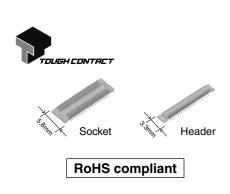
Panasonic

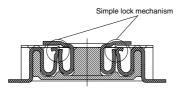


For board-to-board For board-to-FPC

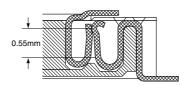
Narrow pitch connectors (0.5mm pitch)

P5KF

- 2. Strong resistance to adverse environments! Utilizes
- "TDUGH CONTRET" construction for high contact reliability.
- 3. Simple lock structure provides tactile feedback to ensure excellent mating/unmating operation feel.

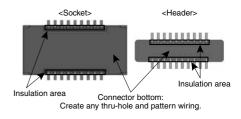


4. Effective mating length 0.55mm In addition to achieving a low profile of from 1.5mm between PCBs, the effective mating length has been extended to ensure that there is latitude for insertion.



5. The lower connector bottom surface construction prevents contact and shorts between the PCB and metal terminals.

Benefits include freedom in pattern wiring, helping to make PCB's smaller.



APPLICATIONS

- Digital devices, such as digital still cameras and digital video cameras.
- Various wireless module units.

FEATURES

1. Two-piece structure and 0.5mm pitch.

The product lineup includes mated heights of 1.5mm, 2.0mm and 2.5mm.

ORDERING INFORMATION

AXK 5F: Narrow Pitch Connector P5KF (0.5 mm pitch) Socket 6F: Narrow Pitch Connector P5KF (0.5 mm pitch) Header Number of pins (2 digits) Mated height <Socket> 3: For mated height 1.5 mm 5: For mated height 2.0 mm and 2.5 mm <Header> 3: For mated height 1.5 mm and 2.0 mm 5: For mated height 2.5 mm **Functions** 4: Without positioning bosses Surface treatment (Contact portion / Terminal portion) <Socket> 7: Ni plating on base, Au plating on surface/Ni plating on base, Au plating on surface (for Ni barrier available) Contact portion <Socket> Y: V notch type product <Header> Y: V notch type product Packing G: 2,000 pieces embossed tape and plastic reel × 2

-1-

PRODUCT TYPES

ted height	No. of pins	Part No.		Packing		
noa noigni	140. 01 pins	Socket Header		Inner carton (1-reel)	Outer cartor	
_	10	AXK5F10347YG	AXK6F10347YG			
	12	AXK5F12347YG	AXK6F12347YG			
	14	AXK5F14347YG	AXK6F14347YG			
	16	AXK5F16347YG	AXK6F16347YG			
	18	AXK5F18347YG	AXK6F18347YG			
	20	AXK5F20347YG	AXK6F20347YG			
	22	AXK5F22347YG	AXK6F22347YG			
	24	AXK5F24347YG	AXK6F24347YG			
1.5 mm	26	AXK5F26347YG	AXK6F26347YG			
	30	AXK5F30347YG	AXK6F30347YG			
	32	AXK5F32347YG	AXK6F32347YG			
	34	AXK5F34347YG	AXK6F34347YG			
	40	AXK5F40347YG	AXK6F40347YG			
	50	AXK5F50347YG	AXK6F50347YG			
	60	AXK5F60347YG	AXK6F60347YG			
	70	AXK5F70347YG	AXK6F70347YG			
	80	AXK5F80347YG	AXK6F80347YG			
	10	AXK5F10547YG	AXK6F10347YG			
	12	AXK5F12547YG	AXK6F12347YG		4,000 pieces	
	14	AXK5F14547YG	AXK6F14347YG			
	16	AXK5F16547YG	AXK6F16347YG			
	18	AXK5F18547YG	AXK6F18347YG			
	20	AXK5F20547YG	AXK6F20347YG			
	22	AXK5F22547YG	AXK6F22347YG			
	24	AXK5F24547YG	AXK6F24347YG	2,000 pieces		
2.0 mm	26	AXK5F26547YG	AXK6F26347YG			
	30	AXK5F30547YG	AXK6F30347YG			
	34	AXK5F34547YG	AXK6F34347YG			
	40	AXK5F40547YG	AXK6F40347YG			
	50	AXK5F50547YG	AXK6F50347YG			
	60	AXK5F60547YG	AXK6F60347YG			
	70	AXK5F70547YG	AXK6F70347YG			
	80	AXK5F80547YG	AXK6F80347YG			
	100	AXK5F00547YG	AXK6F00347YG			
	10	AXK5F10547YG	AXK6F10547YG			
	12	AXK5F12547YG	AXK6F12547YG			
	14	AXK5F14547YG	AXK6F14547YG			
	16	AXK5F16547YG	AXK6F16547YG			
	20	AXK5F20547YG	AXK6F20547YG			
	22	AXK5F22547YG	AXK6F22547YG			
2.5 mm	24	AXK5F24547YG	AXK6F24547YG			
	30	AXK5F30547YG	AXK6F30547YG			
	34	AXK5F34547YG	AXK6F34547YG			
	40	AXK5F40547YG	AXK6F40547YG			
	50	AXK5F50547YG	AXK6F50547YG			
	60	AXK5F60547YG	AXK6F60547YG			
	70	AXK5F70547YG	AXK6F70547YG			
	80	AXK5F80547YG	AXK6F80547YG			
	100	AXK5F00547YG	AXK6F00547YG			

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ACCTB23E 201602-T

Notes: 1. Regarding ordering units, During production: Please make orders in 1-reel units.
For samples, please contact our sales office.
2. The standard type comes without positioning bosses. Connectors with positioning bosses are available for on-demand production.

SPECIFICATIONS

1. Characteristics

Item		Specifications	Conditions			
	Rated current	0.5A/pin contact (Max. 10 A at total pin contacts)				
	Rated voltage	60V AC/DC				
Electrical	Dielectric strength	150V AC for 1 minute	Detection current: 1mA			
characteristics	Insulation resistance	Min. 1,000MΩ (initial)	Using 500V DC megger			
	Contact resistance	Max. 90mΩ	Based on the contact resistance measurement method specified by JIS C 5402.			
	Composite insertion force	Max. 0.981N/pin contacts × pin contacts (initial)				
Mechanical	Composite removal force	Min. 0.0588N/pin contacts × pin contacts				
characteristics	Contact holding force	Min. 0.981N/pin contact	Measuring the maximum force. As the contact & post is axially pull out.			
	Ambient temperature	−55°C to +85°C	No icing or condensation.			
	Soldering heat resistance	Max. peak temperature of 260°C (on the surface of the PC board around the connector terminals)	Infrared reflow soldering			
	_	300°C within 5 seconds, 350°C within 3 seconds	Soldering iron			
	Storage temperature	-55°C to +85°C (product only) -40°C to +50°C (emboss packing)	No icing or condensation.			
			Conformed to MIL-STD-202F, method 107G			
Environmental characteristics	Thermal shock resistance (header and socket mated)	5 cycles, insulation resistance min. 100M Ω , contact resistance max. 90m Ω	Order Temperature (°C) Time (minutes) 1 -55.3 30 2 \$ Max. 5 3 85*3 30 4 \$ Max. 5 -55.3 Max. 5			
	Humidity resistance (header and socket mated)	120 hours, insulation resistance min. 100M Ω , contact resistance max. 90m Ω	Conformed to IEC60068-2-78 Bath temperature 40°C±2°C, humidity 90% to 95% R.H.			
			Conformed to IEC60068-2-11 Bath temperature 35°C±2°C, saltwarter concentration 5%±1%			
	H ₂ S resistance (header and socket mated)	48 hours, contact resistance max. 90mΩ	Bath temperature 40°C±2°C, gas concentration 3 ppm ± 1 ppm, humidity 75% to 80% R.H.			
Lifetime characteristics	Insertion and removal life	50 times	Repeated insertion and removal speed of max. 200 times/hours			
Unit weight		Mated height 1.5mm, 20 pin contacts; Socket: 0.06g Header: 0.04g				

2. Material and surface treatment

Part name	Material	Surface treatment
Molded portion	LCP resin (UL94V-0)	_
Contact/Post	Copper alloy	Contact portion: Ni plating on base, Au plating on surface Terminal portion: Ni plating on base, Au plating on surface (Except for thick of terminal) The section close to the soldering portion has a nickel barrier. (The nickel base is exposed.)

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)

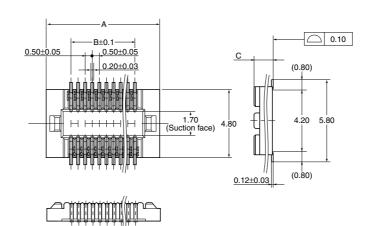
The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

• Socket (Mated height: 1.5mm, 2.0mm, 2.5mm)



Dimension table (mm)

No. of pins	А	В
10	5.50	2.00
12	6.00	2.50
14	6.50	3.00
16	7.00	3.50
18	7.50	4.00
20	8.00	4.50
22	8.50	5.00
24	9.00	5.50
26	9.50	6.00
30	10.50	7.00
32	11.00	7.50
34	11.50	8.00
40	13.00	9.50
50	15.50	12.00
60	18.00	14.50
70	20.50	17.00
80	23.00	19.50
100	28.00	24.50



General tolerance: ±0.2

Mated height	С
1.5 mm	1.35
2.0 mm, 2.5 mm	1.85

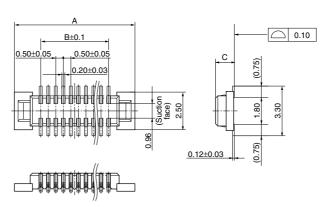
• Header (Mated height: 1.5mm, 2.0mm, 2.5mm)

CAD Data



Dimension table (mm)

No. of pins	А	В
10	5.50	2.00
12	6.00	2.50
14	6.50	3.00
16	7.00	3.50
18	7.50	4.00
20	8.00	4.50
22	8.50	5.00
24	9.00	5.50
26	9.50	6.00
30	10.50	7.00
32	11.00	7.50
34	11.50	8.00
40	13.00	9.50
50	15.50	12.00
60	18.00	14.50
70	20.50	17.00
80	23.00	19.50
100	28.00	24.50

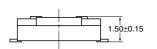


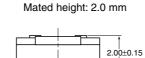
General tolerance: ±0.2

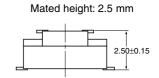
Mated height	С
1.5 mm, 2.0 mm	1.25
2.5 mm	1.75

• Socket and header are mated

Mated height: 1.5 mm



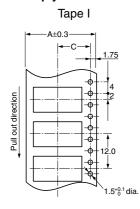


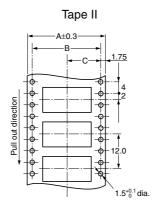


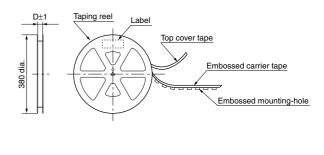
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EMBOSSED TAPE DIMENSIONS (unit: mm)

- Tape dimensions (Conforming to JIS C 0806:1990. However, some tapes have mounting hole pitches that do not comply with the standard.)
- Plastic reel dimensions (Conforming to EIAJ ET-7200B)





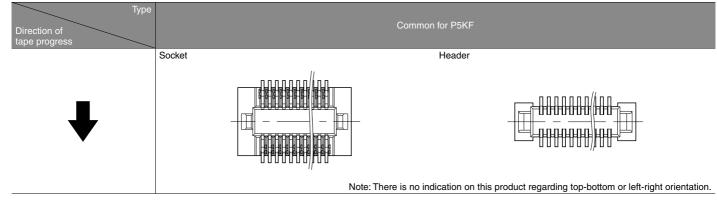


Dimension table (mm)

Suffix: G (1 reel, 2,000 pieces embossed tape: Plastic reel package)

Mated height	No. of pins	Type of taping	А	В	С	D	Quantity per reel
0 1 1 1	10 to 58	Tape I	24.0	_	11.5	25.4	2,000 pcs.
Socket and header are common: 1.5mm, 2.0mm, 2.5mm	60 to 70	Tape II	32.0	28.4	14.2	33.4	2,000 pcs.
1.011111, 2.011111	72 to 100	Tape II	44.0	40.4	20.2	45.4	2,000 pcs.

Connector orientation with respect to direction of progress of embossed tape

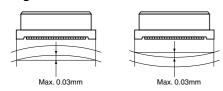


NOTES

1. As shown below, excess force during insertion may result in damage to the connector or removal of the solder. Also, to prevent connector damage please confirm the correct position before mating connectors.



2. Keep the PC board warp no more than 0.03 mm in relation to the overall length of the connector.



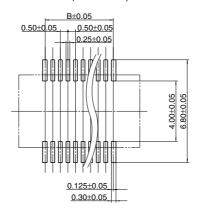
3. Recommended PC board and metal mask patterns

Connectors are mounted with high pitch density, intervals of 0.35 mm, 0.4 mm or 0.5 mm.

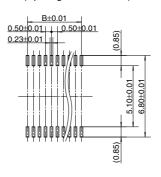
In order to reduce solder and flux rise, solder bridges and other issues make sure the proper levels of solder is used. The figures to the right are recommended metal mask patterns. Please use them as a reference.

Socket

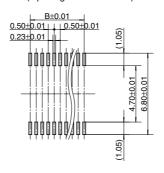
Recommended PC board pattern (TOP VIEW)



Recommended metal mask pattern Metal mask thickness: When 150 μm (Opening area ratio: 56%)

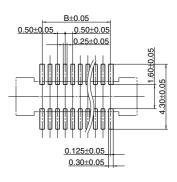


Recommended metal mask pattern Metal mask thickness: When 120 μm (Opening area ratio: 69%)

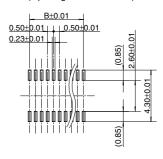


Header

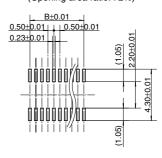
Recommended PC board pattern (TOP VIEW)



Recommended metal mask pattern Metal mask thickness: When 150 μm (Opening area ratio: 58%)



Recommended metal mask pattern Metal mask thickness: When 120 μm (Opening area ratio: 72%)



^{*} See the dimension table on page 4 for more information on the B dimension of the socket and header.

Please refer to the latest product specifications when designing your product.

For board-to-board/board-to-FPC

Notes on Using Narrow pitch Connectors/ High Current Connectors

About safety Remarks

- 1) Do not use these connectors beyond the specification sheets. The usage outside of specified rated current, dielectric strength, and environmental conditions and so on may cause circuitry damage via abnormal heating, smoke, and fire
- 2) In order to avoid accidents, your thorough specification review is appreciated.

Please contact us if your usage is out of the specifications. Otherwise, Panasonic Corporation cannot guarantee the quality and reliability.

3) Panasonic Corporation is consistently striving to improve quality and reliability. However, the fact remains that electrical components and devices generally cause failures at a given statistical probability. Furthermore, their durability varies with use environments or use conditions. In this respect, please check for actual electrical components and devices under actual conditions before use.

Continued usage in a state of degraded condition may cause the deteriorated insulation, thus result in abnormal heat, smoke or firing. Please carry out safety design and periodic maintenance including redundancy design, design for fire spread prevention, and design for malfunction prevention so that no accidents resulting in injury or death, fire accidents, or social damage will be caused as a result of failure of the products or ending life of the products.

Regarding the design of devices and PC board patterns

- 1) When using the board to board connectors, do not connect a pair of board with multiple connectors.

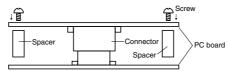
 Otherwise, misaligned connector positions may cause mating failure or product breakage.
- 2) With mounting equipment, there may be up to a ± 0.2 to 0.3-mm error in positioning. Be sure to design PC boards and patterns while taking into consideration the performance and abilities of the required equipment.
- 3) Some connectors have tabs embossed on the body to aid in positioning. When using these connectors, make sure that the PC board is designed with positioning holes to match these tabs.
- 4) To ensure the required mechanical strength when soldering the connector terminals, make sure the PC board meets recommended PC board pattern design dimensions given.
- 5) PC board

Control the thicknesses of the coverlay and adhesive to prevent poor soldering. This connector has no stand-off.

Therefore, minimize the thickness of the coverlay, etc. so as to prevent the occurrence of poor soldering.

6) For all connectors of the narrow pitch series, to prevent the PC board from coming off during vibrations or impacts, and to prevent loads from falling directly on the soldered portions, be sure to design some means to fix the PC board in place.

Example) Secure in place with screws



When connecting PC boards, take appropriate measures to prevent the connector from coming off.

- 7) When mounting connectors on a FPC board:
- When the connector soldered to FPC is mated or unmated, solder detachment may occur by the force to the terminals.
 Connector handling is recommended in

the condition when the reinforcing plate is attached to the backside of FPC where the connector is mounted. The external dimension of the reinforcing plate is recommended to be larger than the dimension of "PC board recommended process pattern" (extended dimension of one side is approximately 0.5 to 1.0 mm). The materials and thickness of the reinforcing plate are glass epoxy or polyimide (thickness 0.2 - 0.3 mm) or SUS (thickness 0.1 - 0.2 mm).

- As this connector has temporary locking structure, the connector mating may be separated by the dropping impact depend on the size, weight or bending force of the FPC. Please consider the measures at usage to prevent the mating separation.
- 8) The narrow pitch connector series is designed to be compact and thin. Although ease of handling has been taken into account, take care when mating the connectors, as displacement or angled mating could damage or deform the connector.

Regarding the selection of the connector placement machine and the mounting procedures

- 1) Select the placement machine taking into consideration the connector height, required positioning accuracy, and packaging conditions.
- 2) Be aware that if the chucking force of the placement machine is too great, it may deform the shape of the connector body or connector terminals.
- Be aware that during mounting, external forces may be applied to the connector contact surfaces and terminals and cause deformations.
- 4) Depending on the size of the connector being used, self alignment may not be possible. In such cases, be sure to carefully position the terminal with the PC board pattern.
- 5) The positioning bosses give an approximate alignment for positioning on the PC board. For accurate positioning of the connector when mounting it to the PC board, we recommend using an automatic positioning machine.

-1-

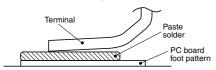
6) In case of dry condition, please note the occurrence of static electricity. The product may be adhered to the embossed carrier tape or the cover tape in dry condition.

Recommended humidity is from 40%RH to 60%RH and please remove static electricity by ionizer in manufacturing process.

Regarding soldering

■ Reflow soldering

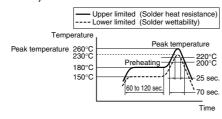
- 1) Measure the recommended profile temperature for reflow soldering by placing a sensor on the PC board near the connector surface or terminals. (Please refer to the specification for detail because the temperature setting differs by products.)
- 2) As for cream solder printing, screen printing is recommended.
- 3) When setting the screen opening area and PC board foot pattern area, refer the recommended PC board pattern and window size of metal mask on the specification sheet, and make sure that the size of board pattern and metal mask at the base of the terminals are not increased.
- 4) Please pay attentions not to provide too much solder. It makes miss mating because of interference at soldering portion when mating.



- 5) When mounting on both sides of the PC board and the connector is mounting on the underside, use adhesives or other means to ensure the connector is properly fixed to the PC board. (Double reflow soldering on the same side is possible.)
- 6) The condition of solder or flux rise and wettability varies depending on the type of solder and flux. Solder and flux characteristics should be taken into consideration and also set the reflow temperature and oxygen level.
- 7) Do not use resin-containing solder. Otherwise, the contacts might be firmly fixed

8) Soldering conditions

Please use the reflow temperature profile conditions recommended below for reflow soldering. Please contact us before using a temperature profile other than that described below (e.g. lead-free solder).



For products other than the ones above, please refer to the latest product specifications.

- 9) The temperature profiles given in this catalog are values measured when using the connector on a resin-based PC board. When performed reflow soldering on a metal board (iron, aluminum, etc.) or a metal table to mount on a FPC, make sure there is no deformation or discoloration of the connector before mounting.
- 10) Consult us when using a screenprinting thickness other than that recommended.

■ Hand soldering

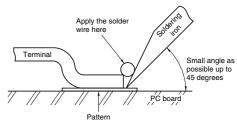
1) Set the soldering iron so that the tip temperature is less than that given in the table below.

Table A

Product name	Soldering iron temperature		
SMD type connectors	300°C within 5 sec. 350°C within 3 sec.		

2) Do not allow flux to spread onto the connector leads or PC board. This may lead to flux rising up to the connector inside.

3) Touch the soldering iron to the foot pattern. After the foot pattern and connector terminal are heated, apply the solder wire so it melts at the end of the connector terminals.



- 4) Be aware that soldering while applying a load on the connector terminals may cause improper operation of the connector.
- 5) Thoroughly clean the soldering iron.
- 6) Flux from the solder wire may get on the contact surfaces during soldering operations. After soldering, carefully check the contact surfaces and clean off any solder before use.
- 7) These connector is low profile type. If too much solder is supplied for hand soldering, It makes miss mating because of interference at soldering portion. Please pay attentions.

■ Solder reworking

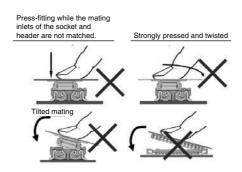
- 1) Finish reworking in one operation.
- In case of soldering rework of bridges.
 Don't use supplementary solder flux.
 Doing so may cause contact problems by flux.
- 3) Keep the soldering iron tip temperature below the temperature given in Table A.

Handling Single Components

- 1) Make sure not to drop or allow parts to fall from work bench.
- 2) Excessive force applied to the terminals could cause warping, come out, or weaken the adhesive strength of the solder. Handle with care.
- 3) Do not insert or remove the connector when it is not soldered. Forcibly applied external pressure on the terminals can weaken the adherence of the terminals to the molded part or cause the terminals to lose their evenness.

Precautions for mating

This product is designed with ease of handling. However, in order to prevent the deformation or damage of contacts and molding, take care and do not mate the connectors as shown right.



Cleaning flux from PC board

There is no need to clean this product. If cleaning it, pay attention to the following points to prevent the negative effect to the product.

1) Keep the cleaning solvent clean and prevent the connector contacts from contamination.

2) Some cleaning solvents are strong and they may dissolve the molded part and characters, so pure water passed liquid solvent is recommended.

Handling the PC board after mounting the connector

When cutting or bending the PC board after mounting the connector, be careful that the soldered sections are subjected to excessive force.

The soldered areas should not be subjected to force.



Storage of connectors

- 1) To prevent problems from voids or air pockets due to heat of reflow soldering, avoid storing the connectors in areas of high humidity.
- 2) Depending on the connector type, the color of the connector may vary from connector to connector depending on when it is produced.

Some connectors may change color slightly if subjected to ultraviolet rays during storage. This is normal and will not affect the operation of the connector.

3) When storing the connectors with the PC boards assembled and components alreeady set, be careful not to stack them up so the connectors are subjected to

excessive forces.

4) Avoid storing the connectors in locations with excessive dust. The dust may accumulate and cause improper connections at the contact surfaces.

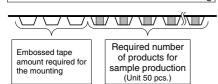
Other Notes

- 1) Do not remove or insert the electrified connector (in the state of carrying current or applying voltage).
- 2) Dropping of the products or rough mishandling may bend or damage the terminals and possibly hinder proper reflow soldering.
- 3) Before soldering, try not to insert or remove the connector more than absolutely necessary.
- 4) When coating the PC board after soldering the connector to prevent the deterioration of insulation, perform the coating in such a way so that the coating does not get on the connector.
- 5) There may be variations in the colors of products from different production lots. This is normal.
- 6) The connectors are not meant to be used for switching.
- 7) Product failures due to condensation are not covered by warranty.

Regarding sample orders to confirm proper mounting

When ordering samples to confirm proper mounting with the placement machine, connectors are delivered in 50-piece units in the condition given right. Consult a sale representative for ordering sample units.

Condition when delivered from manufacturing



Reel
(Delivery can also be made on a reel by customer request.)

Please refer to the latest product specifications when designing your product.

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Specifications are subject to change without notice.