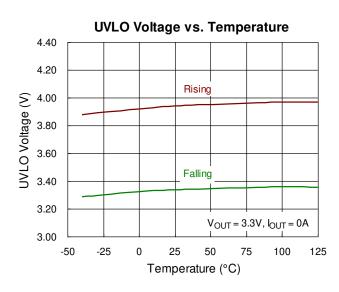
Typical Operating Characteristics

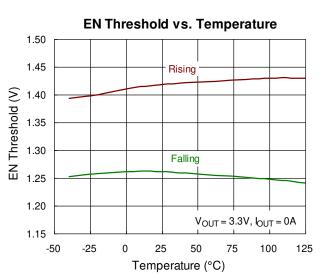




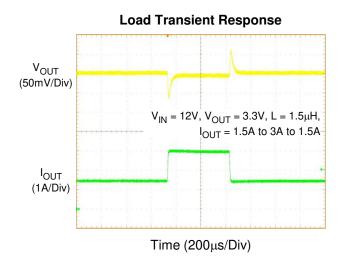


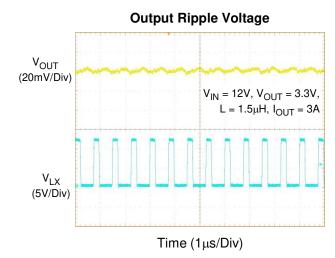


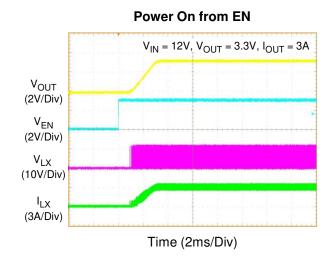


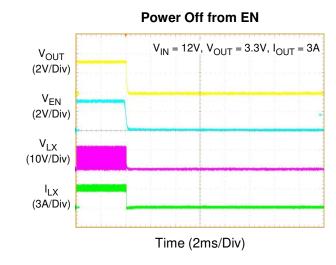


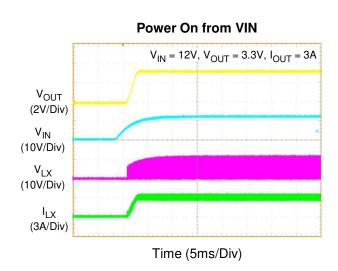


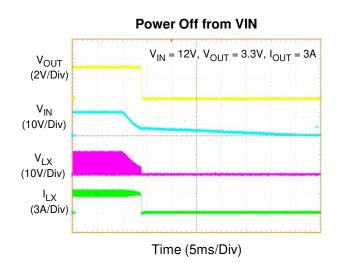












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Application Information

The RT7296C is a high voltage buck converter that can support the input voltage range from 4.5V to 17V and the input voltage range from 4.5V to 17V and the output current can be up to 3A.

Output Voltage Selection

The resistive voltage divider allows the FB pin to sense a fraction of the output voltage as shown in Figure 1.

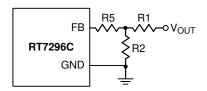


Figure 1. Output Voltage Setting

For adjustable voltage mode, the output voltage is set by an external resistive voltage divider according to the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \Biggl(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \Biggr)$$

Where V_{FB} is the feedback reference voltage (0.807V typ.). Table 2 lists the recommended resistors value for common output voltages.

Table 2. Recommended Resistors Value

V _{OUT} (V)	R1 (k Ω)	R2 (k Ω)	R5 (k Ω)
1.0	20.5	84.5	140
3.3	40.2	13	24
5.0	40.2	7.68	24

External Bootstrap Diode

Connect a 100nF low ESR ceramic capacitor between the BOOT pin and SW pin. This capacitor provides the gate driver voltage for the high side MOSFET. It is recommended to add an external bootstrap diode between an external 5V and BOOT pin, as shown as Figure 2, for efficiency improvement when input voltage is lower than 5.5V or duty ratio is higher than 65% .The bootstrap diode can be a low cost one such as IN4148 or BAT54. The external 5V can be a 5V fixed input from system or a 5V output (PVCC) of the RT7296C.

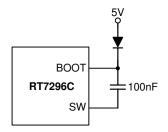


Figure 2. External Bootstrap Diode

External Soft-Start Capacitor

RT7296C provides external soft-start function. The soft-start function is used to prevent large inrush current while converter is being powered-up. The soft-start timing can be programmed by the external capacitor (Css) between SS pin and GND. The Chip provides a $11\mu\text{A}$ charge current (Iss) for the external capacitor. The soft-start time (tss, VREF is from 0V to 0.8V) can be calculated by the following formula :

$$t_{SS}(ms) = \frac{C_{SS}(nF) \times 1.3}{I_{SS}(\mu A)}$$

Inductor Selection

The inductor value and operating frequency determine the ripple current according to a specific input and output voltage. The ripple current ΔI_L increases with higher VIN and decreases with higher inductance.

$$\Delta I_{L} = \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{f \times L}\right) \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

Having a lower ripple current reduces not only the ESR losses in the output capacitors but also the output voltage ripple. High frequency with small ripple current can achieve highest efficiency operation. However, it requires a large inductor to achieve this goal.

For the ripple current selection, the value of $\Delta I_L = 0.3(I_{MAX})$ will be a reasonable starting point. The largest ripple current occurs at the highest V_{IN} . To guarantee that the ripple current stays below the specified maximum, the inductor value should be chosen according to the following equation :

$$L = \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{f \times \Delta I_{L(MAX)}}\right) \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(MAX)}}\right)$$

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The inductor's current rating (caused a 40°C temperature rising from 25°C ambient) should be greater than the maximum load current and its saturation current should be greater than the short circuit peak current limit.

CIN and COUT Selection

The input capacitance, C_{IN}, is needed to filter the trapezoidal current at the source of the top MOSFET. To prevent large ripple current, a low ESR input capacitor sized for the maximum RMS current should be used. The RMS current is given by:

$$I_{RMS} = I_{OUT(MAX)} \, \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \, \sqrt{\frac{V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}}} - 1$$

This formula has a maximum at $V_{IN} = 2V_{OUT}$, where $I_{RMS} = I_{OUT}/2$. This simple worst-case condition is commonly used for design because even significant deviations do not offer much relief.

Choose a capacitor rated at a higher temperature than required. Several capacitors may also be paralleled to meet size or height requirements in the design. The selection of C_{OUT} is determined by the required Effective Series Resistance (ESR) to minimize voltage ripple. Moreover, the amount of bulk capacitance is also a key for C_{OUT} selection to ensure that the control loop is stable. Loop stability can be checked by viewing the load transient response as described in a later section. The output ripple, $\Delta\Delta V_{OUT}$, is determined by :

$$\Delta V_{OUT} \leq \Delta I_L \times \left(\text{ESR} + \frac{1}{8fC_{OUT}} \right)$$

The output ripple will be highest at the maximum input voltage since ΔI_L increases with input voltage. Multiple capacitors placed in parallel may be needed to meet the ESR and RMS current handling requirement. Dry tantalum, special polymer, aluminum electrolytic and ceramic capacitors are all available in surface mount packages. Special polymer capacitors offer very low ESR value. However, it provides lower capacitance density than other types. Although Tantalum capacitors have the highest capacitance density, it is important to only use types that pass the surge test for use in switching power supplies. Aluminum electrolytic capacitors have significantly higher ESR. However, it can be used in cost-sensitive applications for ripple

current rating and long term reliability considerations. Ceramic capacitors have excellent low ESR characteristics but can have a high voltage coefficient and audible piezoelectric effects. The high Q of ceramic capacitors with trace inductance can also lead to significant ringing.

Thermal Considerations

For continuous operation, do not exceed absolute maximum junction temperature. The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, PCB layout, rate of surrounding airflow, and difference between junction and ambient temperature. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by the following formula:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.

For recommended operating condition specifications, the maximum junction temperature is 125°C. The junction to ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is layout dependent. For TSOT-23-8 (FC) package, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is 70°C/W on a standard JEDEC 51-7 four-layer thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ can be calculated by the following formula :

 $P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (70^{\circ}C/W) = 1.428W$ for TSOT-23-8 (FC) package

The maximum power dissipation depends on the operating ambient temperature for fixed $T_{J(MAX)}$ and thermal resistance, θ_{JA} . The derating curve in Figure 3 allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power dissipation.

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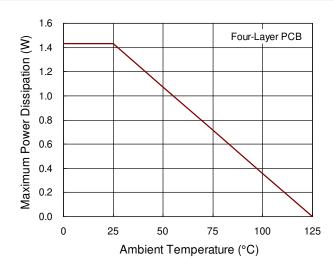


Figure 3. Derating Curve of Maximum Power

Dissipation

Layout Considerations

For best performance of the RT7296C, the following layout guidelines must be strictly followed.

- Input capacitor must be placed as close to the IC as possible.
- SW should be connected to inductor by wide and short trace. Keep sensitive components away from this trace.
- Keep every trace connected to pin as wide as possible for improving thermal dissipation.

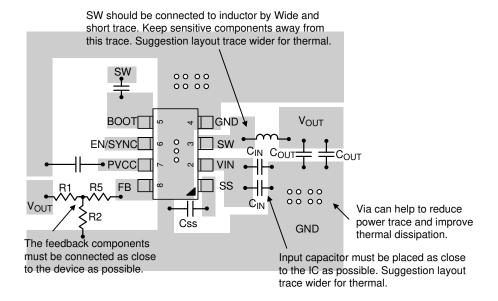
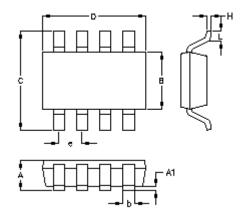


Figure 4. PCB Layout Guide



Outline Dimension



Symbol	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Α	0.700	1.000	0.028	0.039	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
В	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071	
b	0.220	0.380	0.009	0.015	
С	2.591	3.000	0.102	0.118	
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122	
е	0.585	0.715	0.023	0.028	
Н	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010	
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024	

TSOT-23-8 (FC) Surface Mount Package

Richtek Technology Corporation

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