

Features

• Maintenance-free

Unlike a relay control panel, wiring is not necessary. Contactless configuration requires no maintenance.

• Various motor capacities can be selected.

Can support 1 W to 90 W motors. With 40 W or larger motors, selection can be made with the brake torque switch.

Brake resistor is not required and wiring is simplified.

Easier standardization of panel design

Control panel can be sized to DIN standard at lower total

Various options

One option, mounting frame, for example, allows installation of the unit on the panel.

Soft-braking capability

The brake torque switch has "LOW" position. In this position, the brake torque is reduced.

Braking time

Time is simply adjustable from the selector switch.

Specification

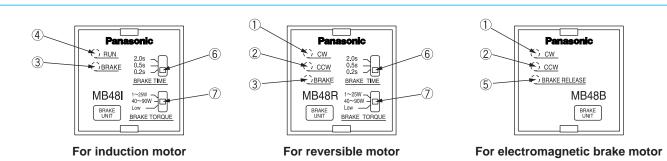
Part No.	DVMB481L	DVMB481Y	DVMB48RL	DVMB48RY	DVMB48BL	DVMB48BY
Rated voltage	Single-phase 100 VAC	Single-phase 200 VAC	Single-phase 100 VAC	Single-phase 200 VAC	Single-phase 100 VAC	Single-phase 200 VAC
Operating voltage	±10% at rated voltage					
Power frequency	50/60 Hz					
Applicable motor	Induction motor Reversible motor		Electromagnetic brake motor			
Selection of applicable motor	• 1 W to 25 W Selectable from changeover switch • 40 W to 90 W • LOW					
Electric brake operating time	Selectable from changeover switch 2/0.5/0.2 sec					
Normal/reverse rotation	>	<	0		0	
Electric brake			0		×	
Electromagnetic brake drive	>	<	×		0	
Control voltage input	DC12 to 24 V (±10%)					
Operating temperature	−10°C to 40°C					
Storage temperature	−20°C to 60°C					
Operating humidity	85% RH or below (no dewing)					

[Notes]

- 1. Electric braking system has no holding torque.
- 2. Reversible motor is provided with a simple constant sliding brake with slight holding force. For application requiring larger holding force, use Panasonic electromagnetic brake motor.
- 3. When braking a load with excessively large inertia, related issues are strength and life of motor shaft and gear. For these subjects, consult us.
- 4. When using motor other than compact geared motor, consult us.

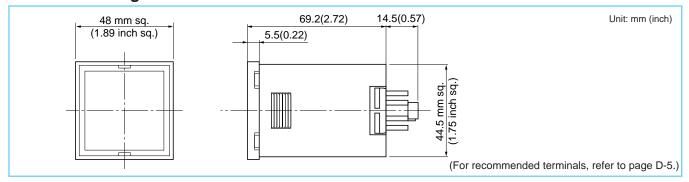
* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system

Names and functions



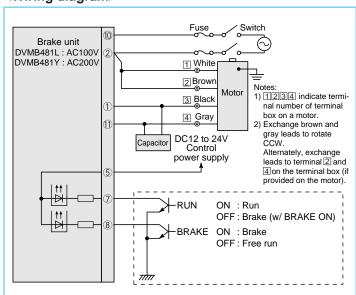
Name		Functional description			
1	CW lamp	Indicates that the motor output shaft is rotating CW.			
2	CCWlamp	Indicates that the motor output shaft is rotating CCW.			
3	BRAKElamp	Indicates that the electric brake is being applied.			
4	RUNlamp	Indicates that the motor is operating.			
5	BRAKE RELEASElamp	Indicates that current is flowing through the electromagnetic brake. (Brake is released as the electromagnetic brake is energized.)			
6	BRAKE TIME selector	Adjust the application time of electric brake according to inertia of the load. Standard setting is 0.2 sec (recommended)			
7	BRAKE TORQUE selector (selection of motor output)	1 W to 25 W For motor of 1 W to 25 W 40 W to 90 W For motor of 40 W to 90 W Low To reduce impact during braking with motor of 1 W to 90 W			

Outline drawing

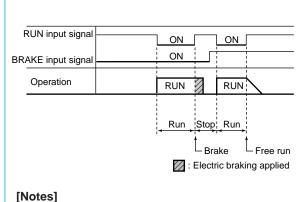


• Fundamental electrical wiring diagram (induction motor)

<Wiring diagram>



<Operating method>



- 1. Connect the brake unit only to a single motor.
- 2. The thick continuous lines represent main circuit. Use conductor of size approx. 0.75 mm².
- 3. Never input RUN signal while electric braking is applied.

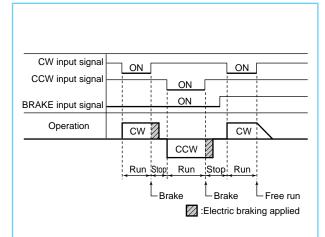
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• Fundamental electrical wiring diagram (reversible motor)

<Wiring diagram>

Brake unit DVMB48RL : AC100V DVMB48RY : AC200V 1 White 2 Gray 1, 2, 3 indicate 3 Black terminal number of DC12 to 24V terminal box on a Control power supply ON: Run CW OFF: Brake (with BRAKE ON) BRAKE ON : Brake OFF: Free run ON: Run CCW OFF: Brake (with BRAKE ON)

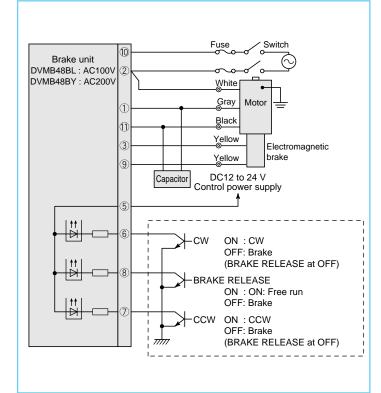
<Operating method>

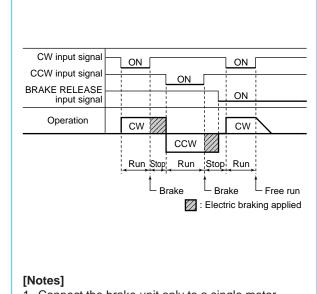


[Notes]

- 1. Connect the brake unit only to a single motor.
- 2. The thick continuous lines represent main circuit. Use conductor of size approx. 0.75 mm².
- 3. Never input CW and CCW signals simultaneously. The motor won't turn and may be damaged (burnt) by excessive current.
- 4. Do not apply the direction change and run signal while electric braking is being applied.

• Fundamental electrical wiring diagram (electromagnetic brake motor) «Wiring diagram» «Operating method»





- 1. Connect the brake unit only to a single motor.
- 2. The thick continuous lines represent main circuit. Use conductor of size approx. 0.75 mm².
- 3. Never input CW and CCW signals simultaneously. The motor won't turn and may be damaged (burnt) by excessive current.

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system