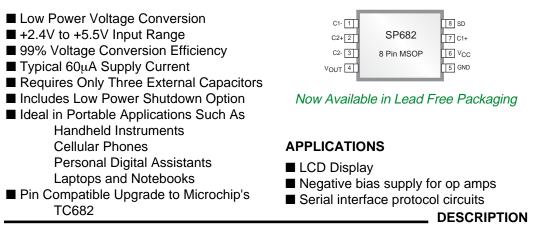
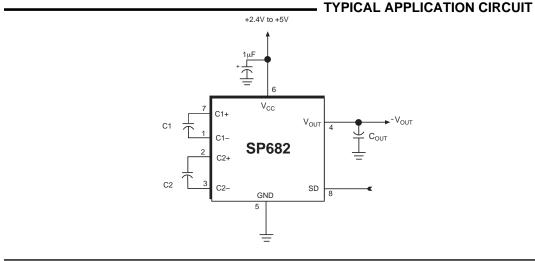
SP682

Micro Power Inverting Charge Pump



The **SP682** is a monolithic charge pump voltage converter that produces a doubled, negative voltage from a single positive supply. The **SP682** charge pump outputs a -10V voltage from a +5V input. Three external charge pump capacitors are required to support the voltage conversion and voltage doubling process. An internal oscillator generates a 12kHz clock which cycles the internal switching that charges the storage and transfer capacitors. The charge pump architecture is fabricated using a low power BiCMOS process technology.

The **SP682** charge pump is ideal for low power applications requiring a typical +3V battery source such as a lithium cell. Typical applications are handheld instruments, notebook and laptop computers, cellular phones, and data acquisition or GP systems. The **SP682** is packaged in either 8-pin NSOIC, 8-pin MSOP for surface mount applications, and 8 Pin PDIP.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

V	+7V
V _{out}	–11V
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C

Power Dissipation:	
8-pin NSOIC500m	W
8-pin MSOP320m	W
8-pin PDIP750m	W
Package Derating:	
8-pin NSOIC:	
ø _{JA} 128°C/	W
8-pin MSOP:	
ø _{JA} 216°C/	W
8-pin PDIP:	
ø_,	Ν
V A	

- ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
SUPPLY CURRENT					CHARGE PUMP CAPACITORS: 3.3µF
I _{cc}		60	120	μΑ	$R_L = \infty, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$
			200	μΑ	$R_{L} = \infty$
in shutdown			1	μΑ	$T_{A}^{L} = +25^{\circ}C, SD = +5V$
		0.00		Valta	CHARGE PUMP CAPACITORS: 3.3µF
V _{OUT}	-9.9 -9.0	-9.99 -9.5		Volts Volts	$R_{L} = \infty$
SOURCE RESISTANCE	-9.0	-9.5		VOIIS	$R_L = 2k\Omega$
		140	180	Ω	$1 - 10m^{1} T - 125^{\circ}C$
R _{OUT}		140	230	Ω	I _L = 10mA, T _A = +25°C I _L = 10mA
		380	450	Ω	$I_{L} = 5mA, V_{CC} = +2.8V$
OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY		000	100		
f _{osc}		12	20	kHz	$f_{OSC} = 2 X f_{C1+}$
'OSC		12	20	1012	losc = 2 / 'C1+
CONVERSION EFFICIENCY					
V _{OUT EFF}	99	99.9		%	$R_1 = \infty$
VOUTEFF	90	95		%	$R_{L}^{-} = 2k\Omega$
START-UP TIMING					
V _{OUT} Power On Delay		12		ms	$R_L = 2k\Omega$
SHUTDOWN TIMING					
Shutdown to V _{OUT} Delay		5		ms	$R_L = 2k\Omega$
SUPPLY VOLTAGE					
V _{cc}	+2.4		+5.5	Volts	
Operating Temperature Range			. 70		
- C - E	0 -40		+70 +85	°C ℃	
	-40		+00	-0	

 $T_{A} = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} and $V_{CC} = +5V$. Charge pump cap = 3.3μ F, unless otherwise noted.

The **SP682**'s charge pump design is a simplified version of **Sipex**'s original patented charge pump design (5,306,954) except that it only generates a negative output. The charge pump utilizes external capacitors to store the charge. Figure 1 shows the waveform found on the negative side of capacitor C2. There is a free– running oscillator, running at 12kHz, that controls the two phases of the voltage shifting. A description of each phase follows.

Phase 1

 V_{OUT} charge storage — During this phase of the clock cycle, the positive side of capacitors C_1 and C_2 are initially charged to +5V. C_1^+ is then switched to ground and the charge on $C_1^$ is transferred to C_2^- . Since C_2^+ is connected to +5V, the voltage potential across capacitor C_2 is now 10V.

Phase 2

 V_{OUT} transfer — Phase two of the clock connects the negative terminal of C_2 to the V_{OUT} storage capacitor and the positive terminal of C_2 to ground, and transfers the generated –10V to C_3 . Simultaneously, the positive side of capacitor C₁ is switched to +5V and the negative side is connected to ground.

The oscillator frequency or clock rate for the charge pump is designed for low power operation. The oscillator operates at a frequency of

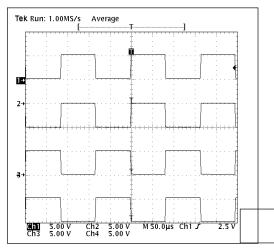


Figure 1. Charge Pump Waveform

about 12kHz (20kHz maximum) which conserves power as opposed to higher frequency which operation typically draws more power from V_{CC} . The external charge pump capacitors specified are 3.3μ F but the absolute minimum should be 1μ F.

EFFICIENCY INFORMATION

A charge pump theoretically produces a doubled voltage at 100% efficiency. However in the real world, there is a small voltage drop on the output which reduces the output efficiency. The **SP682** can usually run 99.9% efficient without driving a load. While driving a 1k Ω load, the **SP682** remains over 90% efficiency.

Output Voltage Efficiency =
$$V_{OUT}/(-2*V_{CC})$$
;
 $V_{OUT} = -2*V_{CC} + V_{DROP}$
 $V_{DROP} = (I_{OUT})*(R_{OUT})$
Power Loss = $I_{OUT}*(V_{DROP})$

The efficiency changes as the external charge pump capacitors are varied. Larger capacitor values will strengthen the output and reduce output ripple. Although smaller capacitors will cost less and save board space, lower values will reduce the output drive capability and also increase the output ripple.

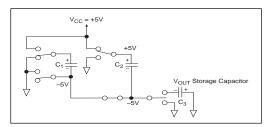


Figure 2. Charge Pump Phase 1

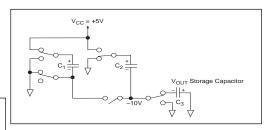


Figure 3. Charge Pump Phase 2

The ESR of the charge pump capacitors also determine the output resistance. Assuming that switch resistances are approximately equal, the output resistance can be derived as shown below:

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{R}_{\text{OUT}} = & 16^{*}(\mathbf{R}_{\text{SW1-4}}) + 4^{*}(\text{ESR}_{\text{C1}} + \text{ESR}_{\text{C2}}) + \text{ESR}_{\text{C3}} \\ & + 1 / (f_{\text{OSC}} * \text{C1}) + 1 / (f_{\text{OSC}} * \text{C2}) \end{split}$$

 R_{OUT} is typically 140 Ω at +25°C with VCC at +5V using 3.3 μ F capacitors. The total internal switch resistance (16* R_{SW}) is approximately 90 Ω . The table below shows the comparison of R_{OUT} versus C1&C2.

C1, C2 (µF)	ROUT (Ω)
0.05	4085
0.10	2084
0.47	510
1.00	285
3.30	140
4.70	125
10.00	105
22.00	94

Table 1. R_{out}.vs. C1, C2

The output voltage ripple is also affected by the capacitors, specifically C_{OUT} . Larger values will reduce the output ripple for a given output current load of current. The formula representation is:

$$V_{RIPPLE} = \{1 / [2 * (f_{OSC} * C3)] + 2 * (ESR_{C3})\} * I_{OUT}$$

To minimize the output ripple, the C_{OUT} storage capacitor can be increased to over 10μ F whereas the pump capacitors can range from 1μ F to 5μ F. *Table 2* shows the typical V_{RIPPLE} for given C_{OUT} values.

$C_{OUT}(\mu F)$	V _{RIPPLE} (mV)
0.50	1020
1.00	520
3.30	172
4.70	120
10.00	70
22.00	43

Table 2. C3 .vs. V_{RIPPLE}

SHUTDOWN FEATURE

The **SP682** charge pump includes a shutdown feature (pin 8) which disables the charge pump when the V_{OUT} is not needed. A logic "1" will activate the shutdown mode. If shutdown is not needed, it can be left open where an internal pull-down resistor will always keep the charge pump active. Typical input current for the shutdown pin is 3μ A. The shutdown feature is another option for conserving power in portable applications, reducing current to only 1μ A.

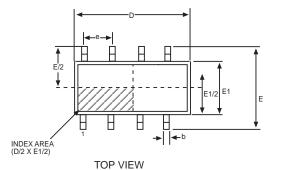
PARALLEL DEVICES

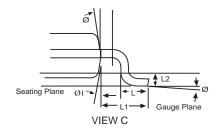
Multiple **SP682** charge pumps can be connected in parallel. However, the effective output resistance now is the output resistance of a single device divided by the number of devices. Connecting multiple pumps allows the user to save on the storage capacitor. The charge pump capacitors still must be separate for each device.

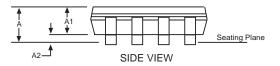
APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The **SP682** charge pump produces a doubled, inverted voltage from the V_{CC} input. As such, it can serve in many applications where a negative -5V to -10V output is needed. Typical applications include powering analog switches, and biasing LCD displays and panels.

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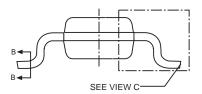


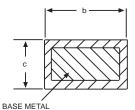




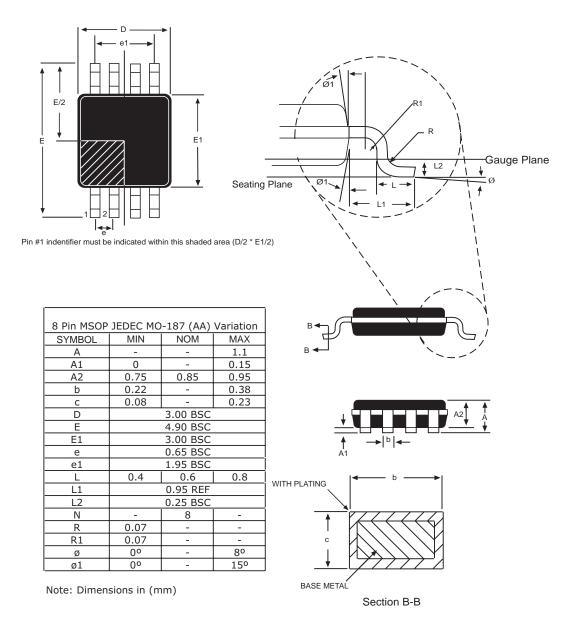
8 Pin NSOIC JEDEC MO-012 (AA) Variation			
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.35	-	1.75
A1	0.1	-	0.25
A2	1.25	-	1.65
b	0.31	-	0.51
С	0.17	-	0.24
D	4.90 BSC		
E	6.00 BSC		
E1	3.90 BSC		
e	1.27 BSC		
L	0.4	-	1.27
L1	1.04 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		
ø	0o	-	8°
ø1	5°	-	15°

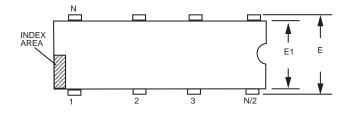
Note: Dimensions in (mm)

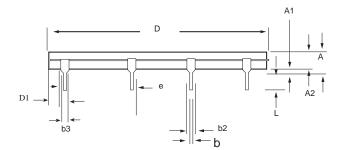


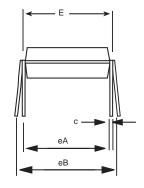


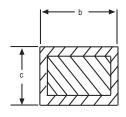
SECTION B-B WITH PLATING











8 PIN PDIP JEDEC MS-001 (BA) Variation			
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	-	-	0.21
A1	0.15	-	-
A2	0.115	0.13	0.195
b	0.014	0.018	0.022
b2	0.045	0.06	0.07
b3	0.3	0.039	0.045
С	0.008	0.01	0.014
D	0.355	0.365	0.4
D1	0.005	-	-
E	0.3	0.31	0.325
E1	0.24	0.25	0.28
e	.100 BSC		
eA	.300 BSC		
eB	-	-	0.43
	0.115	0.13	0.15

Note: Dimensions in (mm)

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package Types 8-pin NSOIC 8-pin NSOIC
SP682CN	0°Č to +70°C	
SP682CN/TR	0°C to +70°C	
SP682CP	0°C to +70°C	
SP682CU	0°C to +70°C	
SP682CU/TR	0°C to +70°C	
SP682EN	40°C to +85°C	
SP682EN/TR	40°C to +85°C	
SP682EP	40°C to +85°C	
SP682EU	40°C to +85°C	
SP682EU/TR	40°C to +85°C	

/TR = Tape and Reel

Pack quantity is 2,500 for NSOIC and MSOP.

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