# NPN Silicon Power Darlington Transistors

The Darlington transistors are designed for high-voltage power switching in inductive circuits.

# Features

• These Devices are Pb-Free and are RoHS Compliant

# Applications

- Small Engine Ignition
- Switching Regulators
- Inverters
- Solenoid and Relay Drivers
- Motor Controls

# MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO(sus)</sub>	400	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEV</sub>	800	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EB</sub>	8	Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous – Peak (Note 1)	I <sub>C</sub> I <sub>CM</sub>	8 16	Adc
Base Current – Continuous – Peak (Note 1)	I <sub>B</sub> I <sub>BM</sub>	2.5 5	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Derate above 25°C	PD	2 0.016	W W/°C
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ Derate above $25^{\circ}C$	PD	100 0.8	W W/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

# THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristics	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.25	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	62.5	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds	ΤL	275	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

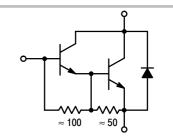
1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  10%.

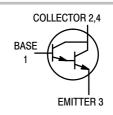


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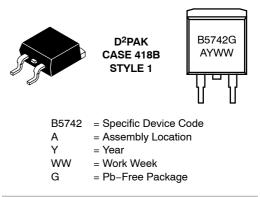
http://onsemi.com

# POWER DARLINGTON TRANSISTORS 8 AMPERES, 400 VOLTS 100 WATTS









# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
MJB5742T4G	D <sup>2</sup> PAK (Pb–Free)	800 / Tape & Reel

+ For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

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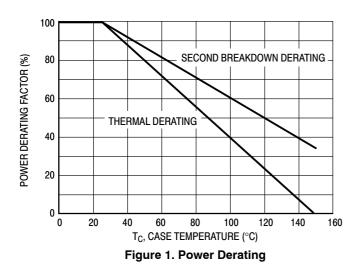
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DFF CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)					
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$ )	V <sub>CEO(sus)</sub>	400	-	-	Vdc
	I <sub>CEV</sub>	_ _		1 5	mAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current (V <sub>EB</sub> = 8 Vdc, I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	I <sub>EBO</sub>	-	-	75	mAdc
SECOND BREAKDOWN					
Second Breakdown Collector Current with Base Forward Biased	I <sub>S/b</sub>	See Figure 6			
Clamped Inductive SOA with Base Reverse Biased	RBSOA	See Figure 7			
DN CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)					
DC Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 Vdc) (I <sub>C</sub> = 4 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 Vdc)	h <sub>FE</sub>	50 200	100 400		-
$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (I_C = 4 \mbox{ Adc}, I_B = 0.2 \mbox{ Adc}) \\ (I_C = 8 \mbox{ Adc}, I_B = 0.4 \mbox{ Adc}) \\ (I_C = 4 \mbox{ Adc}, I_B = 0.2 \mbox{ Adc}, T_C = 100^{\circ}\mbox{C}) \end{array} $		- - -	- - -	2 3 2.2	Vdc
$\begin{array}{l} \text{Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage (I_C = 4 Adc, I_B = 0.2 Adc)} \\ (I_C = 8 Adc, I_B = 0.4 Adc) \\ (I_C = 4 Adc, I_B = 0.2 Adc, T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}) \end{array}$		- - -	- - -	2.5 3.5 2.4	Vdc
Diode Forward Voltage (Note 3) (I <sub>F</sub> = 5 Adc)	V <sub>f</sub>	_	_	2.5	Vdc

### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Typical Resistive Load (Table 1)						
Delay Time		t <sub>d</sub>	-	0.04	-	μs
Rise Time	$      (V_{CC} = 250 \text{ Vdc}, I_{C(pk)} = 6 \text{ A} \\ I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 0.25 \text{ A}, t_p = 25  \mu\text{s}, \\ \text{Duty Cycle} \leq 1\% ) $	t <sub>r</sub>	-	0.5	-	μs
Storage Time		ts	-	8	-	μs
Fall Time		t <sub>f</sub>	-	2	-	μs
Inductive Load, Clamped (Table 1)						
Voltage Storage Time	$(I_{C(pk)} = 6 \text{ A}, V_{CE(pk)} = 250 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_{B1} = 0.06 \text{ A}, V_{BE(off)} = 5 \text{ Vdc})$	t <sub>sv</sub>	-	4	-	μs
Crossover Time		t <sub>c</sub>	-	2	-	μs

Pulse Test: Pulse Width 300 μs, Duty Cycle = 2%.
The internal Collector-to-Emitter diode can eliminate the need for an external diode to clamp inductive loads. Tests have shown that the Forward Recovery Voltage (V<sub>f</sub>) of this diode is comparable to that of typical fast recovery rectifiers.

# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



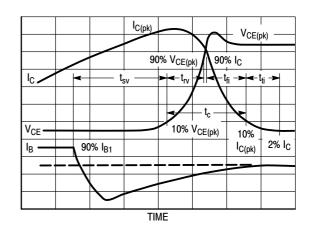
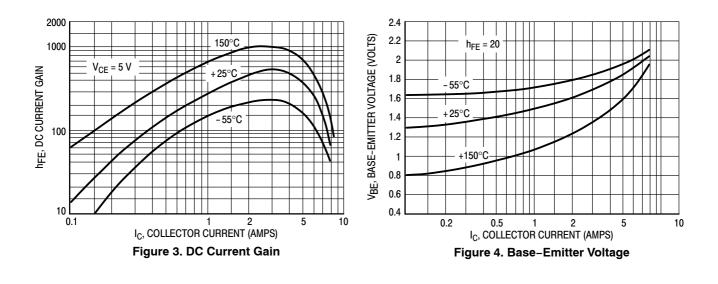


Figure 2. Inductive Switching Measurements



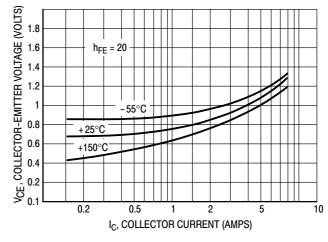
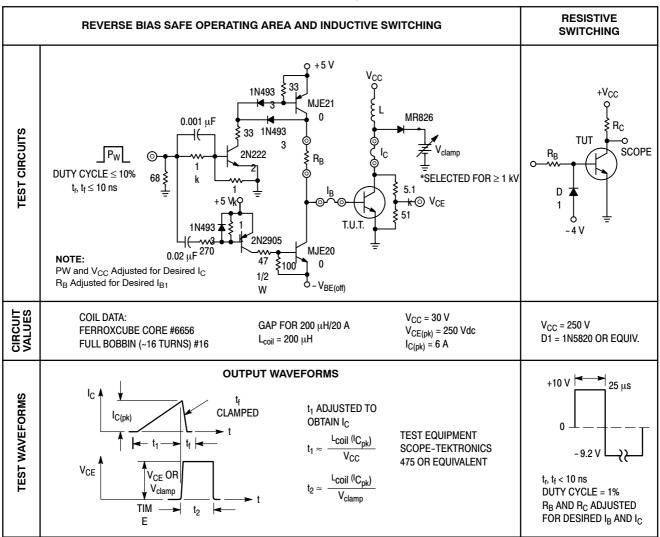


Figure 5. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage



# Table 1. Test Conditions for Dynamic Performance

# SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

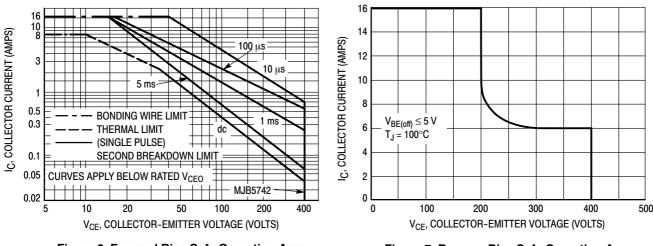
# FORWARD BIAS

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate  $I_C - V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Figure 6 is based on  $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ ;  $T_{J(pk)}$  is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when  $T_C \ge 25^{\circ}C$ . Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on Figure 6 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Figure 1.

# **REVERSE BIAS**

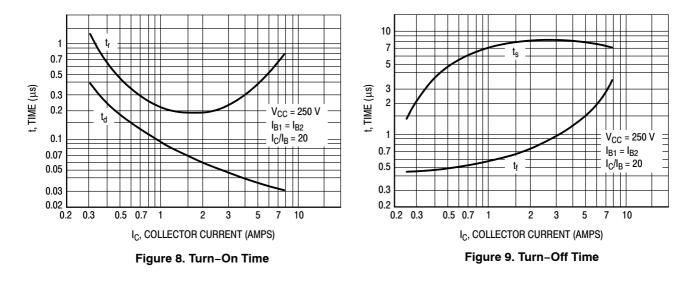
For inductive loads, high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases, with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be held to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shaping, etc. The safe level for these devices is specified as Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area and represents the voltage-current condition allowable during reverse biased turnoff. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Figure 7 gives the complete RBSOA characteristics.



The Safe Operating Area figures shown in Figures 6 and 7 are specified ratings for these devices under the test conditions shown.

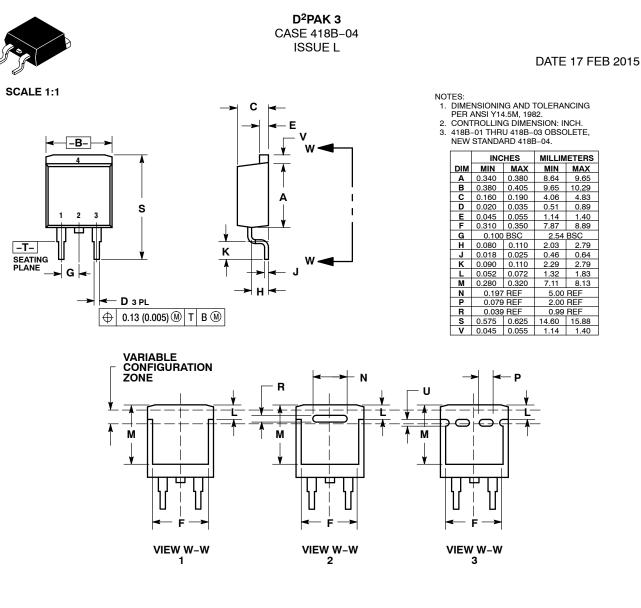
Figure 6. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

Figure 7. Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area



# **RESISTIVE SWITCHING PERFORMANCE**





STYLE 1:	STYLE 2:	STYLE 3:	STYLE 4:	STYLE 5:	STYLE 6:
PIN 1. BASE	PIN 1. GATE	PIN 1. ANODE	PIN 1. GATE	PIN 1. CATHODE	PIN 1. NO CONNECT
2. COLLECTOR	2. DRAIN	2. CATHODE	2. COLLECTOR	2. ANODE	2. CATHODE
3. EMITTER	<ol><li>SOURCE</li></ol>	3. ANODE	3. EMITTER	3. CATHODE	3. ANODE
4. COLLECTOR	4. DRAIN	4. CATHODE	4. COLLECTOR	4. ANODE	4. CATHODE

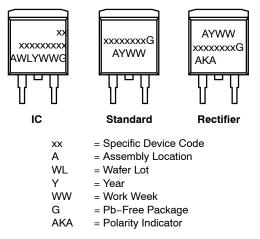
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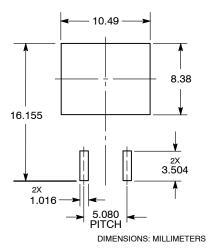
#### DATE 17 FEB 2015

### GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM\*



\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " •", may or may not be present.

## **SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



\*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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